

MPE Calculation

FCC ID: 2AI6DX92

Remark: Average \leq Peak, which means that calculating the power density applying Peak power is worst case. The worst case operation mode generating the highest power in each frequency range is taken for calculation.

For 11bgn(HT20, HT40):

Frequency range: **2412-2462** MHz Typical use distance: $d \geq 20$ cm

Power density limit for mobile devices at 2.4 GHz: $S \leq 1$ mW/cm²

Maximum measured conducted power (Peak): $P_{\text{conducted}} = 22.52$ dBm = 178.65 mW

Antenna Gain: $G = 2$ dBi = 1.58 on the linear scale

Calculation: $P_{\text{radiated}} = P_{\text{conducted}} + G_{\text{linear}} = 22.52$ dBm + 2 dBi = 24.52 dBm = 283.14 mW

Power density $S = (P_{\text{radiated}}) / (4\pi \times d^2) = 283.14 / 5026 = 0.0563$ mW/cm² < 1 => below limit

For 11an/ac (5.2G):

Frequency range: **5180-5240** MHz Typical use distance: $d \geq 20$ cm

Power density limit for mobile devices at 2.4 GHz: $S \leq 1$ mW/cm²

Maximum measured conducted power (Peak): $P_{\text{conducted}} = 19.73$ dBm = 93.97 mW

Antenna Gain: $G = 2$ dBi = 1.58 on the linear scale

Calculation: $P_{\text{radiated}} = P_{\text{conducted}} + G_{\text{linear}} = 19.73$ dBm + 2 dBi = 21.73 dBm = 148.94 mW

Power density $S = (P_{\text{radiated}}) / (4\pi \times d^2) = 148.94 / 5026 = 0.0296$ mW/cm² < 1 => below limit

For 11an/ac (5.8G):

Frequency range: **5180-5240** MHz Typical use distance: $d \geq 20$ cm

Power density limit for mobile devices at 2.4 GHz: $S \leq 1$ mW/cm²

Maximum measured conducted power (Peak): $P_{\text{conducted}} = 29.31$ dBm = 853.1 mW

Antenna Gain: $G = 2$ dBi = 1.58 on the linear scale

Calculation: $P_{\text{radiated}} = P_{\text{conducted}} + G_{\text{linear}} = 29.31$ dBm + 2 dBi = 31.31 dBm = 1352.07 mW

Power density $S = (P_{\text{radiated}}) / (4\pi \times d^2) = 1352.07 / 5026 = 0.2690$ mW/cm² < 1 => below limit

For BT:

Frequency range: **2402-2480** MHz Typical use distance: $d \geq 20$ cm

Power density limit for mobile devices at 2.4 GHz: $S \leq 1$ mW/cm²

Maximum measured conducted power (Peak): $P_{\text{conducted}} = 3.083$ dBm = 2.03 mW

Antenna Gain: $G = 2$ dBi = 1.58 on the linear scale

Calculation: $P_{\text{radiated}} = P_{\text{conducted}} + G_{\text{linear}} = 3.08$ dBm + 2 dBi = 5.08 dBm = 3.22 mW

Power density $S = (P_{\text{radiated}}) / (4\pi \times d^2) = 3.22 / 5026 = 0.0006$ mW/cm² < 1 => below limit

Remark: Only BT can transmit simultaneous with either one of the WiFi modes, however the sum of power and sum of power density of BT and any WiFi mode is below the limit. The WiFi channel/modes can only transmit separately, but not at the same time.