

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: iPulseOx Pulse Oximeter

Trademark: iPulseOx

Model Name: SMPO1000-US

Family Model: N/A

Report No.: S21122302901001

Prepared for

Smart Meter Corporation

201 E. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 880, Tampa, FL 33602

Prepared by

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518126 P.R.China.

Tel.: 400-800-6106, 0755-2320 0050, 0755-2320 0090

Website: http://www.ntek.org.cn



TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name: Smart Meter Corporation

Address.....: 201 E. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 880, Tampa, FL 33602

Manufacturer's Name: Shanghai Berry Electronic Tech Co., Ltd.

Unit 104, 1st Floor, 7th Building, NO.1188 Lianhang Road, Minhang

District, 201112 Shanghai, China

Product description

Product name: iPulseOx Pulse Oximeter

Trademark: iPulseOx

Model Name: SMPO1000-US

Family Model: N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards: ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992;IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests...... Dec. 24, 2021 ~ Dec. 27, 2021

Date of Issue Dec. 30, 2021

Test Result......Pass

Prepared By

(Test Engineer)

(Jacob Chen)

Approved By (Lab Manager)

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REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Dec. 30, 2021	Jacob Chen





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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT 1.6 W/kg & LIMB LIMIT 4.0W/Kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for SMPO1000-US are as follows.

DE Exposure Conditions	Equipment Class -Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)					
RF Exposure Conditions	PCE	DTS	NII	DSS		
1-g Body (Separation distance of 0mm)	1.417	N/A	N/A	N/A		
10-g Limb (Separation distance of 0mm)	0.737	N/A	N/A	N/A		

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/ uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Body, 4.0 W/Kg for Limb) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information						
Product Name	iPulseOx Pulse Oximeter					
Trade Name	iPulseOx					
Model Name	SMPO1000-US					
Family Model	N/A					
Device Phase	Identical Prototype					
Exposure Category	General population / Uncon	trolled environment				
Antenna	PIFA Antenna					
Hard Ware Version	V5					
Soft Ware Version	V1					
Device Operating Configurations						
Supporting Mode(s)	eMTC Band 2/12					
Test Modulation	eMTC(QPSK/16QAM)					
Device Class	Cat M1					
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	eMTC Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990			
	eMTC Band 12	699-716	729-746			
Power Class	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 2)					
I OWEI Class	3, tested with power control all Max.(eMTC Band 12)					

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1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

1.5. Ambient Condition

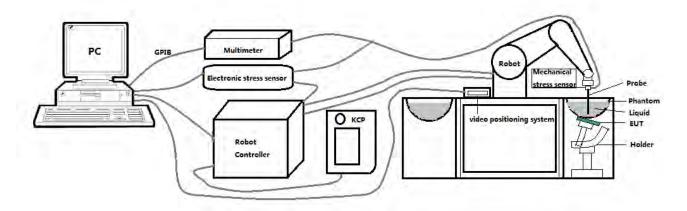
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices

Ambient temperature	20°C - 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.



2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119

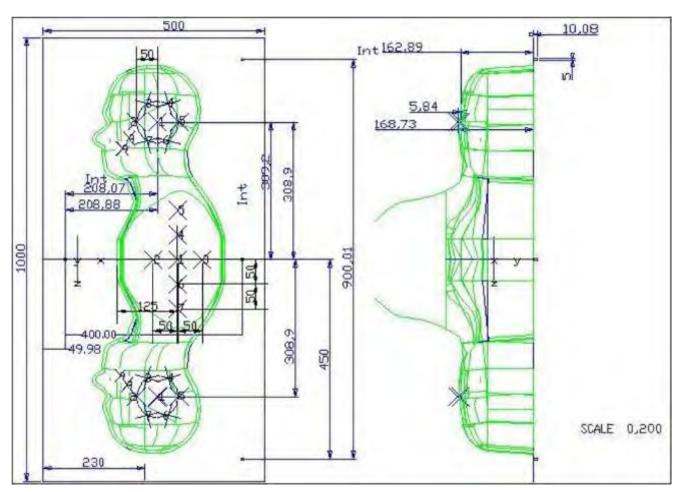


The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by iPulseOx Pulse Oximeters.



2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



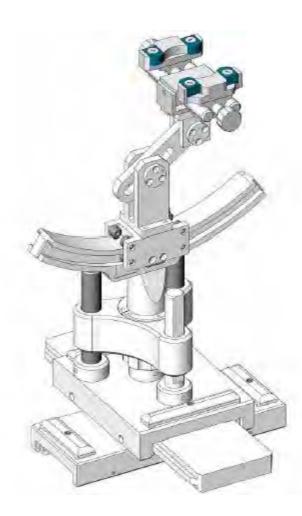
Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
SN 16/15 SAM119	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	



2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked $\ igsim$

	Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
	Maridiacturei	Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	WVG	ETILLD FROBL	JULZ	3N 00/10 LF GO20/	2021	2022
\boxtimes	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	700 WIT IZ BIPOIC	010700	0G750-355	2021	2024
	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	10100	000 Wii 12 Bipole	CIDOOO	0G835-347	2021	2024
П	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	300 WI 12 DIPOIC	OIDSOO	0G900-348	2021	2024
	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	10100	1000 WII IZ BIPOIC	0101000	1G800-349	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	WIVO	1300 WIT IZ DIPOIC	0101300	1G900-350	2021	2024
$ \Box $	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	2000 WII IZ DIPOIC	OIDZOOO	2G000-351	2021	2024
$ \Box $	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	IVIVO	2400 WII IZ DIPOIC	OIDZ+30	2G450-352	2021	2024
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	WIVO	2000 WII IZ DIPOIC	OIDZOOO	2G600-356	2021	2024
	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
	WVO	3000 WII IZ DIPOIE	34403300	3N 13/14 WOA 33	2021	2024
\boxtimes	MVG	Liquid	SCLMP	ON 24/45 OODO 72	NCR	NCR
	10100	measurement Kit	OOLIVII	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	TTOTT	NOIX
\boxtimes	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
		Universal radio			Iul O4	lum 20
	R&S	communication	CMU200	117858	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		tester			2021	2022
		Wideband radio			Iul O4	lum 20
\boxtimes	R&S	communication	CMW500	103917	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		tester			2021	2022
\boxtimes	HP	Notwork Analysis	07E2D	2440 104426	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
		Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	2021	2022
\boxtimes	Agilent	PSG Analog	E9257D	MV51110110	Jul. 01,	Jun. 30,
	, ignorit	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	2021	2022



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\boxtimes	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30,
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jul. 01, 2021	Jun. 30, 2022
	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
atial resolv	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding evice with at least one
patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
uniform s	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)
x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$
֡֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	patial resolution graded grid	graded grid $ \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n \ge 1) : $ between subsequent points	The closest measurement point oble sensors) to phantom surface from probe axis to phantom leasurement location $30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ $\leq 2 \text{ GHz} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test of measurement point on the test

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.



4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)		Head Tissue								
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.







4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The

measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

	•	·	•					
	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head	750	41.96	0.89	41.72	0.89	21.7 °C	Dec. 24, 2021	
750	750	(39.86~44.06)	(0.85~0.93)	41.72	0.09	21.7 C	Dec. 24, 2021	
Head	1000	40.00	1.40	38.79	1.46	21.5 °C	Dog 27 2021	
1900	1900	(38.00~42.00)	(1.33~1.47)	30.79	1.40	21.3 C	Dec. 27, 2021	

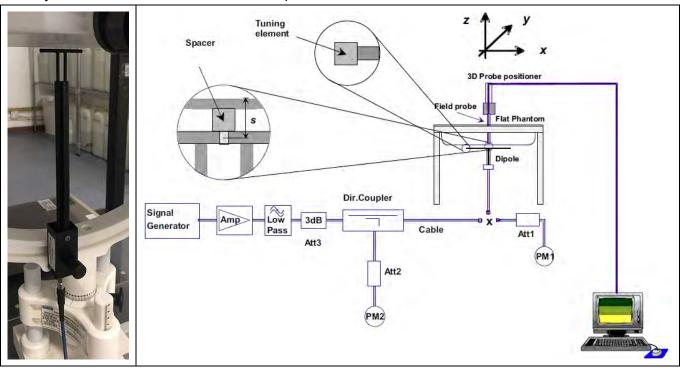
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

	Target SA	,	Measure				
System	(±10	1%)	(Normalize	ed to 1W)	Liquid	Test Date	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg) 10-g (W/Kg)		1-g	10-g	Temp.	Test Date Dec. 24, 2021	
	i g (vvitg)	To g (V///tg)	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
750MHz	8.53	5.56	7.75	5.76	21.7 °C	Dec 24 2021	
7 00111112	(7.68~9.38)	(5.01~6.11)	7.73	0.70	21.7	DCC. 24, 2021	
1900MHz	40.37	20.48	37.49	21.39	21.5 °C	Dec. 27, 2021	
1900101112	(36.34~44.40)	(18.44~22.52)	J1.48	21.39	21.5 0	Dec. 27, 2021	

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Body Worn Accessory

- 1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.</p>
- 2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

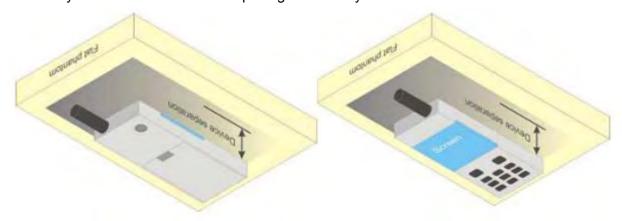


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.2. Hand-held device

The device shall be placed directly against the flat phantom as shown in Figure 6.2, for those sides of the device that are in contact with the hand during intended use.

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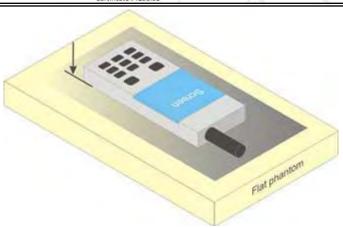


Figure 6.2 – Test position for hand-held devices



7. RF Output Power

7.1. eMTC Conducted Power

Dand	Band	NA salvala ti a sa		RB juration	T	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Band	Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3
			1	0	22.00	21.77	21.46	21.12
		QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.99	21.68	21.09
eMTC	4 4 5 4 1 1 -		6	0	20.00	19.98	19.74	19.33
Band 2	1.4MHz		1	0	21.50	21.01	20.23	20.51
_		16QAM	1	5	21.50	20.99	20.75	20.47
			6	0	20.00	19.98	19.75	19.32
.	Band			RB Juration	_	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Band	Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5
			1	0	22.00	21.83	21.45	21.16
		QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.66	21.65	21.09
eMTC Band	3MHz		6	0	20.00	19.83	19.66	19.34
2	SIVII IZ		1	0	21.00	20.95	20.76	20.43
_		16QAM	1	5	21.00	20.50	20.76	20.40
			6	0	20.00	19.82	19.65	19.25
Band	Band	Modulation		RB Configuration		Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Dallu	Width	Wodulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5
			1	0	22.00	21.81	21.42	21.06
MEG		QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.89	21.44	21.03
eMTC Band	5MHz		6	0	21.00	20.92	20.58	20.29
2	JIVII IZ		1	0	21.50	21.14	20.69	20.49
_		16QAM	1	5	21.50	21.06	20.68	20.53
			6	0	21.00	20.92	20.58	20.29
Band	Band	Modulation		RB Juration	Tung un	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Dariu	Width	Wodulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905
			1	0	22.00	21.92	21.27	21.07
		QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.87	21.28	21.08
eMTC Band	10MHz		6	0	21.00	20.85	20.54	20.23
2	TOWNIZ		1	0	21.00	20.94	20.47	20.49
_		16QAM	1	5	21.00	20.97	20.66	20.54
			6	0	21.00	20.85	20.52	20.22
Band	Band	Modulation	Config	RB uration	Tune-up	Chani	nel/Frequency	(MHz)
Danu	Width	wodulation	RB Size	RB Offset	rune-up	18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5
eMTC			1	0	22.00	21.88	21.28	21.08
Band	15MHz	QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.83	21.29	21.14
2			6	0	22.00	21.70	21.31	21.23



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			1	0	21.00	20.93	20.48	20.53		
		16QAM	1	5	21.00	20.95	20.59	20.62		
			6	0	22.00	21.68	21.34	21.22		
Band	Band Width	Modulation		RB juration	ration Channel/Frequency(MHz)					
Dallu		Wodulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900		
			1	0	22.00	21.79	21.38	21.14		
		QPSK	1	5	22.00	21.88	21.40	21.18		
eMTC Band	20MHz		6	0	22.00	21.75	21.33	21.27		
2	ZUIVITZ		1	0	21.00	20.95	20.57	20.58		
		16QAM	1	5	21.00	20.97	20.61	20.61		
			6	0	22.00	21.75	21.32	21.26		

	Dand			RB		Chan	nel/Frequency(MHz)
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB	uration RB	Tune-up		. ,	
	VVIGUI		Size	Offset		23017/699.7	20.37 20 20.42 20 18.22 18 19.32 19 19.40 19 18.21 18 19.39 20 19.39 19 19.37 19 18.31 18 19.39 19 19.37 19 18.31 18 19.39 19 19.37 19 20.43 20 19.38 19 20.21 19 20.22 19 19.28 19 20.22 19 19.28 19 20.22 19 19.28 19 20.21 19 20.22 19 20.43 19 20.43 19	23173/715.3
			1	0	21.00	20.58	20.37	20.25
		QPSK	1	5	21.00	20.66	20.42	20.23
eMTC	1.4MHz		6	0	19.00	18.58	18.22	18.05
Band 12	1. 4 1VI⊓∠		1	0	19.50	19.40	19.32	19.10
		16QAM	1	5	19.50	19.45	19.40	19.25
			6	0	19.00	18.57	18.21	18.04
Band	Band Width	Modulation		RB juration RB	Tune-up	Chan	nel/Frequency((MHz)
	vvidiri		Size	Offset		23025/700.5	23095/707.5	23165/714.5
			1	0	21.00	20.55	20.34	20.20
MATO		QPSK	1	5	21.00	20.63	20.43	20.19
eMTC Band 12	3MHz		6	0	18.50	18.49	18.30	18.03
			1	0	20.00	19.56	19.39	19.14
		16QAM	1	5	20.00	19.59	19.37	19.11
			6	0	18.50	18.49	18.31	18.03
	Band			RB juration	_	Chan	nel/Frequency((MHz)
Band	Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	23035/701.5	23095/707.5	23155/713.5
			1	0	21.00	20.56	20.39	20.15
MATO		QPSK	1	5	21.00	20.67	20.39	20.08
eMTC Band	5MHz		6	0	20.00	19.64	19.28	19.07
12	SIVII IZ		1	0	20.50	20.35	20.21	19.82
		16QAM	1	5	20.50	20.41	20.22	19.94
			6	0	20.00	19.63	19.28	19.07
Band	Band	Modulation		RB juration	Tupo up	Channel/Frequency(M		MHz)
Danu	Width	iviouulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Tune-up	23060/704	23095/707.5	23130/711
eMTC	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	20.55	20.43	19.99
Band	TOIVIE	QF3N	1	5	21.00	20.60	20.42	20.16



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				CCITITICATE II TESO!	01				_
Ī	12		6	0	20.00	19.62	19.40	19.02	Ī
			1	0	20.50	20.40	20.14	19.78	
		16QAM	1	5	20.50	20.40	20.21	20.04	
			6	0	20.00	19.62	19.41	19.03	

8. SAR Results

8.1. SAR measurement results

8.1.1. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 2

Test Position	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	Separation distance (mm)		Value (kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g	Date
_									(W/Kg)	
					Body					
Front	18900/1880	20M	0	1.233	0.642	3.98	21.40	22.00	1.416	2021/12/27
Side		QPSK(1,5)								
Back	40000/4000	20M	0	0.554	0.074	2.05	24.40	22.00	0.000	2024/42/27
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.551	0.274	3.05	21.40	22.00	0.633	2021/12/27
Left		20M	_							
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.769	0.394	-1.29	21.40	22.00	0.883	2021/12/27
Right		20M								
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.269	0.135	-0.37	21.40	22.00	0.309	2021/12/27
Тор		20M	_							
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.436	0.226	2.51	21.40	22.00	0.501	2021/12/27
Bottom		20M								
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.576	0.301	-3.10	21.40	22.00	0.661	2021/12/27
Inner	10000/1000	20M		2 2 4 4	0.040	0.00	04.40	00.00	0.700	0004/40/07
Side	18900/1880	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.641	0.318	3.20	21.40	22.00	0.736	2021/12/27
Front	40700/4000	20M		4.004	0.070	4.00	04.00	00.00	4.047	0004/40/07
Side	18700/1860	QPSK(1,5)	0	1.281	0.670	-1.06	21.88	22.00	1.317	2021/12/27
Front	10100/1000	20M	0	1 170	0.650	0.07	21.40	22.00	1 447	2024/42/27
Side	19100/1900	QPSK(1,5)	0	1.173	0.650	-0.37	21.18	22.00	1.417	2021/12/27

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 2.

Test	Test channel Test Mo		Separation distance		Value ′kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Position	/Freq.	rest Mode	(mm)	1g	10g	(±5%)		power (dBm)	10g (W/Kg)	Date
					Limb					
Front	18900/1880	20M	0	1.233	0.642	3.98	21.40	22.00	0.737	2021/12/27



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Side		QPSK(1,5)								
Back	18900/1880	20M	0	0.551	0.274	3.05	21.40	22.00	0.315	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.551	0.274	3.00	21.40	22.00	0.515	2021/12/21
Left	18900/1880	20M	0	0.769	0.394	-1.29	21.40	22.00	0.452	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	O	0.709	0.394	-1.29	21.40	22.00	0.432	2021/12/21
Right	18900/1880	20M	0	0.269	0.135	-0.37	21.40	22.00	0.155	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.209	0.133	-0.37	21.40	22.00	0.155	2021/12/27
Тор	18900/1880	20M	0	0.436	0.226	2.51	21.40	22.00	0.259	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	O	0.430	0.220	2.51	21.40	22.00	0.239	2021/12/21
Bottom	18900/1880	20M	0	0.576	0.301	-3.10	21.40	22.00	0.346	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	O	0.576	0.301	-3.10	21.40	22.00	0.340	2021/12/21
Inner	18900/1880	20M	0	0.641	0.318	3.20	21.40	22.00	0.365	2021/12/27
Side	10900/1000	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.041	0.516	3.20	21.40	22.00	0.303	2021/12/21

NOTE: Limb SAR test results of eMTC Band 2.

8.1.2. SAR measurement Result of eMTC Band 12

Test	Test channel	Test Mode	Separation distance	SAR (W/	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date
Position	/Freq.		(mm)	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	
		1	1	1	Body					
Front	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.679	0.353	-0.45	20.42	21.00	0.776	2021/12/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.679	0.353	-0.45	20.42	21.00	0.776	2021/12/24
Back	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.306	0.151	-3.07	20.42	21.00	0.350	2021/12/24
Side	23093/101.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.300	0.151	-3.07	20.42	21.00	0.330	2021/12/24
Left	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.407	0.212	2.37	20.42	21.00	0.465	2021/12/24
Side	23093/101.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.407	0.212	2.37	20.42	21.00	0.405	2021/12/24
Right	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.136	0.068	3.34	20.42	21.00	0.155	2021/12/24
Side	23093/101.3	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.130	0.000	5.54	20.42	21.00	0.133	2021/12/24
Тор	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.204	0.106	3.86	20.42	21.00	0.233	2021/12/24
Side	23093/101.3	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.204	0.100	3.00	20.42	21.00	0.233	2021/12/24
Bottom	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.306	0.157	1.25	20.42	21.00	0.350	2021/12/24
Side	23093/101.3	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.300	0.157	1.20	20.42	21.00	0.550	2021/12/24
Inner	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.367	0.185	-0.75	20.42	21.00	0.419	2021/12/24
Side	23093/107.5	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.307	0.100	-0.73	20.42	21.00	0.418	2021/12/24

NOTE: Body SAR test results of eMTC Band 12.

Test	Test		Separation	SAR	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position	channel	Test Mode	distance	(W/	′kg)	Drift	power	power	SAR	Date
FOSITION	/Freq.		(mm)	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	10g	



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				tate #4256.01						
									(W/Kg)	
					Limb					
Front	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.679	0.353	-0.45	20.42	21.00	0.403	2021/12/24
Side	23095/101.5	QPSK(1,5)	O	0.079	0.333	-0.43	20.42	21.00	0.403	2021/12/24
Back	23095/707.5	10M	0	0.306	0.151	-3.07	20.42	21.00	0.173	2021/12/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.306	0.151	-3.07	20.42	21.00	0.173	2021/12/24
Left	22005/707 5	10M	0	0.407	0.212	2.37	20.42	21.00	0.242	2021/12/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.407	0.212	2.37	20.42	21.00	0.242	2021/12/24
Right	22005/707.5	10M	0	0.136	0.060	3.34	20.42	24.00	0.079	2024/42/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.136	0.068	3.34	20.42	21.00	0.078	2021/12/24
Тор	22005/707 5	10M	0	0.204	0.406	3.86	20.42	21.00	0.424	2024/42/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	0	0.204	0.106	3.80	20.42	21.00	0.121	2021/12/24
Bottom	22005/707.5	10M	0	0.206	0.157	1.05	20.42	24.00	0.170	2024/42/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.306	0.157	1.25	20.42	21.00	0.179	2021/12/24
Inner	22005/707 5	10M	0	0.267	0 10F	0.75	20.42	21.00	0.211	2021/12/24
Side	23095/707.5	QPSK(1,5)	U	0.367	0.185	-0.75	20.42	21.00	0.211	2021/12/24

NOTE: Limb SAR test results of eMTC Band 12.

9. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

10. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 750MHz
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 1900MHz



MEASUREMENT 1

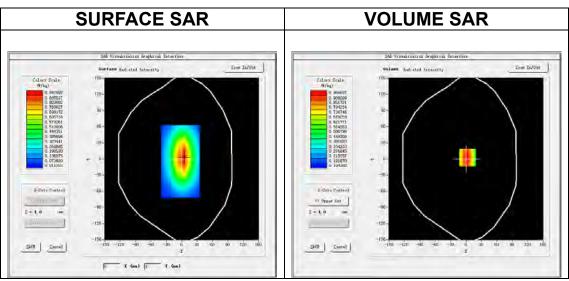
Date of measurement: 24/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

2 11 = 21 0 11 11 11 11 11 11	
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW750</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

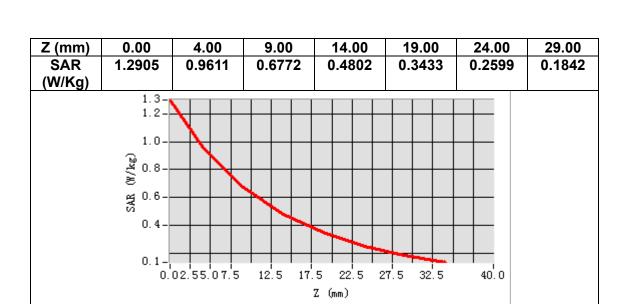
B. SAR Measurement Results

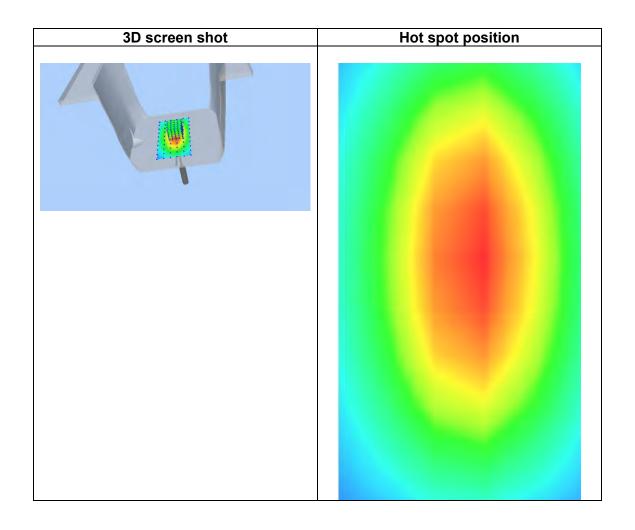
tit mododiomonti itoodito	
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.717647
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.444741
Conductivity (S/m)	0.893531
Variation (%)	1.410000



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00 SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.576016
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.775147







MEASUREMENT 2

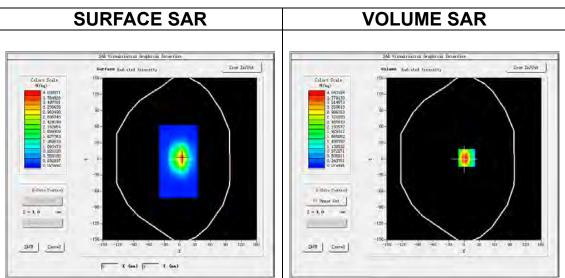
Date of measurement: 27/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

A. Experimental conditions.	
Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

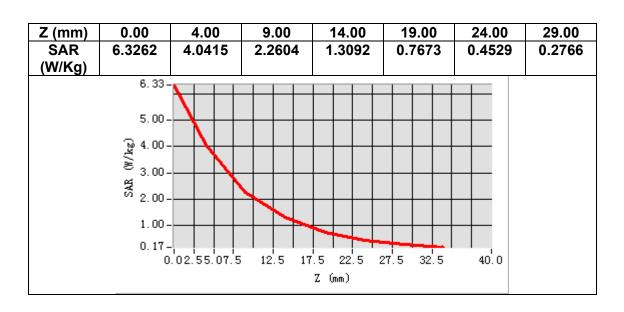
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.793900
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.840659
Conductivity (S/m)	1.460958
Variation (%)	-1.390000

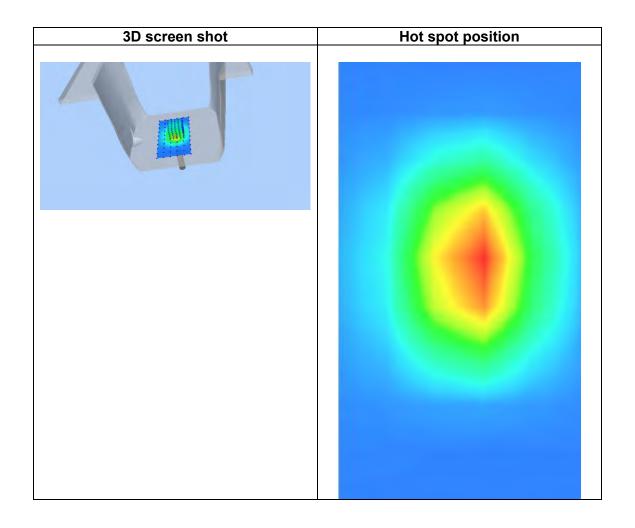


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.139105
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.749298











11. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 eMTC Band 2 Body
MEASUREMENT 2 eMTC Band 2 Limb
MEASUREMENT 3 eMTC Band 12 Body & Limb



MEASUREMENT 1

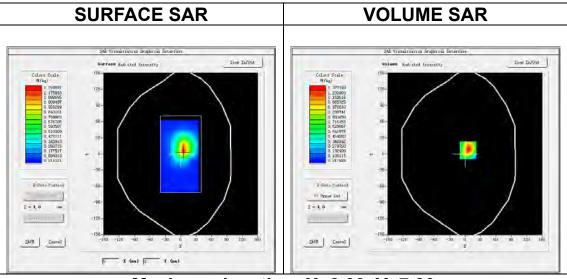
Date of measurement: 27/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

A: Experimental conditions	<u>•</u>			
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm			
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane			
<u>Device Position</u>	Body			
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 2			
<u>Channels</u>	Low			
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)			

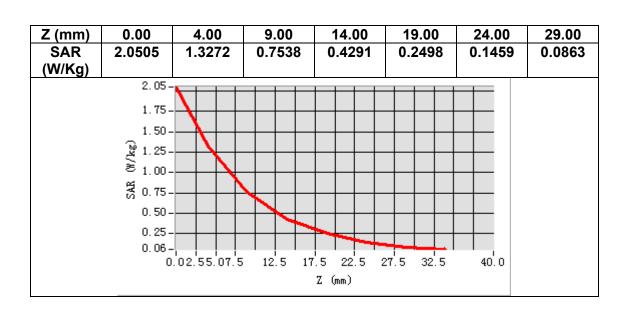
B. SAR Measurement Results

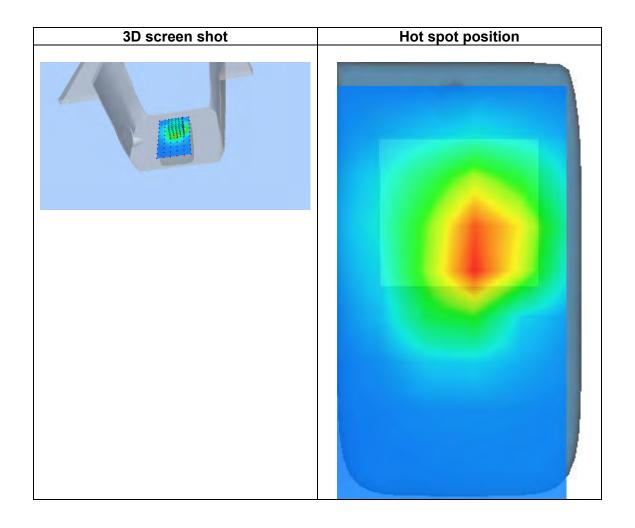
Art moderation recounts	
Frequency (MHz)	1860.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.981949
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.887009
Conductivity (S/m)	1.434605
Variation (%)	-1.060000



Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=7.00 SAR Peak: 2.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.669733		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.280523		







MEASUREMENT 2

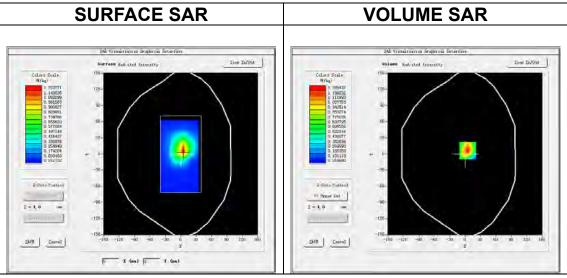
Date of measurement: 27/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditione				
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm			
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm			
Phantom	Validation plane			
<u>Device Position</u>	Body			
<u>Band</u>	eMTC band 2			
<u>Channels</u>	Middle			
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)			

B. SAR Measurement Results

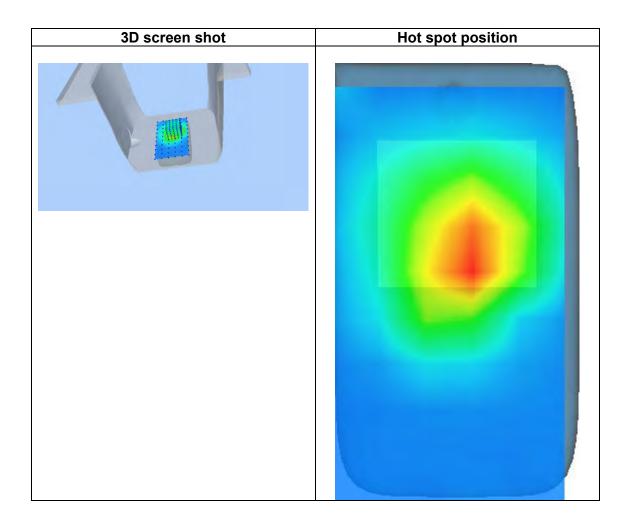
Art moderation recounts	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.888802
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.862209
Conductivity (S/m)	1.447446
Variation (%)	3.980000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 2.00 W/kg

	<u> </u>		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.641783		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.233475		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.9994	1.2805	0.7181	0.4106	0.2366	0.1356	0.0786
(W/Kg)							
	2.00-						
	1.75-	\longrightarrow			++++		
	1.50-	\rightarrow					
	િ⊮ 1.25 -						
	(20) 1.25 - ⊗ 1.00 -						
	뚨 0.75-						
	0.50-						
	0.25 -						
	0.05-	-	12.5 17	.5 22.5 2	27.5 32.5	40.0	
	0.02.55.07.5 12.5 17.5 22.5 27.5 32.5 40.0 Z (mm)						





MEASUREMENT 3

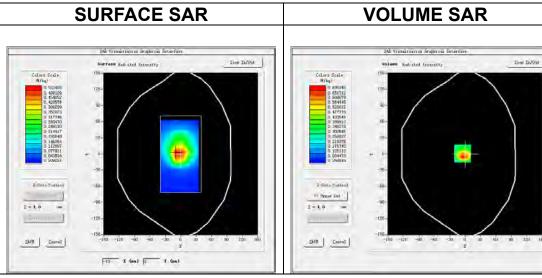
Date of measurement: 24/12/2021

A. Experimental conditions.

A. Experimental conditions	<u>'-</u>		
Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u> <u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>		
ZoomScan			
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>		
Device Position	Body		
Band	eMTC band 12		
Channels	<u>Middle</u>		
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)		

B. SAR Measurement Results

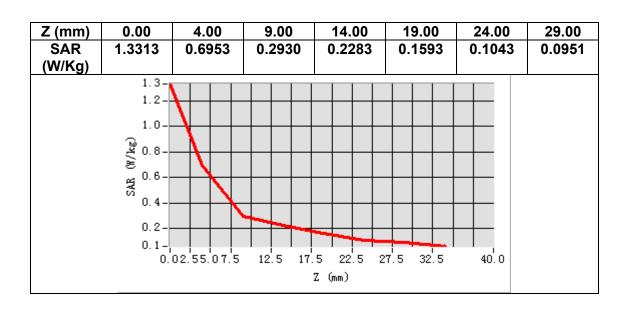
Ait mododiomont itoodito	
Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.246147
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.665441
Conductivity (S/m)	0.851572
Variation (%)	-0.450000

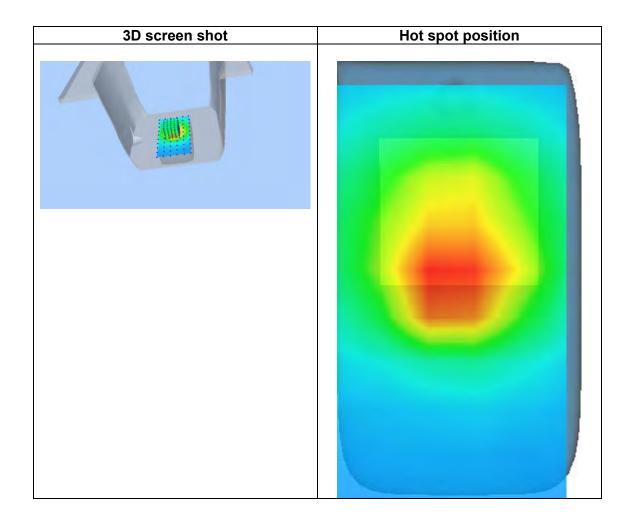


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.352935
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.679385









12. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287	
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	





COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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Report No.: S21122302901001



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK **TESTING** Distribution: **TECHNOLOGY** CO., LTD.

Initial release
1.1

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ		

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be}$ + $d_{\rm step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \mathrm{for} \ \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \ \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{step}}$ is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

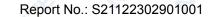
 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe ca	alibration in wave	guide			
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibratio	n Parameters
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole		
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

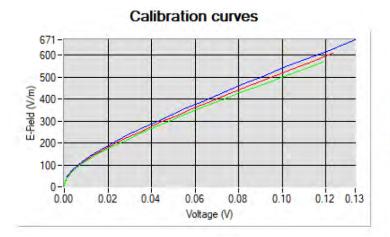
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

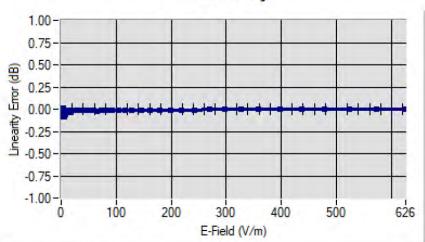
Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A



Dipole 1
Dipole 2
Dipole 3

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL750	750	1.49
HL850	835	1.50
HL900	900	1.61
HL1800	1800	1.73
HL1900	1900	1.91
HL2000	2000	1.97
HL2300	2300	1.92
HL2450	2450	1.98
HL2600	2600	1.87
HL3300	3300	1.79
HL3500	3500	1.85
HL3700	3700	1.79
HL3900	3900	2.07
HL4200	4200	2.21
HL4600	4600	2.25
HL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	1.80
HL5400	5400	2.05
HL5600	5600	2.16
HL5800	5800	2.07

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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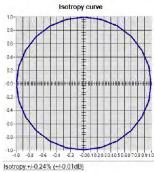


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL1800 MHz



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equi	pment Summary S	Sheet	
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NΔ	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	1 069V /_158_13_/01	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JE
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

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Initial release	



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S21122302901001

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID750		
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 60.2.21 MVGB A

Report No.: S21122302901001

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400 - 6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty

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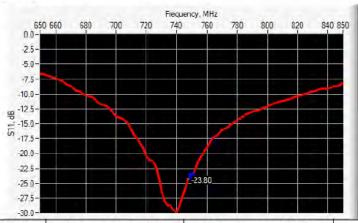
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-23.80	-20	56.4 Ω - 0.1 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h mm		d r	d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured	
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.		
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.		
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	5	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	112	3.6 ±1 %.		
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1 6	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,		51.7 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.		
1500	80.5 ±1 %,		50.0 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.		
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	1.4	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.	110	3.6 ±1 %.		
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.		
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.	11 - 12	3.6 ±1 %.		

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY,MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A

2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.8 sigma: 0.82
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	750750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Relative peri	mittivity (ε,')	Conductivi	ity (σ) S/m
required	measured	required	measured
45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
41.9 ±10 %	41.8	0.89 ±10 %	0.82
41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
	required 45.3 ±10 % 43.5 ±10 % 41.9 ±10 % 41.5 ±10 % 40.5 ±10 % 40.4 ±10 % 40.2 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 %	45.3 ±10 % 43.5 ±10 % 41.9 ±10 % 41.5 ±10 % 41.5 ±10 % 40.5 ±10 % 40.4 ±10 % 40.2 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 %	required measured required 45.3 ±10 % 0.87 ±10 % 43.5 ±10 % 0.87 ±10 % 41.9 ±10 % 41.8 0.89 ±10 % 41.5 ±10 % 0.90 ±10 % 40.5 ±10 % 1.20 ±10 % 40.4 ±10 % 1.23 ±10 % 40.2 ±10 % 1.31 ±10 % 40.1 ±10 % 1.37 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 1.40 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 1.40 ±10 % 40.0 ±10 % 1.40 ±10 %

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR.60.2.21 MVGB.A

2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	11
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.53 (0.85)	5.55	5.56 (0.56
835	9.56		6,22	
900	10,9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	11
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	Jul 1
2300	48.7		23,3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1	7	25	



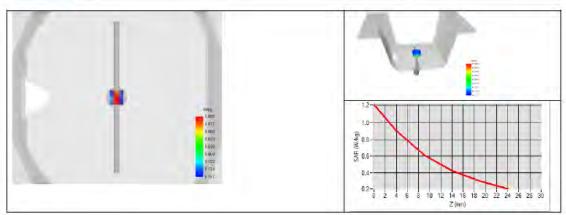
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Ref: ACR.60.2.21.MVGB.A





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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022		
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023		





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JES
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain

2021.03.0 1 13:11:42 +01'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK
	TESTING
	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release
4.5			



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.6.21 MVGB.A

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

Device Under Test				
Device Type COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE				
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID1900			
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP1G900-350			
Product Condition (new / used) Used				

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





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MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss	
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN	

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
0 - 300	0.20 mm	
300 - 450	0.44 mm	

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty

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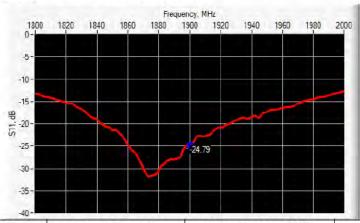
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-24.79	-20	$50.8 \Omega + 5.7 i\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.	11	3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %,	1	51.7 ±1 %.	1.	3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %,		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %,		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.	1.4	3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %,		38.5 ±1 %.	111	3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %,		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.3 sigma: 1.41
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	19001900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε,')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %	43.3	1.40 ±10 %	1.41
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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2100	39.8 ±10 %	1.49 ±10 %
2300	39.5 ±10 %	1.67 ±10 %
2450	39.2 ±10 %	1.80 ±10 %
2600	39.0 ±10 %	1.96 ±10 %
3000	38.5 ±10 %	2.40 ±10 %
3500	37.9 ±10 %	2.91 ±10 %

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2,85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8,49		5,55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6,99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	40.37 (4.04)	20.5	20.48 (2.05)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21,9	
2300	48.7		23,3	
2450	52.4	1 =	24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	-
3500	67.1		25	



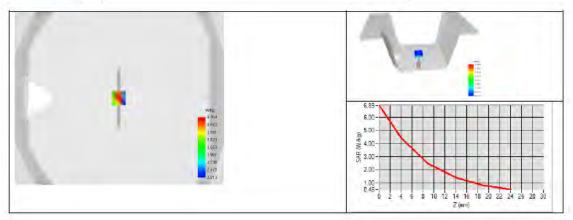
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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023	

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