

Fig.62. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

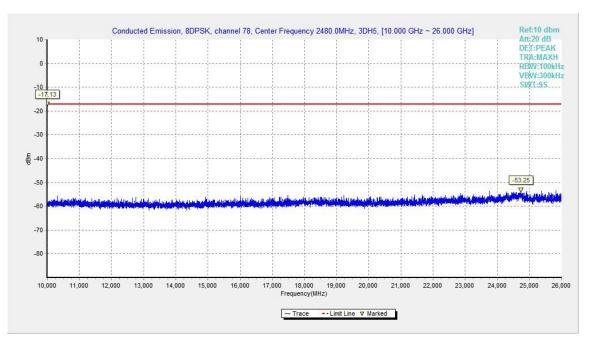


Fig.63. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





A.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 &6.5 & 6.6

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

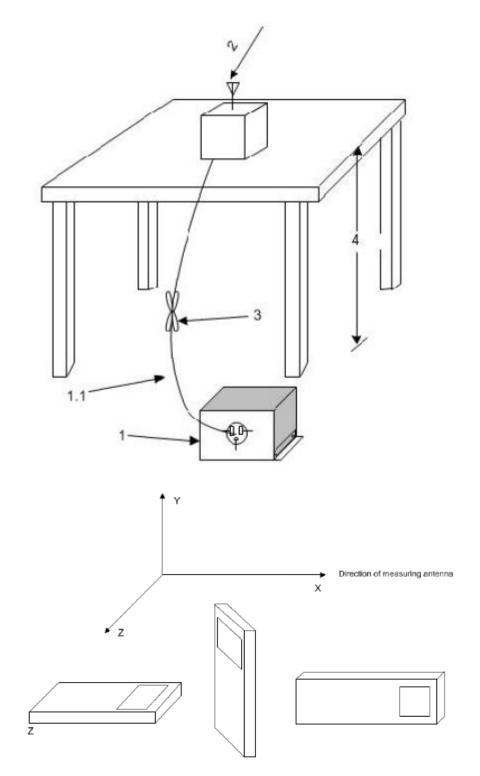
Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.







Test Condition

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 56 of 91.





nominal rated supply voltage.

Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic

chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from 0° to 360° and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20

The receiver references:





 P_{Mea} is the field strength recorded from the instrument. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Result= P_{Mea} + Cable Loss + Antenna Factor Where:

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{Mea}} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{field strength recorded from the instrument}$

Peak Measurement results

GFSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17892	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	V	74	17.5
17962.5	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	н	74	17.5
17973	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	Н	74	17.6
17965.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	Н	74	17.7
17496	56.2	-26.9	45.2	37.8	V	74	17.8
2381.8	55.9	-14.2	28.1	42	Н	74	18.1

GFSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17983.5	57.3	-25.5	46.7	36.1	V	74	16.7
17956.5	56.8	-25.5	46.7	35.6	Н	74	17.2
17959.5	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	Н	74	17.5
17962.5	56.1	-25.5	46.7	34.9	V	74	17.9
17880	56	-25.5	46.7	34.8	Н	74	18
17938.5	56	-25.5	46.7	34.8	V	74	18

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Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17997	57.2	-25.5	46.7	36	V	74	16.8
17973	56.8	-25.5	46.7	35.6	V	74	17.2
17941.5	56.7	-25.5	46.7	35.5	V	74	17.3
17968.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	Н	74	17.7
17974.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	н	74	17.7
2497.1	55.8	-14.2	28.3	41.7	Н	74	18.2





$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17961	56.6	-25.5	46.7	35.4	V	74	17.4
17950.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	н	74	17.7
17965.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	V	74	17.7
17851.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	н	74	17.8
17968.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	V	74	17.8
2388.1	55.2	-14.2	28.1	41.3	V	74	18.8

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17961	56.7	-25.5	46.7	35.5	Н	74	17.3
17985	56.7	-25.5	46.7	35.5	Н	74	17.3
17944.5	56.6	-25.5	46.7	35.4	Н	74	17.4
17967	56.6	-25.5	46.7	35.4	V	74	17.4
17857.5	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	V	74	17.6
17940	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	Н	74	17.6

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17952	58.1	-25.5	46.7	36.9	V	74	15.9
17947.5	57.1	-25.5	46.7	35.9	Н	74	16.9
17937	56.8	-25.5	46.7	35.6	V	74	17.2
17985	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	Н	74	17.6
17878.5	56.1	-25.5	46.7	34.9	V	74	17.9
2486.1	55.6	-14.2	28.3	41.5	V	74	18.4

8DPSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17959.5	57.4	-25.5	46.7	36.2	Н	74	16.6
17961	56.7	-25.5	46.7	35.5	V	74	17.3
17785.5	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	Н	74	17.6
17935.5	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	V	74	17.6
17866.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	Н	74	17.7
2381.2	55.4	-14.2	28.1	41.5	V	74	18.6





8DPSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17959.5	56.8	-25.5	46.7	35.6	Н	74	17.2
17950.5	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	V	74	17.5
17992.5	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	н	74	17.5
17986.5	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	V	74	17.6
17869.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	V	74	17.8
17917.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	Н	74	17.8

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Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Mea Polarization		Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17956.5	56.6	-25.5	46.7	35.4	V	74	17.4
17983.5	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	Н	74	17.5
17784	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	Н	74	17.6
17941.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	V	74	17.7
17950.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	Н	74	17.7
2499.4	55.5	-13.9	28.4	41.1	Н	74	18.5

Average Measurement results

GFSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)	dBuV/m)		(dB)
17953.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17952	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17988	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17992.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17944.5	44.5	-25.5	46.7	23.3	V	54	9.5
2384.7	42.5	-14.2	28.1	28.6	V	54	11.5

GFSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17944.5	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	V	54	9.2
17946	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17959.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17950.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17952	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17953.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4





GFSK Ch 78

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17965.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17997	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17967	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17970	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17988	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
2496.8	42.5	-14.2	28.3	28.4	Н	54	11.5

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Mea Polarization		Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17965.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17973	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17950.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17953.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17974.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
2387.3	42.5	-14.2	28.1	28.6	V	54	11.5

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17979	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17992.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17940	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17941.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17949	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17950.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17967	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	Н	54	9.2
17949	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17992.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17973	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17929.5	44.5	-25.5	46.7	23.3	Н	54	9.5
2497.3	42.5	-14.2	28.3	28.4	V	54	11.5





8DPSK Ch 0

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17950.5	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	Н	54	9.2
17952	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	V	54	9.2
17977.5	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	н	54	9.2
17946	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17979	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
2384	42.4	-14.2	28.1	28.5	Н	54	11.6

8DPSK Ch 39

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17973	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	V	54	9.2
17961	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17962.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17965.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17971.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17976	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3

8DPSK Ch 78

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P _{Mea}	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17956.5	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	V	54	9.2
17947.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17974.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17980.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17982	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
2496.7	42.6	-14.2	28.3	28.5	Н	54	11.4

Conclusion: Pass





A.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (ms)		
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400		

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Number of Transmissions		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	DH1	Fig.64	0.38	Fig.65	319	121.22	Р
39	DH3	Fig.66	1.63	Fig.67	96	156.48	Р
D	DH5	Fig.68	2.88	Fig.69	67	192.96	Р

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Num! Transm	per of hissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	2DH1	Fig.70	0.38	Fig.71	319	121.22	Р
39	2DH3	Fig.72	1.64	Fig.73	113	185.32	Р
	2DH5	Fig.74	2.88	Fig.75	63	181.44	Р





For 8DPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Numt Transm	per of hissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	3DH1	Fig.76	0.39	Fig.77	320	124.8	Р
39	3DH3	Fig.78	1.64	Fig.79	108	177.12	Р
	3DH5	Fig.80	2.89	Fig.81	66	190.74	Р

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:

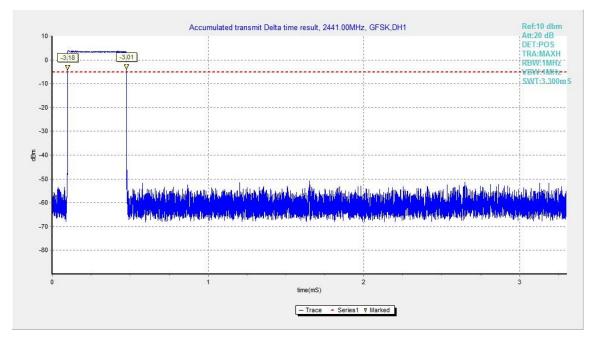


Fig.64. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1





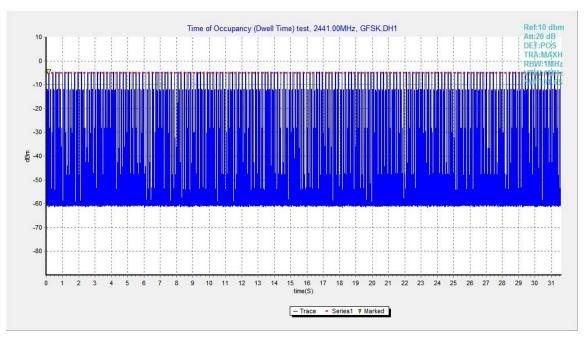


Fig.65. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1

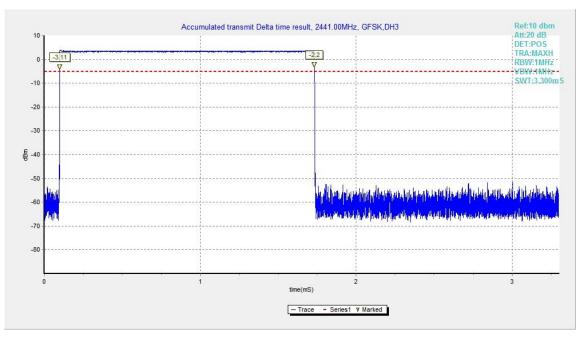


Fig.66. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3





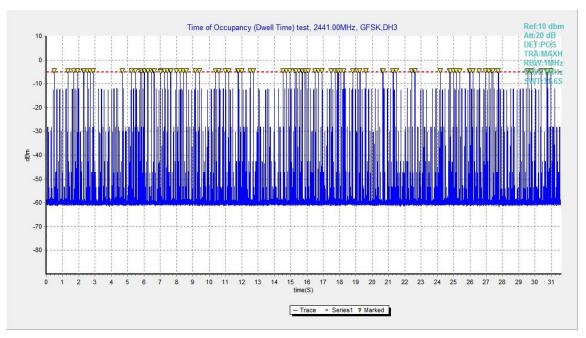


Fig.67. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3

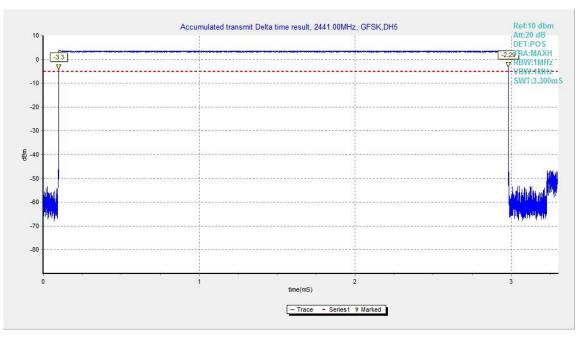


Fig.68. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5





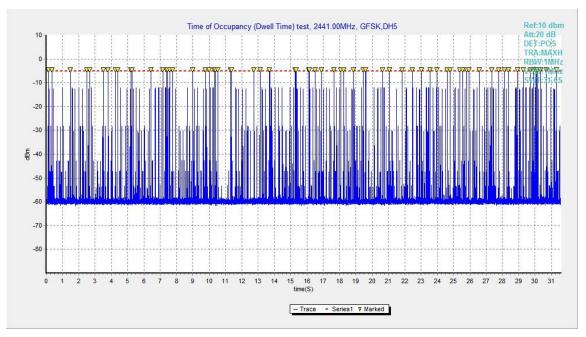


Fig.69. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5

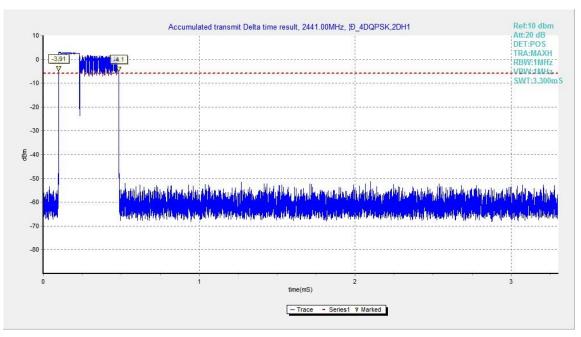


Fig.70. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1





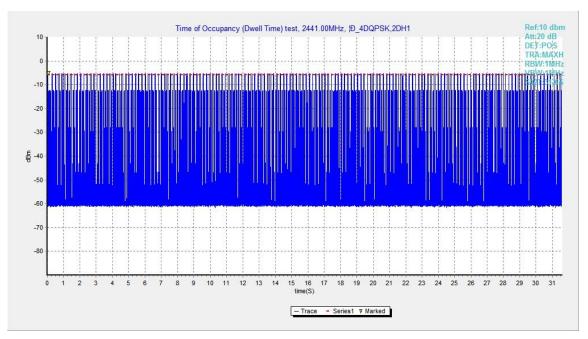


Fig.71. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1

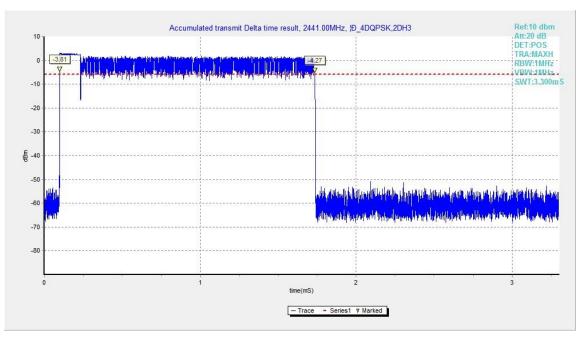


Fig.72. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3





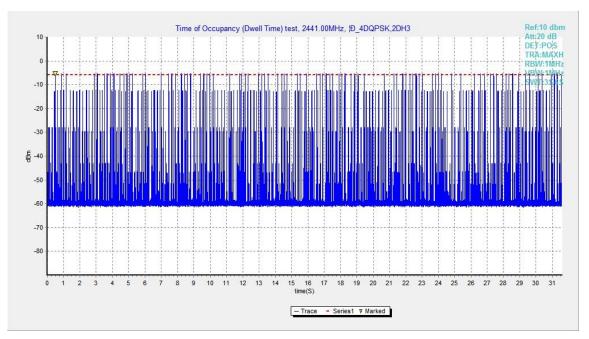


Fig.73. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3

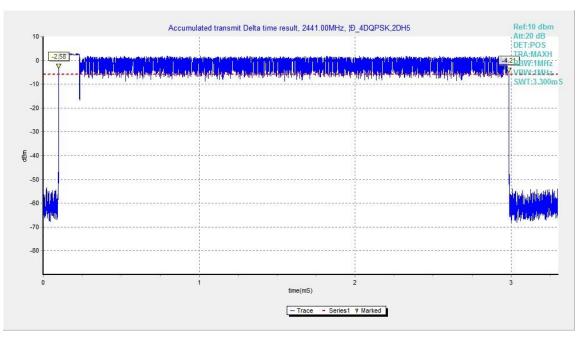


Fig.74. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5





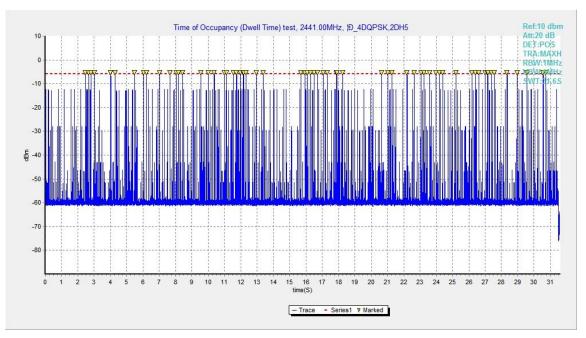


Fig.75. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5

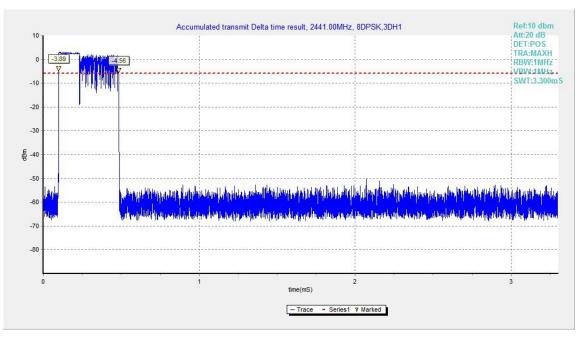


Fig.76. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1





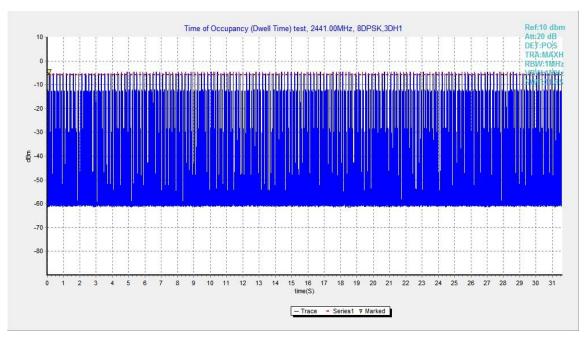


Fig.77. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1

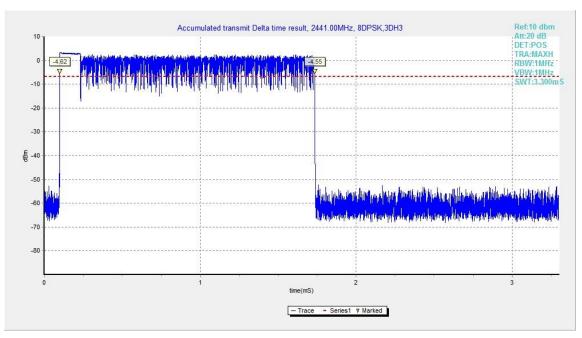


Fig.78. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3





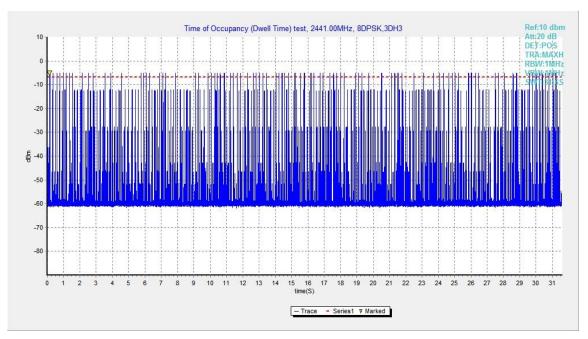


Fig.79. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3

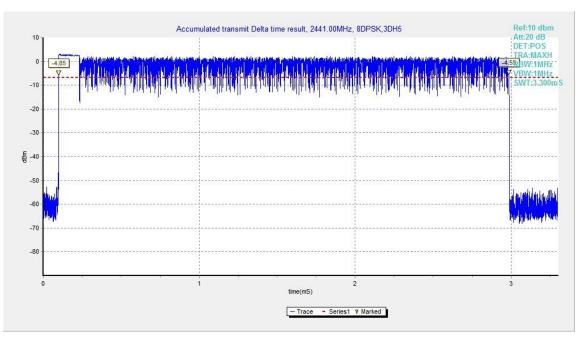


Fig.80. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





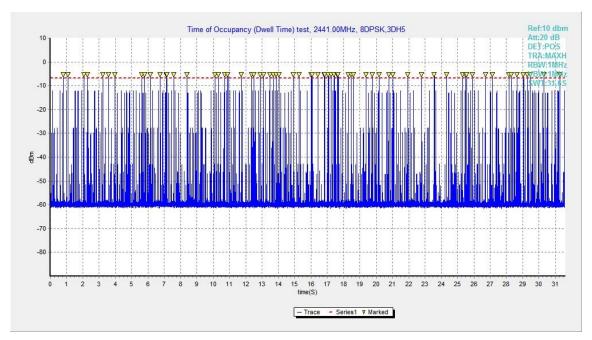


Fig.81. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





A.8. 20dB Bandwidth

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 30kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. Set span to 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.

7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for "carrier frequency separation" test case, in Annex A.8.

Measurement Results:

For **GFSK**

Channel	20dB Band	Conclusion	
0	Fig.82	942.00	NA
39	Fig.83	942.00	NA
78	Fig.84	941.25	NA

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	20dB Band	Conclusion	
0	Fig.85	1257.75	NA
39	Fig.86	1257.00	NA
78	Fig.87	1256.25	NA

For 8DPSK

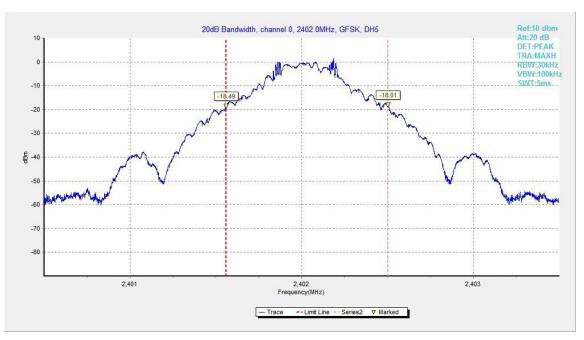
Channel	20dB Band	Conclusion	
0	Fig.88	1204.50	NA
39	Fig.89	1266.00	NA
78	Fig.90	1232.25	NA

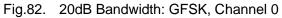
Conclusion: NA

Test graphs as below:









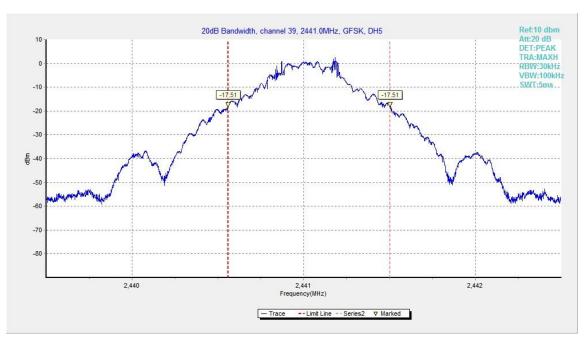


Fig.83. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39





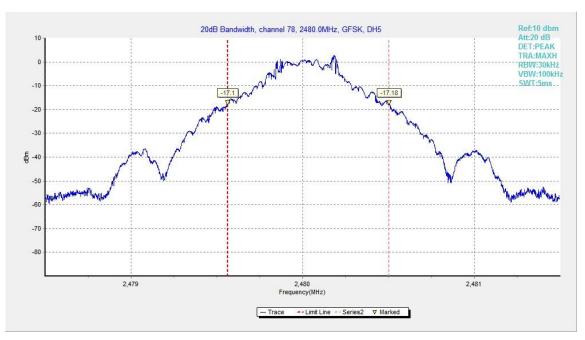


Fig.84. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78

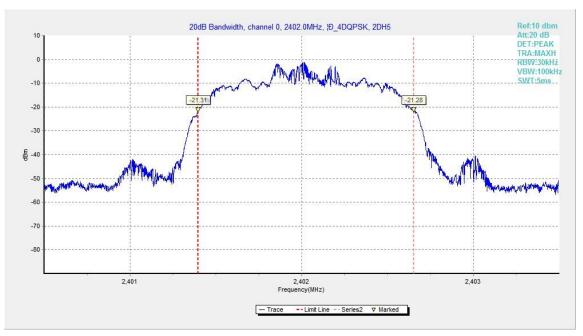


Fig.85. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0





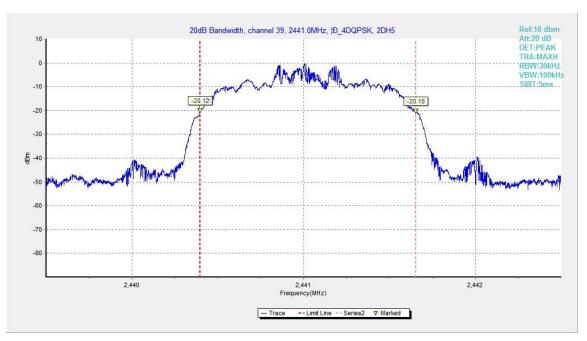


Fig.86. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39

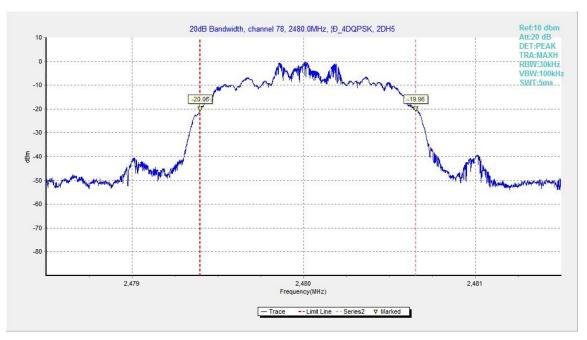
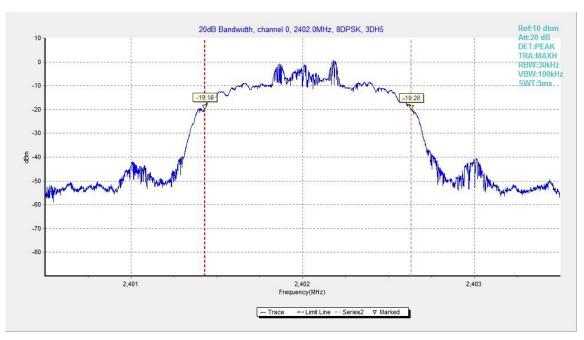
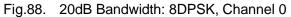


Fig.87. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78









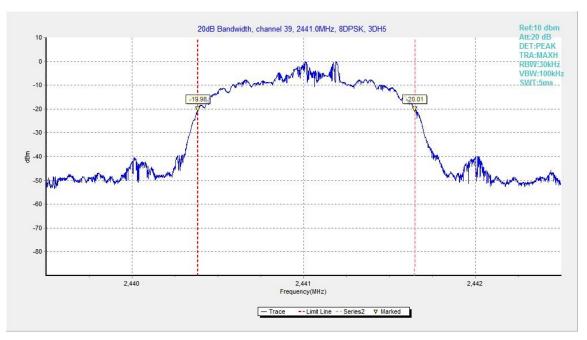


Fig.89. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39





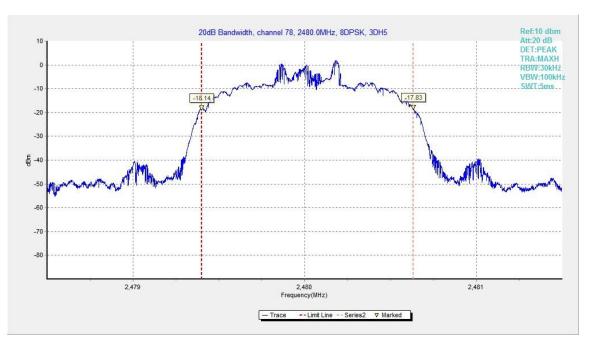


Fig.90. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78





A.9. Carrier Frequency Separation

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.2

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=300kHz •
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth, whichever is greater.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth

Measurement Result:

For **GFSK**

Channel	Carrier frequenc	Conclusion				
39	Fig.91 1306.50		Р			
For π/4 DQPSK						
Channel	Carrier frequenc	Conclusion				

39 For 8DPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency	Conclusion			
39	Fig.93	1023.00	Р		

993.00

Fig.92

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:

Ρ





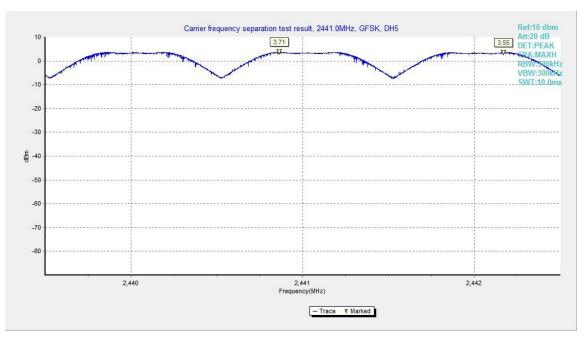


Fig.91. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39

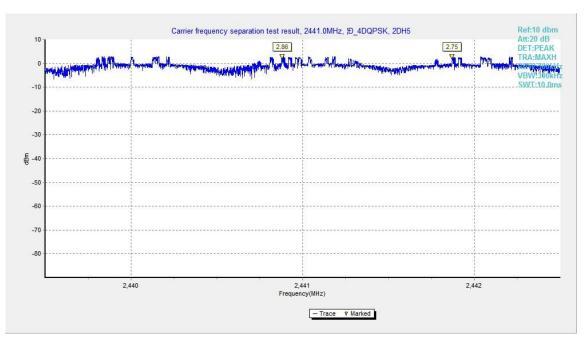


Fig.92. Carrier frequency separation measurement: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39





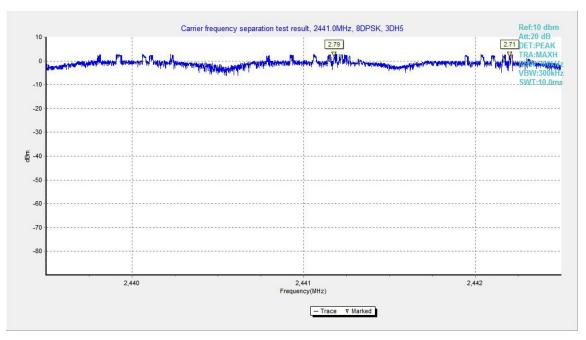


Fig.93. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39





A.10. Number of Hopping Channels

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

Measurement Result:

For **GFSK**

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.94	70	Р
40~78	Fig.95	19	

Form/4 DQPSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion		
0~39	Fig.96	70	Р		
40~78	Fig.97	19			

For 8DPSK

Channel	Number of hop	Conclusion			
0~39	Fig.98	Fig.98			
40~78	Fig.99	19	F		

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:





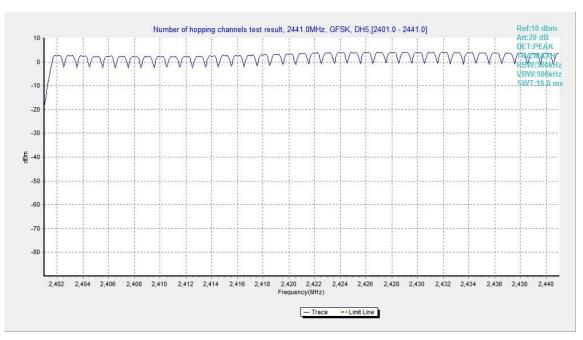


Fig.94. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39

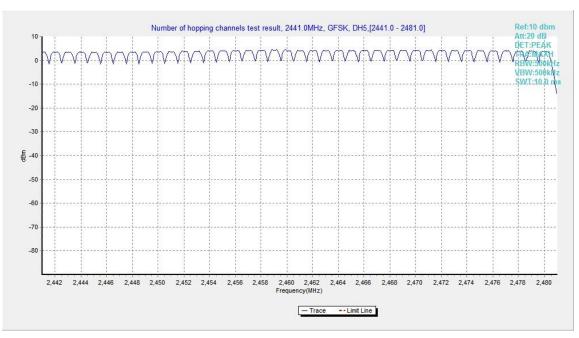


Fig.95. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78





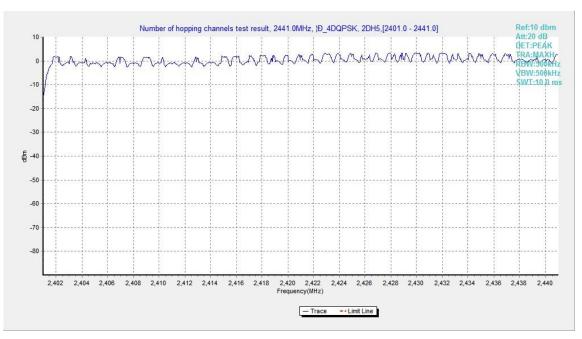


Fig.96. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39

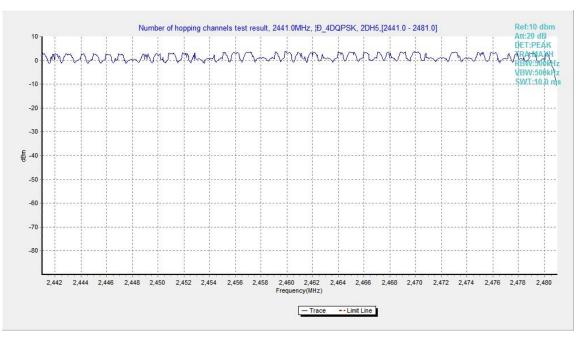


Fig.97. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78





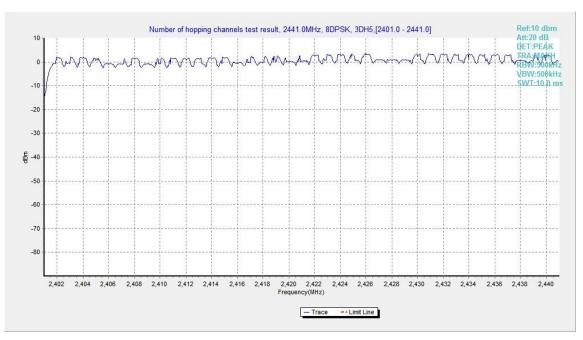


Fig.98. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39

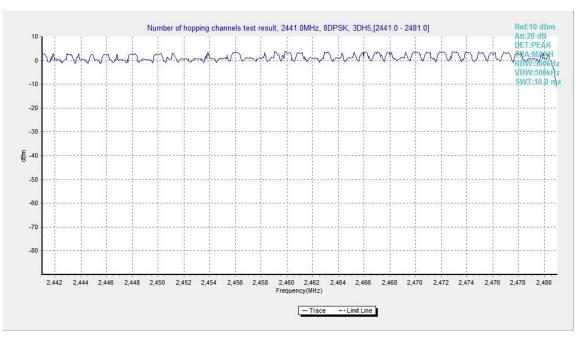


Fig.99. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78





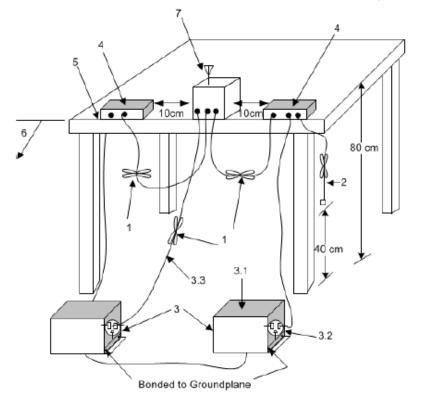
A.11. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.2

Setup:

A stand-alone EUT shall be placed in the center along the back edge of the tabletop. For multiunit tabletop systems, the EUT shall be centered laterally (left to right facing the tabletop) on the tabletop and its rear shall be flush with the rear of the table.

Accessories that are part of an EUT system tested on a tabletop shall be placed in a test arrangement on one or both sides of the host with a 10 cm separation between the nearest points of the cabinets. The rear of the host and accessories shall be flush with the back of the supporting tabletop unless that would not be typical of normal use. If more than two accessories are present, then an equipment test arrangement shall be chosen that maintains 10 cm spacing between cabinets unless the equipment is normally located closer together.



Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Exploratory measurements shall be used to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. For each mode of operation and for each ac power current-carrying conductor, cable manipulation shall be performed within the range of likely configurations. For this measurement or series of measurements, the frequency spectrum of interest shall be monitored looking for the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Once that emission is found for each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the cords associated with non-EUT equipment in the overall system), the one configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produces the emission closest to the limit over all of the *©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.*





measured conductors shall be recorded.

Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is composed of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections (e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network), then each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be measured separately. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

Test Condition:

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)
120	60

Measurement Result and limit:

EUT ID: EUT1

Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range Quasi-pea (MHz) Limit (dBL		Result (dBμV) With charger		Conclusion
	Limit (dBµV)	ldle		
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56			
0.5 to 5	56	Fig.A.11.1	Fig.A.11.2	Р
5 to 30	60			

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

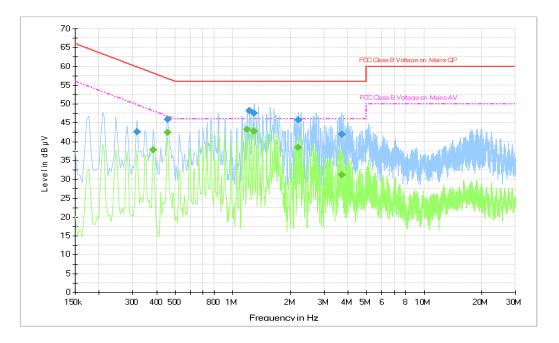
Bluetooth (Average Limit)

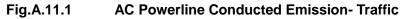
	Average Limit	Result (dBμV)					
Frequency range (MHz)	•	With c	Conclusion				
(11172)	Hz) (dBμV) Traffic Idle		ldle				
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46						
0.5 to 5	46	Fig.A.11.1	Fig.A.11.2	Р			
5 to 30	50						
NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz							
to 0.5 MHz.							





Conclusion: Pass Test graphs as below:





Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.316500	42.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	17.2	59.8
0.456000	45.9	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	19.9	10.9	56.8
1.225500	48.2	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	19.9	7.8	56.0
1.293000	47.5	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	19.9	8.5	56.0
2.202000	45.8	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	10.2	56.0
3.705000	41.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	14.1	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.384000	37.7	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	19.9	10.5	48.2
0.456000	42.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	4.4	46.8
1.189500	43.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	2.7	46.0
1.293000	42.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	3.3	46.0
2.202000	38.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	7.6	46.0
3.705000	31.2	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	20.3	14.8	46.0

Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers





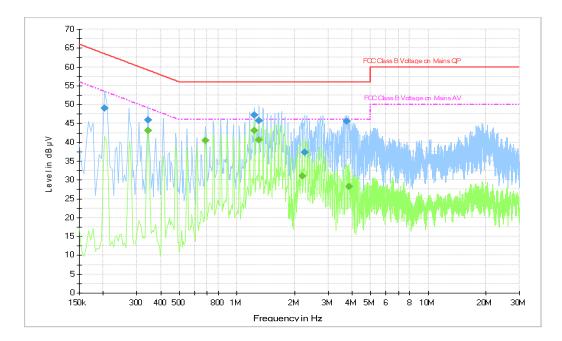


Fig.A.11.2 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Idle

Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.204000	49.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	14.5	63.4
0.343500	45.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	13.2	59.1
1.234500	47.2	1000.0	9.000	On	Ν	19.9	8.8	56.0
1.302000	45.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	10.3	56.0
2.260500	37.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	18.7	56.0
3.754500	45.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	10.5	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.343500	43.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	6.0	49.1
0.685500	40.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	5.5	46.0
1.234500	43.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	2.9	46.0
1.302000	40.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	5.4	46.0
2.193000	31.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	15.0	46.0
3.840000	28.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	17.7	46.0

Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers





ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate



END OF REPORT