## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\,\leqslant\,50\,$  mm are determined by:

[(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min.test separation distance, mm)] •[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{f(GHz)}}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{GHz}}$ 

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest  ${\tt mW}$  and  ${\tt mm}$  before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2441 MHz -1.67 dBm ( 0.681 mW) output power]

(0.681 mW /5mm)  $\cdot$  [  $\sqrt{2.441}$  (GHz)]= 0.2 <3.0 for 1-g SAR

Then SAR evaluation is not required