FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : HMD Global Oy

EQUIPMENT: Smart Phone

BRAND NAME: NOKIA

MODEL NAME : TA-1032

FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1032

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Manager

ENc huans

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Report No. : FA741916

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA741916	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May. 25, 2017

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for HMD Global Oy, Smart Phone, TA-1032, are as follows.

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		ŀ	Highest SAR Summar	у	Highest
Equipment	Frequency	Head (Constraint Oreans)	Body-worn	Hotspot	Simultaneous
Class	Band	(Separation 0mm)	(Separation 15mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	(Separation 10mm)	Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
					19 51 11 (11119)
	GSM850	0.48	0.68	1.17	
	GSM1900	0.15	0.63	1.19	
	WCDMA II	0.22	0.94	1.03	
Licensed	WCDMA V	0.35	0.47	0.70	1.47
	LTE Band 5	0.32	0.51	0.64	
	LTE Band 7	0.20	0.56	0.78	
	LTE Band 38	<0.10	0.28	1.04	
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	1.06	<0.10	0.17	1.47
NII	5GHz WLAN	<0.10	<0.10		0.95
Date of	of Testing:		2017	/4/26	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				

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Applicant Applicant				
Company Name HMD Global Oy				
Address Karaportti 2, 02610 Espoo, Finland				

Manufacturer				
Company Name HMD Global Oy				
Address Karaportti 2, 02610 Espoo, Finland				

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification					
Equipment Name	Smart Phone				
Brand Name	NOKIA				
Model Name	TA-1032				
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-1032				
IMEI Code	SIM 1: 356805080013248 SIM 2: 356805080013255				
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz				
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK				
HW Version	MP				
SW Version	000C_1_139M				
	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network				
mode	simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.				
EUT Stage	Production Unit				
Remark:					

Remark:

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This is a variant report and the detail changes please refer to "PED", the changes only affect LTE Band 7 and WLAN RF characteristic, therefore, RF exposure only verify LTE B7 and WLAN worst cases found in original report which can refer to Sporton SAR Report, Report No.: FA711304 (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1032), for conducted power and other cellular frequency band test results please refer to original report and these SAR results are also used to perform simultaneous transmission analysis.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

	Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05											
FCC	CID			2AJOTTA-1032								
Eau	ipment Name			Smart Phone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band				LTE Bar LTE Bar	nd 5: 824.7 nd 7: 2502	2.5 MHz	848.3 MHz ~ 2567.5 MH z ~ 2617.5 M					
Cha	annel Bandwidtl	h		LTE Bar	nd 7: 5MH	z, 10MH	z, 5MHz, 10 z, 15MHz, 2 Hz, 15MHz, 3	0MHz	2			
upli	nk modulations	used		QPSK,	and 16QA	М						
LTE	Voice / Data re	equirements		Voice a	nd Data							
					Table	6.2.3-1: N	Maximum Po	wer Re	duction (M	PR) for Pov	wer Class	3
				Mo	odulation	С	hannel bandw	idth / T	ransmission	bandwidth	(RB)	MPR (dB)
LTE	MPR permane	ently built-in by de	esign			1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	†
			J			MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
					QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1
					16 QAM 16 QAM	≤5 >5	≤ 4 > 4	≤8 >8	≤ 12 > 12	≤ 16 > 16	≤ 18 > 18	≤1
												VS_01 to disable
	A-MPR	DD configuration		A-MPR (Maximu A prop	during Saum TTI) erly confi	AR testir	ng and the base station	LTE S	AR tests valator was	was transrused fo	nitting or	AR and power configuration are
		RB configuration applied to satis		not inclu	uded in the	SAR re	port.					-
	npliance						/ SAR compl				,	
LTE	Release Versi	on		R9, Cat	3							
CA Support				No								
		Transm	ission (l	H, M, L)	channel r	numbers	and freque	encies	in each Lī	TE band		
						LTE Ban	nd 5					
	Bandwidt	h 1.4 MHz		Bandwid	Ith 3 MHz		Band	width 5	5 MHz		Bandwidt	h 10 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (I	MHz)	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz) C	h. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	204	115	825	.5	20425		826.5	20	450	829
М	20525	836.5	205	525	836	.5	20525		836.5	20	525	836.5
Η	20643	848.3	206	35	847	.5	20625		846.5	20	600	844
						LTE Ban	nd 7					
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		В	andwidt	th 10 MHz		Bandv	vidth 1	5 MHz		Bandwidt	h 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (I	MHz)	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz) C	h. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	208	300	250		20825		2507.5		850	2510
М	21100	2535	211	00	253	5	21100		2535	21	100	2535
Н	21425	2567.5	214		256		21375		2562.5		350	2560
						TE Band						
	Bandwid	lth 5 MHz	E	- Bandwidt	th 10 MHz			vidth 1	5 MHz		 Bandwidt	h 20 MHz
H	Ch. #	Freg. (MHz)	Ch		Freq. (I		Ch. #		Freg. (MHz		h. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	378		257		37825		2577.5		'850	2580
М	38000	2595	380		259		38000		2595		8000	2595
Н	38225	2617.5	382				38175		2612.5			
П	30223	2017.5	362	100	261	J	301/3		2012.5	38	3150	2610

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

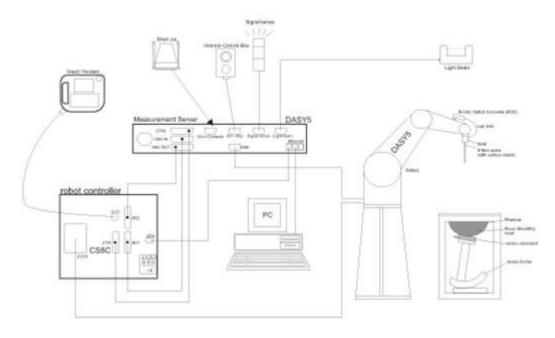
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
 etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors	
	Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	$5 \mu W/g - > 100 \text{ mW/g};$	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\EET Hanton		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface Minimum zoom scan volume	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Z _{Zoom} (n-1)	
	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manager	None of Emilion and	T	Osnisl Normala an	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	926	Jul. 25, 2016	Jul. 24, 2017	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Aug. 30, 2016	Aug. 29, 2017	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 12, 2016	May. 11, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Aug. 26, 2016	Aug. 25, 2017	
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM225	Oct. 12, 2016	Oct. 11, 2017	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201381760	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 09, 2016	Dec. 08, 2017	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 04, 2017	Jan. 03, 2018	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 19, 2016	Jul. 18, 2017	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 05, 2016	Sep. 04, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1438002	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 10, 2016	May. 09, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339195	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 22, 2016	Aug. 21, 2017	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005-3	N/A	No	te 1	

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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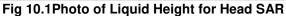
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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	HSL	22.6	1.746	38.118	1.80	39.20	-3.00	-2.76	±5	2017/4/26
2450	MSL	22.4	1.962	52.704	1.95	52.70	0.62	0.01	±5	2017/4/26
2600	HSL	22.6	1.918	37.591	1.96	39.00	-2.14	-3.61	±5	2017/4/26
2600	MSL	22.4	2.171	52.240	2.16	52.50	0.51	-0.50	±5	2017/4/26

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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/4/26	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-926	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	13.50	52.80	54.00	2.27
2017/4/26	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-926	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	12.10	51.20	48.40	-5.47
2017/4/26	2600	HSL	250	D2600V2-1008	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	14.80	56.80	59.20	4.23
2017/4/26	2600	MSL	250	D2600V2-1008	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	14.40	55.20	57.60	4.35

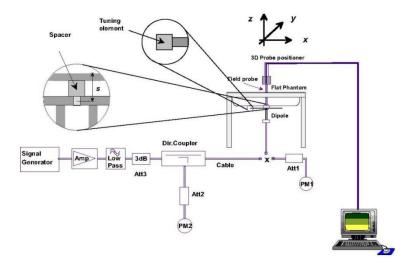


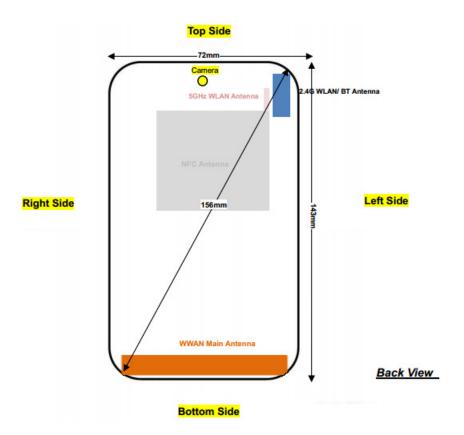


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. Antenna Location



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12. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated and limited to GSM1900, WCDMA Band II, LTE Band 7.
- 3. This is a variant report and the detail changes please refer to "PED", the changes only affect LTE Band 7 and WLAN RF characteristic, therefore, RF exposure only verify LTE B7 and WLAN worst cases found in original report which can refer to Sporton SAR Report, Report No.: FA711304 (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-103232).

12.1 Head SAR

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	21100	2535	24.18	24.50	1.076	0.05	0.186	0.200

<WLAN SAR>

	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
ĺ	02	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	6	2437	15.94	16.50	1.138	100	1.000	0.02	0.934	1.063

12.2 Hotspot SAR

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	On	21100	2535	19.59	20.00	1.099	-0.16	0.710	0.780

<WLAN SAR>

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
04	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	6	2437	15.94	16.50	1.138	100	1.000	-0.14	0.151	0.172

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13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO	Cincultanian Transmission Confirmations	P	ortable Handse	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		WWAN VoIP

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General Note:

- This is a variant report and only assessed LTE B7 and WLAN worst cases found in original report which can refer to Sporton SAR Report, Report No: FA711304 (FCC ID: 2AJOTTA-1032), for other SAR test results please refer to original report and these SAR results are also used to perform simultaneous transmission analysis.
- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE 2. operation.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not 3. operate simultaneously at any moment.
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation. 4.
- This device 5GHz WLAN does not support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi 5. Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz 6. WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 7. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so can't transmit simultaneously.
- According to the character of EUT, Bluetooth can't transmit with WLAN 5GHz simultaneously. 8
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. 9.
- 10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Body worn		
Max Power	Test separation	15 mm		
8.0 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.084 W/kg		

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13.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4.0	4.0	
WWAI	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed	
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Right Cheek	0.410	1.063	0.092	1.473	0.502	
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.436	0.760	0.092	1.196	0.528	
	GSIVIOSU	Left Cheek	0.482	0.760	0.092	1.242	0.574	
GSM		Left Tilted	0.363	0.760	0.092	1.123	0.455	
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.109	1.063	0.092	1.172	0.201	
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.021	0.760	0.092	0.781	0.113	
	G5W1900	Left Cheek	0.152	0.760	0.092	0.912	0.244	
		Left Tilted	0.055	0.760	0.092	0.815	0.147	
		Right Cheek	0.161	1.063	0.092	1.224	0.253	
	WCDMA II	Right Tilted	0.034	0.760	0.092	0.794	0.126	
		Left Cheek	0.220	0.760	0.092	0.980	0.312	
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.083	0.760	0.092	0.843	0.175	
WCDIVIA	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.249	1.063	0.092	1.312	0.341	
		Right Tilted	0.263	0.760	0.092	1.023	0.355	
		Left Cheek	0.354	0.760	0.092	1.114	0.446	
		Left Tilted	0.291	0.760	0.092	1.051	0.383	
		Right Cheek	0.258	1.063	0.092	1.321	0.350	
	LTE Band 5	Right Tilted	0.273	0.760	0.092	1.033	0.365	
	LIE Band 5	Left Cheek	0.319	0.760	0.092	1.079	0.411	
		Left Tilted	0.247	0.760	0.092	1.007	0.339	
		Right Cheek	0.075	1.063	0.092	1.138	0.167	
1.75	LTC David 7	Right Tilted	0.024	0.760	0.092	0.784	0.116	
LTE	LTE Band 7	Left Cheek	0.200	0.760	0.092	0.960	0.292	
		Left Tilted	0.039	0.760	0.092	0.799	0.131	
		Right Cheek	0.031	1.063	0.092	1.094	0.123	
	LTE Daniel CO	Right Tilted	0.013	0.760	0.092	0.773	0.105	
	LTE Band 38	Left Cheek	0.089	0.760	0.092	0.849	0.181	
		Left Tilted	0.015	0.760	0.092	0.775	0.107	

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13.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
	T Dana	Exposure r contern	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	(W/kg) 0.851	(W/kg) 0.173	1.024
		Back	0.902	0.173	1.075
		Left side	1.165	0.173	1.338
	GSM850	Right side	0.393	0.173	0.393
		Top side	0.595	0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	0.379	0.172	0.172
GSM		+		0.170	1.100
		Front	0.927	0.173	
		Back	0.907	0.173	1.080
	GSM1900	Left side	0.229	0.173	0.402
		Right side	0.013	0.470	0.013
		Top side		0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	1.188		1.188
		Front	0.586	0.173	0.759
		Back	0.551	0.173	0.724
	WCDMA II	Left side	0.173	0.173	0.346
		Right side	0.010		0.010
		Top side		0.172	0.172
WCDMA		Bottom side	1.025		1.025
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Front	0.565	0.173	0.738
		Back	0.664	0.173	0.837
	WCDMA V	Left side	0.701	0.173	0.874
		Right side	0.145		0.145
		Top side		0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	0.288		0.288
		Front	0.540	0.173	0.713
	LTE Dand 5	Back	0.537	0.173	0.710
		Left side	0.635	0.173	0.808
	LTE Band 5	Right side	0.247		0.247
		Top side		0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	0.240		0.240
		Front	0.337	0.173	0.510
		Back	0.325	0.173	0.498
1.75	LTE Daniel 7	Left side	0.049	0.173	0.222
LTE	LTE Band 7	Right side	0.120		0.120
		Top side		0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	0.780		0.780
		Front	0.542	0.173	0.715
		Back	0.499	0.173	0.672
	LTE D 100	Left side	0.074	0.173	0.247
	LTE Band 38	Right side	0.217		0.217
		Top side		0.172	0.172
		Bottom side	1.036		1.036

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13.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4			
\W\WA	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
*****	a V Dana	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
	GSM850	Front	0.611	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.697	0.618	0.695
GSM	G2101820	Back	0.684	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.770	0.691	0.768
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.626	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.712	0.633	0.710
	GSW1900	Back	0.578	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.664	0.585	0.662
	WCDMA II	Front	0.938	0.086	0.007	0.084	1.024	0.945	1.022
WCDMA		Back	0.897	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.983	0.904	0.981
WCDIVIA	MODMA V	Front	0.427	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.513	0.434	0.511
	WCDMA V	Back	0.471	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.557	0.478	0.555
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.462	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.548	0.469	0.546
	LIE Band 5	Back	0.505	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.591	0.512	0.589
LTE	LTE Band 7	Front	0.562	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.648	0.569	0.646
LIE	LIE Band /	Back	0.508	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.594	0.515	0.592
	LTE Band 38	Front	0.277	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.363	0.284	0.361
	LIE Daliu 38	Back	0.266	0.086	0.007	0.084	0.352	0.273	0.350

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Test Engineer: Nick Yu and San Lin

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14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape	
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2	

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 14.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.10	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Cor	11.6%	11.6%					
Co	K=2	K=2					
Exp	anded STD Un	ncertainty				23.2%	23.1%

Table 14.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)		
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9		
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2		
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7		
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5		
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7		
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2		
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	3.03	Ν	1	1	1	3.0	3.0		
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6		
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9		
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8		
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0		
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0		
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0		
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0		
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5		
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8		
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1		
Cor	Combined Std. Uncertainty								
Co	K=2	K=2							
Exp	Expanded STD Uncertainty								

Table 14.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

15. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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