## FCC TEST REPORT

# For <br> Titan Company Limited <br> TITAN 1759 <br> Test Model: 1759KM01 <br> Additional Model: 1759KL01 

Prepared for
Address

Prepared by
Address
Tel
Fax
Web
Mail

Date of receipt of test sample
Number of tested samples
Serial number
Date of Test
Date of Report
: Titan Company Limited
: Integrity, \#193, Veerasandra, Electronic City P.O., Off Hosur Main Road, Bangalore-560100, India
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: October 21, 2019
: 1
: Prototype
: October 21, 2019 ~ October 29, 2019
: October 29, 2019

|  | FCC TEST REPORT <br> FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C(15.247) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Report Reference No. ................. : LCS191021036AEA |  |
| Date of Issue .................................. : October 29, 2019 |  |

Compiled by:


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## Supervised by:



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Approved by:


Gavin Liang/ Manager

## FCC -- TEST REPORT

| Test Report No. : $\quad$ LCS191021036AEA | $\frac{\text { October 29, 2019 }}{\text { Date of issue }}$ |
| :--- | :---: |


| Type / Model........................ | : 1759KM01 |
| :---: | :---: |
| EUT.................................... | : TITAN 1759 |
| Applicant........................... | : Titan Company Limited |
| Address............................. | : Integrity, \#193, Veerasandra, Electronic City P.O., Off Hosur Main Road, Bangalore-560100, India |
| Telephone........................... | : / |
| Fax.................................... | : 1 |
| Manufacturer..................... | : Titan Company Limited |
| Address.............................. | : No. 3, Sipcot Industrial Complex, Hosur, Krishnagiri District 635126, Tamilnadu, India |
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| Factory.............................. | : Titan Company Limited |
| Address.............................. | : No. 3, Sipcot Industrial Complex, Hosur, Krishnagiri District 635126, Tamilnadu, India |
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| Test Result | Positive |
| :---: | :---: |

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

## Revision History

| Revision | Issue Date | Revisions | Revised By |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000 | October 29, 2019 | Initial Issue | Gavin Liang |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

| EUT | : TITAN 1759 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Test Model | : 1759KM01 |
| Model List No. | : 1759KM01, 1759KL01 |
| Model Declaration | : PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same,So no additional models were tested. |
| Power Supply | : DC 3V By Button Cell |
| Hardware version | : V0.3 |
| Software version | : V 1.07 .00 |
| Bluetooth |  |
| Operation frequency | : $2402 \mathrm{MHz}-2480 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Bluetooth Version | : Bluetooth V4.2 |
| Channel Number | : 40 channels for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE) |
| Channel Spacing | : 2MHz for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE) |
| Modulation Type | : GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2 (BT LE) |
| Antenna Description | : Internal Antenna, 2.41 dBi |

### 1.2. Support equipment List

| Manufacturer | Description | Model | Serial Number | Certificate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

1.3. External I/O Cable

| I/O Port Description | Quantity | Cable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -- | -- | -- |

### 1.4. Description of Test Facility

FCC Registration Number is 254912.
Industry Canada Registration Number is 9642A-1.
EMSD Registration Number is ARCB0108.
UL Registration Number is 100571-492.
TUV SUD Registration Number is SCN1081.
TUV RH Registration Number is UA 50296516-001.
NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier: CN0071.
The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10:2013 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1 GHz .

### 1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16-4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

### 1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

| Test Item | Frequency Range | Uncertainty | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Radiation Uncertainty | $: 9 \mathrm{KHz} \sim 30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 3.10 dB | $(1)$ |
|  | $: 30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 200 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 2.96 dB | $(1)$ |
|  | $200 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 3.10 dB | $(1)$ |
|  | $1 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 26.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 3.80 dB | $(1)$ |
|  | $26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 40 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 3.90 dB | $(1)$ |
| Conduction Uncertainty | $:$ | $150 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 1.63 dB |
| Power disturbance | $:$ | $30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 300 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 1.60 dB |

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the $95 \%$ confidence level using a coverage factor of $\mathrm{k}=2$.

### 1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.
This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

Worst-case mode and channel used for $9 \mathrm{KHz}-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be LE mode(Low Channel).

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

BT LE: 1 Mbps, GFSK

## BT LE 4.2

| Frequency Band | Channel No. | Frequency(MHz) | Channel No. | Frequency(MHz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2402 \sim 2480 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 0 | 2402 | 20 | 2442 |
|  | 1 | 2404 | -- | -- |
|  | 2 | 2406 | -- | -- |
|  | -- | -- | 37 | 2476 |
|  | -- | -- | 38 | 2478 |

## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

### 2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance is required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.247 digital modulation device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

### 2.3. General Test Procedures

### 2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

### 2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

## 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmit condition. The duty cycle is $100 \%$ and the average correction factor is 0 .

### 3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (nrfgostudio) provided by applicant.

### 3.3. Special Accessories

| Manufacturer | Description | Model | Serial Number | Certificate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lenovo | PC | B470 | -- | DOC |
| Lenovo | AC/DC ADAPTER | ADP-90DDB | -- | DOC |

### 3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

### 3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

### 3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

## 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

| Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FCC Rules | Description of Test | Result | Remark |
| $/$ | On Time and Duty Cycle | $/$ | Appendix A.1 |
| $\S 15.247(\mathrm{~b})$ | Maximum Conducted Output Power | Compliant | Appendix A.2 |
| $\S 15.247(\mathrm{e})$ | Power Spectral Density | Compliant | Appendix A.3 |
| $\S 15.247(\mathrm{a})(2)$ | 6 dB Bandwidth | Compliant | Appendix A.4 |
| $\S 15.209, \S 15.247(\mathrm{~d})$ | Conducted Spurious Emissions | Compliant | Appendix A.5 <br> Appendix A.6 |
| $\S 15.209, \S 15.247(\mathrm{~d})$ | Radiated Spurious Emissions | Compliant | Note 1 |
| $\S 15.205$ | Emissions at Restricted Band | Compliant | Appendix A.7 |
| $\S 15.207(\mathrm{a})$ | AC Mains Conducted Emissions | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |
| $\S 15.203$ | Antenna Requirements | Compliant | Note 1 |
| $\S 15.247(\mathrm{i}) \S 2.1093$ | RF Exposure | Compliant | Note 2 |

## Remark:

1. Note 1 - Test results inside test report;
2. Note 2 - Test results in other test report (RF Exposure Evaluation Report);

## 5. TEST RESULT

### 5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

### 5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

### 5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

### 5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span= $0 M H z, R B W=8 M H z, V B W=50 M H z$, Sweep time $=20.8 \mathrm{~ms}$;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode $=$ Single hold.

### 5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



Spectrum Analyse
EUT

### 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.1.6. Test result

For reporting purpose only.
Please refer to Appendix A. 1

### 5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 5.2.1. Standard Applicable

For systems using digital modulation in the $902-928 \mathrm{MHz}, 2400-2483.5 \mathrm{MHz}$, and $5725-5850 \mathrm{MHz}$ bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### 5.2.2. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance Section 9.1 Maximum peak conducted output power 9.1.1.
This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.
a) Set the RBW $\geq$ DTS bandwidth.
b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
c) Set span $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
d) Sweep time = auto couple.
e) Detector = peak.
f) Trace mode = max hold.
g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### 5.2.3. Test Setup Layout



### 5.2.4. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.2.5. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

PASS
Please refer to Appendix A. 2

## Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;

### 5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 5.3.1. Standard Applicable

According to $\S 15.247(\mathrm{e})$ : For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### 5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
3. Set the RBW $=3 \mathrm{kHz}$.
4. Set the VBW $\geq 3^{*}$ RBW
5. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
6. Detector $=$ peak .
7. Sweep time = auto couple .
8. Trace mode $=\max$ hold .
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
10. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
11. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz ) and repeat.
12. The resulting peak PSD level must be 8 dBm .

### 5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

PASS
Please refer to Appendix A.3.

## Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;

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## 5.4 . 6 dB Spectrum Bandwidth Measurement

### 5.4.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a) (2): For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz .

### 5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| Attenuation | Auto |
| RBW | 100 KHz |
| VBW | $\geq 3^{*} \mathrm{RBW}$ |
| Span Frequency | $>$ RBW |
| Detector | Peak |
| Trace | Max Hold |
| Sweep Time | 1 ms |

### 5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth and the video bandwidth were set according to KDB558074.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6 dB below carrier.
5.4.4. Test Setup Layout


### 5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.4.6. Test Result of 6 dB Spectrum Bandwidth

PASS
Please refer to Appendix A.4.
Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;

### 5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.090-0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| \11 0.495-0.505 | 16.69475-16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735-2.1905 | 16.80425-16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475-156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2690-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293. | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 13.36-13.41 | 322-335.4 | 3600-4400 | (21) |

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be $0.490-0.510 \mathrm{MHz}$.
\2\Above 38.6
According to $\S 15.247$ (d): 20 dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

| Frequencies <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Field Strength <br> $($ microvolts/meter) | Measurement Distance <br> $($ meters $)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0090 .490 | $2400 / \mathrm{FHHz})$ | 300 |
| $0.49 \sim \sim 1.705$ | $24000 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{KHz})$ | 30 |
| $1.705 \sim 30.0$ | 30 | 30 |
| $30 \sim 88$ | 100 | 3 |
| $88 \sim 216$ | 150 | 3 |
| $216 \sim 960$ | 200 | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

### 5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Start Frequency | 1000 MHz |
| Stop Frequency | $10^{\text {III carrier harmonic }}$ |
| RB / VB (Emission in restricted band) | $1 \mathrm{MHz} / 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ for Peak, $1 \mathrm{MHz} / 1 / \mathrm{B} \mathrm{kHz}$ for Average |
| RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band) | $1 \mathrm{MHz} / 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ for Peak, $1 \mathrm{MHz} / 1 / \mathrm{B} \mathrm{kHz}$ for Average |


| Receiver Parameter | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Start $\sim$ Stop Frequency | $9 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 150 \mathrm{kHz} / \mathrm{RB} / \mathrm{VB} 200 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1 \mathrm{KHz}$ for QP/AVG |
| Start $\sim$ Stop Frequency | $150 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 30 \mathrm{MHz} / \mathrm{RB} / \mathrm{VB} 9 \mathrm{kHz} / 30 \mathrm{KHz}$ for QP/AVG |
| Start $\sim$ Stop Frequency | $30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 1000 \mathrm{MHz} / \mathrm{RB} / \mathrm{VB} 120 \mathrm{kHz} / 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ for QP |

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### 5.5.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

## Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
--- The EUT was set into operation.

## Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from $0^{\circ}$ to $315^{\circ}$ using $45^{\circ}$ steps.
--- The antenna height is 0.8 meter.
--- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

## Final measurement:

--- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position ( $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$ ) and by rotating the elevation axes ( $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$ ).
--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

## 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

## Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
--- The EUT was set into operation.

## Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from $0^{\circ}$ to $315^{\circ}$ using $45^{\circ}$ steps.
--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
--- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
--- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

## Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^{\circ}$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
--- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

## 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

## Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
--- The EUT was set into operation.

## Premeasurement:

--- The turntable rotates from $0^{\circ}$ to $315^{\circ}$ using $45^{\circ}$ steps.
--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
--- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
--- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

## Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^{\circ}$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

## 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

## Setup:

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
--- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
--- The EUT was set into operation.

## Premeasurement:

--- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

## Final measurement:

--- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

### 5.5.4. Test Setup Layout



Above 1 GHz
Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 $\mathrm{dB} /$ decade form 3 m to 1 m .

Distance extrapolation factor $=20 \log$ (specific distanc [3m] / test distance [1m]) (dB);
Limit line $=$ specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

### 5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.
5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions ( $9 \mathrm{KHz} \sim 30 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

| Temperature | $23.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Humidity | $54 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test Engineer | CHUANG WANG | Configurations | BT LE |


| Freq. <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Over Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Over Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | - | - | See Note |

## Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor $=40 \log$ (specific distance / test distance) (dB);
Limit line $=$ specific limits ( dBuV ) + distance extrapolation factor.
5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

| Temperature | $23.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Humidity | $54 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test Engineer | CHUANG WANG | Configurations | BT LE (Low CH) |

Test result for LE (Low Channel)
Horizontal


Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The emission that ate 20 db blow the offficial limit are not reported

## Vertical




Note: 1. All readings are Quasi-peak values.
2. Measured= Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The emission that ate 20 db blow the offficial limit are not reported

Note:
1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (LE (Low Channel)).
2). Emission level $(\mathrm{dBu} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})=20$ log Emission level (uV/m).
3.). Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.
5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)

$$
L E
$$

Channel 0/2402 MHz

| Freq. <br> MHz | Reading <br> dBuV | Ant. <br> Fac. <br> $\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m}$ | Pre. <br> Fac. <br> dB | Cab. <br> Loss <br> dB | Measured <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Limit <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Margin <br> dB | Remark | Pol. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4804.00 | 58.33 | 33.06 | 35.04 | 3.94 | 60.29 | 74.00 | -13.71 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 4804.00 | 41.23 | 33.06 | 35.04 | 3.94 | 43.19 | 54.00 | -10.81 | Average | Horizontal |
| 4804.00 | 54.07 | 33.06 | 35.04 | 3.94 | 56.03 | 74.00 | -17.97 | Peak | Vertical |
| 4804.00 | 40.59 | 33.06 | 35.04 | 3.94 | 42.55 | 54.00 | -11.45 | Average | Vertical |

Channel 19 / 2440 MHz

| Freq. <br> MHz | Reading <br> dBuV | Ant. <br> Fac. <br> $\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m}$ | Pre. <br> Fac. <br> dB | Cab. <br> Loss <br> dB | Measured <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Limit <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Margin <br> dB | Remark | Pol. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4880.00 | 57.67 | 33.16 | 35.15 | 3.93 | 59.61 | 74.00 | -14.39 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 4880.00 | 41.91 | 33.16 | 35.15 | 3.93 | 43.85 | 54.00 | -10.15 | Average | Horizontal |
| 4880.00 | 56.09 | 33.16 | 35.15 | 3.93 | 58.03 | 74.00 | -15.97 | Peak | Vertical |
| 4880.00 | 41.64 | 33.16 | 35.15 | 3.93 | 43.58 | 54.00 | -10.42 | Average | Vertical |

Channel 39 / 2480 MHz

| Freq. <br> MHz | Reading <br> dBuV | Ant. <br> Fac. <br> $\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m}$ | Pre. <br> Fac. <br> dB | Cab. <br> Loss <br> dB | Measured <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Limit <br> $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$ | Margin <br> dB | Remark | Pol. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4960.00 | 55.38 | 33.26 | 35.14 | 3.98 | 57.48 | 74.00 | -16.52 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 4960.00 | 41.08 | 33.26 | 35.14 | 3.98 | 43.18 | 54.00 | -10.82 | Average | Horizontal |
| 4960.00 | 57.00 | 33.26 | 35.14 | 3.98 | 59.10 | 74.00 | -14.90 | Peak | Vertical |
| 4960.00 | 39.74 | 33.26 | 35.14 | 3.98 | 41.84 | 54.00 | -12.16 | Average | Vertical |

## Notes:

1). Measuring frequencies from $9 \mathrm{KHz} \sim 10^{\text {th }}$ harmonic or 26.5 GHz (which is less), No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30 MHz .
2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from $9 \mathrm{KHz} \sim 10^{\text {th }}$ harmonic or 26.5 GHz (which is less) were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
3). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "--- "in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

[^0]
### 5.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test

### 5.6.1. Standard Applicable

According to $\S 15.247$ (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

### 5.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| Detector | Peak |
| Attenuation | Auto |
| RB / VB (Emission in restricted band) | $100 \mathrm{KHz} / 300 \mathrm{KHz}$ |
| RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band) | $100 \mathrm{KHz} / 300 \mathrm{KHz}$ |

### 5.6.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz . The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz

The spectrum from 9 kHz to 25.0 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

### 5.6.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 5.4.4.

### 5.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.6.6. Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

PASS
Please refer to Appendix A. 5 for conducted spurious emissions;
Please refer to Appendix A. 6 for conducted band edge emission.

## Remark:

1). Test results including cable loss;
2). "---"means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.
3). Not recorded emission from 9 KHz to 30 MHz as emission level at least 20dBc lower than emission limit.

[^1]
### 5.7. AC Power Line Conducted Emissions(Not Applicable)

### 5.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to $\S 15.207$ (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz ). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

| Frequency Range <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Limits (dB dV ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quasi-peak | Average |
| 0.15 to 0.50 | 66 to 56 | 56 to 46 |
| 0.50 to 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 to 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency


### 5.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



### 5.7.3 Test Results

## Not Applicable!!

The device was powered by Button battery!

### 5.8. Restrict-band Band-edge Measurements

### 5.8.1 Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in $\S 15.209(a)$ is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in $\S 15.205(\mathrm{a})$, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in $\S 15.209(\mathrm{a})$ (see $\S 15.205(\mathrm{c})$ ).

### 5.8.2. Test Setup Layout



Spectrum Analyzer
EUT

### 5.8.3. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 5.8.4. Test Procedures

According to KDB 558074 D01 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.
1). Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2). Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low
Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3). Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band $\mathrm{RBW}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$, VBW $=3 \mathrm{MHz}$ for peak detector and $\mathrm{RBW}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{VBW}=1 / \mathrm{B}$ for AV detector.
4). Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5). Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6). Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7). Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8). Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level ( 6 dB for frequencies $\leq 30 \mathrm{MHz}$, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz , inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz ).
9). For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10). Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:
$E=E$ IRP $-20 \log D+104.77=E$ IRP +95.23
Where:
$E=$ electric field strength in $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm
$D=$ specified measurement distance in meters.
11). Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi , whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used. 12). Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
13). Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 5.8.5 Test Results

PASS

## Please refer to Appendix A. 7

Remark:
1). Test results including cable loss;
2). "---"means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement;
3). The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.
4). Detector $A V$ is setting spectrum/receiver. $R B W=1 \mathrm{MHz} / V B W=10 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak.
5). Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi , whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

### 5.9. Antenna Requirements

### 5.9.1 Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of $\S 15.203$.
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections $15.211,15.213,15.217,15.219$, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to $\S 15.247(4)(1)$, system operating in the $2400-2483.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi .

### 5.9.2 Antenna Connected Construction

### 5.9.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

### 5.9.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.41 dBi , and the antenna is an internal antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

### 5.9.2.3. Results: Compliance.

## Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refers ANSI C63.10:2013 Output power test procedure for DTS devices.
Radiated power refers to ANSI C63.10:2013 Radiated emissions tests.

## Measurement parameters

| Measurement parameter |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Detector: | Peak |
| Sweep Time: | Auto |
| Resolution bandwidth: | 1 MHz |
| Video bandwidth: | 3 MHz |
| Trace-Mode: | Max hold |

Note: The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

## Limits

| FCC | ISED |
| :---: | :---: |
| Antenna Gain |  |
| 6 dBi |  |


| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {nom }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {nom }}$ | Lowest Channel <br> 2402 MHz | Middle Channel <br> 2440 MHz | Highest Channel <br> 2480 MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conducted power [dBm] <br> Measured with <br> GFSK modulation | -6.000 | -5.973 | -6.228 |  |
| Radiated power [dBm] <br> Measured with <br> GFSK modulation | -3.591 | -3.632 | -3.818 |  |
| Gain [dBi] Calculated | 2.409 | 2.341 | 2.410 |  |
| Measurement uncertainty |  | $\pm 1.6 \mathrm{~dB}$ (cond.) / $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ (rad.) |  |  |

## 6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

| Item | Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Last Cal. | Next Cal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Power Meter | R\&S | NRVS | 100444 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 2 | Power Sensor | R\&S | NRV-Z81 | 100458 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 3 | Power Sensor | R\&S | NRV-Z32 | 10057 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 4 | ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER | Agilent | E4407B | MY41440754 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 5 | MXA Signal Analyzer | Agilent | N9020A | MY49100040 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 6 | SPECTRUM ANALYZER | R\&S | FSP | 100503 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 7 | 3m Semi Anechoic Chamber | SIDT FRANKONIA | SAC-3M | 03CH03-HY | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 8 | Positioning Controller | MF | MF-7082 | / | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 9 | EMI Test Software | AUDIX | E3 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 10 | EMI Test Receiver | R\&S | ESR 7 | 101181 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 11 | AMPLIFIER | QuieTek | QTK-A2525G | CHM10809065 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 12 | Active Loop Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | FMZB 1519B | 00005 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 13 | By-log Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | VULB9163 | 9163-470 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 14 | Horn Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9120 D | 9120D-1925 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 15 | Broadband Horn Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9170 | 791 | 2017-09-21 | 2020-09-20 |
| 16 | Broadband Preamplifier | SCHWARZBECK | BBV 9719 | 9719-025 | 2017-09-21 | 2020-09-20 |
| 17 | RF Cable-R03m | Jye Bao | RG142 | CB021 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 18 | RF Cable-HIGH | SUHNER | SUCOFLEX 106 | 03CH03-HY | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 19 | TEST RECEIVER | R\&S | ESCI | 101142 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 20 | RF Cable-CON | UTIFLEX | 3102-26886-4 | CB049 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 21 | 10dB Attenuator | SCHWARZBECK | MTS-IMP136 | 261115-001-0032 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 22 | Artificial Mains | R\&S | ENV216 | 101288 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 23 | RF Control Unit | JS Tonscend Corporation | JS0806-2 | 178060073 | 2019-06-16 | 2020-06-15 |
| 24 | JS1120-3 BT/WIFI Test Software | JS Tonscend Corporation | JS1120-3 | / | N/A | N/A |

Note: All equipment is calibrated through GUANGZHOU LISAI CALIBRATION AND TEST CO.,LTD.

## 7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## 8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## 9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.


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