









# 4.3. Out of band emission at antenna terminals

## <u>LIMIT</u>

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

### **TEST CONFIGURATION**



## TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The RF output of the transceiver was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 1MHz, sufficient scans were taken to show the out of band Emissions if any up to 10th harmonic.
- 3. For the out of band: Set the RBW= 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Start=30MHz, Stop= 10th harmonic.

## TEST RESULTS



