RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- ${}^{\bullet}$ Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case of BLE is as below: [2440MHz 2.98dBm (1.99mW) output power]

 $(1.99 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.440} \text{ (GHz)}] = 0.6 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}$

Worse case of WIFI is as below: [2462MHz 9.49dBm (8.892mW) output power]

 $(8.892 \, \text{mW} / 5 \, \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.462} \, (\text{GHz})] = 2.83 < 3.0 \, \text{for } 1 \text{-g SAR}$

Then SAR evaluation is not required