FCC ID: 2AK3U-TL104AMDJA

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-q SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-q extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz;

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation:

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison;

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. We use 5mm as separation distance to calculate.

Maximum measured transmitter power:

BT DSS:

Transmit Frequency (GHz)	Mode	EIRP (dBm)	tune up power	tune up maximum power	Result calculation	1-g SAR
2.402	GFSK	-9.58	-10dBm to -8dBm	-8	0.05	3.0
2.440	GFSK	-8.58	-9dBm to -7dBm	-7	0.06	3.0
2.480	GFSK	-7.66	-9dBm to -7dBm	-7	0.06	3.0

Conclusion:

Signature:

For the max result : $0.06 \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR extremity SAR, No SAR is required.

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