FCC Test Report

Report No.:AGC01684200301FE02

FCC ID	:	2AJ2B-TPS980
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	Smart Terminals
BRAND NAME	:	Telpo
MODEL NAME	:	TPS980
APPLICANT	:	Telepower Communication Co., Ltd.
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Apr. 20, 2020
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC Part 22H & 24E Rules
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.0

Attestation of ***G***lobal ***C***ompliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

REPORT REVISE RECORD

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Apr. 20, 2020	Valid	Initial Release

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1. VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

Applicant	Telepower Communication Co., Ltd.
Address	5 Bld, Zone A, Hantian Technology Town,No.17 ShenHai RD, Nanhai District Foshan, China
Manufacturer	Telepower Communication Co., Ltd.
Address	5 Bld, Zone A, Hantian Technology Town,No.17 ShenHai RD, Nanhai District Foshan, China
Factory	Telepower Communication Co., Ltd.
Address	5 Bld, Zone A, Hantian Technology Town,No.17 ShenHai RD, Nanhai District Foshan, China
Product Designation	Smart Terminals
Brand Name	Telpo
Test Model	TPS980
Date of test	Mar. 20, 2020~Apr. 20, 2020
Deviation	No any deviation from the test method.
Condition of Test Sample	Normal

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. The data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016. The sample tested as described in this report is in compliance with the FCC Rules Part 22H and 24E.The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Prepared By

Donjon Huang
(Project Engineer) Apr. 20, 2020

Reviewed By

Max Zhang
(Reviewer) Apr. 20, 2020

Approved By

Forrest Lei
(Authorized Officer) Apr. 20, 2020

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

Product Designation:	Smart Phone
Frequency Bands:	☒UMTS FDD Band II ☐UMTS FDD Band IV ☒UMTS FDD Band V (U.S. Bands) ☐UMTS FDD Band I ☐UMTS FDD Band VIII (Non-U.S. Bands)
Hardware Version	980Q-MAIN-V1.1
Software Version	TPS980_ALL_V1.0.0
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna gain	WCDMA850: 2.98dBi; WCDMA1900:3.12dBi
Power Supply:	DC 3.8V by Built-in Li-ion Battery
Battery parameter:	DC 3.8V 2800mAh
Single Card:	WCDMA/LTE Card Slot
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC 12V
Extreme Temp. Tolerance	-10℃ to +40℃
*** Note: 1. The High Voltage DC13.8V and Low Voltage DC10.2V were declared by manufacturer 2. The EUT couldn't be operating normally with higher or lower voltage.	

***** Note:**1.The maximum power levels jis RMC 12.2kbps mode for WCDMA band II, WCDMA band V, only these modes were used for all tests.

2. We found out the test mode with the highest power level after we analyze all the data rates. So we chose worst caseas a representative.

WCDMA Slot :

	Maximum ERP/EIRP (dBm)	Max. Average Burst Power (dBm)
UMTS BAND V	22.45	24.16
UMTS BAND II	21.89	22.45

2.2RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID:2AJ2B-TPS980**filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H&24E requirements.

2.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, and KDB 971168 D01 Power Means License Digital Systems V03R01.

2.4 TEST FACILITY

TestSite	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong,China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA

ALL TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESPI	101206	Jun.12, 2019	Jun.11, 2020
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	100086	Aug.26, 2019	Aug.25, 2020
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	10096	Jun.12, 2019	Jun.11, 2020
EXA Signal Analyzer	Aglient	N9010A	MY53470504	Dec.18, 2019	Dec.17, 2020
Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	#768	Sep. 21, 2019	Sep. 20, 2021
preamplifier	ChengYi	EMC184045SE	980508	Sep. 23, 2019	Sep. 22, 2020
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00034609	May. 17, 2019	May. 16, 2021
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	9718-205	Jun.12, 2019	Jun.11, 2020
ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	D69250	Sep.20, 2019	Sep.19, 2020
SIGNAL ANALYZER	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090123	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54110007	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	120237	July 13, 2019	July 12, 2020
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	8960	GB46200384	July 11,2019	July 10,2020
Power Splitter	Agilent	11636A	34	Jun.12, 2019	Jun.11, 2020
Attenuator	JFW	50FHC-006-50	N/A	Jun.12, 2019	Jun.11, 2020
Horn Ant (18G-40GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170		Sep. 21, 2019	Sep. 20, 2021

Horn Ant (18G-40GHz)	ETS	QWH_SL_18_40_K_SG		Sep. 21, 2019	Sep. 20, 2021
Power Splitter	Agilent	11636A	/	Sep.18, 2019	Sep.17, 2020
CMU200	R&S	120237	/	July 13, 2019	July 12, 2020
Artificial Mains Network ENV216	R&S	101242	/	July 11,2019	July 10,2020
Filter Bank Notch 1(880-915MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	010	/	Feb. 27, 2019	Feb. 26, 2020
Filter Bank Notch 1(880-915MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	010	/	Feb. 25, 2020	Feb. 24, 2021
Filter Bank Notch2 (1710-1785MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	009	/	Feb. 27, 2019	Feb. 26, 2020
Filter Bank Notch2 (1710-1785MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	009	/	Feb. 25, 2020	Feb. 24, 2021
Filter Bank Notch 3 (1920-1980MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	008	/	Feb. 27, 2019	Feb. 26, 2020
Filter Bank Notch 3 (1920-1980MHz)	MICRO-TRONICS	008	/	Feb. 25, 2020	Feb. 24, 2021

2.6 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

The battery wassupplied by the applicant were used as accessories and being tested with EUT intended for FCC grant together.

2.7 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUTconfiguration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

3.3 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System

Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Remark
1	Smart Terminals	TPS980	FCC ID: 2AJ2B-TPS980	EUT
2	Adapter	BI24-120200-AdU	DC 12V 2A	AE
3	Power Line	N/A	N/A	AE

***Note:All the accessories have been used during the test. The following "EUT" in setup diagram means EUT system.

4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules	Result
1	Output Power	Conducted Output Power	2.1046	Pass
		Radiated Output Power	22.913(a) (2) / 24.232 (c)/ 27.50(d)(4)	
2	Peak-to-Average Ratio	Peak-to-Average Ratio	24.232(d)	Pass
3	Spurious Emission	Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1051/22.917(a)/24.238(a)/ 27.53(h)	Pass
		Radiated Spurious Emission		
4	Frequency Stability		2.1053/22.917(a)/24.238(a)/27.53(h)	Pass
5	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049	Pass
6	Band Edge		2.1051/22.917(a)/24.238(a)/ 27.53(h)	Pass

5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200)to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on WCDMA frequency band.

*****Note:**WCDMA/HSPA band II, WCDMA/HSPA band V mode have been tested during the test.

The worst condition was recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.

6. OUTPUT POWER

6.1 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

6.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The transmitter output port was connected to base station.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Measure the maximum burst average power and average power for othermodulation signal.

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(WCDMA/HSPA band II, WCDMA/HSPA band V)at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for each band.

UMTS BAND V

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Avg.Burst Power
WCDMA 850 RMC	826.4	24	23.63
	836.4	24	24.03
	846.6	24	**24.16**
WCDMA850 AMR	826.4	24	23.55
	836.4	24	23.46
	846.6	24	23.39
HSDPA Subtest 1	826.4	24	22.51
	836.4	24	22.90
	846.6	24	23.11
HSDPA Subtest 2	826.4	24	21.84
	836.4	24	22.40
	846.6	24	22.32
HSDPA Subtest 3	826.4	24	21.90
	836.4	24	22.06
	846.6	24	22.30
HSDPA Subtest 4	826.4	24	21.87
	836.4	24	22.47
	846.6	24	22.32
HSUPA Subtest 1	826.4	24	22.26
	836.4	24	22.72
	846.6	24	23.00
HSUPA Subtest 2	826.4	24	20.05
	836.4	24	20.77
	846.6	24	21.02
HSUPA Subtest 3	826.4	24	21.29
	836.4	24	21.72
	846.6	24	21.98
HSUPA Subtest 4	826.4	24	20.26
	836.4	24	20.74
	846.6	24	20.98
HSUPA Subtest 5	826.4	24	19.50
	836.4	24	20.40
	846.6	24	20.43

UMTS BAND II

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Avg.Burst Power
WCDMA 1900 RMC	1852.4	24	**22.45**
	1880	24	21.92
	1907.6	24	22.19
WCDMA1900 AMR	1852.4	24	21.58
	1880	24	21.43
	1907.6	24	21.55
HSDPA Subtest 1	1852.4	24	21.41
	1880	24	21.01
	1907.6	24	21.18
HSDPA Subtest 2	1852.4	24	20.35
	1880	24	20.49
	1907.6	24	20.33
HSDPA Subtest 3	1852.4	24	20.65
	1880	24	20.24
	1907.6	24	20.62
HSDPA Subtest 4	1852.4	24	20.90
	1880	24	20.51
	1907.6	24	20.32
HSUPA Subtest 1	1852.4	24	21.26
	1880	24	20.79
	1907.6	24	21.01
HSUPA Subtest 2	1852.4	24	19.31
	1880	24	18.85
	1907.6	24	19.07
HSUPA Subtest 3	1852.4	24	20.24
	1880	24	19.77
	1907.6	24	19.98
HSUPA Subtest 4	1852.4	24	19.39
	1880	24	18.92
	1907.6	24	19.10
HSUPA Subtest 5	1852.4	24	18.53
	1880	24	18.20
	1907.6	24	18.43

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)
Note: CM=1 for β_c/β_d=12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.		

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensate for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

6.2 RADIATED OUTPUT POWER

6.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016were applied.

1. Effective Radiated Power (ERP) and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) measurements are performed using the substitution method described in ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 with the EUT transmitting into an integral antenna. Measurements on signal operating below 1GHz are performed using dipole antennas. Measurements on signals operating above 1GHz are performed using broadband horn antennas. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies.
2. In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power (Pin) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received (Pr) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.
3. The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as ARpl=Pin + 2.15 - Pr. TheARpl is the attenuation of “reference path loss”, and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=PMea+ARpl
4. The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.
5. From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.
6. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.
7. Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step1 is added to this result.
8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power (Pin).
9. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi...

6.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

Mode	FCC Part Section(s)	Nominal Peak Power
UMTS BAND II	24.232(c)	<=33dBm (2W),EIRP
UMTS BANDV	22.913(a)(2)	<=38.45dBm (7W).ERP

6.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for UMTS band II				
Mode	Frequency	Result		Conclusion
		Max. Peak E.I.R.P (dBm)	Polarization Of Max. E.I.R.P	
UMTS	1852.4	**22.45**	Horizontal	Pass
	1880	22.84	Horizontal	Pass
	1907.6	22.67	Horizontal	Pass
	1852.4	20.79	Vertical	Pass
	1880	20.55	Vertical	Pass
	1907.6	20.61	Vertical	Pass

Radiated Power (ERP) for UMTS band V				
Mode	Frequency	Result		Conclusion
		Max. Peak ERP (dBm)	Polarization Of Max. ERP	
UMTS	826.4	21.76	Horizontal	Pass
	836.4	21.85	Horizontal	Pass
	846.6	**21.89**	Horizontal	Pass
	826.4	19.77	Vertical	Pass
	836.4	19.49	Vertical	Pass
	846.6	19.35	Vertical	Pass

Note: Above is the worst mode data.

6.3. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

6.3.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

Use one of the procedures presented in 4.1 to measure the total peak power and record as PPk. Use one of the applicable procedures presented 4.2 to measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR (dB) = PPk (dBm) - PAvg (dBm).

6.3.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the Peak-to-Average Ratio from the EUT.

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument’s resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

6.3.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Modes	UMTS BAND II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	1.79	1.58	1.81

Modes	UMTS BAND V		
Channel	4132	4182	4233
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	1.96	1.74	1.83

7. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

7.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

1. The Occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper Frequency limits, the mean power radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured.

2. RBW=1~5% of the expected OBW, VBW>=3 x RBW, Detector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold, Sweep=auto couple, and the trace was allowed to stabilize.

7.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The emission bandwidth is defined as two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results

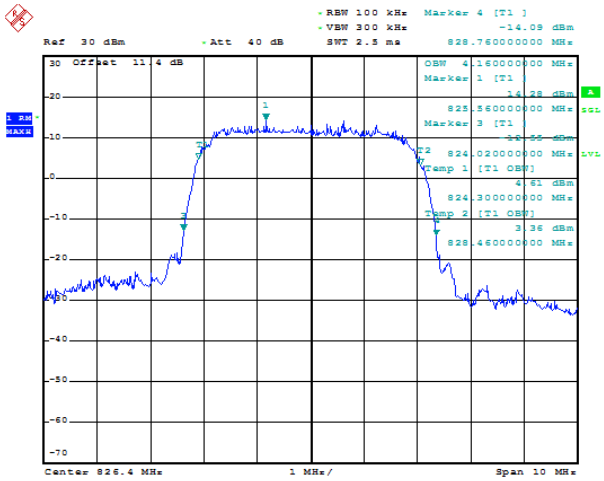
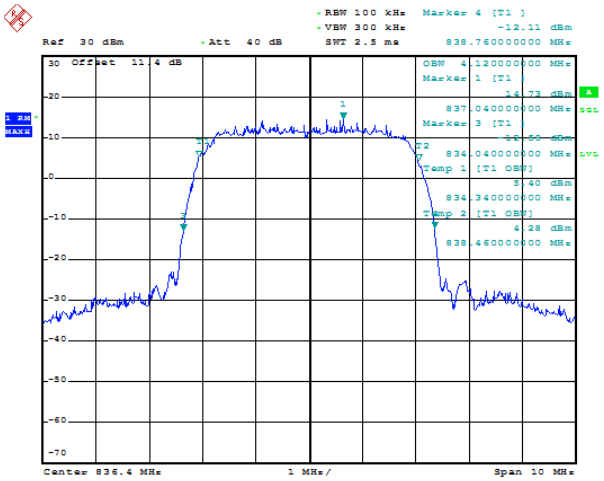
Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (KHZ)	Emission Bandwidth (KHZ)	Verdict
WCDMA 850	UMTS	LCH	4160.0	4740	PASS
		MCH	4120.0	4720	PASS
		HCH	4120.0	4720	PASS

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (KHZ)	Emission Bandwidth (KHZ)	Verdict
WCDMA 1900	UMTS	LCH	4160.0	4760	PASS
		MCH	4180.0	4780	PASS
		HCH	4160.0	4760	PASS

For WCDMA

Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1900

Test Mode=UMTS

WCDMA 850-LCH	WCDMA 850-MCH
	
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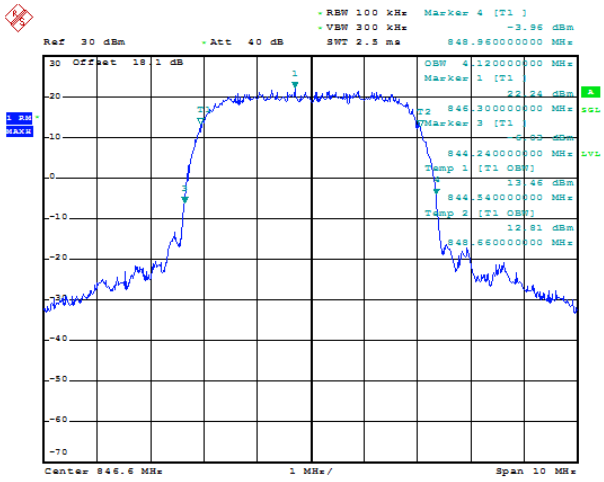
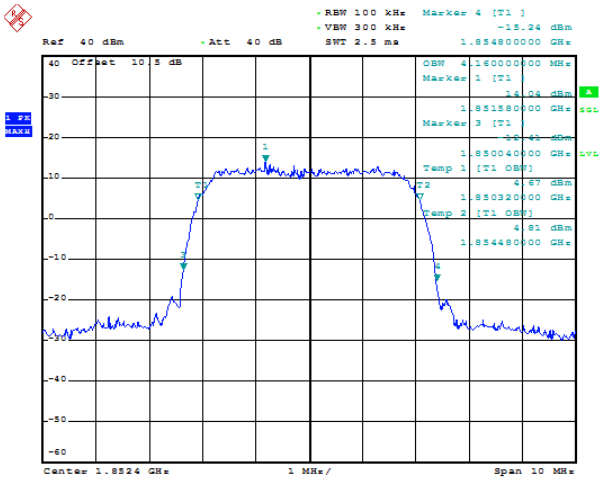
WCDMA 850-HCH	WCDMA 1900-LCH
	
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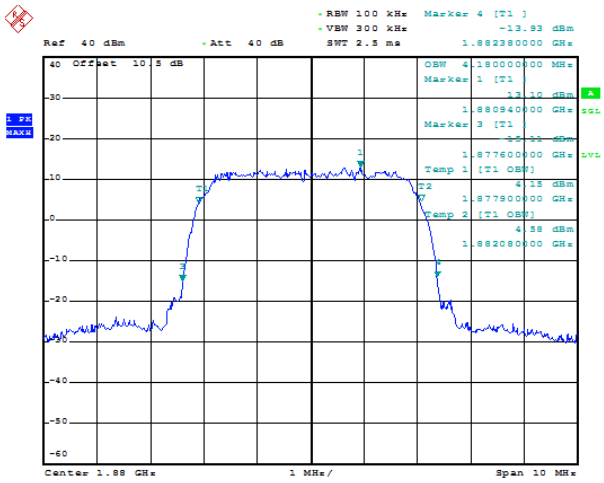
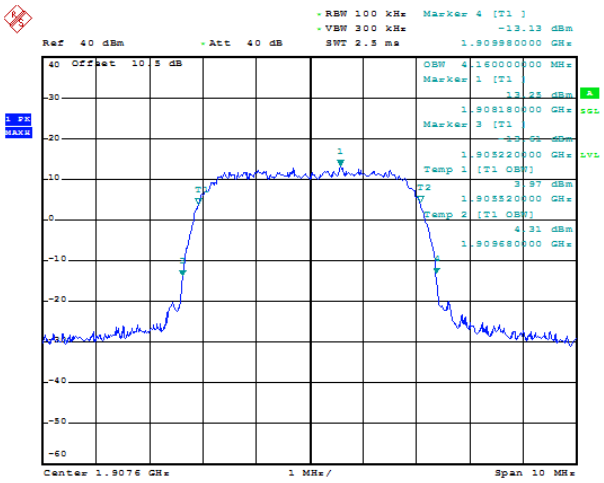
WCDMA 1900-HCH	WCDMA 1900-HCH
	
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8. BAND EDGE

8.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

1. All out of band emissions are measured with an analyzer spectrum connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration

2. The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

3. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot.

4. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge.

5. RBW>1% of the emission bandwidth, VBW >=3 x RBW, Detector=RMS, Number of points>=2 x Span/RBW, Trace mode=max hold, Sweep time=auto couple, and the trace was allowed to stabilize

8.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

As Specified in FCC rules of 22.917(a) 、24.238(a)and KDB 971168 D1 V03R01.

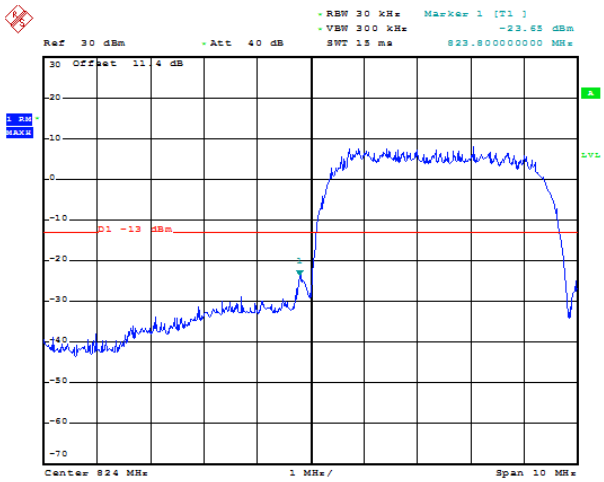
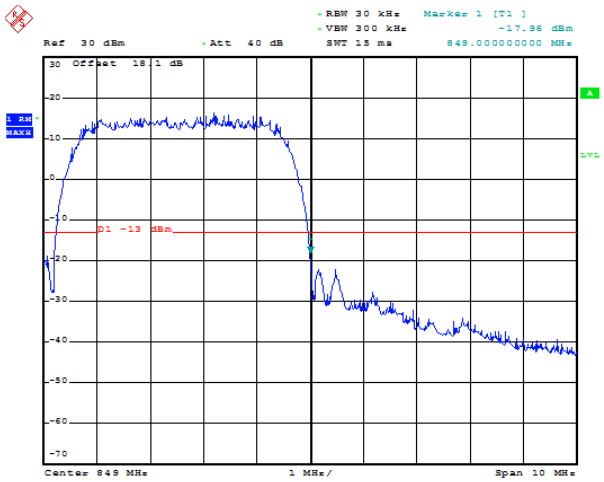
8.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

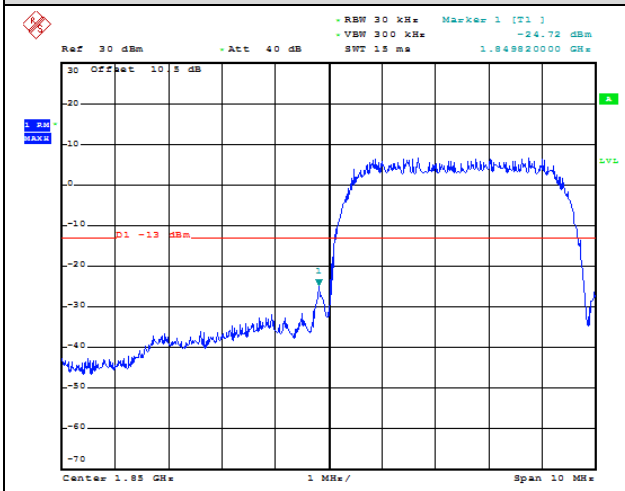
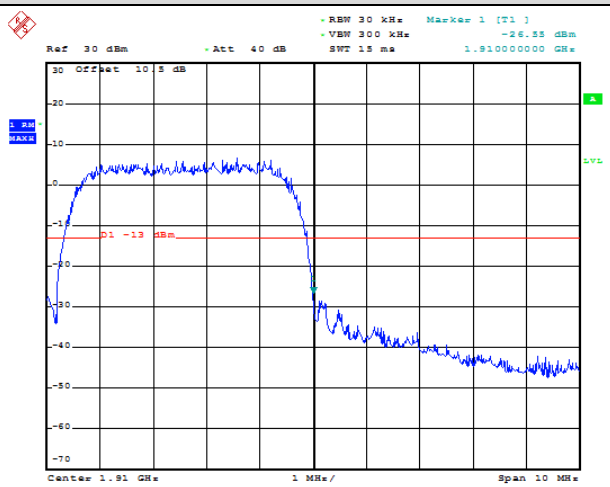
Test Results

For WCDMA

Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1900

Test Mode=UMTS

WCDMA 850-LCH	WCDMA 850-HCH
 AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:19:16	 AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:19:31

WCDMA 1900-LCH	WCDMA 1900-HCH
 AAA Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:50:49	 AAA Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:51:04

9. SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.1.1MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

1. The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequency is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10^{th} harmonic. All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at maximum power, and at the approximate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration.

2. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz.

3. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channelswere chosen to conducted emissions testing.

Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band II	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
9262	1852.4
9400	1880
9538	1907.6

Typical Channels for testing of UMTS band V	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
4132	826.4
4182	836.4
4233	846.6

9.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

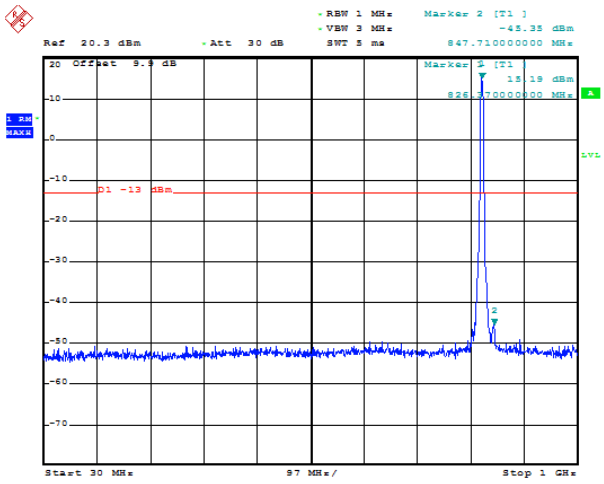
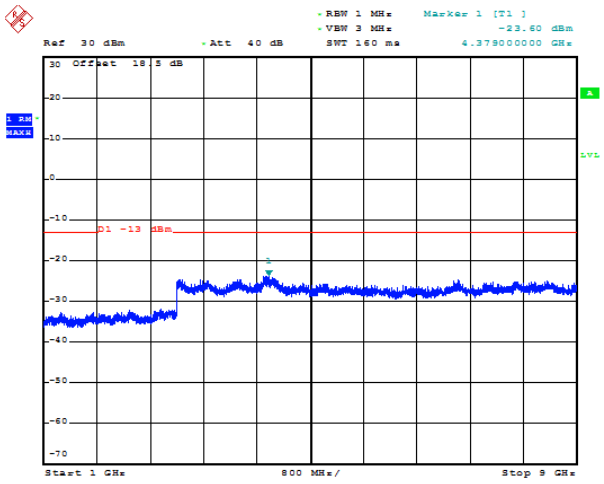
On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

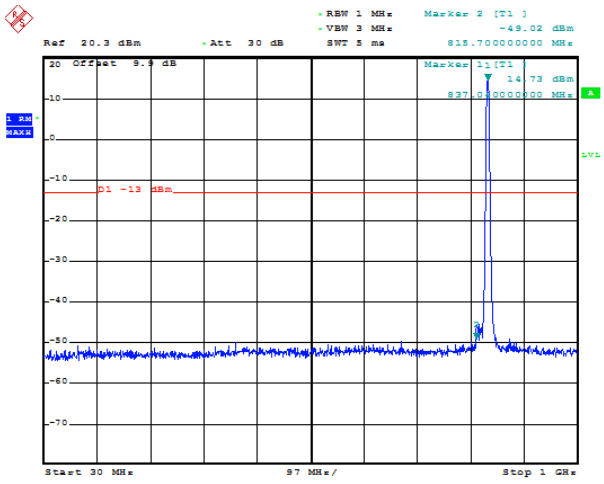
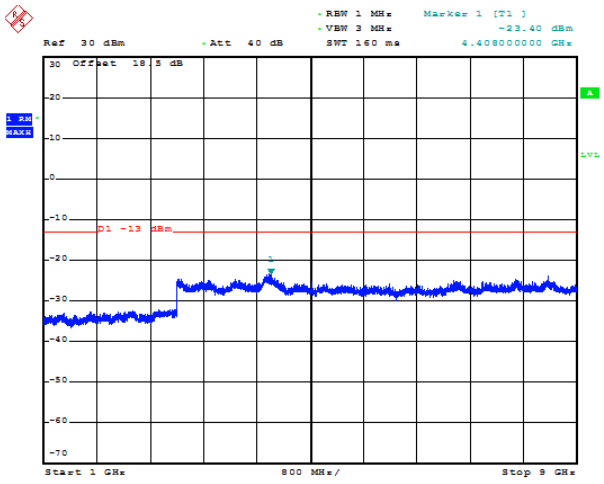
9.1.3MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results

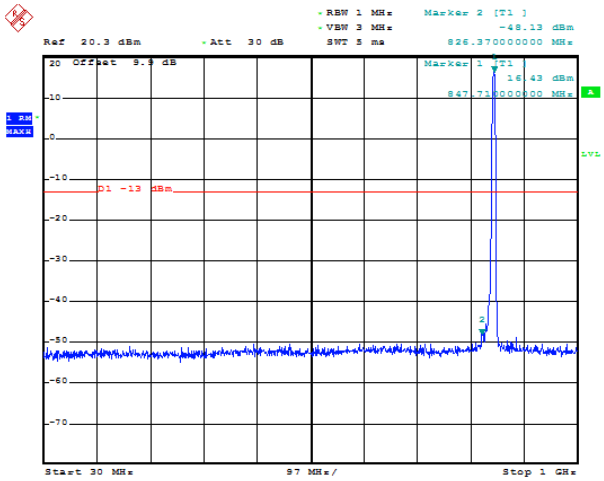
Test Band=WCDMA850/WCDMA1900

Test Mode=UMTS

WCDMA 850-LCH	WCDMA 850-LCH
	
AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:20:14	AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:20:22

WCDMA 850-MCH	WCDMA 850-MCH
	
AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:20:51	AAA Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:20:59

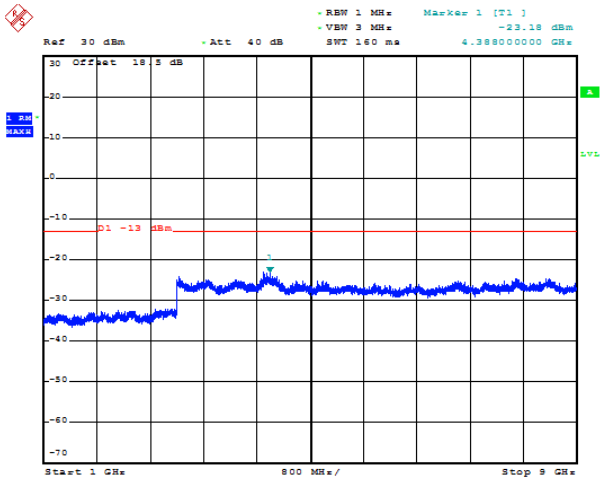
WCDMA 850-HCH



AAA

Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:21:28

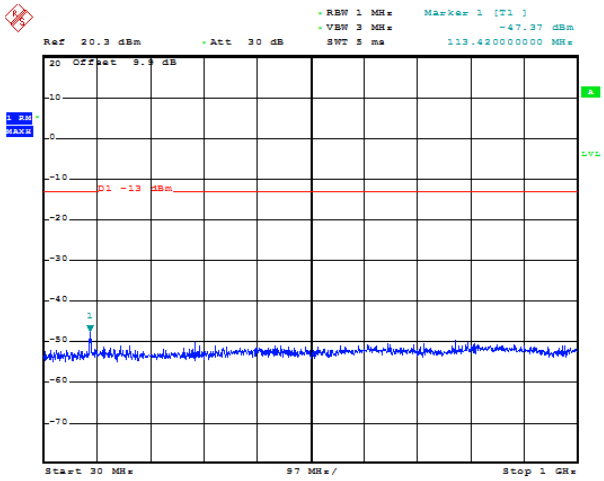
WCDMA 850-HCH



AAA

Date: 30.MAR.2020 09:21:36

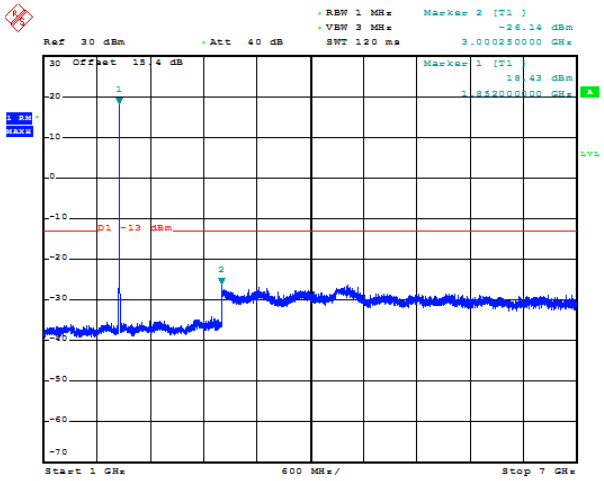
WCDMA 1900-LCH



AAA

Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:51:47

WCDMA 1900-LCH



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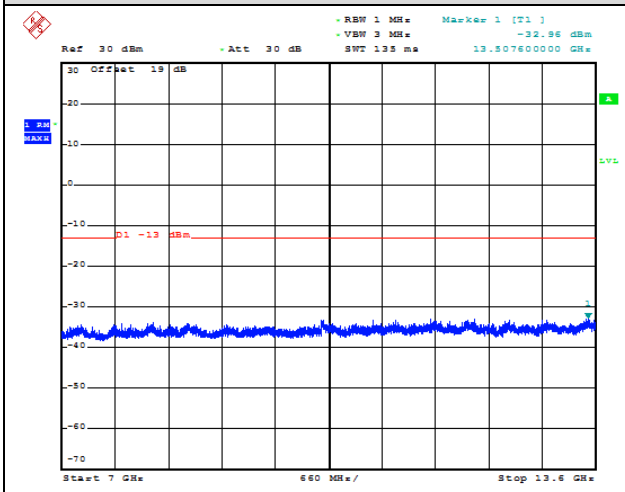
WCDMA 1900-LCH



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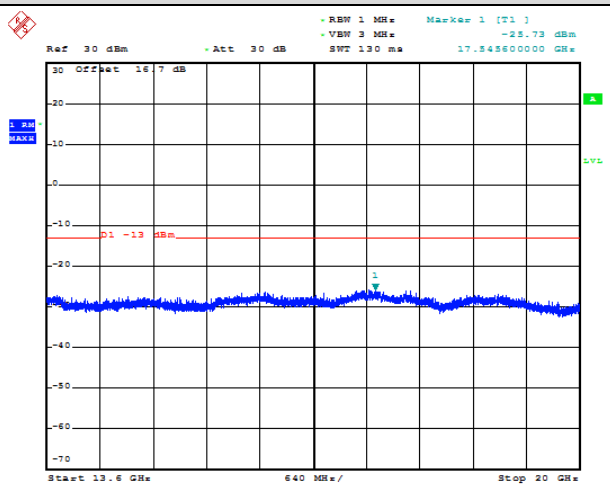
Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:52:06

WCDMA 1900-LCH



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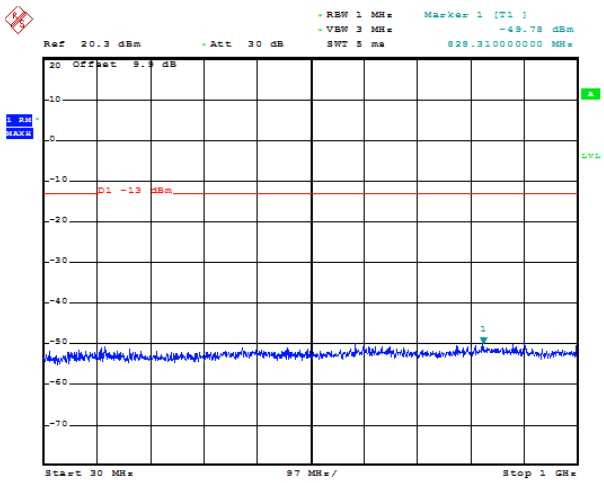
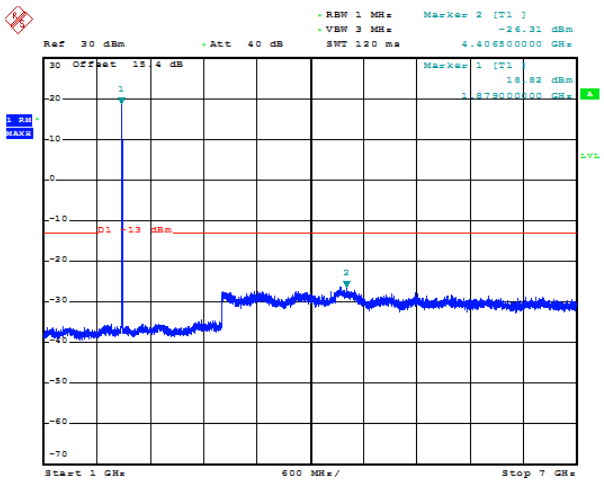
Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:52:16

WCDMA 1900-MCH



AAA
Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:52:46

WCDMA 1900-MCH



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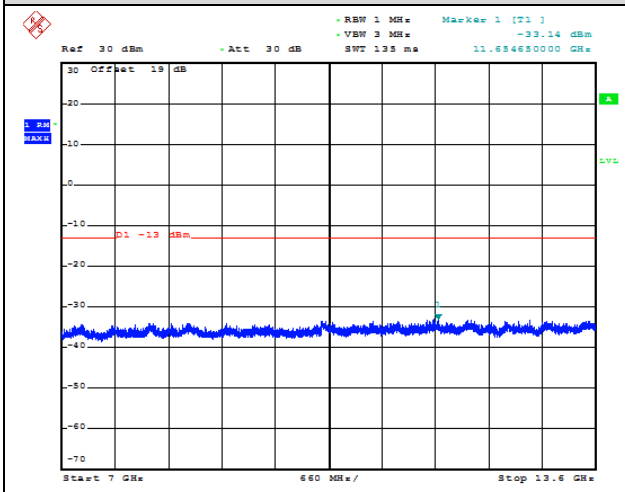
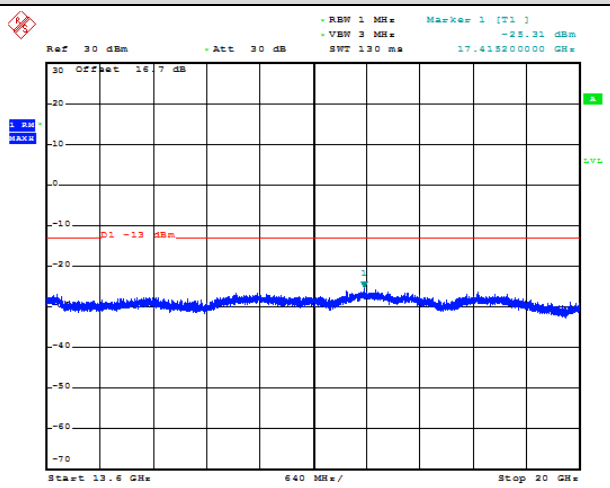
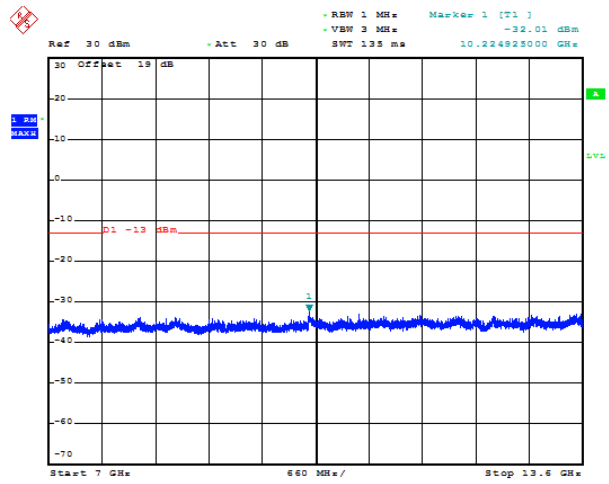
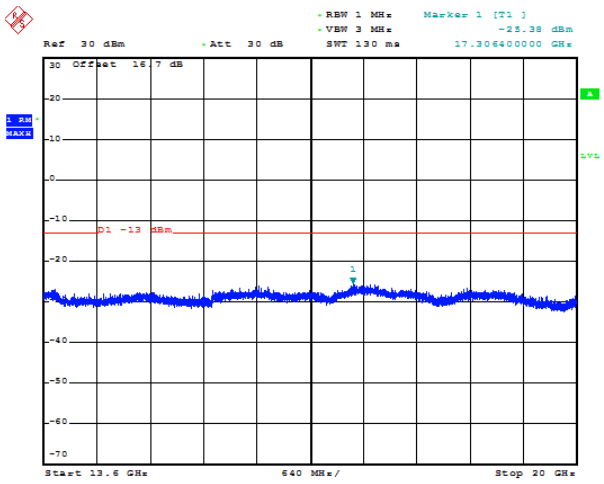
Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:52:55

WCDMA 1900-MCH	WCDMA 1900-MCH
	
AAA Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:53:05	AAA Date: 28.MAR.2020 14:53:15

WCDMA 1900-HCH	WCDMA 1900-HCH
	
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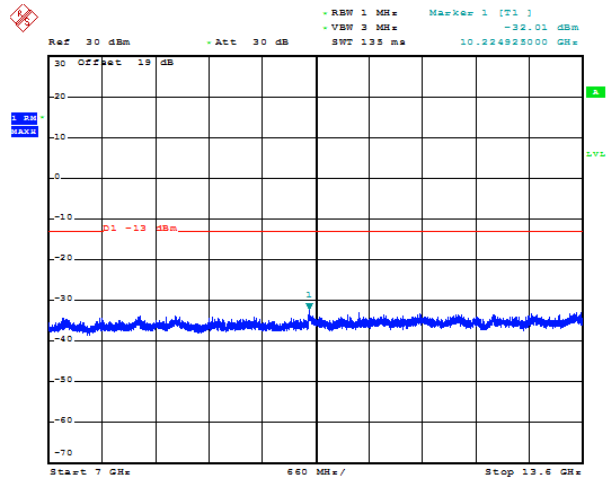
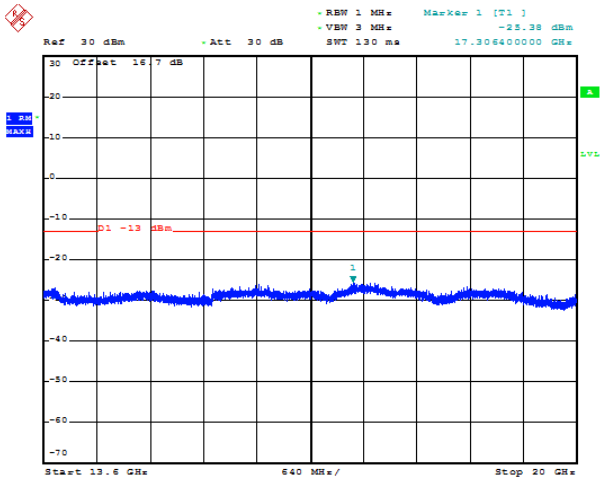
WCDMA 1900-HCH	WCDMA 1900-HCH
	

Note:1. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and Above is the worst mode data.

2. As no emission found in standby or receive mode, no recording in this report.

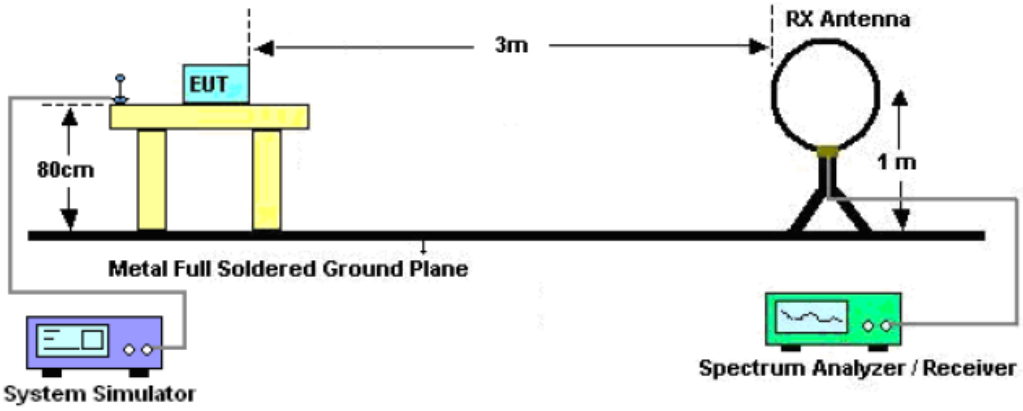
9.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.2.1MEASUREMENT METHOD

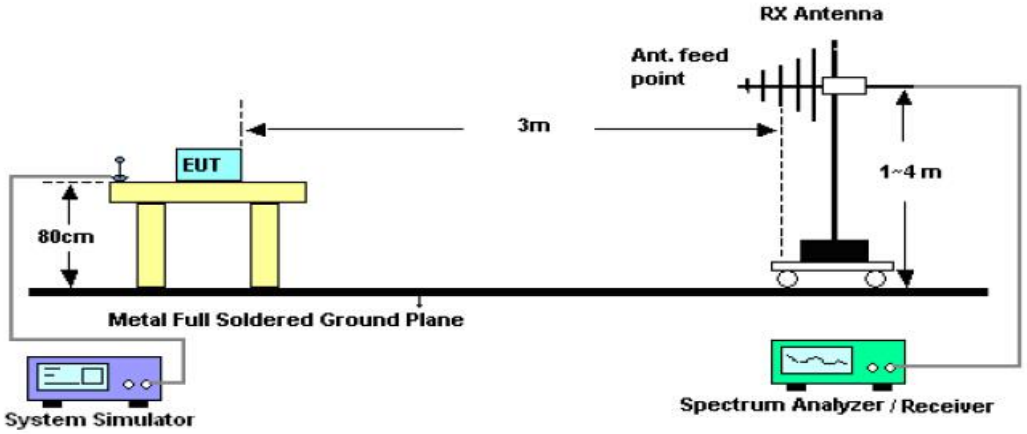
1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.

9.2.2 TEST SETUP

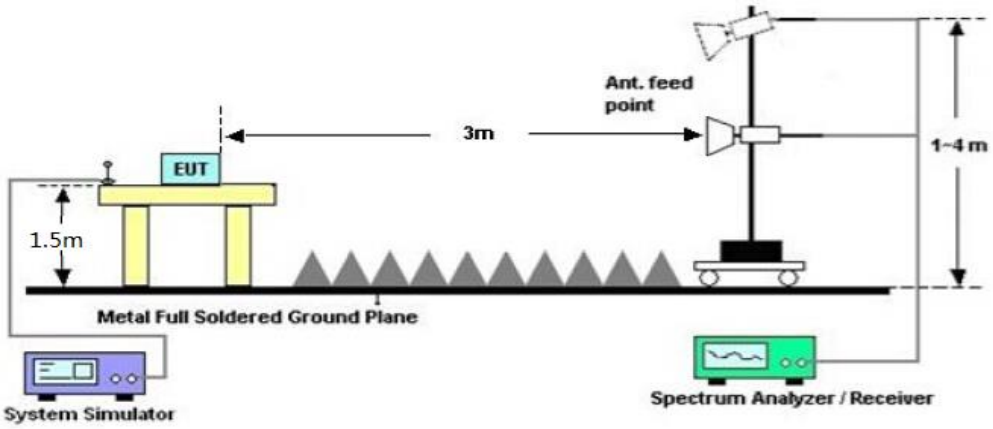
Radiated Emission Test-Setup Frequency Below 30MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz



9.2.3 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

(a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Note:only result the worst condition of each test mode:

9.2.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT

HSPA band II:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 9538/1907.6MHz				
Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Comment
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
1241.55	-49.74	-13	-36.74	Horizontal
3815.20	-48.97	-13	-35.97	Horizontal
6965.42	-47.21	-13	-34.21	Horizontal
1384.16	-48.34	-13	-35.34	Vertical
3815.20	-47.36	-13	-34.36	Vertical
7215.23	-46.59	-13	-33.59	Vertical

HSPA band V:

The Worst Test Results for Channel 4233/846.6MHz				
Frequency	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Comment
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
1693.20	-51.62	-13	-38.62	Horizontal
3258.69	-48.90	-13	-35.90	Horizontal
6847.36	-49.15	-13	-36.15	Horizontal
1693.20	-50.75	-13	-37.75	Vertical
3154.25	-48.88	-13	-35.88	Vertical
6748.31	-47.86	-13	-34.86	Vertical

RESULT: PASS

Note:

1. Margin = Emission Level -Limit
2. Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and Above is the worst mode data

10. FREQUENCY STABILITY

10.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

1 Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.

2 Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10℃.

3 With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 for PCS 1900 band , channel 190 for GSM 850 band, channel 9400 for UMTS band II and channel 4175 for UMTS band Vand UMTS band IV measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.

4 Repeat the above measurements at 10℃ increments from -10℃ to +40℃. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

5 Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.

6 Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +40℃.

7 With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.

8 Repeat the above measurements at 10℃ increments from +40℃ to -10℃. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

9 At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5℃ during the measurement procedure.

10.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

10.2.1 FOR HAND CARRIED BATTERY POWERED EQUIPMENT

According to the ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 10.2VDC and 13.8VDC, with a nominal voltage of 12VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

10.2.2 FOR EQUIPMENT POWERED BY PRIMARY SUPPLY VOLTAGE

According to the ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016,the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment, the normal environment temperature is 20^{o}C.

10.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Results

Frequency Error vs. Voltage:

Frequency Error vs. Voltage:

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Temp.	Test Volt.(V)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.vs.rated (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdict
WCDMA850	UMTS	LCH	TN	VL	8.83	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	9.78	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	12.70	0.02	±2.5	PASS
		MCH	TN	VL	6.91	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	5.17	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	9.98	0.01	±2.5	PASS
		HCH	TN	VL	4.55	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VN	4.27	0.01	±2.5	PASS
			TN	VH	5.26	0.01	±2.5	PASS

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Temp.	Test Volt.(V)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.vs.rated (ppm)	Verdict
WCDMA1900	UMTS	LCH	TN	VL	45.32	0.02	PASS
			TN	VN	-32.87	-0.02	PASS
			TN	VH	-98.60	-0.05	PASS
		MCH	TN	VL	-19.49	-0.01	PASS
			TN	VN	-97.92	-0.05	PASS
			TN	VH	136.37	0.07	PASS
		HCH	TN	VL	-5.07	0.00	PASS
			TN	VN	-29.40	-0.02	PASS
			TN	VH	-60.23	-0.03	PASS

Note: Based on the results of the frequency stability test at the center channel the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is detemined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

Frequency Error vs. Temperature:

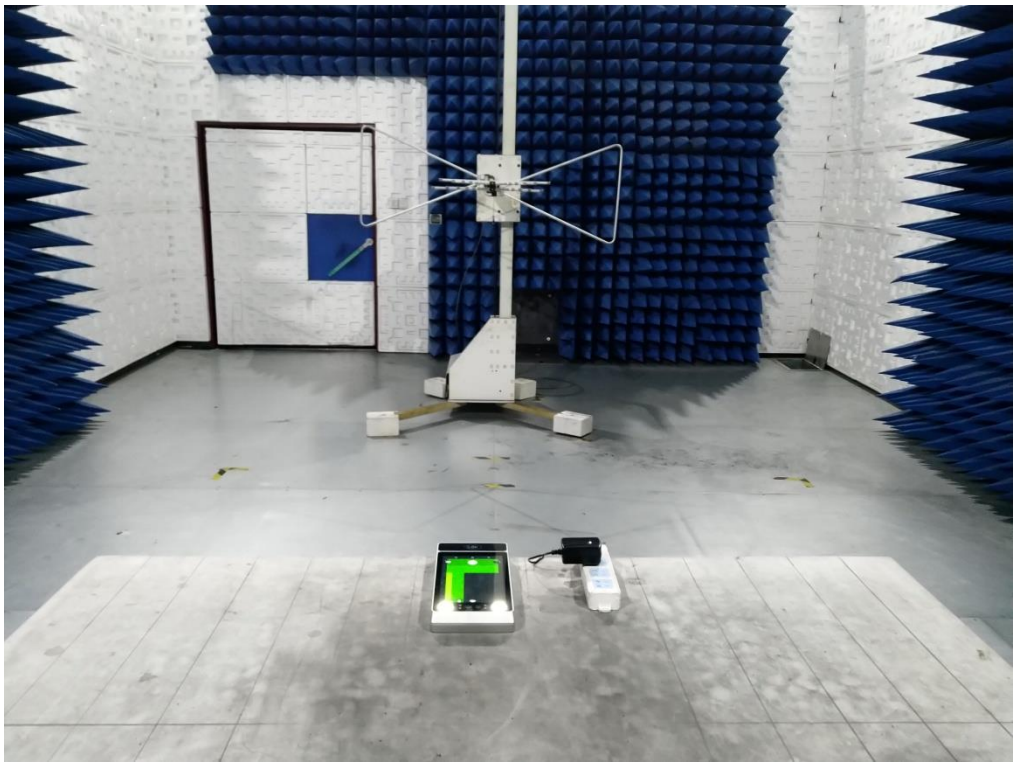
Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Volt.	Test Tem. (℃)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.vs.rated (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdict
WCDMA850	UMTS	LCH	VN	-10	11.52	0.013940	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	7.23	0.008749	±2.5	PASS
			VN	10	9.02	0.010915	±2.5	PASS
			VN	20	7.16	0.008664	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	9.29	0.011242	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	6.74	0.008156	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA850	UMTS	MCH	VN	-10	7.89	0.009547	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	5.94	0.007188	±2.5	PASS
			VN	10	7.22	0.008632	±2.5	PASS
			VN	20	7.23	0.008644	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	9.11	0.010892	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	6.32	0.007556	±2.5	PASS
WCDMA850	UMTS	HCH	VN	-10	9.16	0.010952	±2.5	PASS
			VN	0	4.56	0.005386	±2.5	PASS
			VN	10	5.74	0.006780	±2.5	PASS
			VN	20	8.97	0.010595	±2.5	PASS
			VN	30	9.16	0.010820	±2.5	PASS
			VN	40	4.81	0.005682	±2.5	PASS

Test Band	Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Volt.	Test Tem. (℃)	Freq.Error (Hz)	Freq.vs.rated (ppm)	Verdict
WCDMA1900	UMTS	LCH	VN	-10	15.93	0.008600	PASS
			VN	0	9.02	0.004869	PASS
			VN	10	12.66	0.006834	PASS
			VN	20	10.94	0.005906	PASS
			VN	30	14.28	0.007709	PASS
			VN	40	15.15	0.008179	PASS
WCDMA1900	UMTS	MCH	VN	-10	6.15	0.003320	PASS
			VN	0	9.25	0.004994	PASS
			VN	10	5.57	0.002963	PASS
			VN	20	6.59	0.003505	PASS
			VN	30	7.40	0.003936	PASS
			VN	40	9.23	0.004910	PASS
WCDMA1900	UMTS	HCH	VN	-10	-5.00	-0.002660	PASS
			VN	0	2.61	0.001388	PASS
			VN	10	1.59	0.000834	PASS
			VN	20	-1.95	-0.001022	PASS
			VN	30	-0.92	-0.000482	PASS
			VN	40	0.20	0.000105	PASS

Note: Based on the results of the frequency stability test at the center channel the frequency deviation results measured are very samll. As such it is determined that channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted duing the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is detemined to remain operating in band over the temperture and voltage range as tested.

APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION



RADIATED SPURIOUS ABOVE 1G EMISSION

----END OF REPORT----