

RF TEST REPORT

Report No.: AIT22122704FW2

FCC ID: 2AJYL-AB23

Product Name : AIRBOLT CELLULAR GPS

Brand Name : AIRBOLT
Test Model : ABGPS-23

Series Model : N/A

Applicant: AirBolt Pty Ltd

Address : PO Box 192,Bulleen,Victoria city,Australia 3105

Manufacturer : BOTERLAN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LIMITED

Address : 4F,Buliding B2,Guangshen high and new science and technology park

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Guangdong, China

Date of Receipt : 2022.12.27

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Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: AIT22122704-1

Standard(s): 47 CFR FCC Part 02;47 CFR FCC Part 22;47 CFR FCC Part 24;

47 CFR FCC Part 27;ANSI C63.26:2015

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This device described above has been tested by Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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Reviewed by:	Gimba Huang	Approved by:	Seal-Cheir
	Simba huang		Seal Chen



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Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	2023.03.26	Initial Issue	Seal Chen



1. General Information

1.1 Applicant

AirBolt Pty Ltd

PO Box 192, Bulleen, Victoria city, Australia 3105

1.2 Manufacturer

BOTERLAN TECHNOLOGY CO., LIMITED

4F,Buliding B2,Guangshen high and new science and technology park Youmagang,Jiangshi,Gongming,Guangming new zone,Shenzhen, Guangdong,China

1.3 Basic Description of Equipment Under Test

Items	Description		
Product Name	AIRBOLT CELLULAR GPS		
Band Name	AIRBOLT		
Test Model Number	ABGPS-23		
Series Model	N/A		
Difference Description	N/A		
Power Supply	DC 3.7V 400mAh		
Antenna Type:	FPC antenna		
Operating Temperature	-20~65℃		
Hardware Version	N/A		
Software Version	N/A		
EUT Stage	○ Product Unit ● Final-Sample		
Radio SystemType	LTE		
Operating Band	Band 2, Band 4, Band 12, Band13		



1.4 Technical Specification

Characteristics	Description			
Radio System Type	LTE			
Supported Frequency	LTE DANIDO	Transmission (TX): 1850 to 1910 MHz		
Range	LTE BAND2	Receiving (RX): 1930 to 1990 MHz		
	LTE DANIDA	Transmission (TX): 1710 to 1755 MHz		
	LTE BAND4	Receiving (RX): 2110 to 2155 MHz		
	LTE DANIDAG	Transmission (TX): 699 to 716 MHz		
	LTE BAND12	Receiving (RX): 729 to 746MHz		
	LTE DANIDAO	Transmission (TX): 777 to 787MHz		
	LTE BAND13	Receiving (RX): 746 to 756MHz		
TX and RX Antenna Ports	TX & RX port:	1		
	TX-only port:	0		
	RX-only port:	1		
Target TX Output Power	LTE BAND2:24.00dBm	n; LTE BAND4:23.89dBm;		
	LTE BAND12:21.74dB	m;LTE BAND13:24.72dBm;		
Antenna Gain:	LTE BAND2:1.39dBi;L	TE BAND4: 0.76dBi;		
	LTE BAND12: -0.49dBi; LTE BAND13:2.42dBi;			
Supported Channel	LTE BAND2	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz,		
Bandwidth		20 MHz		
	LTE BAND4	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz,		
		20 MHz		
	LTE BAND12	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE BAND13	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
Designation of Emissions	LTE BAND2:	1M1G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation),		
(Note: the necessary		1M1W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
bandwidth of which is the		2M70G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation),		
worst value from the		2M70W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
measured occupied		4M47G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation)		
bandwidths for each type of		4M47W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
channel bandwidth		8M95G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation)		
configuration.)		8M95W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
		13M5G7D (15 MHz QPSK modulation)		
		13M5W7D (15 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
		17M9G7D (20 MHz QPSK modulation)		
		17M9W7D (20 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
	LTE BAND4:	1M09G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation)		
		1M09W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
		2M70G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation)		
		2M69W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation)		
		4M48G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation)		
		4M47W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation)		



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	i agc i	01 33 1Cpoit 110 Al 122 122 10+1 112
Characteristics	Description	
		8M95G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation)
		8M93W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		13M5G7D (15 MHz QPSK modulation)
		13M5W7D (15 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		17M9G7D (20 MHz QPSK modulation)
		17M9W7D (20 MHz 16QAM modulation)
	LTE BAND12:	1M09G7D (1.4 MHz QPSK modulation)
		1M09W7D (1.4 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		2M69G7D (3 MHz QPSK modulation)
		2M68W7D (3 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		4M47G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation)
		4M47W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		8M97G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation)
		8M94W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)
	LTE BAND13:	4M47G7D (5 MHz QPSK modulation)
		4M47W7D (5 MHz 16QAM modulation)
		8M93G7D (10 MHz QPSK modulation)
		8M92W7D (10 MHz 16QAM modulation)



2. Summary of Test Results

2.1 Application of Standard

47 CFR FCC Part 02

47 CFR FCC Part 22

47 CFR FCC Part 24

47 CFR FCC Part 27

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

ANSI C63.26:2015

2.2 Band2 (1850-1910MHz paired with 1930-1990MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective(Isotropic)	Part			
Radiated Power Output	2.1046,	EIRP≤2W	Appendix	Pass
Data	24.232			
	Part			
Peak-Average Ratio	2.1046,	Limit≤13dB	Appendix	Pass
	24.232			
D and devidely	D+ 0 4040	OBW:No limit.	A	D
Bandwidth	Part 2.1049	EBW:No limit.	Appendix	Pass
	Part	≤ -13dBm/1%*EBW,in1MHz bands		
Band Edges Compliance	2.1051,	immediately outside and adjacent to	Appendix	Pass
	24.238	the frequency block.		
Courieus Ensisaien et	Part	≤ -13dBm/1MHz,from 9 kHz to		
Spurious Emission at	2.1051,	10 th harmonicsbut outside authorized	Appendix	Pass
Antenna Terminals	24.238	operating frequency ranges.		
Field Ctropath of	Part			
Field Strength of	2.1053,	≤ -13dBm/1MHz.	Appendix	Pass
Spurious Radiation	24.238			
	Part			
Frequency Stability	2.1055,	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix	Pass
	24.235			
Note1: For the verdict,the"N/	A"denotes"not	applicable",the"N/T"denotes"not tested".		



2.3 Band4 (1710-1755MHz paired with 2110-2155MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective(Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	Part 2.1046, 27.50(d)	EIRP ≤ 1W	Appendix	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	Part 2.1046, 27.50(d)	Limit≤13 dB	Appendix	Pass
Bandwidth	Part 2.1049	OBW:Nolimit. EBW:No limit.	Appendix	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	Part 2.1051, 27.53(h)	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW,in1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	Part 2.1051, 27.53(h)	≤ -13 dBm/1MHz,from9 kHz to 10 th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Part 2.1053, 27.53(h)	≤ -13 dBm/1MHz.	Appendix	Pass
Frequency Stability	Part 2.1055, 27.54	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix	Pass

Note1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".



2.4 Band12 (699-716MHz paired with 729-746 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	Part 27.50(c)	FCC: ERP ≤ 3 W.	Appendix	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	Part 2.1046, Part 27.50(c)	Limit≤13 dB	Appendix	Pass
Bandwidth	Part 2.1047	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(g)	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	Part 2.1051, 27.53(g)	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges.	Appendix	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Part 2.1051, 27.53(g)	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz.	Appendix	Pass
Frequency Stability	Part 2.1055 27.54	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix	Pass

Note1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".



2.5 Band13 (777-787 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No	Requirements	Test Result	Verdict (Note1)
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	Part 2.1046, Part 27.50(b)	FCC: ERP ≤ 3 W.	Appendix	Pass
Peak-Average Ratio	Part 27.50	Limit≤13 dB	Appendix	Pass
Bandwidth	Part 2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	Appendix	Pass
Band Edges Compliance	Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(g)	≤ -13 dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.	Appendix	Pass
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(c) Part 27.53(f)	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz, from 9 kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized operating frequency ranges. On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than 65 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations. For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to −70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and −80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth.	Appendix	Pass
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Part 2.1051, Part 27.53(c) Part 27.53(f)	FCC: ≤ -13 dBm/100 kHz. For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to −70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wide band signals, and −80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth.	Appendix	Pass



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Frequency Stability	Part 2.1055 27.54	≤ ±2.5ppm.	Appendix	Pass
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Note1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".



3. General Test Frequency and Configuration

3.1 Test Modes

Test Mode	Test Modes Description
LTE/TM1	LTE system, QPSK modulation
LTE/TM2	LTE system, 16QAM modulation

3.2 Test Frequency

Toot Made	TX / RX	RF Channel			
Test Mode	IA/RA	Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)	
	TV(1 4M)	Channel 18607	Channel 18900	Channel 19193	
	TX(1.4M)	1850.7 MHz	1880 MHz	1909.3 MHz	
	TV(2M)	Channel 18615	Channel 18900	Channel 19185	
	TX(3M)	1851.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1908.5 MHz	
	TV/FM)	Channel 18625	Channel 18900	Channel 19175	
	TX(5M)	1852.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1907.5 MHz	
	TV(40M)	Channel 18650	Channel 18900	Channel 19150	
	TX(10M)	1855 MHz	1880 MHz	1905 MHz	
	TV/4EM)	Channel 18675	Channel 18900	Channel 19125	
	TX(15M)	1857.5 MHz	1880 MHz	1902.5 MHz	
	TV(20M)	Channel 18700	Channel 18900	Channel 19100	
LTE Dand 0	TX(20M)	1860 MHz	1880 MHz	1900 MHz	
LTE Band 2	DV(4.4M)	Channel 607	Channel 900	Channel 1193	
	RX(1.4M)	1930.7 MHz	1960 MHz	1989.3 MHz	
	RX(3M)	Channel 615	Channel 900	Channel 1185	
		1931.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1988.5 MHz	
	RX(5M)	Channel 625	Channel 900	Channel 1175	
		1932.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1987.5 MHz	
	RX(10M)	Channel 650	Channel 900	Channel 1150	
		1935 MHz	1960 MHz	1985 MHz	
	RX(15M)	Channel 675	Channel 900	Channel 1125	
	KX(13WI)	1937.5 MHz	1960 MHz	1982.5 MHz	
	DV(20M)	Channel 700	Channel 900	Channel 1100	
	RX(20M)	1940 MHz	1960 MHz	1980 MHz	
Test Mode	TX / RX		RF Channel		
rest iviode	IX/KX	Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)	
	TX(1.4M)	Channel 19957	Channel 20175	Channel 20393	
LTE Band 4	17(1.4101)	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	
LIE Dallu 4	TX(3M)	Channel 19965	Channel 20175	Channel 20385	
	TX(3M)	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	



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TX(5M)			9		-		
TX(10M) Channel 20000 Channel 20175 Channel 20350 TX(15M) TX(15M) TX(25MHz 1732.5 MHz 1750.5 MHz 1750.5 MHz TX(15M) TX(15M) Channel 20025 Channel 20175 Channel 20325 Channel 20175 Channel 20325 TX(20M) TX(TV/FM)	Channel 19975	Channel 20175	Channel 20375		
TX(10M)		I V(SIVI)	1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz		
TX(15M)		TX(10M)	Channel 20000	Channel 20175	Channel 20350		
TX(15M) TX(20M) TX(20M			1715 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750 MHz		
TX(20M) TX(31M) TX(TV/(4.5NA)	Channel 20025	Channel 20175	Channel 20325		
TX(20M)		1X(15M)	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz		
RX(1.4M)		T)//(0014)	Channel 20050	Channel 20175	Channel 20300		
RX(1.4M)		1 X (20M)	1720 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745 MHz		
RX(3M)		D)//4 4N4)	Channel 1975	Channel 2175	Channel 2375		
RX(3M)		RX(1.4M)	2112.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2152.5 MHz		
RX(5M)		DV(014)	Channel 2000	Channel 2175	Channel 2350		
RX(5M)		RX(3M)	2115 MHz	2132.5MHz	2150 MHz		
RX(10M)		5)//514)	Channel 1975	Channel 2175	Channel 2375		
RX(10M)		RX(5M)	2112.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2152.5 MHz		
RX(15M)		DV((4014)	Channel 2000	Channel 2175	Channel 2350		
RX(15M)		RX(10M)	2115 MHz	2132.5MHz	2150 MHz		
RX(20M) Channel 2050 Channel 2175 Channel 2300		5)///514)	Channel 2025	Channel 2175	Channel 2325		
Test Mode		RX(15M)	2117.5 MHz	2132.5MHz	2147.5 MHz		
Test Mode			Channel 2050	Channel 2175			
Table		RX(20M)	2120 MHz	2132.5MHz	2145 MHz		
TX(1.4M)			RF Channel				
TX(1.4M)	lest Mode	IX/RX	Low (B)	Middle (M)	High (T)		
TX(3M)		TX(1.4M)	Channel 23017	` ,	• ()		
TX(3M)			699.7 MHz	707.5 MHz	715.3 MHz		
TX(5M) TX(5M) TX(5M) Channel 23035 Channel 23095 Channel 23155 T01.5 MHz TX(10M) TX(10M) TX(10M) TX(10M) TX(10M) Channel 23060 Channel 23095 Channel 23130 T04 MHz T07.5 MHz T07.5 MHz T07.5 MHz T11 MHz Channel 5017 Channel 5095 Channel 5173 T29.7 MHz T37.5 MHz T45.3 MHz Channel 5025 Channel 5095 Channel 5165 T30.5 MHz T37.5 MHz T44.5 MHz Channel 5035 Channel 5095 Channel 5155 T31.5 MHz T37.5 MHz T44.5 MHz Channel 5035 Channel 5095 Channel 5155 T31.5 MHz T37.5 MHz T43.5 MHz T43.5 MHz T43.5 MHz T44.5 M		TX(3M)	Channel 23025	Channel 23095	Channel 23165		
TX(5M)			700.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	714.5 MHz		
TX(10M)		TX(5M)	Channel 23035	Channel 23095	Channel 23155		
TX(10M) 704 MHz 707.5 MHz 711 MHz RX(1.4M) 704 MHz 707.5 MHz 711 MHz Channel 5017 Channel 5095 Channel 5165 729.7 MHz 737.5 MHz 744.5 MHz Channel 5035 Channel 5095 Channel 5155 731.5 MHz 737.5 MHz 743.5 MHz Channel 5060 Channel 5095 Channel 5130 737.5 MHz 741 MHz Test Mode TX / RX Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 TX(5M) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 TX(5M) TX(5M) <td></td> <td>701.5 MHz</td> <td>707.5 MHz</td> <td>713.5 MHz</td>			701.5 MHz	707.5 MHz	713.5 MHz		
LTE Band 12 RX(1.4M) RX(T) ((1011)	Channel 23060	Channel 23095	Channel 23130		
RX(1.4M)		IX(10M)	704 MHz	707.5 MHz	711 MHz		
RX (3M)	LTE Band 12	5>/// 414)	Channel 5017	Channel 5095	Channel 5173		
RX (3M)		RX(1.4M)	729.7 MHz	737.5 MHz	745.3 MHz		
RX(5M)		->. ()	Channel 5025	Channel 5095	Channel 5165		
RX(5M) 731.5 MHz 737.5 MHz 743.5 MHz RX (10M) Channel 5060 Channel 5095 Channel 5130 734 MHz 737.5 MHz 741 MHz TX / RX Er Channel Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) LTE Band 13 TX(5M) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 TX(5M) 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz		RX (3M)	730.5 MHz	737.5 MHz	744.5 MHz		
Table 1 731.5 MHz 737.5 MHz 743.5 MHz Table 1 TX / RX Channel 5060 Channel 5095 Channel 5130 Table 2 TX / RX RF Channel Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) LTE Band 13 TX(5M) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 TX(5M) TX(Channel 5035	Channel 5095	Channel 5155		
RX (10M) 734 MHz 737.5 MHz 741 MHz Test Mode TX / RX Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz		RX(5M)	731.5 MHz	737.5 MHz	743.5 MHz		
Test Mode TX / RX			Channel 5060	Channel 5095	Channel 5130		
Test Mode TX / RX RF Channel Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz		RX (10M)	734 MHz	737.5 MHz	741 MHz		
Low (B) Middle (M) High (T) LTE Band 13 Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz	—	T) (/ E) (
LTE Band 13 TX(5M) Channel 23025 Channel 23230 Channel 23255 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz	lest Mode	IX/RX	Low (B)	I	High (T)		
LTE Band 13 TX(5M) 779.5 MHz 782 MHz 784.5 MHz		->//	,	. ,	- · · ·		
	LTE Band 13	TX(5M)					
		TX(10M)					



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		782 MHz	782 MHz	782 MHz
	RX(5M)	Channel 5205	Channel 5230	Channel 5255
		748.5 MHz	751 MHz	753.5 MHz
	DV (10M)	Channel 5230	Channel 5230	Channel 5230
	RX (10M)	751 MHz	751 MHz	751 MHz

3.3 Test Environment

Applicable to	Environmental conditions	Input Power	Tested by	
Transmitter Conducted	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Circle o I lugare	
Power Output	24.5 C, 52 % KH	120VaC, 00H2	Simba Huang	
Peak-Average Ratio	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Modulation Characteristics	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Bandwidth	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Emission Mask	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Spurious Emission at	24.5°C, 53 % RH	120\/aa_60Uz	Simbo Huong	
Antenna Terminals	24.5 C, 55 % KH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Field Strength of	24.4°C, 53 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	
Spurious Radiation	24.4 C, 33 % KII	120 VaC, 00 HZ	Simba Huang	
Frequency Stability	24.5°C, 52 % RH	120Vac, 60Hz	Simba Huang	

The applicant declare the operating environment of EUT as below:

Normal conditions: 5.0V DC,15°C ~35°C

Extreme conditions:4.59V DC~5.61V DC, -20°C ~65°C

VL= lower extreme test voltage, VN= nominal voltage, VH= upper extreme test voltage

TL= lower extreme test temperature, TN= normal temperature, TH= upper extreme test temperature



3.4 Test Instruments

N o	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101470	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
2	EMI Measuring Receiver	R&S	ESR	101660	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
3	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	HP	HP8447E	1937A01855	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
4	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	Tsj	MLA-0120-A0 2-34	2648A04738	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
5	Passive Loop	ETS	6512	00165355	2020.09.05	2022.09.04
6	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna	SCHWARZBE CK	VULB9160	9160-3206	2021.08.29	2024.08.28
7	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBE CK	BBHA9120D	452	2021.08.29	2024.08.28
8	SHF-EHF Horn Antenna 15-40GHz	SCHWARZBE CK	BBHA9170	BBHA91703 67d	2020.11.24	2023.11.23
9	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100124	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
10	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-242	8-837-4	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
11	LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z2	0357.8810.54- 101161-S2	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
12	Pro.Temp&Humi.chamb er	MENTEK	MHP-150-1C	MAA081125 01	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
13	RF Automatic Test system	MW	MW100-RFCB	21033016	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
14	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY5014300 9	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
15	Wideband Radio communication tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K 50	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
16	RF Automatic Test system	MW	MW100-RFCB	21033016	2022.09.02	2023.09.01
17	DC power supply	ZHAOXIN	RXN-305D-2	2807000255 9	N/A	N/A
18	RE Software	EZ	EZ-EMC_RE	Ver.AIT-03A	N/A	N/A
19	CE Software	EZ	EZ-EMC_CE	Ver.AIT-03A	N/A	N/A
20	RF Software	MW	MTS 8310	2.0.0.0	N/A	N/A
21	temporary antenna connector(Note)	NTS	R001	N/A	N/A	N/A
22	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MT21033052	2022.09.02	2023.09.01

Note: The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.



3.5 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty	
Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±142.08KHz
RF power conducted	±0.74dB
Band Edge Compliance	±1.24dB
Frequency stability	±0.12 ppm
Spurious emissions, radiated (0.009MHz~30MHz)	3.10dB
Spurious emissions, radiated (30MHz~1GHz)	3.75dB
Spurious emissions, radiated (1GHz~18GHz)	3.88dB
Spurious emissions, radiated (18GHz ~ 40GHz)	3.88dB
Humidity	±4.0%
Temperature	±0.5°C
Time	±1.20%

3.6 Test Location

Company:	Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited
Address:	No.22, Jinqianling 3rd Street, Jitigang, Huangjiang, Dongguan, Guangdong, China
CNAS Registration Number:	CNAS L6177
A2LA Registration Number:	6317.01
FCC Accredited Lab. Designation Number:	CN1313
FCC Test Firm Registration Number:	703111

3.7 Deviation from Standards

None

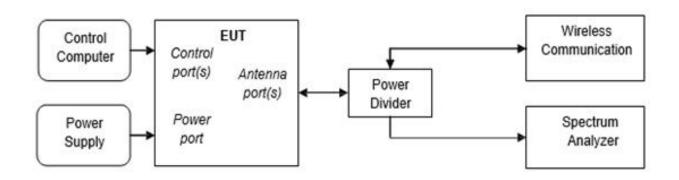
3.8 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None

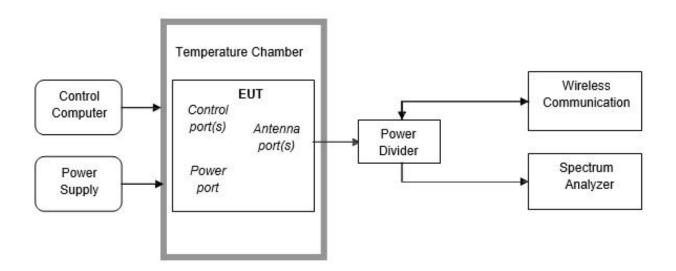


4. Test Setup and Conditions

4.1 Test Setup 1



4.2 Test Setup 2

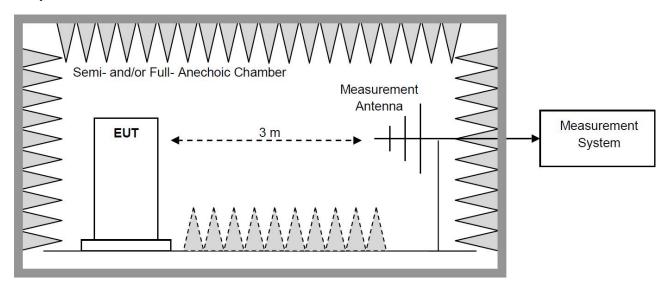




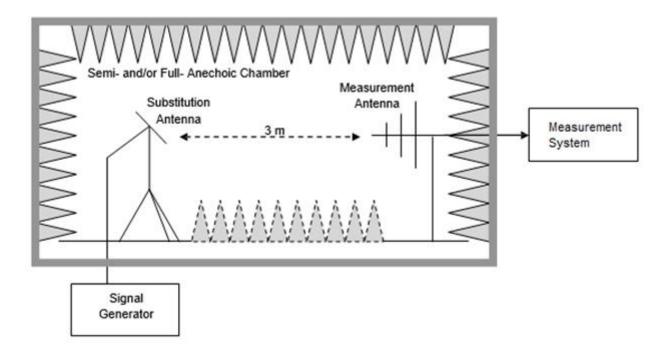
4.3 Test Setup 3

NOTE: Effective radiated power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) refers to the radiation power output of the EUT, assuming all emissions are radiated from half-wave dipole antennas.

Step 1: Pre-test



Step 2: Substitution method to verify the maximum ERP/EIRP





4.4 Test Conditions

Test Case Test Conditions			Test Conditions	
Transmit	Average	Test Env. Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage		
- Output	Power, Total	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
Power Data	,	RF Channels	L, M, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
-		Test Mode	LTE/TM1, LTE/TM2	
_	Average	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
	Power,	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
	Spectral	RF Channels	L, M, H	
	Density (if	(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
_	required)	Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
- Peak-to-A	⊢ /erage Ratio	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
	quired)	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
_	. ,	RF Channels	L, M, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
Bandwidth	Occupied	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
	Bandwidth	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
		RF Channels	L, M, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
	Emission	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
	Bandwidth (if	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
	required)	RF Channels	L, M, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
Band Edges	s Compliance	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
		Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
		RF Channels	L, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
Spurious	Emission at	Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
Antenna	Terminals	Test Setup	Test Setup 1	
		RF Channels	L, M, H	
		(TX)	(L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1,LTE/TM2	
Field Strength of		Test Env.	Ambient Climate & Rated Voltage	
Spurious	Radiation	Test Setup	Test Setup 3	
		RF Channels	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high	
		(TX)	channel)	
		Test Mode	LTE/TM1, LTE/TM2	
			NOTE: If applicable, the EUT conf. that has maximum	



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		<u> </u>
		power density (based on the equivalent power level) is
		selected.
Frequency Stability	Test Env.	(1) -20 °C to +65 °C with step 10 °C at Rated Voltage;
		(2) VL, VN and VH of Rated Voltage at Ambient Climate.
	Test Setup	Test Setup 2
	RF Channels	L, M, H (L= low channel, M= middle channel, H= high
	(TX)	channel)
	Test Mode	LTE/TM1, LTE/TM2



5. Description of Tests

5.1 Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

- 1). The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 0.8m high table in the chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length.
- 2). The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m the receive antenna and by rotating through 360° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.
- 3). Steps 1) and 2) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.
- 4). The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.
- 5). A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 2) is obtained for this set of conditions.
- 6). The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.
- 7). Steps 5) and 6) were repeated with both antennas polarized.
- 8). Calculate power in dBm by the following formula: ERP (dBm) = Pg(dBm) cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd) Where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

- 1). Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber
- 2). Calculate power in dBm by the following formula: EIRP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBi) EIRP=ERP+2.15dB Where: Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.
- 3). Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel the Highest channel
- 4). The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, Only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report.
- 5). Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Test Procedures Used

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01; ANSI/ C63.10

Note: Reference test setup 3

Test result



5.2 Peak-Average Ratio

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WCDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, an average and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a bandwidth greater than the emission bandwidth. The traces are generated with the spectrum analyzer set to zero span mode.

Test Settings

- The signal analyzer's CCDF measurement profile is enabled
- Frequency = carrier center frequency
- Measurement BW > Emission bandwidth of signal
- 4. The signal analyzer was set to collect one million samples to generate the CCDF curve
- 5. The measurement interval was set depending on the type of signal analyzed. For continuous signals (>98% duty cycle), the measurement interval was set to 1ms. For burst transmissions, the spectrum analyzer is set to use an internal "RF Burst" trigger that is synced with an incoming pulse and the measurement interval is set to less than the duration of the "on time" of one burst to ensure that energy is only captured during a time in which the transmitter is operating at maximum power

Test Procedures Used

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 5.7.1

Note: Reference test setup 1

Test result



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel, middle channel and high channel). The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

Test Procedures Used:

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 4.2

Test Settings

- The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99% occupied bandwidth and the 26dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
- 2. RBW = 1 5% of the expected OBW
- 3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Sweep = auto couple
- 7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
- 8. If necessary, steps 2 7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within
 - 1 5% of the 99% occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

Note: Reference test setup 1.

Test result



5.4 Band Edge Compliance

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel and high channel).in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz or 1% of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The EUT emission bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two points, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power. The video bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at thrice the resolution bandwidth. Detector Mode was set to peak or peak hold power.

Test Procedures Used

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 6.0

Test Settings

- 1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
- 2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- 3. RBW > 1% of the emission bandwidth
- VBW > 3 x RBW
- 5. Detector = RMS
- Number of sweep points ≥ 2 x Span/RBW
- 7. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
- 8. Sweep time = auto couple
- 9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Note: Reference test setup 1.

Test result

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5.5 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyzer, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel and high channel). The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Procedures Used

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01

Test Settings

- Start frequency was set to 30MHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10 * the fundamental frequency (separated into at least two plots per channel)
- Detector = RMS
- 3. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
- 4. Sweep time = auto couple
- The trace was allowed to stabilize
- Please see test notes below for RBW and VBW settings

Note: Reference test setup 1.

Test result



5.6 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE:

(A) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm.

At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

(B) For specific criteria, please refer to the description in section 10.2 of the report for corresponding evaluation.

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE:

- 1). The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
- 2). Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
- 4). For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
- 5). Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6). For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- 7). When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
- 8).If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
- 9). For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit



(that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.

- 10). In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High Low scan is not required in this case.
- 11). For spurious emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT.

The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator and the previously recorded signal was duplicated.

The spurious emissions is calculated by the following formula;

Result(dBm) = Pg(dBm) + Factor(dB)

Factor(dB) = Ant Gain(dB)-Cable Loss(dB) + Power Splitter(dB) (Above 1GHz)

Factor(dB) = Ant Gain(dB)-Cable Loss(dB) (Below 1GHz)

Where: Pgis the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

If the fundalmatal frequency is below 1GHz, RF output power has been converted to EIRP.

EIRP(dBm) = ERP(dBm) + 2.15

Examples of Factor parameters for testing radiation spurious:

FrequencyRange(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30-500	6.18
500-1000	9.37
1000-1500	27.56
1500-2000	28.27
2000-3000	29.45
3000-5000	30.15
5000-10000	31.26
10000-15000	32.78
15000-20000	33.99
Above 20GHz	35.04

Test Procedures Used

FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01; ANSI/ C63.10

Note: Reference test setup 3.



Test result

LTEBand2_TX Mode Lowchannel

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5579.25	V	-41.10	-13	-28.1
3719.75	V	-39.74	-13	-26.74
694.83	V	-47.24	-13	-34.24
411.59	V	-49.75	-13	-36.75
5579.25	Н	-39.01	-13	-26.01
3719.75	Н	-40.84	-13	-27.84
694.83	Н	-48.01	-13	-35.01
411.59	Н	-49.76	-13	-36.76

Middlechannel

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5639.47	V	-40.22	-13	-27.22
3759.79	V	-39.16	-13	-26.16
884.96	V	-47.35	-13	-34.35
617.71	V	-48.50	-13	-35.5
5639.47	Н	-48.20	-13	-35.2
3759.79	Н	-40.84	-13	-27.84
884.96	Н	-44.05	-13	-31.05
617.71	Н	-47.89	-13	-34.89

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5699.97	V	-41.44	-13	-28.44
3799.71	V	-41.44	-13	-28.44
664.13	V	-46.95	-13	-33.95
524.88	V	-46.07	-13	-33.07
5699.97	Н	-39.85	-13	-26.85
3799.71	Н	-38.58	-13	-25.58
664.13	Н	-47.63	-13	-34.63
524.88	Н	-47.04	-13	-34.04





LTE Band 4_TX Mode Lowchannel

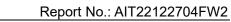
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Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5159.43	V	-39.42	-13	-26.42
3439.68	V	-39.69	-13	-26.69
744.63	V	-44.68	-13	-31.68
527.67	V	-46.98	-13	-33.98
5159.43	Н	-39.12	-13	-26.12
3439.68	Н	-39.91	-13	-26.91
744.63	Н	-46.34	-13	-33.34
527.67	Н	-44.32	-13	-31.32

Middlechannel

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5197.15	V	-39.53	-13	-26.53
3464.74	V	-39.25	-13	-26.25
669.01	V	-45.32	-13	-32.32
512.00	V	-48.35	-13	-35.35
5197.15	Н	-39.05	-13	-26.05
3464.74	Н	-40.36	-13	-27.36
669.01	Н	-46.96	-13	-33.96
512.00	Н	-46.15	-13	-33.15

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
5234.86	V	-38.37	-13	-25.37
3489.51	V	-39.93	-13	-26.93
710.28	V	-49.16	-13	-36.16
528.11	V	-48.04	-13	-35.04
5234.86	Н	-39.50	-13	-26.5
3489.51	Н	-38.12	-13	-25.12
710.28	Н	-45.58	-13	-32.58
528.11	Н	-45.61	-13	-32.61





LTE Band 12_TX Mode Lowchannel

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Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2112.00	V	-27.48	-13	-14.48
1407.58	V	-34.68	-13	-21.68
657.89	V	-35.36	-13	-22.36
516.78	V	-31.98	-13	-18.98
2112.00	Н	-26.22	-13	-13.22
1407.58	Н	-34.68	-13	-21.68
657.89	Н	-35.26	-13	-22.26
516.78	Н	-36.19	-13	-23.19

Middlechannel

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2121.71	V	-27.91	-13	-14.91
1414.42	V	-34.63	-13	-21.63
650.79	V	-35.70	-13	-22.7
512.51	V	-32.71	-13	-19.71
2121.71	Н	-26.91	-13	-13.91
1414.42	Н	-34.95	-13	-21.95
650.79	Н	-35.66	-13	-22.66
512.51	Н	-36.29	-13	-23.29

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2132.76	V	-27.53	-13	-14.53
1421.95	V	-33.80	-13	-20.8
652.36	V	-35.67	-13	-22.67
591.85	V	-32.52	-13	-19.52
2132.76	Н	-26.73	-13	-13.73
1421.95	Н	-34.27	-13	-21.27
652.36	Н	-35.82	-13	-22.82
591.85	Н	-36.65	-13	-23.65





LTE Band 13_TX Mode Lowchannel

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Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2110. 50	V	-28.10	-13	-15.1
1406. 79	V	-34.03	-13	-21.03
657. 22	V	-35.19	-13	-22.19
516.06	V	-31.87	-13	-18.87
2110. 50	Н	-26.52	-13	-13.52
1406. 79	Н	-34.81	-13	-21.81
657. 22	Н	-35.40	-13	-22.4
516.06	Н	-35.71	-13	-22.71

Middlechannel

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2121.63	V	-27.75	-13	-14.75
1414.25	V	-34.61	-13	-21.61
650.86	V	-35.76	-13	-22.76
511.95	V	-32.64	-13	-19.64
2121.63	Н	-26.58	-13	-13.58
1414.25	Н	-35.08	-13	-22.08
650.86	Н	-35.95	-13	-22.95
511.95	Н	-35.72	-13	-22.72

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity (H/V)	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2132.24	V	-28.15	-13	-15.15
1421.44	V	-34.44	-13	-21.44
653.22	V	-35.50	-13	-22.5
591.97	V	-32.41	-13	-19.41
2132.24	Н	-26.96	-13	-13.96
1421.44	Н	-34.94	-13	-21.94
653.22	Н	-35.57	-13	-22.57
591.97	Н	-35.98	-13	-22.98



5.7 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) Temperature: The temperature is varied from -10°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) Primary Supply Voltage: The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer. Specification The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

- 1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
- 2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
- 3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -10°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

Test Procedures Used

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01; ANSI/ C63.10

Note: Reference test setup 2.

Test result

(END OF REPORT)	