





FCC PART 15.407  
 ISED RSS-247, ISSUE 1, MAY 2015  
 TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

**Viptela, Inc.**

1732 North First St, Suite 600,  
 San Jose, CA 95110, USA

**FCC ID: 2AI2U100WMAC**  
**IC: 22152-100WMAC**

<b>Report Type:</b> CIIPC Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Wi-Fi Module
<b>Prepared By:</b> Jin Yang Test Engineer	
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<b>Reviewed By:</b> Bo Li RF Supervisor	
Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. 1274 Anvilwood Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94089, USA Tel: (408) 732-9162 Fax: (408) 732-9164	

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\* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*" Rev. 0

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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Revision Number</b>	<b>Report Number</b>	<b>Description of Revision</b>	<b>Date of Revision</b>
0	R16051915-407	Original Report	2016-11-30
1	R16051915-407 Rev A	updates	2016-12-07

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## 1 General Description

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report has been compiled on behalf of *Viptela, Inc.* and their product, *FCC ID: 2AI2U100WMAC, IC: 22152-100WMAC, model number: WLE900VX*, which henceforth is referred to as the EUT (Equipment under Test.) The EUT is a Wi-Fi Module operates in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands.

### 1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 50.95 mm (L) x 30 mm (W) x 3.2 mm (H).

*The test data gathered are from typical production sample, serial number: R16051915-1 assigned by BACL.*

### 1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Viptela, Inc.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and E of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and ISSED RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and ISSED RSS-247 rules for Spurious Emissions and RF exposure.

### 1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

### 1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01r03.

### 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR16-4-2:2011, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values ranging from  $\pm 2.0$  dB for Conducted Emissions tests and  $\pm 4.0$  dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL Corp.

All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratory, Corp. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

### 1.7 Test Facility Registrations

BACLs test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Industry Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

## 1.8 Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

**A- An independent, 3<sup>rd</sup>-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.02)**, in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (\*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report..

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

**B- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.03)** to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):

- 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
- 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
- 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.

- For the Canada (Industry Canada):

1. All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
2. All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
3. All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile & Fixed Radio Services;
4. All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime & Aviation Radio Services;
5. All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
6. All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.

- For Singapore (Info-Communications Development Authority (IDA)):

- 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment – Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2

- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:

- 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;

- 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
- 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.

- For Japan:

- 1 MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
  - All Scope A1 - Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
  - All Scope A2 - Other Terminal Equipment
- 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
  - All Scope B1 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B2 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B3 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

**C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3279.01) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:**

- 1 Electronics and Office Equipment:
  - for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
  - for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
  - for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
  - for Set-top Boxes & Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
  - for Televisions (ver. 6.1)
  - for Computers (ver. 6.0)
  - for Displays (ver. 6.0)
  - for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
  - for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
  - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
  - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
  - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
  - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
  - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
  - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
  - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
  - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
  - For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

**D- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:**

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada - ISEDC) Foreign Certification Body – FCB – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Chinese Taipei (Republic of China – Taiwan):
  - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

- NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
  - Radio & Teleterminal Equipment (R&TTE) Directive 1995/5/EC  
US -EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority – OFTA)  
APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II
- Israel – US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications - Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Development Authority - IDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter-
- USA:
  - ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory – US EPA
  - Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) – US FCC;
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;



## 2 EUT Test Configuration

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### 2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 and FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

### 2.2 EUT Exercise Software

Terminal

### 2.3 Equipment Modifications

N/A

### 2.4 Local Support Equipment

N/A

### 2.5 EUT Internal Configuration Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Sierra Wireless	Module	MC7354
Compex	Wi-Fi Module	WLE900VX

### 3 Summary of Test Results

FCC & ISED Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §2.1091, §15.407(f), ISED RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant <sup>1</sup>
FCC §15.203 ISED RSS-Gen §8.3	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §2.1053, §15.205, §15.209, 15.407(b) ISED RSS-247 §6.2	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Compliant <sup>1</sup>
FCC §15.407(e) ISED RSS-Gen §6.2	Emission Bandwidth	N/A <sup>1</sup>
FCC §407(a) ISED RSS-247 §6.2	Output Power	N/A <sup>1</sup>
FCC §2.1051, §15.407(b) ISED RSS-247 §6.2	Band Edges	N/A <sup>1</sup>
FCC §15.407(a)(5) ISED RSS-247 §6.2	Power Spectral Density	N/A <sup>1</sup>
FCC §2.1051, §15.407(b) ISED RSS-247 §6.2	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	N/A <sup>1</sup>
FCC §15.407(h) ISED RSS-247 §6.3	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	N/A <sup>2</sup>

Compliant<sup>1</sup>: Co-Location configuration.

N/A<sup>1</sup>: share with the original report, FCC ID: TK4WLE900VX, IC: 7849A-WLE900VX

N/A<sup>2</sup>: DFS bands are disabled by the applicant.

## 4 FCC §2.1091, §15.407(f) & ISED RSS-102 - RF Exposure

### 4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.407(f) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guidelines.

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

### 4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

### 4.3 MPE Results

#### 5 GHz Wi-Fi

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>24.97</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>314.0509</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>5785</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>6.7</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>4.677</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.292</u>
<u>FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.0</u>

5 GHz Wi-Fi and WWAN bands can transmit simultaneously. Per FCC KDB 447498, when RF sources have difference frequencies, the fraction of the FCC power density limit shall be determined and the sum of all fractional components shall be less than 1.

Technology	Frequency (MHz)	Max Cond. Power (dBm)	Max Cond. Power (W)	Max Antenna Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle	Average EIRP (dBm)	Average EIRP (mW)	Power Density @ 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	FCC MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
GPRS 2UL	824-849	33.0	1.995	1.8	0.250	28.78	754.988	0.150	0.549
EDGE 2UL	824-849	28.0	0.631	1.8	0.250	23.78	238.748	0.048	0.549
EDGE 3UL	824-849	26.2	0.417	1.8	0.375	23.74	236.609	0.047	0.549
EDGE 4UL	824-849	25.0	0.316	1.8	0.500	23.79	239.315	0.048	0.549
GPRS 2UL	1850-1910	30.0	1.000	6.7	0.250	30.68	1169.338	0.233	1
EDGE 2UL	1850-1910	27.0	0.501	6.7	0.250	27.68	586.057	0.117	1
EDGE 3UL	1850-1910	25.2	0.331	6.7	0.375	27.64	580.806	0.116	1
EDGE 4UL	1850-1910	24.0	0.251	6.7	0.500	27.69	587.449	0.117	1
CDMA BC0	824-849	25.0	0.316	1.8	1.000	26.80	478.630	0.095	0.549
CDMA BC1	1850-1910	25.0	0.316	6.7	1.000	31.70	1479.108	<b>0.294</b>	1
CDMA BC10	817-824	25.0	0.316	1.8	1.000	26.80	478.630	0.095	0.544
UMTS	824-849	24.0	0.251	1.8	1.000	25.80	380.189	0.076	0.549
UMTS	1710-1755	24.0	0.251	6.4	1.000	30.40	1096.478	0.218	1
UMTS	1850-1910	24.0	0.251	6.7	1.000	30.70	1174.898	0.234	1
LTE	704-716	24.0	0.251	3.5	1.000	27.50	562.341	0.112	0.469
LTE	777-787	24.0	0.251	3.5	1.000	27.50	562.341	0.112	0.518
LTE	824-849	24.0	0.251	1.8	1.000	25.80	380.189	0.076	0.549
LTE	1710-1755	24.0	0.251	6.4	1.000	30.40	1096.478	0.218	1
LTE	1850-1910	24.0	0.251	6.7	1.000	30.70	1174.898	0.234	1
LTE	1850-1915	24.0	0.251	6.7	1.000	30.70	1174.898	0.234	1

#### Worst case Co-location RF Exposure

Frequency Band	Max Conducted Power(dBm)	Evaluated Distance (cm)	Worst-Case MPE (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Worst-Case MPE Ratios	Sum of MPE Ratios	Limit
5 GHz WiFi	24.97	20	0.292	1.0	29.2 %	58.6 %	100 %
1850-1910 MHz CDMA BC1	25.0	20	0.294	1.0	29.4 %		

## 5 FCC §15.203 & ISED RSS-Gen §8.3 - Antenna Requirements

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### 5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.407, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the corresponding measurement such as power, PSD, etc. shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to RSS-Gen §8.3: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification, as per RSP-100, must provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the licence-exempt transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna.

Licence-exempt transmitters that have received equipment certification may operate with different types of antennas. However, it is not permissible to exceed the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) limits specified in the applicable standard (RSS) for the licence-exempt apparatus.

Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of licence-exempt transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level.<sup>9</sup> When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

User manuals for transmitters equipped with detachable antennas shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi).

## 5.2 Antenna List

The antennas used by the EUT are permanent attached antennas.

Antenna	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)
Wi-Fi Port 1	2400-2500	2.63
Wi-Fi Port 2	2400-2500	4.54
Wi-Fi Port 3	2400-2500	3.91
Wi-Fi Port 1	5150-5850	4.60
Wi-Fi Port 2	5150-5850	6.69
Wi-Fi Port 3	5150-5850	5.25

## 6 FCC §15.209, §15.407(b) & ISED RSS-247 §6.2 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

### 6.1 Applicable Standard

As Per FCC §15.205(a) except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3 3458 – 3 358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.209: The emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 Note 1	3
88 - 216	150 Note 1	3
216 - 960	200 Note 1	3
Above 960	500	3

Note 1: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC Part 15.407 (b)

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of  $-27$  dBm/MHz.

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47 -5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

(ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.

(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

(7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

As per RSS-247 §6.2

For transmitters operating in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. However, any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250- 5350 MHz must be 26 dBc, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth, above 5.25 GHz. Otherwise, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall implement dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and transmitter power control (TPC) as per the requirements for the band 5250-5350 MHz

For devices with both operating frequencies and channel bandwidths contained within the band 5250-5350 MHz, the device shall comply with the following:

1. All emissions outside the band 5250-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. if the equipment is intended for outdoor use; or
2. All emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. and any emissions within the band 5150-5250 MHz shall meet the power spectral density limits of Section 6.2.1. The device shall be labelled “for indoor use only.”

For devices with operating frequencies in the band 5250-5350 MHz but having a channel bandwidth that overlaps the band 5150-5250 MHz, the devices’ unwanted emission shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. outside the band 5150-5350 MHz and its power shall comply with the spectral power density for operation within the band 5150-5250 MHz. The device shall be labelled “for indoor use only.”

For transmitters operating in the band 5470-5725 MHz, emissions outside the band shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.



For the band 5725-5850 MHz, emissions at frequencies from the band edges to 10 MHz above or below the band edges shall not exceed -17 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. For emissions at frequencies more than 10 MHz above or below the band edges, the emissions power shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz.

## 6.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.407 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

## 6.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT is set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which is varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 meter or 1.5 meter above ground plane, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

(1) Peak:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 3\text{MHz} / \text{Sweep} = 100\text{ms}$

(2) Average:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 10\text{Hz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$

## 6.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{CA} = \text{Ai} + \text{AF} + \text{CL} + \text{Atten} - \text{Ga}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit for Class A. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

## 6.5 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL Asset #	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
124	Rohde & Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100044	2015-07-23	2 years
424	Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	US45303156	2016-01-19	1 year
323	Sunol Sciences	Controller, System	SC104V	011003-1	Cal. Not required	N/A
317	Sunol Sciences	Antenna, Biconi-Log	JB1	A013105-3	2015-07-11	2 years
187	A.R.A.	Antenna, Horn	DRG-118/A	1132	2015-09-21	2 years
661	-	SMA Cable	-	-	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
238	HP	Pre- Amp	8447D	2944A06639	2016-06-28	1 year
691	Wireless Solutions	Conducted Emission Cable	LMR 400	691	2016-06-29	1year
778	IW	AOBOR Hi frequency Co AX CabelCable	DC 1531	KPS-1501A3960KPS	2016-08-05	1 year
-	-	SMA cable	-	C0001	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
32	Agilent	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3008A01978	2016-09-02	1year

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

**Statement of Traceability:** BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

## 6.6 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22-24 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	40-41 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	103.1-104.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang from 2016-10-20 at 5 meter 3.

## 6.7 Summary of Test Results

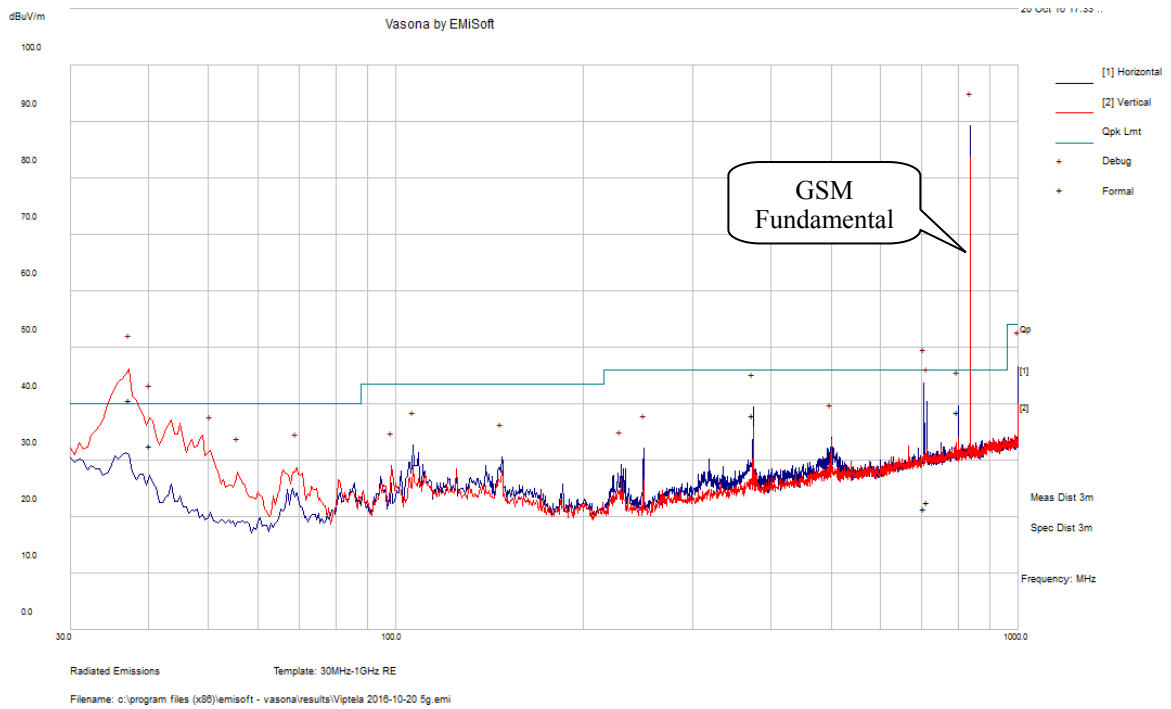
According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.407 & RSS-247 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Mode, Channel
-0.29	37.3555	Vertical	Co-location

### 6.8 Radiated Emissions Test Result Data

#### 1) 30 MHz–1 GHz

Wi-Fi 5785 MHz with GSM 836.6 MHz



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments
37.3555	39.71	131	V	343	40	-0.29	QP
705.7213	21.55	287	H	294	46	-24.45	QP
40.317	32.59	117	V	228	40	-7.41	QP
712.9315	22.71	245	H	0	46	-23.29	QP
799.9853	38.65	100	H	360	46	-7.35	QP
374.9883	38.07	101	H	160	46	-7.93	QP

**2) Above 1 GHz**

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Test Antenna		Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m)	FCC/ISED		Comments
		Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Co-Location. Wi-Fi 5785 MHz and GSM 836.6 MHz									
1673.2	52.91	H	25.519	4.180	38.67	43.939	74	-30.061	PK
1673.2	39.55	H	25.519	4.180	38.67	30.579	54	-23.421	AV
1673.2	51.72	V	25.519	4.180	38.67	42.749	74	-31.251	PK
1673.2	39.68	V	25.519	4.180	38.67	30.709	54	-23.291	AV
11570	47.81	H	40.110	12.570	37.450	63.040	74	-10.960	PK
11570	35.17	H	40.110	12.570	37.450	50.400	54	-3.600	AV
11570	47.77	V	40.110	12.570	37.450	63.000	74	-11.000	PK
11570	35.19	V	40.110	12.570	37.450	50.420	54	-3.580	AV