





# FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

# **BLUETOOTH LOW ENERGY (BLE) PART**

No. I20Z60929-IOT05

for

# **HMD Global Oy**

# Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN

Model Name: TA-1270

FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1270

with

Hardware Version: 99651\_1\_10

Software Version: 00WW\_0\_070

Issued Date: 2020-7-3

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S.Government.

### **Test Laboratory:**

### CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I20Z60929-IOT05	Rev.0	1st edition	2020-7-3





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# 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Introduction & Accreditation

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT is an ISO/IEC 17025:2005accredited test laboratory under NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (NVLAP)with lab code600118-0, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN5017), and ISED accredited test laboratory (CN0066). The detail accreditation scope can be found on NVLAP website.

## 1.2. Testing Location

Conducted testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

P. R. China100191

Radiated testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

P. R. China100191





# 1.3. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:  $15-35^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity: 20-75%

1.4. Project data

Testing Start Date: 2020-6-8
Testing End Date: 2020-7-3

# 1.5. Signature

Wille

(Prepared this test report)

Sun Zhenyu

(Reviewed this test report)

Li Zhuofang

(Approved this test report)





# 2. Client Information

# 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: HMD Global Oy

Address /Post: Bertel Jungin aukio 9,02600 Espoo, Finland

City: Espoo

Postal Code: /

Country: Finland

Telephone: / Fax: /

## 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: HMD Global Oy

Address /Post: Bertel Jungin aukio 9,02600 Espoo, Finland

City: Espoo

Postal Code: /

Country: Finland

Telephone: // Fax: //





# 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

## 3.1. About EUT

Description Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN

Model Name TA-1270

FCC ID 2AJOTTA-1270

Frequency Band ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz

Type of Modulation(LE mode) GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy)

Number of Channels(LE mode) 40

Power Supply 3.85V DC by Battery

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	<b>HW Version</b>	SW Version
EUT1	/	99651_1_10	00WW_0_070
EUT2	353178110011126/	99651_1_10	00WW_0_070
	353178110011134		

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description			
AE1	Battery	/	/	
AE2	Charger	/	/	
AE3	Charger	/	/	
AE4	Charger	/	/	
AE5	USB Cable	/	/	
AE6	USB Cable	/	/	
AE1				
Model		WT242		
Manufactui	er	Jiade Energy	/ Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd	
Capacitano	e	/		
Nominal vo	ltage	/		
AE2				
Model		CH-35U		
Manufactu	er	Shenzhen Ti	anyin Electronics Co., Ltd	
Length of c	able	/		
AE3				
Model		CH-51B		
Manufacturer		Shenzhen Tianyin Electronics Co., Ltd		
Length of cable		/		





AE4

Model PA-AR5V1A-023

Manufacturer Yutong electronics(Huizhou) co.,ltd

Length of cable

AE5

Model CB-35A

Manufacturer Leagtech Electronics Co.,Ltd

Length of cable

AE6

Model CB-35A

Manufacturer Shenzhen BRL Technology Co.,Ltd

Length of cable /

## 3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery is used during the test.

### 3.5. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of Multi-band GSM/WCDMA/LTE phone with Bluetooth, WLAN with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfill the test. Samples undergoing test were selected by the Client.

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.





# 4. Reference Documents

# 4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT feature information is supplied by the client or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

# 4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C:	
	15.205 Restricted bands of operation;	
FOC Daniel F	15.209 Radiated emission limits, general	2010
FCC Part15	requirements;	2018
	15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz,	
	2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz.	
ANCI 002.40	American National Standard of Procedures for	luna 2012
ANSI C63.10	Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices	June,2013





# 5. Test Results

## 5.1. Summary of EUT Mode

Two modes are provided:

Mode	Conditions
Mode A	1Mbps
Mode B	2Mbps

<sup>\*</sup>For the test results, the EUT had been tested all conditions. But only the worst case(Mode A) was shown in test report except the " Peak Output Power " test was shown all conditions.

### 5.2. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

- P Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
- **F** Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
- NA Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
- NP Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL
- **R** Re-use test data from basic model report.

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power - Conducted	15.247 (b)(1)	Р
Frequency Band Edges- Conducted	15.247 (d)	R
Frequency Band Edges- Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	R
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted	15.247 (d)	R
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	R
6dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(2)	R
Maximum Power Spectral Density Level	15.247(e)	R
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	R

Please refer to ANNEX A for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

### 5.3. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2

### 5.4. Explanation of re-use of test data

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) model TA-1270 (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1270) is a variant product of TA-1277 (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1277), according to the declaration of changes provided by the applicant and FCC KDB publication 484596 D01, spot check measurements(Peak Output Power-Conducted) were performed on this device, other test results are derived from test report No. I20Z60930-IOT04. Please refer Annex A for detail spot check verification data and reference data, the spot check test results are consistent with basic model.

For detail differences between two models please refer the Declaration of Changes document.





# 6. Test Facilities Utilized

Conducted test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	200136	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2020-11-29
2	LISN	ENV216	101200	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2021-05-17
3	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2021-02-26
4	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	/	/

# Radiated emission test system

_						
No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESU26	100235	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2021-03-05
2	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	483	Schwarzbeck	1 year	2020-09-17
3	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3115	6914	ETS-Lindgren	1 year	2021-01-14
4	EMI Antenna	3117	00139065	ETS-Lindgren	1 year	2020-11-15





# 7. Measurement Uncertainty

# 7.1. Peak Output Power - Conducted

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

# 7.2. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

## **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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# 7.3. Frequency Band Edges - Radiated

## **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	/
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# 7.4. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Frequency Range	Uncertainty (k=2)
30 MHz ~ 8 GHz	1.22dB
8 GHz ~ 12.75 GHz	1.51dB
12.7GHz ~ 26 GHz	1.51dB

# 7.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

## **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Frequency Range	Uncertainty(dBm) (k=2)
9kHz-30MHz	/
30MHz ≤ f ≤ 1GHz	5.16
1GHz ≤ f ≤18GHz	5.44
18GHz ≤ f ≤40GHz	5.28

### 7.6. 6dB Bandwidth

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2) 61.936Hz
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# 7.7. Maximum Power Spectral Density Level

# **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2) 0.66dB
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# 7.8. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

# **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	3.08dB
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# **ANNEX A: Detailed Test Results**

### A.1. Measurement Method

### A.1.1. Conducted Measurements

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer



### A.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements

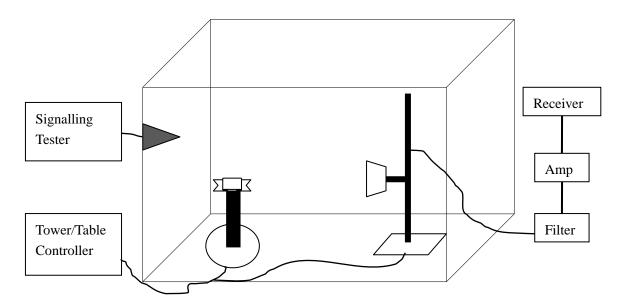
The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

The radiated emission test is performed in semi-anechoic chamber. The distance from the EUT to the reference point of measurement antenna is 3m. The test is carried out on both vertical and horizontal polarization and only maximization result of both polarizations is kept. During the test, the turntable is rotated 360° and the measurement antenna is moved from 1m to 4m to get the maximization result.

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz;

Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz;







# A.2. Peak Output Power - Conducted

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 11.9.1.1

- a) Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- b) Set VBW = 3 MHz.
- c) Set span = 3 MHz.
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBm)	
FCC Part 15.247(b)(3)	< 30	

### **Spot check Measurement Results:**

### For GFSK

Sample Rate	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Conclusion
	0	2402	-4.16	Р
1Mbps	19	2440	-3.02	Р
	39	2480	-2.79	Р
	0	2402	-3.84	Р
2Mbps	19	2440	-2.81	Р
	39	2480	-2.48	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 

### Reference Measurement Results from basic model:

### For GFSK

Sample	Channel	Frequency	Peak Conducted Output Power
Rate	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	0	2402	-3.89
1Mbps	19	2440	-3.14
	39	2480	-2.44
	0	2402	-3.91
2Mbps	19	2440	-3.10
	39	2480	-2.69





# A.3. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.10.4

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below.

a) Set Span = 8MHzb) Sweep Time: Autoc) Set the RBW= 100 kHzc) Set the VBW= 300 kHz

d) Detector: Peake) Trace: Max hold

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an absolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	< -20

### **Measurement Result:**

# For GFSK

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Hopping	Band Edg ( dl	ge Power Bc)	Conclusion
0	2402	Hopping OFF	Fig.1	-50.93	Р
39	2480	Hopping OFF	Fig.2	-52.24	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 





### Test graphs as below

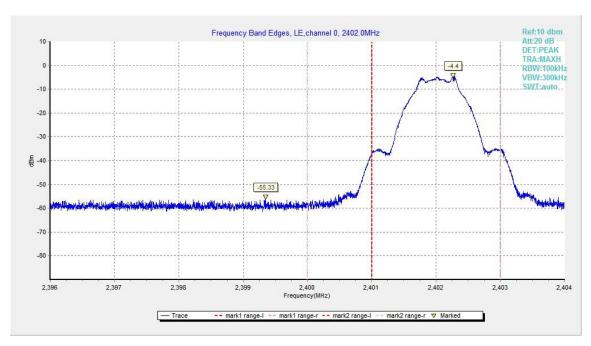


Fig.1. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, 2402 MHz, Hopping Off

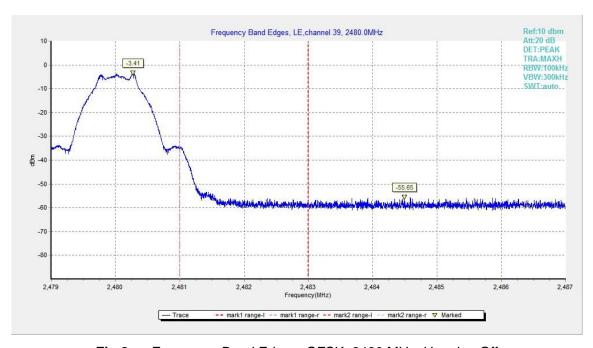


Fig.2. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, 2480 MHz, Hopping Off





## A.4. Frequency Band Edges –Radiated

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 &6.5 & 6.6 Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit	
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power	

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

#### Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

#### Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m and the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.

### **Test Condition**

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

### **Exploratory radiated emissions measurements**

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 19 of 46.





to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

### Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. Final measurements for the EUT require a measurement antenna height scan of 1 m to 4 m and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

### The receiver references:

Frequency of emission		
(MHz)		
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20





**EUT ID: EUT1** 

### **Measurement Results:**

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
GFSK	0	2.38GHz ~2.45GHz	Fig.3	Р
Gran	39	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.4	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below

Full Spectrum

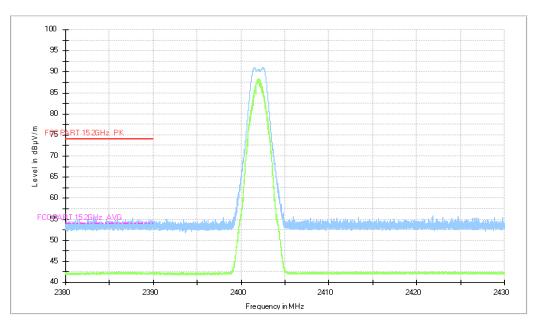


Fig.3. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, 2.38 GHz – 2.45GHz

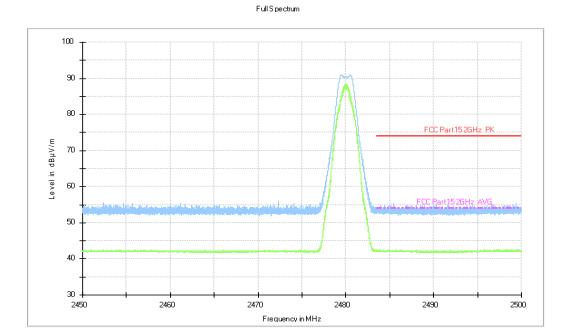


Fig.4. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 39, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 21 of 46.





## A.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 11.11.2 and clause 11.11.3 Measurement Procedure – Reference Level

- 1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set the span to  $\geq$ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

### **Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions**

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span). Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit		
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz		
	bandwidth		





### **Measurement Results:**

### For GFSK

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
		Center Frequency	Fig.5	Р
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.6	Р
0	2402	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.7	Р
		3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.8	Р
		10GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.9	Р
		Center Frequency	Fig.10	Р
	2440	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.11	Р
19		1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.12	Р
		3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.13	Р
		10GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.14	Р
		Center Frequency	Fig.15	Р
	2480	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.16	Р
39		1 GHz ~ 3GHz	Fig.17	Р
		3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.18	Р
		10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.19	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below

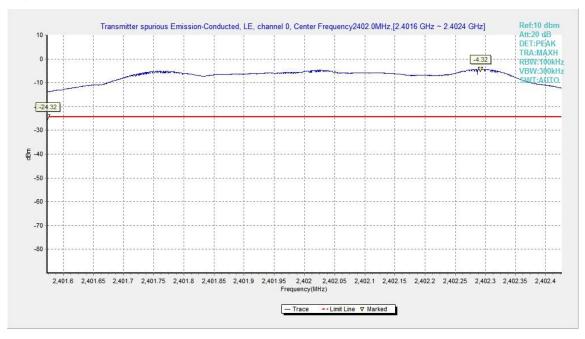


Fig.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK,2402MHz



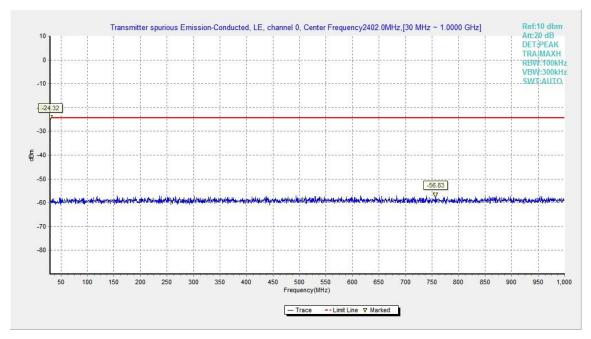


Fig.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2402 MHz, 30MHz - 1GHz

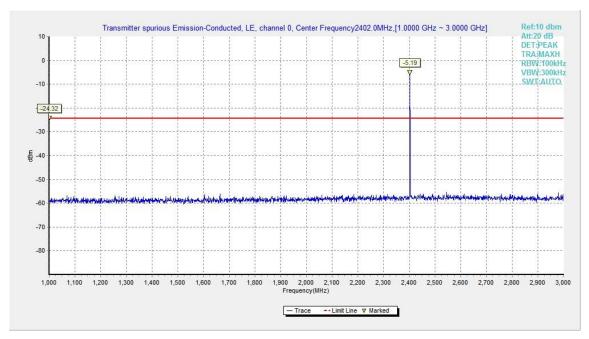


Fig.7. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2402 MHz,1GHz - 3GHz





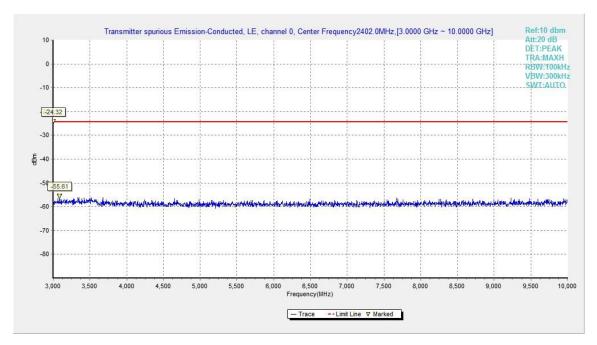


Fig.8. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2402 MHz,3GHz - 10GHz

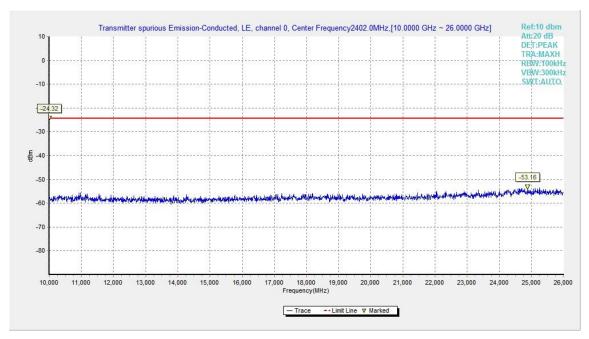


Fig.9. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2402 MHz,10GHz - 26GHz





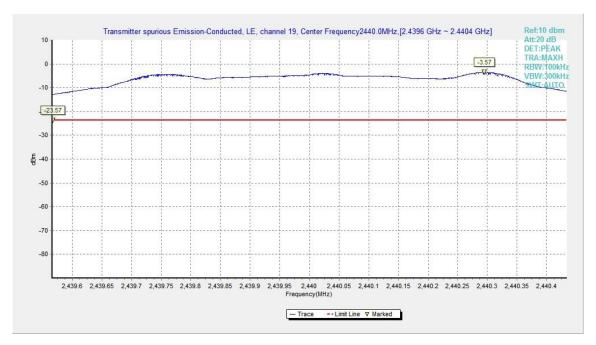


Fig.10. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2440MHz

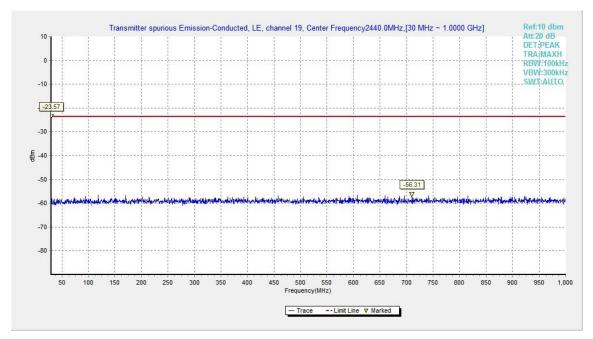


Fig.11. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2440 MHz, 30MHz - 1GHz





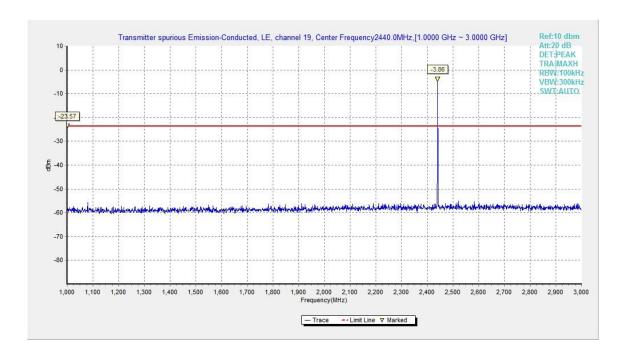


Fig.12. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2440 MHz, 1GHz - 3GHz

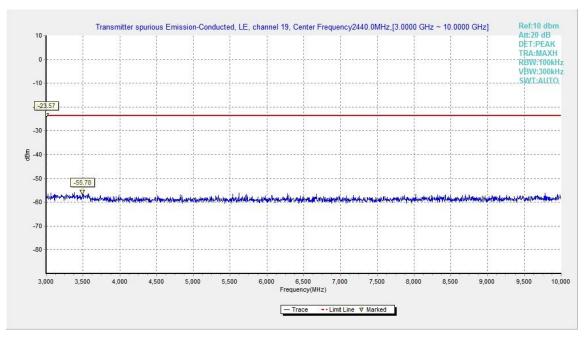


Fig.13. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2440 MHz, 3GHz - 10GHz



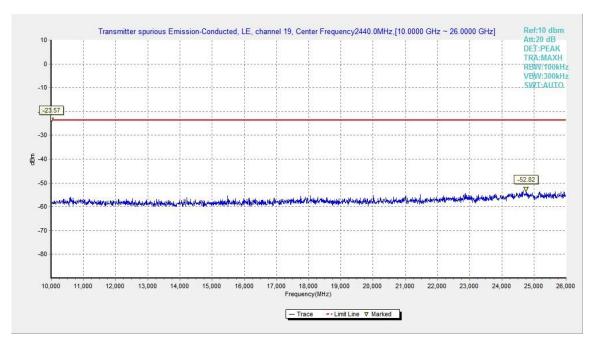


Fig.14. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2440 MHz, 10GHz – 26GHz

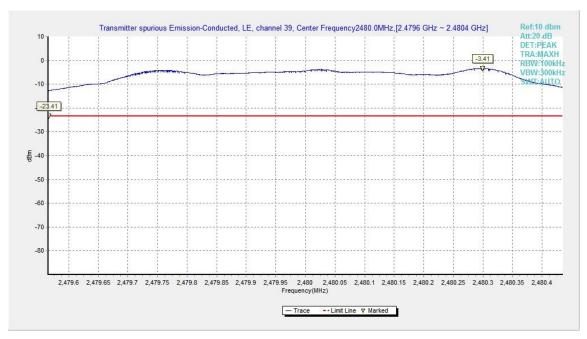


Fig.15. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2480 MHz



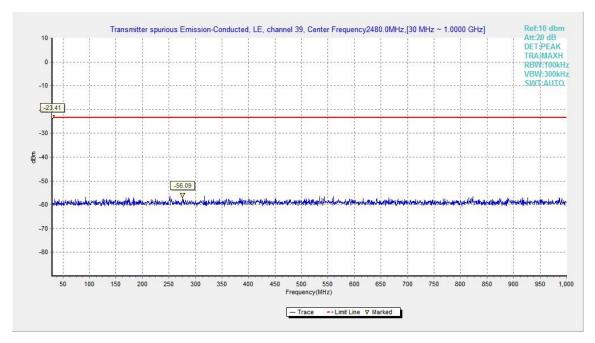


Fig.16. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2480 MHz, 30MHz - 1GHz

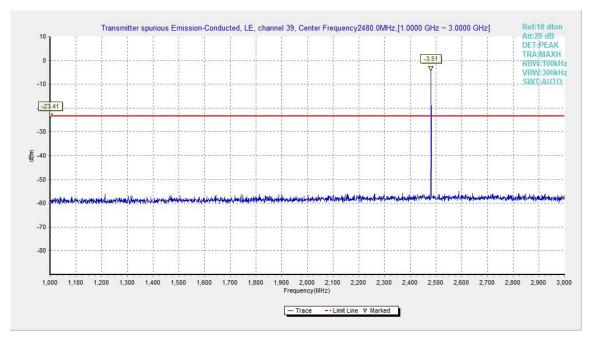


Fig.17. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2480 MHz, 1GHz - 3GHz





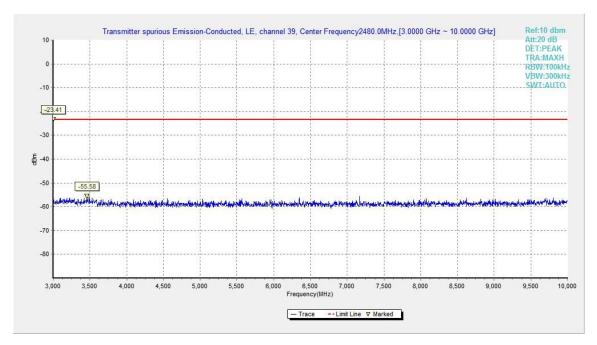


Fig.18. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2480 MHz, 3GHz - 10GHz

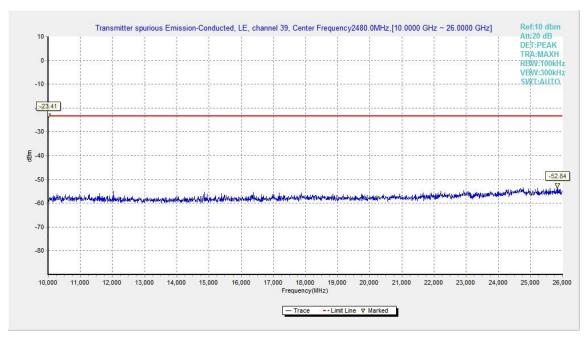


Fig.19. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted: GFSK, 2480 MHz, 10GHz - 26GHz





# A.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 &6.5 & 6.6

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### Limit in restricted band:

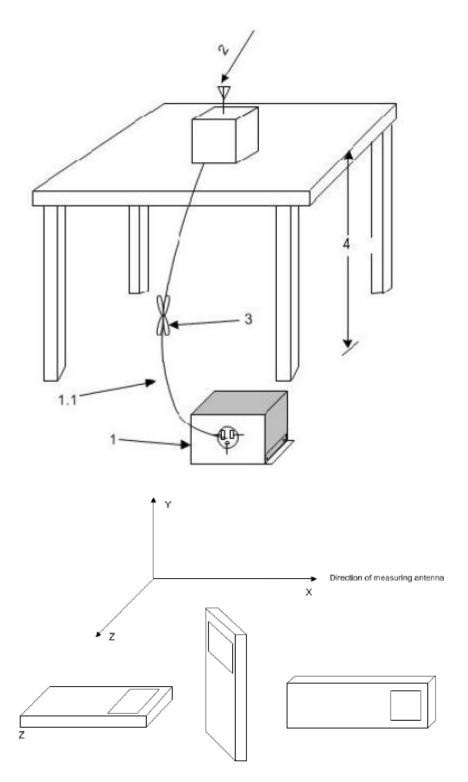
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

## Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a no conducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.





### **Test Condition**

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.

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nominal rated supply voltage.

### **Exploratory radiated emissions measurements**

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

#### Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$  and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

### The receiver references:

Frequency of emission	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
(MHz)		
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20





P<sub>Mea</sub> is the field strength recorded from the instrument. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Result=  $P_{Mea}$  + Cable Loss + Antenna Factor

Where:

P<sub>Mea</sub> field strength recorded from the instrument

# Average Measurement results GFSK 2402MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBμV/m)	(dB)
17967	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	V	54	9.2
17997	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	Н	54	9.2
17947.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17949	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
17968.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
2382.7	42.4	-14.2	28.1	28.5	Н	54	11.6

## GFSK 2440MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17967	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	Н	54	9.2
17938.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17949	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17953.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4
17956.5	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	V	54	9.4
17961	44.6	-25.5	46.7	23.4	Н	54	9.4

## GFSK 2480MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17968.5	44.8	-25.5	46.7	23.6	Н	54	9.2
17941.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17947.5	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17952	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	V	54	9.3
17973	44.7	-25.5	46.7	23.5	Н	54	9.3
2498.3	42.5	-13.9	28.4	28.1	V	54	11.5





# Peak Measurement results GFSK 2402MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17845.5	56.6	-25.5	46.7	35.4	Н	74	17.4
17584.5	56.5	-25.7	46	36.3	V	74	17.5
17958	56.4	-25.5	46.7	35.2	V	74	17.6
17470.5	56.3	-26.9	45.2	37.9	Н	74	17.7
17935.5	56.3	-25.5	46.7	35.1	V	74	17.7
2383.4	55.3	-14.2	28.1	41.4	V	74	18.7

# GFSK 2440MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17964	56.5	-25.5	46.7	35.3	V	74	17.5
17731.5	56.2	-25.7	46	36	Н	74	17.8
17847	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	V	74	17.8
17959.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	V	74	17.8
17962.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	V	74	17.8
17955	56.1	-25.5	46.7	34.9	V	74	17.9

## GFSK 2480MHz

Frequency	Result	Cable	Antenna	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Polarization	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Loss(dB)	Factor	(dBuV/m)		(dBµV/m)	(dB)
17866.5	57.5	-25.5	46.7	36.3	Н	74	16.5
17983.5	56.8	-25.5	46.7	35.6	Н	74	17.2
17950.5	56.7	-25.5	46.7	35.5	V	74	17.3
17970	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	Н	74	17.8
17980.5	56.2	-25.5	46.7	35	Н	74	17.8
2485.4	55.4	-14.2	28.3	41.3	Н	74	18.6

**Conclusion: PASS** 





### A.7. 6dB Bandwidth

### **Method of Measurement:**

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10 clause 11.8.1

- 1.Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 300 kHz.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit		
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(2)	>= 500KHz		

### **Measurement Results:**

## For GFSK

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Band	Conclusion	
0	2402	Fig.20	661.00	Р
19	2440	Fig.21	665.00	Р
39	2480	Fig.22	667.50	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





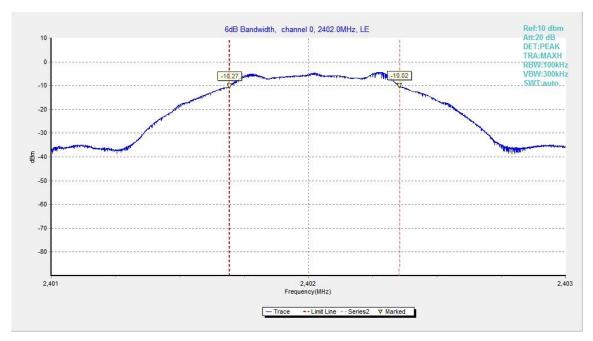


Fig.20. 6dB Bandwidth: GFSK, 2402 MHz

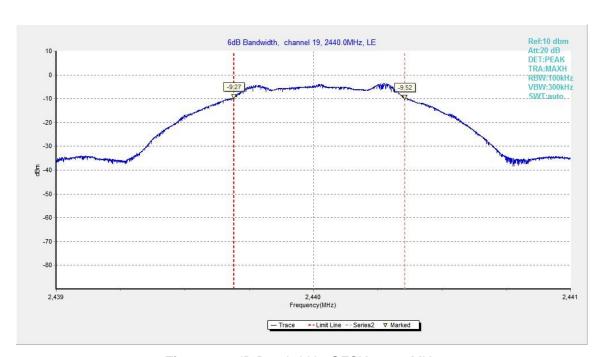


Fig.21. 6dB Bandwidth: GFSK, 2440 MHz





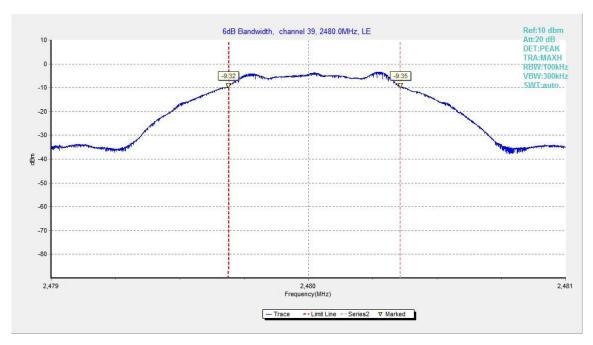


Fig.22. 6dB Bandwidth: GFSK, 2480 MHz





# A.8. Maximum Power Spectral Density Level

### **Method of Measurement:**

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10 clause 11.10.2

- 1. Set the RBW = 3 kHz.
- 2. Set the VBW = 10 kHz.
- 3. Set the span to 2 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit		
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(e)	<=8.0dBm/3kHz		

### **Measurement Results:**

### For GFSK

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Powe Level(d	Conclusion	
0	2402	Fig.23	-20.55	Р
19	2440	Fig.24	-19.77	Р
39	2480	Fig.25	-19.53	Р

## Test graphs as below:



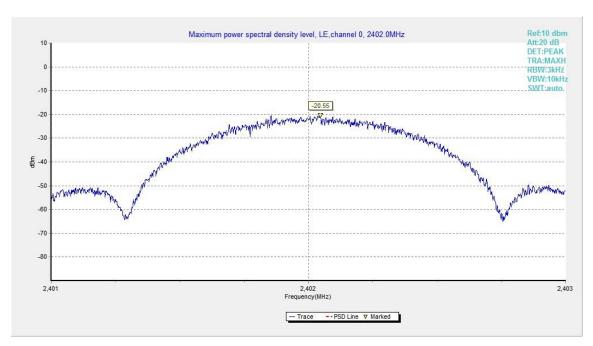


Fig.23. Maximum Power Spectral Density Level Function: GFSK, 2402 MHz

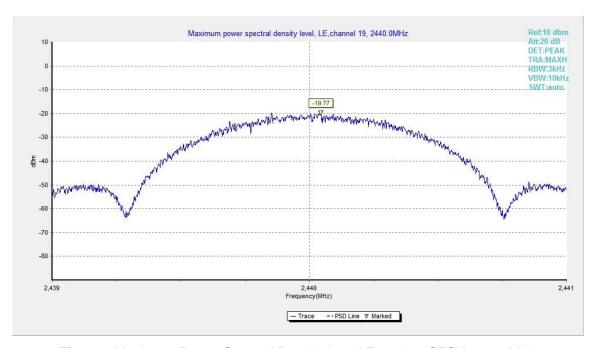


Fig.24. Maximum Power Spectral Density Level Function: GFSK, 2440 MHz





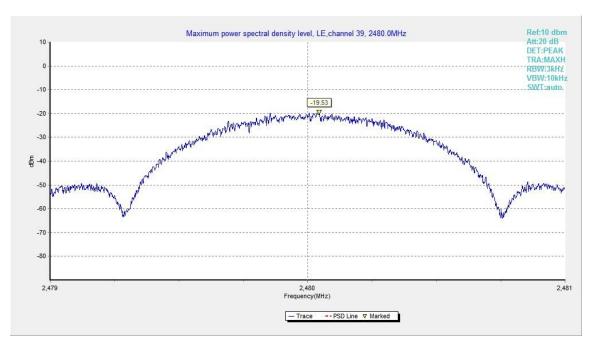


Fig.25. Maximum Power Spectral Density Level Function: GFSK, 2480 MHz





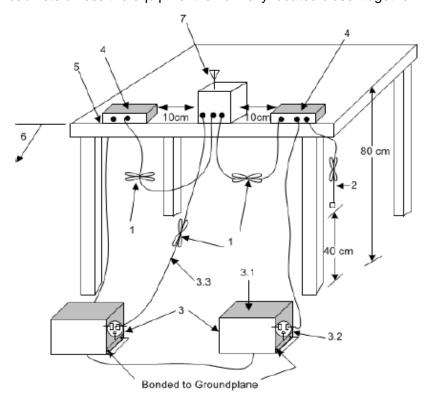
### A.9. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.2

### Setup:

A stand-alone EUT shall be placed in the center along the back edge of the tabletop. For multiunit tabletop systems, the EUT shall be centered laterally (left to right facing the tabletop) on the tabletop and its rear shall be flush with the rear of the table.

Accessories that are part of an EUT system tested on a tabletop shall be placed in a test arrangement on one or both sides of the host with a 10 cm separation between the nearest points of the cabinets. The rear of the host and accessories shall be flush with the back of the supporting tabletop unless that would not be typical of normal use. If more than two accessories are present, then an equipment test arrangement shall be chosen that maintains 10 cm spacing between cabinets unless the equipment is normally located closer together.



### Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Exploratory measurements shall be used to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. For each mode of operation and for each ac power current-carrying conductor, cable manipulation shall be performed within the range of likely configurations. For this measurement or series of measurements, the frequency spectrum of interest shall be monitored looking for the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Once that emission is found for each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the cords associated with non-EUT equipment in the overall system), the one configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produces the emission closest to the limit over all of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.

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measured conductors shall be recorded.

### Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is composed of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections (e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network), then each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be measured separately. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

### **Test Condition:**

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)		
120	60		

#### Measurement Result and limit:

### **EUT ID: EUT1**

**Bluetooth** (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBμV)	Result ( With ch	Conclusion	
(11112)	Ziiiit (abµv)	Traffic	ldle	
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56			
0.5 to 5	56	Fig.A.9.1	Fig.A.9.2	Р
5 to 30	60			

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

### Bluetooth (Average Limit)

Frequency range	Average Limit	Result		
(MHz)	_	With c	Conclusion	
(IVITIZ)	(dBμV)	Traffic	ldle	
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46			
0.5 to 5	46	Fig.A.9.1	Fig.A.9.2	Р
5 to 30	50			

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.





Conclusion: Pass
Test graphs as below:

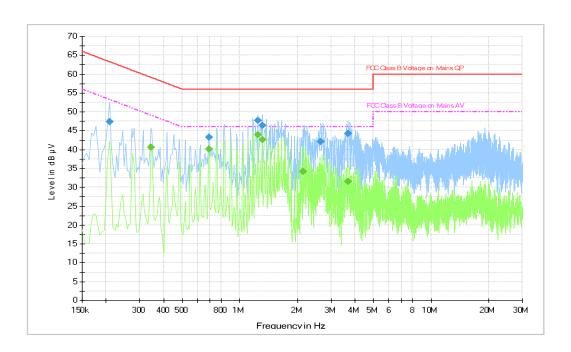


Fig.A.9.1 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Traffic

Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

### **Final Result 1**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.208500	47.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	16.0	63.3
0.690000	43.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	12.7	56.0
1.243500	47.8	1000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	8.2	56.0
1.311000	46.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	9.6	56.0
2.656500	42.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.2	14.0	56.0
3.691500	44.3	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	11.7	56.0

### Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.343500	40.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	8.4	49.1
0.690000	40.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	5.9	46.0
1.243500	43.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	2.1	46.0
1.311000	42.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	3.4	46.0
2.139000	34.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	11.9	46.0
3.691500	31.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	14.4	46.0

Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers





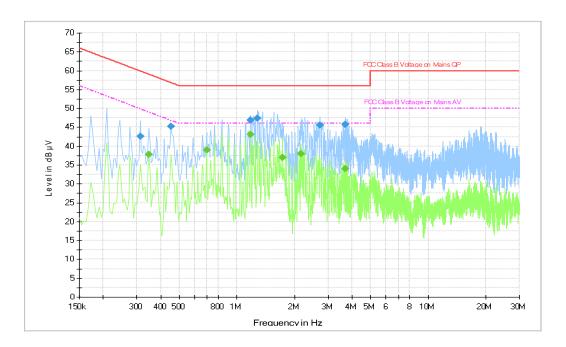


Fig.A.9.2 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Idle

Note1: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

### **Final Result 1**

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.312000	42.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	17.3	59.9
0.451500	45.2	1000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	11.6	56.8
1.180500	46.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	9.1	56.0
1.284000	47.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.9	8.6	56.0
2.724000	45.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.2	10.5	56.0
3.696000	45.7	1000.0	9.000	On	N	20.3	10.3	56.0

### Final Result 2

Frequency	Average	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Filter	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(ms)	(kHz)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.348000	37.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	11.1	49.0
0.694500	39.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.1	7.0	46.0
1.180500	43.1	1000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	2.9	46.0
1.734000	37.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.0	9.0	46.0
2.152500	38.0	1000.0	9.000	On	N	19.9	8.0	46.0
3.691500	33.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	20.5	12.1	46.0

Note2: The measurement results showed here are worst cases of the combinations of different cables and chargers





# **ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



# Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

## Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

### **Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2019-09-26 through 2020-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*