

RF TEST REPORT



Report No.: 17070376-FCC-R6

Supersede Report No.: N/A

Applicant	INFINIX MOBILITY LIMITED	
Product Name	Mobile phone	
Model No.	X572	
Serial No.	N/A	
Test Standard	FCC Part 15.407: 2016, KDB905462 D02 v02 ; ANSI C63.10: 2013	
Test Date	May 19 to June 12, 2017	
Issue Date	June 13, 2017	
Test Result	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail	
Equipment complied with the specification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Equipment did not comply with the specification	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Vera Zhang</i>	<i>David Huang</i>	
Vera Zhang Test Engineer	David Huang Checked By	
This test report may be reproduced in full only Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the tested sample only		

Issued by:

SIEMIC (SHENZHEN-CHINA) LABORATORIES

Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park

South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108

Phone: +86 0755 2601 4629801 Email: China@siemic.com.cn

Laboratories Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.



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Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety

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1. Report Revision History

Report No.	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
17070376-FCC-R6	NONE	Original	June 13, 2017

2. Customer information

Applicant Name	INFINIX MOBILITY LIMITED
Applicant Add	RMS 05-15, 13A/F SOUTH TOWER WORLD FINANCE CTR HARBOUR CITY 17 CANTON RD TST KLN HONG KONG
Manufacturer	SHENZHEN TECNO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
Manufacturer Add	1-4th Floor,3rd Building,Pacific Industrial Park,No.2088,Shenyan Road,Yantian District,Shenzhen,Guangdong,China

3. Test site information

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) LABORATORIES
Lab Address	Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108
FCC Test Site No.	718246
IC Test Site No.	4842E-1
Test Software of Radiated Emission	Radiated Emission Program-To Shenzhen v2.0
Test Software of Conducted Emission	EZ-EMC(ver.lcp-03A1)

4. Equipment under Test (EUT) Information

Description of EUT: Mobile phone

Main Model: X572

Serial Model: N/A

Date EUT received: May 18, 2017

Test Date(s): May 19 to June 12, 2017

Equipment Category : NII

Antenna Gain:

- GSM850:-3.2dBi
- PCS1900:-0.29dBi
- UMTS-FDD Band V: -3.2dBi
- UMTS-FDD Band IV: -2.98dBi
- UMTS-FDD Band II: -0.29dBi
- LTE Band II: 1.7dBi
- LTE Band IV: -2.98dBi
- LTE Band VII: 2.5dBi
- WIFI(2.4G): 1.35dBi
- WIFI(5150-5250MHz): -2.2 dBi
- WIFI(5250-5350MHz): -2.2 dBi
- WIFI(5725-5850MHz): -2.2 dBi
- Bluetooth/BLE: 1.35dBi
- GPS: -0.29dBi

Antenna type : PIFA antenna

Type of Modulation:

GSM / GPRS: GMSK
 EGPRS: GMSK,8PSK
 UMTS-FDD: QPSK
 LTE Band: QPSK, 16QAM
 802.11b: DSSS
 802.11a/g/n20/n40: OFDM
 Bluetooth: GFSK, π /4DQPSK, 8DPSK
 BLE: GFSK
 GPS: BPSK

Input Power:

Adapter:
 Model: CQ-18KX
 Input: AC100-240V~50/60Hz,600mA
 Output: DC 5.0V-9V,2A
 DC 9V-12V,1.5A

Battery :

Model: BL-42AX
 Spec: 3.85V,4200mAh/4300mAh (min/typ)
 16.17Wh/16.55Wh (min/typ)
 Limited Charge Voltage: 4.4V

Number of Channels:

GSM 850: 124CH
 PCS1900: 299CH
 UMTS-FDD Band V: 102CH
 UMTS-FDD Band IV: 202CH
 UMTS-FDD Band II: 277CH
 WIFI :802.11b/g: 11CH
 WIFI :802.11a: 24CH
 WIFI :802.11n20: 11CH(2.4GHz); 24CH(5GHz)
 WIFI :802.11n40: 9CH(2.4GHz); 12CH(5GHz)
 Bluetooth: 79CH
 BLE: 40CH
 GPS:1CH

RF Operating Frequency (ies):

GSM850 TX: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX: 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz
PCS1900 TX: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX: 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz
UMTS-FDD Band V TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz
UMTS-FDD Band IV TX:1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz;
RX : 2112.4 ~ 2152.6 MHz
UMTS-FDD Band II TX:1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz;
RX: 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz
LTE Band II TX: 1850.7~ 1909.3 MHz; RX : 1930.7 ~ 1989.3 MHz
LTE Band IV TX: 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz; RX : 2110.7 ~ 2154.3 MHz
LTE Band VII TX: 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 MHz; RX : 2622.5 ~ 2687.5 MHz
802.11b/g: 2412-2462 MHz (TX/RX)
802.11n20: 2412-2462MHz ;5180-5320 MHz;
5745-5825 MHz; (TX/RX)
802.11n40: 2422-2452 MHz (TX/RX); 5190-5310 MHz;
5755-5795 MHz; (TX/RX)
802.11 a: 5180-5320 MHz; 5745-5825 MHz (TX/RX)
Bluetooth& BLE: 2402-2480 MHz
GPS: 1575.42 MHz

Max. Output Power:

5150-5250MHz: 802.11a: 10.87dBm
802.11 n(20M): 10.63dBm
802.11 n(40M): 10.21dBm
5250-5350MHz: 802.11a: 10.71dBm
802.11 n(20M): 10.61dBm
802.11 n(40M): 10.91dBm
5725-5850MHz: 802.11a: 2.82dBm
802.11 n(20M):3.80dBm
802.11 n(40M): 3.57dBm

Port: USB Port, Earphone Port

Trade Name : Infinix

FCC ID: 2AIZN-X572

5. Test Summary

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications.

All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.407 (i), §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.407 (a)(1)	DTS (99%&26 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	Compliance
§15.407 (e)	DTS (99%&6 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	Compliance
§15.407(a/1/2)	Conducted Maximum Output Power	Compliance
§15.407(a/1/2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§15.407(a)(6)	Peak Power Excursion	Compliance
§15.207 (a),	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(b/1/2/3/6)	Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance
47CFR15.407 (h)	In-Service Monitoring - Channel Move Time	Compliance
47CFR15.407 (h)	In-Service Monitoring - Channel Closing Transmission Time	Compliance

Measurement Uncertainty

Emissions		
Test Item	Description	Uncertainty
Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2 (for EUTs < 0.5m X 0.5m X 0.5m)	+5.6dB/-4.5dB
-	-	-

6. Measurements, Examination And Derived Results

6.1 §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has 3 antennas:

A permanently attached PIFA antenna for Bluetooth/BLE/2.4G WIFI/5G WIFI/GPS, the gain is 1.35dBi for Bluetooth/BLE/2.4G WIFI, the gain is -2.2dBi for 5G WIFI(5150-5250MHz) / (5250-5350MHz) / (5725-5850MHz), the gain is -0.29dBi for GPS.

A permanently attached PIFA antenna for GSM/PCS/UMTS, the gain is -3.2dBi for GSM850, -0.29dBi for PCS1900, -3.2dBi for UMTS-FDD Band V, -0.29dBi for UMTS-FDD Band II.

A permanently attached PIFA antenna for LTE Band II/IV/VII, the gain is 1.7dBi for LTE Band II, the gain is -2.98dBi for LTE Band IV, the gain is 2.5dBi for LTE Band VII.

Result: Pass

6.2 §15.407(a)-DTS (99% &26 dB) Channel Bandwidth

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C
	Relative Humidity	51%
	Atmospheric Pressure	1002mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

4. Test date : June 01, 2017

Tested By : Vera Zhang

Standard Requirement:

None; for reporting purposes only.

Procedures:

99% Bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency
2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
4. The video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used
6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available)
7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that

frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- 1) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 2) Set the VBW > RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

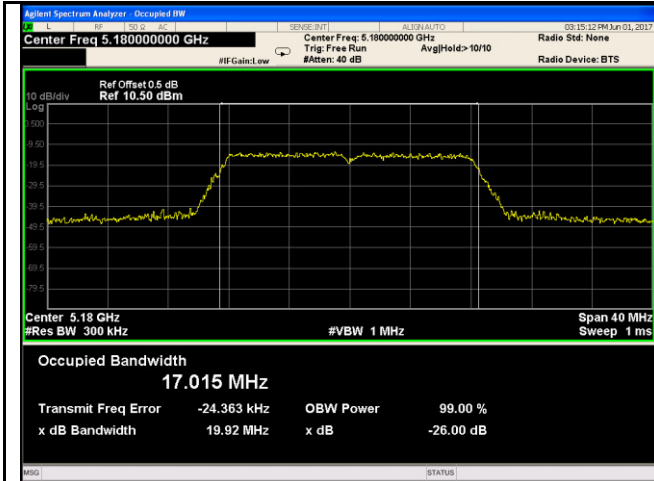
Measurement result

Test mode	Freq Band (MHz)	CH	Freq (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	5150-5250	Low	5180	17.015	19.92
		Middle	5220	16.793	19.85
		High	5240	16.879	20.77
	5250-5350	Low	5260	16.966	19.90
		Middle	5300	17.003	20.12
		High	5320	16.964	20.69
	5725-5850	Low	5745	16.923	20.29
		Mid	5785	16.807	19.72
		High	5825	16.989	19.83
802.11n(20M)	5150-5250	Low	5180	17.911	20.50
		Mid	5220	17.803	20.08
		High	5240	17.902	20.85
	5250-5350	Low	5260	17.942	20.18
		Mid	5300	17.911	20.32
		High	5320	17.948	20.42
	5725-5850	Low	5745	17.872	20.49
		Mid	5785	17.759	20.01
		High	5825	17.904	20.23
802.11 n(40M)	5150-5250	Low	5190	36.912	40.96
		High	5230	36.646	40.62
	5250-5350	Low	5270	36.504	40.50
		High	5310	36.813	40.76
	5725-5850	Low	5755	36.611	40.57
		High	5795	36.390	40.59

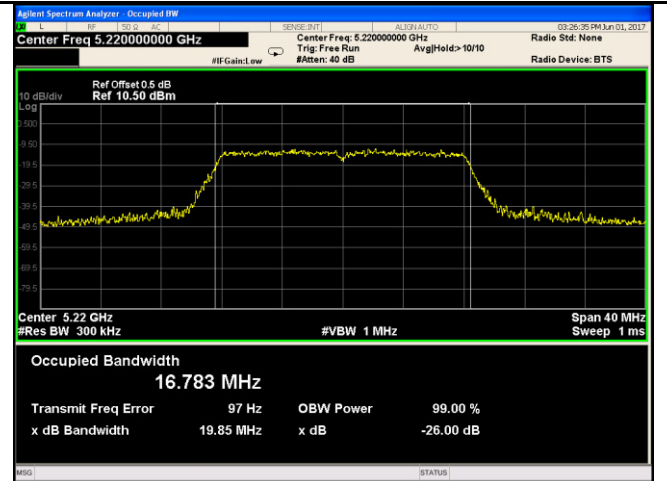
Test Plots

Bandwidth measurement result

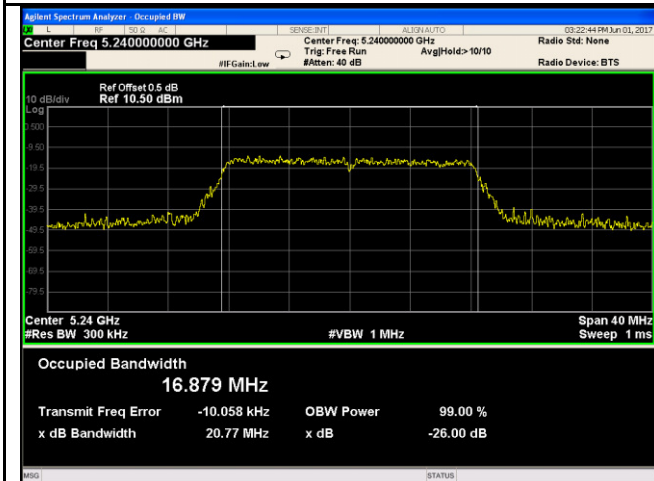
802.11a



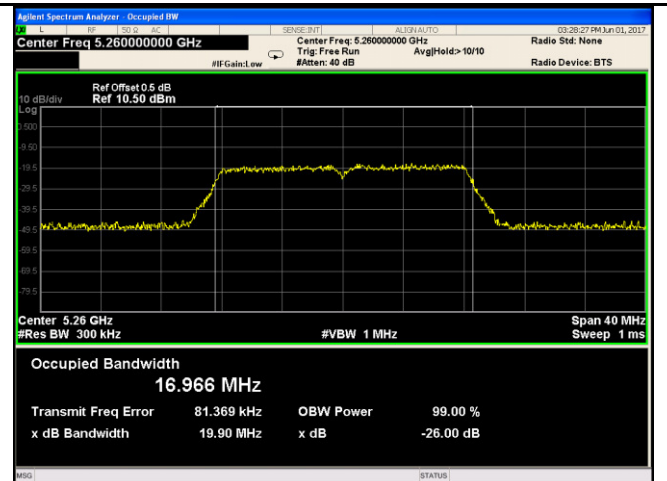
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5180



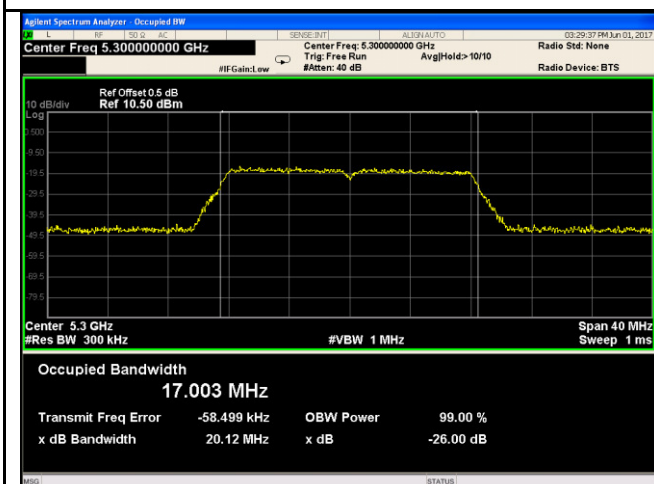
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - Middle CH 5220



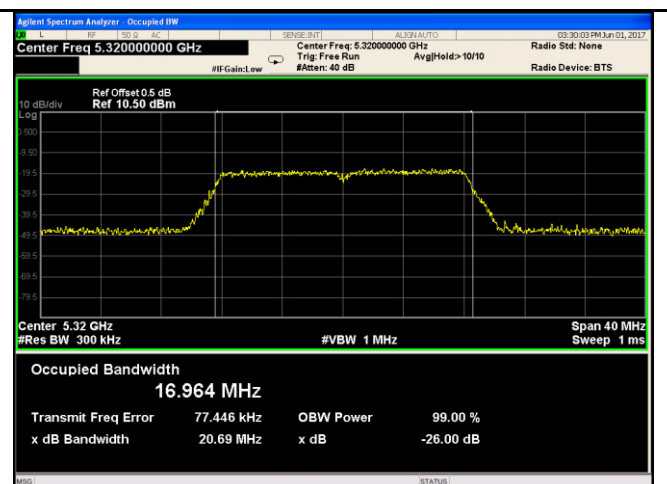
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5240



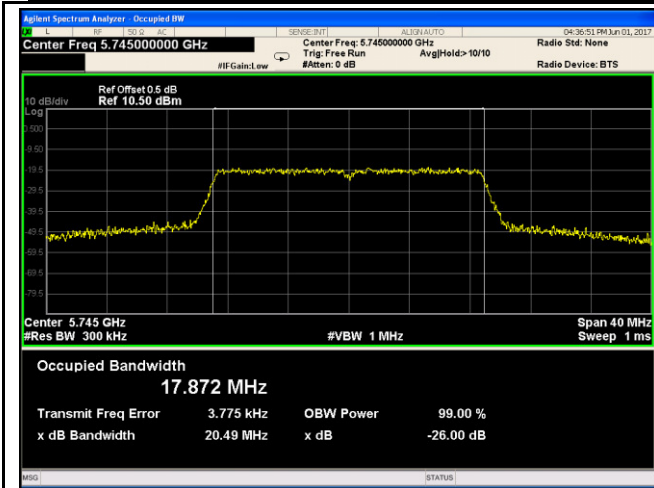
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5260



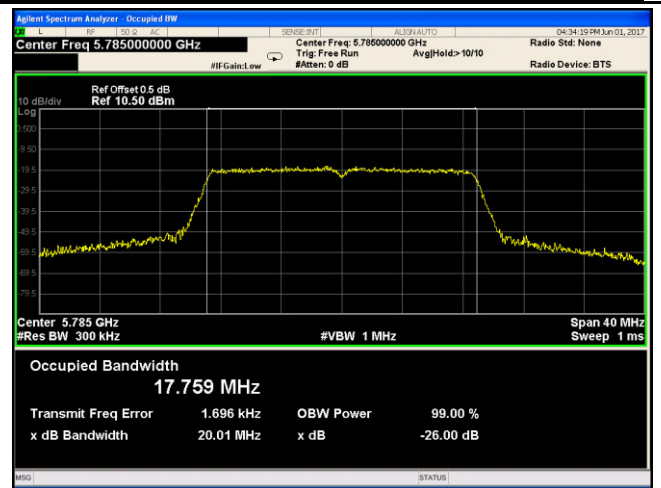
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - Middle CH 5300



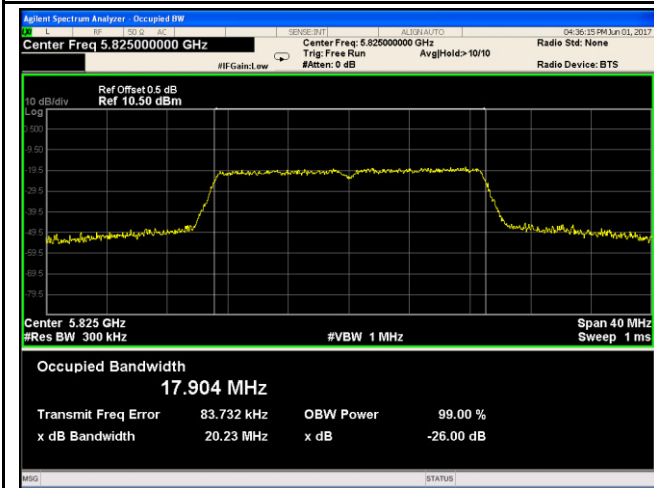
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5320



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5745

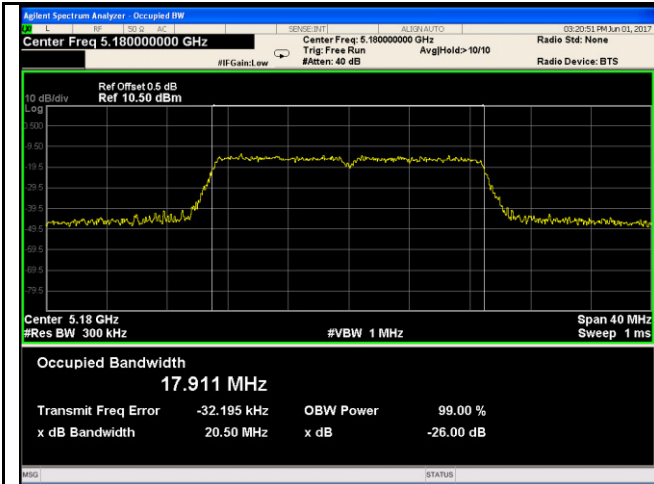


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5785

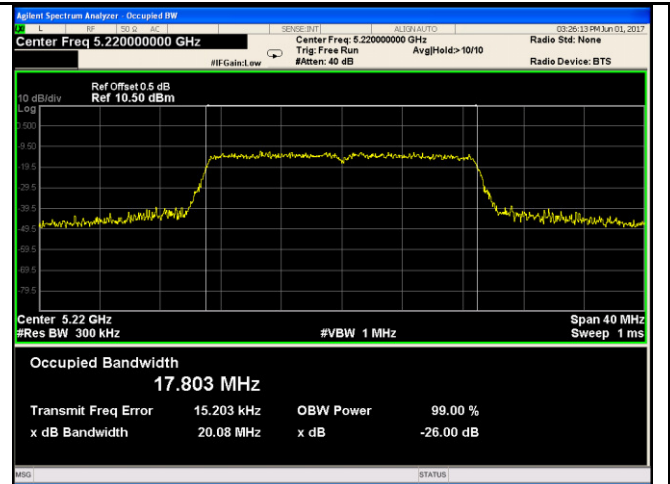


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5825

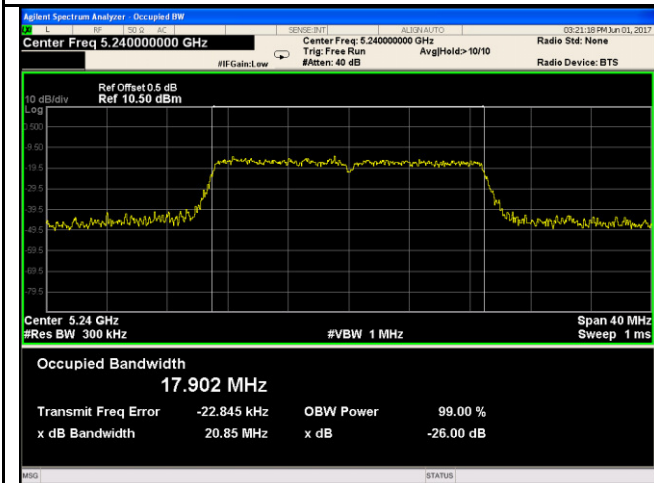
802.11 n (20M)



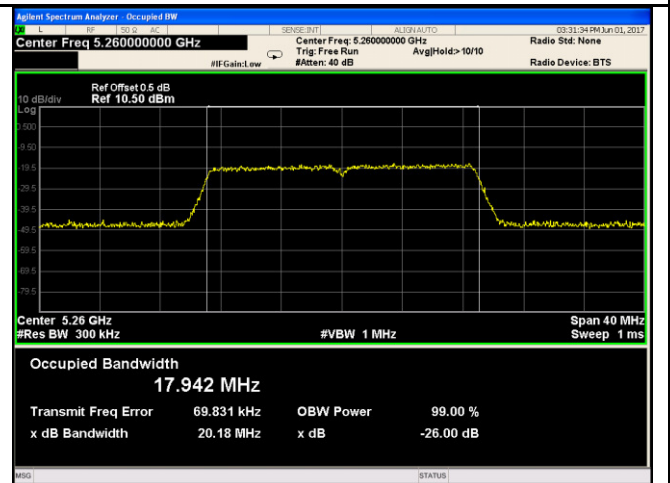
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5180



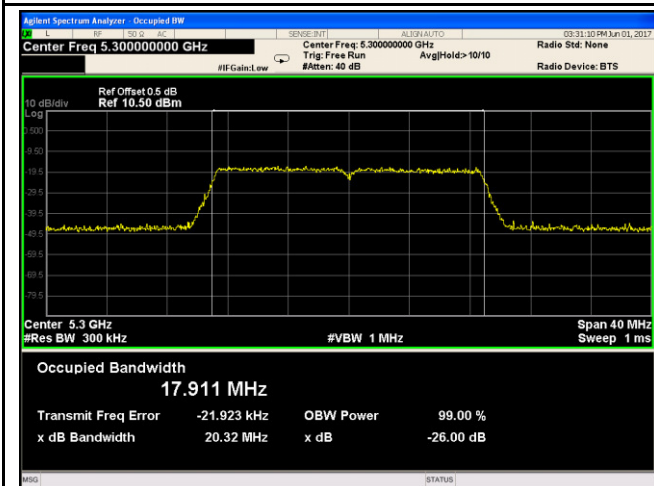
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5220



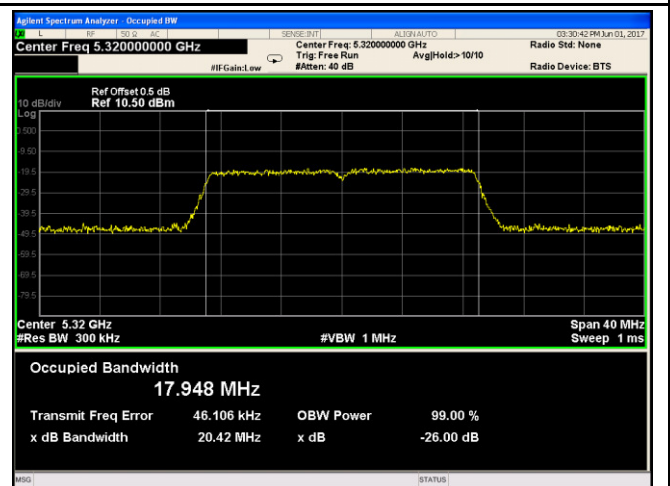
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5240



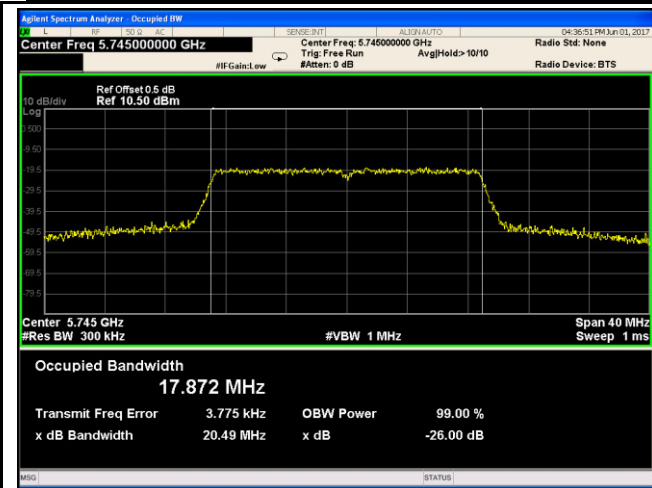
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5260



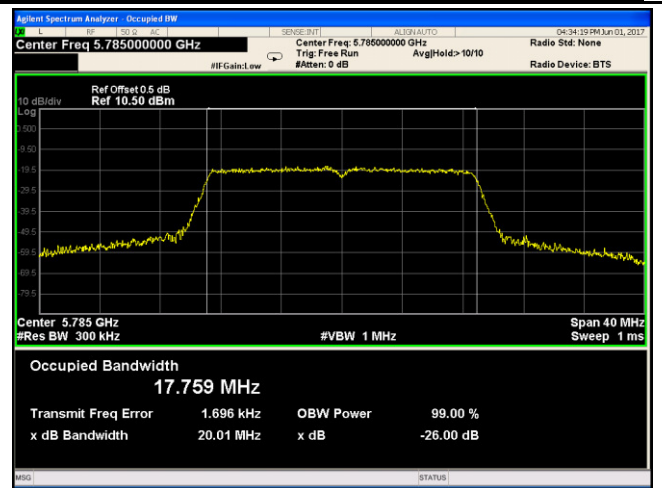
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5300



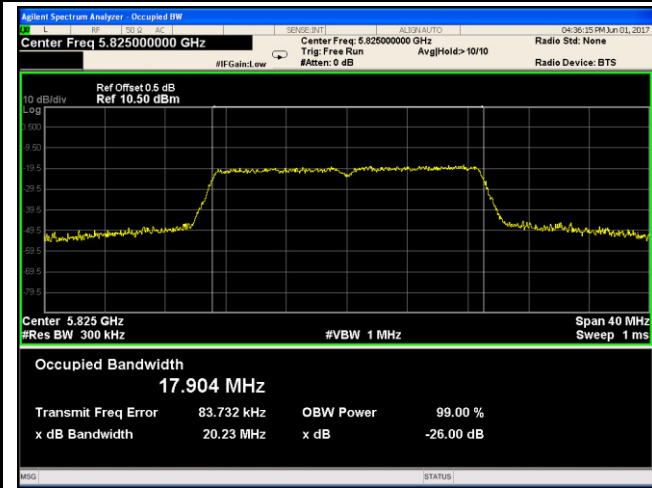
5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5320



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth- Low CH 5745

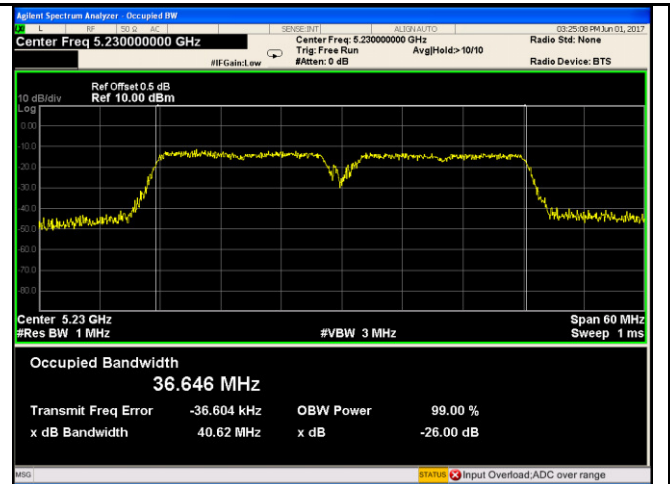
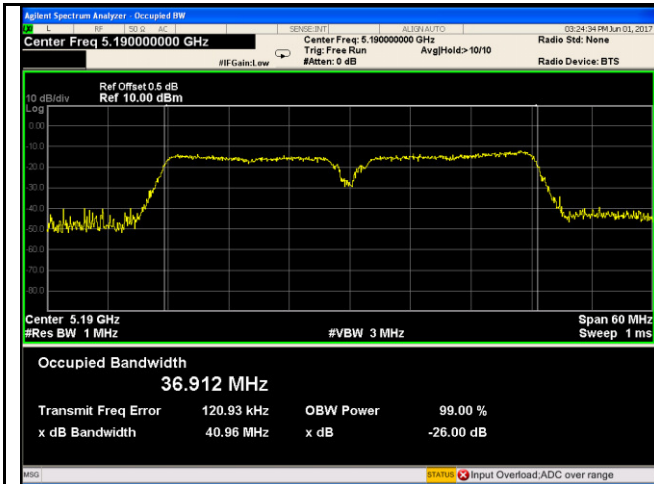


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth- Mid CH 5785



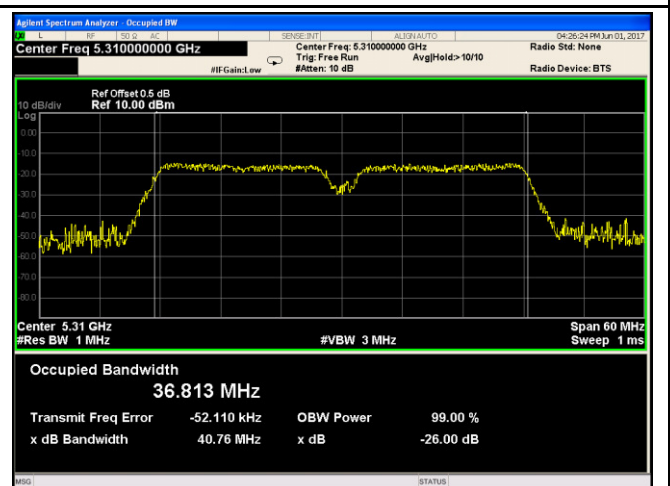
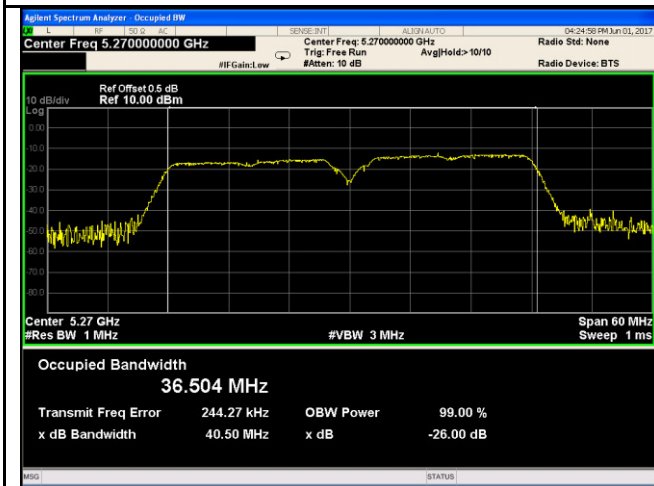
5725-5850MHz Bandwidth- High CH 5825

802.11 n(40M)



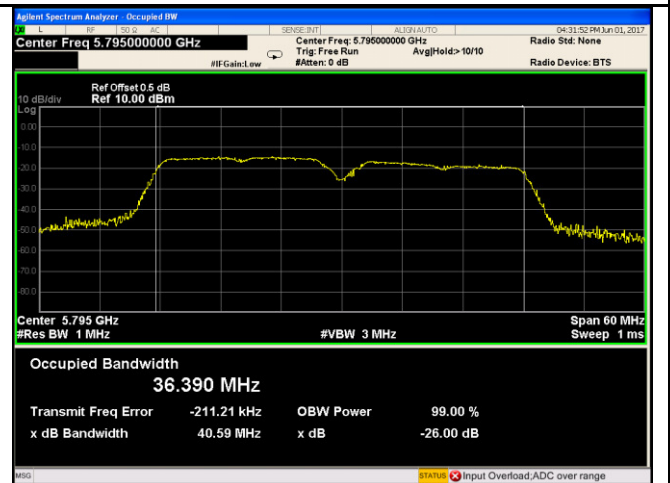
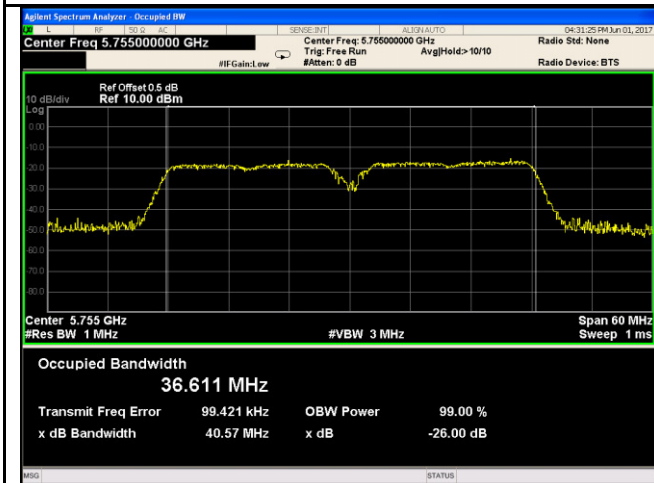
5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5190

5150-5250MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5230



5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5270

5250-5350MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5310



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5755

5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5795

6.3 §15.407(a)-DTS (99% &6 dB) Channel Bandwidth

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions	Temperature	23°C
	Relative Humidity	51%
	Atmospheric Pressure	1002mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

4. Test date : June 01, 2017

Tested By : Vera Zhang

Standard Requirement:

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Procedures:

99% &6 dB Bandwidth:

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- Detector = Peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Sweep = auto couple.
- Allow the trace to stabilize.
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

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Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- 1) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 2) Set the VBW > RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

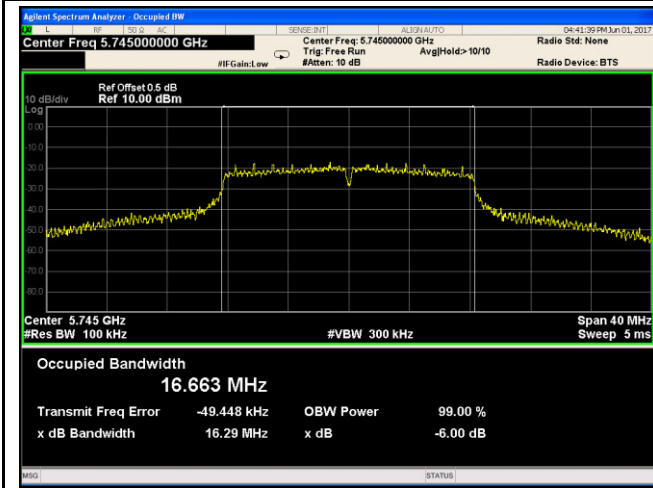
Measurement result

Test mode	Freq Band (MHz)	CH	Freq (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
802.1a	5725-5850	Low	5745	16.29	16.663
		Mid	5785	14.97	16.419
		High	5825	15.71	18.128
802.1 n (20M)	5725-5850	Low	5745	16.34	17.816
		Mid	5785	15.12	17.579
		High	5825	16.33	17.709
802.1 n (40M)	5725-5850	Low	5755	35.70	39.286
		High	5795	33.85	36.289

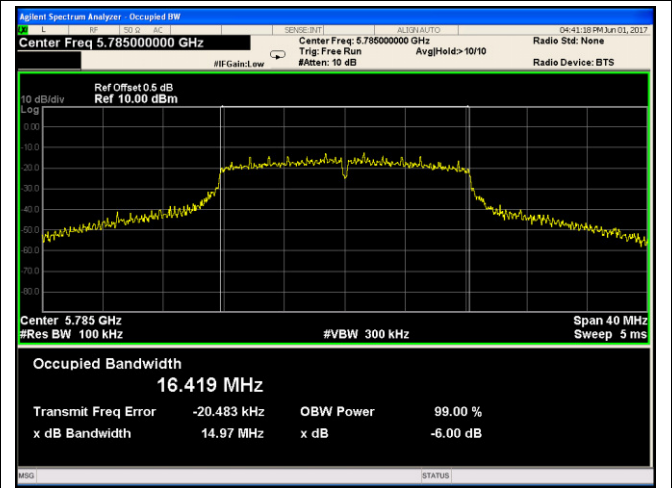
Test Plots (Bandwidth measurement result)

5725-5850MHz

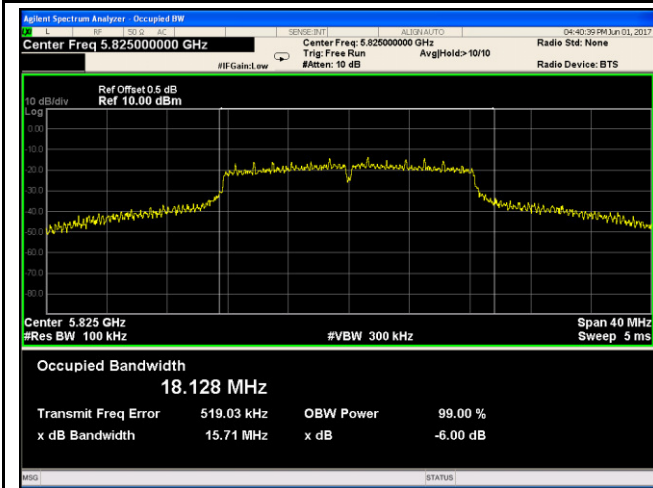
802.1a



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5745

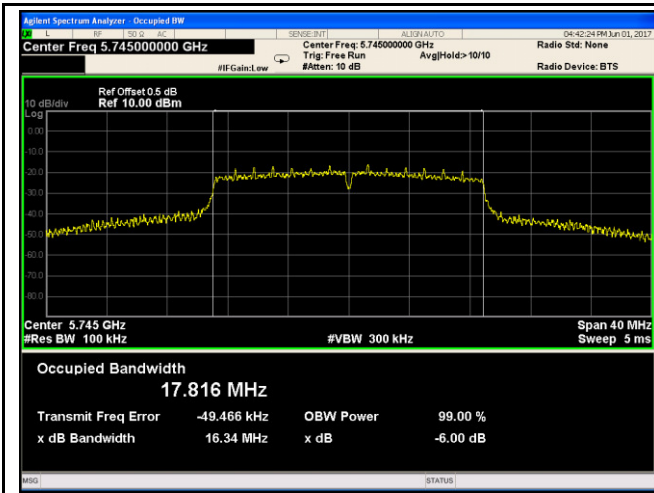


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5785

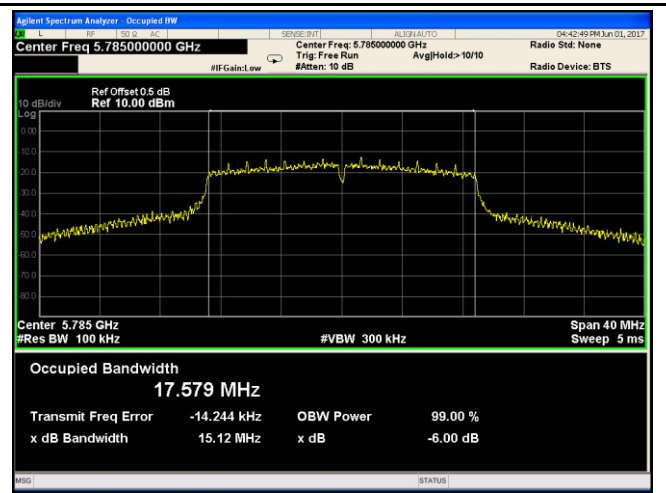


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - High CH 5825

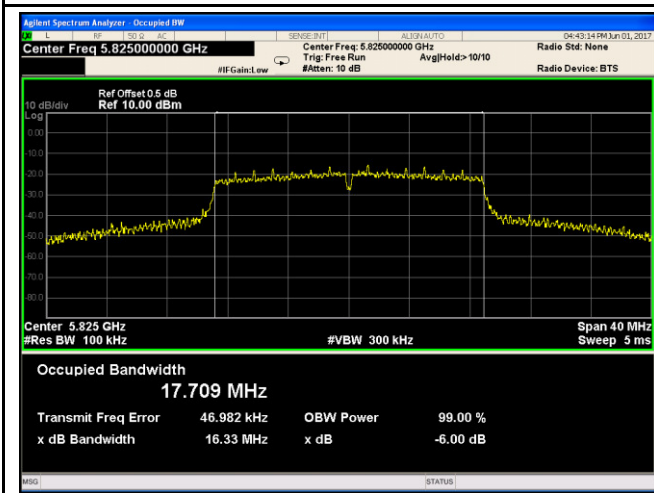
802.1n (20M)



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5745

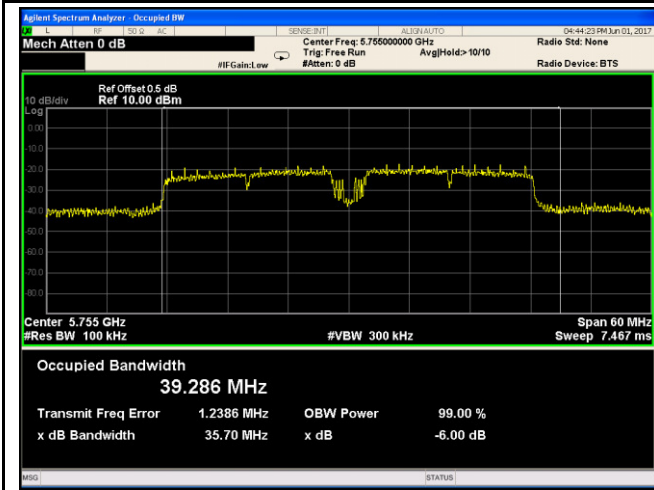


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5785

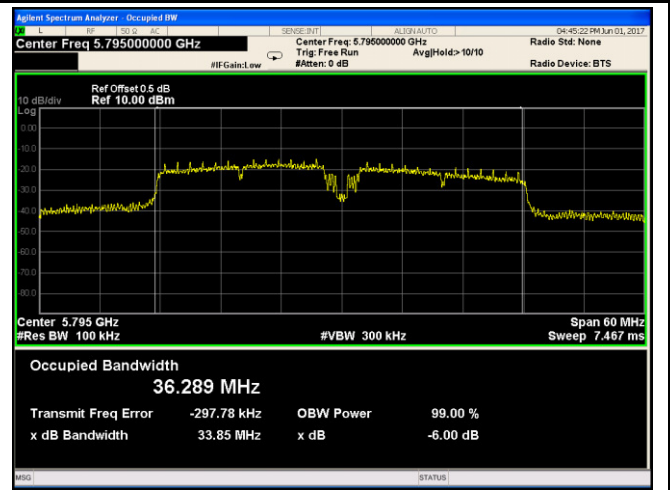


5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5825

802.1n (40M)



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Low CH 5755



5725-5850MHz Bandwidth - Mid CH 5795

6.4 §15.407(a)-Conducted Maximum Output Power

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

3. Environmental Conditions	Temperature	24°C
	Relative Humidity	52%
	Atmospheric Pressure	1004mbar

4. Test date : June 02, 2017

Tested By : Vera Zhang

Standard Requirement:

For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11\text{ dBm} + 10\log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of

operation shall not exceed 1 W.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Procedures:

Measurement Procedure Maximum conducted output power:

Maximum conducted output power may be measured using a spectrum analyzer/EMI receiver or an RF power meter.

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

- a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.
- b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

2. Measurement using a Power Meter (PM)

a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

(i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
- At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.

- The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

(ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.

(iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

(iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., 10

$\log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25 percent).

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots:

Output Power measurement result

Test mode	Freq Band (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11a	5150-5250	Low	5180	10.68	30	Pass
		Middle	5220	10.15	30	Pass
		High	5240	10.87	30	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5260	10.71	23.98	Pass
		Middle	5300	10.47	23.98	Pass
		High	5320	10.14	23.98	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5745	2.82	30	Pass
		Mid	5785	2.75	30	Pass
		High	5825	2.35	30	Pass
802.1 n (20M)	5150-5250	Low	5180	10.61	30	Pass
		Mid	5220	10.14	30	Pass
		High	5240	10.63	30	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5260	10.61	23.98	Pass
		Mid	5300	10.36	23.98	Pass
		High	5320	10.11	23.98	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5745	2.44	30	Pass
		Mid	5785	3.80	30	Pass
		High	5825	2.18	30	Pass
802.11n (40M)	5150-5250	Low	5210	9.74	30	Pass
		High	5230	10.21	30	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5270	10.91	23.98	Pass
		High	5310	9.33	23.98	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5755	2.35	30	Pass
		High	5795	3.57	30	Pass

6.5 §15.407(a) - Power Spectral Density

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions	Temperature	24°C
	Relative Humidity	52%
	Atmospheric Pressure	1004mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ± 1.5 dB.

4. Test date :June 02, 2017

Tested By : Vera Zhang

Standard Requirement:

The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional

gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Procedures:

The rules requires “ maximum power spectral density” measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission.

1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “ Compute power...” . (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
 - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “ provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and

integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 KHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set $RBW \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.I.a).
- b) Set $VBW \geq 3 RBW$.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10\log(500\text{kHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 500 \text{ KHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10\log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 1 \text{ MHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 KHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since $RBW=100 \text{ KHZ}$ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

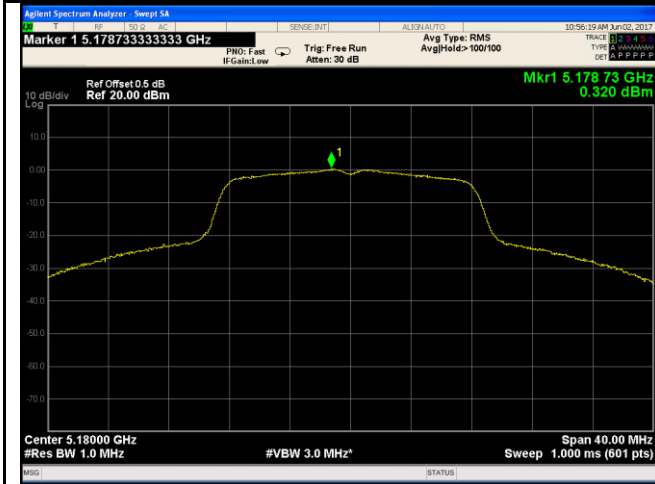
Power Spectral Density measurement result

Test mode	Freq Band (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11a	5150-5250	Low	5180	0.320	17	Pass
		Middle	5220	-0.376	17	Pass
		High	5240	-0.173	17	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5260	0.039	11	Pass
		Middle	5300	-1.108	11	Pass
		High	5320	-1.302	11	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5745	-8.094	30	Pass
		Mid	5785	-6.741	30	Pass
		High	5825	-8.361	30	Pass
802.1 n (20M)	5150-5250	Low	5180	0.081	17	Pass
		Mid	5220	-0.570	17	Pass
		High	5240	-0.204	17	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5260	-1.237	11	Pass
		Mid	5300	-3.102	11	Pass
		High	5320	-2.621	11	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5745	-8.789	30	Pass
		Mid	5785	-7.330	30	Pass
		High	5825	-8.542	30	Pass
802.11 n (40M)	5150-5250	Low	5190	-4.050	17	Pass
		High	5230	-3.329	17	Pass
	5250-5350	Low	5270	-3.824	17	Pass
		High	5310	-5.371	17	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5755	-10.770	30	Pass
		High	5795	-9.194	30	Pass

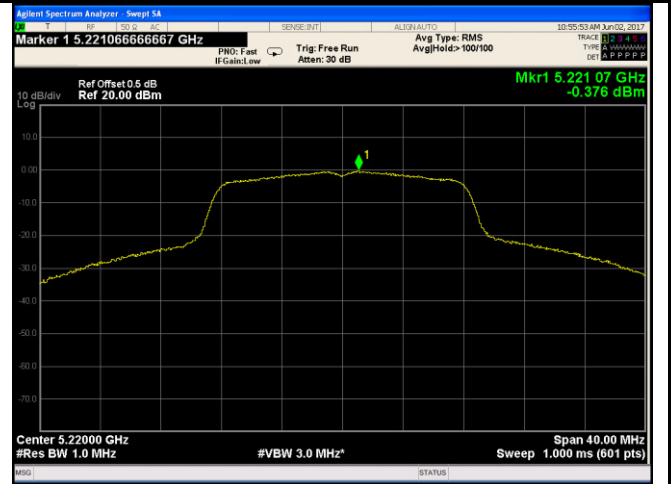
Test Plots

Power Spectral Density measurement result Test Plots

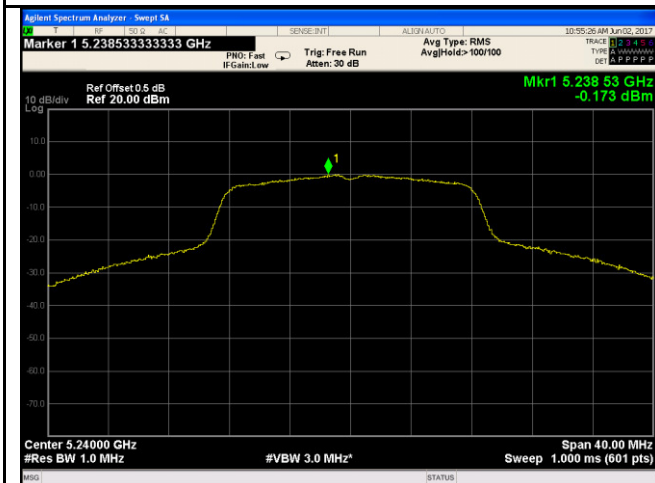
802.11a



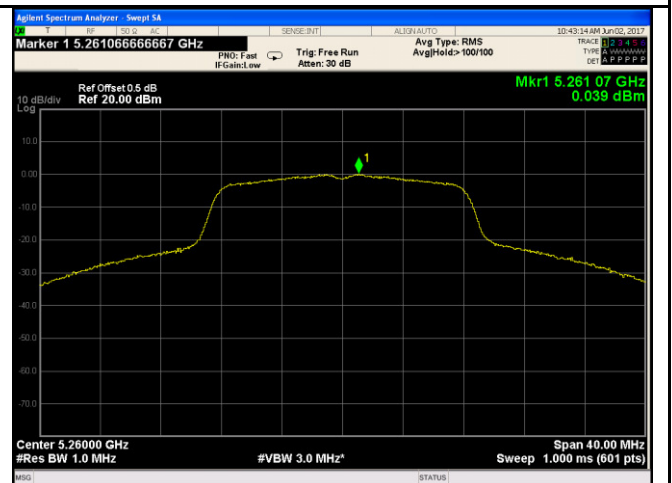
5150-5250MHz PSD - Low CH 5180



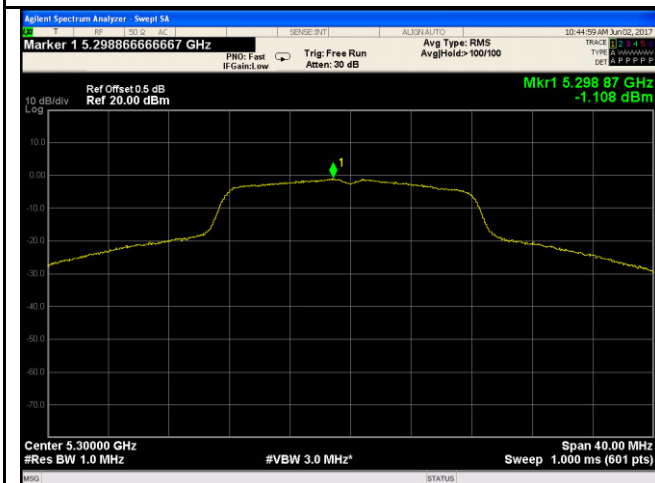
5150-5250MHz PSD - Middle CH 5220



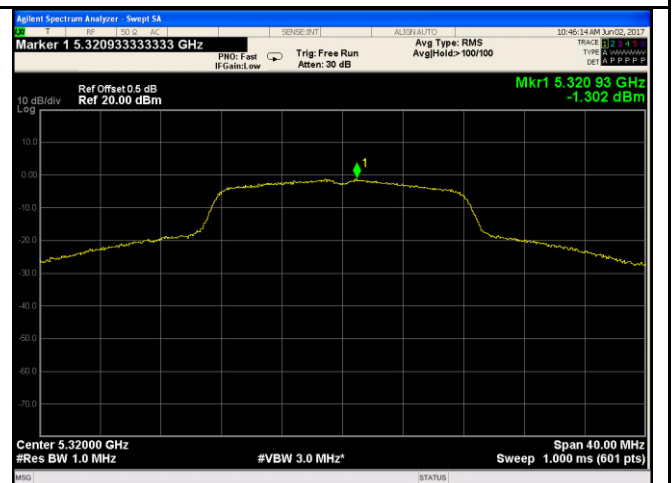
5150-5250MHz PSD - High CH 5240



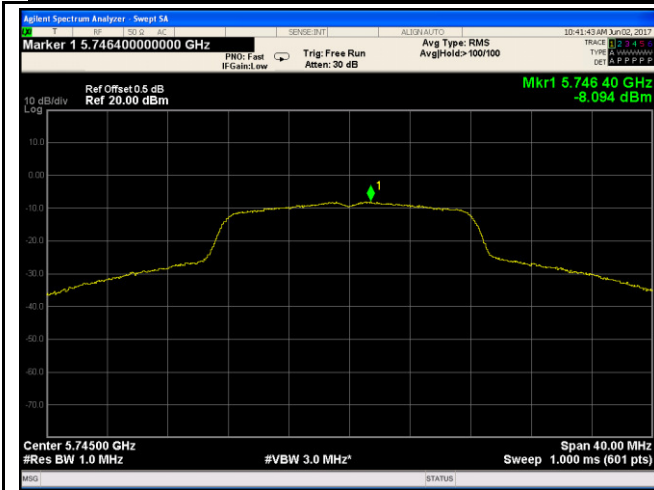
5250-5350MHz PSD - Low CH 5260



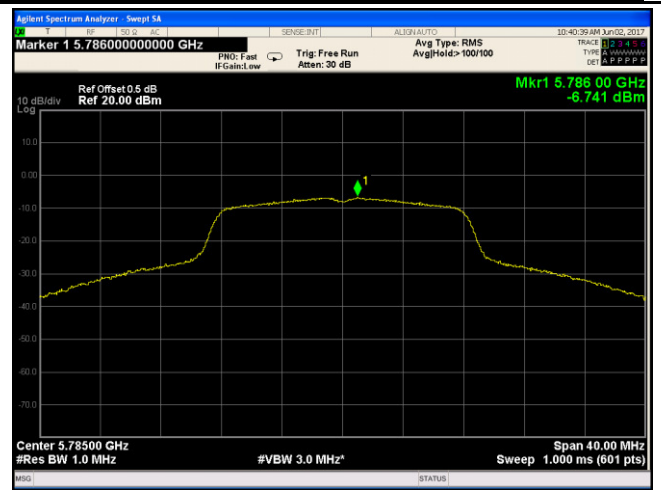
5250-5350MHz PSD - Middle CH 5300



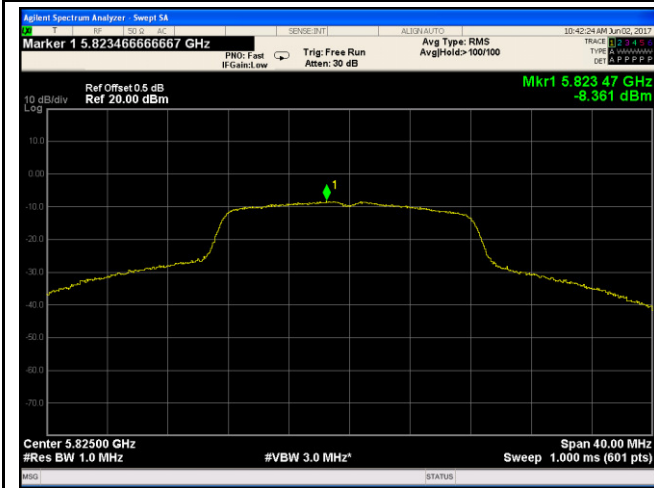
5250-5350MHz PSD - High CH 5320



5725-5850MHz PSD - Low CH 5745

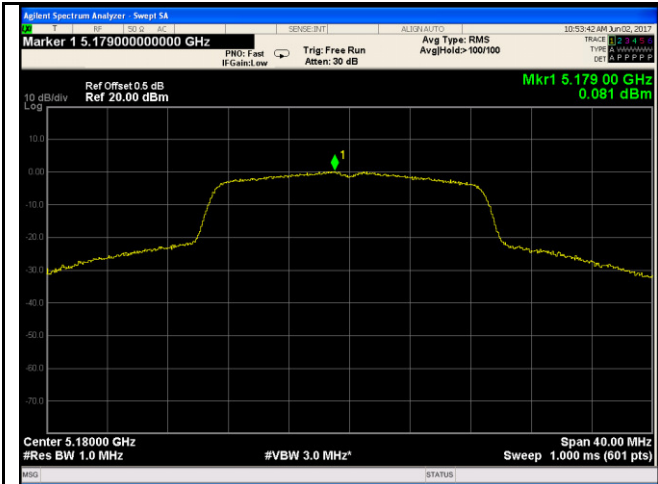


5725-5850MHz PSD - Mid CH 5785

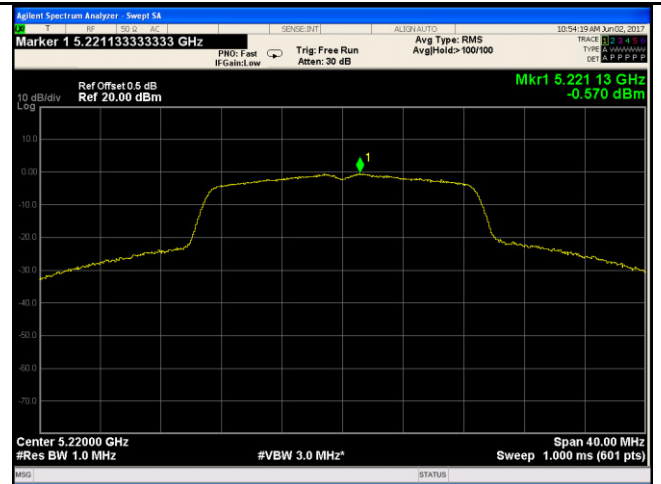


5725-5850MHz PSD - High CH 5825

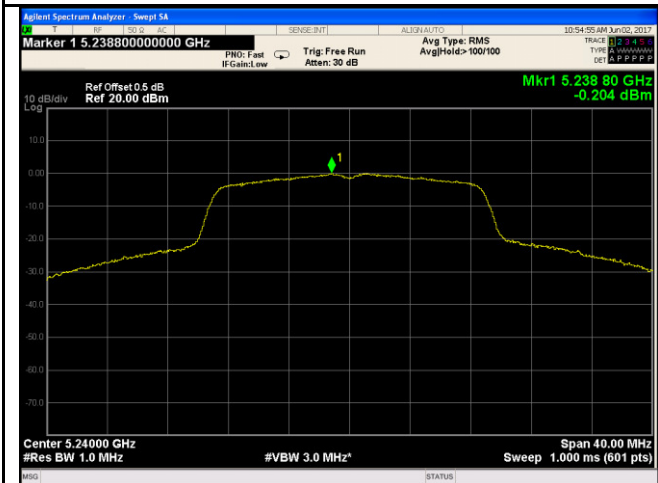
802.11 n(20M)



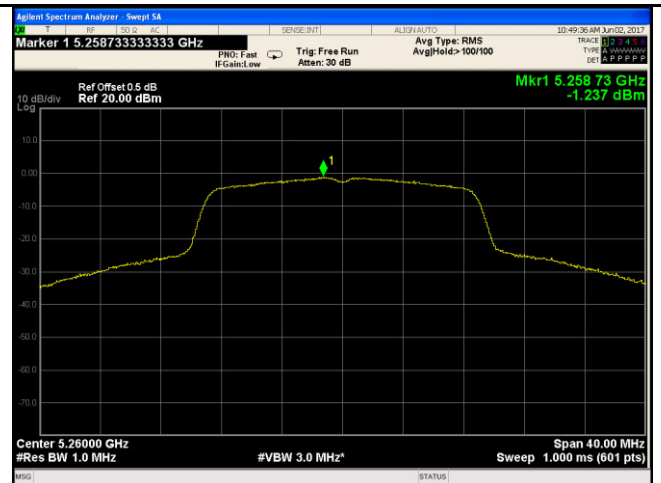
5150-5250MHz PSD - Low CH 5180



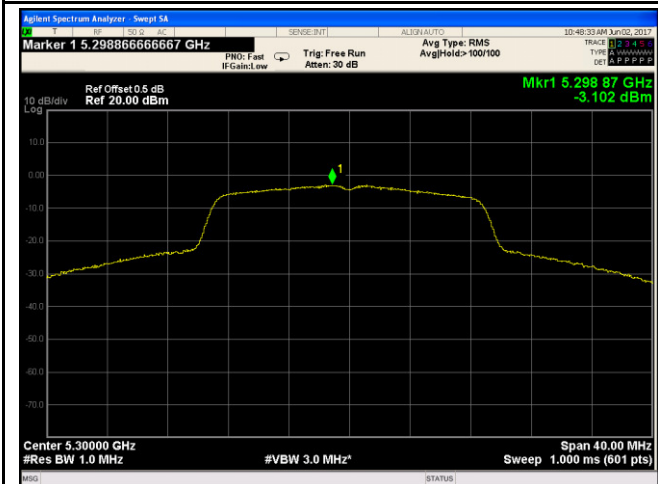
5150-5250MHz PSD - Mid CH 5220



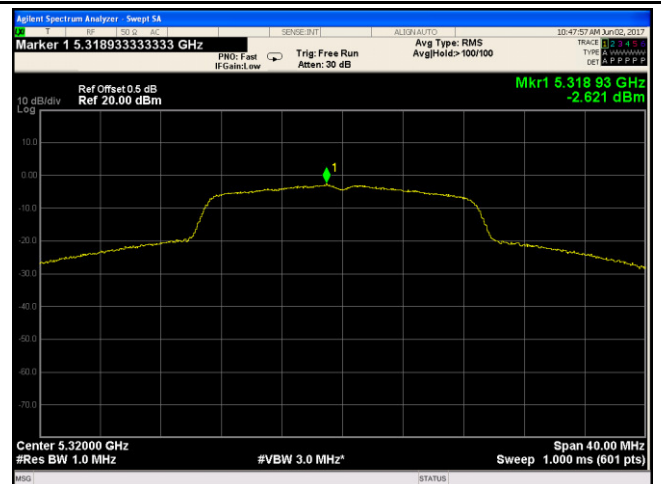
5150-5250MHz PSD - High CH 5240



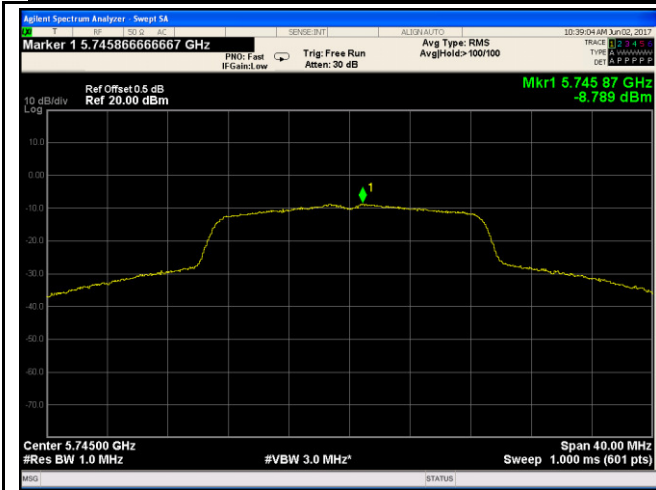
5250-5350MHz PSD - Low CH 5260



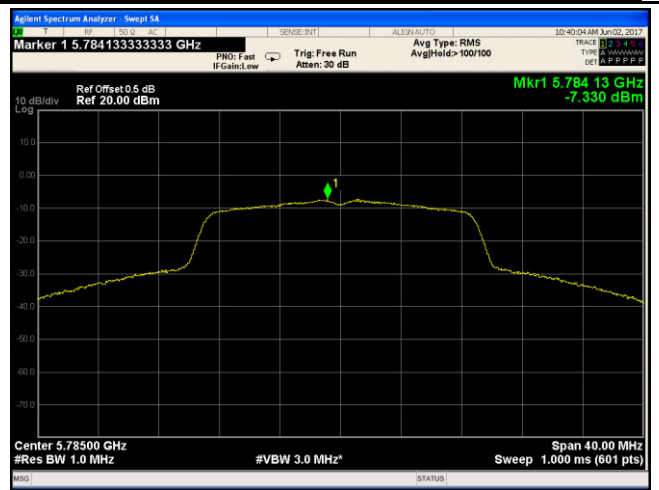
5250-5350MHz PSD - Mid CH 5300



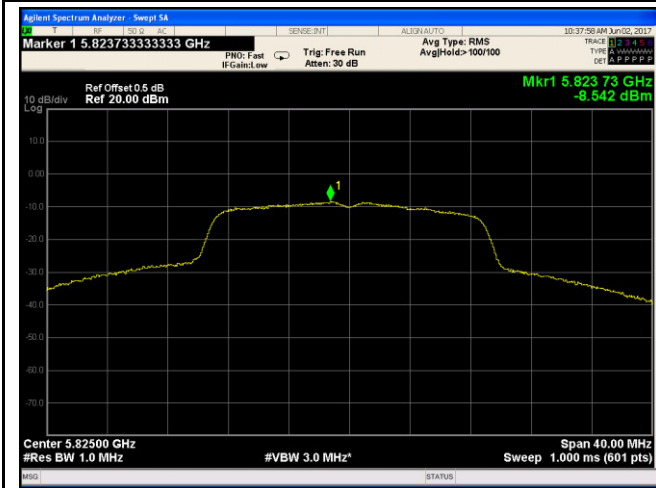
5250-5350MHz PSD - High CH 5320



5725-5850MHz PSD - Low CH 5745

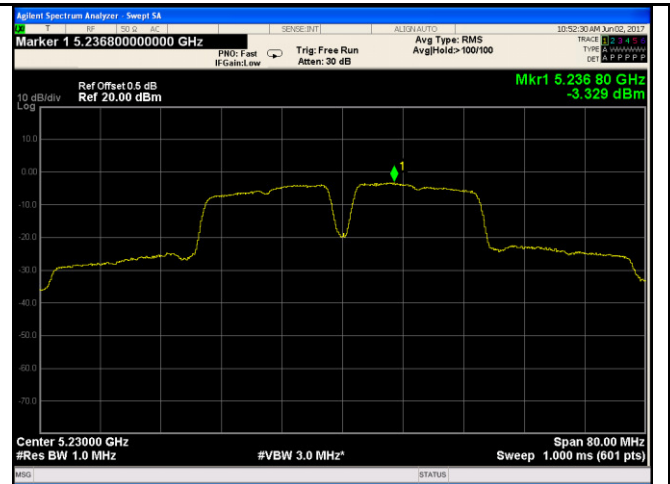
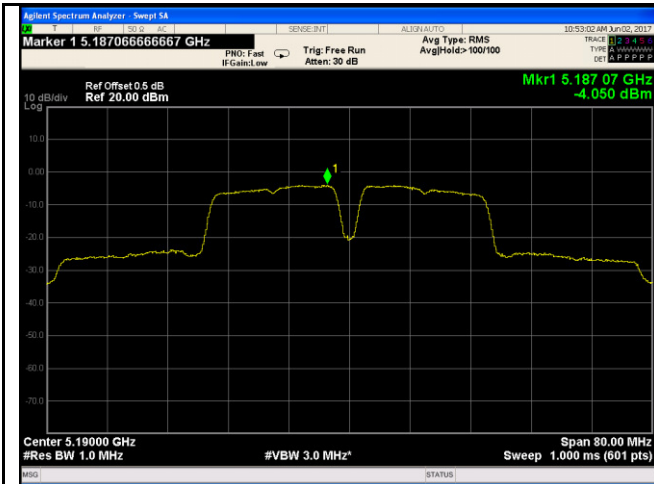


5725-5850MHz PSD - Mid CH 5785



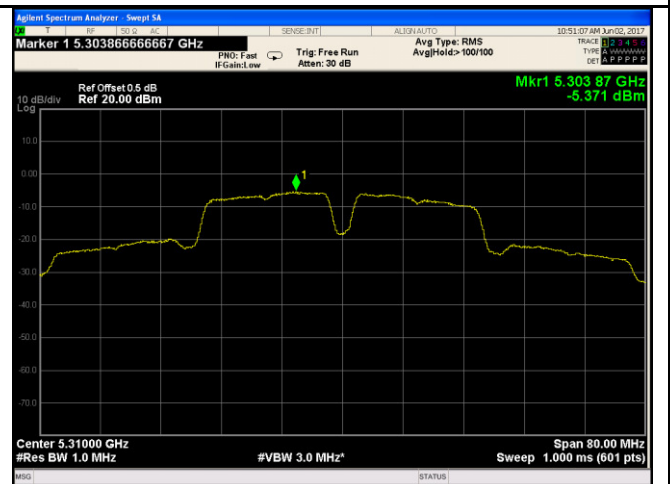
5725-5850MHz PSD - Low CH 5825

802.11 n(40M)



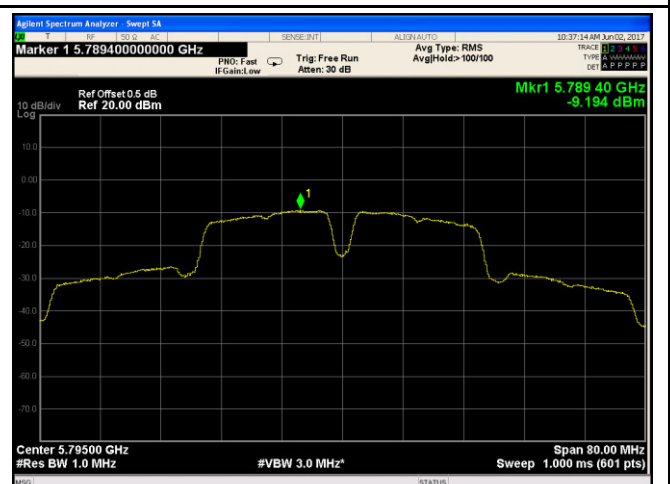
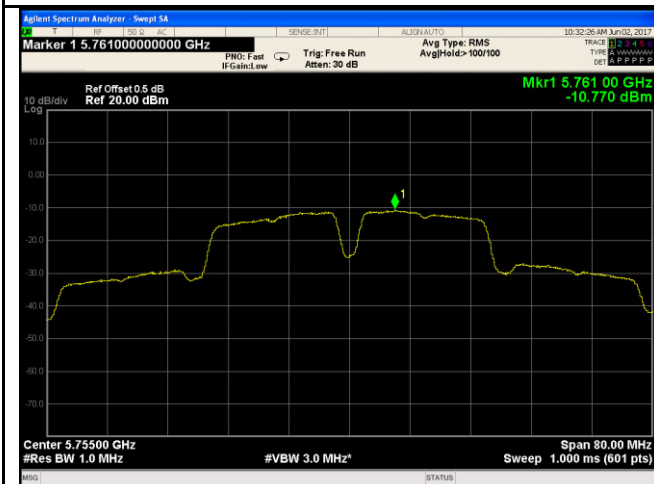
5150-5250MHz PSD - Low CH 5190

5150-5250MHz PSD - High CH 5230



5250-5350MHz PSD - Low CH 5270

5250-5350MHz PSD - High CH 5310



5725-5850MHz PSD - Low CH 5755

5725-5850MHz PSD - High CH 5795

6.6 §15.407(1) and b(4) Band-Edge

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions	Temperature	24°C
	Relative Humidity	52%
	Atmospheric Pressure	1004mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$.

4. Test date : June 02, 2017

Tested By : Vera Zhang

Standard Requirement:

(b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of $- 27 \text{ dBm/MHz}$.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of $- 27 \text{ dBm/MHz}$.

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of $- 27 \text{ dBm/MHz}$.

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

Procedures:

Measurement Procedure Band edge:

Bandedge are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:

- (i) RBW = 1 MHz.
- (ii) VBW \geq 3 MHz.
- (iii) Detector = Peak.
- (iv) Sweep time = auto.
- (v) Trace mode = max hold.
- (vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

Unwanted band-edge emissions may be measured using either of the special band-edge measurement techniques (the marker-delta or integration methods) described below. Note that the marker-delta method is primarily a radiated measurement technique that requires the 99% occupied bandwidth edge to be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge, whereas the integration method can be used in either a radiated or conducted measurement without any special requirement with regards to the displacement of the unwanted emission(s) relative to the authorized bandwidth.

(i) Marker-Delta Method.

The marker-delta method, as described in ANSI C63.10, can be used to perform measurements of the radiated unwanted emissions level of emissions provided that the 99% occupied bandwidth of the fundamental is within 2 MHz of the authorized band-edge..

(ii) Integration Method •

For maximum emissions measurements, follow the procedures described in section II.G.5., “ Procedures for Unwanted Maximum Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz” , except for the following changes:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz

- Set $VBW \geq 3 \cdot RBW$
- Perform a band-power integration across the 1 MHz bandwidth in which the band-edge emission level is to be measured. CAUTION: You must ensure that the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver is set for peak-detection and max-hold for this measurement.
- For average emissions measurements, follow the procedures described in section II.G.6., “Procedures for Average Unwanted Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz”, except for the following changes:
 - Set $RBW = 100 \text{ kHz}$
 - Set $VBW \geq 3 \cdot RBW$
 - Perform a band-power integration across the 1 MHz bandwidth in which the band-edge emission level is to be measured.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

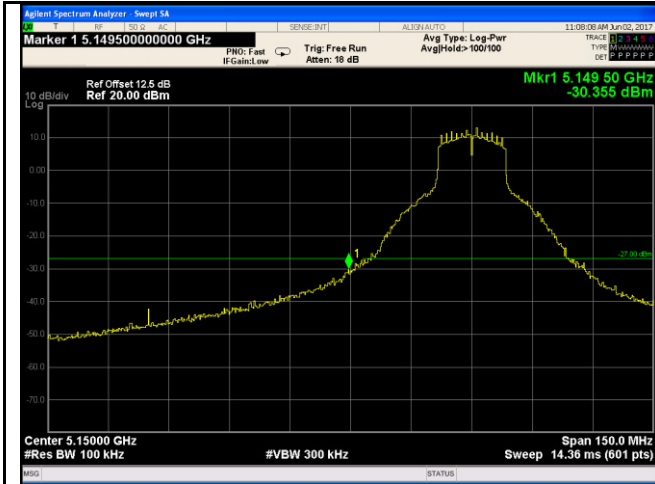
Band edge measurement result

Test mode	Freq Band (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Bandedge (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11a	5150-5350	Low	5150	-30.355	-27	Pass
		High	5350	-31.324	-27	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5725	-30.228	-27	Pass
		High	5850	-34.668	-27	Pass
802.1 n (20M)	5150-5350	Low	5150	-31.409	-27	Pass
		High	5350	-30.200	-27	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5725	-30.129	-27	Pass
		High	5850	-34.009	-27	Pass
802.1 n (40M)	5150-5350	Low	5150	-29.285	-27	Pass
		High	5350	-30.189	-27	Pass
	5725-5850	Low	5725	-31.384	-27	Pass
		High	5850	-47.217	-27	Pass

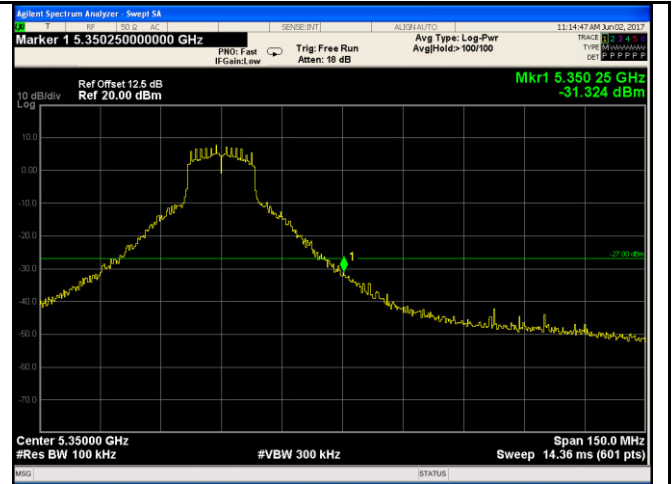
Test Plots

Band Edge measurement result

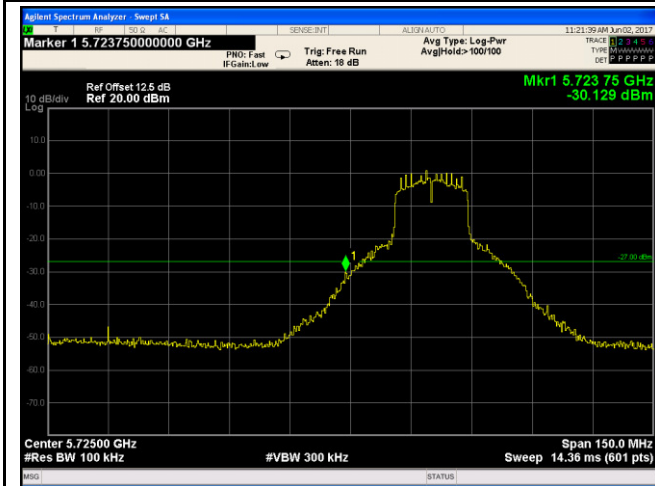
802.11a



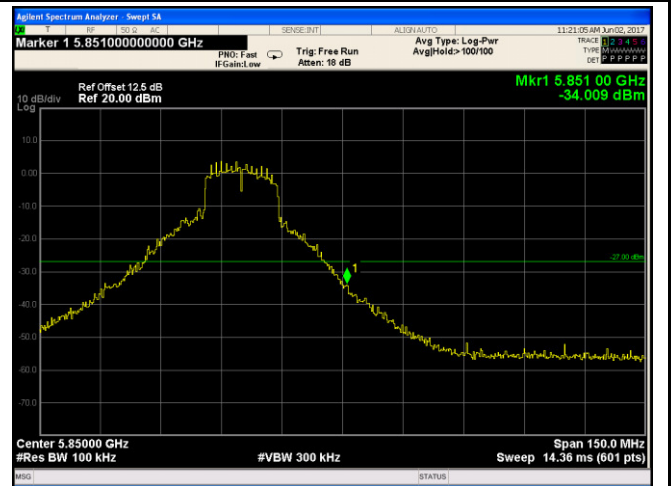
5150-5350MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5150



5150-5350MHz Band Edge - High CH 5350

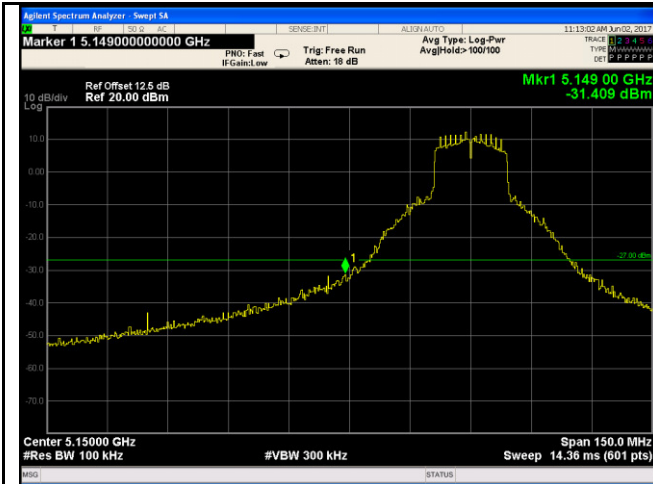


5725-5850MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5725

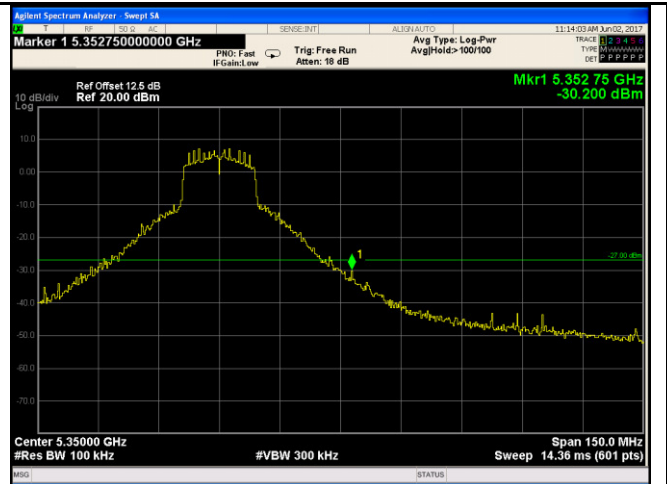


5725-5850MHz Band Edge - High CH 5775

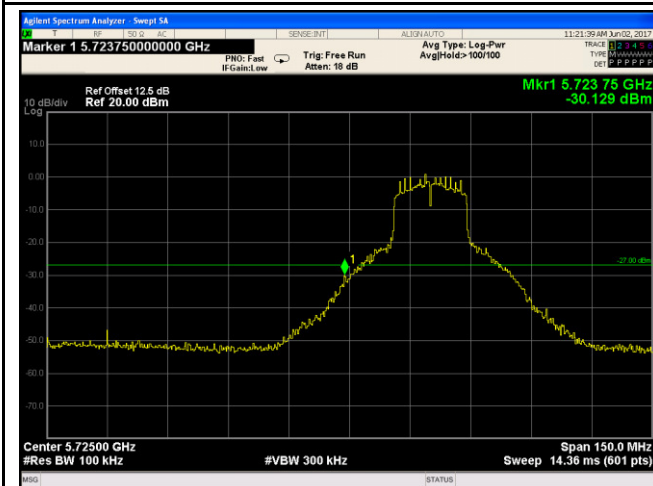
802.11 n (20M)



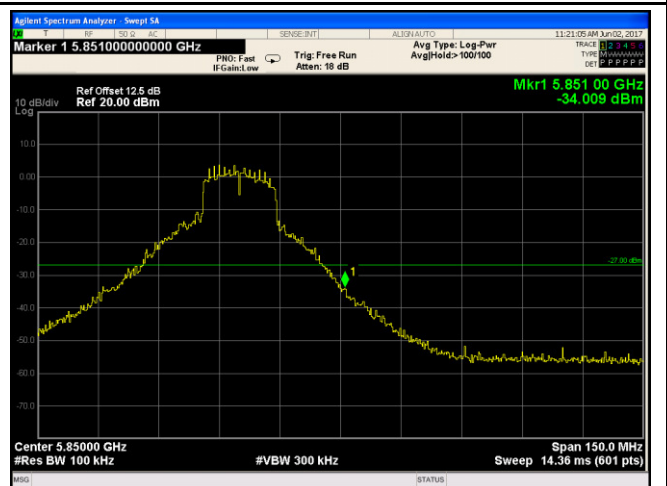
5150-5350MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5150



5150-5350MHz Band Edge - High CH 5350

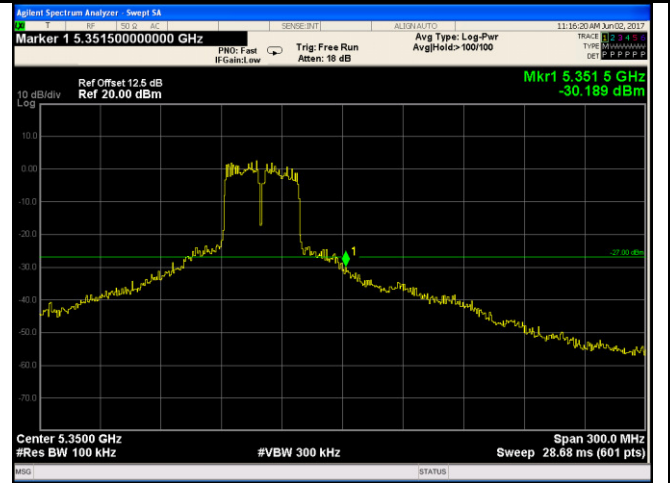


5725-5850MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5725



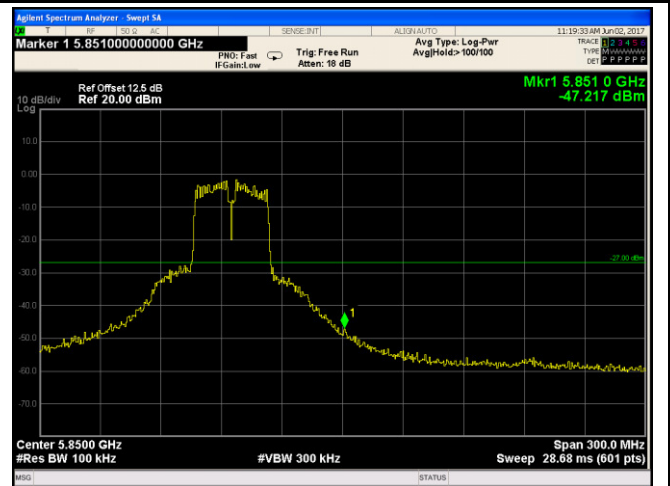
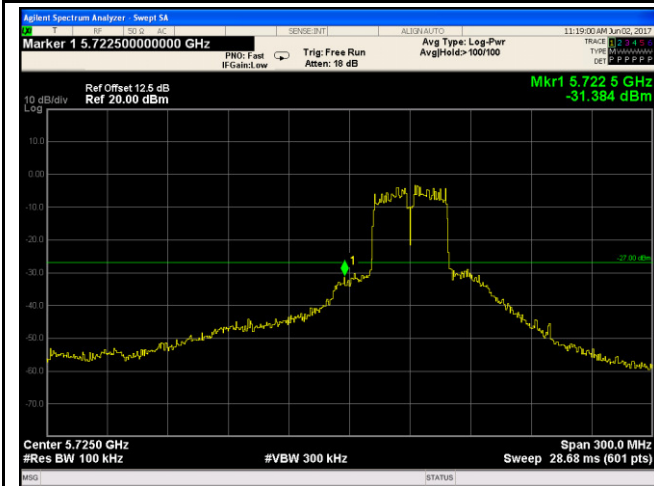
5725-5850MHz Band Edge - High CH 5850

802.11 n (40M)



5150-5350MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5150

5150-5350MHz Band Edge - High CH 5350



5725-5850MHz Band Edge - Low CH 5725

5725-5850MHz Band Edge - High CH 5850

6.7 §15.207 (a) - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

Requirement:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15– 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5– 5	56	46
5– 30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

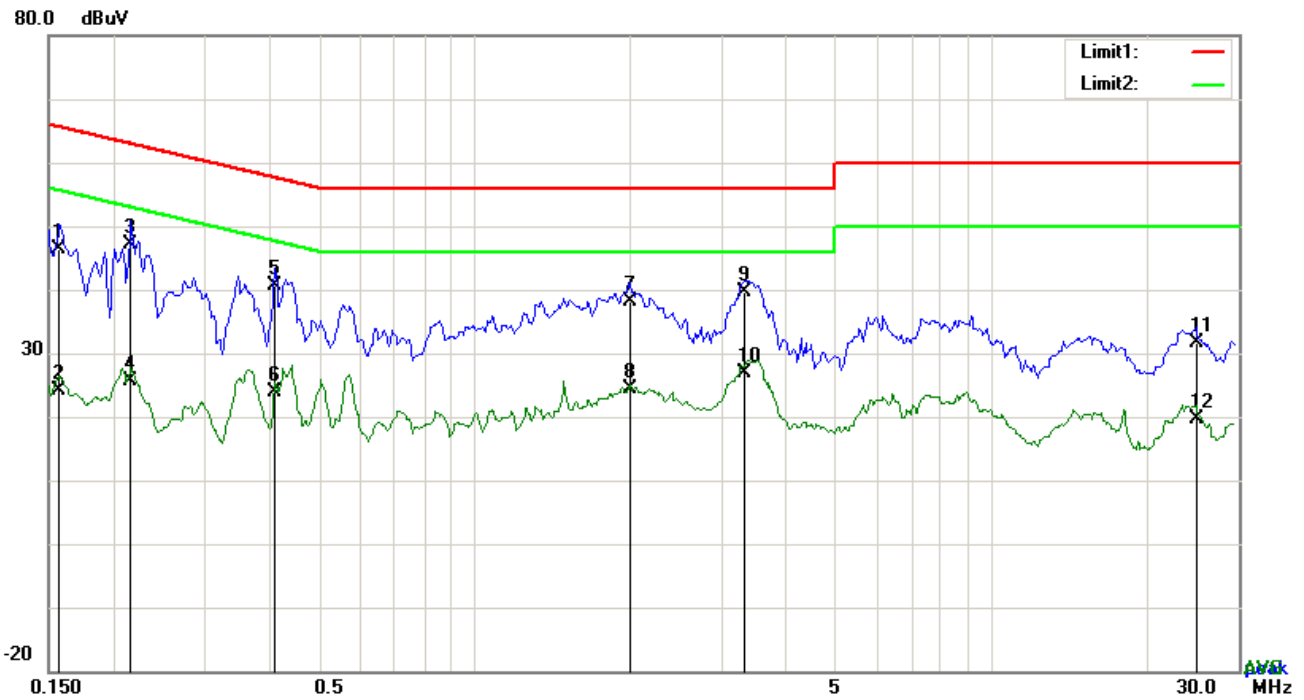
Procedures:

- All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR and Average detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is ± 3.5 dB.
- Environmental Conditions

Temperature	24°C
Relative Humidity	52%
Atmospheric Pressure	1004mbar
- Test date : June 02, 2017
Tested By : Vera Zhang

Result: Pass

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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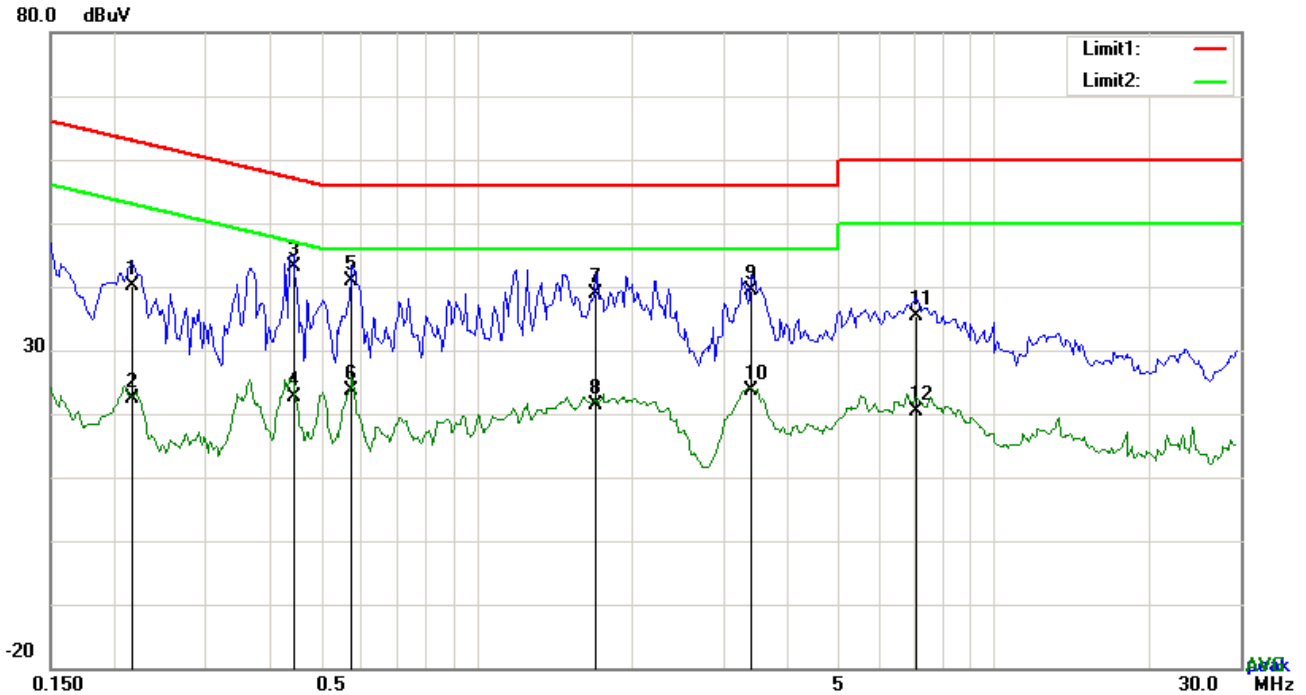


Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
1	L1	0.1578	36.37	QP	10.03	46.40	65.58	-19.18
2	L1	0.1578	14.09	AVG	10.03	24.12	55.58	-31.46
3	L1	0.2163	37.07	QP	10.03	47.10	62.96	-15.86
4	L1	0.2163	15.50	AVG	10.03	25.53	52.96	-27.43
5	L1	0.4113	30.71	QP	10.03	40.74	57.62	-16.88
6	L1	0.4113	13.89	AVG	10.03	23.92	47.62	-23.70
7	L1	1.9986	28.15	QP	10.04	38.19	56.00	-17.81
8	L1	1.9986	14.46	AVG	10.04	24.50	46.00	-21.50
9	L1	3.3120	29.66	QP	10.06	39.72	56.00	-16.28
10	L1	3.3120	16.75	AVG	10.06	26.81	46.00	-19.19
11	L1	24.8673	21.26	QP	10.39	31.65	60.00	-28.35
12	L1	24.8673	9.26	AVG	10.39	19.65	50.00	-30.35

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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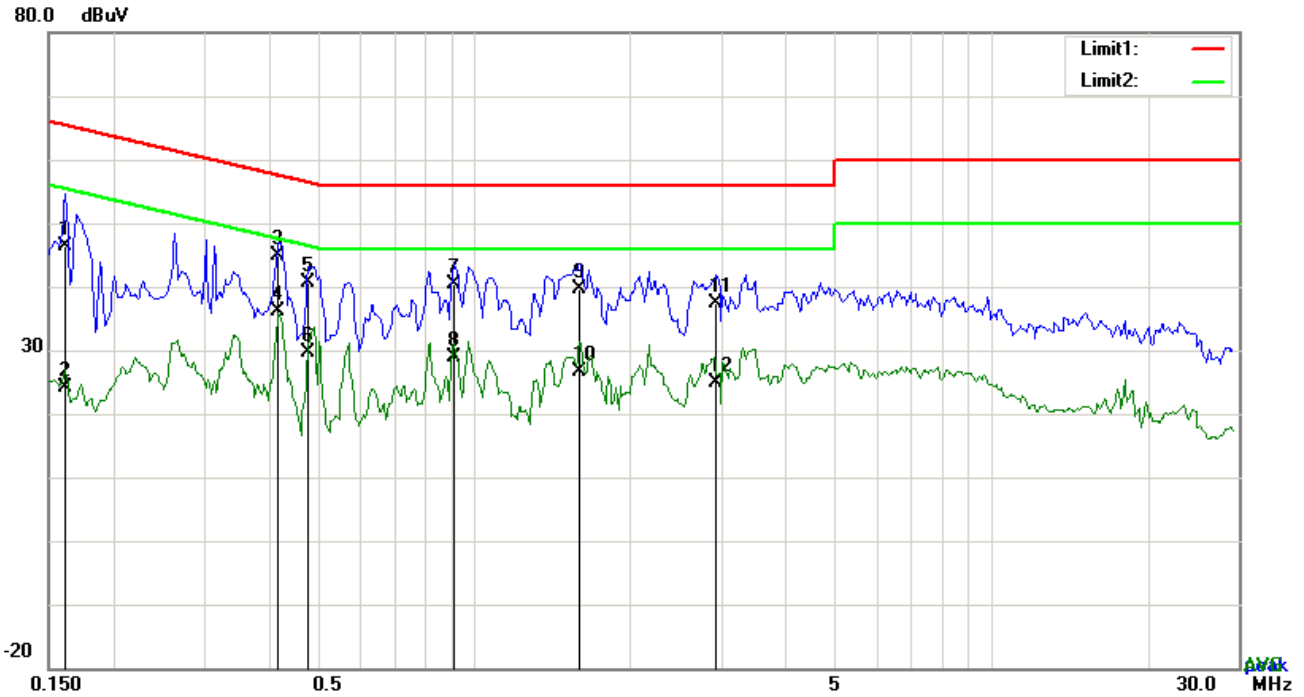


Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
1	N	0.2163	30.18	QP	10.02	40.20	62.96	-22.76
2	N	0.2163	12.44	AVG	10.02	22.46	52.96	-30.50
3	N	0.4425	33.01	QP	10.02	43.03	57.01	-13.98
4	N	0.4425	12.63	AVG	10.02	22.65	47.01	-24.36
5	N	0.5751	30.91	QP	10.02	40.93	56.00	-15.07
6	N	0.5751	13.63	AVG	10.02	23.65	46.00	-22.35
7	N	1.7061	28.92	QP	10.04	38.96	56.00	-17.04
8	N	1.7061	11.31	AVG	10.04	21.35	46.00	-24.65
9	N	3.3978	29.22	QP	10.05	39.27	56.00	-16.73
10	N	3.3978	13.49	AVG	10.05	23.54	46.00	-22.46
11	N	7.0794	25.18	QP	10.10	35.28	60.00	-24.72
12	N	7.0794	10.36	AVG	10.10	20.46	50.00	-29.54

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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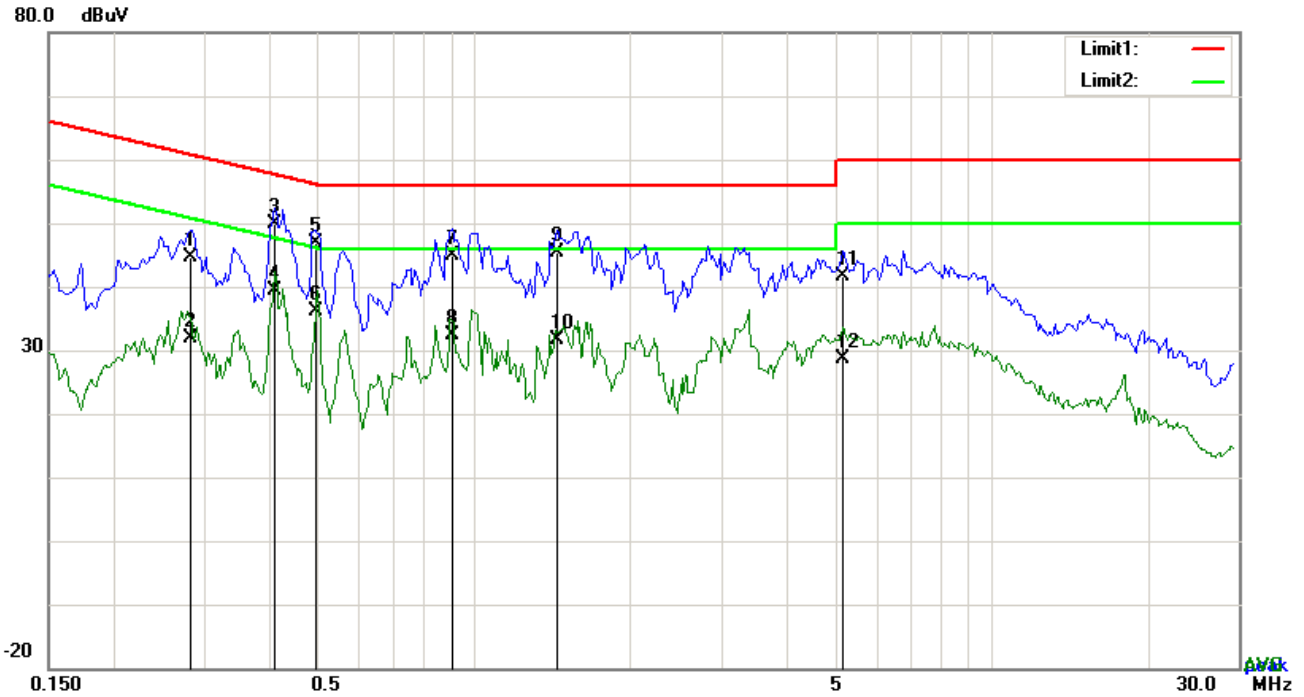


Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 240Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
1	L1	0.1617	36.30	QP	10.03	46.33	65.38	-19.05
2	L1	0.1617	14.17	AVG	10.03	24.20	55.38	-31.18
3	L1	0.4191	34.96	QP	10.03	44.99	57.47	-12.48
4	L1	0.4191	26.14	AVG	10.03	36.17	47.47	-11.30
5	L1	0.4776	30.61	QP	10.03	40.64	56.38	-15.74
6	L1	0.4776	19.55	AVG	10.03	29.58	46.38	-16.80
7	L1	0.9144	30.35	QP	10.03	40.38	56.00	-15.62
8	L1	0.9144	18.94	AVG	10.03	28.97	46.00	-17.03
9	L1	1.6008	29.48	QP	10.04	39.52	56.00	-16.48
10	L1	1.6008	16.58	AVG	10.04	26.62	46.00	-19.38
11	L1	2.9424	27.33	QP	10.05	37.38	56.00	-18.62
12	L1	2.9424	14.80	AVG	10.05	24.85	46.00	-21.15

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 240Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)
1	N	0.2826	34.58	QP	10.02	44.60	60.74	-16.14
2	N	0.2826	21.86	AVG	10.02	31.88	50.74	-18.86
3	N	0.4113	39.89	QP	10.02	49.91	57.62	-7.71
4	N	0.4113	29.39	AVG	10.02	39.41	47.62	-8.21
5	N	0.4932	36.75	QP	10.02	46.77	56.11	-9.34
6	N	0.4932	26.00	AVG	10.02	36.02	46.11	-10.09
7	N	0.9066	34.75	QP	10.03	44.78	56.00	-11.22
8	N	0.9066	22.44	AVG	10.03	32.47	46.00	-13.53
9	N	1.4448	35.42	QP	10.03	45.45	56.00	-10.55
10	N	1.4448	21.49	AVG	10.03	31.52	46.00	-14.48
11	N	5.1567	31.67	QP	10.07	41.74	60.00	-18.26
12	N	5.1567	18.57	AVG	10.07	28.64	50.00	-21.36

6.8 §15.209, §15.205 & §15.407(b) - Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 1GHz & 1GHz above (3m & 10m) is +/-6dB.
- Environmental Conditions Temperature 24°C
 Relative Humidity 52%
 Atmospheric Pressure 1004mbar
- Test date : June 02, 2017
Tested By : Vera Zhang

Requirement: §15.407(b) specifies that emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in **§15.205(a)**, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in **§15.209(a)**.

Procedures:

Radiated Spurious Emissions Measurement

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Established procedures for performing radiated measurements shall be used (see C63.10). All detected emissions must comply with the applicable limits.

Measurement Detectors

§15.35(a) specifies that on frequencies less than and below 1000 MHz, the radiated emissions limits assume the use of a CISPR quasi-peak detector function and related measurement bandwidths. §15.35(b) specifies that on frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emissions limits assume the use of an average detector and a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. In addition, §15.35(b) that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified there is also a limit on the peak emissions level which is 20 dB above the applicable maximum permitted average emission limit. These specifications also apply to conducted emissions measurements.

1. CISPR Quasi-Peak Measurement

The specifications for the measuring instrument using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

2. Peak Power Measurement Procedure

Utilize the peak power measurement procedure specified in Section 8.1.1 with the following modifications:

Set analyzer center frequency to the frequency associated with the restricted band emission under examination.

Set RBW = 1 MHz.

Note that if the peak measured value complies with the average limit, it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement. If this option is exercised, it should be so noted in the test report.

3. Average Power Measurement Procedures

The average restricted band emission levels must be measured with the EUT transmitting continuously ($\geq 98\%$ duty cycle) at its maximum power control level. Optionally, video triggering/signal gating can be used to ensure that measurements are performed only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level.

The average power measurement procedures described in Section 8.2 shall be used with the following modifications:

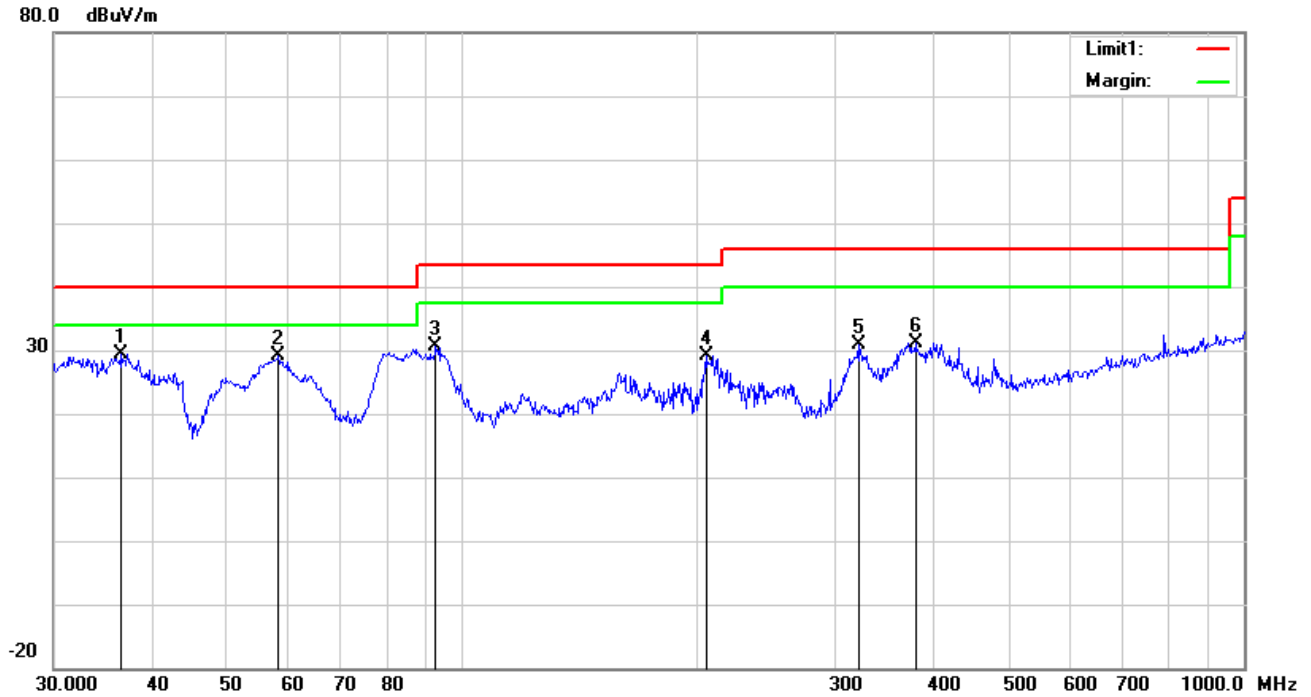
Set analyzer center frequency to the frequency associated with the restricted band emission.

Set span to at least 1 MHz.

Use peak marker function to determine the highest amplitude within the RBW (1 MHz).

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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(Below 1GHz)

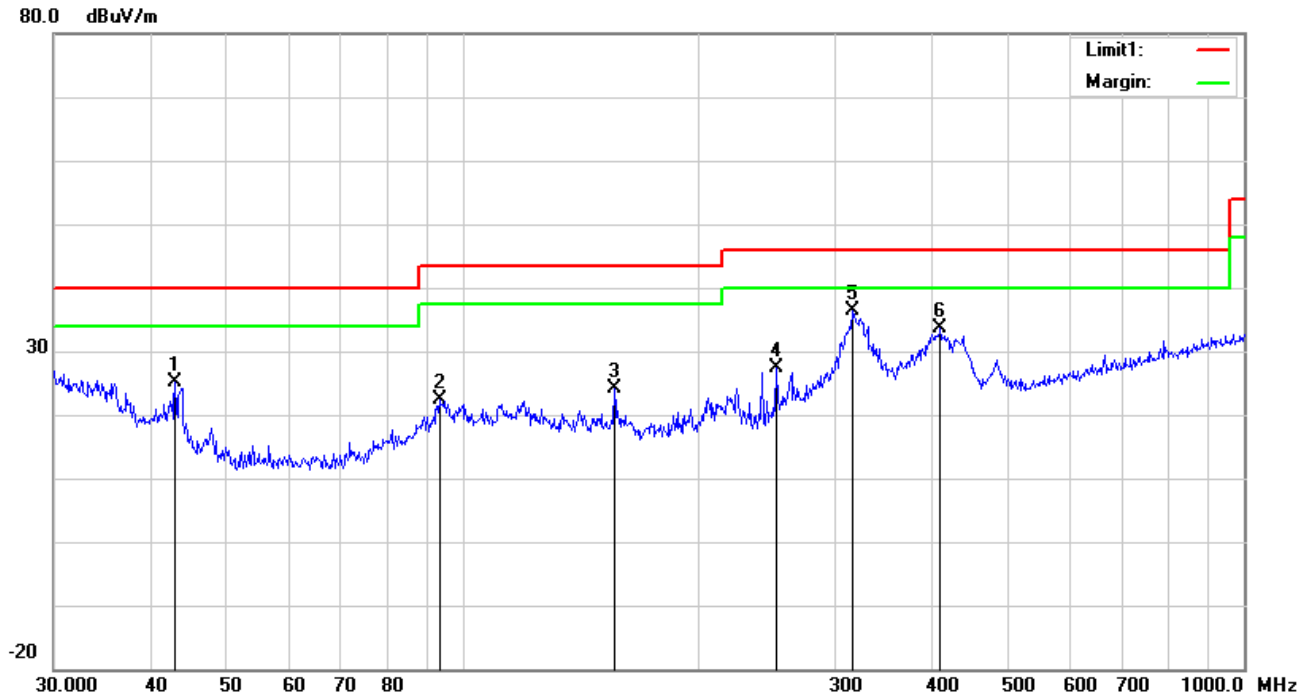


Test Data

Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Detect or	Ant_F (dB/m)	PA_G (dB)	Cab_L (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Degr ee (°)
1	V	36.6375	34.51	peak	16.35	22.26	0.77	29.37	40.00	-10.63	100	173
2	V	58.2030	43.32	peak	7.50	22.40	0.76	29.18	40.00	-10.82	200	265
3	V	92.4624	43.45	peak	8.59	22.32	0.97	30.69	43.50	-12.81	100	313
4	V	204.9551	37.97	peak	12.03	22.37	1.56	29.19	43.50	-14.31	100	42
5	V	321.0608	37.06	peak	14.04	22.23	1.90	30.77	46.00	-15.23	100	215
6	V	379.9141	35.87	peak	15.28	22.07	2.02	31.10	46.00	-14.90	100	263

(Below 1GHz)



Test Data

Horizontal Polarity Plot @3m

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Detect or	Ant_F (dB/m)	PA_G (dB)	Cab_L (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Degr ee (°)
1	H	42.8998	34.58	peak	11.99	22.29	0.77	25.05	40.00	-14.95	100	307
2	H	93.4402	34.91	peak	8.83	22.32	0.98	22.40	43.50	-21.10	100	142
3	H	156.4578	32.53	peak	12.60	22.29	1.37	24.21	43.50	-19.29	100	235
4	H	252.0627	36.55	peak	11.49	22.29	1.70	27.45	46.00	-18.55	100	46
5	H	315.4808	42.73	peak	13.93	22.25	1.87	36.28	46.00	-9.72	100	195
6	H	408.9460	37.67	peak	15.88	21.99	2.03	33.59	46.00	-12.41	100	11

Above 1GHz

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode
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Low Channel (5270 MHz) (802.11a mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
10360	32.88	AV	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.48	54	-3.52
10360	32.56	AV	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.16	54	-3.84
10360	45.73	PK	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	63.33	74	-10.67
10360	46.69	PK	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	64.29	74	-9.71
17853	27.55	AV	V	40.93	12.67	31.28	49.87	54	-4.13
17853	27.61	AV	H	40.93	12.67	31.28	49.93	54	-4.07
17853	44.38	PK	V	40.93	12.67	31.28	66.7	74	-7.3
17853	44.75	PK	H	40.93	12.67	31.28	67.07	74	-6.93

Middle Channel (5300 MHz) (802.11a mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
10440	32.94	AV	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.54	54	-3.46
10440	32.65	AV	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.25	54	-3.75
10440	45.83	PK	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	63.43	74	-10.57
10440	46.31	PK	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	63.91	74	-10.09
17829	27.67	AV	V	40.73	12.55	31.38	49.57	54	-4.43
17829	27.58	AV	H	40.73	12.55	31.38	49.48	54	-4.52
17829	44.62	PK	V	40.73	12.55	31.38	66.52	74	-7.48
17829	44.73	PK	H	40.73	12.55	31.38	66.63	74	-7.37

High Channel (5240 MHz) (802.11n40 mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
10480	32.81	AV	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.41	54	-3.59
10480	32.43	AV	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	50.03	54	-3.97
10480	45.56	PK	V	39.86	10.25	32.51	63.16	74	-10.84
10480	45.95	PK	H	39.86	10.25	32.51	63.55	74	-10.45
17835	27.84	AV	V	40.76	12.52	31.29	49.83	54	-4.17
17835	27.71	AV	H	40.76	12.52	31.29	49.7	54	-4.3
17835	44.76	PK	V	40.76	12.52	31.29	66.75	74	-7.25
17835	44.39	PK	H	40.76	12.52	31.29	66.38	74	-7.62

Note:

- 1, The testing has been conformed to 40GHz;
- 2, All other emissions more than 30 dB below the limit
- 3, X-Axis, Y-Axis and Z-Axis were investigated. The results above show only the worst case.

6.9 In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time, and Non-Occupancy Period.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client Device will associate with the UUT (Master) at Mid Channel. Stream the MPEG test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the selected Channel for the entire period of the test.

At time T0 the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for each of the radar types at -62dBm.

Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

Channel Closing Transmission Time- Measurement

A type 1 waveform was introduced to the EUT and the Spectrum Analyzer sweep time was set to 1s for monitoring and capturing the plot. A LabView program was created to collect trace data and capturing the plot. The program will calculate the channel closing time base on the spectrum analyzer result. The result will be calculated based on FCC procedure.

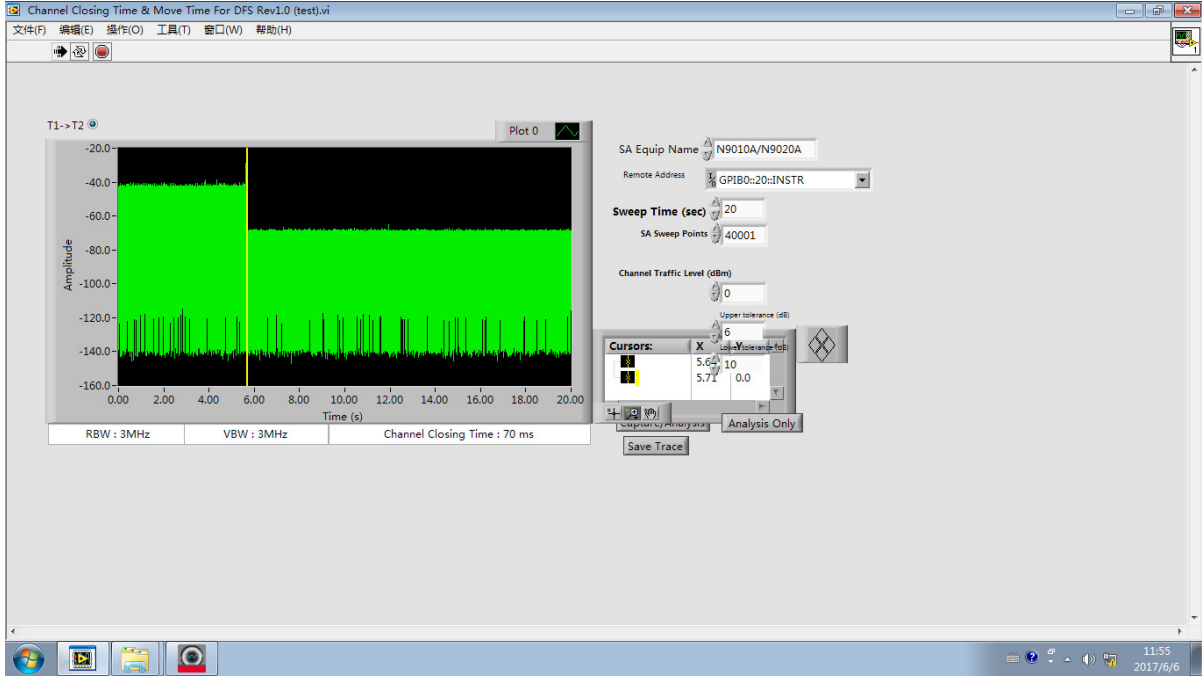
$$C = N * D_{well}$$

C is the closing time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins showing a U-NII transmission and dwell is the dwell time per bin.

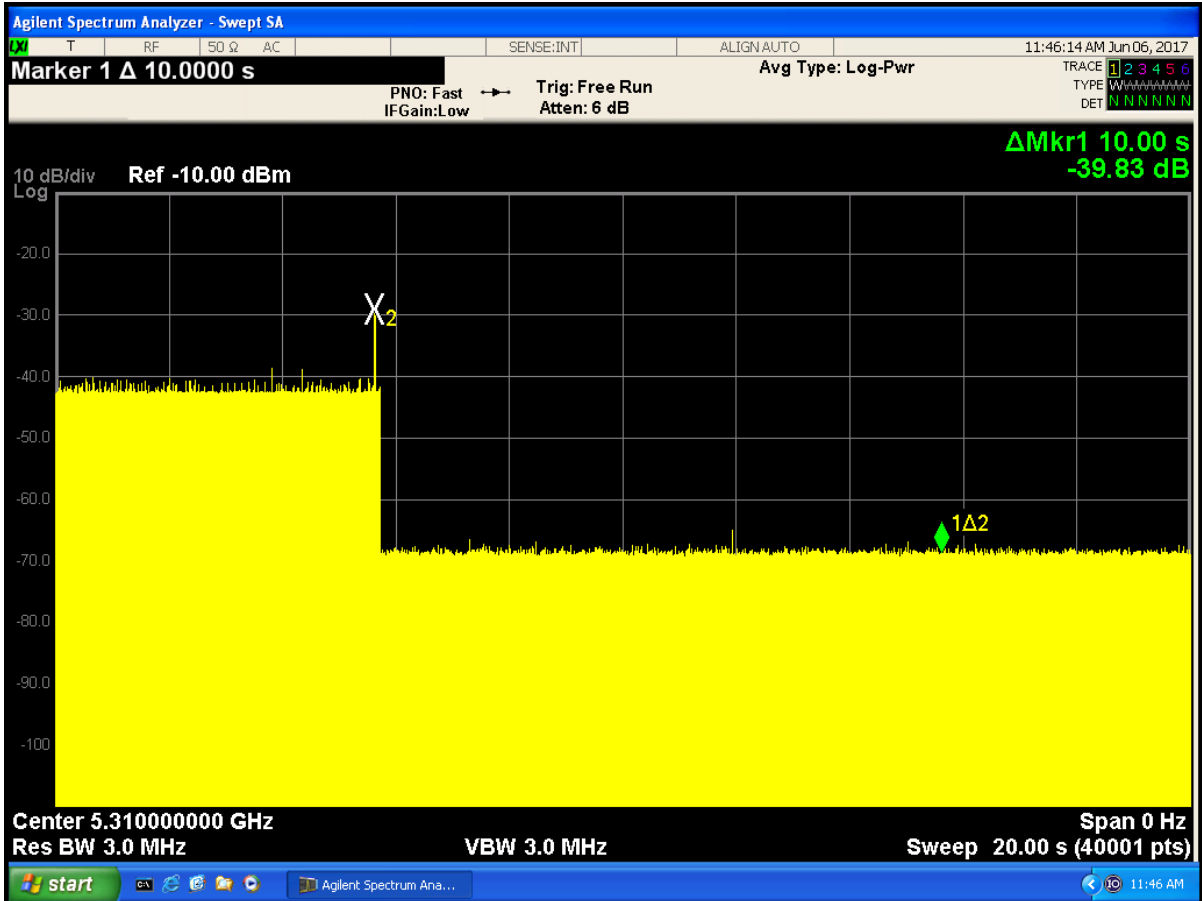
$$D_{well} = S / B$$

Where Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is the sweep time and B is the number Of spectrum analyzer sampling bins.

Test Plots



Channel Closing Time – n (40M) – 5310MHz



Channel Move Time –n (40M) – 5310MHz

Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT

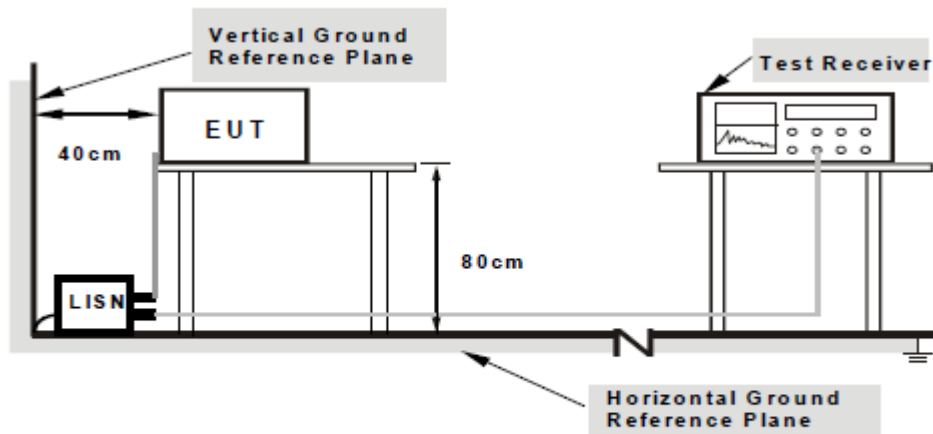
Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES

Instrument	Model	Serial #	Cal Date	Cal Due	In use
RF conducted test					
Agilent ESA-E SERIES	E4407B	MY45108319	09/16/2016	09/15/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Power Splitter	1#	1#	08/31/2016	08/30/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DC Power Supply	E3640A	MY40004013	09/16/2016	09/15/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Radiated Emissions					
EMI test receiver	ESL6	100262	09/16/2016	09/15/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Positioning Controller	UC3000	MF780208282	11/18/2016	11/17/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
OPT 010 AMPLIFIER (0.1-1300MHz)	8447E	2727A02430	08/31/2016	08/30/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Microwave Preamplifier (1 ~ 26.5GHz)	8449B	3008A02402	03/23/2017	03/22/2018	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bilog Antenna (30MHz~6GHz)	JB6	A110712	09/20/2016	09/19/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Double Ridge Horn Antenna (1 ~18GHz)	AH-118	71283	09/23/2016	09/22/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	121393	09/24/2016	09/23/2017	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Annex A.ii. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table, as shown in Annex B.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50Ω/50μH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipments were powered separately from another main supply.



**Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.**

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the Test Configuration1.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.

4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 kHz. For FCC tests, only Quasi-peak measurements were made; while for CISPR/EN tests, both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).

Description of Conducted Emission Program

This EMC Measurement software run LabView automation software and offers a common user interface for electromagnetic interference (EMI) measurements. This software is a modern and powerful tool for controlling and monitoring EMI test receivers and EMC test systems. It guarantees reliable collection, evaluation, and documentation of measurement results. Basically, this program will run a pre-scan measurement before it proceeds with the final measurement. The pre-scan routine will run the common scan range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz; the program will first start a peak and average scan on selectable measurement time and step size. After the program complete the pre-scan, this program will perform the Quasi Peak and Average measurement, based on the pre-scan peak data reduction result.