

# FCC SAR Test Report

Product Name : VUZE-XR Camera

Model No. : HETVZ-XR

FCC ID : 2AKDRHETVZ-XR

Applicant : Humaneyes Technologies Ltd.

Address : Communication Center, Neve Ilan D.N. Harey

Jerusalem, 9085000

Date of Receipt : 2018/08/22

Issued Date : 2018/09/20

Report No. : 1880290R-SAUSP65V00

Report Version : V1.0





The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF or any agency of the government.

The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd.



# Test Report

Issued Date: 2018/09/20

Report No.: 1880290R-SAUSP65V00



Product Name : VUZE-XR Camera

Applicant : Humaneyes Technologies Ltd.

Address : Communication Center, Neve Ilan D.N. Harey Jerusalem,

9085000

Manufacturer : Humaneyes Technologies Ltd.

Model No. : HETVZ-XR

Trade Name : VUZE

FCC ID : 2AKDRHETVZ-XR Applicable Standard : 47CFR § 2.1093

KDB 447498 D01 v06

2.4GHz: **0.888** W/kg 5 GHz: **0.510** W/kg

Application Type : Certification

The above equipment has been tested by DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

Documented By	:	peggy (a
		( Adm. Assistant / Peggy Tu)
Tested By	:	Kerrn Cheng
		( Senior Engineer / Kevin Cheng )
Approved By	:	Stone
		( Director / Vincent Lin )



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Desc	cription	Page
1.	General Information	4
	1.1EUT Description	4
	1.2Antenna List	4
	1.3SAR Test Exclusion Calculation	5
	1.4Test Environment	6
2.	SAR Measurement System	7
	2.1 DASY5 System Description	7
	2.1.1 Applications	
	2.1.2 Area Scans	
	2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)	
	2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging	8
	2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe	9
	2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification	
	2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device	
	2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server	10
	2.5 Robot	
	2.6 Light Beam Unit	
	2.7 Device Holder	
	2.8 SAM Twin Phantom	
3.	Tissue Simulating Liquid	13
J.	3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid	13
	3.2 Tissue Calibration Result	12
	3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Rody Phantoms	15 15
4.	3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms  SAR Measurement Procedure	
₹.	4.1 SAR System Check	
	4.1.1 Dipoles	
	4.1.2 System Check Result	
	4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure	
5	SAR Weasure Herricedure	1/ 10
5. 6.	SAR Exposure Limits Test Equipment List	ווייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
0. 7.	Measurement Uncertainty	20 24
7. 8.	Conducted Dower Measurement (Including telerone	allowed
	Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance	alloweu
9.	production unit)	28
<b>J</b> .	Test Resúlts	<b>20</b>
	9.1 SAR Test Results Summary	
	9.2 Simultaneous Transmission	30
		下表音鐵。 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	9.2.2.2 simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi and other wireless technology	ologles錯誤!
40	尚未定義書籤。	24
10.	SAR measurement variability	
	Appendix	32
	Appendix A. SAR System Check Data	
	Appendix B. SAR measurement Data	
	Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs	
	Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data	



# Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

# 1. General Information

# 1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	VUZE-XR Camera
Trade Name	VUZE
Model No.	HETVZ-XR
FCC ID	2AKDRHETVZ-XR
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n-20MHz:2412MHz~2462MHz
	802.11a/n-20:5180-5240MHz, 5745-5825MHz
	802.11n-40/MHz: 5190-5230MHz, 5755-5795MHz
	802.11ac-80MHz: 5210, 5775MHz
	BT : 2402 – 2480MHz
Channel separation	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 5 MHz, 802.11a/n-20MHz: 20MHz
	802.11n-40MHz: 40MHz, 802.11ac-80MHz: 80MHz
Number of Channels	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 11
	802.11a/n-20MHz: 9; 802.11n-40MHz: 4
	802.11ac-80MHz: 2
	BT: 79, BLE: 40
Data Rate	802.11b: 1-11Mbps, 802.11a/g: 6-54Mbps, 802.11n: up to 150Mbps
	802.11ac-80MHz: up to 433.3Mbps
	BT : 3Mbps , BLE : 1Mpbs
Type of Modulation	DSSS/OFDM/BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM
	FHSS: GFSK(1Mbps) / π /4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	Refer to the table "Antenna List"
Channel Control	Auto

# 1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	LYNwave	N/A	PIFA	1.3dBi for 2.4GHz
				2.2dBi for 5.15~5.25GHz
				2.3dBi for 5.725~5.85GHz



## 1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 (Power(mW)/separation (mm)\*sqrt(f(GHz)≤3.0), SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 3.0 :

#### SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :

Antenna Tx		Frequency	Outpu	ıt Power	er Separation distances (mm)					Calculated Threshold Value (≦3.0 SAR is not required)						
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Front	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Front
Main	WiFi	2462	12	16	8	5	10	2	140	8	3.1	5.0	2.5	5.0	>50mm	3.1
Main	WiFi	5240	11.5	14	8	5	10	2	140	8	4.0	6.5	3.2	6.5	>50mm	4.0
Main	WiFi	5825	11.5	14	8	5	10	2	140	8	4.3	6.8	3.4	6.8	>50mm	4.3
Main	ВТ	2480	5	3	8	5	10	2	140	8	0.6	1.0	0.5	1.0	>50mm	0.6

## SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from the user :

			Frequency Output Power				Sonaration distances (mm)					Calculated Threshold Value				
Antenna Tx Frequency		, ,	Output	rowei		Separation distances (mm)					(SAR test exclusion power,mW)					
	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Front	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Front	
Main	WiFi	2462	12	16	8	5	10	2	140	8	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	995.6	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5240	11.5	14	8	5	10	2	140	8	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	965.5	<50mm
Main	WiFi	5825	11.5	14	8	5	10	2	140	8	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	962.2	<50mm
Main	ВТ	2480	5	3	8	5	10	2	140	8	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	995.3	<50mm



#### 1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Sep. 06, 2018

Items	Required	Actual		
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22.2± 2		
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52		

Test Date: Sep. 14, 2018

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.6± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded

from DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd. Web Site:

http://www.dekra.com.tw/english/about/certificates.aspx?bval=5

The address and introduction of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd. laboratories can be founded in our Web site: <a href="http://www.dekra.com.tw/index\_en.aspx">http://www.dekra.com.tw/index\_en.aspx</a>

Site Description: Accredited by TAF

Accredited Number: 3023

Site Name: DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd

Site Address: No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

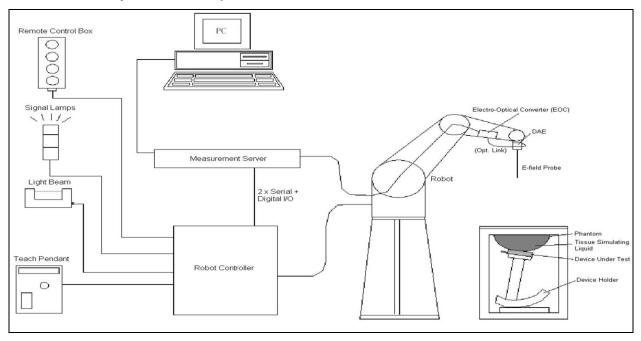
TEL: 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX: 886-2-8601-3789

E-Mail: info.tw@dekra.com



# 2. SAR Measurement System

# 2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



#### 2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

#### 2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

# 2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

#### 2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat



distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

#### 2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

# 2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4					
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)					
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)					
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)					
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)					
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm					
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in an (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only pr compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz w 30%.	obe which enables				



#### 2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



# 2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





#### 2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



## 2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





#### 2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



#### 2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- > Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



# 3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

# 3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	5200MHz	5800MHz
(% Weight)	Body	Body	Body
Water	73.2	76	75.68
Salt	0.04	0.00	0.00
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	26.76	4.44	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	19.56	19.47

## 3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent E5071C Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement									
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric P	arameters	Tissue Temp.					
	Description	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ [s/m]	[°C]					
	Reference result	52.7	1.95	N/A					
2450 MHz	± 5% window	50.065 to 55.335	1.8525 to 2.0475	IN/A					
	06-Sep-18	52.55	1.93	20.9℃					
2402 MHz	Low Channel	52.73	1.86	20.9℃					
2437 MHz	Mid Channel	52.59	1.92	20.9℃					
2462 MHz	High Channel	52.49	1.95	20.9℃					

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement									
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	Tissue Temp.						
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[℃]					
	Reference result	49	5.3	N/A					
5200MHz	± 5% window	46.55 to 51.45	5.03 to 5.56	IN/A					
	14- Sep-18	49.58	5.28	20.4℃					
5210 MHz	Channel 42	49.55	5.29	20.4℃					

Page: 13 of 32



Body Tissue Simulate Measurement						
Frequency [MHz]		Dielectric Parameters		Tissue		
	Description ε r		σ [s/m]	Temp. [℃]		
	Reference result	48.2	6	N/A		
5800MHz	± 5% window	45.79 to 50.61	5.7 to 6.3	IN/A		
	14-Sep-18	47.99	6.19	20.4℃		
5775 MHz	Channel 155	48.06	6.15	20.4℃		



## 3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	ody
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

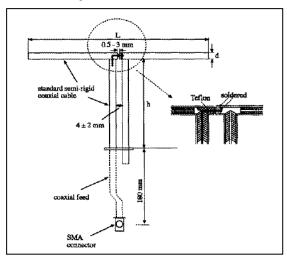
( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³)



## 4. SAR Measurement Procedure

# 4.1 SAR System Check

# 4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	45.4	3.6

# 4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz Dipole Kit: D2450V2							
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tissue Temp. 10g [°C]							
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	50.6 45.54 to 55.66	23.9 21.51 to 26.29	N/A			
	06-Sep-18	51.6	23.32	<b>20</b> .9℃			

Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW

(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.



System Performance Check at 5200MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2							
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tis Tel							
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	74.7 67.23 to 82.17	21.0 18.90 to 23.10	N/A			
	14-Sep-18	77.3	21.3	<b>20.4</b> ℃			

Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW

- (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.
- (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.

System Performance Check at 5800MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2							
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tissue Temp.							
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	78.3 70.47 to 86.13	21.7 19.53 to 23.87	N/A			
14-Sep-18 73.3 20.1 20.4°C							
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW  (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.  (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.							

## **4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure**

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.



The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>2</sup>) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm<sup>3</sup>).



# 5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



# 6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F09/5BL1A1/A06	2009/05/18	only once
Controller	Speag	CS8c	N/A	2009/05/18	only once
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2016/11/15	2019/11/14
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2017/05/26	2020/05/25
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	QD000 P40 CA	Tp 1515	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1207	2017/11/16	2018/11/15
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3698	2017/11/22	2018/11/21
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.10.0.1446	N/A	N/A
Aprel Dipole Spaccer	Aprel	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A	N/A
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108013	2018/01/10	2019/01/09
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2018/08/27	2019/08/26
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2017/10/19	2018/10/18
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2017/10/19	2018/10/18
Temperature	LKM	DTM3000	DTM3000	2017/10/26	2018/10/25



#### Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the following are recommended FCC procedures for SAR dipole calibration.

- 1. After a dipole is damaged and properly repaired to meet required specifications
- 2. When the measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by more than 10% due to changes in physical, mechanical, electrical or other relevant dipole conditions;
- 3. When the most recent return-loss, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. 0.2 of the dB value) or not meeting the required -20 dB return-loss specification

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Body	-27.98dB	Within 20%	2017.11.16
Measurement	2450	Body	-28.02dB		2017.11.10

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5200	Body	-24.00dB	Within 20%	2018.05.25
Measurement	5200	Body	-23.68dB		

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5300	Body	-31.47dB	Within 20%	2018.05.25
Measurement	5300	Body	-28.08dB		2016.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Body	-24.25dB	Within 20%	2018.05.25
Measurement	5600	Body	-26.47dB		

	Frequency	Tissue	Return loss	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Body	-24.72dB	Within 20%	2018.05.25
Measurement	5800	Body	-23.63dB	VVIIIIIII ZU70	2016.05.25



4. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5  $\Omega$  from the previous measurement

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	2450	Body	50.03	Within 5Ω	2017.11.16
Measurement	2450	Body	50.22	VVIIIIII 502	2017.11.10

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5200	Body	49.02	Within 5Ω	2018.05.25
Measurement	5200	Body	49.79	VVIUIIII 512	2016.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5300	Body	48.43	Within 5Ω	2018.05.25
Measurement	5300	Body	51.83	VVIIIIII 512	2016.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5600	Body	56.52	Within 5Ω	2018.05.25
Measurement	5600	Body	52.87	VVIUIIII 312	2016.05.25

	Frequency	Tissue	Impedance	Limit	Verified Date
Calibration	5800	Body	56.16	Within 5Ω	2018.05.25
Measurement	5800	Body	56.49	VVIUIIII 312	2016.05.25



# 7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 U Measu	ncertaint rement u							
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related		•	•	•	•			•
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	•		•	•	-	±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	

Page: 23 of 32



DASY5 U	ncertaint urement u						13)	
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System					I	-1		
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						±24.6%	±24.5%	

Page: 24 of 32



# 8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

# WLAN 2.4G 1TX SISO

					SISO-Ma	ain(TX1)	
<b>t</b>	Standard	Mode	BW	СН	PK Power	AV Target	AV Power
a por	lod a			1	13.91	12	10.43
enns				6	13.46	12	10.27
າ ant		b	20	11	13.76	12	10.31
at ar				12	N/A	N/A	N/A
wer				13	N/A	N/A	N/A
ut po	DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port (2, 242 C) (2, 242 C) (3, 242 C) (3, 242 C) (4, 242 C) (5, 242 C) (6, 242 C) (7, 242 C) (	g		1	22.18	12	10.99
outpu			20	6	22.15	12	11.19
o un				11	21.98	12	11.20
axim				12	N/A	N/A	N/A
d ms	15.247			13	N/A	N/A	N/A
cifie	(2.4GHz)			1	22.05	12	11.15
sbe				6	21.70	12	10.73
epoι			20	11	21.63	12	10.79
M M				12	N/A	N/A	N/A
OFE		n(HT)		13	N/A	N/A	N/A
388		11(111)		3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ď				6	N/A	N/A	N/A
			40	9	N/A	N/A	N/A
				10	N/A	N/A	N/A
				11	N/A	N/A	N/A

Page: 25 of 32



# **WLAN 5G 1TX SISO**

	AN 30 11X 310			SIS	O-Main	/TV1\				SISO-Main(TX1)		
	Standard	Mode	BW	313		(1/1)	Standard	Mode	BW	313	1	` ′
				CH AV AV		0144			СН	AV	AV	
				0.0		Power					_	Power
				36	11.5	10.81				52	N/A	N/A
		а	20	40	11.5	10.84		а	20	56	N/A	N/A
				44	11.5	10.79				60	N/A	N/A
Ħ				48	11.5	10.31				64	N/A	N/A
a pc				36	11.5	10.41	U-NII-2A			52	N/A	N/A
tenn	U-NII-1		20	40	11.5	10.09	(5250~5350MHz)		20	56	N/A	N/A
n an	(5150~5250MHz)	n(HT)		44	11.5	10.11	_	n(HT)		60	N/A	N/A
at a				48	11.5	10.12				64	N/A	N/A
wer			40	38	11.5	9.86			40	54	N/A	N/A
ut pc			0.0	46	11.5	9.95			00	62	N/A	N/A
OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port		ac	80	42	11.5	9.96		ac	80	58	N/A	N/A
ШШ						U-NII-	2A	ac	160	50	N/A	N/A
axin				100	N/A	N/A				132	N/A	N/A
L b		а	20	112	N/A	N/A	-	а	20	149	11.5	11.45
ecifie				116	N/A	N/A				157	11.5	11.47
ds e				128	N/A	N/A				165	11.5	11.32
pou				100	N/A	N/A				132	N/A	N/A
MO			20	112	N/A	N/A	5.05.011.0		20	149	11.5	11.32
OF	U-NII-2C			116	N/A	N/A	5.65 GHz &	~/LIT\		157	11.5 11.5	11.09
	(5470~5650MHz)	n(HT)		128	N/A	N/A	U-NII-3 (5725~5850MHz)	n(HT)		165		11.14
				102	N/A	N/A	(3723°3630IVII IZ)		40	134	N/A	N/A
			40	110	N/A	N/A			40	151	11.5	9.80
				118	N/A	N/A			20	159	11.5	9.77
				126	N/A	N/A			20	144	N/A	N/A
			80	106	N/A	N/A		ac	40	142	N/A	N/A
		ac	100	122	N/A	N/A			80	138	N/A	N/A
			160	114	N/A	N/A				155	11.5	10.38



# **BT Only Support Main**

					SISO-Ma	ain(TX1)		SISO-Aux(TX2)			
Bluetooth mode maximum output power	Standard	Mode	BW	СН	PK	AV	AV	СН	PK	AV	AV
Ħ					Power	Target	Power		Power	Target	Power
outp				0	7.28	5	3.69	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
шш		Normal	GFSK	39	7.22	5	3.42	39	N/A	N/A	N/A
axin				78	6.91	5	2.97	78	N/A	N/A	N/A
e m	45.047			0	5.58	5	-1.71	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
mod	15.247 (2.4GHz)	EDR	8DPSK	39	5.62	5	-1.58	39	N/A	N/A	N/A
ooth	(2.4GHZ)			78	5.18	5	-2.23	78	N/A	N/A	N/A
lueto				0	7.54	5	3.12	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
B		BLE	GFSK	19	7.47	5	3.06	19	N/A	N/A	N/A
				39	7.28	5	2.62	39	N/A	N/A	N/A



## 9. Test Results

# 9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.2 ±2	Relative Humidity (%): 52
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 20.9 +2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Elquid Temperature ( C): 20.9 ±2 Deptit of Elquid (CIII).>15									
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)			
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)	
Test Mode: 802.11b – Main									
Front	Fixed	1	2412	10.43	12	0.281	0.412	1.6	
Back	Fixed	1	2412	10.43	12	0.058	0.085	1.6	
Тор	Fixed	1	2412	10.43	12	0.475	0.696	1.6	
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	10.27	12	0.584	0.888	1.6	
Тор	Fixed	11	2462	10.31	12	0.458	0.690	1.6	
Left-side	Fixed	1	2412	10.43	12	0.044	0.064	1.6	
Right-side	Fixed	1	2412	10.43	12	0.00514	0.008	1.6	
Test Mode: BT -1M – Main									
Тор	Fixed	0	2402	3.69	5	0.099	0.134	1.6	

Note : 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required.

<sup>2.</sup> When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

<sup>3.</sup> Duty cycle 98% for 802.11b. Tune-up scaled values include duty cycle tune-up to 100%.



# SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Liquid Temperature ( C) . 20.4 ±2				Depth of Elquid (cm) 13					
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		,	
		Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)	
Test Mode: 802.11ac -80M Main									
Front	Fixed	155	5775	10.38	11.5	0.101	0.187	1.6	
Back	Fixed	155	5775	10.38	11.5	0.125	0.231	1.6	
Тор	Fixed	42	5210	9.96	11.5	0.170	0.346	1.6	
Тор	Fixed	155	5775	10.38	11.5	0.276	0.510	1.6	
Left-side	Fixed	155	5775	10.38	11.5	0.035	0.065	1.6	
Right-side	Fixed	155	5775	10.38	11.5	0.033	0.061	1.6	

Note: 1. When multiple transmission modes (802.11 n) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected

<sup>2.</sup> When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.

<sup>3.</sup> Duty cycle 70% for 802.11ac 80M. Tune-up scaled values include duty cycle tune-up to 100%.



# 9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations					
1	Only WLAN 2.4GHz Main				
2	Only WLAN 5GHz Main				
3	Only BT Main				

Note: The device doesn't support the Simultaneous Transmission function.



# 10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequency		SAR 1g (W/kg)								
Channel N	N.41.1-	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated			
	MHz		Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio		
6	2437	0.584	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
155	5775	0.276	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		



# **Appendix**

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

**Appendix B. SAR measurement Data** 

**Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs** 

**Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data** 

**Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data** 



# Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2018/09/06

System Performance Check\_2450MHz-Body DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.93 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/2450MHz Body/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dv=12mm

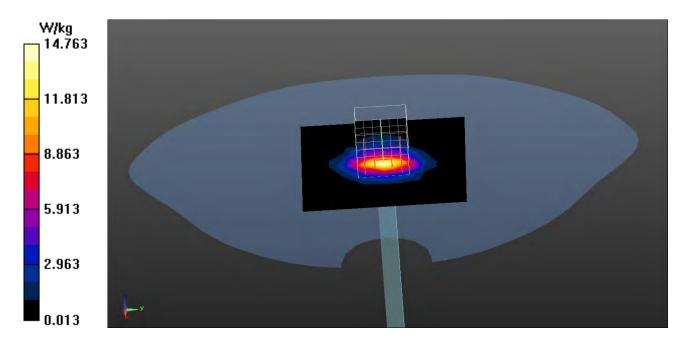
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg

# Configuration/2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2018/09/14

## System Performance Check\_5200MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.28 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 49.58$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/5200MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg

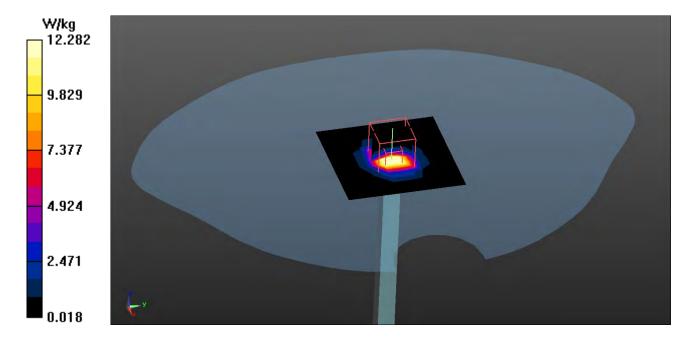
## Configuration/5200MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm

(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 68.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2018/09/14

# System Performance Check\_5800MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 6.19 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 47.99;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

# Configuration/5800MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

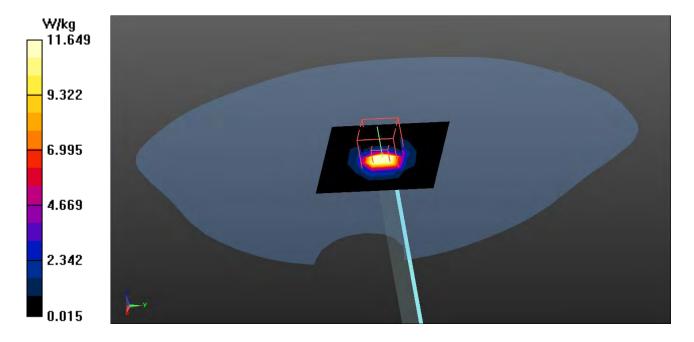
# Configuration/5800MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm

(7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 65.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.01 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg





## Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 2018/09/06 Test Laboratory: DEKRA

802.11b 1-Front MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg

## Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

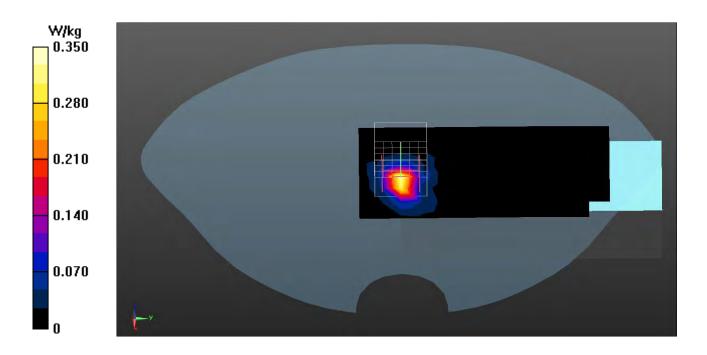
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.650 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 W/kg





802.11b 1-Back MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0648 W/kg

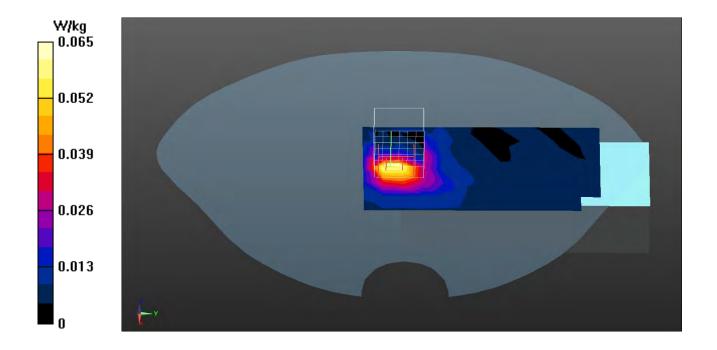
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.475 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0741 W/kg





802.11b 1-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 W/kg

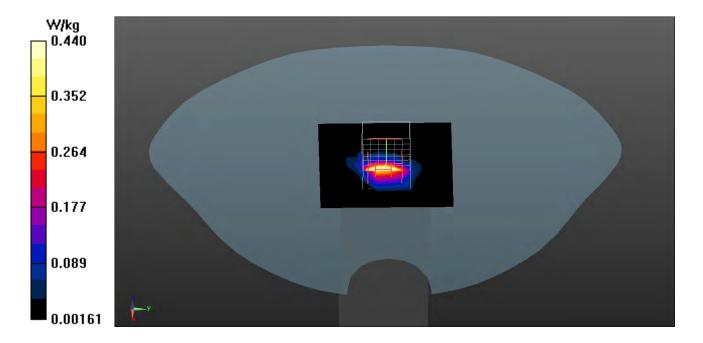
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.475 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 W/kg





802.11b 6-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.59$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 W/kg

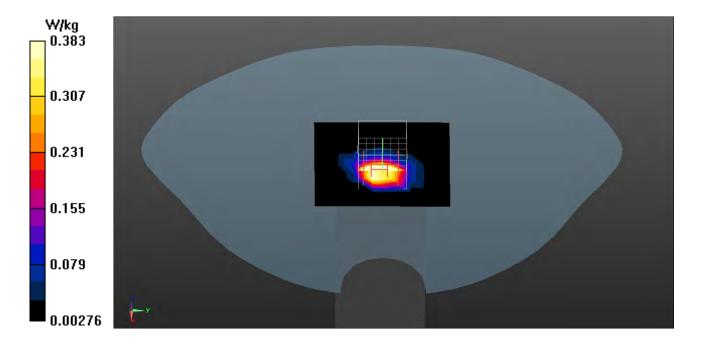
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.584 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.886 W/kg





802.11b 11-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.49$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 W/kg

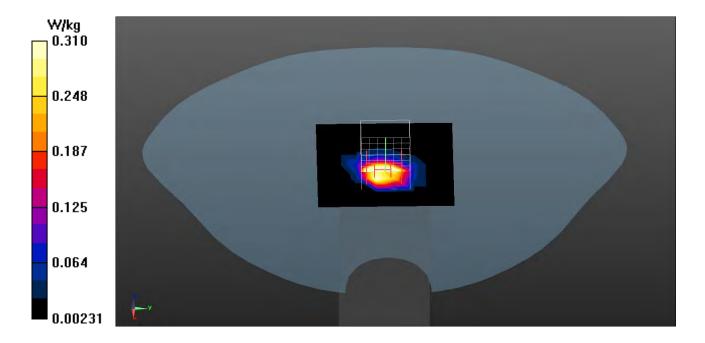
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.458 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 W/kg





802.11b 1-Left-side MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0432 W/kg

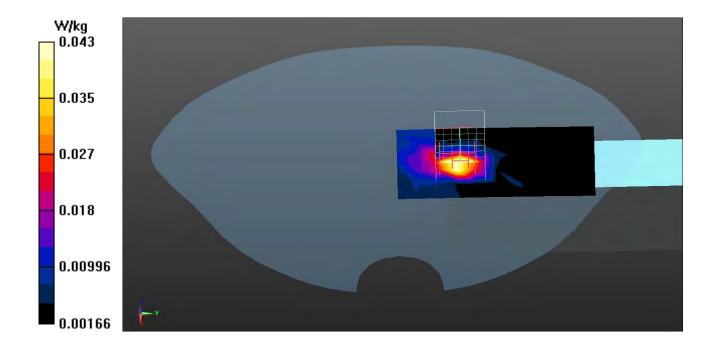
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.354 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0900 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.044 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0587 W/kg





802.11b 1-Right-side MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00893 W/kg

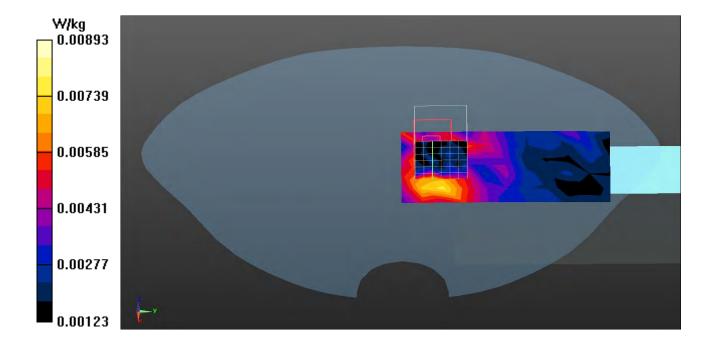
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.362 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00334 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00712 W/kg





BT-1M\_0-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, BT 1M&3M&BLE; Frequency: 2402 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ S/m}$ :  $\varepsilon_r = 52.73$ :  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 22.2, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0877 W/kg

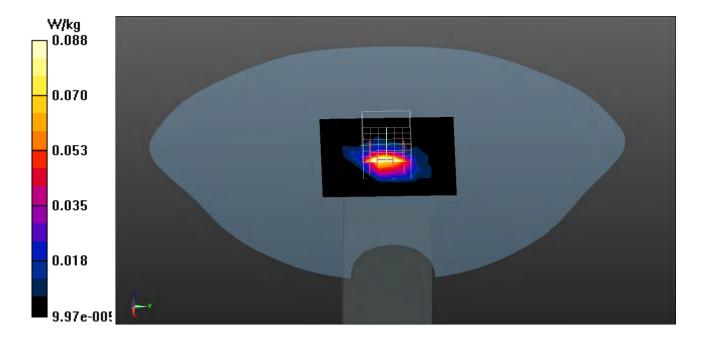
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.071 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

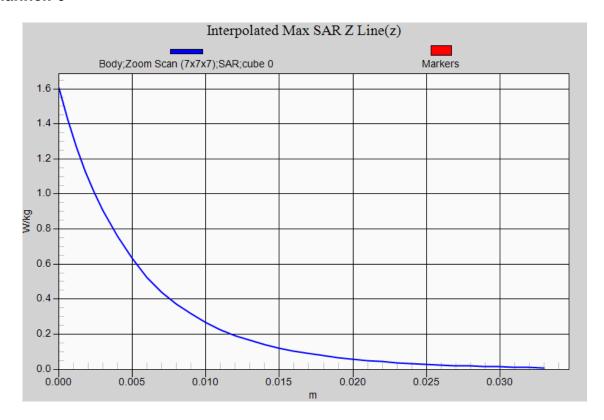
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.266 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 W/kg





# 802.11b EUT Top (Main-INPAQ Antenna) Z-Axis plot Channel: 6





802.11ac-80M 155-Front MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.15 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg

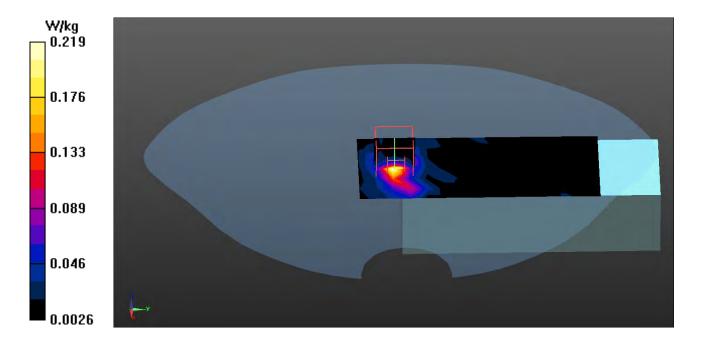
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.212 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.404 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg





802.11ac-80M\_155-Back MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.15 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 W/kg

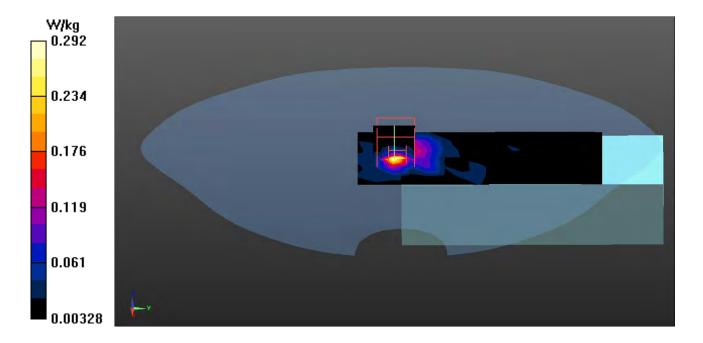
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.898 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.125 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.315 W/kg





802.11ac-80M\_42-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5210 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5210 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.29 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 49.55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.455 W/kg

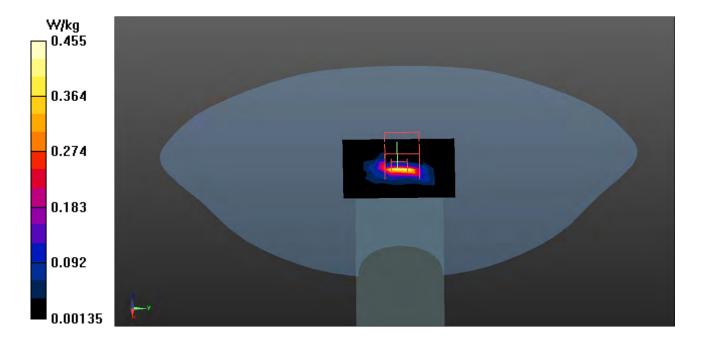
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.985 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.170 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg





802.11ac-80M\_155-Top MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.15 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 W/kg

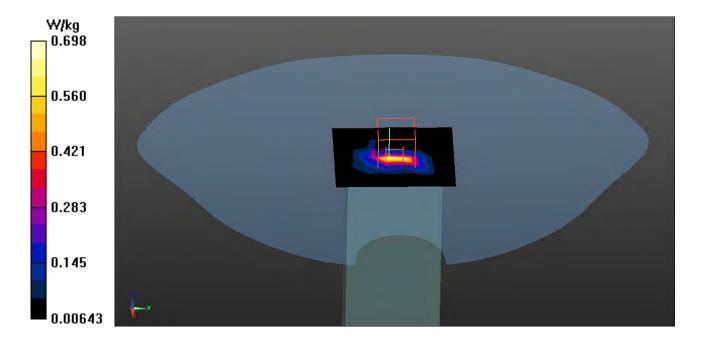
#### Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.746 W/kg





802.11ac-80M 155-Left-side MAIN

DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.15 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0626 W/kg

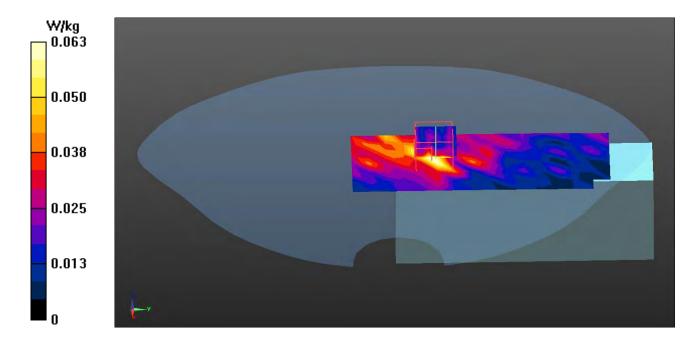
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.297 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0658 W/kg





802.11ac-80M\_155-Right-side MAIN

**DUT: VUZE-XR Camera; Type: HETVZ-XR** 

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.15 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.6, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.4 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2017/11/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 2017/11/16
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

**Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0654 W/kg

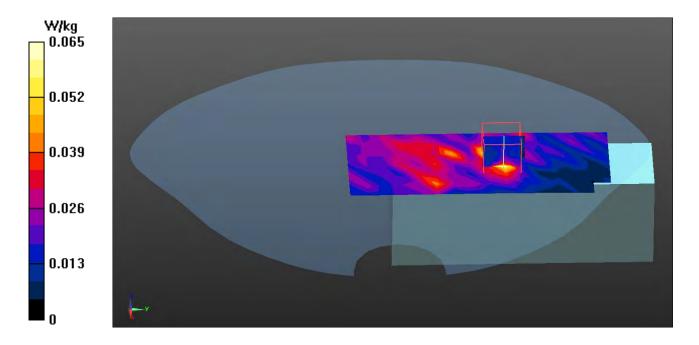
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.565 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

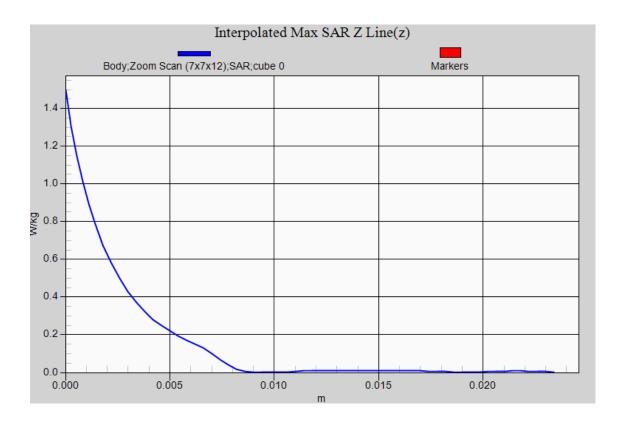
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0762 W/kg





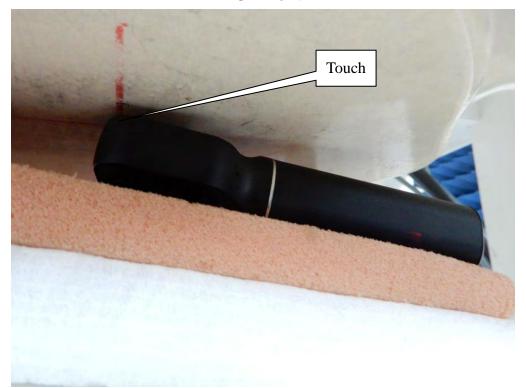
## 802.11ac (80M) EUT Top (MAIN-INPAQ Antenna), Z-Axis plot Channel: 155



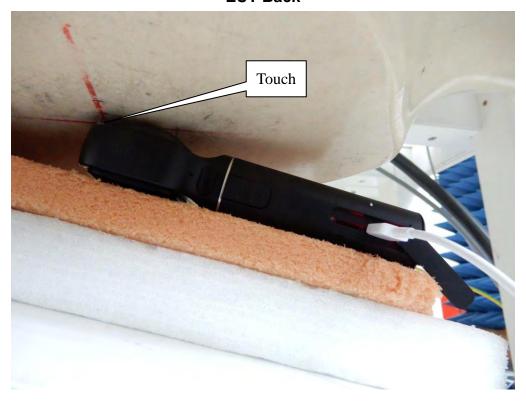


# Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs Test Setup Photographs



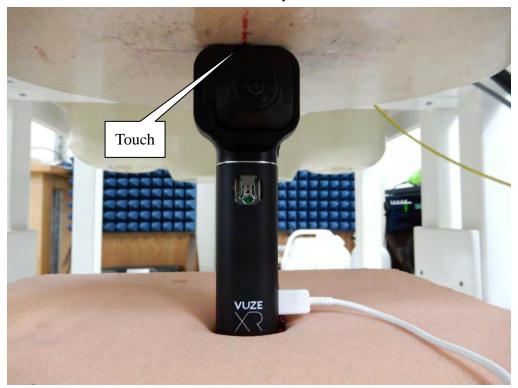


**EUT Back** 

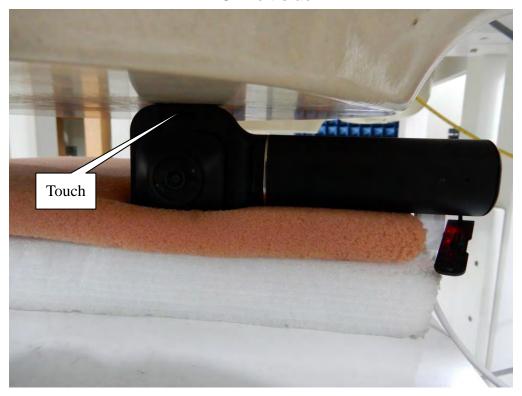




## **EUT Top**

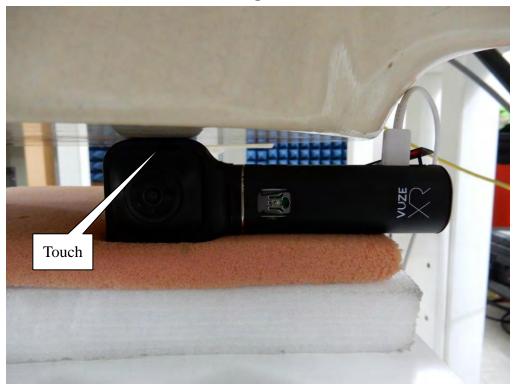


**EUT Left-side** 





## **EUT Right-side**

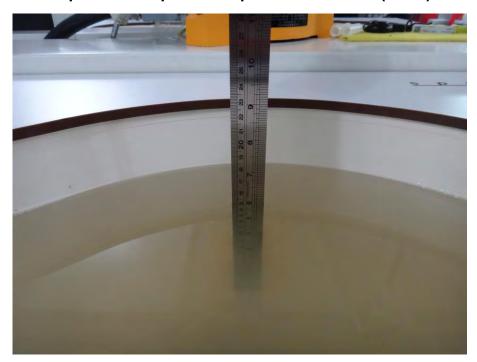




Depth of the liquid in the phantom-Zoom In (2.4GHz)



Depth of the liquid in the phantom-Zoom In (5GHz)



Note: The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528-2013.



### **EUT Photographs**





















