

# FCC SAR Test Report (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name	:	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201
Model No.	:	AX201NGW

- Applicant : TONGFANG HONGKONG (SUZHOU) LIMITED
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Date of Receipt	: 2022/03/02
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Report No.	: 2230115R-SAUSSARV02-A
Report Version	: V1.0
	AF



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF or any agency of the government. The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd. Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.



	Test Report
	Issued Date: 2022/04/14 Report No.: 2230115R-SAUSSARV02-A
	DEKRA
Product Name Applicant Address Manufacturer Model No. Trade Name	<ul> <li>Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201</li> <li>TONGFANG HONGKONG (SUZHOU) LIMITED</li> <li>No.10 Plant, Jianwu Phase III, Western Zone, Suzhou Industrial Park, 215000 Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province, China</li> <li>Intel Corporation SAS</li> <li>AX201NGW</li> <li>Intel</li> </ul>
FCC ID Applicable Standard	<ul> <li>2AKHFAX201NG</li> <li>IEEE 1528-2013</li> <li>KDB 447498 D01 v06</li> <li>KDB 865664 D01 V01r04</li> </ul>
Measurement procedures	<ul> <li>47CFR § 2.1093</li> <li>KDB 248227 D01 v02r02</li> <li>KDB 616217 D04 V01r02</li> </ul>
Test Result	<ul> <li>Max. SAR Measurement (1g)</li> <li>2.4GHz: 1.157 W/kg</li> <li>5 GHz: 1.027 W/kg</li> </ul>
of the above standards configurations represer	: Certification has been tested by DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement . The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) neted herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the eristics under the conditions specified in this report.
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## **Revision History**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
2230115R-SAUSSARV02-A	V1.0	Initial issue of report.	2022/04/14



## 1. General Information

## 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX201						
Trade Name	Intel						
Model No.	AX201NGW						
FCC ID	2AKHFAX201NG						
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n/ax-20: 2412-2472MHz, 802.11n/ax-40: 2422-2462MHz 802.11a/n/ax-20: 5180-5320MHz, 5500-5700MHz, 5745-5825MHz 802.11n/ax-40: 5190-5310MHz, 5510-5670MHz, 5755-5795MHz 802.11ac/ax-20MHz: 5720MHz, 802.11ac/ax-40MHz: 5710MHz 802.11ac/ax-80MHz: 5210-5290MHz, 5530-5610MHz, 5775MHz 802.11ac/ax-160MHz: 5250MHz, 5570MHz BT: 2402-2480MHz						
Channel Separation	802.11b/g/n/ax-20: 5MHz 802.11a/n/ax-20: 20MHz, 802.11n/ax-40: 40MHz 802.11 ac/ax-80: 80MHz; 802.11ac/ax-160: 320MHz BT: 1MHz; BLE: 2MHz						
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac/ax: OFDM, OFDMA GFSK(1Mbps) / π /4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)						
Antenna Type	PIFA						
Device Category	Portable						
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled						
Summary of test result – Repo	orted 1g SAR (W/Kg)						
Test configuration	DTS	NII	DSS(BT)				
Body-Standalone	1.157	1.027	0.032				
	DTS (Main + Aux)	NII (Main + Aux)	NII + DTS(BT)				
Body-Simultaneous	1.967 (SPLSR=0.04)	2.003 (SPLSR=0.033)	2.035 (SPLSR=0.034)				

#### Note:

	Host information						
Brand	Product Name	Model No.	GPU	Difference			
TONGFANG	Notebook PC	PH6ARX2	N/A	All models are electrically identical and			
		PH6AQE2	GN20-P0 MaxQ	different model names are used to			
		PH6AQF2	GN20-P1 MaxQ	distinguish between different GPU			
		PH6AG02	GN20-E3	specifications.			
		PH6AQ72	GN20-E6 MaxQ				
		PH6AQI2	GN20-E7 MaxQ				
The represent	The representative test sample is PH6ARX2						



#### 1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	Auden	ANTRP62119-1801	PIFA	3.06dBi for 2.4GHz
		(Main)		2.68dBi for 5.15~5.25GHz
				3.12dBi for 5.25~5.35GHz
				3.20dBi for 5.47~5.725GHz
				1.30dBi for 5.725~5.850GHz
	Auden	ANTRP62119-1801	PIFA	2.77dBi for 2.4GHz
		(Aux)		3.28dBi for 5.15~5.25GHz
				3.41dBi for 5.25~5.35GHz
				4.17dBi for 5.47~5.725GHz
				4.53dBi for 5.725~5.850GHz

Note: The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer.



#### **1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation**

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 (Power(mW)/separation (mm)\*sqrt(f(GHz) $\leq$ 3.0), SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 3.0 :

SAR exclu	ision	calculations f	or WiFi-SISC	) and Bluetooth for antenna < 5	0mm from the user:

		Frequency	Output	Power	Separation distances (mm)	Calculated Threshold Value
Antenna	Тx	Frequency	Output	Fower	Separation distances (mm)	( $\leq$ 3.0 SAR is not required)
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Bottom	Bottom
Main	WiFi	2462	21	126	12.59	15.7
Main	WiFi	5240	17.5	56	12.59	10.2
Main	WiFi	5320	17.5	56	12.59	10.3
Main	WiFi	5700	17.5	56	12.59	10.7
Main	WiFi	5825	17.5	56	12.59	10.8

		Fraguanay	Output	t Power Separation distances (mm)	Calculated Threshold Value	
Antenna	Тх	Frequency (MHz)	Output	rowei	Separation distances (mm)	( $\leq$ 3.0 SAR is not required)
		(11172)	dBm	mW	Bottom	Bottom
Aux	WiFi	2462	21	126	12.59	15.7
Aux	WiFi	5240	17.5	56	12.59	10.2
Aux	WiFi	5320	17.5	56	12.59	10.3
Aux	WiFi	5700	17.5	56	12.59	10.7
Aux	WiFi	5825	17.5	56	12.59	10.8
Aux	ΒT	2480	9.0	8	12.59	1.0



#### 1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Mar. 10, 2022

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22.1 ± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	50

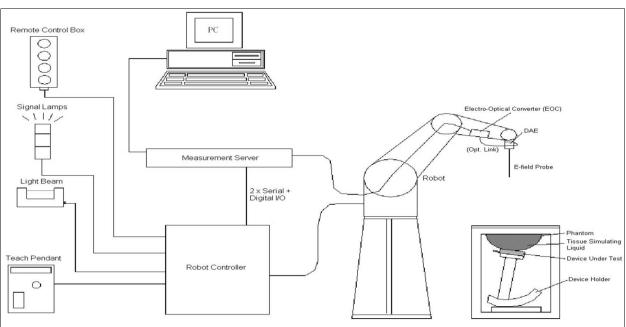
#### Test Date: Mar. 14, 2022

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.9 ± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	50

USA	: FCC Registration Number: TW0033
Canada	: CAB Identifier Number: TW3023 / Company Number: 26930
Site Description	: Accredited by TAF Accredited Number: 3023
Test Laboratory	<ul> <li>DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd</li> <li>No. 26, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist.,</li></ul>
Address	Taoyuan City 333411, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Phone number Fax number Email address Website	<ul> <li>886-3-275-7255</li> <li>866-3-327-8031</li> <li>info.tw@dekra.com</li> <li>http://www.dekra.com.tw</li> </ul>



## 2. SAR Measurement System



#### 2.1 DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- > A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

### 2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

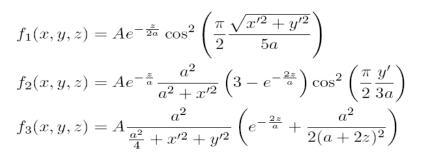
## 2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

## 2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.



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## 2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

## 2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against stat		
	charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,	,	
	DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz		
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)		
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to		
	probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g		
	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)		
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:		
	1 mm		
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario		
	(e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables		
	compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette	er	
	30%.		

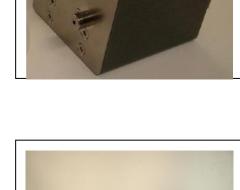
## 2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

## 2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Realtek ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.











The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



#### 2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.







#### 2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



## 2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



## 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

#### 3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	5GHz
(% Weight)	Head	Head
Water	46.7	68.29
Salt	0.00	0.00
Sugar	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00
DGBE	53.3	2.44
Triton X-100	0.00	29.27

#### 3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using Dielectric Probe Kit and Vector Network Analyzer.

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	۶r	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	39.2	1.8	N/A
2450 MHz	± 5% window	37.24 to 41.16	1.71 to 1.89	
	10-Mar-22	40.21	1.77	22.1
2417 MHz	Channel 2	40.33	1.73	22.1
2437 MHz	Channel 6	40.25	1.76	22.1
2441 MHz	Channel 39	40.24	1.76	22.1
2457 MHz	Channel 10	40.18	1.78	22.1

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	<b>۲</b> ع	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
5250 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	35.95 34.15 to 37.75	4.71 4.47 to 4.95	N/A	
	14-Mar-22	36.09	4.68	21.9	
5210 MHz	Channel 42	36.21	4.62	21.9	
5290 MHz	Channel 58	35.97	4.73	21.9	



Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	<b>٦</b>	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	35.5	5.07	N/A
5600 MHz	± 5% window	33.73 to 37.28	4.82 to 5.32	
	14-Mar-22	35.12	5.15	21.9
5530 MHz	Channel 106	35.31	5.06	21.9
5610 MHz	Channel 122	35.09	5.16	21.9
5690 MHz	Channel 138	34.88	5.27	21.9

Head Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency		Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	<b>۲</b> ع	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	35.3	5.27	N/A
5800 MHz	± 5% window	33.54 to 37.07	5.01 to 5.53	IN/A
	14-Mar-22	34.57	5.41	21.9
5775 MHz	Channel 155	34.64	5.38	21.9



#### 3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head tissue parameters that have not been specified are interpolated according to the head parameters specified in IEC 62209-1.

Target Frequency	н	ead
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1640	40.2	1.31
1750	40.1	1.37
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.3	5.27
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48

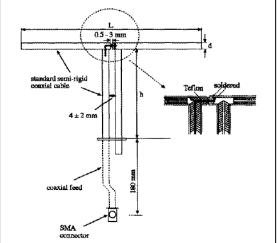
( $\varepsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)



## 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

## 4.1 SAR System Check

4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	40.3	3.6

## 4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz Dipole Kit: D2450V2					
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	53.1 47.79 to 58.41	24.6 22.14 to 27.06	N/A	
	10-Mar-22	53.6	25.16	22.1	
Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.					



System Performance Check at 5250MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2					
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]	
5250 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	81.6 73.44 to 89.76	23.2 20.88 to 25.52	N/A	
	14-Mar-22	81.5	23.8	21.9	
Note: (1)       The power level is used 100mW         (2)       All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.         (3)       The reference result is from Appendix E.					

## System Performance Check at 5600MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]			
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	85.9 77.31 to 94.49	24.2 21.78 to 26.62	N/A			
14-Mar-22		85.1	24.6	21.9			
Note: (1) T	he power level is u	sed 100mW					
(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.							
(3) T	he reference result	is from Appendix E.					

## System Performance Check at 5800MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	82.0 73.80 to 90.20	22.8 20.52 to 25.08	N/A		
14-Mar-22		82.2	22.3	21.9		
<ul> <li>Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW</li> <li>(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.</li> <li>(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.</li> </ul>						



#### 4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

 $\sigma$ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity  $\rho$ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup>) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup>).



## 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit	
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg	
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg	
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg	

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)



## 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2019/11/21	2022/11/20
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2020/05/25	2023/05/24
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1207	2021/11/22	2022/11/21
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3698	2021/11/24	2022/11/23
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.10.0.1446	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	541100241	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300353	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Woken	WATT-218FS-10	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Attenuator	Mini-Circuit	BW-S20W2+	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Vector Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46106342	2021/10/18	2022/10/17
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2021/8/26	2022/8/25
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2021/11/02	2022/11/01
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2021/11/02	2022/11/01

Note: 1. System Check, the path loss measured by the network analyzer, includes the signal generator, amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler.



Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the following are recommended FCC procedures for SAR dipole calibration.

- 1. After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications
- 2. When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions;
- 3. When the most recent return-loss, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. 0.2 of the dB value) or not meeting the required -20 dB return-loss specification

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	-25.16dB	Within 20%	2019.11.21
Measurement	2450	Head	-24.77dB		2020.11.18
Measurement	2450	Head	-25.29dB		2021.11.16

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250	Head	-26.86dB		2020.05.25
Measurement	5250	Head	-24.16dB	Within 20%	2021.05.18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	-24.43dB		2020.05.25
Measurement	5600	Head	-27.05dB	Within 20%	2021.05.18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	-26.80dB		2020.05.25
Measurement	5800	Head	-25.64dB	Within 20%	2021.05.18



4. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5  $\Omega$  from the previous measurement

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Head	54.37		2019.11.21
Measurement	2450	Head	56.58	Within $5\Omega$	2020.11.18
Measurement	2450	Head	55.9		2021.11.16

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5250	Head	49.04		2020.05.25
Measurement	5250	Head	45.54	Within 5Ω	2021.05.18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Head	56.26		2020.05.25
Measurement	5600	Head	52.24	Within 5Ω	2021.05.18

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Head	54.28		2020.05.25
Measurement	5800	Head	49.85	Within 5Ω	2021.05.18



## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

Measu	rement u	ncerta	inty f	or 30	MHz 1	to 3 GHz		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System		<u> </u>						
Probe Calibration	±6%	Ν	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	~
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	~
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	~
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	~
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	~
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	~
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	~
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	~
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	~
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	~
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related		i.		- L				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	8
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	~
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	



Measu	urement u	uncerta	ainty	for 30	SHz to	6 GHz		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	Ν	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	8
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	8
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	8
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	8
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±24.6%	±24.5%	



# 8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

WLAN	WLAN 2.4G 2TX SISO											
					SISO-Main(	(TX1)		SISO-Aux(	TX2)			
	Frequency	Mode	BW	СН	AV	AV	СН	AV	AV			
					Power	Target		Power	Target			
				1	19.28	19.5	1	19.45	19.5			
				2	20.82	21	2	20.90	21			
				6	20.92	21	6	20.94	21			
ort		b	20	10	20.71	21	10	20.77	21			
a po				11	19.97	20	11	19.92	20			
uue				12	18.96	19	12	18.43	18.5			
ante				13	15.45	15.5	13	15.47	15.5			
an				1	16.95	17	1	16.92	17			
r at				6	20.90	21	6	20.88	21			
owe		g	20	11	17.41	17.5	11	17.41	17.5			
t pc				12	15.46	15.5	12	15.48	15.5			
ndtr				13	1.97	2	13	1.46	1.5			
S/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port				1	17.00	17	1	16.94	17			
nur				6	20.47	20.5	6	20.41	20.5			
axir			20	11	15.95	16	11	16.49	16.5			
d m	WLAN 2.4GHz			12	15.38	15.5	12	14.89	15			
cifie	WLAN 2.4GHZ	n		13	1.96	2	13	1.38	1.5			
bed		(HT)		3	16.97	17.5	3	16.88	17			
de s				6	19.43	20	6	19.46	20			
bou			40	9	15.91	16	9	15.87	16			
MC				10	12.41	12.5	10	11.98	12.5			
DFL				11	4.82	5	11	4.91	5			
SS/(				1	17.43	17.5	1	16.93	17.5			
DSS				6	19.46	20	6	19.41	20			
			20	11	15.91	16	11	15.96	16			
				12	15.38	15.5	12	15.45	15.5			
		ax		13	1.85	2	13	1.42	1.5			
		(HE)		3	16.37	16.5	3	16.49	16.5			
				6	16.38	16.5	6	16.46	16.5			
			40	9	15.95	16	9	15.99	16			
				10	12.47	12.5	10	11.97	12			
				11	5.34	5.5	11	4.47	4.5			



				SO-Mai	n(TX1)	SI	SO-Aux	(TX2)				SISC	O-Mair	n(TX1)	SIS	SO-Au	x(TX2)
Frequency	Mode	BW		AV	AV		AV	AV	Frequency	Mode	BW	<u></u>	AV	AV	<u> </u>	AV	AV
			СН	Power	Target	СН	Power	Target				CH	Power	Target	СН	Power	Targe
			36	17.26	17.5	36	17.24	17.5					17.21	17.5		17.24	17.5
	а	20	40	17.21	17.5	40	17.23	17.5					17.17	17.5		17.22	17.5
	ŭ	20	44	17.22	17.5	44	17.18	17.5		а	20		17.22	17.5		17.21	17.5
			48	17.23	17.5	48		17.5					17.25	17.5		17.25	17.5
			36	17.23	17.5	36		17.5					17.19	17.5		17.24	17.5
	n .	20	40 44	17.26 17.25	17.5 17.5	40 44		17.5 17.5	-				17.26 17.22	17.5 17.5		17.25 17.24	17.5
	n (HT)		44	17.25	17.5	44		17.5			20		17.22	17.5		17.24	17.5
U-NII-1	()		38	17.22	17.5	38	17.21	17.5			20		17.26	17.5		17.25	17.
(5150~5250MHz	()	40	46	17.23	17.5	46	17.22	17.5		n			17.21	17.5		17.26	17.5
(	ac(VHT)	80	42	17.24	17.5	42		17.5		(HT)			17.22	17.5		17.21	17.5
			36		17.5	36		17.5		. ,			17.23	17.5		17.22	17.5
		20	40	17.22	17.5	40	17.22	17.5			40	118	17.23	17.5	118	17.21	17.5
	ax	20	44	17.26	17.5	44	17.23	17.5				126	17.22	17.5	126	17.23	17.
	(HE)		48	17.25	17.5	48		17.5					17.26	17.5		17.21	17.
	(11)	40	38	17.17	17.5	38		17.5			20		17.27	17.5		17.27	17.
			46	17.21	17.5	46		17.5			40		17.27	17.5		17.21	17.
		80	42	17.22	17.5	42		17.5	U-NII-2C	ac			17.12	17.5		17.21	17.
			52	17.21	17.5	52		17.5	(5470~5725MHz)	(VHT)	80		17.19	17.5		17.25	17.
	а	20	56	17.21 17.22	17.5 17.5	56 60		17.5	-		100		17.21 14.94	17.5 15		17.26	17.
			60 64	17.22	17.5	60 64		17.5 17.5			160		14.94 17.22	17.5		14.44 17.26	14. 17.
			52	17.20	17.5	52	17.25	17.5					17.22	17.5		17.26	17.
			56	17.23		56		17.5					17.23	17.5		17.20	17.
	n	20 60 17.22 17.5 60 17.22 17.5	20		20		17.23	17.5		17.21	17.						
	(HT)		64	17.24	17.5	64		17.5					17.21	17.5		17.21	17.
	( )		54	17.23	17.5	54		17.5					17.21	17.5		17.26	17.
U-NII-2A		40	62	16.29	16.5	62		16.5				102	17.25	17.5		17.22	17.
U-NII-2A (5250~5350MH;		80	58	17.27	17.5	58	17.29	17.5		ax (HE)		110	17.22	17.5	110	17.21	17.
	(VHT)	160	50	14.91	15	50	14.98	15		(ПЕ)	40	118	17.25	17.5	118	17.21	17.
			52	17.23	17.5	52	17.15	17.5			40	126	17.23	17.5		17.18	17.
		20	56		17.5	56		17.5					17.25	17.5		17.22	17.
		20	60	17.22	17.5	60		17.5					17.28	17.5		17.25	17.
	ax		64	17.26	17.5	64	17.23	17.5			80		17.23	17.5		17.24	17.
	(HE)	40	54	17.17	17.5	54		17.5			4.00		17.25	17.5		17.21	17.
		00	62	16.22 17.25	16.5 17.5	62 58		16.5 17.5			160		14.48	14.5 17.5		14.41 17.21	14. 17.
				14.92	17.5		14.97	17.5		2	20		17.21 17.21	17.5		17.21	17.
		100	50	14.92	15	50	14.97	15		а	20		17.19	17.5		17.24	17.
													17.22	17.5		17.22	17.
											20		17.25	17.5		17.21	17.
										n			17.26	17.5		17.22	17.
										(HT)	40		17.22	17.5		17.21	17.
									U-NII-3		40		17.25	17.5		17.25	17.
									(5725~5850MHz)	ac(VHT)	80	155	17.21	17.5	155	17.20	17.
													17.22	17.5		17.22	17.
											20		17.23	17.5		17.21	17.
										ax (HE) 40			17.22	17.5		17.23	17.
												17.21	17.5		17.23	17.	
												17.22	17.5		17.22	17.	
											80		17.23	17.5		17.26	17.
1									1	1		155	17.24	17.5	155	17.27	17



BT Or	nly Support Aux	(		1			T			
			Modulation	:	SISO-Main(	(TX1)		SISO-Aux(TX2)		
ower	Frequency	Mode	Modulation		AV	AV		AV	AV	
ut po				СН	Power	Target	СН	Power	Target	
outp				0	N/A	N/A	0	8.87	9.0	
unu	Frequency Mode	BR	GFSK	39	N/A	N/A	39	8.88	9.0	
axin			78	N/A	N/A	78	8.49	9.0		
de m				0	N/A	N/A	0	7.76	8.5	
moc	BT 2.4GHz	EDR	8DPSK	39	N/A	N/A	39	7.74	8.5	
ooth				78	N/A	N/A	78	7.62	8.5	
Bluetooth mode				0	N/A	N/A	0	6.84	7.0	
ш	函 BLE	GFSK	19	N/A	N/A	19	6.69	7.0		
				39	N/A	N/A	39	6.64	7.0	



## 9. Test Results

## 9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEAS	SUREME	NT								
Liquid Temp	erature (°	C) : 22	.1 <u>+</u> 2			Rel	ative Humidity	(%) : 50 %	)	
Ambient Ter	nperature	(°C) : 2	23.2 <u>+</u> 2			Dep	oth of Liquid (cr	n) : >15		
Test		<b>D</b> . (	Freque	ency	Conducted Pov	ver (dBm)	<b>SAR</b> 1g (V	V/kg)		
Position Body	Antenna Position	Dist (mm)	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Plot No.	
Test Mode : 8	302.11b Ma	iin								
Bottom	Fixed	0	2	2417	20.82	21	1.110	1.157	1	
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	20.92	21	1.030	1.049		
Bottom	Fixed	0	10	2457	20.71	21	0.947	1.012		
Test Mode : 8	302.11b Au	x								
Bottom	Fixed	0	2	2417	20.90	21	0.766	0.784		
Bottom	Fixed	0	6	2437	20.94	21	0.799	0.810		
Bottom	Fixed	0	10	2457	20.77	21	0.730	0.770		
Test Mode : E	BT-1M Aux									
Bottom         Fixed         0         39         2441         8.88         9         0.031         0.032         2										
<ul> <li>Note : 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required.</li> <li>2. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is</li> </ul>										

 $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.



SAR MEA	SUREME	NT							
Liquid Tem	perature (°	C) : 21	.9 <u>+</u> 2			Relativ	e Humidity (%)	: 50 %	
Ambient Te	mperature	(°C) : 2	22.8 ±2			Depth	of Liquid (cm) :	>15	
Test	A	Dist	Frequency		Conducted Po	<b>SAR</b> 1g	SAR 1g (W/kg)		
Position Body	Antenna Position	Dist (mm)	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Plot No.
Test Mode :8	302.11ac80	M Main							
Bottom	Fixed	0	42	5210	17.24	17.5	0.788	0.837	
Bottom	Fixed	0	58	5290	17.27	17.5	0.974	1.027	3
Bottom	Fixed	0	106	5530	17.19	17.5	0.915	0.983	4
Bottom	Fixed	0	122	5610	17.21	17.5	0.895	0.957	
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	17.12	17.5	0.844	0.921	
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	17.21	17.5	0.654	0.699	
Test Mode :8	302.11ac80	M Aux							
Bottom	Fixed	0	42	5210	17.26	17.5	0.656	0.693	
Bottom	Fixed	0	58	5290	17.29	17.5	0.656	0.688	
Bottom	Fixed	0	106	5530	17.25	17.5	0.805	0.853	
Bottom	Fixed	0	122	5610	17.26	17.5	0.867	0.916	
Bottom	Fixed	0	138	5690	17.21	17.5	0.912	0.975	
Bottom	Fixed	0	155	5775	17.20	17.5	0.911	0.976	5

Note : 1. When multiple transmission modes (802.11 n) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected

When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.

3. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum U-NII-2A for the exposure configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.



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#### 9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

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Simultaneo	ous Transmission Configurations
1	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux
2	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux
3	WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Aux
4	WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux
5	WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux

#### 9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission of MIMO in 802.11 test exclusion considerations

		1				
Fraguanay	Test	WLAN	WLAN	Simultaneous	Antonno noir	Peak location
Frequency	Position	Main	Aux	Transmission	Antenna pair	separation
(GHz)	(Body)	SAR (W/Kg)	SAR W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	in mm	ratio
2.4	Bottom	1.157	0.810	1.967	66.64	0.04
5	Bottom	1.027	0.976	2.003	85	0.033

Note: The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg or the ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

#### 9.2.2 Simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi and other wireless technologies

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5/Ri}$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. The estimation result as below:

#### For DTS Band:

Mode	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	BT SAR (W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair	Peak location
Bottom	1.157	0.032	1.189	in mm N/A	separation ratio

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

#### For U-NII Band:

Mode	WLAN Main	ВТ	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location
Widde	SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)	in mm	separation ratio
Bottom	1.027	0.032	1.059	N/A	N/A

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

Mode	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	WLAN Aux SAR (W/Kg)	BT SAR (W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
Bottom	1.027	0.976	0.032	2.035	85	0.034

The ratio of value is less than 0.04, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

## **10.** SAR measurement variability

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequency		SAR 1g (W/kg)						
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
			Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
2	2417	1.110	1.080	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
58	5290	0.974	0.919	1.060	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



#### Appendix

- Appendix A. SAR System Check Data
- Appendix B. SAR measurement Data
- Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs
- Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data
- Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Appendix F. Product Photos- Please refer to the file: 2230115R-Product Photos



#### Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date: 2022/03/10

#### System Performance Check\_2450MHz-Head DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2 Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma$ = 1.77 S/m; $\epsilon_r$ = 40.21; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

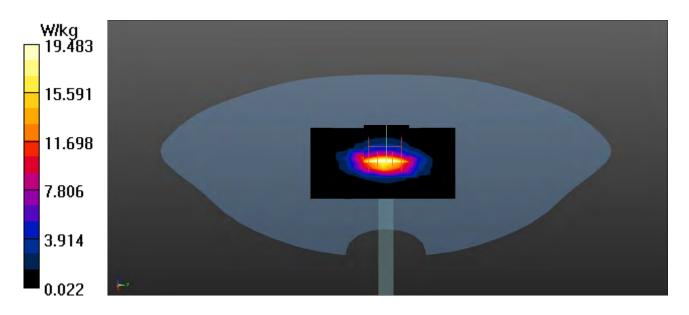
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

## Configuration/2450MHz\_Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.8 W/kg





### Date: 2022/03/14

System Performance Check\_5250MHz-Head DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.68 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.09;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

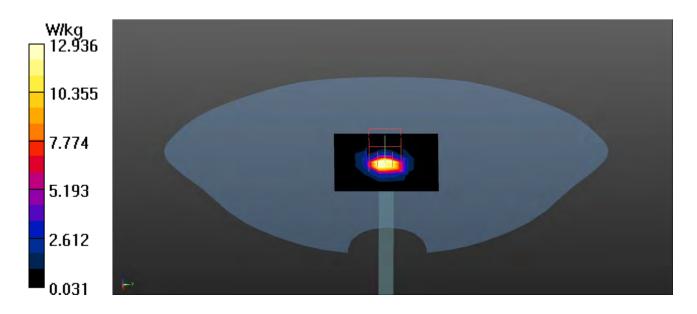
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# **Configuration/5250MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

# Configuration/5250MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg





### Date: 2022/03/14

System Performance Check\_5600MHz-Head DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.15 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.12;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

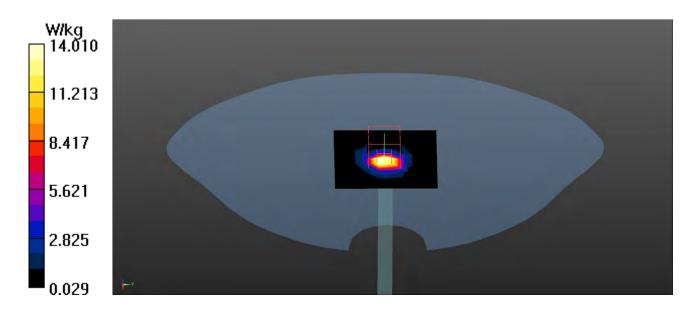
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# **Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg

# Configuration/5600MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.9 W/kg





### Date: 2022/03/14

System Performance Check\_5800MHz-Head DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.41 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.57;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

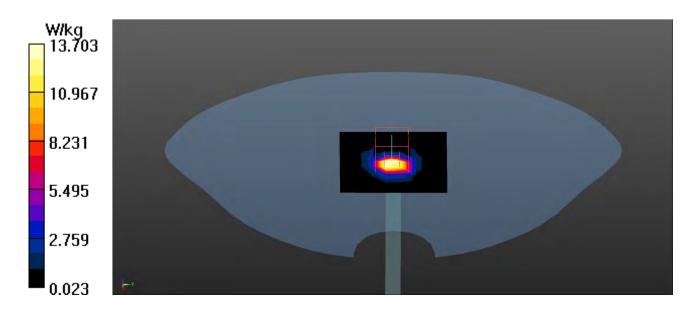
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# **Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Area Scan (8x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg

# Configuration/5800MHz-Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 61.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.1 W/kg





## Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date: 2022/03/10

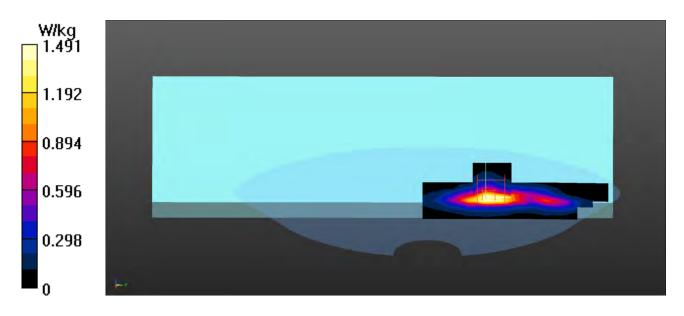
**802.11b\_2-Bottom Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2417 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.73 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.33;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.646 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 W/kg





Date: 2022/03/10

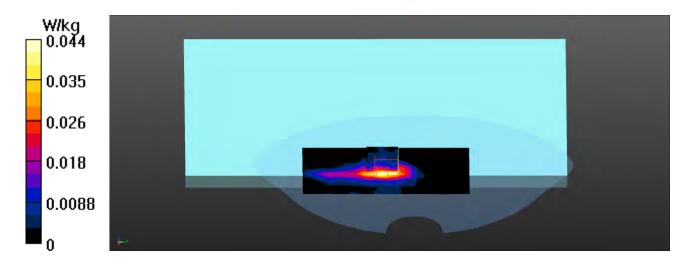
**BT-1M\_39-Bottom Aux DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, BT 1M&3M&BLE; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.76 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.24;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 23.2, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.1 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0440 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

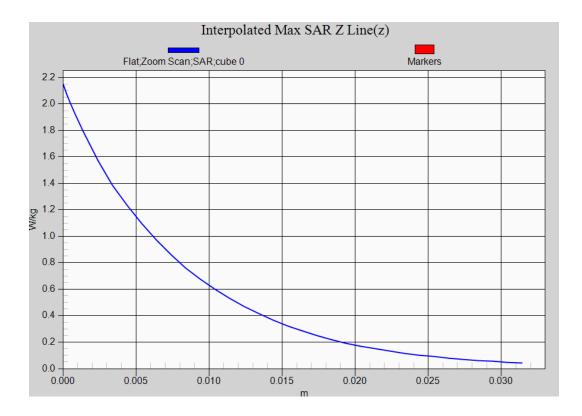
dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.224 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0720 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.031 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0537 W/kg





# 802.11b EUT Bottom (Main Antenna) Z-Axis plot

# Channel: 2





Date: 2022/03/14

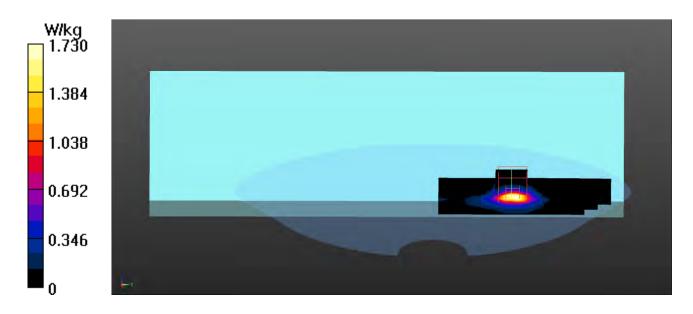
**802.11ac80M\_58-Bottom Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.73 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.97;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.73 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 5.157 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.974 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.27 W/kg





Date: 2022/03/14

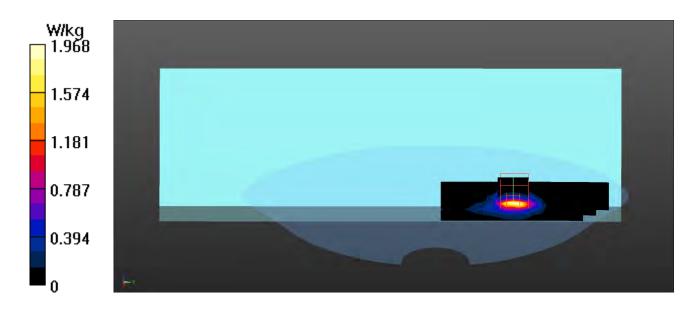
**802.11ac80M\_106-Bottom Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.06 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.31;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.97 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 3.913 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.915 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg





Date: 2022/03/14

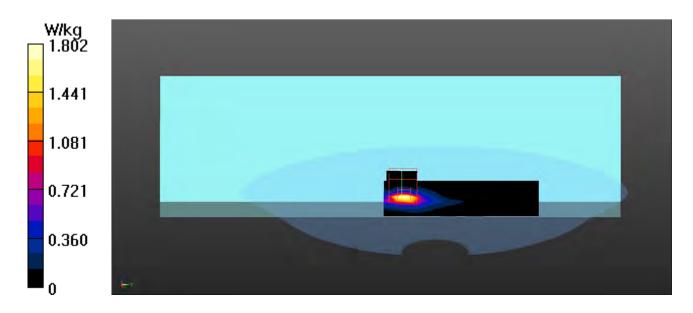
802.11ac80M\_155-Bottom Aux DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2 Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.38 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.64;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.80 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

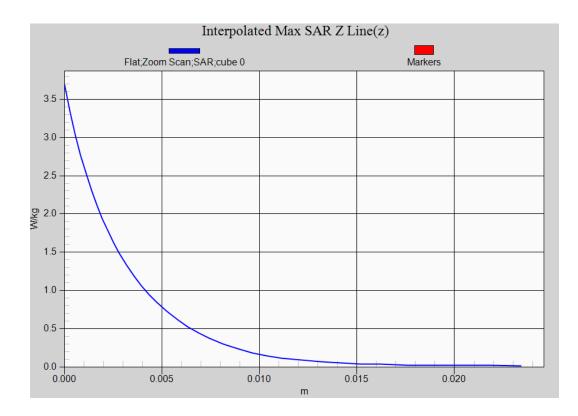
dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 8.670 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.02 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg





# 802.11ac80M Bottom (Main Antenna), Z-Axis plot

# Channel: 58





## SAR measurement variability

Test Laboratory: DEKRA

Date: 2022/03/10

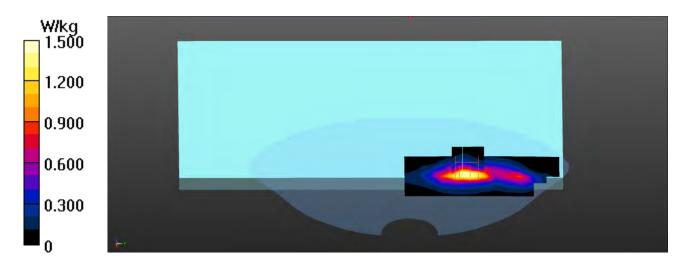
**802.11b\_2-Bottom Main\_Verify DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2417 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.73 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.33;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.132 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg





Date: 2022/03/14

### **802.11ac80M\_58-Bottom Main-Verify DUT: Notebook PC; Type: PH6ARX2** Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; $\sigma$ = 4.73 S/m; ε<sub>r</sub> = 35.97; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.8, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

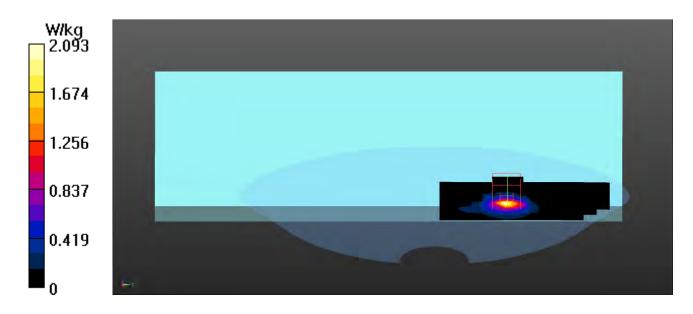
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2021/11/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2021/11/22
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Flat/Area Scan (8x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg

# Configuration/Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 4.131 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.919 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg





Appendix D. Probe Calibration

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage

- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client DEKRA (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3698\_Nov21

S

Dbject	EX3DV4 - SN:3698
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
alibration date:	November 24, 2021

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	the
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	V. Kos
		l without written approval of the laborate	Issued: November 26, 2021

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
- S Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.41	0.34	0.37	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	105.0	101.0	105.0	

### Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW X 0.0 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	147.1	±3.3 %	± 4.7 %		
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		129.5		11
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.3		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

 <sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 <sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-137
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

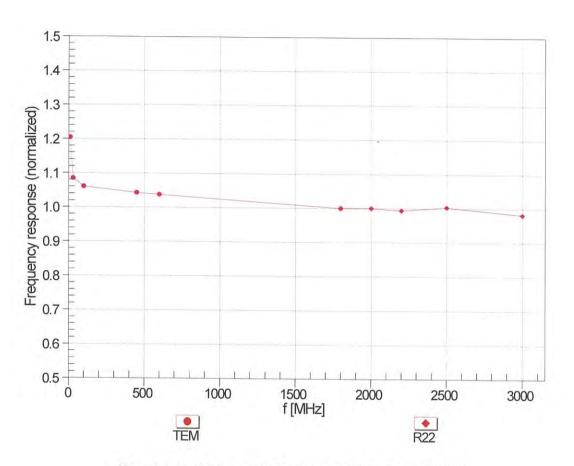
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.16	1.30	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.10	9.10	9.10	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.90	8.90	8.90	0.38	0.96	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.58	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.30	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.28	0.86	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.39	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.27	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	6.65	6.65	6.65	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.35	1.30	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

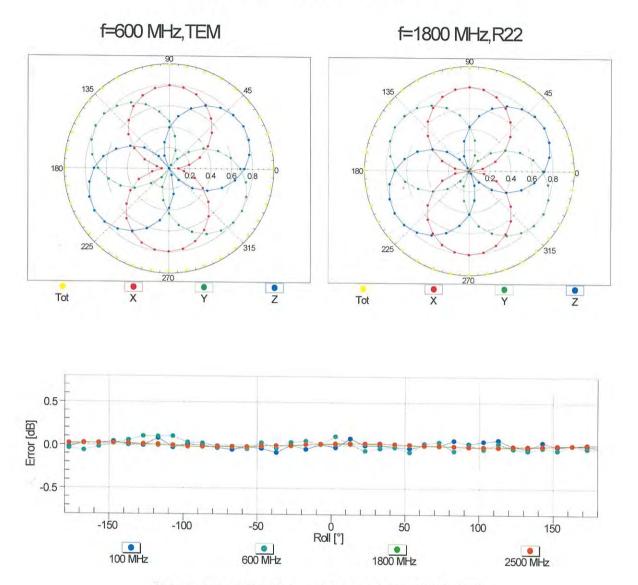
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

November 24, 2021

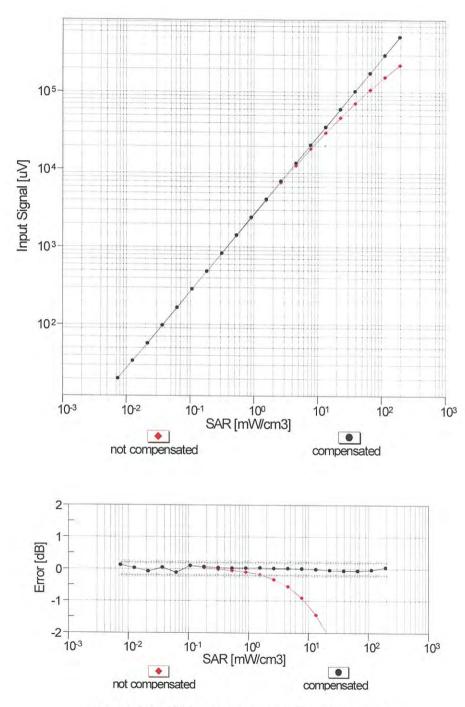


# 

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

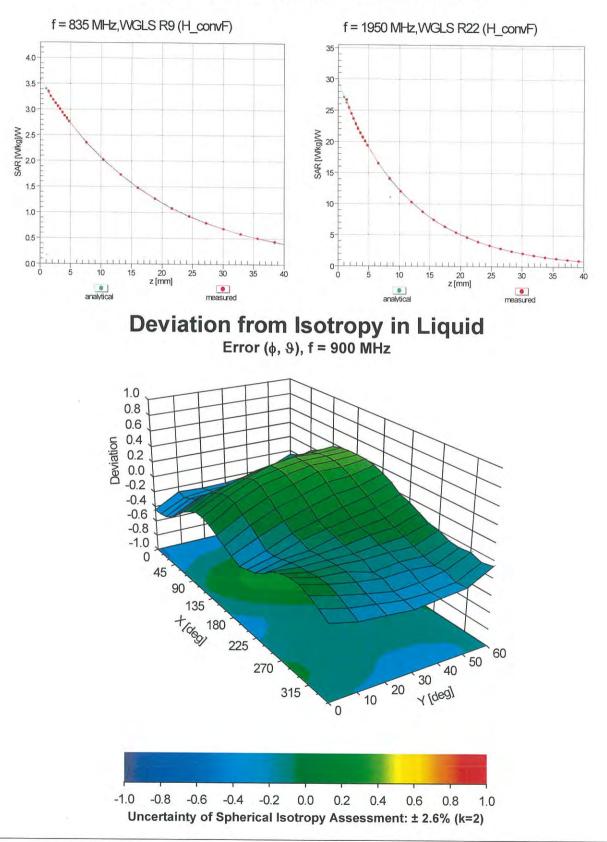
-

November 24, 2021



# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , feval= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

Certificate No: EX3-3698\_Nov21



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

139811

**Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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- S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

**DEKRA** (Auden) Client

D2450V2 - SN:930 Object QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz November 21, 2019 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Certificate No.) **Primary Standards** ID # 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) Apr-20 SN: 104778 Power meter NRP Apr-20 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) SN: 103244 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Apr-20 SN: 103245 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) Power sensor NRP-Z91 Apr-20 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) SN: 5058 (20k) Reference 20 dB Attenuator 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) Apr-20 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349\_May19) May-20 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 7349 Apr-20 SN: 601 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601\_Apr19) DAE4 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) ID # Secondary Standards In house check: Oct-20 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) SN: GB39512475 Power meter E4419B In house check: Oct-20 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) Power sensor HP 8481A SN: US37292783 In house check: Oct-20 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) Power sensor HP 8481A SN: MY41092317 In house check: Oct-20 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 100972 In house check: Oct-20 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) SN: US41080477 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A Signature Function Name Laboratory Technician **Claudio Leubler** Calibrated by: **Technical Manager** Katja Pokovic Approved by: Issued: November 25, 2019 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- S Service suisse d'étalonnage
- C Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### **Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.2 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

Condition	
250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
normalized to 1W	53.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
	250 mW input power

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.8 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.4 Ω + 3.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω + 5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

- 6		SPEAG
	The state of the s	SPEAG
- 1	Manufactured by	<b>•</b> ••
-	Manalastalou Sj	

# **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.11.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:930

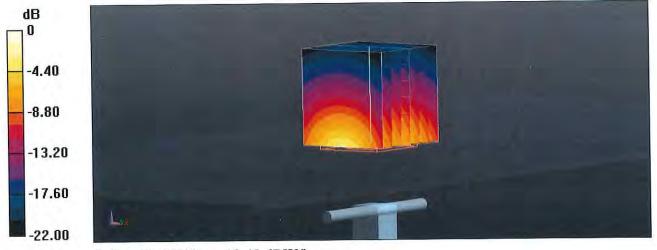
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.84 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

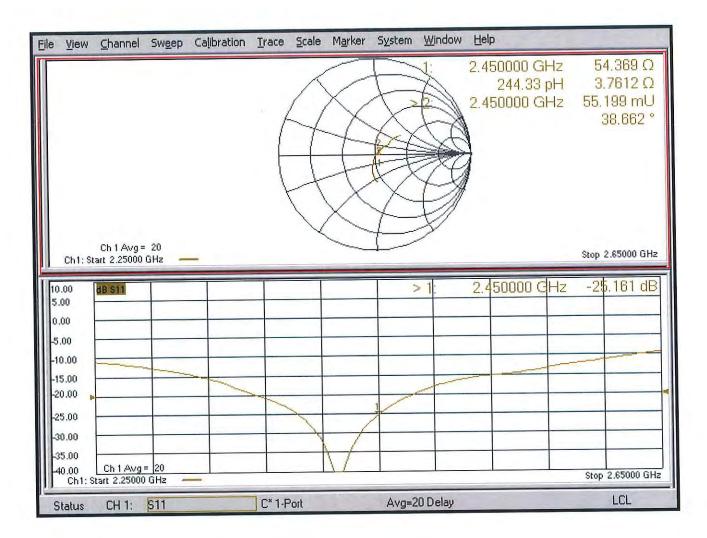
# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 117.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.11.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:930

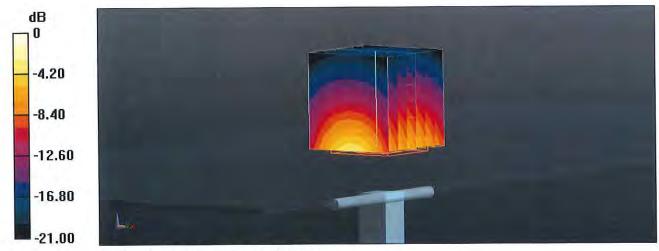
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

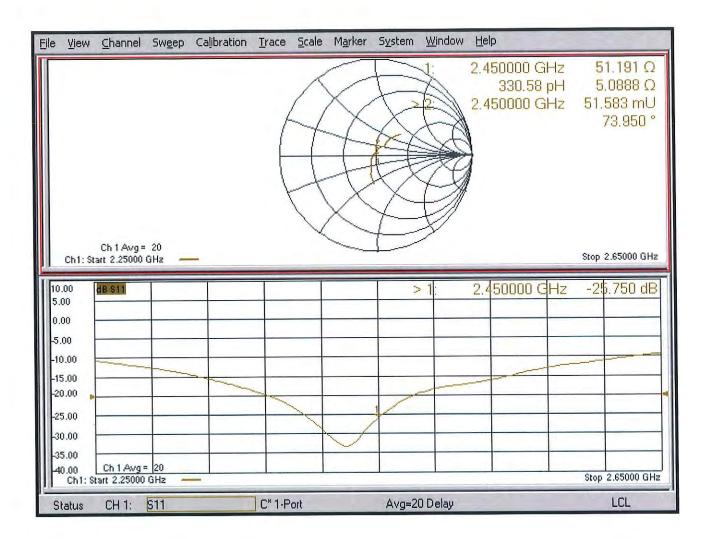
# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Client DEKRA (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1041\_May20

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	041	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Sources	between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	May 25, 2020		
		onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages an	
		ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19)	Dec-20
	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
JAE4			
	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards	ID # SN: GB39512475	Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	the second s		In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) Function	
DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A Calibrated by:	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 Signature
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# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- S Service suisse d'étalonnage
- C Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. . No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 10.0 mm, dz = 10.0 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.3 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.63 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	العبلية.	

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 4.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.3 Ω - 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω - 2.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB	

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

1.197 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

# **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 25.05.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.55 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 35.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.9 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 34.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.11 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 34.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

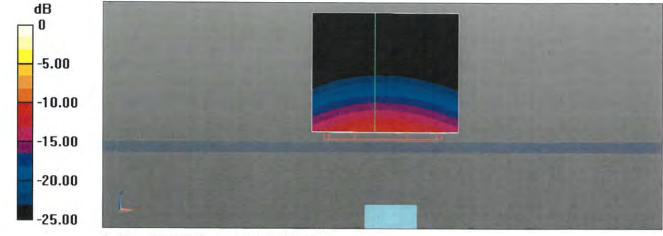
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 79.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.20 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 79.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 77.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.13 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

