# **ANNEX A Graph Results**

.

#### LTE B23 Body

#### **Exposure Conditions**

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Duty Cycle	Frequency [MHz], Channel Numbe	Conversion Factor er	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	Band23	CW,	2019.900,	8.33	1.373	39.354
ЦCI	5.00		0	25600			

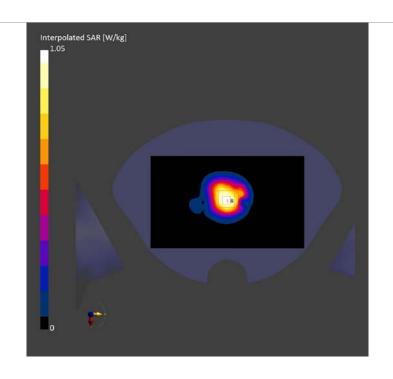
#### **Hardware Setup**

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 – SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14
- 2114			

**Scan Setup** 

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 200.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	N/A	N/A
Surface Detection	All points	All points
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-25	2024-10-25
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.862	0.863
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.501	0.509
Power Drift [dB]	0.05	0.09
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		80.4
Dist 3dB Peak		8.1
[mm]		



. LTE B255 Body

#### **Exposure Conditions**

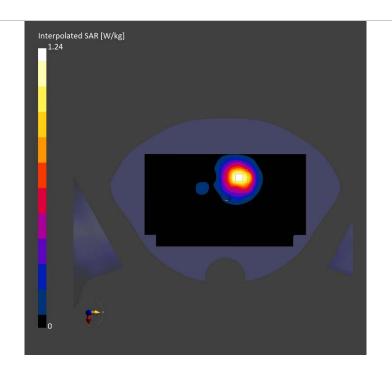
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Duty Cycle	Frequency [MHz], Channel Numbe	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	Band255	CW,	1626.600,	8.57	1.309	39.558
HSL	5.00		0	261505			

#### **Hardware Setup**

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 – SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14
- 2114			

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 210.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	15.0 x 15.0	5.1 x 5.1 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	N/A	N/A
Surface Detection	All points	All points
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-24	2024-10-24
psSAR1g [W/kg]	1.00	1.08
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.559	0.616
Power Drift [dB]	-0.14	-0.18
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		83.1
Dist 3dB Peak		6.3
[mm]		



#### BT Body

#### **Exposure Conditions**

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Duty Cycle	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	ISM 2.4	1:1	2402.000,	7.09	1.727	39.7
HSL	5.00	GHz Band		0			

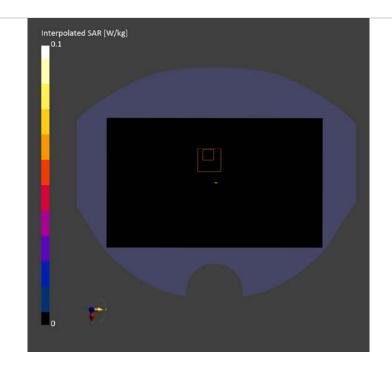
#### **Hardware Setup**

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 - SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14
- 2114			

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 200.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	Υ	Υ
Surface Detection	All points	All points
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-07	2024-10-07
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.006	0.007
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.003	0.005
Power Drift [dB]	0.03	0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		70.0
Dist 3dB Peak		4.2
[mm]		



# **ANNEX B System Verification Results**

#### 1640MHz

#### **Exposure Conditions**

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Numbe	Conversion Factor r	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	D1640	CW,	1640.000,	7.74	1.321	39.54
HSL	5.00		0	10			

#### **Hardware Setup**

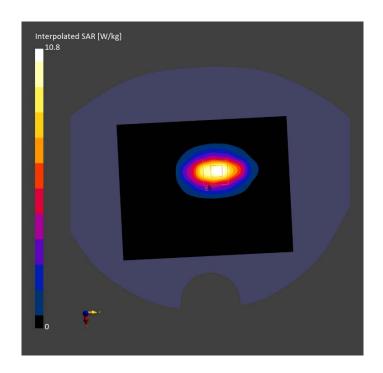
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 – SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14

- 2114

# Scan Setup Area Scan Zoom Scan Grid Extents [mm] 120.0 x 150.0 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0 Grid Steps [mm] 15.0 x 15.0 6.0 x 6.0 x 1.5 Sensor Surface 3.0 1.4

#### 6.0 x 6.0 x 1.5 1.4 [mm] Graded Grid N/A Yes **Grading Ratio** N/A 1.5 MAIA N/A N/A **Surface Detection** VMS + 6p VMS + 6p Scan Method Measured Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-24	2024-10-24
psSAR1g [W/kg]	8.75	8.72
psSAR10g [W/kg]	4.77	4.74
Power Drift [dB]	0.11	0.05
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		80.8
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.6



. 2000MHz

## **Exposure Conditions**

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Numbe	Conversion Factor er	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	D2000	CW,	2000.000,	7.71	1.36	39.38
HSL	5.00		0	50			

#### **Hardware Setup**

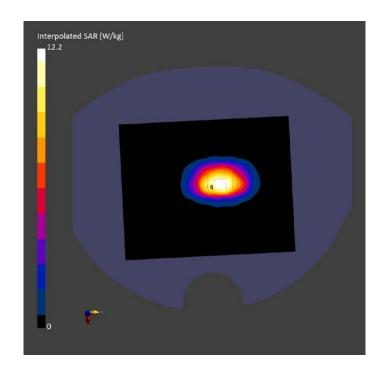
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 – SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14

- 2114

Sca	n	Se	tu	p

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 150.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	15.0 x 15.0	6.0 x 6.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	N/A	N/A
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-25	2024-10-25
psSAR1g [W/kg]	10.11	10.13
psSAR10g [W/kg]	5.23	5.25
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	0.11
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		81.0
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.2



. 2450MHz

#### **Exposure Conditions**

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Numbe	Conversion Factor er	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	D2450	CW,	2450.000,	7.37	1.767	39.59
HSL	5.00		0	50			

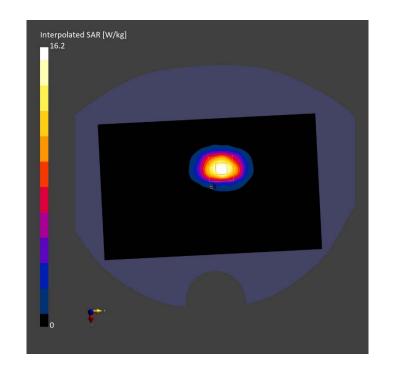
#### **Hardware Setup**

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000	EX3DV4 – SN7307, 2024-05-28	DAE4 Sn1807, 2024-05-14
- 2114			

	Scar	ı Sı	etu	p
--	------	------	-----	---

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 192.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	N/A	N/A
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-10-07	2024-10-07
psSAR1g [W/kg]	13.07	13.03
psSAR10g [W/kg]	6.15	6.12
Power Drift [dB]	0.11	-0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		79.6
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.0



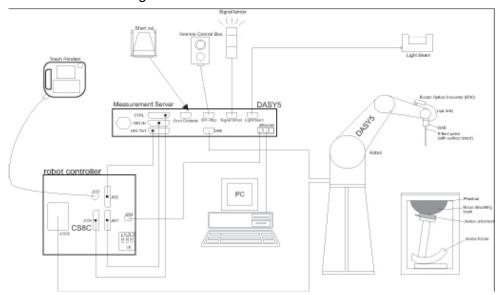




#### **ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup**

#### **C.1 Measurement Set-up**

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals
  for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of
  the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.





#### C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2<sup>nd</sup> ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

#### **Probe Specifications:**

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

**Probe Tip** 

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

# Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or





other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

#### **C.4 Other Test Equipment**

#### C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE





#### C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- ➤ Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)





**Picture C.5DASY 4** 

Picture C.6DASY 5

#### C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.









#### C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

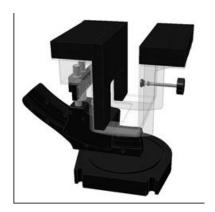
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$ =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

#### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit





#### C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special



**Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom** 

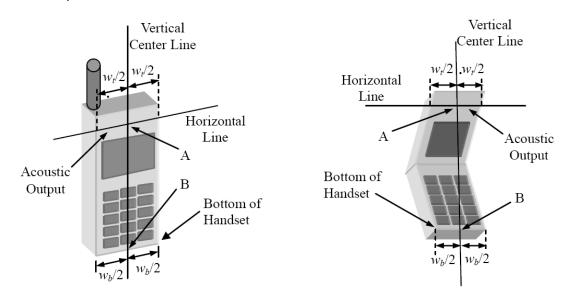




# ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

#### **D.1 General considerations**

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



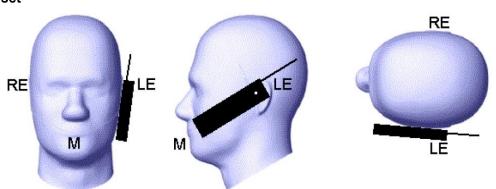
 $W_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 $W_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset

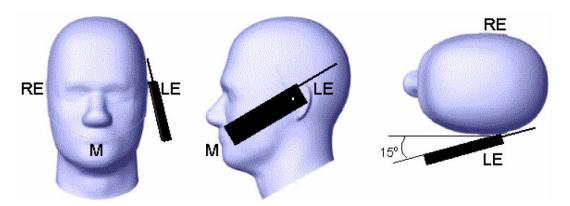
Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset 
Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



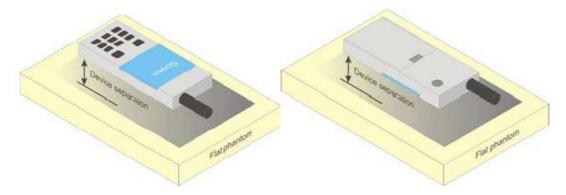




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

#### D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

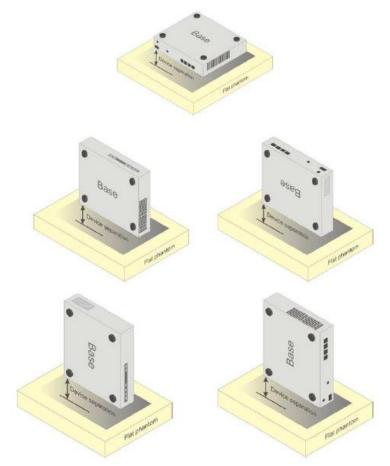
#### D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.







Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

# **D.4 DUT Setup Photos**



Picture D.6





# **ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes**

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

Frequency		•	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800					
	835Head	835Body											
(MHz)		,	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body					
Ingredients (% by	Ingredients (% by weight)												
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53					
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\					
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\					
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\					
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\					
Glycol	,	,	44.450	00.00	44.45	07.00	,	,					
Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	١	١					
Diethylenglycol	,	,	,	,	,	,	47.04	47.04					
monohexylether	\	\	\	\	١	\	17.24	17.24					
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24					
Dielectric	44.5	55.0	40.0	50.0	00.0	50.7	05.0	40.0					
Parameters	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	ε=52.7	ε=35.3	ε=48.2					
	σ=0.90	σ=0.97	$\sigma$ =1.40	$\sigma$ =1.52	σ=1.80	σ=1.95	σ=5.27	σ=6.00					
Target Value													

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.





# **ANNEX F System Validation**

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

**Table F.1: System Validation for 7307** 

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7307	H650-7000M	July 8,2024	750 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 8,2024	900 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 8,2024	1450 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 8,2024	1640 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 10,2024	1750 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 10,2024	1900 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 10,2024	2000 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 10,2024	2100 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 11,2024	2300 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 11,2024	2450 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 11,2024	2600 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 12,2024	3500 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 12,2024	3700 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 12,2024	3900 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 13,2024	5250 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 13,2024	5600 MHz	OK
7307	H650-7000M	July 13,2024	5800 MHz	OK





#### **ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate**

#### 7307 Calibration Certificate

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

lac MRA



S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL Beijing Certificate No.

EX-7307\_May24

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7307

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

May 28, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660_Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by Joanna Lleshaj Laboratory Technician

Approved by Sven Kühn Technical Manager S Issued: May 28, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Ilac-MRA



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below CornE).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
  calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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May 28, 2024 EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	0.45	0.58	0.61	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	100.7	100.1	101.2	±4.7%

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	$dB\sqrt{\mu V}$	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> <i>k</i> = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	142.9	±1.3%	±4.7%
U		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		137.9		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		138.4		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.75	62.21	7.64	10.00	60.0	±0.5%	±9.6%
.0002	(====,	Y	10.43	81.49	16.53	1	60.0		
		Z	1.85	61.94	7.75		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.92	60.67	5.90	6.99	80.0	±0.7%	±9.6%
.0000	, 5.65	Y	20.00	89.36	17.75	1	80.0		
		Z	1.16	60.77	6.44	1	80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.45	60.00	4.81	3.98	95.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
10001	1 4100 1141010111 (2011)	Y	20.00	92.73	17.98		95.0		
		Z	0.66	60.28	5.69	1	95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.26	60.00	4.61	2.22	120.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
10000	Tales travelerin (assum, estal)	Y	20.00	97.22	18.90		120.0		
		Z	0.59	62.61	6.64	1	120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.61	66.77	14.90	1.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
10007		Y	1.54	65.17	14.14	1	150.0		
		Z	1.74	67.64	15.79	1	150.0	1	
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.12	67.57	15.54	0.00	150.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	2.04	66.54	14.90	1	150.0	1	
		Z	2.27	68.72	16.31	1	150.0	1	
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.29	68.07	17.72	3.01	150.0	±0.6%	±9.6%
		Y	2.56	68.91	18.03	1	150.0	1	
		Z	2.32	67.85	17.90	1	150.0	1	
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.32	66.35	15.37	0.00	150.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
	same same publication of the some con-	Y	3.42	66.56	15.40	1	150.0	1	
		Z	3.52	67.36	16.01	1	150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.61	65.23	15.27	0.00	150.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
	the state of the s	Y	4.78	65.47	15.38	1	150.0	1	
		Z	4.80	65.75	15.64	1	150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 to 7).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





# Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	${\color{red} \alpha \atop V^{-1}}$	T1 ms V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>−1</sup>	Т6
x	34.1	251.01	34.53	5.42	0.00	4.91	1.25	0.00	1.00
v	39.5	295.05	35.42	6.75	0.00	5.03	1.40	0.09	1.01
z	39.4	289.83	34.73	13.98	0.00	4.92	0.69	0.15	1.01

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	19.8°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an Area Scan job.

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#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
13	55.0	0.75	18.54	18.54	18.54	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
64	54.2	0.75	13.53	13.53	13.53	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
150	52.3	0.76	12.55	12.55	12.55	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
300	45.3	0.87	11.64	11.64	11.64	0.09	1.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	11.04	11.04	11.04	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	9.25	9.17	10.18	0.40	1.27	±11.0%
835	41.5	0.90	9.48	9.40	10.00	0.40	1.27	±11.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.88	8.58	9.34	0.39	1.27	±11.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	7.92	7.77	8.52	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
1640	40.2	1.31	7.74	7.72	8.51	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.90	7.90	8.54	0.27	1.27	±11.0%
1810	40.0	1.40	7.91	7.85	8.53	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.62	7.62	8.28	0.29	1.27	±11.0%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.71	7.65	8.27	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
2100	39.8	1.49	7.81	7.75	8.42	0.31	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.65	7.63	8.26	0.32	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.37	7.34	7.95	0.32	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.22	7.19	7.78	0.31	1.27	±11.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.56	6.53	7.06	0.36	1.27	±13.1%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.39	6.41	6.91	0.37	1.27	±13.1%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.21	6.24	6.72	0.37	1.27	±13.1%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.49	6.55	7.02	0.39	1.27	±13.19
4100	37.2	3.53	6.31	6.38	6.85	0.37	1.27	±13.19
4200	37.1	3.63	6.21	6.28	6.74	0.39	1.27	±13.19
4400	36.9	3.84	6.20	6.29	6.74	0.40	1.27	±13.19
4600	36.7	4.04	6.10	6.20	6.65	0.39	1.27	±13.19
4800	36.4	4.25	6.13	6.20	6.65	0.40	1.27	±13.19
4950	36.3	4.40	5.72	5.80	6.28	0.41	1.36	±13.19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

H The selection of the properties of the properties of the uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty.

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H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. Therefore, The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.





#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
5200	36.0	4.66	5.45	5.57	5.96	0.40	1.51	±13.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.37	5.49	5.89	0.40	1.53	±13.1%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.23	5.36	5.76	0.41	1.55	±13.1%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.73	4.82	5.17	0.46	1.59	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.66	4.74	5.05	0.40	1.75	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.69	4.76	5.08	0.41	1.84	±13.1%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.59	4.64	4.96	0.41	1.87	±13.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

H The attend uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (*k* = 2) of Norm-ConvE. The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty.

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H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. Therefore, The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.





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#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7307

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.54	5.64	6.08	0.20	1.27	±18.6%
7000	33.9	6.65	5.63	5.74	6.16	0.20	2.00	±18.6%
9000	31.6	9.08	5.16	5.23	5.57	0.45	1.60	±18.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is –600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than ±10% from the target values (typically better than ±6%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10%.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

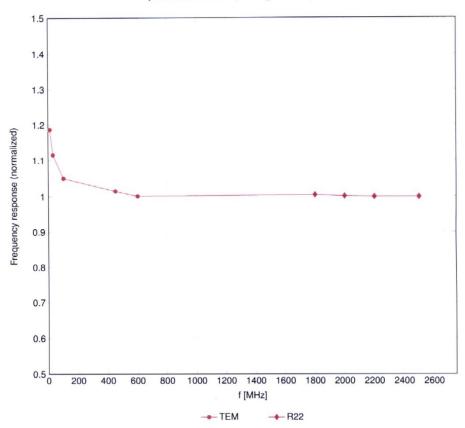
H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. Therefore, The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.





#### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

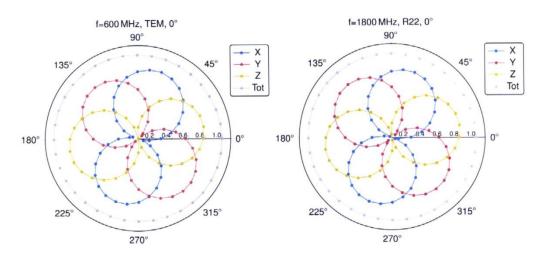
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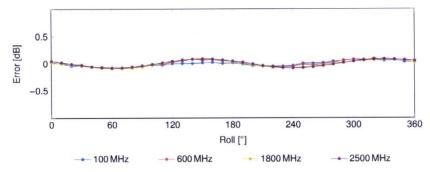
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### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

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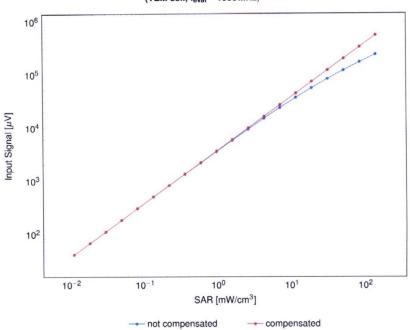
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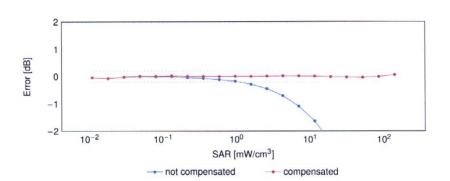




#### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)







Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

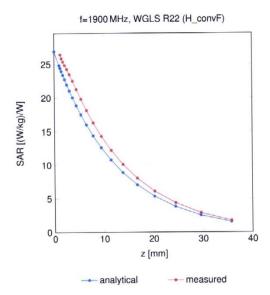
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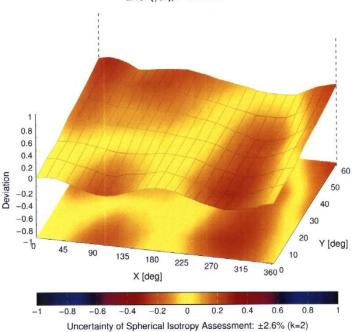


#### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



#### **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

Error ( $\phi$ , $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



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# Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	1101	CW	CW	0.00	±4.7
0010	CAB	SAR Validation (Square, 100 ms, 10 ms)	Test	10.00	±9.6
0011	CAC	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	±9.6
0012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	±9.6
0012	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	±9.6
0021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	±9.6
	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	±9.6
0023	1000000	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	6.56	±9.6
0024	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	±9.6
0025	DAC		GSM	9.55	±9.6
0026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	4.80	±9.6
0027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	3.55	±9.6
0028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	7.78	+9.6
0029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	Bluetooth	5.30	±9.6
0030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	1.87	±9.6
0031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)		1.16	±9.6
0032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	7.74	±9.6
0033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth		
0034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	±9.6
0035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	±9.6
0036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	±9.6
0037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	±9.6
0038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	±9.6
0039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	±9.6
0042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	±9.6
0044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	±9.6
0048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	±9.6
0049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	±9.6
0056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	±9.6
0058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	±9.6
0059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	±9.6
0060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	±9.6
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	±9.6
10062	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	±9.6
10063	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/n WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	±9.6
10064	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	±9.6
10065	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	±9.6
10066	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	±9.6
10067	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	±9.6
10068	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	±9.6
10069	CAE	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	±9.6
10003	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	±9.6
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	±9.6
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	±9.6
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WIFI 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 16 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	±9.6
		IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	+9.6
10075	CAB		WLAN	10.77	±9.6
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)			
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	±9.6
0081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	±9.6
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	±9.6
0090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	±9.6
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
0098	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	±9.6
0099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	±9.6
0100	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	±9.6
0101	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	±9.6
0102	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10103		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	±9.6
10104	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	±9.6
10105	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	±9.6
10108	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	±9.6
10109	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10110	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
10111	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	±9.6

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10112	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	±9.6
10113	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10114	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
10115	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	±9.6
10116	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	±9.6
10117	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	±9.6
10118	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	±9.6
10119	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10140	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10141	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	±9.6
10142	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10143	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	±9.6
10144	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	±9.6
10145	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	±9.6
10146	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	±9.6
10147	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	±9.6
10149	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	±9.6
10150	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10151	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	±9.6
10152	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	±9.6
10153	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	±9.6
10154	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	±9.6
10155	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10156	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	±9.6
10157	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10158	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	±9.6
10159	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	±9.6
10160	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	±9.6
10161	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	±9.6
10162	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	±9.6
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	±9.6
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	±9.6
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	±9.6
10169	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10170	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10171	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	±9.6
10172	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10173	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10174	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
10175	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10176	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10177	CAJ	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10178	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10179	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10180	CAH	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
10181	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
10182	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)  LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10183	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)  LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10184		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.51	±9.6
10185	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10186	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	5.73	±9.6
10187		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	±9.6
			LTE-FDD	6.50	±9.6
10189		LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)  IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	±9.6
10193		IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	±9.6
	_	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	±9.6
10 195 10 196		IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.10	±9.6
10196		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 9.5 Mbps, BF-SK)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10197		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mops, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
10198		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 95 Mipps, 64-CAM)	WLAN	8.03	±9.6
10219		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Midps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	±9.6
10221		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mixps, 10-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	±9.6
1000		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Misps, 04-Grill)	WLAN	8.06	±9.6
10222	CAF				
10222 10223		IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	±9.6

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10225	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	±9.6
10226	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	±9.6
10227	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	±9.6
	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	±9.6
10228		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10229	CAE		LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10230	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.19	±9.6
10231	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10232	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)		10.25	±9.6
10233	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD		
10234	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10235	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10236	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10237	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10238	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	±9.6
10239	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	±9.6
10240	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	±9.6
10241	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	±9.6
10242	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	±9.6
	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	±9.6
10243		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10244	CAE		LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10245	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.30	±9.6
10246	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.91	±9.6
10247	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)			
10248	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	±9.6
10249	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	±9.6
10250	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	±9.6
10251	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	±9.6
10252	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	±9.6
10253	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	±9.6
10254	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	±9.6
10255	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	±9.6
10256	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	±9.6
10257	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	±9.6
10258	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	±9.6
10259	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	±9.6
	CAE		LTE-TDD	9.97	±9.6
10260		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.24	±9.6
10261	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)		9.83	±9.6
10262	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD		
10263	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	±9.6
10264	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	±9.6
10265	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	±9.6
10266	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	±9.6
10267	CAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	±9.6
10268	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	±9.6
10269	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	±9.6
10270		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	±9.6
10274	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	±9.6
10275	_	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	±9.6
10277		PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	±9.6
10278		PHS (QPSK, BW 884 MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	±9.6
	_	PHS (QPSK, BW 884 MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	±9.6
10279			CDMA2000	3.91	±9.6
10290	_	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	±9.6
10291	_	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate		_	_
10292	_	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	±9.6
10293		CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	±9.6
10295		CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	±9.6
10297	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	±9.6
10298	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	±9.6
10299	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	±9.6
10300	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	±9.6
10301	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	±9.6
10302	_	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	WiMAX	12.57	±9.6
		IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (31:15, 5 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	±9.6
10303	1 000			_	_
10303	ΔΔΔ	I IEEE 802 16e WIMAX (29:18 5 ms 10 MHz 640AM PUSC)	WIMAX	11.86	+54.65
10303 10304 10305		IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC) IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	WiMAX	11.86 15.24	±9.6

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10307	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.49	±9.6
10308	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	±9.6
10309	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.58	±9.6
10310	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10 ms, 10 MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.57	±9.6
10311	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	±9.6
10313	AAA	iDEN 1:3	IDEN	10.51	±9.6
10314	AAA	IDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	±9.6
10315	AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.71	±9.6
10316	AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10317	AAE	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	±9.6
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	±9.6
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	±9.6
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	±9.6
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	±9.6
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	±9.6
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	±9.6
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	±9.6
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	±9.6
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	±9.6
10400	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	±9.6
10401	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	±9.6
10402	AAF	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.53	±9.6
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	±9.6
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	±9.6
10404	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	±9.6
10410	AAH	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9, Subframe Conf=4)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	Generic	8.54	±9.6
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.54	±9.6
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	±9.6
10417	AAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	±9.6
10417	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	WLAN	8.14	±9.6
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preambule)	WLAN	8.19	±9.6
10413	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	±9.6
10423	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	±9.6
10424	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	±9.6
10425	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	±9.6
10425	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	±9.6
10427	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	±9.6
10427	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	±9.6
10431	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	±9.6
10432	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	±9.6
10433	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	±9.6
10434	AAB	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	±9.6
10435	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10447	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	±9.6
10448	AAE	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clippin 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	±9.6
10449	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	±9.6
10443	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	±9.6
10451	AAB	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.59	±9.6
10453	AAE	Validation (Square, 10 ms, 1 ms)	Test	10.00	±9.6
10456	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160 MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.63	±9.6
10457	AAB	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	±9.6
10458	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	±9.6
10459	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	±9.6
10459	AAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	WCDMA	2.39	±9.6
10461	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10462	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.30	±9.6
10463	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	±9.6
10464	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
10465	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	±9.6
10466	AAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	±9.6
10467	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	±9.6
1040/	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	±9.6
10.469					
10468		LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA 1 RR 5 MHz 64-OAM LIL Subframe=2.3.4.7.8.9)	I LTE-TDD	8.56	+9.5
10468 10469 10470	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9) LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56 7.82	±9.6

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