



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd

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FCC ID: 2AIV6-T529A

Report Type: Original Report		Product Type: Intelligent Two Way	Radio
Report Number:	RDG200407009-	20	
Report Date:	2020-08-14		
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	Attest	ation of Test Results		
	EUT Description	Intelligent Two Way Radio		
	Tested Model	Т529А		
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AIV6-T529A		
Information	Serial Number	RDG200407009-SA-S1		
	Test Date	2020-05-10 ~ 2020-05-11		
	MODE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.75		
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.69		
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.26	-	
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.49	-	
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.32		
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.48	-	
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.65	1	
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.45	-	
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.30		
LTE Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.47		
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.74		
LTE Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.63	1.6	
	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.29		
LTE Band 7	1g Body SAR	0.39		
I TE D 1 13 9 17	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.35		
LTE Band 12&17	1g Body SAR	0.31		
I TE Dand 29	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.06		
LTE Band 38	1g Body SAR	0.30		
LTE Band 40	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.13		
LIE Band 40	1g Body SAR	0.11		
LTE Band 66&4	1g Head SAR(Face Up)	0.13		
LIE Danu 00&4	1g Body SAR	0.72		
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exp	posure evaluation: portable devices		
	RF Exposure Procedures: TCB Workshop April 2019			
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practic	e for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Sp	ecific Absorption	
		ead from Wireless Communications Devices: M		
	Techniques			
Applicable	IEC 62209-1:2016	the accomment of an active abcomption rate of hu	mon ounoquina to	
Standards		the assessment of specific absorption rate of hu- nand-held and body-mounted wireless commun		
		the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz		
	KDB procedures			
		DB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 DB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03		
	KDB 865664 D01 SAR Mea	surement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04		
	KDB 865664 D02 RF Expos			
	KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR I KDB 941225 D05 SAR for I			

Report No.: RDG200407009-20

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	RDG200407009-20	Original Report	2020-08-14

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen Inrico Electronics Co.,Ltd* and their product *Intelligent Two Way Radio*, Model: *T529A*, FCC ID: *2AIV6-T529A* or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: RDG200407009-SA-S1(Assigned by BACL, Dongguan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2020-04-07.

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna
DTM Type:	Class B
Multi-slot Class:	GPRS(Class 12); EGPRS(Class 12)
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip and Microphone
Operation Mode :	GPRS/EDGE Data, WCDMA(Rel 99,HSUPA,HSDPA,DC-HSDPA ,HSPA+), FDD-LTE, TDD-LTE
Frequency Band:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 699-716 MHz(TX); 729-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX); 734-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 38: 2570-2620 MHz(TX); 2570-2620 MHz(RX) LTE Band 40: 2305-2315 MHz(TX); 2305-2315 MHz(RX) 2350-2360 MHz(TX); 2350-2360 MHz(RX) LTE Band 66: 1710-1780 MHz(TX); 2110-2200 MHz(RX)
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 32.20 dBm; PCS 1900: 26.04 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 20.64 dBm; WCDMA Band 5: 22.26 dBm; LTE Band 2: 22.98 dBm; LTE Band 4: 22.42 dBm LTE Band 5: 23.99 dBm; LTE Band 7: 23.45 dBm LTE Band 12: 22.72 dBm; LTE Band 17: 23.16 dBm LTE Band 38: 23.09 dBm; LTE Band 40: 23.33 dBm LTE Band 66: 22.12 dBm
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Body-Worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit

	SAR (V	W/kg)
EVDOCUDE I IMITO	(General Population /	(Occupational /
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure
	Environment)	Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 897218, the FCC Designation No. : CN1220.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier : CN0022.

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at:

SAR Lab 1	SAR Lab 2
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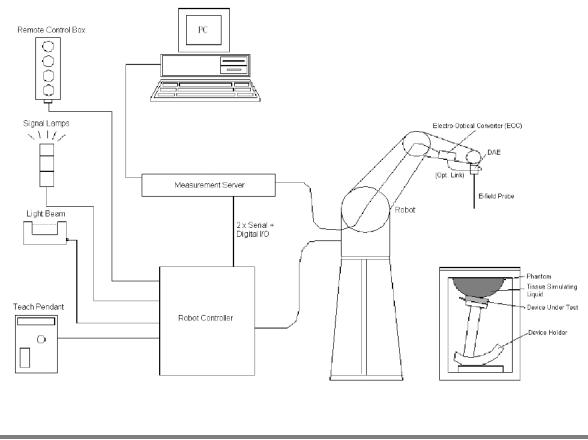
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7441 Calibrated: 2020/2/8

Calibration Frequency		uency e(MHz)	Co	onversion Fact	tor
Point(MHz)	From	То	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	10.33	10.33	10.33
750 Body	650	850	10.18	10.18	10.18
900 Head	850	1000	9.74	9.74	9.74
900 Body	850	1000	9.75	9.75	9.75
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.36	8.36	8.36
1750 Body	1650	1850	8.09	8.09	8.09
1900 Head	1850	2000	8.05	8.05	8.05
1900 Body	1850	2000	7.76	7.76	7.76
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.89	7.89	7.89
2300 Body	2200	2400	7.64	7.64	7.64
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.66	7.66	7.66
2450 Body	2400	2550	7.53	7.53	7.53
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.35	7.35	7.35
2600 Body	2550	2700	7.34	7.34	7.34

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _Left Head
- _ Right Head
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the



standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)
MHz	ε _r	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

Note:

- 1, Effective February 19, 2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209-1 for all SAR tests.
- 2, Mix and Match of traditional FCC SAR TSLs and IEC 62209-1 TSL in a single application is not permitted TSL can be changed in a Permissive Change.
- 3, If SAR increases and original SAR > 1.2 W/kg, additional SAR measurements will be required IEC 62209-1 TSL is an alternative, not mandatory at this time.
- 4, If FCC parameters are used, $\pm 5\%$ tolerance. If IEC parameters, $\pm 10\%$.
- 5, In this case, IEC parameters applied.

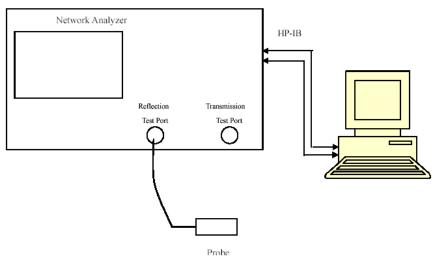
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	471	2019/12/25	2020/12/24
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7441	2020/2/8	2021/2/7
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1167	2019/11/20	2022/11/19
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1141	2018/6/25	2021/6/24
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	543	2019/10/15	2022/10/14
Dipole, 2300 MHz	D2300V2	1085	2018/5/9	2021/5/8
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2018/6/26	2021/6/25
Dipole, 2600 MHz	D2600V2	1132	2019/11/19	2022/11/18
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	TS-750	1709075001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	TS-1750	1703175001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	TS-1900	1703190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2300 MHz	TS-2300	1709230001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	TS-2450	1703245001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	TS-2600	1709260001	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2019/9/12	2020/9/11
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2019/9/12	2020/9/11
EPM Series Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2020/5/9	2021/5/8
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Wireless communication tester	E5515C	MY48367501	2019/9/12	2020/9/11
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	106891	2019/9/12	2020/9/11
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	110479	2019/9/12	2020/9/11

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤r	0' (S/m)	8r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
704	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	42.697	0.854	42.15	0.89	1.3	-4.04	±10
707.5	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	42.682	0.856	42.13	0.89	1.31	-3.82	±10
711	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	42.655	0.862	42.11	0.89	1.29	-3.15	±10
750	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	41.452	0.877	41.9	0.89	-1.07	-1.46	±10
824.2	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.983	0.881	41.55	0.9	-1.36	-2.11	±10
826.4	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.972	0.886	41.54	0.9	-1.37	-1.56	±10
829	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.897	0.89	41.53	0.9	-1.52	-1.11	±10
836.5	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.887	0.892	41.5	0.9	-1.48	-0.89	±10
836.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.812	0.894	41.5	0.9	-1.66	-0.67	±10
844	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.789	0.897	41.5	0.91	-1.71	-1.43	±10
846.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.667	0.898	41.5	0.91	-2.01	-1.32	±10
848.8	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	40.557	0.902	41.5	0.91	-2.27	-0.88	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/11.

Frequency	equency Liquid Type		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		elta ⁄6)	Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤ _r	0' (S/m)	٤ _r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1720	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	41.268	1.349	40.13	1.35	2.84	-0.07	±10
1745	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	41.113	1.357	40.1	1.37	2.53	-0.95	±10
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	40.946	1.369	40.1	1.37	2.11	-0.07	±10
1770	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	40.746	1.385	40	1.4	1.87	-1.07	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/11.

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Report No.: RDG200407009-20

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	-	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		lta 6)	Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤r	0 (S/m)	٤ _r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.336	1.367	40	1.4	-1.66	-2.36	±10
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.313	1.375	40	1.4	-1.72	-1.79	±10
1860	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.197	1.381	40	1.4	-2.01	-1.36	±10
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	39.06	1.39	40	1.4	-2.35	-0.71	±10
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	38.989	1.406	40	1.4	-2.53	0.43	±10
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	38.949	1.415	40	1.4	-2.63	1.07	±10
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	38.947	1.419	40	1.4	-2.63	1.36	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/10.

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquiu Type	8r	0' (S/m)	٤ _r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
2300	Simulated Tissue 2300 MHz	39.597	1.625	39.5	1.67	0.25	-2.69	±10
2310	Simulated Tissue 2300 MHz	39.412	1.634	39.48	1.68	-0.17	-2.74	±10
2355	Simulated Tissue 2300 MHz	39.286	1.676	39.39	1.72	-0.26	-2.56	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/10.

Frequency	Liquid Type		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		lta 6)	Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquiu Type	8r	0' (S/m)	8r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{\rm r}$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)	
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	40.156	1.767	39.2	1.8	2.44	-1.83	±10	
2510	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	39.606	1.814	39.12	1.86	1.24	-2.47	±10	
2535	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	39.534	1.923	39.09	1.89	1.14	1.75	±10	

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/10.

Frequency	Linuid Turna	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ _r	0 (S/m)	£ _r	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = \frac{O}{({\rm S}/{\rm m})}$		ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
2560	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	39.392	1.954	39.05	1.92	0.88	1.77	±10
2580	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	39.259	1.962	39.03	1.94	0.59	1.13	±10
2595	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	39.065	1.972	39.01	1.95	0.14	1.13	±10
2600	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	39.144	1.991	39	1.96	0.37	1.58	±10
2610	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	38.937	2.032	38.99	1.97	-0.14	3.15	±10

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/05/10.

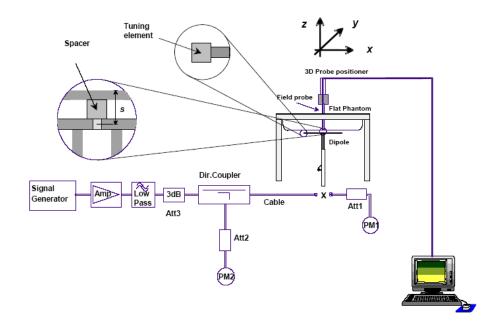
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 300 MHz $\leq f \leq 1 \text{ 000 MHz}$;
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 1 000 MHz < f \leq 3 000 MHz;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 3 000 MHz < f \leq 6 000 MHz.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalize d to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Toleranc e (%)
2020/05/11	750 MHz	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz	100	1g	0.849	8.49	8.38	1.31	±10
2020/05/11	1750 MHz	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz	100	1g	3.91	39.1	36.8	6.25	±10
2020/05/10	1900 MHz	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz	100	1g	4.13	41.3	40.2	2.74	±10
2020/05/10	2300 MHz	Simulated Tissue 2300 MHz	100	1g	5.07	50.7	49.4	2.63	±10
2020/05/10	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz	100	1g	5.49	54.9	53.3	3	±10
2020/05/10	2600 MHz	Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz	100	1g	5.75	57.5	55.5	3.6	±10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 750 MHz

DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1167

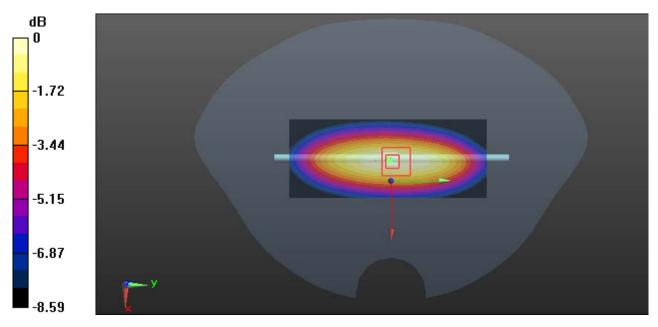
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.877 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.452; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.849 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.554 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

System Performance 1750 MHz

DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.369$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.946$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

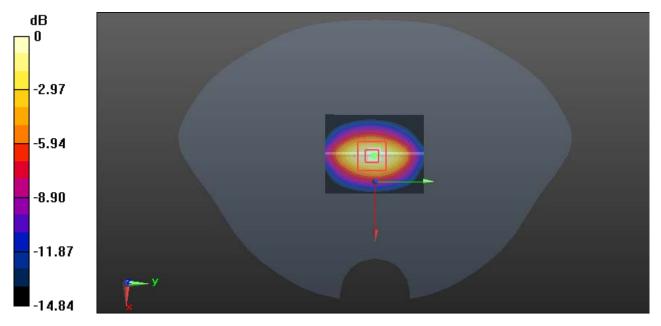
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.26 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.07 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.10 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.94 W/kg



0 dB = 5.94 W/kg = 7.74 dBW/kg

System Performance 1900 MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 543

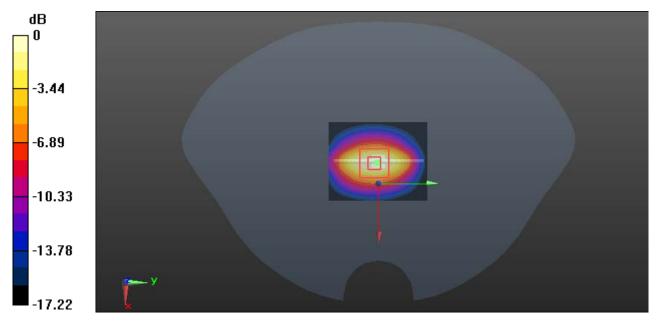
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.406$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.989$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.61 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.49 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.26 W/kg



0 dB = 6.26 W/kg = 7.97 dBW/kg

System Performance 2300MHz

DUT: D2300V2; Type: 2300 MHz; Serial: 1085

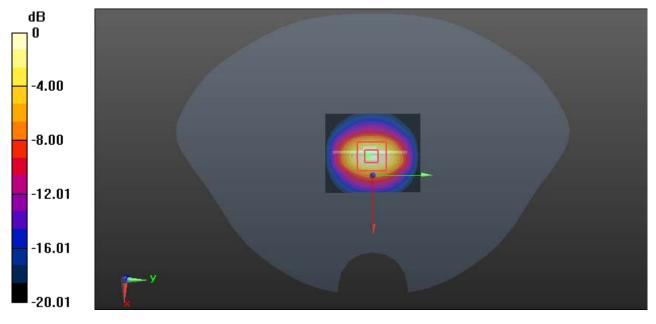
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2300 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz; $\sigma = 1.625$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.597$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89) @ 2300 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.28 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.35 W/kg



0 dB = 8.35 W/kg = 9.22 dBW/kg

System Performance 2450 MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

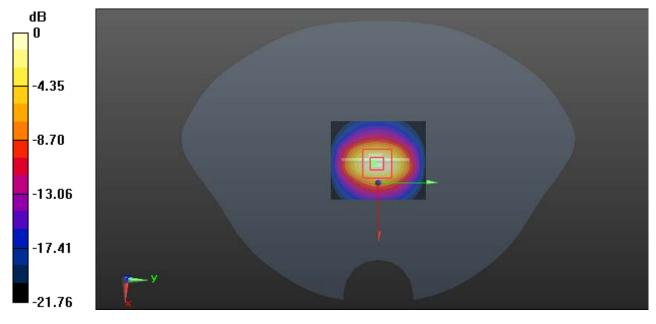
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.767$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.156$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.89 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.13 W/kg



0 dB = 9.13 W/kg = 9.60 dBW/kg

System Performance 2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2; Type: 2600 MHz; Serial: 1132

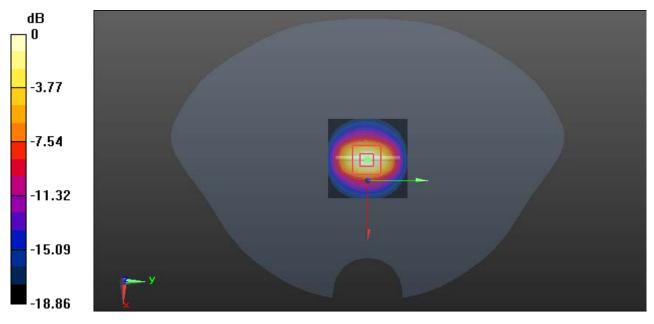
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.991$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.144$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

D ASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2020/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn471; Calibrated: 2019/12/25
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.96 W/kg



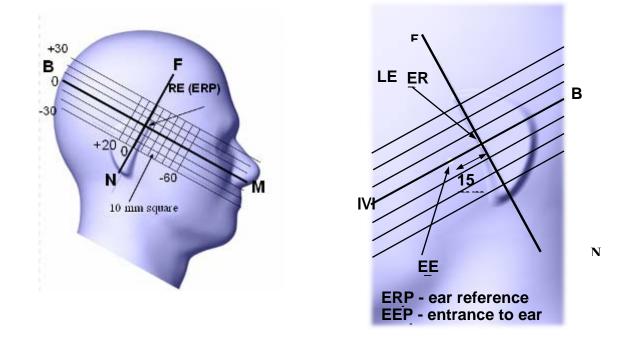
0 dB = 9.96 W/kg = 9.98 dBW/kg

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

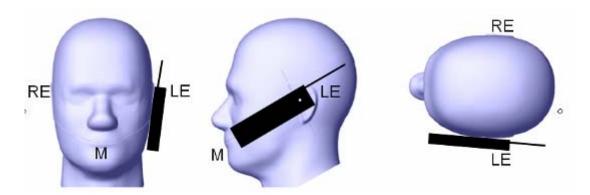
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

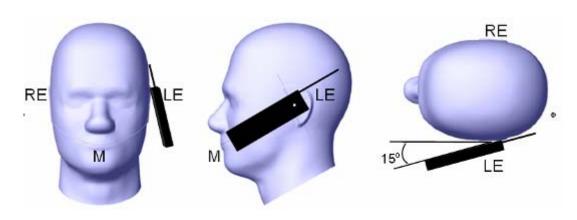
2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Report No.: RDG200407009-20

Ear / Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

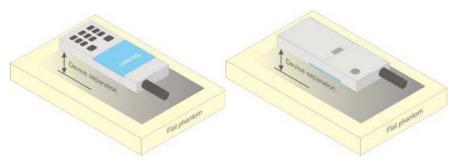


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the DUT(Device Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm for body back mode; and for face up mode the distance is 10mm.

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points ($10 \times 10 \times 10$) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

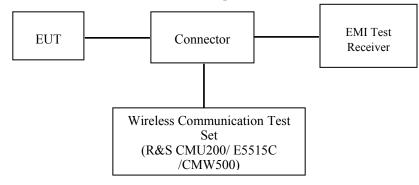
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through Connector.



GSM/WCDMA/LTE

Radio Configuration

GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GPRS and EGPRS Main Service > Packet Data Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma > 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900 > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850 > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900 BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCH BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off PO > 4 dBSlot Config >Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping > Off Main Timeslot > 3Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c/β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA				
	Subset	1	2	3	4				
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	1				
	Rel99 RMC		-	12.2kbps RM	1C				
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1					
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm?							
General	β _c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15				
Settings	β _d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15				
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64							
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4				
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15				
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5				
	DACK			8					
	DNAK			8					
HSDPA	DCQI			8					
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3					
Settings	factor			5					
bettings	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor			2					
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15					

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode		•	Test Mode 1	•	•			
	Rel99 RMC		1	2.2kbps RM	С				
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1					
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopba	ack				
	Power Control			Algorithm2					
WCDMA	Algorithm								
General	β _c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	β _d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	β _{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	β_c / β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK	8							
	DNAK			8					
	DCQI			8					
HSDPA	Ack-Nack			2					
Specific	repetition factor	3							
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms					
_	CQI Repetition			2					
	Factor			Z					
	Ahs= β_{hs}/β_c			30/15					
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
	UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	1/4.9	402.0	203.8	508.9			
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27				

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

	Parameter	Unit	Value			
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60			
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1			
Number (of HARQ Processes	Proces	6			
		ses	0			
Information	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120			
Number (Code Blocks	Blocks	1			
Binary Cl	nannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960			
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200			
Number (of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200			
Coding R	late		0.15			
Number (of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1			
Modulatio			QPSK			
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for		I			
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	cal			
parameters as listed in the table.						
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,						
	retransmission is not allowed. The		cy and			
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.				

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

HSPA+

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	βd	β _{нs} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).											
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default. Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.											
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E- DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.											

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

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FDD-LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)	
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A	
			3	>5	≤ 1	
		2 4 40 22 25	5	>6	≤1	
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1	
		55, 50	15	>8	≤1	
			20	>10	≤ 1	
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1	
145_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1	
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A	
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3	
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤1 ≤2	
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5	
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6	
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7	
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8	
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10	
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		, Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A	
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5 10, 15, 20	≥2 ≥1	≤ 1 ≤ 4	
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-14	
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-15	
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

TDD-LTE

3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

Table 4.2-1: Configuration	of special subframe	(lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).
----------------------------	---------------------	------------------------------

		lormal cyclic prefix in de		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
Special subframe	DwPTS	UpF		DwPTS	тs			
configuration		Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic		Normal cyclic	Extended cyclic		
		in uplink	prefix in uplink		prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink		
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$				
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_{e}$	2560·T		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$23040 \cdot T_s$	21,22,18	2500-1		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$				
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$				
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_{s}$	5120.7		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$	4364 · 1 ₈	5120-1		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$12800 \cdot T_{s}$				
8	$24144 \cdot T_{s}$			-	-	-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_{s}$			-	-	-		

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-				Su	ubframe	e numb	er			
configuration	Uplink Switch- point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	υ	D	S	U	U	D

Calculated Duty Cycle

Uplink-	Downlink-to-		Subframe Number								Calculated	
Downlink Configuration	Uplink Switch- point Periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Duty Cycle (%)
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	υ	D	S	υ	U	U	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	υ	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	υ	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	υ	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	υ	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

Calculated Duty Cycle = Extended cyclic prefix in uplink x (Ts) x # of S + # of U

Example for Calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0: Calculated Duty Cycle = 5120 x [1/(15000 x 2048)] x 2 + 6 ms = 63.33% where $T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)								
		Channel						
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
GPRS 850 1 TX Slot	32.3	32.3	32.3					
GPRS 850 2 TX Slot	31.8	31.8	31.8					
GPRS 850 3 TX Slot	28.4	28.4	28.4					
GPRS 850 4 TX Slot	27.3	27.3	27.3					
EDGE 850 1 TX Slot	25.6	25.6	25.6					
EDGE 850 2 TX Slot	24.5	24.5	24.5					
EDGE 850 3 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5					
EDGE 850 4 TX Slot	21.1	21.1	21.1					
GPRS 1900 1 TX Slot	26.1	26.1	26.1					
GPRS 1900 2 TX Slot	25.6	25.6	25.6					
GPRS 1900 3 TX Slot	23.7	23.7	23.7					
GPRS 1900 4 TX Slot	22.7	22.7	22.7					
EDGE 1900 1 TX Slot	23.9	23.9	23.9					
EDGE 1900 2 TX Slot	23.3	23.3	23.3					
EDGE 1900 3 TX Slot	21.5	21.5	21.5					
EDGE 1900 4 TX Slot	20.7	20.7	20.7					
WCDMA Band 2	20.7	20.7	20.7					
HSDPA	20	20	20					
HSUPA	19.7	19.7	19.7					
DC-HSDPA	19.6	19.6	19.6					
HSPA+	19.4	19.4	19.4					
WCDMA Band 5	22.4	22.4	22.4					
HSDPA	21.7	21.7	21.7					
HSUPA	21.2	21.2	21.2					
DC-HSDPA	21.1	21.1	21.1					
HSPA+	21	21	21					
LTE Band 2	23	23	23					
LTE Band 4	22.5	22.5	22.5					
LTE Band 5	24	24	24					
LTE Band 7	23.5	23.5	23.5					
LTE Band 12	23.2	23.2	23.2					
LTE Band 17	23.2	23.2	23.2					
LTE Band 38	23.1	23.1	23.1					
LTE Band 40	23.5	23.5	23.5					
LTE Band 66	22.5	22.5	22.5					

Test Results:

GPRS:

Dend	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	32.17	31.57	28.13	26.92		
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.09	31.68	28.25	27.19		
	251	848.8	32.20	31.41	27.79	26.49		
	512	1850.2	26.04	25.45	23.58	22.55		
PCS 1900	661	1880	25.54	24.52	22.88	22.37		
	810	1909.8	25.20	24.28	22.44	22.31		

EDGE:

Dand	Channel	Frequency]	RF Output P	ower (dBm)	
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	25.40	24.33	22.03	20.77
GSM 850	190	836.6	25.30	24.27	22.20	20.92
	251	848.8	25.54	24.38	22.39	21.01
	512	1850.2	23.76	23.16	21.36	20.62
PCS 1900	661	1880	22.77	22.15	20.33	19.76
	810	1909.8	22.24	22.14	20.03	19.01

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

Dand	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	23.17	25.57	23.88	23.92		
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.09	25.68	24	24.19		
	251	848.8	23.2	25.41	23.54	23.49		
	512	1850.2	17.04	19.45	19.33	19.55		
PCS 1900	661	1880	16.54	18.52	18.63	19.37		
	810	1909.8	16.2	18.28	18.19	19.31		

The time based average power for GPRS

The time based average power for EDGE

Dand	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	16.4	18.33	17.78	17.77		
GSM 850	190	836.6	16.3	18.27	17.95	17.92		
	251	848.8	16.54	18.38	18.14	18.01		
	512	1850.2	14.76	17.16	17.11	17.62		
PCS 1900	661	1880	13.77	16.15	16.08	16.76		
	810	1909.8	13.24	16.14	15.78	16.01		

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

2 .For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

3. According to KDB941225D01-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode.

WCDMA: Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1852.4	20.60
WCDMA Band 2	1880	20.62
	1907.6	20.64
	826.4	22.20
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	22.26
	846.6	22.12

Results (HSDPA)

Dand	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
	1852.4	19.94	19.54	19.07	18.79		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	19.66	19.28	18.67	18.60		
	1907.6	19.50	19.44	19.00	18.68		
	826.4	21.47	21.16	21.04	21.00		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.52	21.51	20.97	19.95		
	846.6	21.59	21.06	21.06	19.38		

Results (HSUPA)

Dand	Frequency		RF Oı	utput Power ((dBm)	
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
	1852.4	19.58	19.52	19.05	18.59	18.30
WCDMA Band 2	1880	19.24	19.05	18.85	18.52	18.20
	1907.6	19.12	18.41	18.17	18.05	18.08
	826.4	21.12	20.84	20.24	19.55	19.31
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.13	20.61	20.23	19.38	19.07
	846.6	21.03	20.49	20.05	19.59	19.12

Results (DC-HSDPA)

Band	Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Danu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4			
	1852.4	19.53	19.14	19.06	18.58			
WCDMA Band 2	1880	19.14	19.09	18.74	18.27			
	1907.6	19.10	18.51	17.98	18.02			
	826.4	21.03	20.94	20.35	19.92			
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	20.95	20.47	20.16	19.75			
	846.6	20.94	20.51	19.91	19.59			

Results (HSPA+)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1852.4	19.27
WCDMA Band 2	1880	19.13
	1907.6	19.21
	826.4	20.89
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	20.71
	846.6	20.75

Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

LTE Band 2:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
		RB offset	0	0	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.82	21.15	21.49
		RB1#3	0	0	22.05	21.49	21.59
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	21.79	21.27	21.4
		RB3#0	1	1	21.8	21.33	21.43
		RB3#3	1	1	21.62	21.23	21.5
1.4M		RB6#0	1	1	20.55	20.34	20.52
-		RB1#0	1	1	20.49	20.17	20.47
		RB1#3	1	1	20.48	20.3	20.64
	16-QAM	RB1#5	2	2	20.3	20.11	20.49
		RB3#0	2	2	20.49	20.56	20.49
		RB3#3	2	2	20.47	20.55	20.46
		RB6#0	2	2	19.27	19.34	19.43
		RB1#0	0	0	21.25	21.4	21.45
		RB1#8	0	0	21.41	21.32	21.44
	QPSK	RB1#14	1	1	21.22	21.22	22.98
		RB6#0	1	1	20.25	20.36	21.97
		RB6#9	1	1	20.16	20.15	22.03
3M		RB15#0	1	1	20.33	20.23	22.09
51 v1		RB1#0	1	1	20.88	20.45	22.13
		RB1#8	1	1	20.84	20.33	22.1
	16-QAM	RB1#14	2	2	20.99	20.43	22.21
	10-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	19.47	19.22	20.95
		RB6#9	2	2	19.44	19.29	21.05
		RB15#0	2	2	19.55	19.32	21.02
		RB1#0	0	0	22.91	21.2	21.49
		RB1#13	0	0	22.57	21.24	21.4
	ODCK	RB1#24	0	0	22.54	21.31	21.52
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.67	20.42	20.55
		RB15#10	1	1	21.63	20.35	20.55
514		RB25#0	1	1	20.26	20.28	20.42
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.1	20.42	20.46
		RB1#13	1	1	20.17	20.52	20.55
	160105	RB1#24	1	1	20.25	20.45	20.39
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.46	19.5	19.58
		RB15#10	2	2	19.54	19.34	19.57
		RB25#0	2	2	19.53	19.39	19.45

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth Mo	Modulation	RB offset	MITK	IVIT K	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.24	21.34	21.46
		RB1#25	0	0	21.55	21.42	21.7
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	21.23	21.4	21.45
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	20.36	20.4	20.45
		RB25#25	1	1	20.42	20.31	20.48
1014		RB50#0	1	1	20.48	20.26	20.48
10M		RB1#0	1	1	20.85	20.33	20.28
		RB1#25	1	1	21.01	20.55	20.62
	16.0414	RB1#49	1	1	21.01	20.39	20.38
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	19.56	19.57	19.58
		RB25#25	2	2	19.54	19.52	19.58
		RB50#0	2	2	19.44	19.36	19.5
		RB1#0	0	0	21.17	21.36	21.5
		RB1#38	0	0	21.24	21.35	21.58
	ODGU	RB1#74	0	0	21.17	21.39	21.54
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	20.41	20.51	20.5
		RB36#39	1	1	20.39	20.25	20.49
		RB75#0	1	1	20.35	20.37	20.48
15M		RB1#0	1	1	20.79	20.46	20.84
		RB1#38	1	1	20.88	20.48	20.8
		RB1#74	1	1	20.78	20.36	20.81
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	19.42	19.54	19.52
		RB36#39	2	2	19.41	19.55	19.56
		RB75#0	2	2	19.42	19.39	19.49
		RB1#0	0	0	21.23	21.08	21.2
		RB1#50	0	0	22.96	22.84	22.76
		RB1#99	1	1	21.14	21.28	21.31
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	20.3	20.39	20.48
		RB50#50	1	1	22.54	22.64	22.29
• • •		RB100#0	1	1	20.45	20.37	20.41
20M		RB1#0	1	1	20.41	20.3	20.83
		RB1#50	1	1	20.82	20.65	21.78
		RB1#99	2	2	20.44	20.38	21.56
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	19.46	19.56	20.14
		RB50#50	2	2	19.6	19.44	20.1
		RB100#0	2	2	19.52	19.42	20.19

LTE Band 4:

	_	Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target	Meas	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPR	MPR	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.64	21.61	21.49
	0.001	RB1#3	0	0	21.89	21.87	21.85
		RB1#5	0	0	21.77	21.58	21.67
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	21.79	21.71	21.65
		RB3#3	1	1	21.71	21.74	21.58
1.0.6		RB6#0	1	1	20.78	20.73	20.62
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	20.68	20.71	20.54
		RB1#3	1	1	20.98	20.95	20.78
	14 0 4 14	RB1#5	2	2	20.65	20.73	20.43
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.05	20.72	20.65
		RB3#3	2	2	21.04	20.81	20.75
		RB6#0	2	2	19.76	19.74	19.47
		RB1#0	0	0	21.66	21.52	21.61
		RB1#8	0	0	21.76	21.54	21.68
	QPSK	RB1#14	1	1	21.69	21.56	21.65
		RB6#0	1	1	20.64	20.63	20.53
		RB6#9	1	1	20.65	20.56	20.59
214		RB15#0	1	1	20.72	20.59	20.58
3M		RB1#0	1	1	21.34	20.81	20.67
		RB1#8	1	1	21.33	20.74	20.63
	16.0414	RB1#14	2	2	21.31	20.94	20.58
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	19.85	19.64	19.49
		RB6#9	2	2	19.8	19.65	19.48
		RB15#0	2	2	19.74	19.59	19.55
		RB1#0	0	0	21.69	21.6	21.53
		RB1#13	0	0	21.79	21.63	21.7
	ODEV	RB1#24	0	0	21.56	21.63	21.38
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.75	20.82	20.63
		RB15#10	1	1	20.81	20.63	20.75
5M		RB25#0	1	1	20.79	20.73	20.67
		RB1#0	1	1	20.68	20.94	20.6
		RB1#13	1	1	20.73	21.15	20.67
	16.0414	RB1#24	1	1	20.59	20.93	20.54
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.73	19.67	19.71
		RB15#10	2	2	19.85	19.65	19.61
		RB25#0	2	2	19.8	19.76	19.71

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPK	MICK	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.73	22.26	21.63
		RB1#25	0	0	21.96	22.42	21.8
	ODEV	RB1#49	1	1	21.72	21.99	21.5
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	20.76	21.08	20.66
		RB25#25	1	1	20.88	20.78	20.84
10M		RB50#0	1	1	20.88	20.74	20.74
TOM		RB1#0	1	1	21.35	20.87	20.65
		RB1#25	1	1	22.08	21.14	20.8
	16.04M	RB1#49	1	1	21.91	20.91	20.62
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.34	19.87	19.94
		RB25#25	2	2	20.4	19.91	19.84
		RB50#0	2	2	20.31	19.89	19.71
		RB1#0	0	0	21.69	21.65	21.61
		RB1#38	0	0	21.86	21.71	21.59
	QPSK	RB1#74	0	0	21.74	21.67	21.61
		RB36#0	1	1	20.92	20.77	20.66
		RB36#39	1	1	20.82	20.85	20.82
1516		RB75#0	1	1	21.02	20.72	20.94
15M		RB1#0	1	1	21.28	20.85	21.09
		RB1#38	1	1	21.45	21.01	21.07
	16.0414	RB1#74	1	1	21.38	20.82	20.94
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	19.92	19.76	19.74
		RB36#39	2	2	19.93	19.75	19.87
		RB75#0	2	2	19.96	19.9	19.82
		RB1#0	0	0	21.44	21.53	21.39
		RB1#50	0	0	21.88	21.77	21.6
	ODGV	RB1#99	1	1	21.52	21.36	21.36
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	20.68	20.83	20.63
		RB50#50	1	1	20.74	20.81	20.75
20M		RB100#0	1	1	20.83	20.85	20.79
		RB1#0	1	1	20.86	20.67	21.07
		RB1#50	1	1	21.18	21.12	21.4
	160414	RB1#99	2	2	20.81	20.59	20.81
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	19.61	19.85	19.74
		RB50#50	2	2	19.8	19.77	19.77
		RB100#0	2	2	19.7	19.77	19.72

LTE Band 5:

Test	Test	Resource	Target	Meas	Low	Middle	High
Bandwidth	Modulation	Block &	MPR	MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danawiath	1010uuluuluu	RB offset			(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.92	23.73	23.76
	QPSK	RB1#3	0	0	23.86	23.92	23.99
		RB1#5	0	0	23.86	23.67	23.35
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	23.96	23.74	23.31
		RB3#3	1	1	23.83	23.89	23.41
1.4M		RB6#0	1	1	22.89	22.92	22.57
1.411		RB1#0	1	1	22.95	22.9	22.3
		RB1#3	1	1	23.06	23.06	22.65
	16.04M	RB1#5	2	2	22.99	22.88	22.41
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	23.25	22.96	22.58
		RB3#3	2	2	23.19	22.82	22.53
		RB6#0	2	2	21.94	21.9	21.35
		RB1#0	0	0	23.47	23.29	23.31
		RB1#8	0	0	23.28	23.24	23.38
	ODCK	RB1#14	1	1	23.29	23.39	23.27
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	22.41	22.2	22.26
		RB6#9	1	1	22.4	22.33	22.35
214		RB15#0	1	1	22.66	22.27	22.25
3M		RB1#0	1	1	22.96	22.39	22.36
		RB1#8	1	1	22.86	22.4	22.25
	16.0414	RB1#14	2	2	22.95	22.55	22.29
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	21.29	21.25	21.23
		RB6#9	2	2	21.5	21.3	21.25
		RB15#0	2	2	21.6	21.3	21.38
		RB1#0	0	0	23.31	23.09	23.15
		RB1#13	0	0	23.38	23.32	23.34
	ODGU	RB1#24	0	0	23.35	23.2	23.12
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	22.36	22.35	22.33
		RB15#10	1	1	22.37	22.32	22.26
5 1		RB25#0	1	1	22.38	22.29	22.16
5M		RB1#0	1	1	22.25	22.37	22.2
		RB1#13	1	1	22.19	22.58	22.31
	160434	RB1#24	1	1	22.16	22.51	22.29
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.37	21.22	21.38
		RB15#10	2	2	21.45	21.17	21.34
		RB25#0	2	2	21.36	21.25	21.16

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.24	23.2	23.24
		RB1#25	0	0	23.45	23.33	23.39
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	23.34	23.27	23.3
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	22.99	23.22	22.83
		RB25#25	1	1	22.42	22.24	22.27
1014		RB50#0	1	1	22.23	22.34	22.28
10M		RB1#0	1	1	23.01	22.45	22.28
		RB1#25	1	1	23.12	22.64	22.39
	16.0414	RB1#49	2	2	22.87	22.35	22.23
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	21.41	21.27	21.37
		RB25#25	2	2	21.43	21.26	21.35
		RB50#0	2	2	21.29	21.39	21.18

LTE Band 7:

Test	Test	Resource Block &	Target	Meas	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPR	MPR	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.85	23.11	22.99
		RB1#13	0	0	22.85	23.1	23.15
		RB1#13	0	0	22.75	23.12	22.9
	QPSK	RB1#24 RB15#0	1	1	21.82	22.01	22.18
		RB15#10	1	1	21.98	22.01	22.10
		RB25#0	1	1	21.96	22.11	22.06
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.94	22.19	22.00
		RB1#13	1	1	21.02	22.17	22.14
		RB1#24	2	2	21.74	22.29	22.01
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.97	21.14	21.16
		RB15#10	2	2	20.94	21.14	21.10
		RB25#0	2	2	20.93	21.13	21.10
		RB1#0	0	0	23.02	23.09	23.21
		RB1#25	0	0	23.02	23.22	23.24
		RB1#49	1	1	22.96	23.09	23.18
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.93	22.12	22.24
		RB25#25	1	1	21.93	22.12	22.26
		RB50#0	1	1	21.92	22.17	22.18
10M		RB1#0	1	1	22.31	22.28	22.24
		RB1#25	1	1	22.53	22.41	22.3
		RB1#49	1	1	22.37	22.27	22.21
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	21.03	21.22	21.21
		RB25#25	2	2	20.94	21.39	21.14
		RB50#0	2	2	21.03	21.23	21.28
		RB1#0	0	0	22.92	23.04	23.2
		RB1#38	0	0	23.12	23.19	23.18
		RB1#74	0	0	23.03	23.17	22.96
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	22.13	22.15	22.31
		RB36#39	1	1	22.18	22.26	22.29
1.53.5		RB75#0	1	1	22.01	22.29	22.32
15M		RB1#0	1	1	22.36	22.06	22.38
		RB1#38	1	1	22.32	22.18	22.51
	160136	RB1#74	1	1	22.22	22.19	22.36
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	21.07	21.26	21.35
		RB36#39	2	2	21.07	21.28	21.25
		RB75#0	2	2	20.99	21.22	21.24

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.68	22.8	23.09
		RB1#50	0	0	23.26	23.34	23.45
	ODCK	RB1#99	1	1	22.82	23	22.92
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.84	22.08	22.31
		RB50#50	1	1	23.14	23.24	23.05
2014		RB100#0	1	1	21.87	22.2	22.29
20M		RB1#0	1	1	21.91	22.05	22.43
		RB1#50	1	1	22.4	22.44	22.98
16.0414	16.0414	RB1#99	2	2	22.07	22.05	22.53
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	20.85	21	21.36
		RB50#50	2	2	21.02	21.28	21.33
		RB100#0	2	2	21.05	21.25	21.4

LTE Band 12:

_	_	Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target	Meas	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPR	MPR	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.09	22.48	22.22
		RB1#3	0	0	22.15	22.72	22.4
	ODGU	RB1#5	0	0	22.01	22.45	22.16
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	22.22	22.54	22.3
		RB3#3	1	1	22.14	22.66	22.36
1 47 6		RB6#0	1	1	21.06	21.51	21.33
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	21.13	21.57	21.19
		RB1#3	1	1	21.22	21.88	21.47
	16 O M	RB1#5	1	1	21.02	21.58	21.27
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.57	21.69	21.53
		RB3#3	2	2	21.39	21.51	21.5
		RB6#0	2	2	20.56	20.69	20.23
		RB1#0	0	0	22.27	22.42	21.76
		RB1#8	0	0	22.28	22.51	21.74
	QPSK	RB1#14	0	0	22.15	22.51	21.73
		RB6#0	1	1	21.19	21.42	20.88
		RB6#9	1	1	21.08	21.26	20.71
3M		RB15#0	1	1	21.31	21.5	20.83
5101	14 0 4 14	RB1#0	1	1	21.89	21.52	20.83
		RB1#8	1	1	21.72	21.5	20.86
		RB1#14	1	1	21.76	21.63	20.9
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.45	20.45	19.72
		RB6#9	2	2	20.26	20.37	19.74
		RB15#0	2	2	20.59	20.48	20.01
		RB1#0	0	0	22.45	21.92	22.48
		RB1#13	0	0	22.53	21.96	22.52
	QPSK	RB1#24	0	0	22.51	21.77	22.29
	QLSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.53	21.05	21.73
		RB15#10	1	1	21.42	21.04	21.41
5M		RB25#0	1	1	21.52	20.94	21.46
		RB1#0	1	1	21.34	21.31	21.53
		RB1#13	1	1	21.34	21.34	21.59
	16-QAM	RB1#24	1	1	21.25	21.15	21.54
		RB15#0	2	2	20.68	20.03	20.8
		RB15#10	2	2	20.45	20.09	20.51
		RB25#0	2	2	20.65	20.03	20.53

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Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.53	21.94	21.7
		RB1#25	0	0	22.6	22.57	22.88
	ODSV	RB1#49	0	0	22.28	21.71	21.64
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.73	21.04	20.59
		RB25#25	1	1	22.12	22.31	22.15
10M		RB50#0	1	1	21.65	20.99	20.56
TUM		RB1#0	1	1	21.99	21.08	20.81
		RB1#25	1	1	22.27	21.3	20.73
1(0)	16.04M	RB1#49	1	1	21.95	20.86	20.74
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.85	20.12	19.86
		RB25#25	2	2	20.71	20.3	19.69
		RB50#0	2	2	20.77	20.2	19.7

LTE Band 17:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.33	22.6	21.72
		RB1#13	0	0	22.39	22.68	21.77
	ODCK	RB1#24	0	0	22.37	22.48	21.71
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.36	21.45	20.93
		RB15#10	1	1	21.49	21.69	20.82
5 1		RB25#0	1	1	21.4	21.56	20.71
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.11	21.8	20.94
		RB1#13	1	1	21.37	21.84	20.86
	16.0414	RB1#24	1	1	21.08	21.71	20.75
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.58	20.61	20.04
		RB15#10	2	2	20.61	20.75	19.94
		RB25#0	2	2	20.65	20.59	19.95
		RB1#0	0	0	22.16	22.87	23.12
		RB1#25	0	0	22.33	22.96	23.16
	ODGV	RB1#49	0	0	22.03	22.68	22.97
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.13	21.84	21.84
		RB25#25	1	1	21.28	21.8	21.76
1014		RB50#0	1	1	21.16	21.78	21.96
10M -		RB1#0	1	1	21.69	21.96	22.17
		RB1#25	1	1	21.8	22.01	22.17
	16.0414	RB1#49	1	1	21.51	21.89	21.89
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.3	20.91	21.08
		RB25#25	2	2	20.36	20.78	21.04
		RB50#0	2	2	20.29	20.88	21.06

LTE Band 38:

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target	Meas	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPR	MPR	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.74	22.4	22.23
		RB1#13	0	0	22.78	22.63	22.45
	ODGU	RB1#24	0	0	22.73	22.48	22.28
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.69	21.58	21.29
		RB15#10	1	1	21.72	21.71	21.43
5) (RB25#0	1	1	21.64	21.51	21.37
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.75	21.47	21.31
		RB1#13	1	1	21.87	21.58	21.4
	16.0414	RB1#24	2	2	21.77	21.48	21.25
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.85	20.56	20.25
		RB15#10	2	2	20.86	20.6	20.32
		RB25#0	2	2	20.79	20.53	20.26
		RB1#0	0	0	22.85	22.63	22.43
		RB1#25	0	0	23.09	22.86	22.78
	QPSK	RB1#49	1	1	22.65	22.63	22.3
		RB25#0	1	1	21.79	21.69	21.56
		RB25#25	1	1	21.86	21.72	21.45
10M		RB50#0	1	1	21.65	21.58	21.59
TOM		RB1#0	1	1	21.78	21.56	21.45
		RB1#25	1	1	22.2	21.8	21.86
	16 O M	RB1#49	1	1	21.84	21.51	21.35
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.78	20.73	20.61
		RB25#25	2	2	20.8	20.78	20.45
		RB50#0	2	2	20.77	20.68	20.44
		RB1#0	0	0	22.78	22.68	22.52
		RB1#38	0	0	22.8	22.65	22.44
	QPSK	RB1#74	0	0	22.57	22.42	22.35
	QLSK	RB36#0	1	1	21.79	21.65	21.66
		RB36#39	1	1	21.72	21.81	21.44
15M		RB75#0	1	1	21.78	21.62	21.6
		RB1#0	1	1	21.77	21.46	21.81
		RB1#38	1	1	21.93	21.54	21.72
	16-QAM	RB1#74	1	1	21.67	21.36	21.4
		RB36#0	2	2	20.84	20.73	20.66
		RB36#39	2	2	20.81	20.66	20.49
		RB75#0	2	2	20.75	20.75	20.53

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.55	22.42	22.36
		RB1#50	0	0	23.01	22.9	22.78
	ODEK	RB1#99	1	1	22.55	22.33	22.12
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.61	21.51	21.55
		RB50#50	1	1	22.45	22.61	22.34
2014		RB100#0	1	1	21.7	21.63	21.43
20M		RB1#0	1	1	21.48	21.39	21.75
		RB1#50	1	1	21.95	21.72	21.91
	16.04M	RB1#99	2	2	21.44	21.37	21.31
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	20.75	20.68	20.44
		RB50#50	2	2	20.69	20.68	20.41
		RB100#0	2	2	20.71	20.58	20.44

LTE Band 40 Lower Band(2305-2315MHz):

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.95	22.88	22.88
		RB1#13	0	0	22.95	23.03	23.01
		RB1#13	1	1	22.93	22.91	22.93
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.76	21.87	21.77
		RB15#10	1	1	22.02	21.87	22.03
		RB25#0	1	1	21.95	22.05	21.99
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.93	22.03	21.93
		RB1#13	1	1	21.91	22.27	21.93
		RB1#24	1	1	21.83	22.15	21.72
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.93	20.95	20.79
		RB15#10	2	2	21.2	21.08	21.03
		RB25#0	2	2	21.08	21.07	21.02
		RB1#0	0	0	/	23.05	/
		RB1#25	0	0	/	23.29	/
		RB1#49	0	0	/	22.94	/
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	/	21.85	/
		RB25#25	1	1	/	22.96	/
1016		RB50#0	1	1	/	22.03	/
10M —		RB1#0	1	1	/	22.03	/
		RB1#25	1	1	/	22.39	/
	16.0434	RB1#49	2	2	/	22.06	/
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	/	20.97	/
		RB25#25	2	2	/	21.19	/
		RB50#0	2	2	/	21.08	/

LTE Band 40 Upper Band(2350-2360MHz):

Test	Test	Resource Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset			(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.85	23.02	22.93
		RB1#13	0	0	22.98	23.02	22.97
	ODCK	RB1#24	1	1	22.95	22.93	22.95
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.84	21.93	21.78
		RB15#10	1	1	22.05	22.1	22.06
5M		RB25#0	1	1	21.9	21.95	21.88
SIM		RB1#0	1	1	21.8	22.21	21.95
		RB1#13	1	1	21.94	22.29	21.93
	16.0414	RB1#24	1	1	22.01	22.02	21.88
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21	20.95	20.79
		RB15#10	2	2	21.11	21.25	20.97
		RB25#0	2	2	21.12	21.03	20.98
		RB1#0	0	0	/	22.88	/
		RB1#25	0	0	/	23.33	/
	QPSK	RB1#49	0	0	/	22.96	/
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	/	21.87	/
		RB25#25	1	1	/	22.85	/
10M		RB50#0	1	1	/	21.91	/
10101		RB1#0	1	1	/	22.11	/
		RB1#25	1	1	/	22.29	/
	16-QAM	RB1#49	2	2	/	22.13	/
1	10-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	/	20.96	/
		RB25#25	2	2	/	21.17	/
		RB50#0	2	2	/	21.04	/

LTE Band 66:

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target	Meas	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MPR	MPR	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.96	21.15	21.31
		RB1#3	0	0	22.12	21.28	21.51
	ODGV	RB1#5	0	0	21.46	21.02	21.13
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	21.47	21.15	21.23
		RB3#3	1	1	21.45	21.14	21.22
1 43 4		RB6#0	1	1	20.51	20.36	20.3
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	20.52	20.3	20.3
		RB1#3	1	1	20.65	20.35	20.62
	16.0414	RB1#5	1	1	20.41	20.24	20.36
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	20.62	20.44	20.21
		RB3#3	2	2	20.46	20.55	20.35
		RB6#0	2	2	19.33	19.36	19.28
		RB1#0	0	0	21.38	21.15	21.42
		RB1#8	0	0	21.22	21.26	21.26
	QPSK	RB1#14	0	0	21.37	21.24	21.25
		RB6#0	1	1	20.43	20.13	20.27
		RB6#9	1	1	20.39	20.26	20.25
3M		RB15#0	1	1	20.47	20.25	20.32
3111		RB1#0	1	1	21.01	20.39	20.3
		RB1#8	1	1	20.85	20.45	20.27
	16.04M	RB1#14	1	1	20.91	20.34	20.29
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	19.36	19.14	19.22
		RB6#9	2	2	19.43	19.15	19.13
		RB15#0	2	2	19.57	19.3	19.39
		RB1#0	0	0	21.26	21.2	21.18
		RB1#13	0	0	21.36	21.27	21.26
	QPSK	RB1#24	0	0	21.23	21.2	21.13
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.44	20.21	20.45
		RB15#10	1	1	20.53	20.29	20.33
514		RB25#0	1	1	20.34	20.25	20.37
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.23	20.52	20.3
		RB1#13	1	1	20.39	20.57	20.37
	16.0414	RB1#24	1	1	20.23	20.5	20.38
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.55	19.28	19.46
		RB15#10	2	2	19.63	19.35	19.27
		RB25#0	2	2	19.51	19.28	19.4

		Resource			Low	Middle	High
Test	Test	Block &	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB offset	MITK	IVIT K	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.35	21.25	21.45
		RB1#25	0	0	21.53	21.47	21.48
	ODGV	RB1#49	0	0	21.43	21.29	21.41
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	20.42	20.44	20.49
		RB25#25	1	1	20.66	20.48	20.44
1014		RB50#0	1	1	20.51	20.36	20.46
10M		RB1#0	1	1	21.08	20.55	20.43
		RB1#25	1	1	21.18	20.64	20.41
	16.0414	RB1#49	1	1	20.97	20.4	20.35
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	19.47	19.28	19.52
		RB25#25	2	2	19.7	19.52	19.43
		RB50#0	2	2	19.48	19.47	19.43
		RB1#0	0	0	21.28	21.19	21.46
		RB1#38	0	0	21.5	21.28	21.39
	ODGV	RB1#74	0	0	21.21	21.14	21.19
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	20.44	20.3	20.69
		RB36#39	1	1	20.62	20.4	20.65
1714		RB75#0	1	1	20.6	20.41	20.67
15M		RB1#0	1	1	20.95	20.4	20.59
		RB1#38	1	1	21.07	20.61	20.66
	16.0414	RB1#74	1	1	20.88	20.36	20.74
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	19.57	19.42	19.52
		RB36#39	2	2	19.65	19.38	19.56
		RB75#0	2	2	19.6	19.45	19.41
		RB1#0	0	0	21.2	21.12	21.09
		RB1#50	0	0	21.59	21.46	21.45
	ODGV	RB1#99	0	0	21.1	21	21.17
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.11	21.29	21.02
		RB50#50	1	1	20.49	20.39	20.3
2014		RB100#0	1	1	20.45	20.4	20.36
20M		RB1#0	1	1	20.68	20.41	20.67
		RB1#50	1	1	20.94	20.76	20.96
	16.0414	RB1#99	1	1	20.54	20.39	20.74
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	19.46	19.48	19.42
		RB50#50	2	2	19.42	19.41	19.25
		RB100#0	2	2	19.54	19.38	19.41

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- 3. KDB941225D05v02- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20.5-21.5 ℃	21.2 - 22.4 °C
Relative Humidity:	57 %	54 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa	100.6 kPa
Test Date:	2020/05/10	2020/05/11

Testing was performed by Steve Zhou, David Li, Eric Yuan.

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	31.68	31.8	1.028	0.732	0.75	1#
()	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	31.68	31.8	1.028	0.673	0.69	2#
(()	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

GSM 850:

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.

2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

4. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up (10mm)	1880	GPRS	22.37	22.7	1.079	0.245	0.26	3#
(******)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	1880	GPRS	22.37	22.7	1.079	0.455	0.49	4#
(*****)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

PCS 1900:

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.

2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

3. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

4. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

WCDMA Band 2:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	SAR SAR Plo			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR		Plot		
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Face Up (10mm)	1880	RMC	20.62	20.7	1.019	0.318	0.32	5#		
()	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Body Back (0mm)	1880	RMC	20.62	20.7	1.019	0.469	0.48	6#		
(01111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		

WCDMA Band 5:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.26	22.4	1.033	0.634	0.65	7#
()	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.26	22.4	1.033	0.437	0.45	8#
(0.1111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.

- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

LTE Band 2:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	width Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAI	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	1880	20	1RB	22.84	23	1.038	0.277	0.29	9#
(10mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.64	23	1.086	0.276	0.30	10#
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	1880	20	1RB	22.84	23	1.038	0.448	0.47	11#
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.64	23	1.086	0.436	0.47	12#

LTE Band 5:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAI	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	829	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	836.5	10	1RB	23.33	24	1.167	0.636	0.74	13#
(10mm)	844	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.5	10	50%RB	23.22	24	1.197	0.513	0.61	14#
	829	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	836.5	10	1RB	23.33	24	1.167	0.530	0.62	15#
(0mm)	844	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.5	10	50%RB	23.22	24	1.197	0.527	0.63	16#

LTE Band 7:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	2535	20	1RB	23.34	23.5	1.038	0.272	0.28	17#
(10mm)	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.24	23.5	1.062	0.270	0.29	18#
	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	2535	20	1RB	23.34	23.5	1.038	0.380	0.39	19#
(0mm)	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	23.24	23.5	1.062	0.326	0.35	20#

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAI	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	707.5	10	1RB	22.57	23.2	1.156	0.299	0.35	21#
(10mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.31	23.2	1.227	0.273	0.33	22#
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	707.5	10	1RB	22.57	23.2	1.156	0.269	0.31	23#
(0mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.31	23.2	1.227	0.238	0.29	24#

LTE Band 12&17:

Note*: The E-UTRA Operating Band 17 is a subset of band 12, and they are same in modulation type and rated output power, therefore, they were considered as one frequency band during SAR measurement.

LTE Band 38:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAI	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)		Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2580	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	2595	20	1RB	22.9	23.1	1.047	0.054	0.06	25#
(10mm)	2610	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2595	20	50%RB	22.61	23.1	1.119	0.043	0.05	26#
	2580	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	2595	20	1RB	22.9	23.1	1.047	0.286	0.30	27#
(0mm)	2610	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2595	20	50%RB	22.61	23.1	1.119	0.242	0.27	28#

LTE Band 40 Lower Band(2305-2315MHz):

EUT Position	Frequency Bandwid		Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Face Up	2310	10	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.05	0.104	0.11	29#	
(10mm)	2310	10	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.082	0.09	30#	
Body Back (0mm)	2310	10	1RB	23.29	23.5	1.05	0.080	0.08	31#	
	2310	10	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.078	0.09	32#	

EUT Position	Frequency Bandwidth		Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Face Up	2355	10	1RB	23.33	23.5	1.04	0.127	0.13	33#	
(10mm)	2355	10	50%RB	22.85	23.5	1.161	0.110	0.13	34#	
Body Back (0mm)	2355	10	1RB	23.33	23.5	1.04	0.106	0.11	35#	
	2355	10	50%RB	22.85	23.5	1.161	0.099	0.11	36#	

LTE Band 40 Upper Band(2350-2360MHz):

LTE Band 66&4:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Face Up	1745	20	1RB	21.46	22.5	1.271	0.100	0.13	37#	
(10mm)	1770	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1745	20	50%RB	21.29	22.5	1.321	0.082	0.11	38#	
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body Back	1745	20	1RB	21.46	22.5	1.271	0.563	0.72	39#	
(0mm)	1770	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1745	20	50%RB	21.29	22.5	1.321	0.436	0.58	40#	

Note: The E-UTRA Operating Band 4 is a subset of band 66, and they are same in modulation type and rated output power, therefore, they were considered as one frequency band during SAR measurement.*

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 3. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
- 4. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.
- 8. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Face Up

SAR probe	Frequency	Erog (MHz)	EUT Desition	Meas. SA	Largest to Smallest	
calibration point	Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Body

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAI	Largest to Smallest		
calibration point	Band	rieq.(Miriz)	LOTTOSICION	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.

3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

SAR Plots

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)				
Measurement system											
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0				
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3				
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0				
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5				
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9				
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2				
		Test sample	related								
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8				
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3				
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9				
		Phantom and	d set-up								
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3				
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2				
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1				
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4				
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2				
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0				
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9				

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system	•			
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
	-	Phantom ar	nd set-up		-		
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Please Refer to the Attachment.

APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

Declarations

- BACL is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "△". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.
- 2. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.
- 3. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.
- 4. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.
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