



3900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTTL (Auden) Certificate No: D3900V2-1024_Jul22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D3900V2 - SN:1024 Object QA CAL-22.v6 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz July 01, 2022 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Primary Standards 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) Apr-23 SN: 104778 Power meter NRP Apr-23 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525) Apr-23 SN: 103245 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Apr-23 SN: BH9394 (20k) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527) Reference 20 dB Attenuator 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528) Apr-23 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 310982 / 06327 Mar-23 SN: 3503 08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22) Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 601 02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22) May-23 DAE4 Scheduled Check ID# Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 SN: GB39512475 Power meter E4419B In house check: Oct-22 Power sensor HP 8481A SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) Power sensor HP 8481A In house check: Oct-22 SN: MY41093315 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) In house check: Oct-22 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 100972 In house check: Oct-22 SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A Function Signature Name Laboratory Technician Joanna Lleshaj Calibrated by: Technical Manager Sven Kühn Approved by: Issued: July 11, 2022

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This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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Glossary:

TSL ConvF tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3900 MHz ± 1 MHz 4000 MHz ± 1 MHz 4100 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 3900 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.5	3.32 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.7 ± 6 %	3.24 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 3900 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.96 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	69.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 4000 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.4	3.43 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.6 ± 6 %	3.33 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 4000 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	68.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 4100 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.2	3.53 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.5 ± 6 %	3.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 4100 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	68.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3900 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 $Ω$ - 6.6 j $Ω$	
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 4000 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 4100 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.8 Ω - 1.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 20.8 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.107 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Warrandotal od by	

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 01.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3900 MHz; Type: D3900V2; Serial: D3900V2 - SN:1024

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3900 MHz, Frequency: 4000 MHz, Frequency: 4100

MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 3900 MHz; σ = 3.24 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 4000 MHz; σ = 3.33 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 4100 MHz; σ = 3.41 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39) @ 3900 MHz, ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39) @ 4000 MHz, ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26) @ 4100 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3900MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=4000MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=4100MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



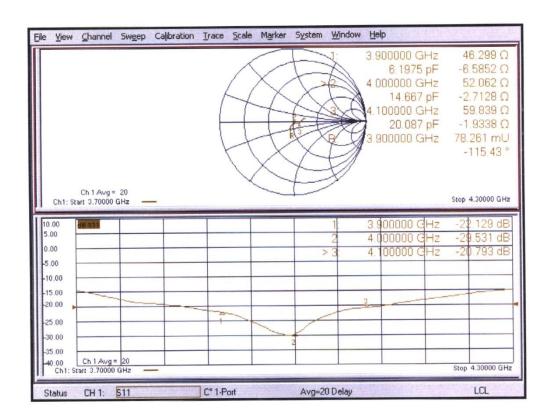
0 dB = 13.9 W/kg = 11.43 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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ANNEX I SAR Sensor Triggering Data Summary

	SENSOR-5
Direction	Distance-mm
воттом	NA
FRONT SIDE	16
BACK SIDE	15
TOP	NA
LEFT SIDE	22
RIGHT SIDE	NA

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for some positions. The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for front, rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom (determined from these triggering tests according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at maximum output power without power reduction. These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom, with reduced power.





ANT2/5:

Front

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11									11		
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21									21		
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10									10		
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

Moving device away from the phantom:

(((D) ((C) () () ()											
sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20										20	
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

Left Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17									17		
Main antenna	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near

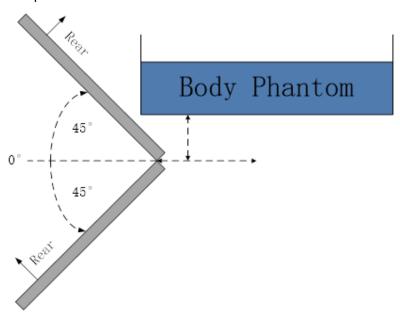
Moving device away from the phantom:

sensor near or far(KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm] 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27										27	
Main antenna	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Near	Far	Far	Far	Far	Far

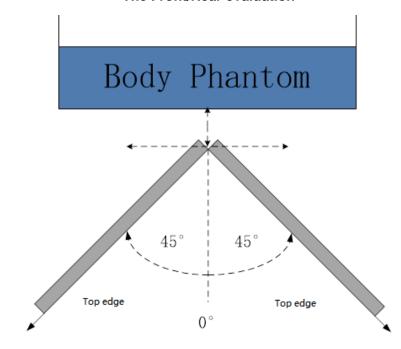




Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distanceby rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ or more from the vertical position at 0° .

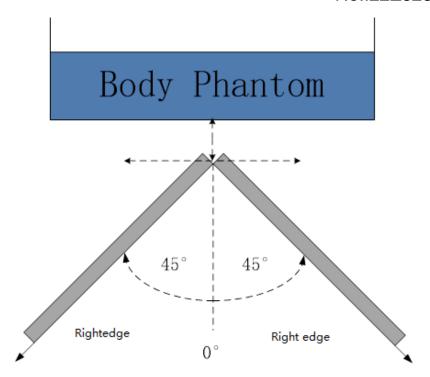


The Front/Rear evaluation



The Bottom/Top edge evaluation





The Left/Right edge evaluation

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the $\pm 45^{\circ}$ range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.





ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2022-10-01 through 2023-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program