# **FCC SAR Test Report**

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

**APPLICANT** : HMD Global Oy

**EQUIPMENT** : GSM/WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone

**BRAND NAME** : Nokia

**MODEL NAME** : TA-1092

**FCC ID** : 2AJOTTA-1092

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Oct. 29, 2018 and testing was started from Nov. 15, 2018 and completed on Nov. 20, 2018. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Mark Qu

NVLAP LAB CODE 600155-0

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 1 of 58

# FCC SAR Test Report

# **Table of Contents**

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
4.1 General Information	ε
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	7
5. RF Exposure Limits	ε
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	Ε
5.2 Controlled Environment	
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
6.1 Introduction	
6.2 SAR Definition	
7. System Description and Setup	
7.1 E-Field Probe	
7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
7.3 Phantom	
7.4 Device Holder	
8. Measurement Procedures	
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	14
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9. Test Equipment List	
10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	10
10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	
10.2 Tissue Verification	۱۶
11. RF Exposure Positions	21
11.1 Ear and handset reference point	
11.2 Definition of the cheek position	
11.3 Definition of the tilt position	
11.4 Body Worn Accessory	
11.5 Wireless Router	
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	41
14. Antenna Location	
15. SAR Test Results	
15.1 Head SAR	
15.2 Hotspot SAR	
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement	
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	53
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	56
17. Uncertainty Assessment	
18. References	
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092

# **Revision History**

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA8O2901-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 11, 2018

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 3 of 58

# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HMD Global Oy, GSM/WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone, TA-1092, are as follows.

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

	quipment Frequency Class Band		Hiç	ghest SAR Summ	ary	Highest
Equipment Class			Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR
				1g SAR (W/kg)		(W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.13	0.39	0.39	
	GOIVI	GSM1900	0.11	0.51	0.42	
Linemand	WCDMA	Band V	0.21	0.48	0.48	1.42
Licensed		Band 5	0.21	0.46	0.46	1.42
	LTE	Band 7	0.33	1.17	1.17	
		Band 38	0.23	1.00	1.00	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.91	0.26	0.26	1.42
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	0.15			1.38
Date of Testing:				2018/11/15	-2018/11/20	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 4 of 58

# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory				
Test Site	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.			
Test Site Location	No.3-2 Ping-Xiang Rd, Kunshan Development Zone Kunshan City Jiangsu Province 215335 China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958			

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

	Applicant
Company Name	HMD Global Oy
Address	Bertel Jungin aukio 9, 02600 Espoo, Finland

	Manufacturer
Company Name	HMD Global Oy
Address	Bertel Jungin aukio 9, 02600 Espoo, Finland

# 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

# 4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	GSM/WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Nokia
Model Name	TA-1092
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-1092
IMEI Code	SIM1: 359013091651802 SIM2: 359013091731802
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	HW0541
SW Version	000C_0_390
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Pomark:	

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

#### Remark:

- 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
- 2. This device does not support DTM operation and support GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 3. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 4. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
- 5. This project is FCC change ID application (original report FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1080) and changed dual SIM card slot to single SIM card slots, changed Model Name and HW Version. Since the test result is not affected by the changes, so all the test results release from original report which can be referred to Sporton report number FA8O2901, FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1080.

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 6 of 58

# 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	necessary iten	ns addre	ssed in K	DB 941	225 D05	v02r05		
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-109	2						
Equipment Name	GSM/WCDMA	VLTE Mob	ile Phone	9				
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 5: 8 LTE Band 7: 2 LTE Band 38:	502.5 MH	lz ~ 2567	.5 MHz				
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
Uplink Modulations used	QPSK / 16QA	M						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Dat	a						
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat 4							
CA Support	Not Supported							
		Cha	nnel bandv	vidth / Tra	nsmission	bandwidth (	N <sub>RB</sub> )	and 3 MPR (dB)
		Cha 1.4	nnel bandv 3.0	vidth / Tra	nsmission 10	bandwidth (	N <sub>RB</sub> )	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by	Modulation	Cha	nnel bandv	vidth / Tra	nsmission	bandwidth (	N <sub>RB</sub> )	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Modulation	Cha 1.4 MHz	nnel bandv 3.0 MHz	vidth / Tra 5 MHz	nsmission 10 MHz	bandwidth ( 15 MHz	N <sub>RB</sub> ) 20 MHz	MPR (dB)
	Modulation QPSK	1.4 MHz > 5	3.0 MHz > 4	vidth / Tra 5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12	bandwidth ( 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	N <sub>RB</sub> ) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	MPR (dB)  ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2
	Modulation  QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM	1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4	vidth / Tra 5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 ≤ 12	bandwidth ( 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16	N <sub>RB</sub> )  20  MHz  > 18  ≤ 18  > 18  ≤ 18	MPR (dB)  ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2
	Modulation  QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM	1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12	bandwidth ( 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	N <sub>RB</sub> ) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	MPR (dB)  ≤ 1  ≤ 1  ≤ 2  ≤ 2  ≤ 3
	Modulation  QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM	1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 ≤ 12	bandwidth ( 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16	N <sub>RB</sub> )  20  MHz  > 18  ≤ 18  > 18  ≤ 18	MPR (dB)  ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2
	Modulation  QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM	1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 ≥ 5 ≥ 5 > 5	3.0 MHz > 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≥ 11 > 12	bandwidth ( 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	NRB)  20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	MPR (dB)  ≤1 ≤1 ≤2 ≤2 ≤3 ≤5  et to NS_01

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band							
	LTE Band 5							
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz			Bandwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidth 10 MHz		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829
М	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
Н	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844
				LTE Ba	nd 7			
	Bandwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MHz	Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
М	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
Н	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560
				LTE Ba	nd 38			
	Bandwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MHz	Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580
М	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
Н	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 7 of 58 Form version. : 170509

# 5. RF Exposure Limits

### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 8 of 58 Form version. : 170509

# 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

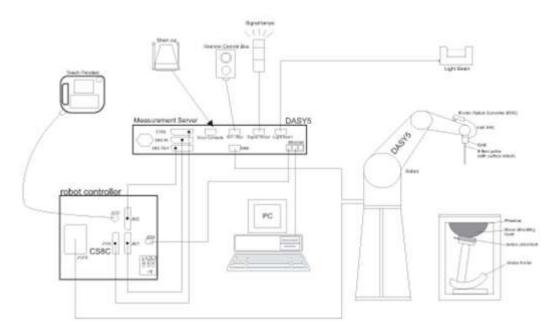
Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 9 of 58

# 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 10 of 58 Form version. : 170509

### 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz			
Trequency	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)			
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)			
Directivity	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamia Banga	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g			
Dynamic Range	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)			
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)			
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)			
Dimensions	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1			
	mm			



Report No. : FA8O2901-01

# 7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Photo of DAE** 

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 11 of 58

# 7.3 Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

- C7 un 1 Will 1 Hallestin		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 12 of 58 Form version. : 170509

### 7.4 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

## <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 13 of 58

# 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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## 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ ; $\leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution is x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

Page 15 of 58

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 16 of 58 Form version. : 170509

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 9. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Environment	Type/Medal	Carial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2017/12/5	2018/12/4
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	2017/12/6	2018/12/5
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	2017/12/7	2018/12/6
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2017/12/7	2018/12/6
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2018/10/22	2019/10/2
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	2018/4/19	2019/4/18
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	2018/5/31	2019/5/30
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3293	2018/10/25	2019/10/2
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1839	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1842	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1697	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer MT8820C 6201563900		6201563900	2018/1/26	2019/1/25
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	eless Communication Test Set E5515C MY52102706		2018/4/17	2019/4/16
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2018/4/17	2019/4/16
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2017/11/28	2018/11/2
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2018/2/6	2019/2/5
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2018/1/26	2019/1/25
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	2017/12/26	2018/12/2
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101742	2018/1/19	2019/1/18
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2018/8/21	2019/8/20
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2018/8/8	2019/8/7
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	ote
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	ote
AR	Power Amplifier	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	ote

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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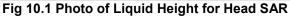
Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 17 of 58 Form version.: 170509

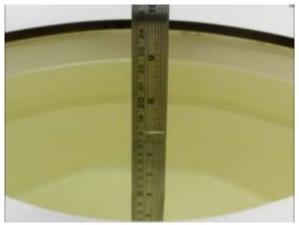
# 10. System Verification

# 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Form version.: 170509 Page 18 of 58



# 10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

1133UC	Biologi	iio i ait	anneter One	ok recounts						
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.910	42.093	0.90	41.50	1.11	1.43	±5	2018/11/16
1900	Head	22.7	1.424	40.209	1.40	40.00	1.71	0.52	±5	2018/11/18
2450	Head	22.8	1.858	38.649	1.80	39.20	3.22	-1.41	±5	2018/11/20
2600	Head	22.6	2.037	38.899	1.96	39.00	3.93	-0.26	±5	2018/11/18
835	Body	22.6	0.964	54.742	0.97	55.20	-0.62	-0.83	±5	2018/11/15
1900	Body	22.7	1.547	52.476	1.52	53.30	1.78	-1.55	±5	2018/11/16
2450	Body	22.6	1.985	51.473	1.95	52.70	1.79	-2.33	±5	2018/11/20
2600	Body	22.7	2.197	50.896	2.16	52.50	1.71	-3.06	±5	2018/11/16

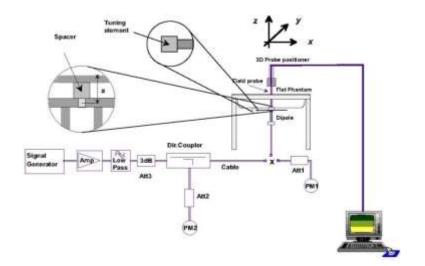
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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 19 of 58 Form version.: 170509

# 10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2018/11/16	835	Head	250	4d091	3857	1279	2.38	9.48	9.52	0.42
2018/11/18	1900	Head	250	5d118	3293	1358	9.33	39.70	37.32	-5.99
2018/11/20	2450	Head	250	840	3857	1279	13.80	52.60	55.20	4.94
2018/11/18	2600	Head	250	1061	3293	1358	13.90	58.20	55.60	-4.47
2018/11/15	835	Body	250	4d091	3857	1279	2.58	9.72	10.32	6.17
2018/11/16	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1279	10.40	40.40	41.60	2.97
2018/11/20	2450	Body	250	840	3857	1279	13.10	51.90	52.40	0.96
2018/11/16	2600	Body	250	1061	3857	1279	13.80	56.40	55.20	-2.13





Report No. : FA8O2901-01

Fig 10.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 20 of 58

# 11. RF Exposure Positions

## 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 11.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 11.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 11.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 11.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 11.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

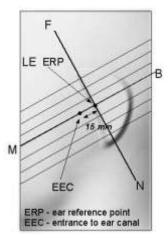
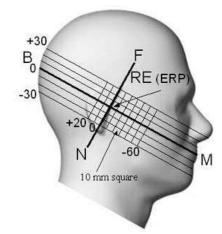


Fig 11.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



Report No.: FA8O2901-01

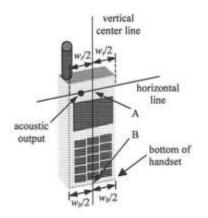
Fig 11.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 21 of 58

### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 11.2.1 and Figure 11.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 11.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 11.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 11.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 11.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.



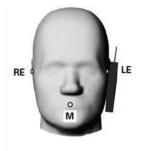
horizontal w/2 w/2 line acoustic output bottom of handset B

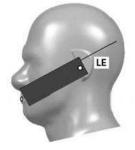
vertical

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Fig 11.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 11.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"





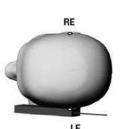


Fig 11.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 22 of 58 Form version. : 170509

## 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 11.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

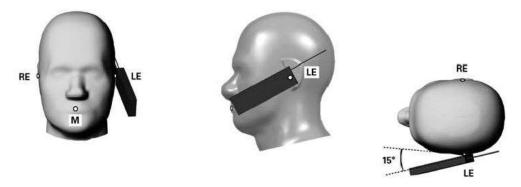


Fig 11.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 23 of 58 Form version. : 170509

## 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

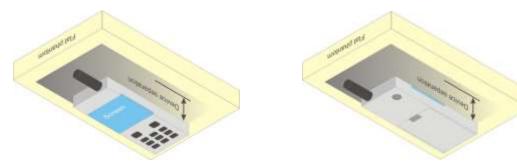


Fig 11.4 Body Worn Position

### 11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W  $\ge$  9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 24 of 58 Form version. : 170509

# 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
  procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
  secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
  mode.

GSM850	Burst Av	erage Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Tx Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.24	32.26	32.34	34.00	23.24	23.26	23.34	25.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.22	32.24	32.32	34.00	23.22	23.24	23.32	25.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.29	29.40	29.47	31.00	23.29	23.40	23.47	25.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	27.28	27.41	27.48	29.20	23.02	23.15	23.22	24.94
GPRS 4 Tx slots	26.02	26.08	26.14	28.00	23.02	23.08	23.14	<b>25.00</b>
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.54	26.54	26.57	27.50	17.54	17.54	17.57	18.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	26.44	26.41	26.51	27.50	20.44	20.41	20.51	21.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	26.33	26.30	26.38	27.00	22.07	22.04	22.12	22.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	25.69	25.70	25.76	26.50	22.69	22.70	22.76	23.50
GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)		_	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up	
			o. (a2)	Tune-up			( )	Lune-up
Tx Channel	512	661	810	Tune-up Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz)							<u> </u>	
	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 30.28	661 1880 30.44	810 1909.8 30.40	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2 21.28	661 1880 21.44	810 1909.8 21.40	Limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)  GSM 1 Tx slot  GPRS 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 30.28 30.26	661 1880 30.44 30.43	810 1909.8 30.40 30.38	Limit (dBm) 31.00 31.00	512 1850.2 21.28 21.26	661 1880 21.44 21.43	810 1909.8 21.40 21.38	Limit (dBm) 22.00 22.00
Frequency (MHz)  GSM 1 Tx slot  GPRS 1 Tx slot  GPRS 2 Tx slots	512 1850.2 30.28 30.26 27.28	661 1880 30.44 30.43 27.49	810 1909.8 30.40 30.38 27.46	Limit (dBm) 31.00 31.00 28.50	512 1850.2 21.28 21.26 21.28	661 1880 21.44 21.43 21.49	810 1909.8 21.40 21.38 21.46	Limit (dBm)  22.00  22.00  22.50
Frequency (MHz)  GSM 1 Tx slot  GPRS 1 Tx slot  GPRS 2 Tx slots  GPRS 3 Tx slots	512 1850.2 30.28 30.26 27.28 25.67	661 1880 30.44 30.43 27.49 25.86	810 1909.8 30.40 30.38 27.46 25.92	Limit (dBm)  31.00  31.00  28.50  26.50	512 1850.2 21.28 21.26 21.28 21.41	661 1880 21.44 21.43 21.49 21.60	810 1909.8 21.40 21.38 21.46 21.66	Limit (dBm)  22.00  22.00  22.50  22.24
Frequency (MHz)  GSM 1 Tx slot  GPRS 1 Tx slot  GPRS 2 Tx slots  GPRS 3 Tx slots  GPRS 4 Tx slots	512 1850.2 30.28 30.26 27.28 25.67 24.46	661 1880 30.44 30.43 27.49 25.86 24.60	810 1909.8 30.40 30.38 27.46 25.92 24.75	Limit (dBm)  31.00  31.00  28.50  26.50  25.50	512 1850.2 21.28 21.26 21.28 21.41 21.46	661 1880 21.44 21.43 21.49 21.60 21.60	810 1909.8 21.40 21.38 21.46 21.66 21.75	Limit (dBm)  22.00  22.00  22.50  22.24  22.50
Frequency (MHz)  GSM 1 Tx slot  GPRS 1 Tx slot  GPRS 2 Tx slots  GPRS 3 Tx slots  GPRS 4 Tx slots  EDGE 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 30.28 30.26 27.28 25.67 24.46 25.81	661 1880 30.44 30.43 27.49 25.86 24.60 25.81	810 1909.8 30.40 30.38 27.46 25.92 24.75 25.89	Limit (dBm)  31.00  31.00  28.50  26.50  25.50  27.00	512 1850.2 21.28 21.26 21.28 21.41 21.46 16.81	661 1880 21.44 21.43 21.49 21.60 21.60 16.81	810 1909.8 21.40 21.38 21.46 21.66 21.75 16.89	Limit (dBm)  22.00  22.00  22.50  22.24  22.50  18.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) ٧.
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Χ.
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

 $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . Note 1:

support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle_{ACK}$  and  $\triangle_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_{c}$ .
  - CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that
- For subtest 2 the β<sub>e</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$

**Setup Configuration** 

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Note 3:



## FCC SAR Test Report

### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/β⊲	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	Вес	β <sub>od</sub> (Note 4) (Note 5)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0			5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$   $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$  and  $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{\text{ACK}}$ ,  $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$  and  $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 5/15 \*  $\beta_c$  .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{te}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β<sub>d</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β<sub>c</sub> = 10/15 and β<sub>d</sub> = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting: C.
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$  b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
- c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8 vi.
- vii Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal a	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTt's	- 1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informatio	on Bit Payload ( N <sub>car.</sub> )	Bits	120
Number (	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Ct	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Ava	illable SML's in UE.	SML's	19200
Number of	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding R	ate		0.15
Number of	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1.30
Modulatio	on		: QPSK
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be us mode and both cells shall train parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed, constellation version 0 shall be	smit with ident le. sion is limited to The redundan	cal o1, i.e.,

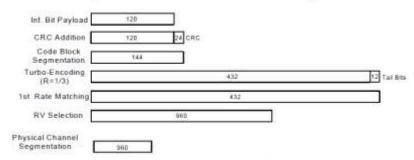


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

## **Setup Configuration**

Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 28 of 58



### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

	Band		WCDMA Band V					
	Tx Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit			
	Rx Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)			
	Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6				
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.34	23.42	23.34	24.50			
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.35	23.44	23.36	24.50			
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.25	22.20	22.28	24.00			
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.35	22.22	22.25	24.00			
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.89	21.77	21.79	23.50			
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.88	21.76	21.79	23.50			
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.02	22.03	22.20	24.00			
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22.13	22.13	22.18	24.00			
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.66	21.66	21.84	23.50			
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.67	21.67	21.73	23.50			
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.79	21.46	21.74	23.50			
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.27	21.13	21.14	22.00			
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.90	20.97	20.90	22.50			
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.43	21.05	21.11	22.00			
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.20	22.10	22.20	24.00			

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 29 of 58

### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018

Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 30 of 58



# FCC SAR Test Report

# <LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.03	22.99	22.86		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.95	23.04	23.40	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.96	22.85	22.80		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.28	22.14	22.33		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.19	22.19	22.29	00.5	,
10	QPSK	25	25	22.17	22.18	22.26	23.5	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.13	22.22	22.20		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.48	22.28	21.90		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.96	22.36	22.16	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.62	21.75	21.83		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.22	21.13	21.07		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.04	21.27	21.15	20.5	0
10	16QAM	25	25	21.07	21.26	21.13	22.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.13	21.20	21.15		
	Char	nnel		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.88	23.07	22.88		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.36	23.14	23.27	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.97	22.82	22.81		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.24	22.07	22.19		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.25	22.26	22.20	00.5	4
5	QPSK	12	13	22.24	22.16	22.15	23.5	1
5	QPSK	25	0	22.26	22.20	22.07		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.56	21.58		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.94	21.83	21.89	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.56	21.59	21.50		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.99	20.91	20.86		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.03	21.07	20.99	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	13	21.04	20.98	20.90	22.5	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.24	21.02	21.07		

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092



	Tune-up	port Repor					Observe	
MPR	limit	20635	20525	20415			Chan	
(dB)	(dBm)	847.5	836.5	825.5		y (MHz)	Frequency	
		23.15	22.99	23.15	0	1	QPSK	3
0	24.5	22.93	22.94	23.03	8	1	QPSK	3
		22.85	23.18	23.16	14	1	QPSK	3
		22.33	22.14	22.27	0	8	QPSK	3
1	23.5	22.20	22.24	22.26	4	8	QPSK	3
· ·	20.0	22.14	22.29	22.26	7	8	QPSK	3
		22.14	22.20	22.35	0	15	QPSK	3
		21.91	21.73	22.32	0	1	16QAM	3
1	23.5	21.81	22.23	22.24	8	1	16QAM	3
		21.81	22.22	22.35	14	1	16QAM	3
		20.98	21.26	20.96	0	8	16QAM	3
2	22.5	21.17	21.29	21.04	4	8	16QAM	3
2		21.13	21.30	20.97	7	8	16QAM	3
		21.16	21.21	21.39	0	15	16QAM	3
MPR	Tune-up	20643	20525	20407		nel	Chan	
(dB)	limit (dBm)	848.3	836.5	824.7		y (MHz)	Frequency	
		22.98	22.93	23.09	0	1	QPSK	1.4
		22.98	23.16	23.13	3	1	QPSK	1.4
	04.5	22.94	23.00	22.96	5	1	QPSK	1.4
0	24.5	23.18	23.22	23.34	0	3	QPSK	1.4
		23.09	23.37	23.35	1	3	QPSK	1.4
		23.09	23.32	23.39	3	3	QPSK	1.4
1	23.5	22.07	22.23	22.30	0	6	QPSK	1.4
		21.53	21.84	22.30	0	1	16QAM	1.4
		21.78	21.66	22.51	3	1	16QAM	1.4
	00.5	21.62	21.73	21.62	5	1	16QAM	1.4
1	23.5	21.91	22.14	22.04	0	3	16QAM	1.4
		21.81	22.26	22.15	1	3	16QAM	1.4
		21.87	22.20	22.16	3	3	16QAM	1.4
2	22.5	20.90	21.05	20.92	0	6	16QAM	1.4

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 32 of 58

# <LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.09	22.92	23.29		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.43	22.66	22.86	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	99	23.20	22.82	22.96		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.59	21.60	21.85		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.43	21.71	21.85	22.5	1
20	QPSK	50	50	21.41	21.65	21.79	22.5	1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.46	21.65	21.87		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.57	21.43	21.53		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.41	21.45	21.48	22.5	1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.40	21.56	21.40		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.57	20.79	20.97		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.60	20.79	21.01	21.5	2
20	16QAM	50	50	20.60	20.81	20.89	21.5	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.56	20.81	20.91		
	Char	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.65	22.82		
15	QPSK	1	37	22.75	22.83	22.92	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.60	22.91	23.03		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.01	21.92	22.01		
15	QPSK	36	20	21.96	21.87	21.96	22.5	4
15	QPSK	36	39	21.88	21.92	22.01	22.5	1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.89	21.89	22.06		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.08	21.43	21.47		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.62	21.43	21.68	22.5	1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.44	21.42	21.52		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.77	20.77	20.97		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.81	20.82	20.93	24.5	2
15	16QAM	36	39	20.82	20.88	21.10	21.5	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.89	20.86	21.04		

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 33 of 58



FCC SAR Test Report No.: FA8O2901-0								
	Char	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.72	22.57	22.87		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.03	22.93	23.14	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.97	22.91	23.02		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.21	22.00	22.26		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.12	22.04	22.31	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	25	22.03	22.00	22.31	22.5	ļ
10	QPSK	50	0	22.06	21.94	22.32		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.60	21.59	22.01		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.69	21.99	22.38	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.76	21.78	22.42		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.03	20.98	21.27		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.03	20.95	21.29	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	25	20.87	20.89	21.16		2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.91	20.85	21.21		
	Char	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.69	22.81	23.07		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.05	22.98	23.21	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.84	22.93	23.28		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.05	21.98	22.26		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.11	22.08	22.25	22.5	4
5	QPSK	12	13	22.15	22.13	22.25	22.5	1
5	QPSK	25	0	22.06	22.03	22.31		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.43	22.00	22.27		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.72	21.63	22.38	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.58	21.65	22.25		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.07	20.77	20.94		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.21	20.86	21.08	24.5	2
5	16QAM	12	13	20.91	20.78	21.15	21.5	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.06	20.91	21.39		

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 34 of 58

#### <TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

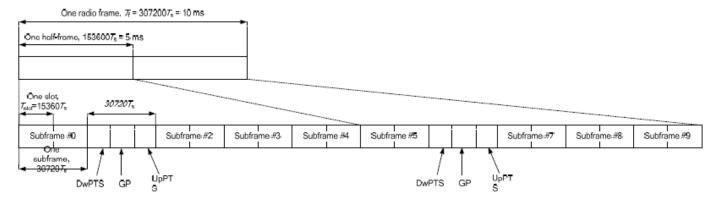


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink		Subframe number								
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	Il cyclic prefix i	n downlink	link Extended cyclic prefix in down			
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	DwPTS UpPTS		
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>			
1	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T <sub>e</sub>	2560 · T <sub>e</sub>	
2	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	$2192 \cdot T_{s}$	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192·1 <sub>S</sub>	2500·1 <sub>s</sub>	
3	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			25600 · T <sub>s</sub>			
4	26336·T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>			
5	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>e</sub>	5120 · T₀	
6	19760 ⋅ T <sub>s</sub>			23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4364.1 <sub>s</sub>	3120·1 <sub>\$</sub>	
7	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	$4384 \cdot T_s$	5120 ⋅ <i>T</i> <sub>s</sub>	12800 · T <sub>s</sub>			
8	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			-	-	-	
9	13168 · T <sub>s</sub>			-	-	-	

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 35 of 58

Special subframe (30720⋅T <sub>s</sub> ): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
	Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic pref configuration uplink uplink							
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%					
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%					

Special subframe(30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)									
	Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix configuration uplink uplink								
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%						
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%						

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 36 of 58 Issued Date : Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509

Report No.: FA8O2901-01



# FCC SAR Test Report

# <LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]   Modulation   RB Size   RB Offset   Chow   Ch. / Freq.   Ch. / Ch. / Freq.   Ch. / Ch.	<u> </u>	<u>u 00-</u>							
Channel   37850   38000   38150   (bBH)	BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Middle	High	limit <sup>*</sup>	
20		Cha	nnel		37850	38000	38150	(aBM)	,
20		Frequen	cy (MHz)		2580	2595	2610		
20	20	QPSK	1	0	22.68	22.70	22.92		
20	20	QPSK	1	49	22.97	22.90	23.25	24	0
20	20	QPSK	1	99	22.73	22.69	23.07		
20	20	QPSK	50	0	21.83	22.02	22.06		
20 QPSK 50 50 21.79 21.94 22.08 20 QPSK 100 0 21.85 21.94 22.12 20 16QAM 1 0 21.61 21.53 21.97 20 16QAM 1 49 21.72 21.59 21.79 23 1 20 16QAM 50 0 20.72 20.95 21.10 20 16QAM 50 0 20.72 20.95 21.10 20 16QAM 50 0 20.72 20.95 21.10 20 16QAM 50 24 20.80 21.04 20.97 20 16QAM 50 50 20.72 21.00 20.96 20 16QAM 100 0 20.79 20.85 20.99  Channel 37825 38000 38175 Tune-up limit (dBm) Frequency (MHz) 2577.5 2595 2612.5 (dBm) 15 QPSK 1 0 22.76 22.75 23.13 15 QPSK 1 37 22.87 22.73 23.20 24 0 15 QPSK 1 74 22.75 22.67 23.20 15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37 15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37 15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39 15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49 15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50 15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42 15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42 15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81 15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81 15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05 15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05 15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09	20	QPSK	50	24	21.86	22.09	22.10	22	4
20	20	QPSK	50	50	21.79	21.94	22.08	23	'
20	20	QPSK	100	0	21.85	21.94	22.12		
16QAM	20	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.53	21.97		
20	20	16QAM	1	49	21.72	21.59	21.79	23	1
20	20	16QAM	1	99	21.55	21.60	21.84		
20 16QAM 50 50 20.72 21.00 20.96  20 16QAM 100 0 20.79 20.85 20.99  Channel 37825 38000 38175 Tune-up limit (dBm)  Frequency (MHz) 2577.5 2595 2612.5 (dBm)  15 QPSK 1 0 22.76 22.75 23.13  15 QPSK 1 37 22.87 22.73 23.20 24  15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37  15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39  15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49  15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50  15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42  15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81  15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05  15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09  15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	20	16QAM	50	0	20.72	20.95	21.10		
20	20	16QAM	50	24	20.80	21.04	20.97	20	2
Channel         37825         38000         38175         Tune-up limit (dBm)         MPR (dB)           15 QPSK         1         0         22.76         22.75         23.13         24         0           15 QPSK         1         37         22.87         22.73         23.20         24         0           15 QPSK         1         74         22.75         22.67         23.20         24         0           15 QPSK         36         0         21.84         21.97         22.39         23         1         1         22.49         23         1         1         22.49         23         1         1         22.92         22.50         22.50         22.50         22.50         22.50         22.50         22.50         22.42	20	16QAM	50	50	20.72	21.00	20.96	22	2
Frequency (MHz)  2577.5  2595  2612.5  (dBm)  15  QPSK  1  0  22.76  22.75  23.13  15  QPSK  1  37  22.87  22.73  23.20  24  0  15  QPSK  1  74  22.75  22.67  23.20  15  QPSK  36  0  21.84  21.97  22.37  15  QPSK  36  20  21.95  22.05  23.20  24  0  15  QPSK  36  0  21.84  21.97  22.37  15  QPSK  36  39  21.93  21.98  22.49  15  QPSK  75  0  21.94  22.02  22.50  15  16QAM  1  0  21.67  21.58  22.42  15  16QAM  1  37  21.77  21.68  22.43  23  1  15  16QAM  1  74  21.68  21.75  21.81  15  16QAM  36  0  20.91  20.77  21.05  15  16QAM  36  39  20.86  20.90  21.18	20	16QAM	100	0	20.79	20.85	20.99		
15		Cha	nnel		37825	38000	38175	Tune-up	MPR
15 QPSK 1 0 22.76 22.75 23.13 15 QPSK 1 37 22.87 22.73 23.20 24 0 15 QPSK 1 74 22.75 22.67 23.20 15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37 15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39 15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49 15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50 15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42 15 16QAM 1 37 21.77 21.68 22.43 15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81 15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05 15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09 15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18		Frequen	cy (MHz)		2577.5	2595	2612.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15 QPSK 1 74 22.75 22.67 23.20  15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37  15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39  15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49  15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50  15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42  15 16QAM 1 37 21.77 21.68 22.43 23 1  15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81  15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05  15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09  15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	15	QPSK	1	0	22.76	22.75	23.13		
15 QPSK 36 0 21.84 21.97 22.37  15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39  15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49  15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50  15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42  15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81  15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05  15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09  15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	15	QPSK	1	37	22.87	22.73	23.20	24	0
15 QPSK 36 20 21.95 22.05 22.39 23 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15	QPSK	1	74	22.75	22.67	23.20		
15 QPSK 36 39 21.93 21.98 22.49 15 QPSK 75 0 21.94 22.02 22.50 15 16QAM 1 0 21.67 21.58 22.42 15 16QAM 1 37 21.77 21.68 22.43 23 1 15 16QAM 1 74 21.68 21.75 21.81 15 16QAM 36 0 20.91 20.77 21.05 15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09 15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	15	QPSK	36	0	21.84	21.97	22.37		
15     QPSK     36     39     21.93     21.98     22.49       15     QPSK     75     0     21.94     22.02     22.50       15     16QAM     1     0     21.67     21.58     22.42       15     16QAM     1     37     21.77     21.68     22.43     23     1       15     16QAM     1     74     21.68     21.75     21.81       15     16QAM     36     0     20.91     20.77     21.05       15     16QAM     36     20     20.85     20.74     21.09       15     16QAM     36     39     20.86     20.90     21.18	15	QPSK	36	20	21.95	22.05	22.39	1	
15     16QAM     1     0     21.67     21.58     22.42       15     16QAM     1     37     21.77     21.68     22.43     23     1       15     16QAM     1     74     21.68     21.75     21.81       15     16QAM     36     0     20.91     20.77     21.05       15     16QAM     36     20     20.85     20.74     21.09       15     16QAM     36     39     20.86     20.90     21.18	15	QPSK	36	39	21.93	21.98	22.49	23	1
15     16QAM     1     37     21.77     21.68     22.43     23     1       15     16QAM     1     74     21.68     21.75     21.81       15     16QAM     36     0     20.91     20.77     21.05       15     16QAM     36     20     20.85     20.74     21.09       15     16QAM     36     39     20.86     20.90     21.18	15	QPSK	75	0	21.94	22.02	22.50		
15     16QAM     1     74     21.68     21.75     21.81       15     16QAM     36     0     20.91     20.77     21.05       15     16QAM     36     20     20.85     20.74     21.09       15     16QAM     36     39     20.86     20.90     21.18	15	16QAM	1	0	21.67	21.58	22.42		
15     16QAM     36     0     20.91     20.77     21.05       15     16QAM     36     20     20.85     20.74     21.09       15     16QAM     36     39     20.86     20.90     21.18	15	16QAM	1	37	21.77	21.68	22.43	23	1
15 16QAM 36 20 20.85 20.74 21.09 15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	15	16QAM	1	74	21.68	21.75	21.81		
15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18 <sup>22</sup> 2	15	16QAM	36	0	20.91	20.77	21.05		
15 16QAM 36 39 20.86 20.90 21.18	15	16QAM	36	20	20.85	20.74	21.09	22	2
15 16QAM 75 0 20.79 20.85 21.19	15	16QAM	36	39	20.86	20.90	21.18	22	2
	15	16QAM	75	0	20.79	20.85	21.19		

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 37 of 58



	Cha	nnel		37800	38000	38200	Tune-up	MPR
		cy (MHz)		2575	2595	2615	limit .	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.67	22.66	22.71	(dBm)	
10	QPSK	1	25	22.78	22.71	23.05	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.78	23.03	22.84		O
10	QPSK	25	0	21.81	22.09	22.08		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.73	21.99	22.05	_	
10	QPSK	25	25	21.78	21.95	22.11	23	1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.86	22.00	22.07		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.68	21.69	21.83		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.53	21.76	21.81	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.63	21.50	21.80		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.05	21.11	21.01		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.06	21.09	21.00	-	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.01	21.17	20.97	- 22	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.03	21.18	21.03		
	Cha	nnel		37775	38000	38225	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2572.5	2595	2617.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.74	22.70	22.91		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.79	22.76	23.11	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.54	22.52	23.02		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.03	22.00	22.08		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.90	22.04	22.07	23	1
5	QPSK	12	13	21.90	21.88	22.03	23	1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.86	21.75	22.07		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.63	21.71	21.53		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.61	21.72	21.68	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.61	21.53	21.78		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.74	20.85	20.98		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.63	20.82	20.91	22	2
5	16QAM	12	13	20.59	20.79	20.90	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.61	20.78	20.94		

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 38 of 58

### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

### <2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	<mark>13.99</mark>	15.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	13.80	15.00	97.59
		11	2462	13.96	15.00	
		1	2412	12.27	13.00	
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437 11.30		13.00	87.50
		11	2462	11.77	13.00	
		1	2412	11.20	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	10.46	12.00	86.27
	Mood	11	2462	10.89	12.00	
		3	2422	10.38	11.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	8.89	10.00	86.29
		9	2452	8.10	10.00	

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <Bluetooth Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

- 1. For Bluetooth SAR testing chose the mode with highest output power, which is 1Mbps at middle channel to test SAR and determine the worst configuration for further high/low channel testing.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.97 %, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)
Mode	Gildilliel	(MHz)	1Mbps
	CH 00	2402	<u>9.45</u>
BR/EDR	CH 39	2441	9.02
	CH 78	2480	8.79
	Tune-up limit (dBm)		10.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)
Mode	Chame	(MHz)	GFSK
	CH 00	2402	0.60
LE	CH 19	2440	-0.06
	CH 39	2480	-0.30
	Tune-up limit (dBm)		1.50

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 40 of 58 Form version.: 170509

# 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Max Average power(dBm)							
Woue Danu	Bluetooth EDR	Bluetooth LE						
2.4GHz Bluetooth	10.00	1.50						

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

#### Note

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

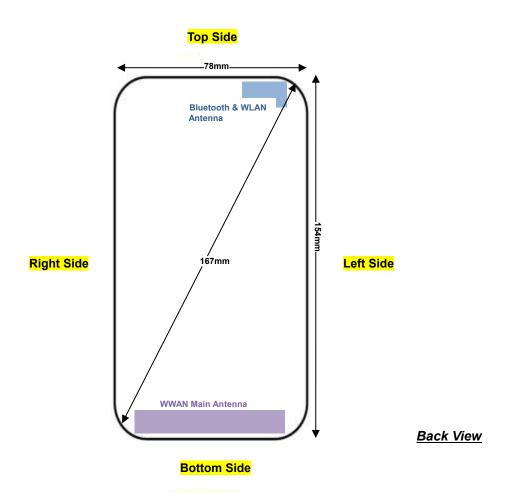
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
10.00	5	2.48	3.1
10.00	10	2.48	1.6

### Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine head SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 3.1 which is >= 3, head SAR testing is required.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, a distance of 10 mm is applied to determine body SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.6 which is <= 3, body SAR testing is not required.

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# 14. Antenna Location



Report No. : FA8O2901-01

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm						
Bluetooth & WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm > 25mm > 25mm ≤ 25mm												

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes						
Bluetooth & WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes						

### **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Form version. : 170509 Page 42 of 58

# 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/BT: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g product specific SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, in this report all the hotspot mode results are < 1.2W/kg.

#### **GSM Note:**

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### **WCDMA Note:**

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version.: 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 43 of 58

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.



# FCC SAR Test Report

### LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

#### **WLAN Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions /
  configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all
  required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

#### **Bluetooth Note:**

Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so Bluetooth head RF exposure evaluation chose the worst
position of WLAN2.4GHz to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other
position do co-located analysis with WWAN.

# 15.1 Head SAR

# <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	-0.05	0.064	0.099
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.09	0.041	0.063
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	-0.05	0.086	<mark>0.132</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	-0.02	0.042	0.065
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.06	0.093	<mark>0.110</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	0.02	0.036	0.043
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	0.02	0.072	0.085
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	0.02	0.045	0.053

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <WCDMA SAR>

Plo		Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.15	0.126	0.161
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.06	0.087	0.111
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.01	0.167	<mark>0.213</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.05	0.089	0.114

# <FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	-0.07	0.113	0.158
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.01	0.089	0.122
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	-0.06	0.081	0.113
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.08	0.066	0.090
04	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.03	0.148	0.207
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.11	0.115	0.157
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.06	0.074	0.104
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.09	0.066	0.090
05	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.01	0.318	0.334
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.03	0.261	0.303
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.06	0.175	0.184
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.03	0.137	0.159
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.14	0.169	0.177
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.02	0.146	0.170
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.02	0.136	0.143
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.02	0.109	0.127

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 45 of 58



# <TDD LTE SAR>

Plo No		BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.178	0.231
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.140	0.174
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.094	0.122
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.077	0.095
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.097	0.125
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.073	0.091
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.073	0.094
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.058	0.072

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Max Area Scan SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
07	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.937	-0.02	0.701	<mark>0.907</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.817	0.03	0.468	0.605
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.342			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.226			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	13.96	15.00	1.271	97.59	1.025		0.06	0.561	0.731

### <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
80	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0	2402	9.45	10.00	1.012	76.97	1.082	-0.01	0.134	<mark>0.147</mark>

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 46 of 58



# 15.2 Hotspot SAR

# <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.01	0.090	0.138
09	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.03	0.254	<mark>0.390</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	-0.05	0.093	0.143
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.02	0.040	0.061
	GSM850	, ,	Bottom Side	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	-0.02	0.060	0.091
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.14	0.181	0.215
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	0.01	0.356	0.423
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.16	0.059	0.070
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.01	0.082	0.097
10	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.18	0.425	0.505

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.02	0.162	0.207
11	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.04	0.376	<mark>0.480</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.06	0.143	0.183
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.01	0.059	0.076
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.01	0.093	0.118

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 47 of 58



# <FDD LTE SAR>

Plot		BW		RB	RB	Test	Gap		Freq.	Average					
No.	Band	(MHz)	Modulation	Size	Offset	Position	(mm)	Ch.	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.06	0.150	0.210
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.01	0.124	0.170
12	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.02	0.328	0.459
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.01	0.288	0.394
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.03	0.133	0.186
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.05	0.109	0.149
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.02	0.065	0.091
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.02	0.050	0.068
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.03	0.105	0.147
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.04	0.087	0.119
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.18	0.408	0.428
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.11	0.331	0.384
13	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.02	1.110	<mark>1.165</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20850	2510	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.19	0.876	0.963
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21100	2535	22.92	23.50	1.143	-0.08	0.997	1.139
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	-0.18	0.860	0.999
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20850	2510	21.59	22.50	1.233	-0.17	0.625	0.771
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21100	2535	21.60	22.50	1.230	-0.03	0.724	0.891
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	21350	2560	21.87	22.50	1.156	-0.03	0.883	1.021
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.01	0.044	0.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.03	0.027	0.031
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.06	0.230	0.241
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.02	0.176	0.204
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.16	1.000	1.050
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.12	0.600	0.659
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.12	0.774	0.885
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	-0.17	0.777	0.902
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	21.59	22.50	1.233	-0.09	0.502	0.619
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	21.60	22.50	1.230	-0.15	0.634	0.780
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	21350	2560	21.87	22.50	1.156	-0.09	0.779	0.901

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 48 of 58



# <TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.289	0.375
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.217	0.269
14	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.772	1.000
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.602	0.747
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	38000	2595	21.94	23.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.611	0.785
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.031	0.040
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.026	0.033
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.118	0.153
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.091	0.113
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.711	0.921
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.558	0.692
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	21.94	23.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.546	0.701

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Max Area Scan SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.151			
15	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.31	-0.14	0.198	<mark>0.256</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	10	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.202			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top side	10	1	2412	13.99	15.00	1.262	97.59	1.025	0.144			

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 49 of 58

# 15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.01	0.090	0.138
16	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	26.14	28.00	1.535	0.03	0.254	0.390
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	-0.14	0.181	0.215
17	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	24.75	25.50	1.189	0.01	0.356	0.423

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	0.02	0.162	0.207
18	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	23.44	24.50	1.276	-0.04	0.376	<mark>0.480</mark>

### <FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)		Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.06	0.150	0.210
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.01	0.124	0.170
19	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.04	24.50	1.400	0.02	0.328	0.459
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.14	23.50	1.368	0.01	0.288	0.394
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.18	0.408	0.428
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	0.11	0.331	0.384
20	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.02	1.110	<mark>1.165</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20850	2510	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.19	0.876	0.963
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21100	2535	22.92	23.50	1.143	-0.08	0.997	1.139
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21350	2560	21.85	22.50	1.161	-0.18	0.860	0.999
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20850	2510	21.59	22.50	1.233	-0.17	0.625	0.771
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21100	2535	21.60	22.50	1.230	-0.03	0.724	0.891
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	21350	2560	21.87	22.50	1.156	-0.03	0.883	1.021

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 50 of 58



# <TDD LTE SAR>

	Plot Io.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
		LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.289	0.375
		LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.217	0.269
2	21	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	22.90	24.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.772	1.000
		LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10	38000	2595	22.09	23.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.602	0.747
		LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	38000	2595	21.94	23.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.611	0.785

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

# <WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Max Area Scan SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	14.63	15.00	1.090	97.59	1.025	0.151			
22	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	14.63	15.00	1.090	97.59	1.025	0.31	-0.14	0.198	<mark>0.256</mark>

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 51 of 58

# 15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)		Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.02	1.110	1	1.165
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21350	2560	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.08	1.080	1.028	1.134

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is  $\leq$  1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Form version.: 170509 Page 52 of 58

# 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	BT Tethering
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	BT Tethering
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	BT Tethering

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

#### **General Note:**

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE function.
- 2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 4. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 5. Chose the worse zoom scan SAR of WLAN2.4GHz SAR respectively for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- 6. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 7. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- B. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Hotspot/Body worn		
Max Power (dBm)	Test separation	10 mm		
10.00	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	0.210		

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 53 of 58 Form version. : 170509



# 16.1 **Head Exposure Conditions**

			1	2	3	1+2	1+3
1AWW	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.099	0.907	0.147	1.01	0.25
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.063	0.605	0.147	0.67	0.21
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.132	0.907	0.147	1.04	0.28
GSM		Left Tilted	0.065	0.907	0.147	0.97	0.21
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.110	0.907	0.147	1.02	0.26
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.043	0.605	0.147	0.65	0.19
	G3W11900	Left Cheek	0.085	0.907	0.147	0.99	0.23
		Left Tilted	0.053	0.907	0.147	0.96	0.20
	Band V	Right Cheek	0.161	0.907	0.147	1.07	0.31
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.111	0.605	0.147	0.72	0.26
WCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.213	0.907	0.147	1.12	0.36
		Left Tilted	0.114	0.907	0.147	1.02	0.26
	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.158	0.907	0.147	1.07	0.31
		Right Tilted	0.113	0.605	0.147	0.72	0.26
		Left Cheek	0.207	0.907	0.147	1.11	0.35
		Left Tilted	0.104	0.907	0.147	1.01	0.25
		Right Cheek	0.334	0.907	0.147	1.24	0.48
LTE	Band 7	Right Tilted	0.184	0.605	0.147	0.79	0.33
LIL	Danu /	Left Cheek	0.177	0.907	0.147	1.08	0.32
		Left Tilted	0.143	0.907	0.147	1.05	0.29
	Band 38	Right Cheek	0.231	0.907	0.147	1.14	0.38
		Right Tilted	0.122	0.605	0.147	0.73	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.125	0.907	0.147	1.03	0.27
		Left Tilted	0.094	0.907	0.147	1.00	0.24

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 54 of 58

# 16.2 <u>Hotspot Exposure Conditions</u>

			1	2	3			
10/10//	AN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	
VVVV			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Front	0.138	0.256	0.210	0.39	0.35	
		Back	0.390	0.256	0.210	0.65	0.60	
	GSM850	Left Side	0.143	0.256	0.210	0.40	0.35	
	CONIOSO	Right Side	0.061			0.06	0.06	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
GSM		Bottom Side	0.091			0.09	0.09	
GSIVI		Front	0.215	0.256	0.210	0.47	0.43	
		Back	0.423	0.256	0.210	0.68	0.63	
	GSM1900	Left Side	0.070	0.256	0.210	0.33	0.28	
	OSW1900	Right Side	0.097			0.10	0.10	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
		Bottom Side	0.505			0.51	0.51	
	Band V	Front	0.207	0.256	0.210	0.46	0.42	
		Back	0.480	0.256	0.210	0.74	0.69	
MACDAAA		Left Side	0.183	0.256	0.210	0.44	0.39	
WCDMA		Right Side	0.076			0.08	0.08	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
		Bottom Side	0.118			0.12	0.12	
	Band 5	Front	0.210	0.256	0.210	0.47	0.42	
		Back	0.459	0.256	0.210	0.72	0.67	
		Left Side	0.186	0.256	0.210	0.44	0.40	
		Right Side	0.091			0.09	0.09	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
		Bottom Side	0.147			0.15	0.15	
		Front	0.428	0.256	0.210	0.68	0.64	
		Back	1.165	0.256	0.210	1.42	<mark>1.38</mark>	
LTE	Pand 7	Left Side	0.046	0.256	0.210	0.30	0.26	
LIE	Band 7	Right Side	0.241			0.24	0.24	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
		Bottom Side	1.050			1.05	1.05	
		Front	0.375	0.256	0.210	0.63	0.59	
		Back	1.000	0.256	0.210	1.26	1.21	
	Dand 20	Left Side	0.040	0.256	0.210	0.30	0.25	
	Band 38	Right Side	0.153			0.15	0.15	
		Top Side		0.256	0.210	0.26	0.21	
		Bottom Side	0.921			0.92	0.92	

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 55 of 58

# 16.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

WWAN Band			1	2	3		
		Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	CCMOEO	Front	0.138	0.256	0.210	0.39	0.35
GSM	GSM850	Back	0.390	0.256	0.210	0.65	0.60
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.215	0.256	0.210	0.47	0.43
		Back	0.423	0.256	0.210	0.68	0.63
MCDMA	Band V	Front	0.207	0.256	0.210	0.46	0.42
WCDMA		Back	0.480	0.256	0.210	0.74	0.69
	Dand F	Front	0.210	0.256	0.210	0.47	0.42
	Band 5	Back	0.459	0.256	0.210	0.72	0.67
LTE	Dand 7	Front	0.428	0.256	0.210	0.68	0.64
LTE	Band 7	Back	1.165	0.256	0.210	1.42	1.38
	Dand 20	Front	0.375	0.256	0.210	0.63	0.59
	Band 38	Back	1.000	0.256	0.210	1.26	1.21

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

Test Engineer: Nick Hu

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Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018 Form version. : 170509 FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 56 of 58

# 17. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA8O2901-01

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Dec. 11, 2018

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1092 Page 57 of 58 Form version. : 170509

# 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

### System Check\_Head\_835MHz

### **DUT: D850V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.093$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

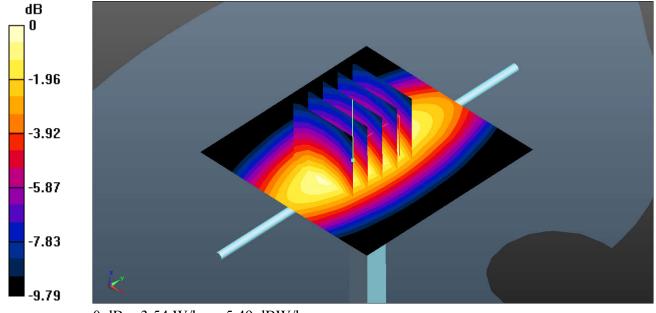
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.29 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.96 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 W/kg



0 dB = 3.54 W/kg = 5.49 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_1900MHz

# **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.424$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.209$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.18

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

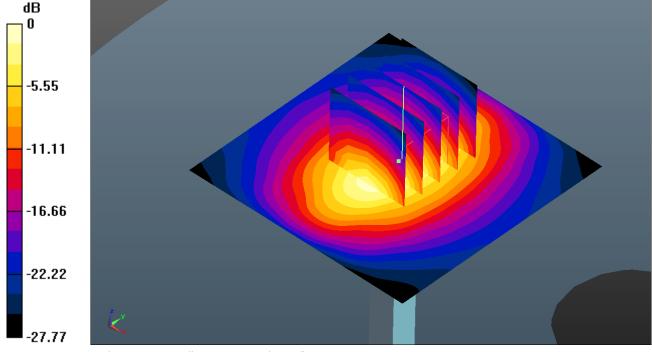
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3293; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2018.10.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2018.4.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.858$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.649$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.20

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

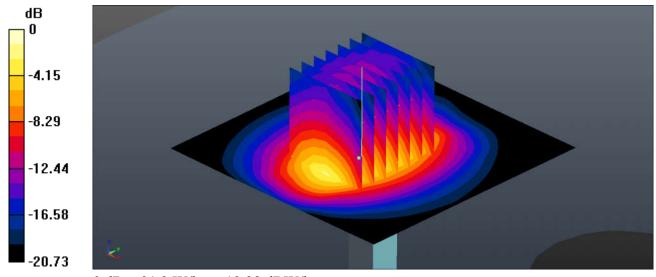
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.3 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 87.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.52 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg = 13.28 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_2600MHz

### **DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.037$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.899$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.18

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

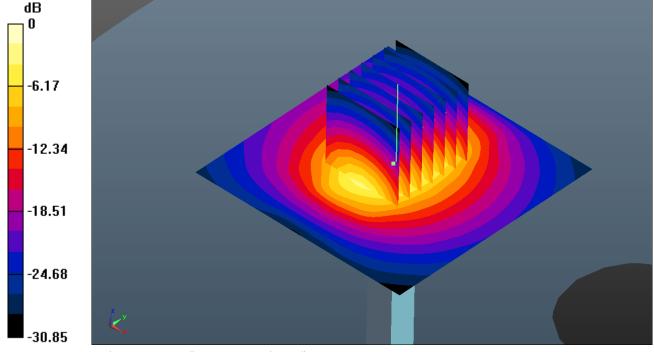
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3293; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2018.10.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2018.4.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.26 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

# System Check\_Body\_835MHz

### **DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.964$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.742$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.15

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

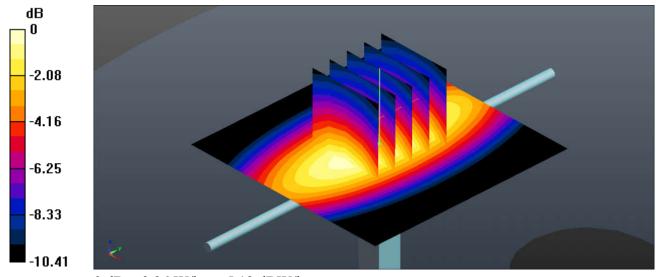
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.26 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.7 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg



0 dB = 3.26 W/kg = 5.13 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Body\_1900MHz

# **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.547$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.476$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

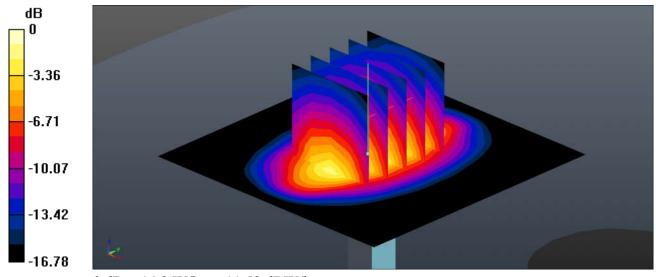
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.3 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Body\_2450MHz

### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.985$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.473$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.20

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

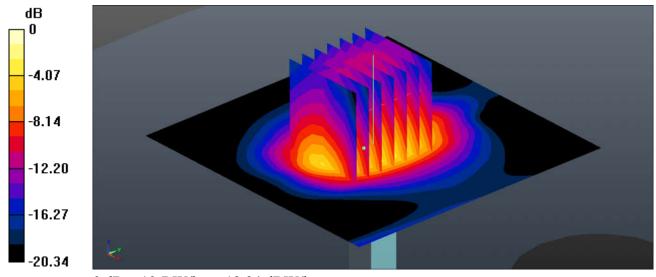
**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

# System Check\_Body\_2600MHz

### **DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.197$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 50.896$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

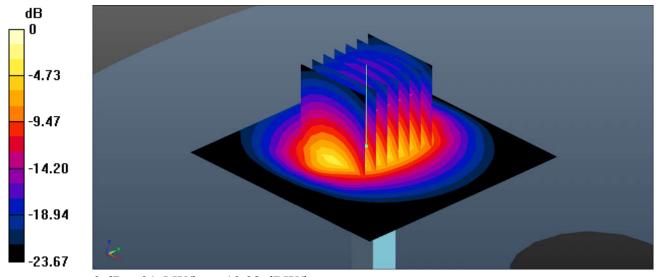
**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.7 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 71.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

# Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA8O2901-01

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

### 01\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.916 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.909;  $\rho$  =  $1000_{kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

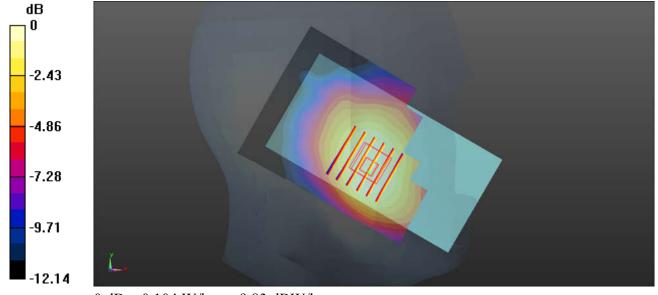
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.109 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 W/kg



0 dB = 0.104 W/kg = -9.83 dBW/kg

### 02\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.435$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.176$ ;

Date: 2018.11.18

 $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3293; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2018.10.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2018.4.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch810/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.117 W/kg

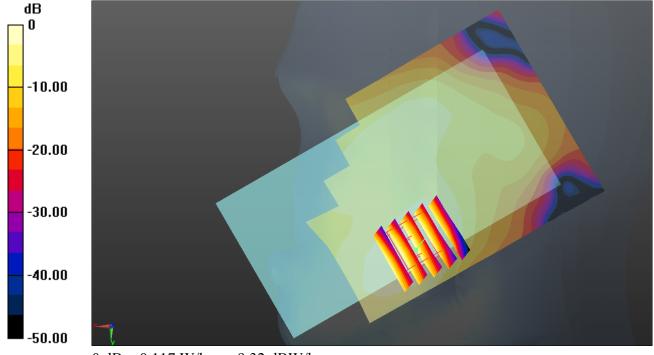
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.075 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.138 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.093 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 W/kg



0 dB = 0.117 W/kg = -9.32 dBW/kg

### 03\_WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.074$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.16

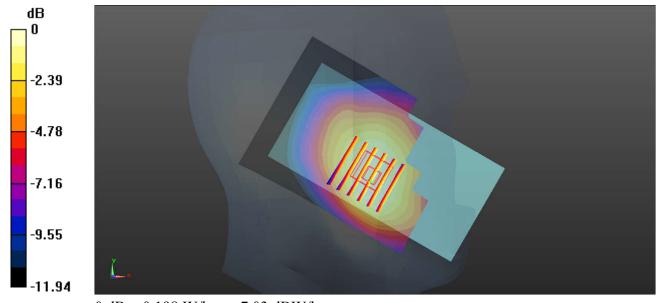
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch4182/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.209 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.218 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.167 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 W/kg



0 dB = 0.198 W/kg = -7.03 dBW/kg

### 04 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB 25Offset Left Cheek 0mm Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.074$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.16

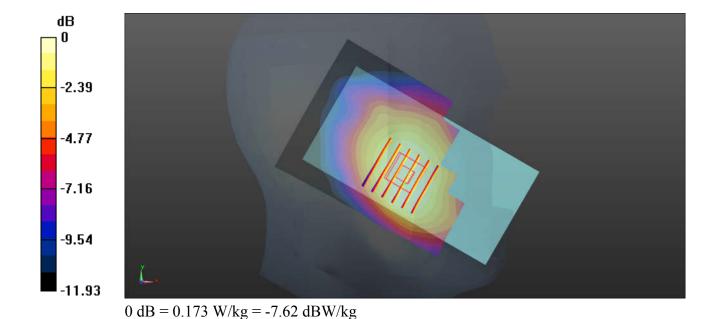
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.51, 9.51, 9.51); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.192 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.148 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 W/kg



## 05\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.987$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.058$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.18

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3293; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2018.10.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2018.4.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.513 W/kg

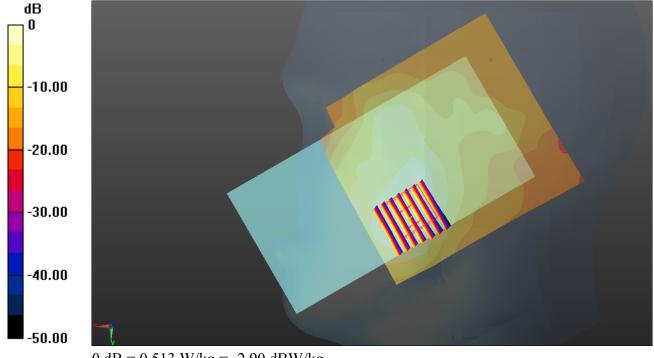
Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.591 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.488 W/kg



0 dB = 0.513 W/kg = -2.90 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, TDD\_LTE (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.031$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.915$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.18

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

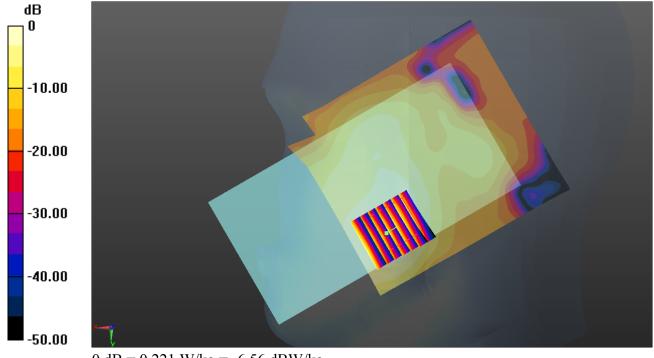
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3293; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2018.10.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2018.4.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch38000/Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.221 W/kg

**Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg



0 dB = 0.221 W/kg = -6.56 dBW/kg

# 07\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.814$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.807$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.20

 $kg/m^3$ 

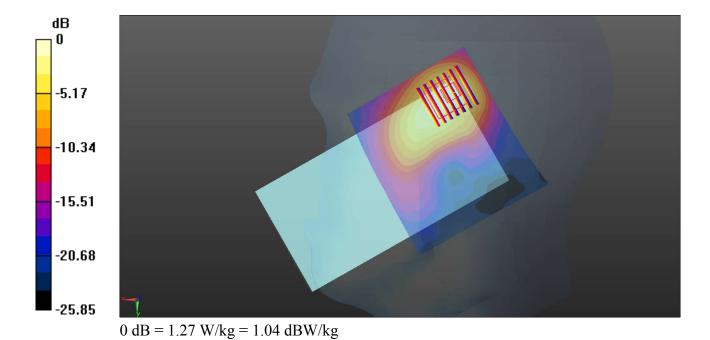
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch1/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.701 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg



# 08\_Bluetooth\_1Mbps\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch00

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.299 Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.803$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.856$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.20

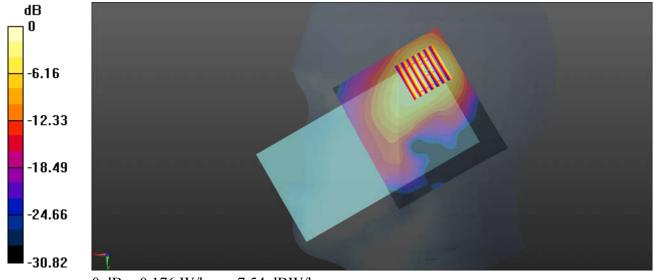
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch0/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.177 W/kg

Ch0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.134 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 W/kg



0 dB = 0.176 W/kg = -7.54 dBW/kg

# 09\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.603$ ;  $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

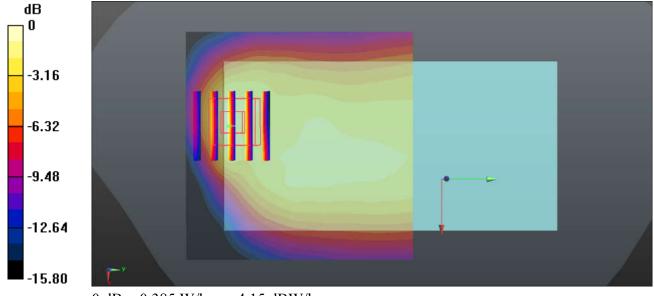
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch251/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.355 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.494 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 W/kg



0 dB = 0.385 W/kg = -4.15 dBW/kg

## 10 GSM1900 GPRS (4 Tx slots) Bottom Side 10mm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.559$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.441$ ;  $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

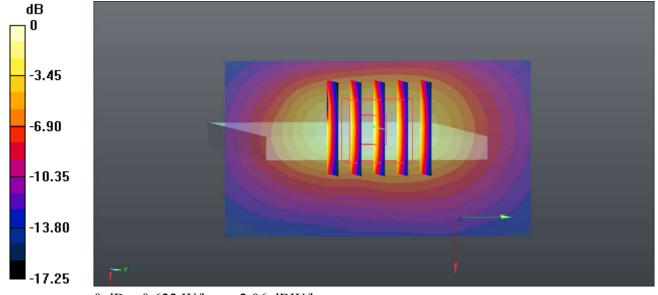
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.610 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.778 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.425 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 W/kg



0 dB = 0.622 W/kg = -2.06 dBW/kg

## 11\_WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.966$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.732$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

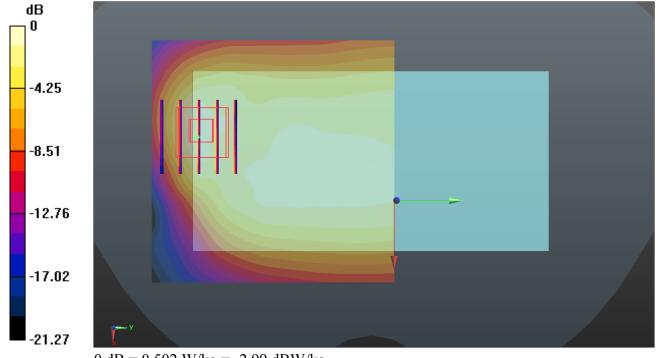
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

**Ch4182/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 W/kg

**Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.723 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg



0 dB = 0.502 W/kg = -2.99 dBW/kg

## 12\_LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_25Offset\_Back\_10mm\_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.966$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.73$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

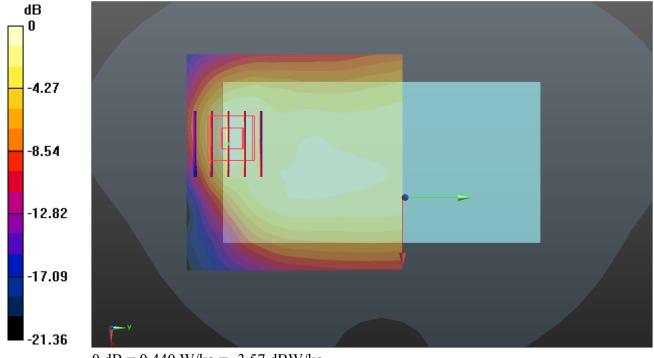
**Ch20525/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.440 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 W/kg



0 dB = 0.440 W/kg = -3.57 dBW/kg

## 13 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.138$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.043$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

kg/m<sup>3</sup>
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

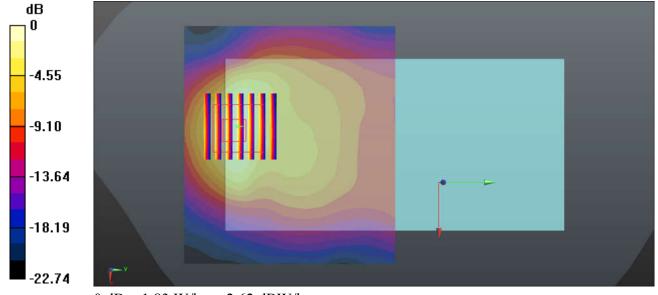
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.76 W/kg

Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.83 W/kg



0 dB = 1.83 W/kg = 2.62 dBW/kg

## 14 LTE Band 38 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Back 10mm Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: MSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.189$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.912$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.16

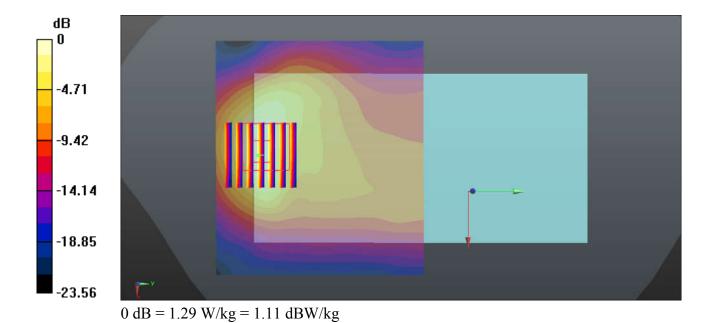
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch38000/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.772 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



# 15\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: MSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.934 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.619;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.20

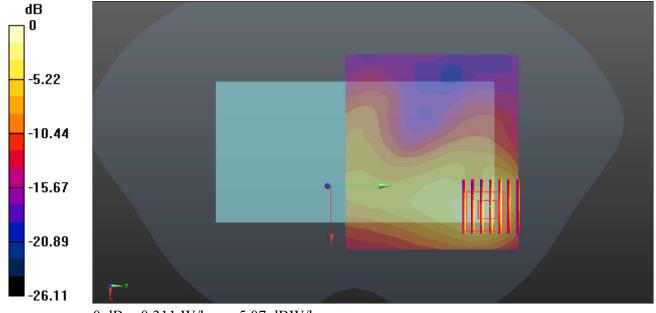
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch1/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.395 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.311 W/kg



0 dB = 0.311 W/kg = -5.07 dBW/kg

# 16\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-4UP (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.978$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.603$ ;  $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

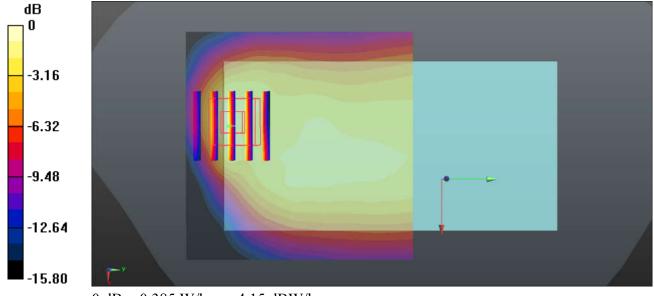
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch251/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.355 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.494 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 W/kg



0 dB = 0.385 W/kg = -4.15 dBW/kg

# 17\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-4UP (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.559$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.441$ ;  $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2018.11.16

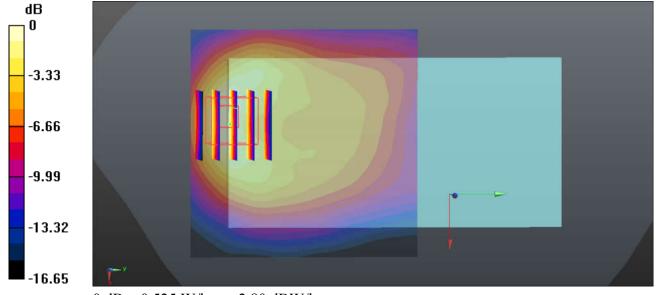
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch810/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.616 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 W/kg



0 dB = 0.525 W/kg = -2.80 dBW/kg

## 18\_WCDMA Band V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.966$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.732$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

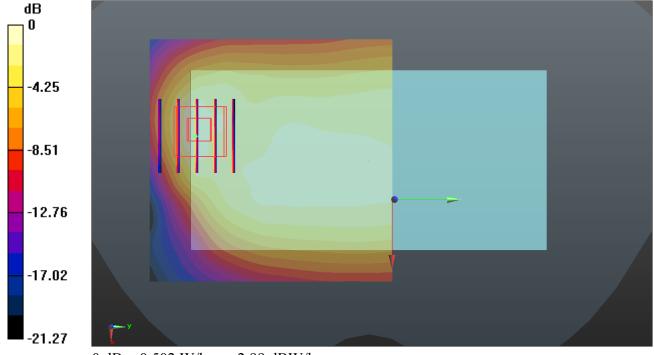
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

**Ch4182/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 W/kg

**Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.723 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg



0 dB = 0.502 W/kg = -2.99 dBW/kg

# 19\_LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_25Offset\_Back\_10mm\_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.966$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.73$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2018.5.31;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

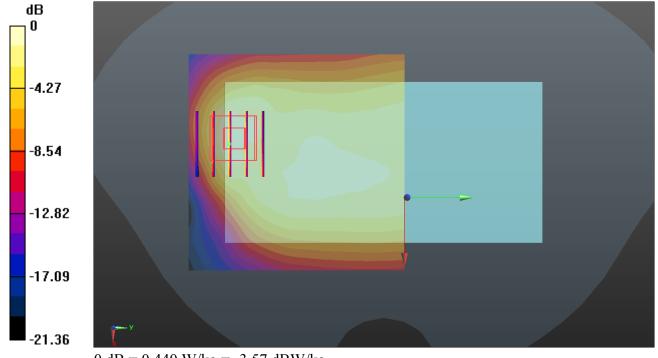
**Ch20525/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.440 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 W/kg



0 dB = 0.440 W/kg = -3.57 dBW/kg

## 20 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.138$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.043$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.16

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

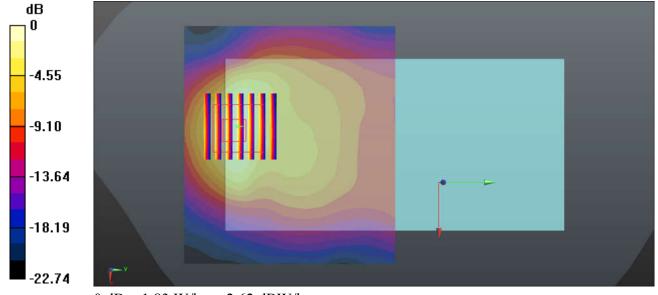
### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch21350/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.76 W/kg

Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.33 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.83 W/kg



0 dB = 1.83 W/kg = 2.62 dBW/kg

## 21 LTE Band 38 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Back 10mm Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: MSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.189 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.912;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2018.11.16

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

# DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2018.5.31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2018.10.22
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch38000/Area Scan (91x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.772 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg

