

## SAR TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd.

Body weight scale

Test Model: U30A

Additional Model No.: U30B, TS-B8057

Prepared for : Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd.

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Date of receipt of test sample : December 20, 2021

Number of tested samples : 1

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : December 20, 2021 ~ December 30, 2021

Date of Report : March 09, 2022



SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. ..... LCS211119087AEB

Date Of Issue ...... March 09, 2022

Testing Laboratory Name.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address .....: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei,

Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

Testing Location/ Procedure ......: Full application of Harmonised standards ■

Partial application of Harmonised standards

Applicant's Name .....: Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd.

Address ...... 4F,Bldg. 4,Hi-tech Industrial Zone,Heping Community,Fuyong

St., Bao'an Dist., Shenzhen, China

**Test Specification:** 

Standard.....: IEEE Std C95.1-2019& IEEE Std 1528™-2013 & FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No. ..... LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF ...... Dated 2011-03

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Test Item Description.....: Body weight scale

Trade Mark .....: /

Model/Type Reference.....: U30A

Operation Frequency ...... GSM 850,1900;

LTE2,4,5,12,13,25,26,66;

Ratings ...... Input: DC 5V, 2A, 10W

DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 700mAh

Result .....: Positive

Compiled by:

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Ping Li

Ping Li/ File administrators

Jin Wang/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager



## **SAR -- TEST REPORT**

Test Report No. : LCS211119087AEB March 09, 2022 Date of issue	
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Type / Model..... : U30A EUT..... : Body weight scale Applicant..... : Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd. 4F,Bldg. 4,Hi-tech Industrial Zone,Heping Community,Fuyong Address..... St., Bao'an Dist., Shenzhen, China Telephone..... Fax..... Manufacturer..... : Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd. 4F,Bldg. 4,Hi-tech Industrial Zone,Heping Community,Fuyong Address..... St., Bao'an Dist., Shenzhen, China Telephone..... : / : / Fax..... : Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd. Factory..... 4F,Bldg. 4,Hi-tech Industrial Zone,Heping Community,Fuyong Address..... St., Bao'an Dist., Shenzhen, China Telephone..... : / Fax..... : /

Test Result Positive	Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



# **Revison History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	March 09, 2022	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang



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## TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

## 1.1. Test Standards

<u>IEEE Std C95.1-2019:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0 Hz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure

Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01</u>: SAR Measurement Procedures For USB Dongle Transmitters.

KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

## 1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

### 1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	December 20, 2021
Testing commenced on	:	December 20, 2021
Testing concluded on	:	December 30, 2021

## 1.4. Product Description

The Shenzhen Urion Technology Co.,Ltd.'s Model: U30A or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
EUT:	Body weight scale
Model/Type reference:	U30A
Additional Model No.	U30B, TS-B8057
Model Declaration:	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested
Hardware Version	1
Firmware Version:	1
Power supply:	Input: DC 5V, 2A, 10W
DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 700mAh	
Hotspot:	Supported
Exposure category	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type	Production Unit
Device Type	Portable Device
The CUT's Deal and the	and the Deduction to end in interest of the NAV AN Assessment in the assistance

The EUT is Body weight scale. the Body weight scale is intended for WLAN transmission. It is equipped with WiFi GSM 850,1900; LTE 2,4,5,12,13,25,26,66. For more information see the following datasheet



Technical Characteristics			
LTE			
Operation Band:	LTE FDD band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 25, 26, 66		
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM		
Release Version:	R8		
Power Class:	Class 3		
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 2  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 4  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 5  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 12  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 13  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 25  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 26  OdBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 66		
GSM			
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900		
Frequency: GSM850:824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz			
Release Version:	R99		
Power Class:  GSM850:Power Class12 PCS1900:Power Class12			
Modulation Type:	8PSK for EGPRS		
DTM Mode:	Not Supported		
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna 0dBi (max.) For GSM 850 0dBi (max.) For PCS 1900		



## 1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for U30A are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

		,				
Classment	Frequency	Hotspot	Body-worn			
	! · ·	(Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	(Report SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)			
Class	Band	(Separation Distance 0mm)				
	GSM 850	0.173	0.173			
	GSM1900	0.733	0.733			
	LTE band 2	0.413	0.413			
	LTE band 4	0.653	0.653			
РСВ	LTE band 5	0.134	0.134			
PCB	LTE band 12	0.084	0.084			
	LTE band 13	0.114	0.114			
	LTE band 25	0.313	0.313			
	LTE band 26	0.167	0.167			
	LTE band 66	0.487	0.487			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



## 2. TEST ENVIRONMENT

## 2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

## 2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

## 2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0	
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



## 2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
7	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2021-10-06	2022-10-05
8	DIPOLE 750	SATIMO	SID 750	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
9	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
10	DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
11	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
12	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
13	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
14	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
15	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
16	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
17	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
18	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
19	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
20	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
21	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
22	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
23	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2021-06-11	2022-06-10

#### Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values:
- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within  $5\Omega$  from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



## 3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

## 3.1. SARMeasurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

**OPENSAR** software

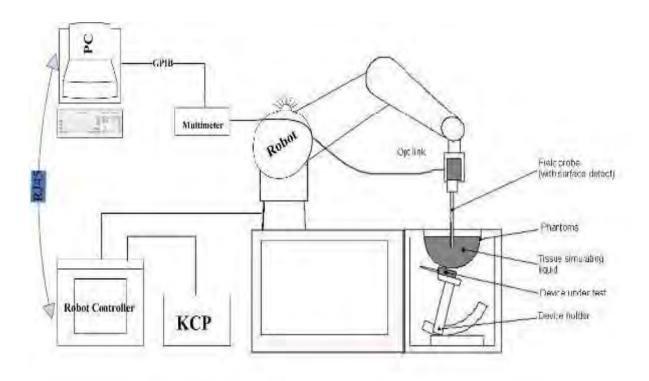
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.





## 3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by MVG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

## **Probe Specification**

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 450 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity: 0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic Range 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: 0.25 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm)

Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm

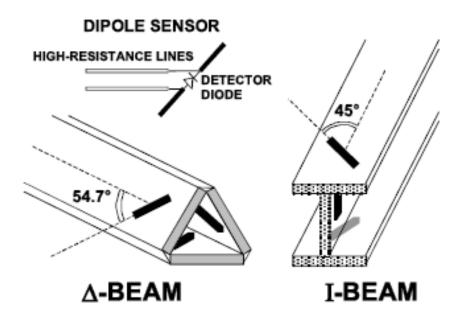
Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

### Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





#### 3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and EN62209-1, EN62209-2. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

#### 3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO



## 3.5. Scanning Procedure

### The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

#### Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zo}$	om(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

## 3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

#### **Data Storage**

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

- Conversion factor ConvFi

- Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field

dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:



E – field  
probes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

 $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ (i = x, y, z) With = compensated signal of channel i Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

= carrier frequency [GHz] f

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m Εi Ηi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

= local specific absorption rate in mW/g with SAR

= total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.



## 3.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2- Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	٤r
750	/	1	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	1	/	0.79	1	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	1	/	0.79	1	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	/	0.35	1	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Target Frequency	He	ad	В	ody
(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

## 3.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

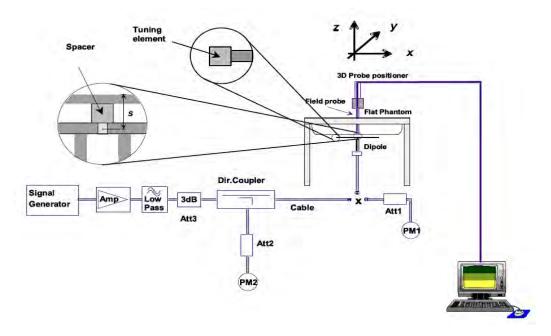
Test Eng	Test Engineer: Jay Zhan										
Tissue	Measured	Targe	t Tissue		Measure	Liquid	Test Data				
Type	Frequency (MHz)	σ	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ	Dev.	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	Dev.	Temp.			
750H	750	0.89	41.90	0.88	-1.12%	41.58	-0.76%	21.2	12/20/2021		
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.86	-4.44%	40.14	-3.28%	20.4	12/24/2021		
1800H	1800	1.40	40.00	1.42	1.43%	41.59	3.98%	22.5	12/28/2021		
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.37	-2.14%	39.23	-1.93%	21.5	12/30/2021		



## 3.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

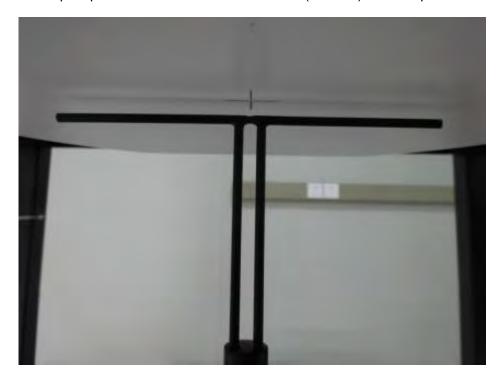


Photo of Dipole Setup



## Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID750 SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-34.80		50.7		1.6	
2019-10-01	-34.35	-1.29	51.2	0.5	1.5	-0.1
2020-10-01	-34.30	-1.44	51.0	0.3	1.5	-0.1

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8	
2019-10-01	-24.17	-1.31	54.5	-0.4	2.6	-0.2
2020-10-01	-24.20	-1.18	54.3	-0.6	2.5	-0.3

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	
2019-10-01	-20.13	-0.64	42.9	-0.2	6.7	-0.2
2020-10-01	-20.15	-0.54	42.8	-0.3	6.5	-0.4

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

	Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
ĺ	2018-09-01	-26.43		50.5		4.7	
	2019-09-01	-26.33	-0.38	50.2	-0.3	4.5	-0.2
	2020-09-01	-26.30	-0.49	50.1	-0.4	4.2	-0.5

Mixture Frequency		Power	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	Drift	1W Ta	1W Target		Difference percentage		Date
Type	(MHz)	Power	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	(%)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/Kg)	1g	10g	Temp	Date
		100 mW	0.824	0.562							
Head	750	Normalize to 1 Watt	8.24	5.62	1.42	8.38	5.53	-1.67%	1.63%	21.2	12/20/2021
		100 mW	0.975	0.632							
Head	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.75	6.32	-0.21	9.60	6.20	1.56%	1.94%	20.4	12/24/2021
		100 mW	3.819	20.13							
Head	1800	Normalize to 1 Watt	38.19	20.13	3.56	38.13	20.20	0.16%	-0.35%	22.5	12/28/2021
		100 mW	3.921	2.068							
Head	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	39.21	20.68	-1.17	40.03	20.55	-2.05%	0.63%	21.5	12/30/2021



## 3.10. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### 3.10.1 Conducted power measurement

- a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

### 3.10.2 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- 2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
- a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
- b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
- c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
- 3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
- 4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.
- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
- 5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
- 6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

#### 2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test





configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

- 3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.
- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n, then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures



An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

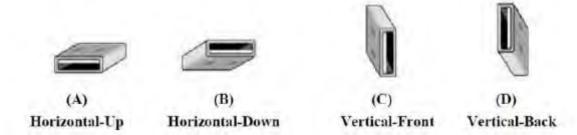
## 3.11. Configuration and Peripherals

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

Powered via a USB port.



• Test all USB orientations [see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less, according to KDB Publication 447498 D01 requirements.



These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. The typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested using an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) USB connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. It must be documented that the USB cable does not influence the radiating characteristics and output power of the transmitter

#### 3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

#### 3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



## 4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 4.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
- 3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

		Tune	Burst C	Conducted (dBm)	power		Tune-	Averag	e power (d	Bm)
GSI	M 850	-up	Channe	l/Frequen	cy(MHz)	Division	up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
331	000	Max	128/ 824.2			Factors	Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/8 48.8
	1TX slot	26.50	25.99	26.02	26.00	-9.03dB	17.47	16.96	16.99	16.97
EGPRS	2TX slot	25.00	24.50	24.51	24.49	-6.02dB	18.98	18.48	18.49	18.47
(8PSK)	3TX slot	23.50	23.00	23.03	23.02	-4.26dB	19.24	18.74	18.77	18.76
	4TX slot	22.00	21.49	21.50	21.51	-3.01dB	18.99	18.48	18.49	18.50
		Tune	Burst Conducted power (dBm)				Tune-	Averag	e power (d	Bm)
CSM	1 1900	-up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Division	up	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
GSIV	1 1900	Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8	Factors	Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909. 8
	1TX slot	25.50	25.50	25.48	25.50	-9.03dB	16.47	16.47	16.45	16.47
EGPRS	2TX slot	24.50	24.02	24.03	23.97	-6.02dB	18.48	18.00	18.01	17.95
(8PSK)	3TX slot	23.00	22.52	22.50	22.48	-4.26dB	18.74	18.26	18.24	18.22
NI - 4	(8PSK) 31X slot 4TX slot	21.50	21.01	21.02	20.98	-3.01dB	18.49	18.00	18.01	17.97

#### Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

- 1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB
- 2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB
- 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
- 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB
- According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 3Txslot for EGPRS850 and 3Txslot EGPRS1900.



	- Dallaz							
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band2	5MHz	18625	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.53	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18625	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.52	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18625	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.62	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	QPSK	1	0	Low	22.21	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.62	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.06	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	QPSK	1	0	High	20.74	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	QPSK	1	5	High	20.67	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	QPSK	6	0	High	21.36	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18625	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.77	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18625	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.74	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18625	16QAM	6	0	Low	20.96	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.30	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.62	PASS
Band2	5MHz	18900	16QAM	6	0	Low	20.95	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	16QAM	1	0	High	20.30	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	16QAM	1	5	High	20.75	PASS
Band2	5MHz	19175	16QAM	6	0	High	20.65	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.88	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.67	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.62	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	QPSK	1	0	Low	22.23	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.06	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.82	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	QPSK	1	0	High	20.77	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	QPSK	1	5	High	20.61	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	QPSK	6	0	High	21.61	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.02	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.80	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18650	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.37	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.45	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.17	PASS
Band2	10MHz	18900	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.83	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	16QAM	1	0	High	21.01	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	16QAM	1	5	High	20.78	PASS
Band2	10MHz	19150	16QAM	6	0	High	21.35	PASS

LIE	: Band4							
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band4	5MHz	19975	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.79	PASS
Band4	5MHz	19975	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.72	PASS
Band4	5MHz	19975	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.35	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	QPSK	1	0	Low	21.01	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	QPSK	1	5	Low	21.07	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.82	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	QPSK	1	0	High	20.52	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	QPSK	1	5	High	20.55	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	QPSK	6	0	High	22.54	PASS
Band4	5MHz	19975	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.89	PASS
Band4	5MHz	19975	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.94	PASS
Band4	5MHz	19975	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.36	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.18	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.07	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20175	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.65	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	16QAM	1	0	High	21.04	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	16QAM	1	5	High	21.04	PASS
Band4	5MHz	20375	16QAM	6	0	High	21.34	PASS



Band4	10MHz	20000	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.82	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20000	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.68	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20000	QPSK	6	0	Low	20.44	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.97	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.94	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.74	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	QPSK	1	0	High	20.47	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	QPSK	1	5	High	20.60	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	QPSK	6	0	High	21.52	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20000	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.87	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20000	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.81	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20000	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.29	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.19	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.09	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20175	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.58	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	16QAM	1	0	High	20.88	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	16QAM	1	5	High	21.07	PASS
Band4	10MHz	20350	16QAM	6	0	High	21.31	PASS

<u>L</u>	IE Band5							
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band5	5MHz	20425	QPSK	1	0	Low	21.16	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20425	QPSK	1	5	Low	21.06	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20425	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.87	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	QPSK	1	0	Low	21.53	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.48	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.40	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	QPSK	1	0	High	20.38	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	QPSK	1	5	High	21.00	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	QPSK	6	0	High	21.68	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20425	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.31	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20425	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.28	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20425	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.66	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.78	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.62	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20525	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.91	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	16QAM	1	0	High	20.40	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	16QAM	1	5	High	21.82	PASS
Band5	5MHz	20625	16QAM	6	0	High	21.77	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	QPSK	1	0	Low	21.16	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	QPSK	1	5	Low	21.05	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.18	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.40	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.48	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.34	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	QPSK	1	0	High	20.36	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	QPSK	1	5	High	20.30	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	QPSK	6	0	High	21.36	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.41	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.26	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20450	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.81	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.85	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.65	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20525	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.94	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	16QAM	1	0	High	20.53	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	16QAM	1	5	High	20.50	PASS
Band5	10MHz	20600	16QAM	6	0	High	21.86	PASS

LTE Band 12



Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band12	5MHz	23035	QPSK	1	0	Low	22.25	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23035	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.14	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23035	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.00	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	QPSK	1	0	Low	22.17	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.93	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.82	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	QPSK	1	0	High	20.43	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	QPSK	1	5	High	22.03	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	QPSK	6	0	High	22.46	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23035	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.45	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23035	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.34	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23035	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.89	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.28	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.06	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23095	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.74	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	16QAM	1	0	High	21.11	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	16QAM	1	5	High	21.39	PASS
Band12	5MHz	23155	16QAM	6	0	High	21.98	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.35	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	QPSK	1	5	Low	21.98	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.94	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.31	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	QPSK	1	5	Low	21.07	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.02	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	QPSK	1	0	High	20.34	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	QPSK	1	5	High	21.09	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	QPSK	6	0	High	21.00	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.48	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.21	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23060	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.03	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.50	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.30	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23095	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.78	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	16QAM	1	0	High	20.44	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	16QAM	1	5	High	20.31	PASS
Band12	10MHz	23130	16QAM	6	0	High	21.01	PASS

Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band13	5MHz	23205	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.81	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23205	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.64	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23205	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.57	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.91	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.66	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.53	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	QPSK	1	0	High	21.02	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	QPSK	1	5	High	20.75	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	QPSK	6	0	High	22.52	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23205	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.00	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23205	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.76	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23205	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.19	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.08	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.85	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23230	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.43	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	16QAM	1	0	High	21.07	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	16QAM	1	5	High	20.43	PASS
Band13	5MHz	23255	16QAM	6	0	High	21.84	PASS
Band13	10MHz	23230	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.85	PASS



Band13	10MHz	23230	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.60	PASS
Band13	10MHz	23230	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.55	PASS
Band13	10MHz	23230	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.04	PASS
Band13	10MHz	23230	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.91	PASS
Band13	10MHz	23230	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.45	PASS

LTE	Band25							
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band25	5MHz	26065	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.38	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26065	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.37	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26065	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.42	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.33	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.03	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.78	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	QPSK	1	0	High	20.45	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	QPSK	1	5	High	22.11	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	QPSK	6	0	High	22.69	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26065	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.60	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26065	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.42	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26065	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.27	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.54	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.19	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26365	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.79	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	16QAM	1	0	High	20.62	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	16QAM	1	5	High	21.63	PASS
Band25	5MHz	26665	16QAM	6	0	High	21.93	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.67	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.68	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.45	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	QPSK	1	0	Low	22.18	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	QPSK	1	5	Low	22.96	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.80	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	QPSK	1	0	High	20.36	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	QPSK	1	5	High	22.18	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	QPSK	6	0	High	22.95	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.82	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.51	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26090	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.29	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	16QAM	1	0	Low	21.24	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	16QAM	1	5	Low	21.95	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26365	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.72	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	16QAM	1	0	High	20.74	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	16QAM	1	5	High	20.38	PASS
Band25	10MHz	26640	16QAM	6	0	High	21.08	PASS

	Danazo			RB	RB			
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	Size	Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band26	5MHz	26715	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.66	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26715	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.59	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26715	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.37	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26865	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.55	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26865	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.72	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26865	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.49	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	QPSK	1	0	High	20.68	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	QPSK	1	5	High	20.74	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	QPSK	6	0	High	22.50	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26715	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.72	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26715	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.44	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26715	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.27	PASS



Band26	5MHz	26865	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.65	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26865	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.70	PASS
Band26	5MHz	26865	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.32	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	16QAM	1	0	High	21.05	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	16QAM	1	5	High	20.97	PASS
Band26	5MHz	27015	16QAM	6	0	High	21.31	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.62	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.64	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.54	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.72	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.76	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.48	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	QPSK	1	0	High	20.65	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	QPSK	1	5	High	20.64	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	QPSK	6	0	High	19.54	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.98	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	16QAM	1	5	Low	22.97	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26740	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.25	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.75	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.66	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26865	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.29	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	16QAM	1	0	High	21.07	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	16QAM	1	5	High	20.87	PASS
Band26	10MHz	26990	16QAM	6	0	High	21.31	PASS

Band         Bandwidth         Modulation         Channel         RB Size Start Size         NBIndex         Result(dBm)         Verdict           Band66         5MHz         131997         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.67         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         22.47         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         HIgh         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.48         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997	LIE	LIE Band 66											
Band66         5MHz         131997         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.67         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.47         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM	Band	Bandwidth	Modulation		RB Size	RB Start	NBIndex	Result(dBm)	Verdict				
Band66         5MHz         131997         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.47         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.68         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	131997	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.82	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	131997	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.67	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	131997	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.47	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.49         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132922         16QAM         1         0         Low         21.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Lip         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	132322	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.68	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         0         High         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>132322</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>Low</td> <td>20.62</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	132322	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.62	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         1         5         High         20.42         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         21.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>132322</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>6</td> <td>0</td> <td>Low</td> <td>22.49</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	132322	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.49	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         QPSK         6         0         High         22.18         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         6         0         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132024         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>132647</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>High</td> <td>20.40</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	132647	QPSK	1	0	High	20.40	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         6         0         Low         20.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>132647</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>High</td> <td>20.42</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	132647	QPSK	1	5	High	20.42	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.79         PASS           Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK </td <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>132647</td> <td>QPSK</td> <td>6</td> <td>0</td> <td>High</td> <td>22.18</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	132647	QPSK	6	0	High	22.18	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         131997         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.40         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK<	Band66	5MHz	131997	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.88	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.64         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK </td <td>Band66</td> <td>5MHz</td> <td>131997</td> <td>16QAM</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>Low</td> <td>20.79</td> <td>PASS</td>	Band66	5MHz	131997	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.79	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.65         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK<	Band66	5MHz	131997	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.40	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         21.36         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK<	Band66	5MHz	132322	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.64	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         0         High         20.62         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK	Band66	5MHz	132322	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.65	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         1         5         High         20.55         PASS           Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.52         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK<	Band66	5MHz	132322	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.36	PASS				
Band66         5MHz         132647         16QAM         6         0         High         21.98         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	132647	16QAM	1	0	High	20.62	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.88         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.52         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM	Band66	5MHz	132647	16QAM	1	5	High	20.55	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.52         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QA	Band66	5MHz	132647	16QAM	6	0	High	21.98	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         QPSK         6         0         Low         22.52         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16Q	Band66	10MHz	132022	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.88	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         0         Low         20.78         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16	Band66	10MHz	132022	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.78	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         1         5         Low         20.72         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132022	QPSK	6	0	Low	22.52	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132322         QPSK         6         0         Low         21.50         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132322	QPSK	1	0	Low	20.78	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         0         High         21.24         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         6         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132322	QPSK	1	5	Low	20.72	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         1         5         High         20.45         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         6         0         Low         22.33         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132322	QPSK	6	0	Low	21.50	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132622         QPSK         6         0         High         22.26         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         6         0         Low         22.33         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132622	QPSK	1	0	High	21.24	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.80         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         6         0         Low         22.33         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132622	QPSK	1	5	High	20.45	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.82         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         6         0         Low         22.33         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132622	QPSK	6	0	High	22.26	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132022         16QAM         6         0         Low         22.33         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132022	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.80	PASS				
Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         0         Low         20.81         PASS           Band66         10MHz         132322         16QAM         1         5         Low         20.74         PASS	Band66	10MHz	132022	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.82	PASS				
Band66 10MHz 132322 16QAM 1 5 Low 20.74 PASS	Band66	10MHz	132022	16QAM	6	0	Low	22.33	PASS				
	Band66	10MHz	132322	16QAM	1	0	Low	20.81	PASS				
Band66 10MHz 132322 16QAM 6 0 Low 21.34 PASS	Band66	10MHz	132322	16QAM	1	5	Low	20.74	PASS				
	Band66	10MHz	132322	16QAM	6	0	Low	21.34	PASS				

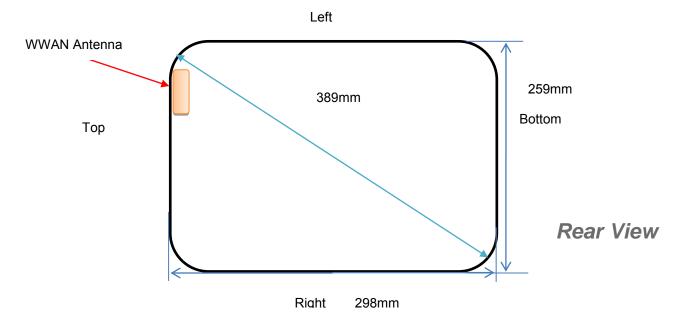


## Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. FCC ID: 2AK5K201910BG95M3 Report No.: LCS211119087AEB

Band66	10MHz	132622	16QAM	1	0	High	20.55	PASS
Band66	10MHz	132622	16QAM	1	5	High	20.57	PASS
Band66	10MHz	132622	16QAM	6	0	High	21.03	PASS



## 4.2. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)										
Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side											
WWAN											

	Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side										
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No					

- 1. SAR is required only for both back and edge with the most conservation exposure condition
- 2. For Body mode,SAR is not required when the main antenna to edge is >2.5cm (refer to EUT photographs)



#### 4.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR\*10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Scaling factor=10<sup>(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10</sup>

Reported SAR= Measured SAR\* Scaling factor

#### Where

P<sub>target</sub> is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P<sub>measured</sub> is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

**Duty Cycle** 

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
GSM	3:8
LTE	1:1

#### 4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			measure	d / reported SA	AR numbers - B	Rody (dista	ance 0mm)			
190	836.6	3Txslots	Front	23.03	23.50	0.59	1.114	0.124	0.138	
190	836.6	3Txslots	Rear	23.03	23.50	1.88	1.114	0.155	0.173	Plot 1
190	836.6	3Txslots	Left	23.03	23.50	2.61	1.114	0.101	0.113	
190	836.6	3Txslots	Тор	23.03	23.50	0.63	1.114	0.082	0.091	

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			measure	d / reported SAI	R numbers – B	ody (dista	nce 0mm)			
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Front	22.52	23.00	1.02	1.117	0.502	0.561	
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Rear	22.52	23.00	0.96	1.117	0.656	0.733	Plot 2
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Left	22.52	23.00	2.21	1.117	0.462	0.516	
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Тор	22.52	23.00	3.06	1.117	0.400	0.447	

#### Remark:

- 1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).



**SAR Values [LTE Band 2]** 

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
			measure	ed / reported SA		ody (distai	nce 0mm)			
18900	1880.0	1RB	Front	22.82	23.00	0.36	1.042	0.325	0.339	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Back	22.82	23.00	-0.03	1.042	0.396	0.413	Plot 3
18900	1880.0	1RB	Left	22.82	23.00	2.36	1.042	0.291	0.303	
18900	1880.0	1RB	Тор	22.82	23.00	1.02	1.042	0.234	0.244	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Front	22.82	23.00	3.02	1.042	0.295	0.307	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Back	22.82	23.00	4.02	1.042	0.351	0.366	
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Left	22.82	23.00	1.06	1.042	0.246	0.256	·
18900	1880.0	50%RB	Тор	22.82	23.00	2.84	1.042	0.200	0.208	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

				O	<u></u>	.∽ .,				
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
	•		measure	ed / reported SA	R numbers - Bo	ody (distai	nce 0mm)			
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	21.74	22.00	3.62	1.062	0.503	0.534	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Back	21.74	22.00	-0.52	1.062	0.615	0.653	Plot 4
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left	21.74	22.00	1.94	1.062	0.471	0.500	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Top	21.74	22.00	0.26	1.062	0.420	0.446	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Front	21.74	22.00	3.26	1.062	0.479	0.509	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Back	21.74	22.00	1.84	1.062	0.580	0.616	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Left	21.74	22.00	4.36	1.062	0.443	0.470	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Тор	21.74	22.00	1.12	1.062	0.402	0.427	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

		1						1		
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> res	Reported	Graph Results
			measure	ed / reported SA	R numbers - Bo	ody (distai	nce 0mm)			
20600	848.3	1RB	Front	21.86	22.00	3.32	1.033	0.105	0.108	
20600	848.3	1RB	Back	21.86	22.00	-0.25	1.033	0.130	0.134	Plot 5
20600	848.3	1RB	Left	21.86	22.00	0.02	1.033	0.087	0.090	
20600	848.3	1RB	Top	21.86	22.00	0.36	1.033	0.063	0.065	
20600	848.3	50%RB	Front	21.86	22.00	1.48	1.033	0.078	0.081	
20600	848.3	50%RB	Back	21.86	22.00	4.05	1.033	0.105	0.108	
20600	848.3	50%RB	Left	21.86	22.00	2.12	1.033	0.071	0.073	
20600	848.3	50%RB	Top	21.86	22.00	1.02	1.033	0.047	0.049	

**SAR Values [LTE Band 12]** 

	SAR Values [LTE Ballu 12]											
Ch.		req. ИНz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Po	ducted ower 'Bm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results
				meas	ured / r	eported SA	R numbers - B	ody (dista	nce 0mm)			
2306	06	704.0	1RB	Fro	nt	21.98	22.00	1.21	1.005	0.063	0.063	
2306	06	704.0	1RB	Ва	ck	21.98	22.00	-0.82	1.005	0.084	0.084	Plot 6
2306	06	704.0	1RB	Le	eft	21.98	22.00	1.23	1.005	0.046	0.046	
2306	06	704.0	1RB	To	р	21.98	22.00	3.02	1.005	0.033	0.033	
2306	06	704.0	50%RB	Fro	nt	21.98	22.00	0.56	1.005	0.050	0.050	
2306	06	704.0	50%RB	Ва	ck	21.98	22.00	-1.15	1.005	0.071	0.071	
2306	06	704.0	50%RB	Le	eft	21.98	22.00	-0.24	1.005	0.030	0.030	
2306	06	704.0	50%RB	To	р	21.98	22.00	1.07	1.005	0.024	0.024	



SAR Values [LTE Band 13]

	Freq.	Channel	Test	Conduc ted	Maximum Allowed	Power	Scaling	SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	Graph
Ch.	(MHz)	Туре (20М)	Position	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Drift (%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results
			measured /	reported SA	R numbers - B	ody (dista	nce 0mm)			
23230	782.0	1RB	Front	22.55	23.00	2.00	1.109	0.081	0.090	
23230	782.0	1RB	Back	22.55	23.00	-0.32	1.109	0.103	0.114	Plot 7
23230	782.0	1RB	Left	22.55	23.00	0.81	1.109	0.065	0.072	
23230	782.0	1RB	Top	22.55	23.00	3.45	1.109	0.050	0.055	
23230	782.0	50%RB	Front	22.55	23.00	0.41	1.109	0.060	0.067	
23230	782.0	50%RB	Back	22.55	23.00	-0.72	1.109	0.082	0.091	
23230	782.0	50%RB	Left	22.55	23.00	2.15	1.109	0.046	0.051	
23230	782.0	50%RB	Top	22.55	23.00	1.23	1.109	0.034	0.038	

**SAR Values [LTE Band 25]** 

	_	Channel		Conduc	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	_
Ch.	Freq.	Туре	Test Position	ted Power	Allowed Power	Drift	Scaling Factor	Magaurad	Donartad	Graph Results
	(MHz)	(20M)	Position	(dBm)	(dBm)	(%)	racioi	Measured	Reported	Results
			measured / re	1.	R numbers - E	Body (dist	ance 0mr	n)		
26365	1882.5	1RB	Front	22.96	23.00	1.21	1.009	0.274	0.277	
26365	1882.5	1RB	Rear	22.96	23.00	-0.48	1.009	0.310	0.313	Plot 8
26365	1882.5	1RB	Left	22.96	23.00	0.42	1.009	0.241	0.243	
26365	1882.5	1RB	Тор	22.96	23.00	2.36	1.009	0.203	0.205	
26365	1882.5	50%RB	Front	22.96	23.00	3.14	1.009	0.262	0.264	
26365	1882.5	50%RB	Rear	22.96	23.00	3.33	1.009	0.288	0.291	
26365	1882.5	50%RB	Left	22.96	23.00	0.54	1.009	0.210	0.212	
26365	1882.5	50%RB	Тор	22.96	23.00	2.15	1.009	0.176	0.178	

SAR Values [LTE Band 26]

						]				
		Channel		Conduc	Maximum	Power		SAR1-g res	sults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq.	Type	Test	ted	Allowed	Drift	Scaling			Graph
OII.	(MHz)	(20M)	Position	Power	Power	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported	Results
		(2011)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(70)				
			measured /	reported SA	NR numbers - B	ody (dista	nce 0mm)			
26740	819.0	1RB	Front	22.97	23.00	3.14	1.007	0.113	0.114	
26740	819.0	1RB	Rear	22.97	23.00	0.22	1.007	0.166	0.167	Plot 9
26740	819.0	1RB	Left	22.97	23.00	-0.33	1.007	0.091	0.092	
26740	819.0	1RB	Тор	22.97	23.00	2.63	1.007	0.075	0.076	
26740	819.0	50%RB	Front	22.97	23.00	3.11	1.007	0.097	0.098	
26740	819.0	50%RB	Rear	22.97	23.00	2.00	1.007	0.123	0.124	
26740	819.0	50%RB	Left	22.97	23.00	1.20	1.007	0.070	0.070	·
26740	819.0	50%RB	Top	22.97	23.00	1.65	1.007	0.052	0.052	

SAR Values [LTE Band 66]

				AIL Value	S [LIE Dai	na ooj				
		Chann		Cond	Maximu	Powe		SAR1-g res	ults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	el Type (20M)	Test Position	ucted Powe r (dBm)	m Allowed Power (dBm)0	r Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results
			measured / rep	orted SAR	numbers - E	Body (dist	tance 0mm	)		
132022	1715.0	1RB	Front	22.52	23.00	-1.42	1.117	0.387	0.432	
132022	1715.0	1RB	Rear	22.52	23.00	0.13	1.117	0.436	0.487	Plot 10
132022	1715.0	1RB	Left	22.52	23.00	-0.11	1.117	0.320	0.357	
132022	1715.0	1RB	Тор	22.52	23.00	2.00	1.117	0.274	0.306	
132022	1715.0	50%RB	Front	22.52	23.00	0.41	1.117	0.341	0.381	
132022	1715.0	50%RB	Rear	22.52	23.00	3.09	1.117	0.400	0.447	
132022	1715.0	50%RB	Left	22.52	23.00	0.74	1.117	0.287	0.321	
132022	1715.0	50%RB	Тор	22.52	23.00	1.06	1.117	0.231	0.258	





#### Remark:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 4. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



#### 4.3.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] [ √ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
- where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

  Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

	Estimated stand alone SAR												
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR <sub>1-q</sub> (W/kg)								
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	1	5	/								
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	1	5	1								

#### Remark:

- 1. Bluetooth\*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
- 2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- 3. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- 4. Body as body use distance is 0mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

### 4.4. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

#### 4.4.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna. The device has 4 antennas, WWAN main antenna, WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), and WiFi antenna supports 2.4Wi-Fi.The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

e intakaneede Tranemieelen internation:		
	Combination No.	Mode
	1	1

#### 4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

**Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions** 

#### 4.5. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with  $\leq$  20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting



according to KDB 690783. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

						First Re	peated
Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	Measued SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
750	LTE Band 12	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.084	n/a	n/a
750	LTE Band 13	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.103	n/a	n/a
	GSM 850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.155	n/a	n/a
850	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.130	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 26	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.166	n/a	n/a
1800	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.615	n/a	n/a
1600	LTE Band 66	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.436	n/a	n/a
	GSM 1900	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.656	n/a	n/a
1900	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.396	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 25	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.310	n/a	n/a

#### Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

#### 4.6. General description of test procedures

- 1. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 2. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 3. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 4. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - $\bullet$  ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 5. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 6. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 7. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



#### 4.7. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.



#### 4.8. System Check Results

Test mode:750MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID750

E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

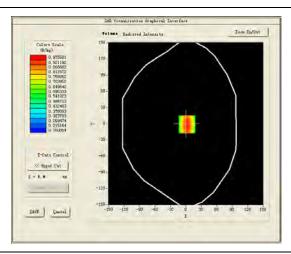
Test Date: December 20, 2021

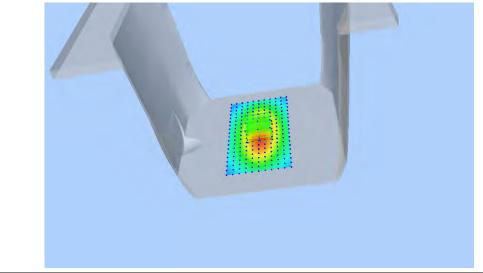
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	750.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.58
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Variation (%)	1.420000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.562452
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.824413

#### **SURFACE SAR**

# | Calert Scale | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 |

#### **VOLUME SAR**







Test mode:835MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID835

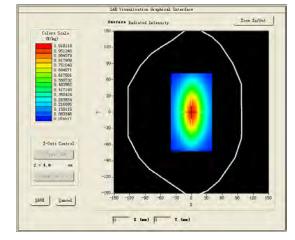
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

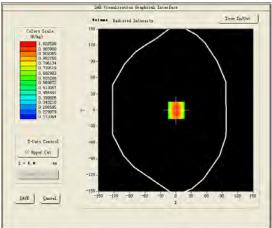
Test Date:December 24, 2021

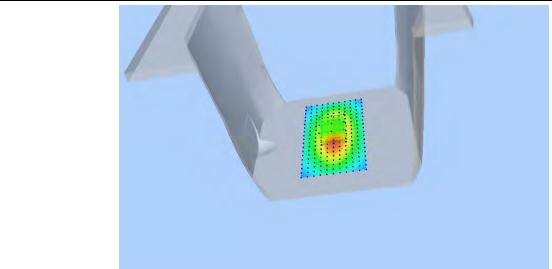
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.14
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.04
Variation (%)	-0.210000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.632132
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.975488

#### **SURFACE SAR**











Test mode:1800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID1800

E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

Test Date: December 28, 2021

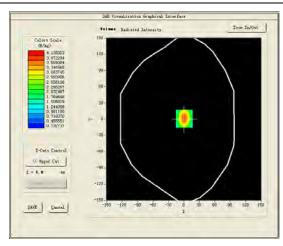
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.59
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Variation (%)	3.560000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.013283
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.819085
	-

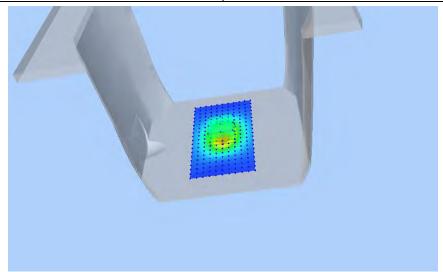
#### **SURFACE SAR**

## | Salt | Calcut | State | Salt | Salt

| T (m) | T (m)

#### **VOLUME SAR**







Test mode:1900MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID1900

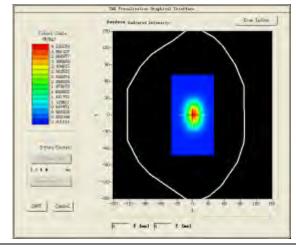
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)

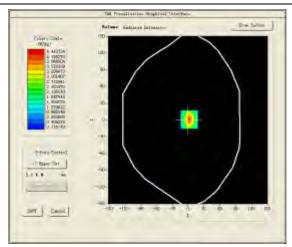
Test Date: December 30, 2021

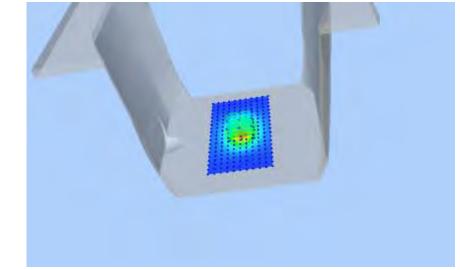
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.23
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.10
Variation (%)	-1.170000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.068260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.921162
·	

#### **SURFACE SAR**

#### **VOLUME SAR**









#### 4.9. SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination

#1

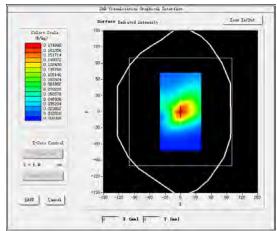
Test Mode: Hotspot GSM850MHz, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

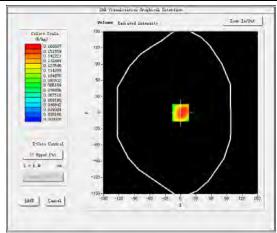
Product Description:Body weight scale

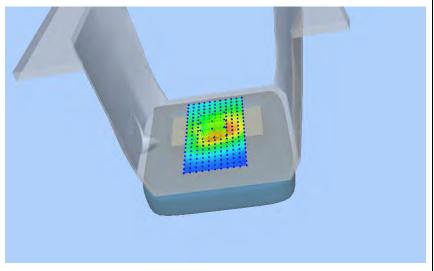
Model:U30A

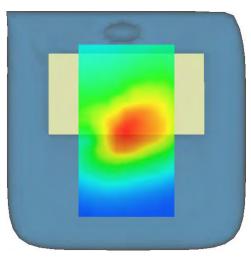
Test Date: December 24, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	836.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.880000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.110405
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.155499
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











Test Mode: Hotspot GPRS1900MHz,Low channel(Body Rear Side)

Product Description:Body weight scale

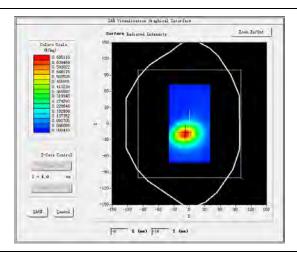
Model:U30A

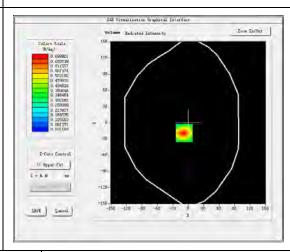
Test Date: December 30, 2021

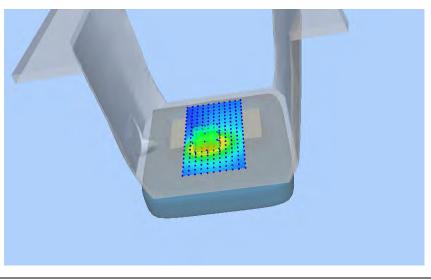
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.960000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.381095
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.655986

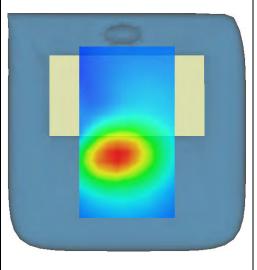
#### **SURFACE SAR**

#### **VOLUME SAR**











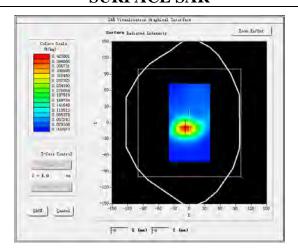
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

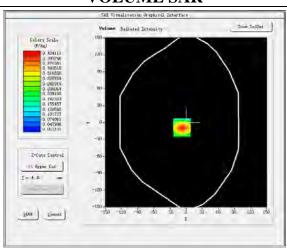
Product Description:Body weight scale

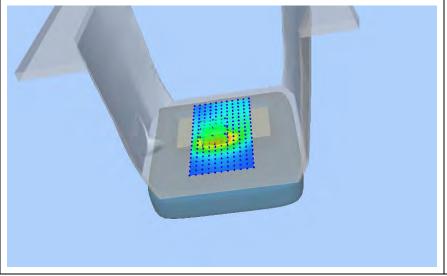
Model:U30A

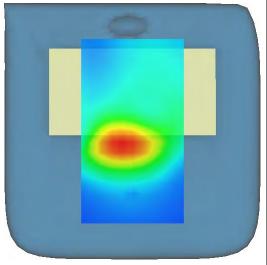
Test Date: December 30, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.78
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.030000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.221194
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.395660
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











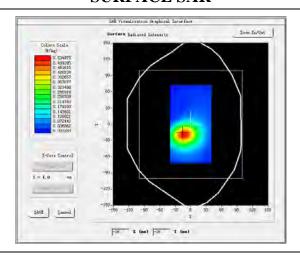
Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

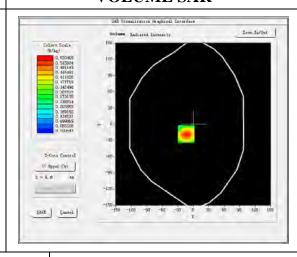
Product Description:Body weight scale

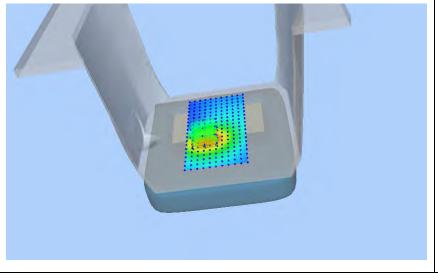
Model:U30A

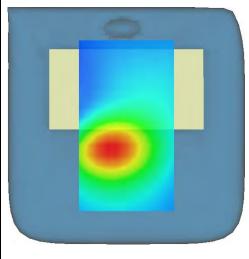
Test Date: December 28, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.74
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.520000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.346751
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.615367
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











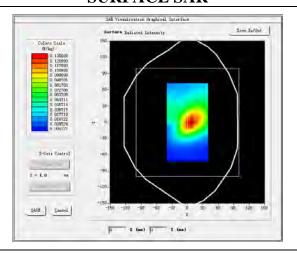
Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB, Middle channel (Body Rear Side)

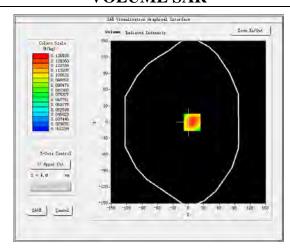
Product Description:Body weight scale

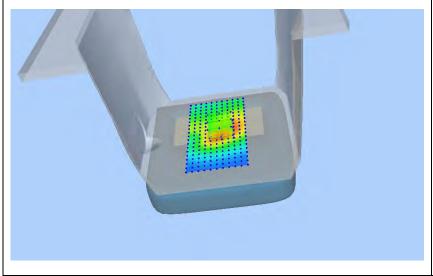
Model:U30A

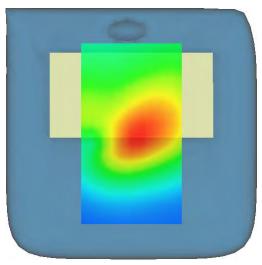
Test Date: December 24, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	848.3000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.090787
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.129716
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











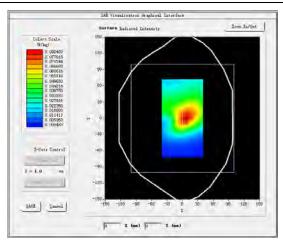
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 12, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

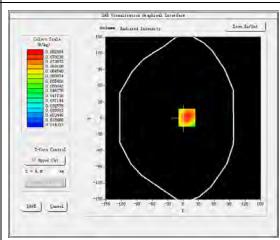
Product Description:Body weight scale

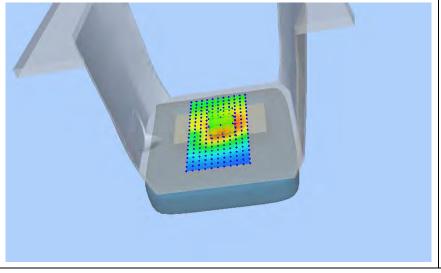
Model:U30A

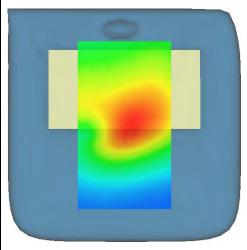
Test Date: December 20, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	704.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.17
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.820000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.059587
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.084070
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











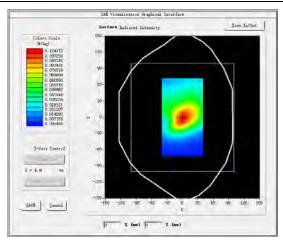
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 13, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

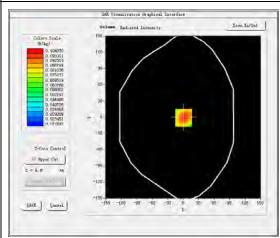
Product Description:Body weight scale

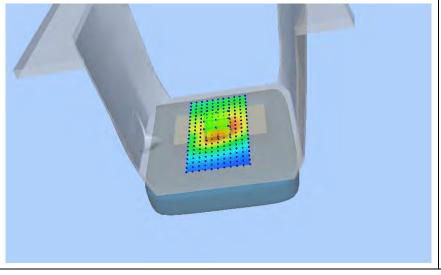
Model:U30A

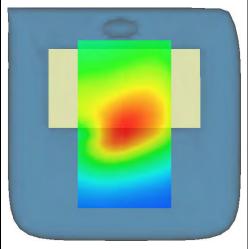
Test Date: December 20, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	782.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.74
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.072548
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.102883
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











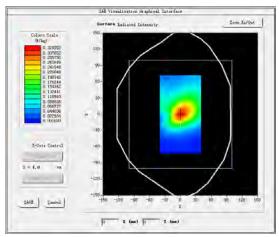
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 25, 1RB, High channel (Body Rear Side)

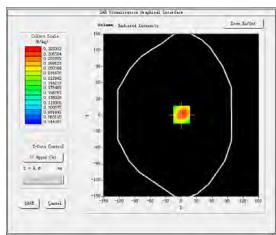
Product Description:Body weight scale

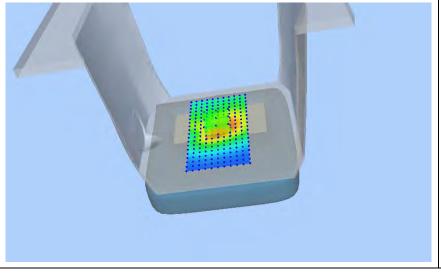
Model:U30A

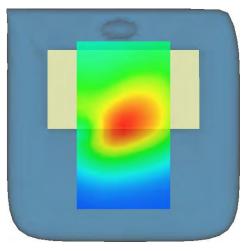
Test Date: December 30, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900		
Frequency (MHz)	1882.5000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51		
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324		
Crest Factor	1.0		
Conversion Factor	1.93		
Sensor	4mm		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm		
Variation (%)	-0.480000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.210640		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.310137		
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR		











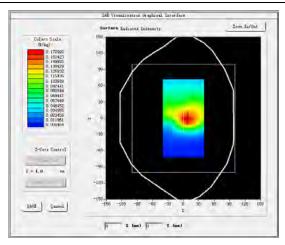
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 26, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

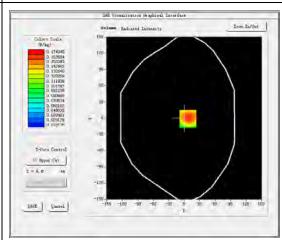
Product Description:Body weight scale

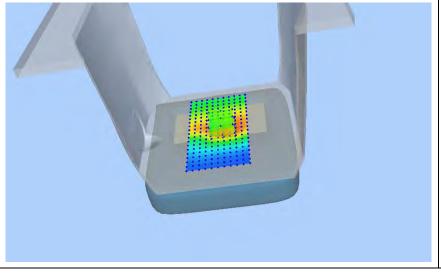
Model:U30A

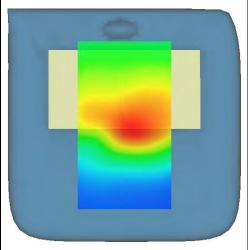
Test Date: August 06, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	819.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.220000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.112154
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.166388
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











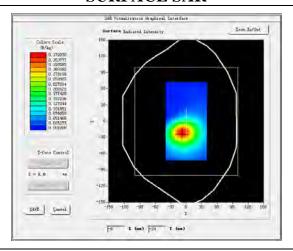
Test Mode: LTE Band 66, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)

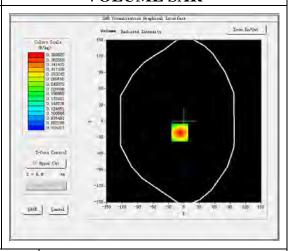
Product Description:Body weight scale

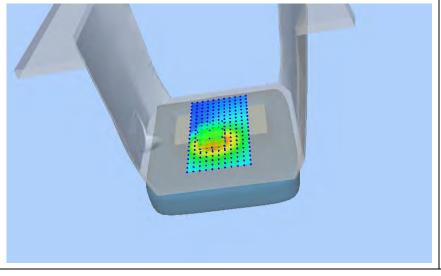
Model:U30A

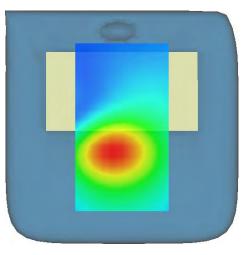
Test Date: May 05, 2021

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1715.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.12
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.130000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.252239
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.435802
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR











#### 5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### 5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate



#### **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

### SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

**SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324** 

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 10/06/2021

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/6/2021	Jeg .
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/6/2021	JE
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/6/2021	Figure 1

	Customer Name
Distribution;	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/6/2021	Initial release

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#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.218 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	<b>√</b> 3	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	<b>√</b> 3	ý	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	<b>√</b> 3	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	<b>√</b> 3	j –	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Réctangular	<b>√</b> 3	_ () -	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	- <del> </del>	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3 <sub>1</sub>	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

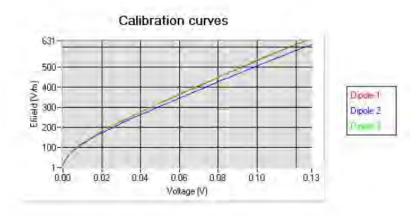
#### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

	Normy dipole	
$I(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.80	0.83	0.68

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ci-f(V) (i-1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



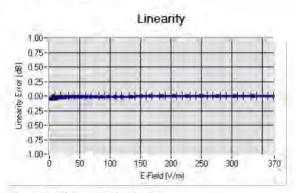
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#### 5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:0+/-1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

#### 5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1.94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

#### LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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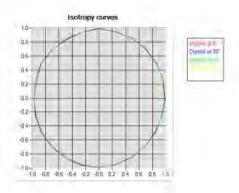


Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

#### 5.4 ISOTROPY

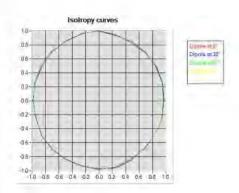
#### HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



#### **HL1800 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



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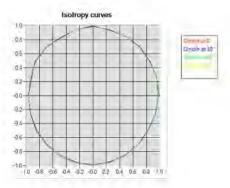




Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

#### HL5600 MHz

Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
 Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



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Ruff ACR 281.2.18.SATU.A

#### 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated, No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2019	10/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2020	01/2023
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

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#### 5.2 SID750Dipole Calibration Ceriticate



#### **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

## SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



09/29/2021

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ruf. ACR 287.3.14.SATU. A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	25
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JE.
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/12/2021	ou wicksmich

	Customer Name
Distribution;	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Mod.fications
A	10/12/2021	Initial release

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Ref: ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

D	evice Under Test
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID750
Scrial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

#### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

#### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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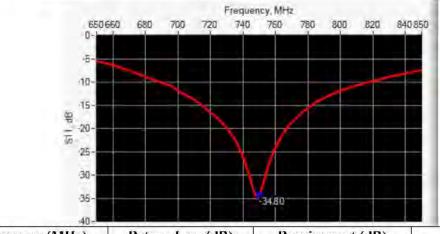




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#### 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

#### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-34.80	-20	$50.7 \Omega + 1.6 j\Omega$

#### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		L mm h mm	d mm		
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	PASS	100.0 ±1 %.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %.	PASS
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.	1	83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.	11 - 1	45.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.	1	42.9 ±1 %.	- 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	1	41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	-	39.5 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.	- 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	- 1	26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom:

#### 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency IMHz	Relative per	mittivity ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}'$ )	Conductiv	ity (ơ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41,5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39,2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

#### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42,1 sigma: 0.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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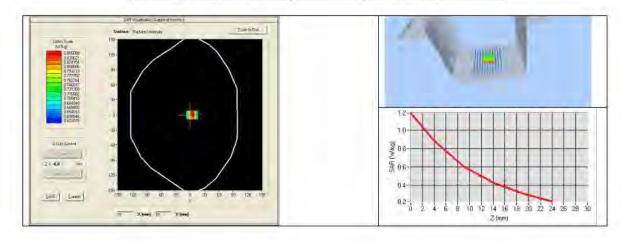




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Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	750 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2,85		1.94	7
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.38 (0.84)	5,55	5.53 (0.55)
835	9.56		6.22	7
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	1
1750	36.4		19.3	1
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	1
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	1



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#### 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s,')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	4
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.96 ±5 %	PASS:
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5,30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5,65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

#### 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps*: 56.6 sigma: 0.99
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

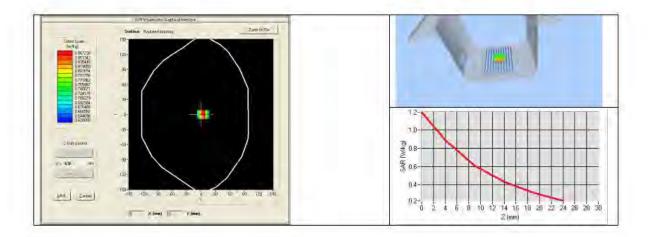
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Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
750	8.77 (0.88)	5.78 (0.58)



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# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2021	02/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2018	12/2021
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2021	10/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2018	12/2021
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2018	12/2021
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2018	12/2021
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2018	12/2021
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2021	8/2024

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# 5.3 SID835Dipole Calibration Ceriticate



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



09/29/2021

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





REE ACR 287.4.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	25
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	Je
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/12/2021	ou weeksmich

	Customer Name
Distribution;	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Mod.fications
A	10/12/2021	Initial release
		7

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

# 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	Satimo			
Model	SID835			
Scrial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303			
Product Condition (new / used)	New			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

# 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

# 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the forc mentioned standards.

#### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			

#### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
0.05 mm		

#### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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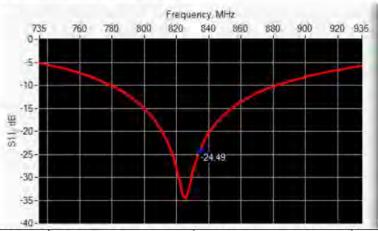




Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

#### 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

# 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-24.49	-20	$54.9 \Omega + 2.8 j\Omega$

# 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	mm h mm		d r	mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.	71	6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	1
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	-
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.	- 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.	1	42.9 ±1 %.	- 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	1	41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	-	39.5 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.	- 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.	71	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom:

#### 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (s,')	Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
000	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	-	1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

#### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software OPENSAR V4		
Phantoni	SN 20/09 SAM71	
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122	
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.3 sigma: 0.92	
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm	
Area sean resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm	

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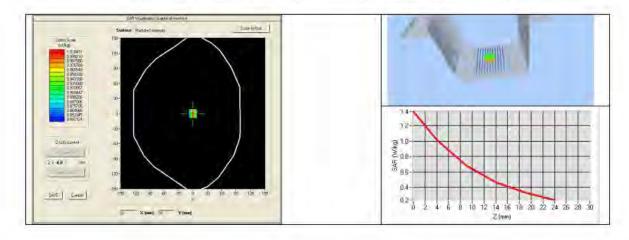




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Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	835 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	7
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5,55	4.1
835	9.56	9.60 (0.96)	6.22	6.20 (0.62)
000	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19,3	1
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



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# 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (s,′)	Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m	
-	required	measured	required	measured	
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	4	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %		
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %		
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %		
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %		
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %		
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %		
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %		
1800	53.3 ±5 %	53.3 ±5 %			
1900	53.3 ±5 %	53.3 ±5 % 1		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %	53.3 ±5 % 1.52			
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %		
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %		
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %		
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %		
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %		
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5,30 ±10 %		
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %		
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %		
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %		
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %		
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %		

# 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps*: 54.1 sigma: 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

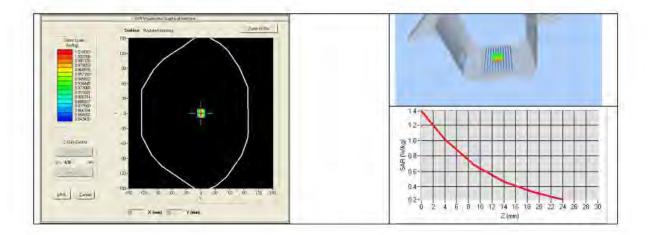
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Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.90 (0.99)	6.39 (0.64)



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Raff ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2021	02/2024	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2018	12/2021	
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2021	10/2022	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2018	12/2021	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2018	12/2021	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2018	12/2021	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2018	12/2021	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2021	8/2024	

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# 5.4 SID1800 Dipole Calibration Certificate



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



09/29/2021

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref. ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	25
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/12/2021	JE
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/12/2021	ou wickspuch

	Customer Name
. 77	Shenzhen LCS
Distribution:	Compliance Testing
	Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Mod.fications
A	10/12/2021	Initial release
		5

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Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

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Ref: ACR 287.6.14.SATU.A

## INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	Satimo	
Model	SID1800	
Scrial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	
Product Condition (new / used) New		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

# 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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Raf. ACR 287.6.14.SATU. A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

on Return Loss
В

## 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

#### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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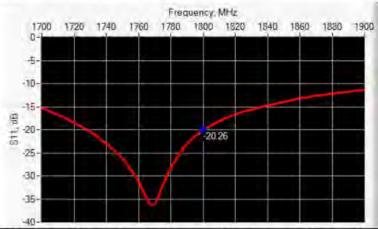




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# 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

# 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-20.26	-20	$43.1 \Omega + 6.9 j\Omega$

#### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h m	ım	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	PASS	41.7 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	-	39.5 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	1
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.	3.31	3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.	_ 1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.	1	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.	[	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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Rafe ACR 287.6.14.SATU. A

#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom:

#### 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (ε,′)	Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41,5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	1
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

#### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41,3 sigma: 1.38
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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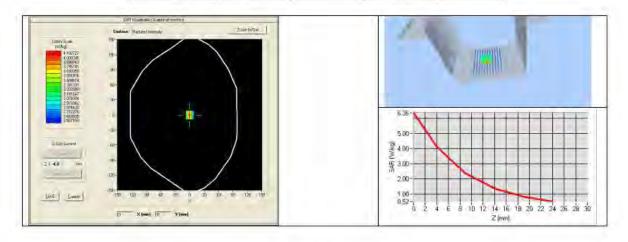




Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g 5AR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	7
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5,55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	1-1
1800	38.4	38.13 (3.81)	20.1	20.20 (2.02)
1900	39.7	4 -	20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



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Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

# 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (s.′)	Conductivi	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	4
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5,30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5,65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

# 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4	
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71	
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122	
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps*: 53.3 sigma; 1.51	
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm	
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm	
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

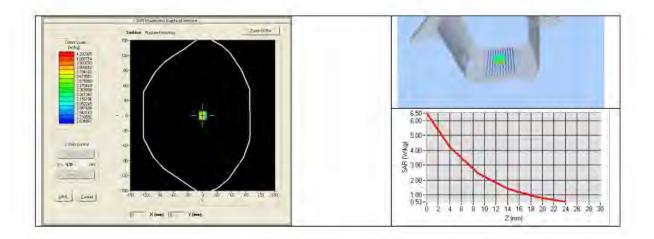
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Ref: ACR.287.6.14.SATU.A

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1800	39.03 (3.90)	20.65 (2.07)



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# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2021	02/2024	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2018	12/2021	
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2021	10/2022	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2018	12/2021	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2018	12/2021	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2018	12/2021	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2018	12/2021	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2021	8/2024	

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# 5.5 SID1900 Dipole Calibration Certificate



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

# SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 09/22/2021

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





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	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	25
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	25
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	09/28/2021	August Francisco

	Customer Name
Distribution:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Date	Mod.fications
09/28/2021	Initial release
	1
	2000

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Ref: ACR. 273.2.18.SATU.A

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8	Lis	t of Equipment	

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Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID1900			
Serial Number	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466			
Product Condition (new/used) Used				

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

# 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

# 5.2 <u>DIMENSION MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
3 - 300	0.05 mm	

## 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
l g	20.3 %

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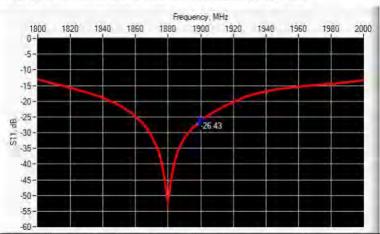


Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

10 or	20.1.%
10 2	201 /11

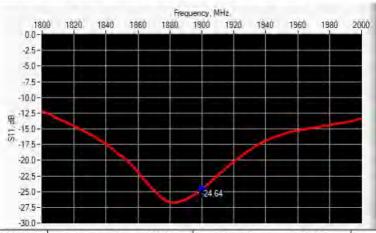
# 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-26.43	-20	$50.5 \Omega + 4.7 j\Omega$

#### 6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-24.64	-20	$46.2 \Omega + 4.4 j\Omega$

# 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	MHz L mm h mm		cy MHz L mm		d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.	-	250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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R#B ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

450	290.0 ±1 %.	+	166.7 ±1 %.	-	6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
197						
835	161,D ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	-
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS.	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.	-	3.6 ±1 %.	

#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

# 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s.')		Conductivity (a) S/	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
45D	43.5 ±5 %		D.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %	1	1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %	_	1.37 ±5 %	

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Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

1800	40.0 ±5 %		1,40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

#### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 38.5 sigma : 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (	W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5,55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

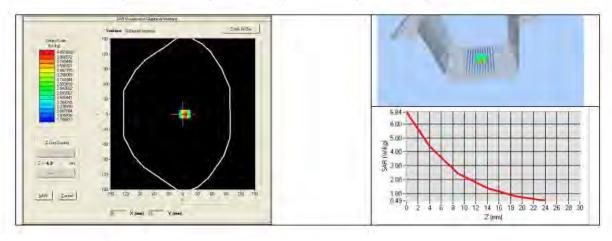
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Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

1900	39.7	40.03 (4.00)	20.5	20.55 (2.06)
1950	40.5		20.9	1 =
2000	41,1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	1
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	4 %



# 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	mittivity (e,')	Conductiv	ity (a) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	

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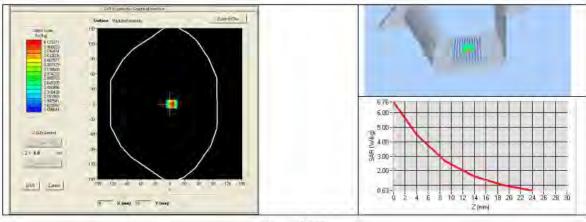
Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %	1.81 ±5 %
2450	52.7 ±5 %	1.95 ±5 %
2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73 ±5 %
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %
3700	51.0 ±5 %	3.55 ±5 %
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %

# 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.3 sigma: 1.56
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area sean resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.91 (4.09)	21.40 (2.14)



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Ref: ACR.273.2.18.SATU.A

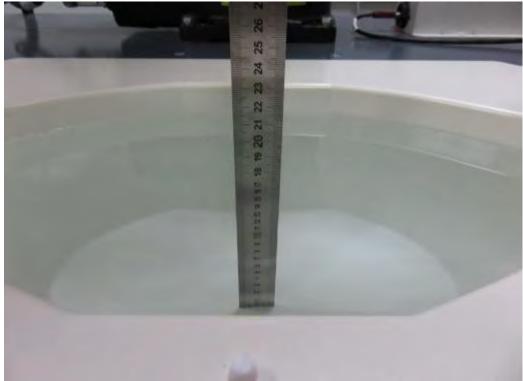
# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	-4-	pment Summary S	711100	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	06/2021	06/2024
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	08/2021	08/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2020 11/202	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required,
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023

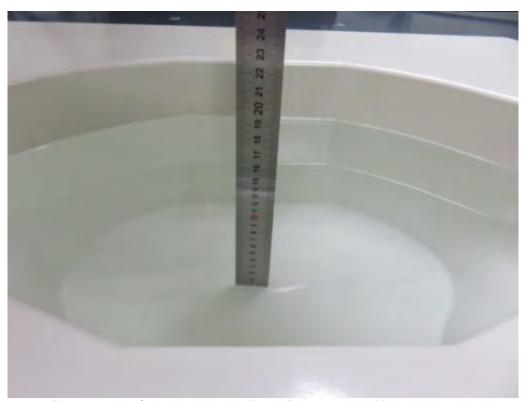
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# 6. PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE LIQUID

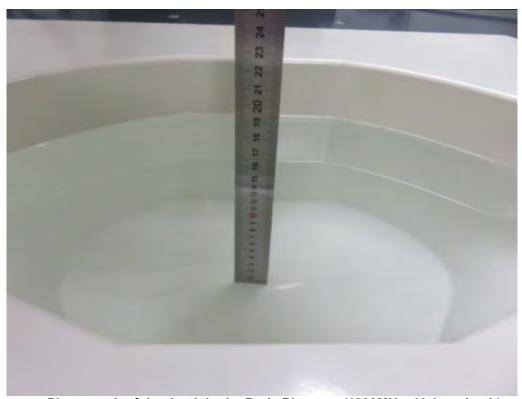


Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (750MHz, 16.2cm depth)

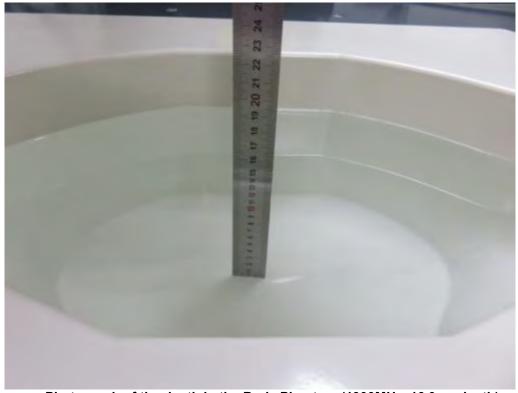


Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (835MHz, 16.1cm depth)





Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1800MHz, 16.1cm depth)



Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1900MHz, 16.0cm depth)



# 7. PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE TEST

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of SAR.



# 8. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

riease relei to separated liles for rest Setup Filotos of SAR.	
The End of Test Report	