

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02

Applicant : HMD Global Oy

Address : Bertel Jungin aukio 9,02600 Espoo,Finland

Manufacturer : HMD Global Oy

Address : Bertel Jungin aukio 9,02600 Espoo,Finland

Product : Tablet PC

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1472

Brand : NOKIA

Model No. : TA-1472

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 / KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

KDB 447498 D04 v01 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r02

Sample Received Date : May. 10, 2022

Date of Testing : Jun. 01, 2022 ~ Jun. 07, 2022

FCC Designation No. : CN1171 FCC Site Registration No. : 525120

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD.**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

Prepared By:

Jerry Chen / Engineer

Approved By:

uke Lu / Manager





This report is governed by, and incorporates by reference, CPS Conditions of Service as posted at the date of issuance of this report at <a href="http://www.bureauveritas.com/home/about-us/our-business/cps/about-us/terms-conditions/and">http://www.bureauveritas.com/home/about-us/our-business/cps/about-us/terms-conditions/and</a> is intended for your exclusive use. Any copying or replication of this report to or for any other person or entity, or use of our name or trademark, is permitted only with our prior written permission. This report sets forth our findings solely with respect to the test samples identified herein. The results set forth in this report are not indicative or representative of the quality or characteristics of the lot from which a test sample was taken or any similar or identical product unless specifically and expressly noted. Our report includes all of the tests requested by you and the results thereof based upon the information that you provided to us. Measurement uncertainty is only provided upon request for accredited tests. You have 60 days from date of issuance of this report to notify us of any material error or omission caused by our negligence or if you require measurement uncertainty; provided, however, that such notice shall be in writing and shall specifically address the issue you wish to raise. A failure to raise such issue within the prescribed time shall constitute you unqualified acceptance of the completeness of this report, the tests conducted and the correctness of the report contents.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 1 of 45
Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



Page No.

: 2 of 45

Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022

# **Table of Contents**

кe	iease (	Jontrol Record				
1.	I. Summary of Maximum SAR Value					
2.	Desc	ription of Equipment Under Test				
3.		Measurement System				
٠.	3.1	Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)				
	3.2	SPEAG DASY System	6			
	O. <u>_</u>	3.2.1 Robot				
		3.2.2 Probes				
		3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)				
		3.2.4 Phantoms				
		3.2.5 Device Holder				
		3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles				
		3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids				
	3.3	SAR System Verification				
	3.4	SAR Measurement Procedure				
		3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure	14			
		3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure				
		3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring				
		3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation				
		3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods	15			
4.	3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods  SAR Measurement Evaluation  4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting		16			
	4.1	EUT Configuration and Setting	16			
	4.2	EUT Testing Position	26			
		4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions	26			
		4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations	27			
		4.2.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities	28			
	4.3	Tissue Verification				
	4.4	System Verification				
	4.5	Maximum Output Power				
		4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power				
		4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result				
	4.6	SAR Testing Results				
		4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations	38			
		4.6.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)	39			
		4.6.3 SAR Measurement Variability				
		4.6.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation	4′			
		ration of Test Equipment				
6.		surement Uncertainty				
7	Infor	mation on the Testing Laboratories	4			

Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup



# **Release Control Record**

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
W7L-P22050003SA02	Initial release	Jun. 16, 2022
		_

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 3 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



# 1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR₁g (W/kg)	
DTS	2.4G WLAN	1.01	
	5.2G WLAN	N/A	
NII	5.3G WLAN	<mark>1.19</mark>	
INII	5.6G WLAN	1.18	
	5.8G WLAN	1.17	
DSS Bluetooth		0.24	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		1.43	

### Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR<sub>1g</sub> 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR<sub>10g</sub> 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 4 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Tablet PC
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-1472
Brand Name	NOKIA
Model Name	TA-1472
HW Version	V0.2
SW Version	00WW_0_190
Tx Frequency Bands	WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5720, 5745 ~ 5825
(Unit: MHz)	Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
	802.11b : DSSS
	802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM
	Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.5.1of this report.
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

#### Note:

- 1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.
- 2. For WLAN, when the p-sensor is detect close to the body sate, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power. Proximity sensor triggering distances please refer to section 4.1 in this report.
- 3. According to the product equivalence statement provided by the manufacturer, sample 1/2 the only difference is the LCD. Therefore, sample 1 was full test, sample 2 verify the worst case.

### **List of Accessory:**

	Manufacturer	China display Optoelectronics Technology (Huizhou) Company Limited
LCD 1	Brand Name	Huaxian
LCD I	Model Name	8019-3
	Spec.	LCD, 8",800 * 1280, Add-on,α- Si, Non-airgap, A3
	Manufacturer	CHONG QIAN COE DISPLAY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
LCD 2	Brand Name	COE
LCD 2	Model Name	T080ET011-HD1-QT
	Spec.	LCD, 8",800 * 1280

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 5 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 3. SAR Measurement System

## 3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 6 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



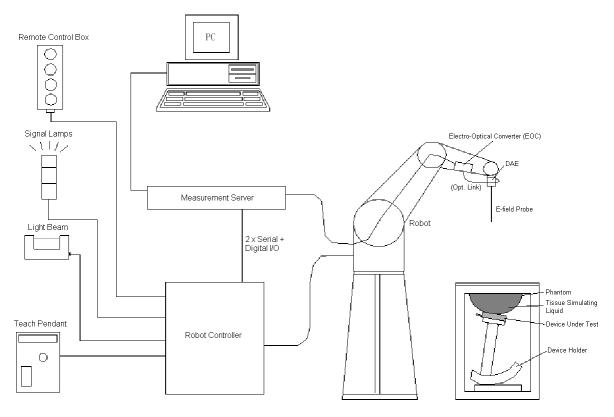


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

#### 3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 7 of 45

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### 3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	/
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	1
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	M
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AND
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

## 3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3. DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	P COLUMN
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 8 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Shell Thickness $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)		
Dimensions  Length: 1000 mm  Width: 500 mm  Height: adjustable feet		
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters



 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 9 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	-
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

## 3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	11
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

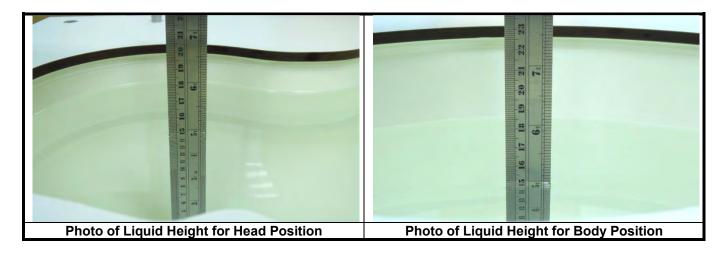
 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 10 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 11 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

**Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	ı	0.3	-	ı	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	ı	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

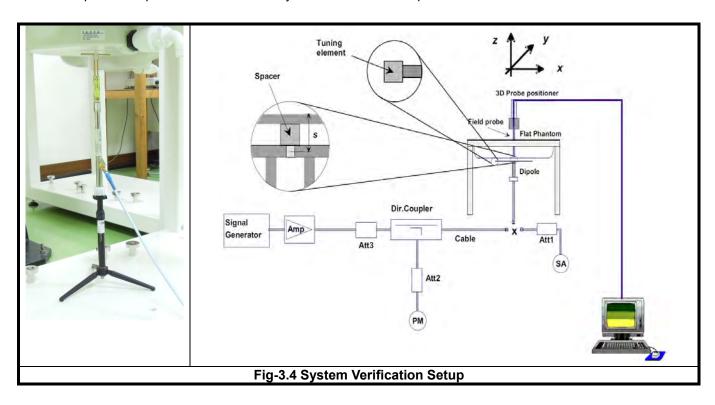
 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 12 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### 3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 13 of 45
Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### 3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

#### 3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

#### Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of  $\Delta x / \Delta y$  (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

#### 3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 14 of 45

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

#### 3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 15 of 45

Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

## 4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

#### <Considerations Related to Proximity Sensor>

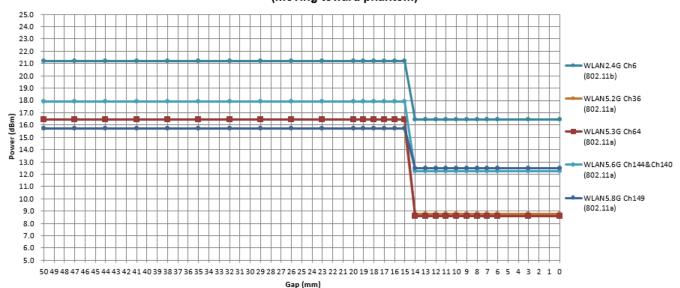
The device supports WLAN, and Bluetooth capabilities. It is designed with three proximity sensor which can trigger/not trigger power reduction for WLAN on Rear Face Left Side and Top Side of EUT for SAR compliance. Others RF capability (Bluetooth) have no power reduction. The power levels for all wireless technologies and the power reduction please refer to section 4.5 of this report.

#### Proximity Sensor Triggering Distances (KDB 616217 D04 §6.2)

The proximity sensor triggering distance was determined per KDB 616217 for rear face and applicable edge. Summary for power verification per distance was tabulated in the below table.

	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Rear Face														
	(moving toward phantom)														
Distance (mm)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				
WLAN5.8G Ch149 (802.11a)	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				





 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 16 of 45

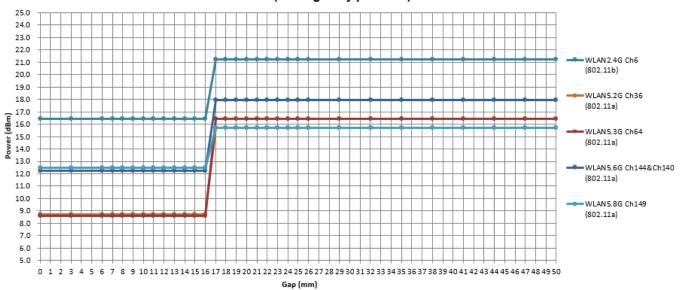
 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Rear Face														
	(moving away phantom)														
Distance (mm)	11	12	13	14	16	17	18	19	20	21	22				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				
WLAN5.8G Ch149 (802.11a)	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				

#### Rear Face (moving away phantom)



	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Left Side (moving toward phantom)														
Distance (mm)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				

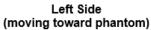
 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 17 of 45

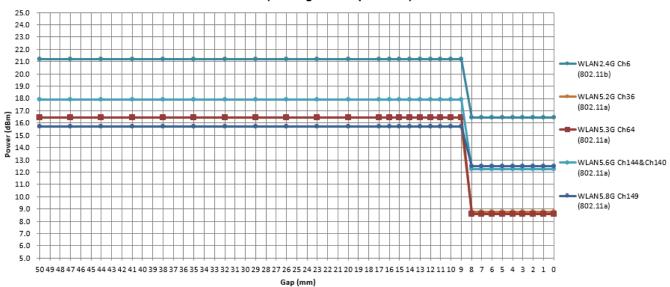
 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022



## **FCC SAR Test Report**

ľ	WLAN5.8G Ch149	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15 72	15 72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72
	(802.11a)	12.10	12.10	12.10	12.10	12.10	13.72	15.72	13.72	13.72	13.72	15.72





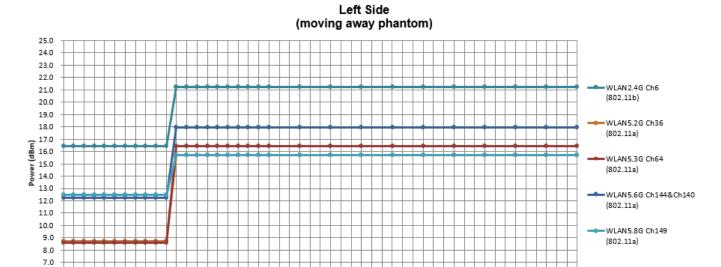
	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Left Side														
	(moving away phantom)														
Distance (mm)	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				
WLAN5.8G Ch149 (802.11a)	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 18 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022

6.0





0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 101112131415161718192021223242526272829303132333435363738394041424344454647484950 Gap (mm)

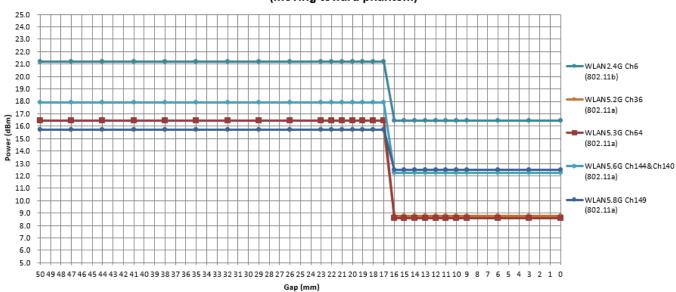
	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Top Side (moving toward phantom)														
Distance (mm)	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				
WLAN5.8G Ch149 (802.11a)	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 19 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022





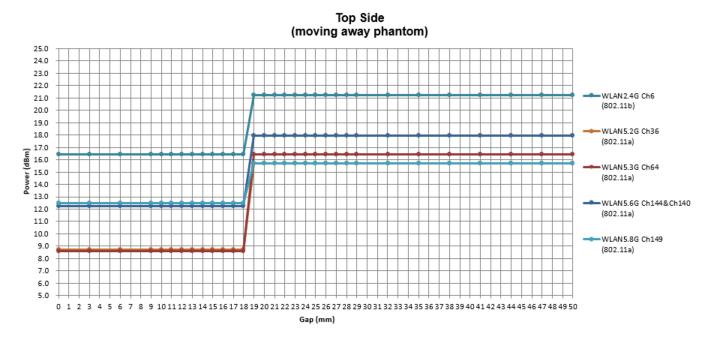


	Output Power Verification in dBm for EUT Top Side (moving away phantom)														
Distance (mm)	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24				
WLAN2.4G Ch6 (802.11b)	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	16.44	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22	21.22				
WLAN5.2G Ch36 (802.11a)	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				
WLAN5.3G Ch64 (802.11a)	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42	16.42				
WLAN5.6G Ch144&Ch140 (802.11a)	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.25	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92	17.92				
WLAN5.8G Ch149 (802.11a)	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	12.46	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72	15.72				

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 20 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022





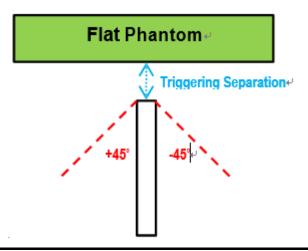
### Proximity Sensor Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 §6.3)

Since the proximity sensor is collocated with antenna in one component, the procedure for proximity sensor coverage is not required.

## Proximity Sensor Tilt Angle Influences(KDB 616217 D04 §6.4)

The proximity sensor tilt angle influence was determined per KDB 616217 for applicable edge. Summary for proximity sensor tilt angle influence is shown in below.

	Separation					T	ilt Angl	е				
Orientation	Distance (mm)	-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°
Left Side	8	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On
Top Side	16	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On



Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 21 of 45

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





#### **Summary for Proximity Sensor Triggering Test**

According to the procedures noticed in KDB 616217 D04,

The WLAN for proximity sensor triggering distance is 14 mm for EUT Rear Face, 8mm for Left Side and 16 mm for Top Side. The separation distance of 8 mm / 16mm determined by the smallest triggering distance on Left Side / Top Side is used to access the tilt angle influence and the sensor does not release during ±45 degree. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 8 mm for the Left Side and 16mm for the Top Side. The conservation triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor trigger / not triggered as EUT with power reduction at 0 mm, and EUT without power reduction at 13 mm for EUT Rear Face, 7mm for Left Side and 15 mm for Top Side were used to test SAR.

The power reduction is depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled or disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

WLAN Proximity Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)					
Position Rear Face Left Side Top Side					
Minimum	14	8	16		

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 22 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### <Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

#### **Initial Test Configuration**

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

### **Subsequent Test Configuration**

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

#### **SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection**

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 23 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### **FCC SAR Test Report**

2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

#### Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

#### <Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

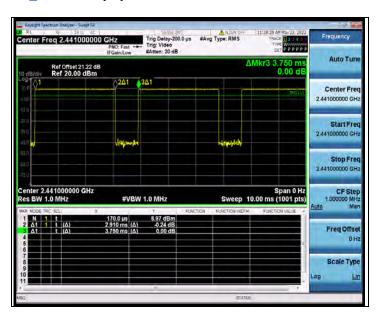
 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 24 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## <BT Duty Cycle of Test Signal>

**BT\_GFSK:** Duty cycle = 2.910 / 3.750 = 0.776



 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 25 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022



## 4.2 EUT Testing Position

#### 4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For full-size tablet, according to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

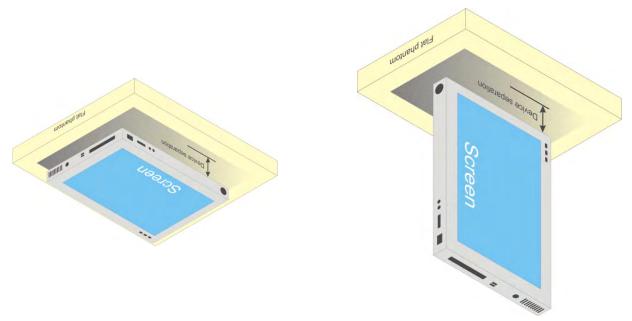


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 26 of 45

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D04, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following.

$$P_{\text{th}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

where

$$\chi = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{\text{ERP}_{20}\,\text{cm}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

	Wireless Interface	ВТ	BLE	WLAN2.4G	WLAN5G
Exposure Position	Calculated Frequency	2480MHz	2480MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz
Position	Maximum power (dBm)	10.5	4	22	18
	Maximum rated power(mW)	11.0	3.0	158.0	63.0
	Separation distance(mm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rear Face	exclusion threshold	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0
	Testing required?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Top Side	exclusion threshold	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0
	Testing required?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
Right Side	exclusion threshold	309.0	309.0	309.0	247.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	191.0	191.0	191.0	191.0
Bottom Side	exclusion threshold	2803.0	2803.0	2803.0	2779.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Left Side	exclusion threshold	25.0	25.0	25.0	16.0
	Testing required?	No	No	Yes	Yes

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 27 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 4.2.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Body Exposure Condition
1	WLAN2.4G + BT	Yes
2	WLAN5G + BT	Yes

## 4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jun. 01, 2022	Head	2450	22.6	1.781	37.808	1.80	39.20	-1.06	-3.55
Jun. 02, 2022	Head	5250	22.4	4.620	37.191	4.71	35.90	-1.91	3.60
Jun. 06, 2022	Head	5600	22.7	5.027	36.766	5.07	35.50	-0.85	3.57
Jun. 07, 2022	Head	5800	22.3	5.330	36.615	5.27	35.30	1.14	3.73

#### Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within  $\pm 2$  °C.

## 4.4 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jun. 01, 2022	Head	2450	53.60	12.90	51.60	-3.73	893	3873	1389
Jun. 02, 2022	Head	5250	76.90	7.11	71.10	-7.54	1133	3873	1389
Jun. 06, 2022	Head	5600	81.20	7.76	77.60	-4.43	1133	3873	1389
Jun. 07, 2022	Head	5800	78.00	7.18	71.80	-7.95	1133	3873	1389

#### Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 28 of 45

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## 4.5 Maximum Output Power

## 4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

	WLAN2.4G				
Mode	Channel	Full	Reduced		
	Channel	Power	Power		
	1	20.00	15.00		
802.11b	6	22.00	17.00		
	11	21.00	16.00		
	1	17.00	13.00		
802.11g	6	20.00	16.00		
	11	18.00	14.00		
	1	16.00	12.00		
802.11n20	6	19.00	15.00		
	11	17.00	13.00		
802.11n40	3	17.00	13.00		
	6	19.00	15.00		
	9	16.00	13.00		

	WLAN5.2G				
Mode	Chamal	Full	Reduced		
	Channel	Power	Power		
	36	17.00	9.00		
802.11a	40	16.00	9.00		
002.11a	44	17.00	9.00		
	48	16.00	9.00		
	36	16.00	8.50		
802.11n20	40	16.00	8.50		
002.111120	44	16.00	8.50		
	48	16.00	8.50		
802.11n40	38	14.00	8.00		
002.111140	46	15.00	8.00		
	36	16.00	8.50		
802.11ac20	40	16.00	8.50		
002.11ac20	44	16.00	8.50		
	48	16.00	8.50		
802.11ac40	38	14.00	8.00		
002.11d0 <del>4</del> 0	46	15.00	8.00		
802.11ac80	42	12.00	8.00		

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 29 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





		WLAN5.3G	
Mode	Ob accept	Full	Reduced
	Channel	Power	Power
	52	17.00	9.00
802.11a	56	16.00	9.00
602.11a	60	17.00	9.00
	64	17.00	9.00
	52	16.00	8.50
802.11n20	56	16.00	8.50
802.111120	60	16.00	8.50
	64	16.00	8.50
802.11n40	54	15.00	8.00
802.111140	62	15.00	8.00
	52	16.00	8.50
802.11ac20	56	16.00	8.50
602.11ac20	60	16.00	8.50
	64	16.00	8.50
802.11ac40	54	15.00	8.00
602.11a040	62	15.00	8.00
802.11ac80	58	15.00	8.00

	WLAN5.6G					
Mode	Channal	Full	Reduced			
	Channel	Power	Power			
	100	18.00	12.00			
	116	18.50	13.00			
802.11a	124	18.50	13.00			
602.11a	132	18.50	13.00			
	140	18.50	13.00			
	144	18.50	13.00			
	100	17.00	11.50			
	116	17.50	12.50			
802.11n20	124	17.50	12.50			
602.111120	132	17.50	12.50			
	140	17.50	12.50			
	144	17.50	12.50			
	102	16.50	11.00			
	110	17.00	12.00			
802.11n40	126	17.00	12.00			
	134	17.00	12.00			
	142	17.00	12.00			
	100	17.00	11.50			
	116	18.00	12.50			
802.11ac20	124	18.00	12.50			
602.11aC20	132	18.00	12.50			
	140	18.00	12.50			
	144	18.00	12.50			
	102	17.00	11.00			
	110	17.50	12.00			
802.11ac40	126	17.50	12.00			
	134	17.50	12.00			
	142	17.50	12.00			
	106	16.50	10.50			
802.11ac80	122	17.50	11.50			
	138	17.50	11.50			

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 30 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022



## FCC SAR Test Report

		WLAN5.8G				
Mode	Channel	Full	Reduced			
	Channel	Power	Power			
	149	16.50	13.00			
802.11a	157	16.50	13.00			
	165	16.50	13.00			
	149	16.00	12.50			
802.11n20	157	16.00	12.50			
	165	16.00	12.50			
802.11n40	151	16.00	12.50			
002.1111 <del>4</del> 0	159	16.00	12.50			
	149	16.00	12.50			
802.11ac20	157	16.00	12.50			
	165	16.00	12.50			
802.11ac40	151	16.00	12.00			
002.11a0 <del>4</del> 0	159	16.00	12.00			
802.11ac80	155	15.50	12.00			

Mode	Bluetooth
BR/EDR	10.5
LE	4.0

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 31 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



### 4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

## <Full Power>

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	
		1	18.42		
	802.11b	6	21.22	99.04	
		11	19.53		
		1	15.83		
WLAN2.4G	802.11g	6	18.40	95.14	
WEARE.40		11	16.89		
		1	15.05	93.50	
	802.11n20	6	17.95		
		11	16.24		
		3	16.18		
	802.11n40	6	17.76	89.23	
		9	14.86		

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		36	15.72	
	802.11a	40	15.40	95.14
	002.11a	44	15.55	95.14
		48	14.82	
		36	15.13	
	802.11n20	40	14.72	04.00
WILANIE OC	002.111120	44	14.55	94.26
WLAN5.2G		48	14.24	
	802.11n40	38	12.18	89.23
	802.111140	46	14.04	09.23
		36	15.42	
	802.11ac20	40	14.87	94.31
	002.11ac20	44	14.61	94.31
		48	14.22	
	902 110010	38	12.09	90.22
	802.11ac40	46	13.82	89.23
	802.11ac80	42	10.35	80.56

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 32 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022





	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		52	15.42	
	802.11a	56	14.96	95.14
	002.114	60	15.40	95.14
		64	16.42	
		52	14.96	94.26
	802.11n20	56	14.47	
VALL AND SO		60	14.45	
WLAN5.3G		64	14.31	
	802.11n40	54	14.32	89.23
		62	13.93	
	802.11ac20	52	14.97	94.31
		56	14.41	
	002.118020	60	14.40	
		64	14.35	
	000 44 40	54	14.28	89.23
	802.11ac40	62	13.81	
	802.11ac80	58	13.62	80.56

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		100	16.43	
		116	17.13	
	000 110	124	17.07	95.14
	802.11a	132	17.10	95.14
		140	17.22	
		144	17.92	
		100	15.76	
		116	16.56	
	802.11n20	124	17.00	94.26
	002.111120	132	17.05	94.20
		140	16.73	
		144	17.24	
	802.11n40	102	15.46	
MILANE CO		110	15.75	
WLAN5.6G		126	15.95	89.23
		134	16.28	
		142	16.34	
		100	15.85	
		116	16.51	
	802.11ac20	124	16.55	94.31
	002.11ac20	132	16.61	94.31
		140	16.64	
		144	17.66	
		102	15.35	
		110	15.62	
	802.11ac40	126	15.90	89.23
		134	16.15	
		142	17.26	
		106	14.92	
	802.11ac80	122	15.72	80.56
		138	16.99	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 33 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



## FCC SAR Test Report

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		149	15.72	
	802.11a	157	15.31	95.14
		165	15.01	
		149	15.51	94.26
	802.11n20	157	15.55	
WLAN5.8G		165	15.26	
	802.11n40	151	15.41	89.23
		159	15.06	
	802.11ac20	149	15.83	94.31
		157	15.51	
		165	15.23	
	802.11ac40	151	15.27	89.23
		159	14.91	09.23
	802.11ac80	155	14.49	80.56

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		0	9.64	77.87
	BT GFSK	39	9.71	77.60
		78	9.04	77.60
		0	9.10	
	BT DQPSK	39	9.55	77.33
		78	8.50	
		0	9.09	
	BT 8DPSK	39	9.52	77.33
Bluetooth		78	8.48	
	BLE 1Mbps	0	2.57	
		19	3.04	87.23
		39	2.13	
		0	1.26	
	BLE 2Mbps	19	1.72	65.60
		39	0.87	
		0	2.48	
	BLE S2	19	2.98	81.28
		39	2.02	
		0	3.34	
	BLE S8	19	3.84	94.76
		39	2.88	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 34 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022



## FCC SAR Test Report

## <Reduced Power>

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		1	13.57	
	802.11b	6	16.44	99.04
		11	14.53	1
	802.11g	1	11.80	95.14
WLAN2.4G		6	14.45	
WEARE.40		11	12.92	
	802.11n20	1	11.07	93.50
		6	13.98	
		11	12.31	
	802.11n40	3	12.22	89.23
		6	13.82	
		9	11.92	

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		36	8.75	
	802.11a	40	8.21	95.14
	002.11a	44	8.15	95.14
		48	7.81	
		36	8.09	
	802.11n20	40	7.69	04.00
WI AND OO		44	7.31	94.26
WLAN5.2G		48	6.91	
	802.11n40	38	7.45	00.00
		46	6.65	89.23
		36	8.05	
	802.11ac20	40	7.63	04.04
		44	7.30	94.31
		48	6.81	
	902 110040	38	6.90	90.22
	802.11ac40	46	6.39	89.23
	802.11ac80	42	6.49	80.56

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 35 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		52	8.15	
	802.11a	56	8.01	95.14
	002.114	60	7.74	95.14
		64	8.59	
		52	7.64	
	802.11n20	56	7.32	94.26
WLAN5.3G		60	7.03	
WLAN5.3G		64	6.85	
	802.11n40	54	7.01	89.23
		62	6.51	
	802.11ac20	52	7.55	94.31
		56	7.22	
		60	7.01	
		64	6.81	
	802 112040	54	6.81	89.23
	802.11ac40	62	6.33	
	802.11ac80	58	6.12	80.56

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
		100	10.84	
		116	12.16	
	802.11a	124	12.11	95.14
	002.11a	132	11.86	95.14
		140	12.25	
		144	12.09	
		100	10.50	
		116	11.51	
	000 44 = 00	124	11.91	04.00
	802.11n20	132	11.81	94.26
		140	11.61	
		144	11.72	
	802.11n40	102	10.25	
14/1 ANE 00		110	10.72	89.23
WLAN5.6G		126	11.56	
		134	11.34	
		142	11.44	
		100	10.58	
		116	11.55	
		124	11.98	04.04
	802.11ac20	132	11.81	94.31
		140	11.64	
		144	11.72	
		102	10.15	
		110	10.56	
	802.11ac40	126	11.39	89.23
		134	11.22	
		142	11.29	
		106	9.90	
	802.11ac80	122	10.77	80.56
		138	10.66	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 36 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



# FCC SAR Test Report

	Mode	Channel	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	
		149	12.46		
	802.11a	157	12.13	95.14	
		165	11.82		
		149	11.92		
	802.11n20	157	11.45	94.26	
WLAN5.8G		165	11.20		
	902 11510	802.11n40	151	11.39	89.23
	002.111140	159	11.06	09.23	
		149	11.89		
	802.11ac20	157	11.40	94.31	
		165	11.23		
	802.11ac40	151	11.28	89.23	
		159	10.85	09.23	
	802.11ac80	155	10.13	80.56	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 37 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 4.6 SAR Testing Results

#### 4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

#### <KDB 447498 D04, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

#### <KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (4) For WLAN MIMO mode, the power-based standalone SAR test exclusion or the sum of SAR provision in KDB 447498 to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion should be applied. Otherwise, SAR for MIMO mode will be measured with all applicable antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 38 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





# 4.6.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Power Reduction	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
1	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	Reduced Power	1	99.04	17.0	16.44	0.07	0.883	1.01	1.14	1.01
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0	6	Reduced Power	1	99.04	17.0	16.44	0.09	0.199	1.01	1.14	0.23
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	6	Reduced Power	1	99.04	17.0	16.44	-0.09	0.017	1.01	1.14	0.02
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	1.3	6	Full Power	1	99.04	22.0	21.22	-0.18	0.307	1.01	1.20	0.37
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	0.7	6	Full Power	1	99.04	22.0	21.22	0.06	0.231	1.01	1.20	0.28
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	1.5	6	Full Power	1	99.04	22.0	21.22	-0.03	0.118	1.01	1.20	0.14
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	Reduced Power	1	99.04	16.0	14.53	0	0.654	1.01	1.40	0.93
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	Reduced Power	2	99.04	17.0	16.44	0.04	0.869	1.01	1.14	1.00
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	64	Reduced Power	1	95.14	9.0	8.59	0	0.726	1.05	1.10	0.84
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0	64	Reduced Power	1	95.14	9.0	8.59	-0.04	0.110	1.05	1.10	0.13
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	64	Reduced Power	1	95.14	9.0	8.59	0.06	0.086	1.05	1.10	0.10
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1.3	64	Full Power	1	95.14	17.0	16.42	0.08	0.193	1.05	1.14	0.23
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0.7	64	Full Power	1	95.14	17.0	16.42	-0.14	0.099	1.05	1.14	0.12
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	1.5	64	Full Power	1	95.14	17.0	16.42	0.09	0.108	1.05	1.14	0.13
2	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	52	Reduced Power	1	95.14	9.0	8.15	0	0.934	1.05	1.22	1.19
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	52	Reduced Power	2	95.14	9.0	8.15	-0.1	0.911	1.05	1.22	1.16
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	140	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.25	0	0.727	1.05	1.19	0.91
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0	140	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.25	0.01	0.103	1.05	1.19	0.13
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	140	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.25	0	0.257	1.05	1.19	0.32
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1.3	144	Full Power	1	95.14	18.5	17.92	-0.1	0.138	1.05	1.14	0.17
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0.7	144	Full Power	1	95.14	18.5	17.92	0.03	0.082	1.05	1.14	0.10
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	1.5	144	Full Power	1	95.14	18.5	17.92	0.09	0.133	1.05	1.14	0.16
3	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.16	0	0.929	1.05	1.21	1.18
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	Reduced Power	2	95.14	13.0	12.16	0.06	0.916	1.05	1.21	1.17
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	149	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.46	0	0.921	1.05	1.13	1.10
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0	149	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.46	0.06	0.069	1.05	1.13	0.08
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	149	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.46	-0.04	0.222	1.05	1.13	0.26
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1.3	149	Full Power	1	95.14	16.5	15.72	0.1	0.091	1.05	1.20	0.11
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Side	0.7	149	Full Power	1	95.14	16.5	15.72	0.06	0.064	1.05	1.20	0.08
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	1.5	149	Full Power	1	95.14	16.5	15.72	0.02	0.066	1.05	1.20	0.08
4	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	157	Reduced Power	1	95.14	13.0	12.13	0	0.910	1.05	1.22	1.17
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	157	Reduced Power	2	95.14	13.0	12.13	0.07	0.899	1.05	1.22	1.15
5	ВТ	GFSK	Rear Face	0	39	Full Power	1	77.6	10.5	9.71	0	0.153	1.29	1.20	0.24
	ВТ	GFSK	Top Side	0	39	Full Power	1	77.6	10.5	9.71	0.01	0.085	1.29	1.20	0.13
	ВТ	GFSK	Rear Face	0	39	Full Power	2	77.6	10.5	9.71	0.11	0.138	1.29	1.20	0.21

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 39 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 4.6.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

#### SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WLAN2.4G	Rear Face	6	0.883	0.874	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Rear Face	52	0.934	0.911	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Rear Face	116	0.929	0.914	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Rear Face	149	0.921	0.908	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 40 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



#### 4.6.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

#### <SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of  $SAR_{1g}$  of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit ( $SAR_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of  $SAR_{1g}$  is greater than the SAR limit ( $SAR_{1g}$  1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

Exposure Position	1 2.4GHz WLAN	2 5GHz WLAN	3 Bluetooth	1+3 Summed	2+3 Summed
Exposure Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
Rear Face at 0mm	1.014	1.194	0.236	<mark>1.251</mark>	1.430
Left side at 0mm	0.229	0.129		0.229	0.129
Top side at 0mm	0.019	0.321	0.131	0.150	0.452
Rear Face at 13mm	0.371	0.232		0.371	0.232
Left side at 7mm	0.279	0.119		0.279	0.119
Top side at 15mm	0.143	0.160		0.143	0.160

Test Engineer: Dennis Ye, and Rikou Lu

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 41 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022





# 5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	Sep. 18, 2021	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1133	Sep. 14, 2021	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1389	Oct. 26, 2021	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3873	Aug. 25, 2021	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54510355	May. 14, 2022	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	Feb. 18, 2022	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	Feb. 19, 2022	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	Feb. 20, 2022	1 Year
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1506002	Feb. 22, 2022	1 Year
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1339353	May. 14, 2022	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	HUATO	A2000TH	HE20107684	May. 11, 2022	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	May. 14, 2022	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020- 10	COM27RW1A 3	May. 11, 2022	1 Year

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 42 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



# 6. Measurement Uncertainty

	D	ASY5 Uncertaint	y Budget					
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	(
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	Т
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	1
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	1
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8	1
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	1
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Phantom and Setup			1		,		•	
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5	
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1	_
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	_
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	_
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1 700	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	-
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	-
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	-
	nbined Std. Uncerta verage Factor for 9					11.4% K=2	11.4% K=2	1
	anded STD Uncerta					22.9%	22.7%	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 43 of 45

 Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2022



24.9%

25.0%

#### **DASY5 Uncertainty Budget** Uncertainty Standard Standard (Vi) Veff (Ci) (Ci) **Error Description** Value **Probability** Divisor Uncertainty Uncertainty 10g (±%) (1g) (±%) (10g) (±%) **Measurement System Probe Calibration** 6.55 Ν 1 6.5 $\infty$ 6.5 R 0.7 **Axial Isotropy** 4.7 1.732 0.7 1.9 1.9 $\infty$ Hemispherical Isotropy 9.6 R 1.732 0.7 0.7 3.9 3.9 $\infty$ **Boundary Effects** 2.0 R 1.732 1.2 1.2 4.7 R 1.732 1 1 2.7 2.7 $\infty$ Linearity System Detection Limits R 1.732 0.6 $\infty$ 1.0 1 0.6 R Modulation Response 3.2 1.732 1 1 1.8 1.8 $\infty$ Readout Electronics Ν 0.3 0.3 0.0 R 1.732 0.0 0.0 Response Time 1 1 R 2.6 1.732 1.5 Integration Time 1 1 1.5 $\infty$ R RF Ambient Noise 3.0 1.732 1 1 1.7 1.7 $\infty$ RF Ambient Reflections 3.0 R 1.732 1 1 1.7 1.7 $\infty$ R Probe Positioner 0.4 1.732 1 1 0.2 0.2 Probe Positioning 6.7 R 1.732 1 1 3.9 3.9 $\infty$ R Max. SAR Eval. 4.0 1.732 1 1 2.3 2.3 $\infty$ **Test Sample Related Device Positioning** 3.0 35 Ν 1 1 Device Holder 3.6 Ν 1 1 3.6 3.6 12 R Power Drift 5.0 1.732 2.9 2.9 $\infty$ 1 1 Power Scaling 0.0 R 1.732 1 1 0.0 0.0 $\infty$ **Phantom and Setup** Phantom Uncertainty 1.732 3.8 3.8 6.6 R SAR correction 0.0 R 1.732 0.84 0.0 0.0 $\infty$ Liquid Conductivity Repeatability Ν 0.78 0.71 0.1 0.1 5 0.2 Liquid Conductivity (target) 5.0 R 1.732 0.78 0.71 2.3 2.0 Liquid Conductivity (mea.) 2.5 R 1.732 0.78 0.71 1.1 1.0 Temp. unc. - Conductivity 3.4 R 1.732 0.78 0.71 1.5 1.4 Liquid Permittivity Repeatability 0.15 Ν 0.23 0.26 0.0 0.0 5 1 1.732 Liquid Permittivity (target) 5.0 R 0.23 0.26 0.7 8.0 ∞ Liquid Permittivity (mea.) 2.5 R 1.732 0.23 0.26 0.3 0.4 $\infty$ Temp. unc. - Permittivity R 0.83 1.732 0.23 0.26 0.1 0.1 **Combined Std. Uncertainty** 12.5% 12.5% 1458 Coverage Factor for 95 % K=2 K=2

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

**Expanded STD Uncertainty** 

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 44 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



# 7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD., were founded in 2015 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: No. B102, Dazu Chuangxin Mansion, North of Beihuan Avenue, North Area, Hi-Tech Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-8869-6566 Fax: 86-755-8869-6577

Email: <a href="mailto:customerservice.sw@cn.bureauveritas.com">customerservice.sw@cn.bureauveritas.com</a>

Web Site: www.bureauveritas.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

---END---

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 45 of 45

 Report No. : W7L-P22050003SA02
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022



# Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02

# System Check\_HSL2450\_20220601

#### DUT: Dipole:2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2400\_0601 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.781$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.808$ ;  $\rho = 1.781$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.808$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.808$ 

Date: 2022/6/1

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

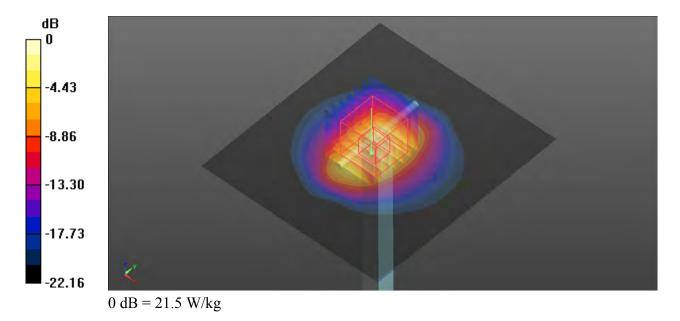
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 112.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



# **System Check\_HSL5250\_20220602**

#### DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G\_0602 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.62$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.191$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2022/6/2

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4°C

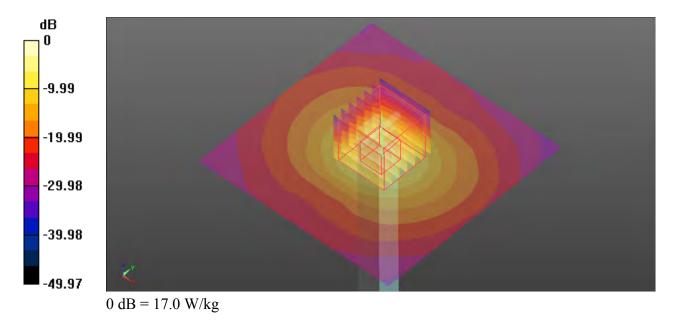
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.3 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 62.239 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg



# System Check\_HSL5600\_20220606

### DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G\_0606 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.027 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.766;  $\rho$  =

Date: 2022/6/6

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

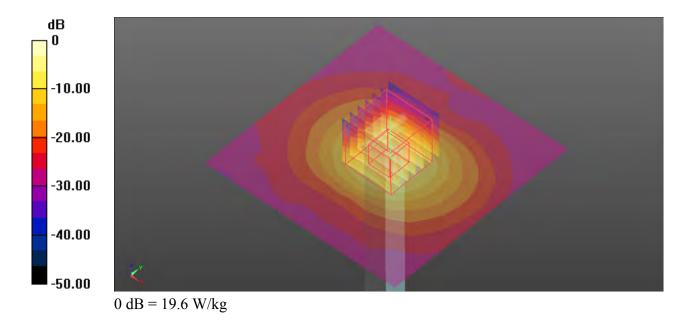
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 57.515 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



# System Check\_HSL5800\_20220607

#### DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G\_0607 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.33$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.615$ ;  $\rho = 36.615$ 

Date: 2022/6/7

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

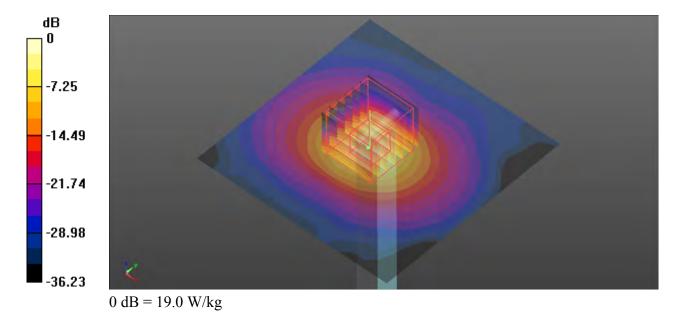
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.8 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 52.501 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg





# **Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement**

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02

# P01 WLAN2.4G\_802.11b\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch6

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

Medium: HSL2450\_0601 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.793$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.768$ ;  $\rho = 1.793$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.768$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.768$ 

Date: 2022/6/1

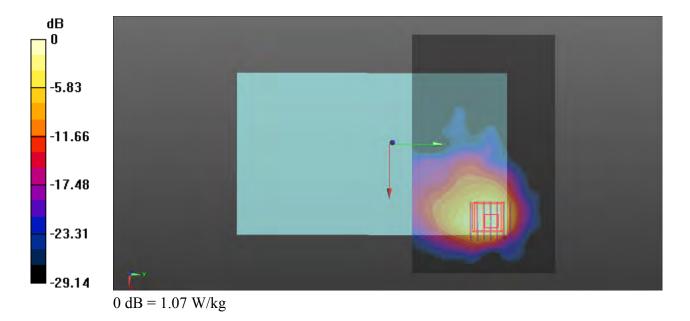
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (151x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.27 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.241 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.883 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



### P02 WLAN5G 802.11a Rear Face 0cm Ch52

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.05

Medium: HSL5G\_0602 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.67$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.895$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2022/6/2

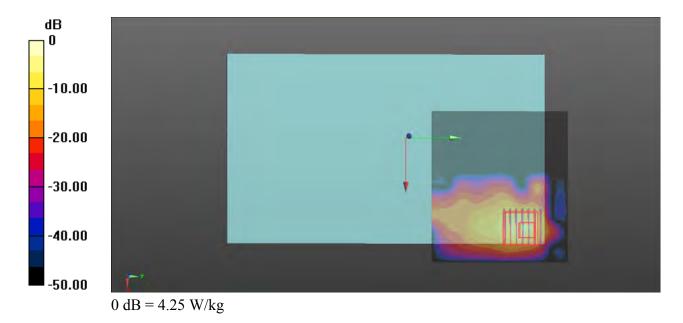
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.39 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.934 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.25 W/kg



# P03 WLAN5G\_802.11a\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch116

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.05

Medium: HSL5G\_0606 Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.032$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.574$ ;  $\rho = 6.000$ 

Date: 2022/6/6

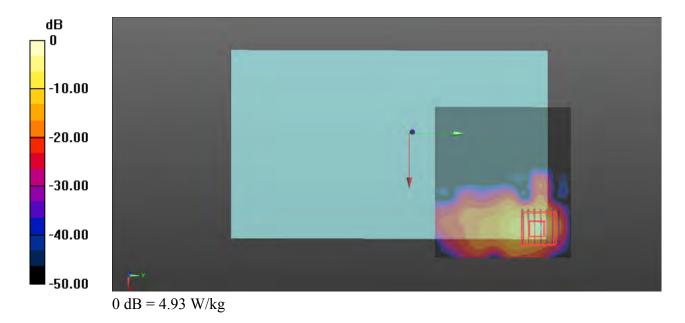
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (101x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.25 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.929 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.93 W/kg



# P04 WLAN5G\_802.11a\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch157

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.05

Medium: HSL5G\_0607 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.299$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.025$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2022/6/7

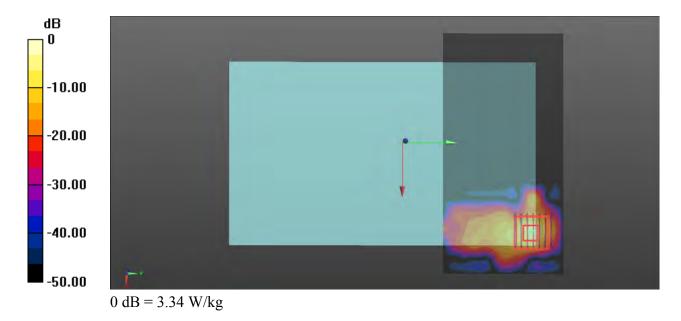
 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (161x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.57 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.94 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.910 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



# P05 BT\_GFSK\_Rear Face\_0cm\_Ch39

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.29

Medium: HSL2450 0601 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.795$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.757$ ;  $\rho =$ 

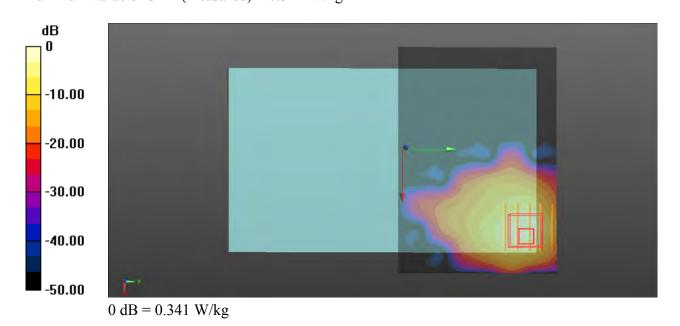
Date: 2022/6/1

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2021/8/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1389; Calibrated: 2021/10/26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1214
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (101x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.280 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.482 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.153 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg





# Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2022

Report No.: W7L-P22050003SA02







Client

B.V.ADT

**Certificate No:** 

Z21-60338

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 893

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

September 18, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7517	03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)	Feb-22
DAE4	SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)	Jan-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)	Jan-22
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)	Jan-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	THE
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	The state of the s

Issued: September 26, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60338



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)". March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



#### In Collaboration with

# s p e a g

### CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters** 

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.6 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.0Ω+ 6.26jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.4dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.069 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60338



### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 893

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.85$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03

Date: 09.18.2021

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

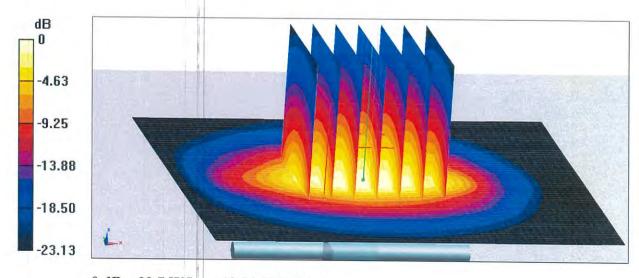
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg

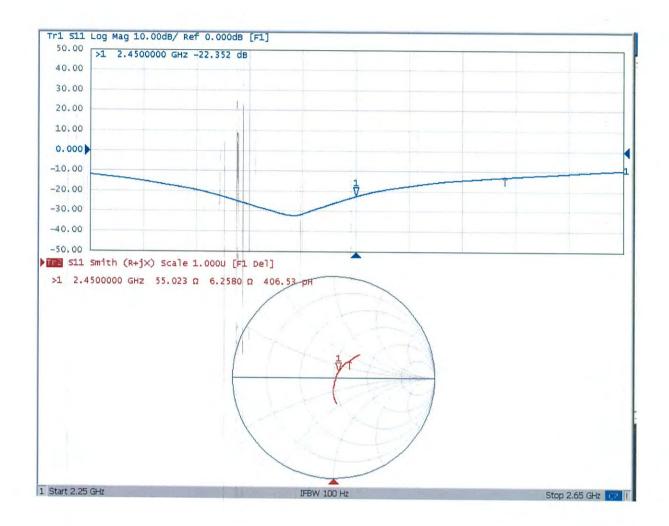


0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.56 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60338



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, Chi Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn



Client

B.V.ADT

Certificate No:

Z21-60340

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1133

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

September 14, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	23-Sep-20 (CTTL, No.J20X08336)	Sep-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7517	03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)	Feb-22
DAE4	SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)	Jan-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)	Jan-22
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)	Jan-22

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 20, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60340

Page 1 of 8



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60340



#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	4.65 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.72 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.9 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z21-60340



E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

# Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.2 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	5.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		4

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.84 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8Ω - 6.16jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.2dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.6Ω - 0.22jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.2dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω - 2.58jΩ		
Return Loss	- 26.1dB		

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.111 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60340



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1133

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Date: 09.14.2021

Frequency: 5800 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.654 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.03 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.61;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.225 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.35;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³.

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15

Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062

 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.5%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.6%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60340

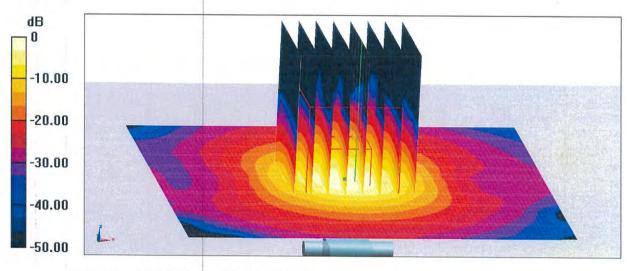


Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.1%



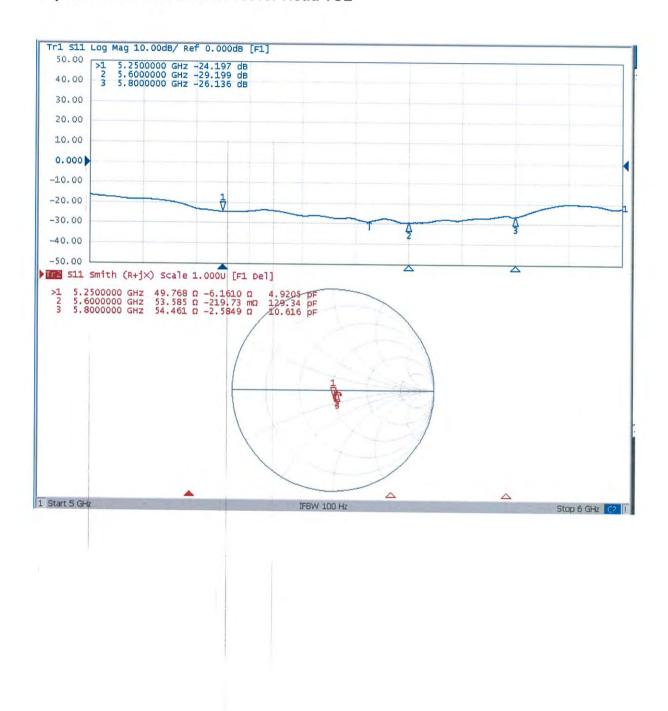
0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570** 

Client :

**B.V.ADT** 

Certificate No: Z21-60393

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 1389

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

October 26, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465)	Jun-22

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: October 28, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z21-60393

Page 2 of 3



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

# **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	403.756 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.721 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.187 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98173 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96533 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.02439 ± 0.7% (k=2)

# **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	130.5° ± 1 °
---	--------------

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-3873\_Aug21

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

ADT-CN (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3873

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: August 25, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP SN: 104778		09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22	
Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244		09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22	
DAE4 SN: 660		23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21	
Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013		30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21	

Calibrated by:

Leif Klysner

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Niels Kuster

Quality Manager

Issued: September 6, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossarv:

DCP

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,v,z ConvF

diode compression point CF crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3873 Aug21

EX3DV4 - SN:3873 August 25, 2021

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.37	0.45	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.7	98.6	96.1	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	132.5	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		132.4	2 2 2 2	
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		133.8		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	3.96	70.65	13.09	10.00	60.0	± 3.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	88.33	18.52		60.0		
		Z	20.00	92.74	21.66		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	4.41	74.33	13.40	6.99	80.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	90.07	18.25		80.0		
		Z	20.00	96.28	22.19		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	89.58	16.69	3.98	95.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	96.10	19.86		95.0		
		Z	20.00	103.85	24.32		95.0		
10355- Pulse Wave	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	93.72	17.54	2.22	120.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	107.47	23.87		120.0		
	Y	Z	20.00	106.56	24.24		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.74	65.83	14.96	1.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.80	67.10	15.61	1,12,2	150.0		
		Z	1.78	65.91	15.09		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.29	67.96	15.65	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.40	69.03	16.32		150.0		
		Z	2.36	68.22	15.78		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.80	69.63	18.24	3.01	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Leading State of the Control of the	Y	2.37	66.80	17.12		150.0		
		Z	2.82	68.94	18.04		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.43	66.58	15.46	0.00	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.52	67.09	15.84	5,55	150.0		2.5
		Z	3.48	66.68	15.55		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.82	65.29	15.29	0.00	150.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.86	65.59	15.55	1 7 7 7	150.0		
		Z	4.90	65.36	15.37		150.0		A 100

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Certificate No: EX3-3873\_Aug21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3873 August 25, 2021

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
Χ	50.1	367.20	34.45	6.73	0.34	4.98	1.04	0.22	1.01
Υ	45.5	338.70	35.34	9.52	0.00	5.02	0.11	0.34	1.00
Z	53.4	397.92	35.41	10.59	0.23	5.06	0.25	0.42	1.01

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-160.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.