



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: PO FUNG ELECTRONIC (HK) INTERNATONAL GRO

UP COMPANY LIMITED

Address: Room 1508, 15/F, Office Tower II, Grand Plaza, 625 Nathan Road,

Kowloon, Hong Kong

FCC ID: 2AJGM-1901D

Product Name: Digital Radio

Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: 2403V38161E-20

Date Of Issue: 2024/09/13

Reviewed By: Ken Zong

Title: SAR Engineer

ken zong Karl Gong **Approved By: Karl Gong**

Title: SAR Engineer

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) **Test Laboratory:**

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SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Operation Frequency Bands	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) Head Face Up Body-Worn (Gap 25mm) (Gap 0mm)		Limits (W/kg)		
PTT(410-469MHz)	2.75	4.63	8.0		
Maximu	Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR				
Items	Head Face Up (Gap 25mm)	Body-Worn (Gap 0mm)	Limits		
Sum SAR(W/kg)	/	/	8.0		
EUT Received Date: 2024/07/23					
Tested Date:	2024/07/29				
Tested Result:	Pass				

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Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "\(^{\text{a}}\)". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Data of Revision
1.0	2403V38161E-20	Original Report	2024/09/13

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Device under Test (DUT)

EUT Name:	Digital Radio		
EUT Model:	NA-1901D		
Multiple Models:	AD-1901D, AT-1901D, BD-1901D		
Device Type:	Portable		
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Controlled Exposure		
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna		
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip		
Face-Head Accessories:	s: None		
Operation Mode:	PTT_FM/PTT_GMSK		
Frequency Band:	PTT_FM/PTT_GMSK: 410-469MHz		
RF Conducted Output Power:	PTT_FM/PTT_GMSK(410-469MHz): 37.36 dBm		
Power Source:	DC 7.4V from Rechargeable Battery		
Serial Number:	2OTT-1		
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Body		

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Note:

The series product, models AD-1901D, AT-1901D, BD-1901D and NA-1901D are electrically identical, the model NA-1901D was fully tested. The differences between them please refer to the declaration letter for details.

1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

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KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

1.3 SAR Limits

FCC Limit

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	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational /Controlled Exposure environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg for 1g SAR applied to the EUT.

2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

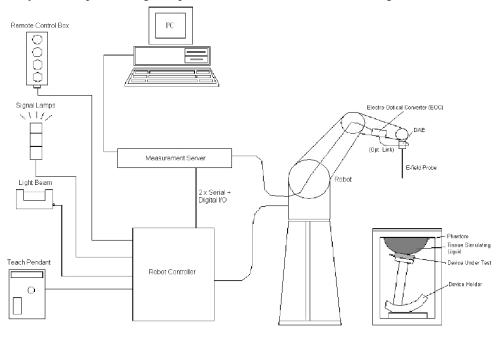
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



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processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

ES3DV2 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz - 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8 SAR, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

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Calibration Frequency Points for ES3DV2 E-Field Probes SN: 3019 Calibrated: 2024/2/8

Calibration	Frequency Range(MIIZ)		Conversion Factor			
Frequency Point(MHz)	From	To	X	Y	Z	
150 Head	100	200	7.38	7.38	7.38	
150 Body	100	200	7.15	7.15	7.15	
450 Head	350	550	6.76	6.76	6.76	

ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom.
 Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

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• Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the ELI phantom

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS7MB robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm \pm 1 mm $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm \pm 0.5 mm			
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528-2013

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table 3—Target dielectric properties of head tissue-equivalent material in the 300 MHz to 6000 MHz frequency range

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Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)
(MHz)	(ε' _τ)	(S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1500	40.4	1.23
1640	40.2	1.31
1750	40.1	1.37
1800	40.0	1.40
1900	40.0	1.40
2000	40.0	1.40
2100	39.8	1.49
2300	39.5	1.67
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
3000	38.5	2.40
3500	37.9	2.91
4000	37.4	3.43
4500	36.8	3.94
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.5	5.07
5800	35.3	5.27
6000	35.1	5.48

NOTE—For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at some frequencies that are not part of the original data from Drossos et al. [B60] or the extension to 5800 MHz are provided (i.e., the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz.

3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

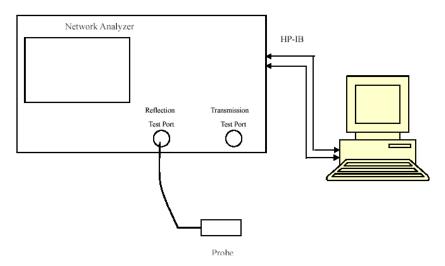
3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 5.0.28	1123	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1493	2024/3/27	2025/3/26
E-Field Probe	ES3DV2	3019	2024/2/8	2025/2/7
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V5.0	1078	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 450MHz	D450V3	1096	2022/11/17	2025/11/16
Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	TS-450	2309045001	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2023/10/17	2024/10/16
Dielectric assessment kit	1319	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Power Meter	ML2495A	1106009	2023/8/4	2024/8/3
Power Amplifier	ZHL-5W-202-S+	416402204	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Thermometer	DTM3000	3892	2024/4/22	2025/4/21
Thermohygrometer	HTC-1	N/A	2024/4/22	2025/4/21
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101589	2023/10/11	2024/10/10

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4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

4.1 Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	T 117	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)			O' (S/m)	ε _r	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)
400	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	45.672	0.833	44.1	0.87	3.56	-4.25	±5
410	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	45.381	0.847	43.98	0.87	3.19	-2.64	±5
420	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	45.113	0.853	43.86	0.87	2.86	-1.95	±5
430	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.818	0.861	43.74	0.87	2.46	-1.03	±5
440	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.696	0.867	43.62	0.87	2.47	-0.34	±5
450	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.492	0.875	43.5	0.87	2.28	0.57	±5
460	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.378	0.879	43.45	0.87	2.14	1.03	±5
470	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.205	0.882	43.39	0.87	1.88	1.38	±5
480	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	44.081	0.895	43.34	0.87	1.71	2.87	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on2024/07/29.

4.2 System Accuracy Verification

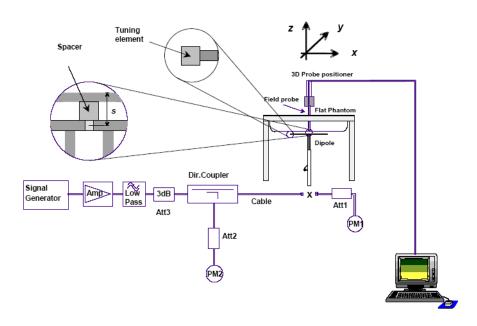
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm for } 300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz};$
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (W)	S	sured AR /kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2024/07/29	450 MHz	Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	1	1g	4.71	4.56	3.29	±10

^{*}The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 450 MHz Head was performed on 2024/07/29

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 1096

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.492$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

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- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) =5.86 W/kg

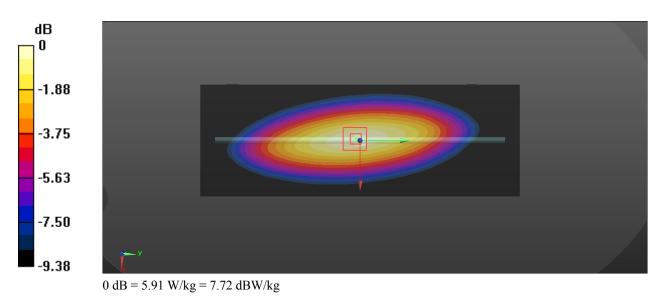
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.71W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.91 W/kg



5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

5.1 Test positions for Front-of-face configurations

Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios. Head SAR is measured with the front surface of the radio positioned at 2.5 cm parallel to a flat phantom. A phantom shell thickness of 2 mm is required. When the front of the radio has a contour or non-uniform surface with a variation of 1.0 cm or more, the average distance of such variations is used to establish the 2.5 cm test separation from the phantom.

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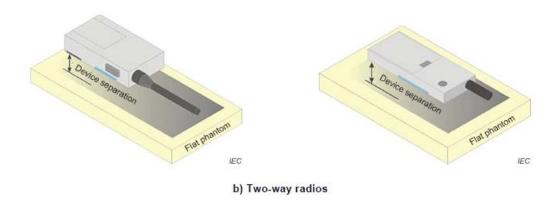


Figure 10 - Test positions for front-of-face devices

5.2 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

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Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

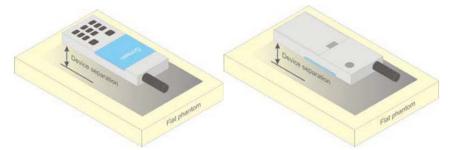


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

5.3 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the DUT(Device Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm for Body Back mode; for Face Up mode the distance is 25mm.

5.4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points ($10 \times 10 \times 10$) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

6.1 Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

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The Spectrum Analyzer setting:

RBW	VBW
100 kHz	300 kHz

6.2 Maximum Target Output Power

Mod	de	Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production(dBm)		
DTT(410 460MHz)	FM_12.5kHz	37.5		
PTT(410-469MHz)	GMSK_12.5kHz	37.5		

6.3 Test Results:

Test Mod	de	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)
		410.0125	37.13
	FM 12.5 kHz	424.0125	37.22
		439.5	37.31
		454.9875	37.27
PTT		468.9875	37.15
(410-469MHz)		410.0125	37.18
	CMCV	424.0125	37.24
	GMSK 12.5kHz	439.5	37.36
	12.5K11Z	454.9875	37.34
		468.9875	37.12

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01, the frequency range of PTT (410-469MHz), according to the following formula Calculate Nc is 5.

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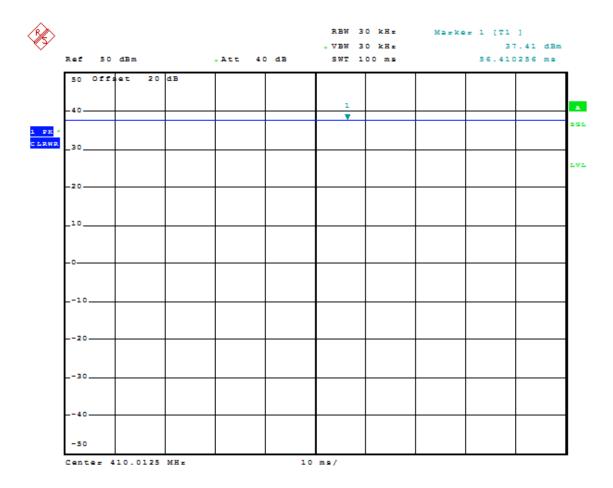
KDB procedures, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode. ¹⁴

$$N_{\rm c} = Round \{ [100(f_{\rm high} - f_{\rm low})/f_{\rm c}]^{0.5} \times (f_{\rm c}/100)^{0.2} \},$$

where

- N_c is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,
- f_{high} and f_{low} are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,
- f_c is the mid-band channel frequency,
- all frequencies are in MHz.

Note: GMSK mode duty cycle is 100%, as shown below



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Antennas Location:



7. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

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7.1 SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.6-23.5℃
Relative Humidity:	56%
ATM Pressure:	100.5 kPa
Test Date:	2024/07/29

Testing was performed by Aixlee Li

Test Results:

PTT(410~469MHz):

Pre-scan all 5 Channels, the peak SAR located on 410.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode,

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			Max.	Maximum		1 g S.	AR Valu	ie(W/kg)	
Test Mode		Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	output Power(dBm)	Power Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	PTT 50% Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot
		410.0125	37.13	37.5	1.089	5.05	2.525	2.75	1#
	EM	424.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	FM 12.5 kHz	439.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	12.0 KIIZ	454.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up		468.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(25 mm)		410.0125	37.18	37.5	1.076	4.8	2.4	2.58	2#
	GMSK 12.5 kHz	424.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		439.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		454.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		468.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	FM 12.5 kHz	410.0125	37.13	37.5	1.089	8.5	4.25	4.63	3#
		424.0125	37.22	37.5	1.067	5.22	2.61	2.78	4#
		439.5	37.31	37.5	1.045	4.4	2.2	2.3	5#
		454.9875	37.27	37.5	1.054	5.06	2.53	2.67	6#
Body Back		468.9875	37.15	37.5	1.084	1.92	0.96	1.04	7#
(0 mm)		410.0125	37.18	37.5	1.076	8.5	4.25	4.57	8#
	CMCK	424.0125	37.24	37.5	1.062	5.17	2.585	2.75	9#
	GMSK 12.5 kHz	439.5	37.36	37.5	1.033	4.34	2.17	2.24	10#
	12.0 KHZ	454.9875	37.34	37.5	1.038	4.75	2.375	2.47	11#
		468.9875	37.12	37.5	1.091	2.12	1.06	1.16	12#

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 3.5W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. KDB 447498 D01 A duty factor of 50% should be applied to determine compliance for radios with maximum operating duty factors \leq 50%. The 50% duty factor only applies to exposure conditions where the radio operates with a mechanical PTT button.
- 3. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.

8. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head(Face Up)

SAR probe	Ens - (MII-)	FIIT D:4:	Meas. SA	Largest to Smallest	
calibration point	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/

Body(Body Back)

SAR probe	F (MII-)	EUT D:4:	Meas. SA	Largest to	
calibration point	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
450MHz (350-550MHz)	410.0125	Body Back	8.5	8.31	1.02

Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

9. DUT HOLDER PERTURBATIONS

In accordance with TCB workshop October 2016:

1) SAR perturbation due to test device holders, depending on antenna locations, buttons locations on phones or device, form factor (e.g. dongles etc.), the measured SAR could be influenced by the relative positions of the test device and its holder

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- 2) SAR measurement standards have included protocols to evaluate this with a flat phantom, with and without the device holder
- 3) When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands in the same exact device and holder positions used for head and body SAR measurements; i.e. same device/button locations in the holder

Per IEEE 1528: 2013/Annex E/E.4.1.1: Device holder perturbation tolerance for a specific test device: Type B

When it is unknown if a device holder perturbs the fields of a test device, the SAR uncertainty shall be

assessed with a flat phantom (see Clause 5) by comparing the SAR with and without the device holder according to the following tests:

The SAR tolerance for device holder disturbance is computed using Equation (E.21) and entered in the

corresponding row of the appropriate uncertainty table with an assumed rectangular probability distribution and $vi = \infty$ degrees of freedom:

$$SAR_{\text{tolerance}} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{SAR_{\text{w/holder}} - SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}}{SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}} \right)$$
(E.21)

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration among all applicable Frequency Band

E D d	F (MII-)	EUT Davidian	Meas. S	SAR (W/kg)	The Device holder	
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	With holder	Without holder	perturbation uncertainty	
PTT(410-469MHz)	410.0125	Body Back	11.7	11.2	4.5%	

10. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

10	1	Simul	ltaneous	Trans	mission ·
		. 7	пяпення	I I MIIN	

Note: There is no multiple transmitters for the product, so simultaneous transmission need not to evaluate.

11. SAR PLOTS

Plot 1#: FM 12.5kHz 410.0125MHz Face Up

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 410.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 410.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 45.381$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 410.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.63 W/kg

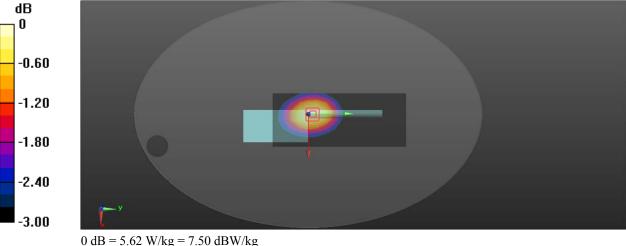
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.79 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.62 W/kg



Plot 2#: GMSK 12.5kHz_410.0125MHz _ Face Up

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 410.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 410.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 45.381$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 410.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.38 W/kg

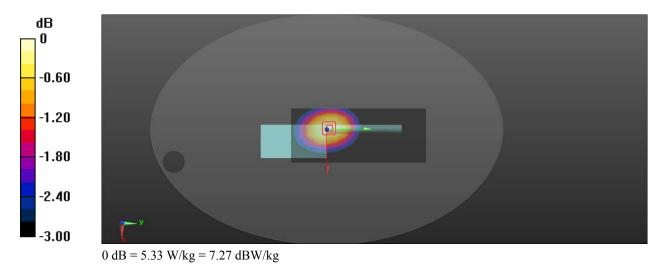
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg



Plot 3#: FM 12.5kHz_410.0125MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 410.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 410.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 45.381$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 410.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.57 W/kg

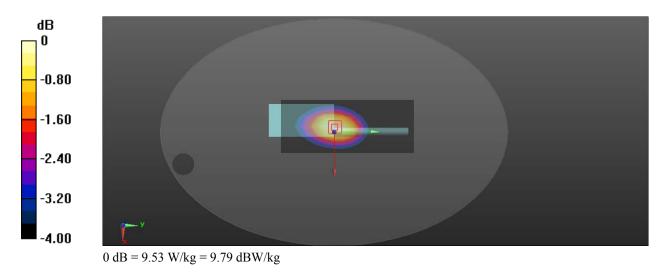
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.53 W/kg



Plot 4#: FM 12.5kHz_424.0125MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 424.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 424.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.856 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.995$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 424.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

• Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

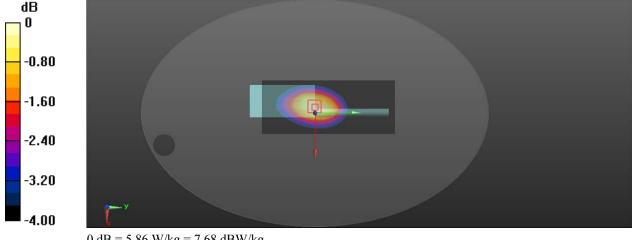
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.91 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **5.22 W/kg**; **SAR(10 g)** = **3.82 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.86 W/kg



0 dB = 5.86 W/kg = 7.68 dBW/kg

Plot 5#: FM 12.5kHz_439.5MHz Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 439.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 439.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.867 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.702$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 439.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.86 W/kg

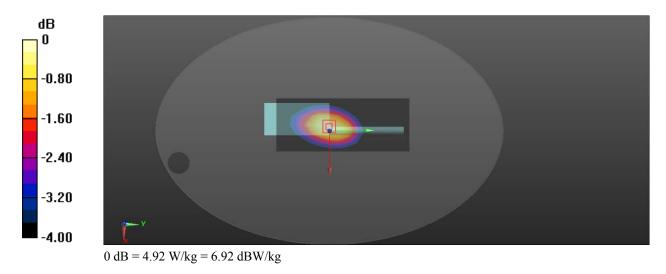
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.92 W/kg



Plot 6#: FM 12.5kHz_454.9875MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 454.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 454.988 MHz; $\sigma = 0.877 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.435$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 454.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

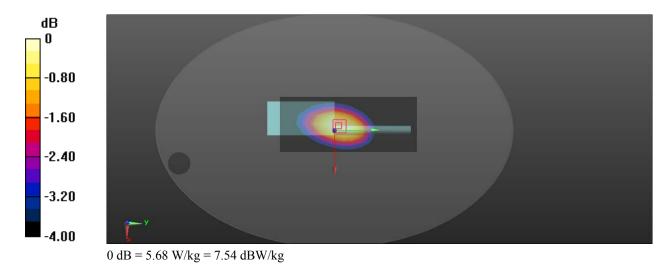
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.81 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.7 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.68 W/kg



Plot 7#: FM 12.5kHz_468.9875MHz Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 468.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 468.988 MHz; $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.223$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 468.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

• Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

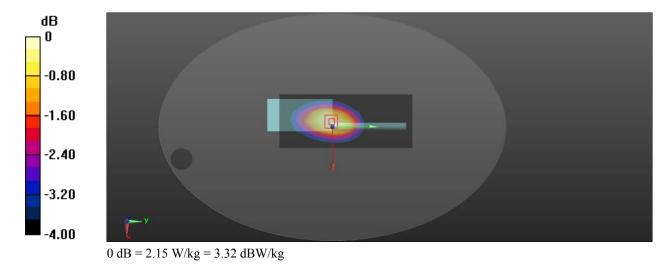
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.14 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 W/kg



Plot 8#: GMSK 12.5kHz_410.0125MHz Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 410.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 410.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 45.381$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 410.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.41 W/kg

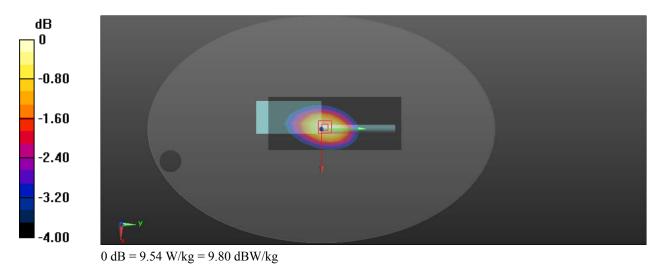
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.54 W/kg



Plot 9#: GMSK 12.5kHz_424.0125MHz Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 424.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 424.012 MHz; $\sigma = 0.856 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.995$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 424.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

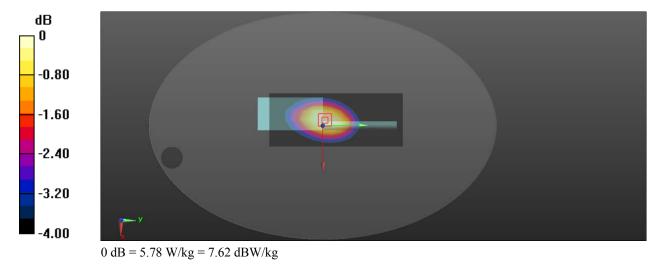
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.62 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.81 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.78 W/kg



Plot 10#: GMSK 12.5kHz_439.5MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 439.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 439.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.867 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.702$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 439.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

• Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

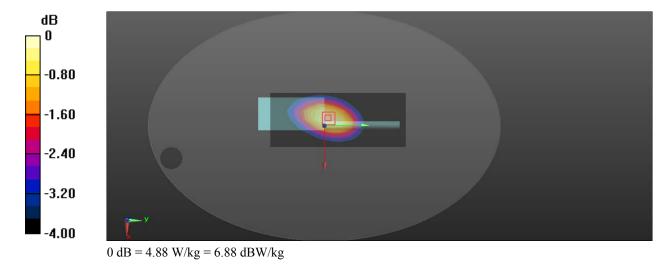
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.83 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 69.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.18 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.88 W/kg



Plot 11#: GMSK 12.5kHz_454.9875MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 454.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 454.988 MHz; $\sigma = 0.877 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.435$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 454.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

• Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

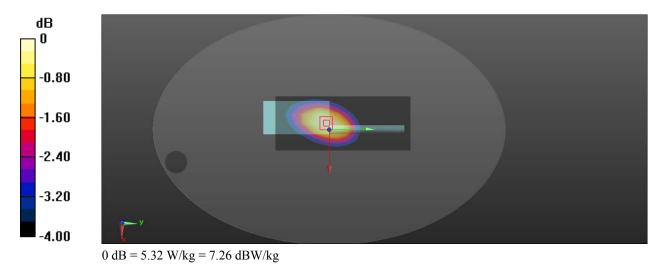
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.47 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.48 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.32 W/kg



Plot 12#: GMSK 12.5kHz_468.9875MHz _ Body Back

DUT: Digital Radio; Type: NA-1901D; Serial: 2OTT-1

Communication System: UID 0, GMSK (0); Frequency: 468.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 468.988 MHz; $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 44.223$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 468.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

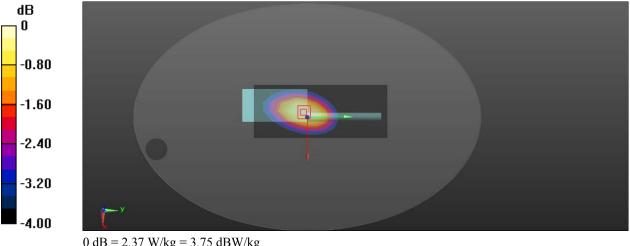
Area Scan (7x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.37 W/kg



0 dB = 2.37 W/kg = 3.75 dBW/kg

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

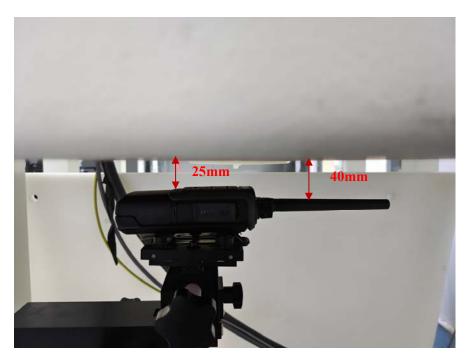
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	4.5	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom ar	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

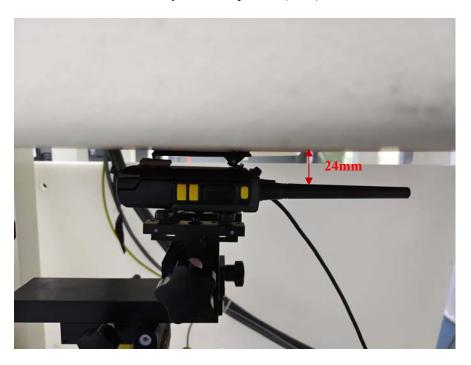
$Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$



Face Up Setup Photo (25mm)



Body Back Setup Photo (0mm)



APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

BACL Shenzhen

Certificate No.

ES-3019_Feb24

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

February 08, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249 Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016 Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660 Mar23)	Mar-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349 Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 864BC	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name

Function

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Calibrated by

Sven Kühn

Claudio Leubler

Technical Manager

Issued: February 08, 2024

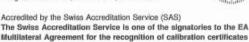
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES-3019_Feb24

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices — Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- . PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
 calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
 No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) A	1.04	1.15	0.97	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	104.2	100.9	106,9	±4.7%

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	dB	WR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	118.8	±1.0%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		118.8		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		120.2		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

February 08, 2024

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-57.7°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Certificate No: ES-3019_Feb24

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ES3DV2 - SN:3019 February 08, 2024

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.00	2.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	6.76	6.76	6.76	0.16	1.30	±13.3%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessment is 8—19 MHz, above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

The probes are calibrated using issue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for z and or by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±5% for temperative between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probability from the

Certificate No: ES-3019_Feb24 Page 5 of 10

than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
150	61.9	0.80	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.00	1.00	±13.3%

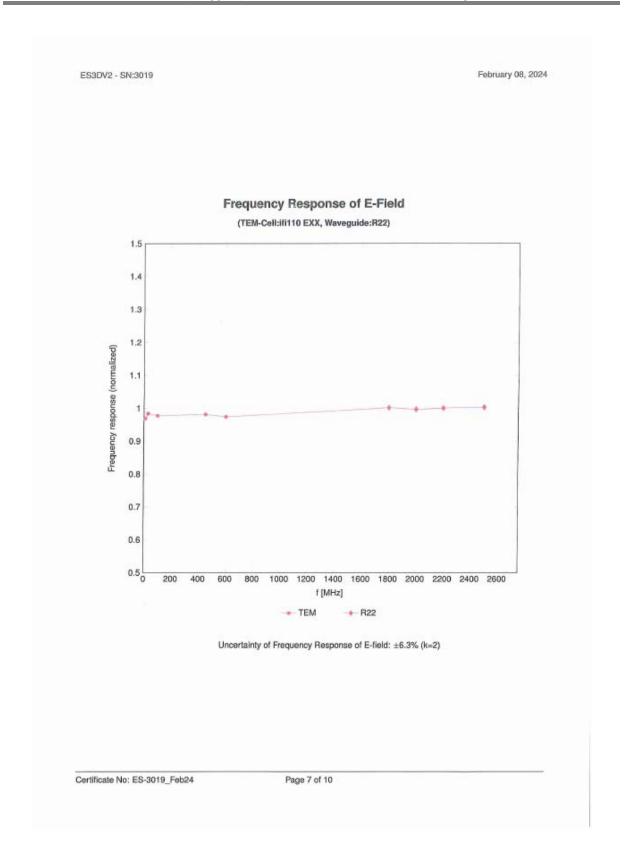
C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Corn# uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for Corn# assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of Corn# assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and Corn# assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

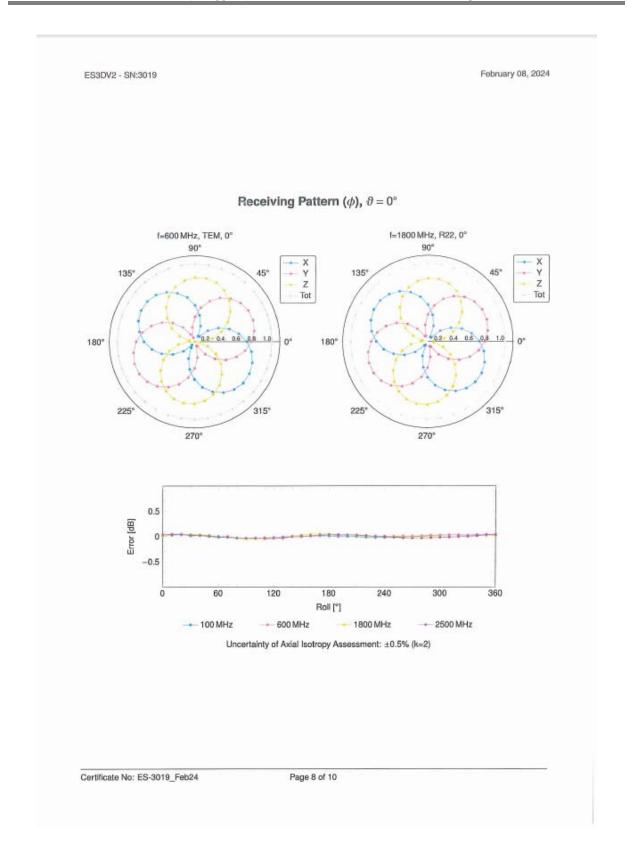
The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for a and or by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

Certificate No: ES-3019_Feb24

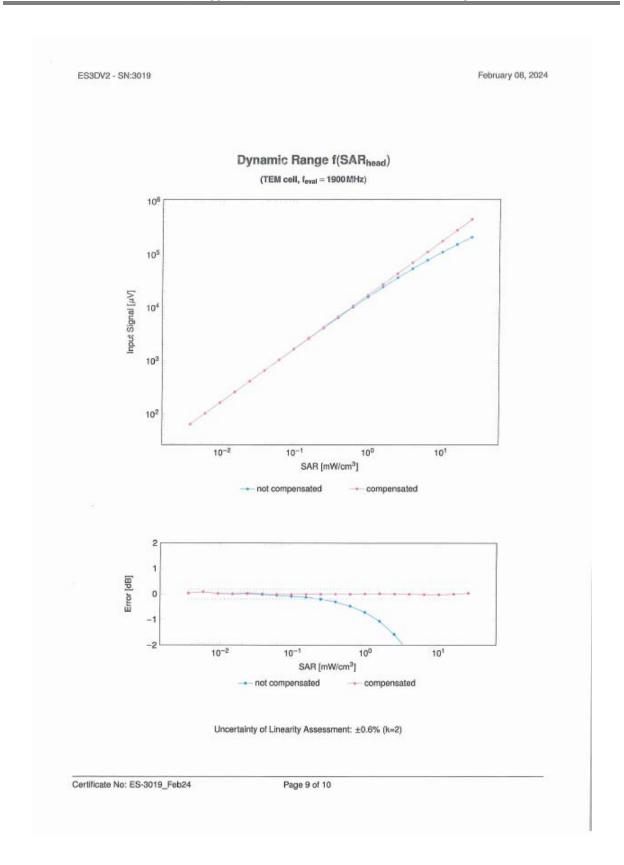
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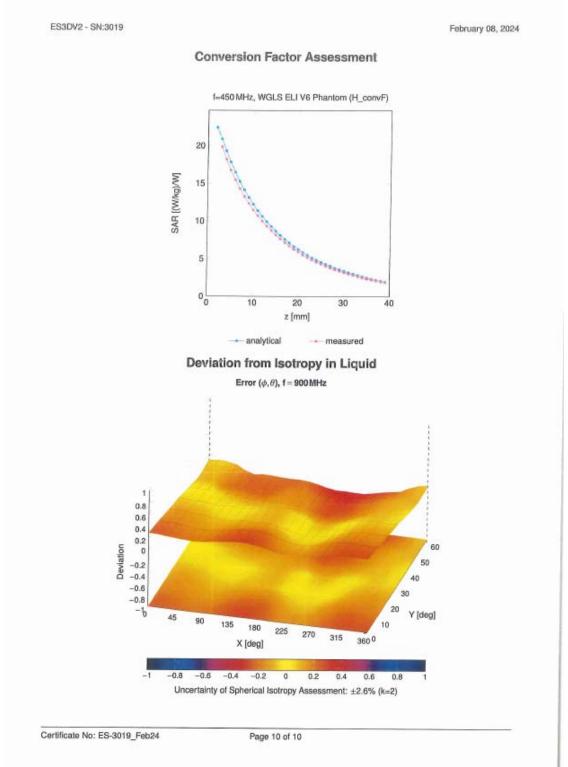
and are valid for 152. Were described in 152. Were seven to a 152 to 3 5 5 m and 152 to 3 5 m and boundary.





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DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	y of	ilac MRA	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdiens Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the re	is one of the signatorie	es to the EA	Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client BACL USA			No: D450V3-1096_Nov22
CALIBRATION C	D450V3 - SN:10		
50,000	D430V3 - 3N. 10	90	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v9 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Source	s below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 17, 20	022	
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical ur robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncert all calibrations have been conducted Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a $_{ m c}$ y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) $^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uncert all calibrations have been conducted calibration Equipment used (M&TE) primary Standards	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator critical for calibration) ID#	robability are given on the following pages a γ facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3). Cal Date (Certificate No.)	nd are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
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he measurements and the uncert ill calibrations have been conductural isalibration Equipment used (M&TE rimary Standards ower meter NRP ower sensor NRP-Z91	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244	robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	nd are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-23 Apr-23
he measurements and the uncert ill calibrations have been conductor isilibration Equipment used (M&TE rimary Standards ower meter NRP ower sensor NRP-291 ower sensor NRP-291	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ¹ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03825/03524) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03825/0524) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	nd are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-23 Apr-23 Apr-23
he measurements and the uncert ill calibrations have been conductor calibration Equipment used (M&TE rimary Standards ower meter NRP ower sensor NRP-291 ofference 20 d8 Attenuator	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244	robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ² Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524) 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525) 04-Apr-27 (No. 217-03525)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr.23 Apr.23 Apr.23 Apr.23
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z TSL N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
 b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D450V3-1096 Nov22

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Measurement Conditions DASY system configuration, as f

or system configuration, as far as not	given on page 1.	
DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.4 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.56 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.766 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.04 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	56.7	0.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.2 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ² (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.59 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.768 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.09 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.1 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω - 9.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.347 ns	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.347 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.88 S/m; ϵ_r = 43.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

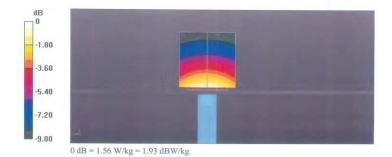
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

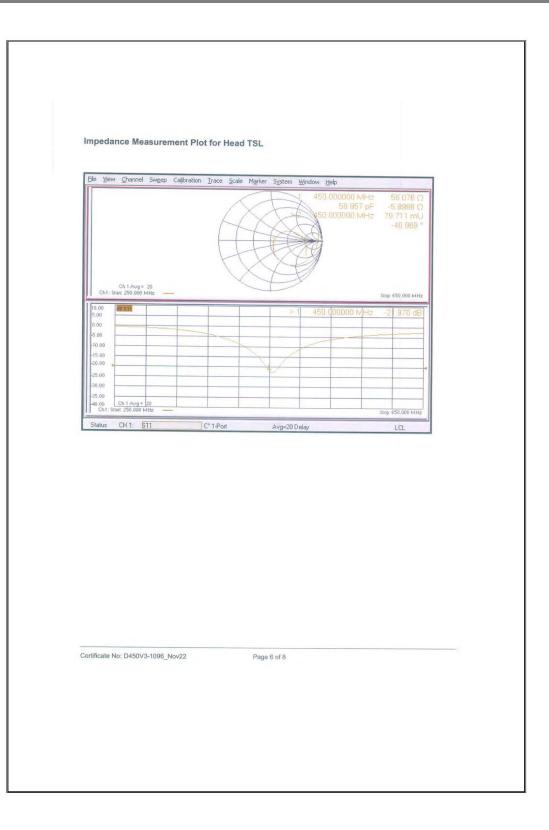
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx-5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 38.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 W/kg
Saltest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.3%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



Certificate No: D450V3-1096_Nov22

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.93 S/m; ϵ_r = 56.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

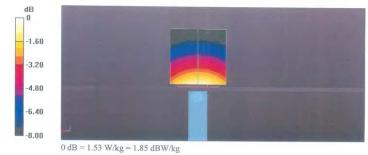
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 42.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.768 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm) Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



Certificate No: D450V3-1096_Nov22

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D450V3 - SN:1096 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Report No.: 2403V38161E-20

DI	JT Code:	ADK	D4.	<u> </u>	1.1070 L	ALE	nueu	Dipe	Cal Dat			2023/11/15	
Des	scription	Antenna - Dipole					Temperature:						
	Model	D450V3							Humidit	,		58%	
Manı	ufacturer	SPEAG							Pressu	re		101.7 kPa	
Certific	cate No.:	D450V3-10	096_Mar22					Tester:		Karl	Karl Gong Karl Geng		breneg
TEST	SPECIFI	CATIONS											
Speci	ification:	WP 438 SA	AR Dipole V	/erification						Ve	rsion:	202	0 - Rev 0
Speci	ification:									Ve	rsion:		
TEST	PARAN	METERS											
	Device F	Received In Tolerance:	Yes	Calibrate	ed Frequency R	ange:	N/	/A	N	lext Cal Due Date:		2024/1	1/15
Equip	ment Us	sed to perfe	orm Meas	sure									
Item:	Network	Analyzer	Identifie	r: NAM	Model:	87	753B	Last	Cal:	2023/10/1	Cal Due:		2024/10/16
Item:		ion/Verifi n - Kit	Identifie	r: NAM	Model:	85	032F	Last	Cal:	NCR	Ca	al Due:	NCR
Item:	Term	ninator	Identifie	r: NANA	Model:		5032- 0003	Last	Cal:	2023/4/29	Ca	al Due:	2024/4/28
Item:			Identifie		Model:			Last	Cal:		Ca	al Due:	
COMM	IENTS, O	PINIONS and	d INTERPE	ETATIONS									
None													
Measur	ement Un	certainty											
				bability ribution	Impedance (dB)		rtion Los (dB)	S	Value (dB)	Valı	ie (+/- %)	
(level o	led uncerta of ebce = 95%	-	Nori	mal(k=2)						0.93			
RESUL	TS		•	•			•		•				
Pass													
				cation. (Instrum-			hin tolera	inces.)					
maaul	cincino arc	- I decable to	ine miterila		Cinio (51) via	. 11.0 1							
				C	ALIBRATION	DATA	A ATTAC	CHED					

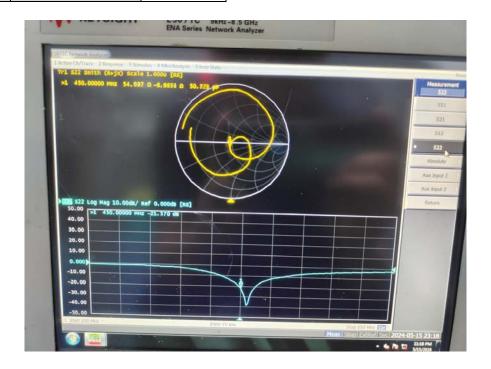
	Name	Function	Signatum
Measure By	Kark Gong	SAR Engineer	Karl Gong

Per FCC KDB 865664 D01, calibration intervals of up to 3 years may be considered for reference dipoles when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remained stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. The measured SAR does not deviate more than 10% from the target on the calibration certificate.
- 2. The return-loss does not deviate more than 20% from the previous measurement and meets the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 3. The measurement of real or imaginary parts of impedance does not deviate more than 5Ω from the previous measurement.

The following dipole was checked to pass the above 3 requirements to have 3-year calibration period from calibration date.

		Return Loss		Real Impedence	Imaginary Impedence
	Measured Value (dB)	-21.570	Measured Value (Ω)	54.697	-6.955
	Target Value (dB)	-21.970	Target Value (Ω)	56.076	-5.899
D450V3 -	Devation (%)	-1.82	Devation (Ω)	-1.379	-1.056
SN:1096	Limit (%)	±20	Limit (Ω)	5	5
	Limit (< dB)	-20	Results	Pass	Pass
	Results	Pass			



***** END OF REPORT *****