



# MOOZ-3 OPERATION INSTRUCTION

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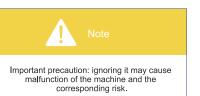
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# **Symbol Description**





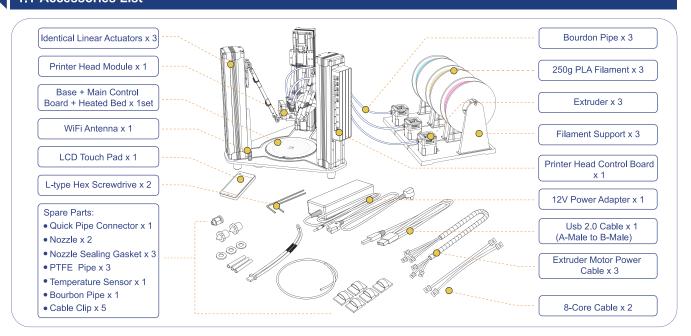




Note: Updated Firmwares, User Manuals, Softwares and Tutorial Videos will be uploaded to our official website www.dobot.cc constantly, please use them for better experience. Any support, please contact us: mooz@dobot.cc.

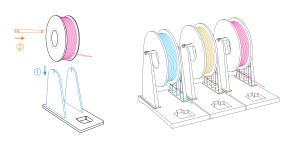
# **Fast Assembly**

# 1.1 Accessories List



# 1.1.1 Install the Filament Support

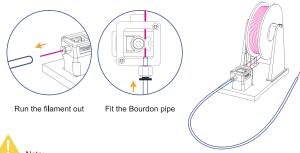
Set up the filament support, and place the filament on it. As shown below



# 1.1.2 Connect the Bourdon Pipe and Extruder

Run the filament through the extruder and insert one end of the bourdon pipe into pipe connector. Keep feeding the filament until it extends out of the other end of the pipe for about 20~30mm.

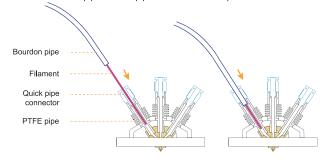
Place the extruder on the filament support orderly after proper connecting.



In case the bourdon pipe and pipe connector need to be detached: Press down the plastic part of the connector and pull the pipe out quickly (see the illustration above).

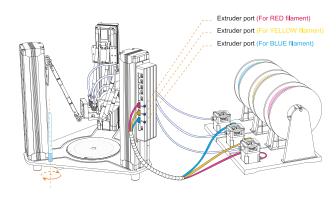
### 1.1.3 Connect the Bourdon Pipe to the Print Head

Straighten out the filament, insert it into the print head. In the meanwhile, feed the bourdon pipe into the pipe connector to clamp it.



### 1.1.4 Install Extruder Motor Power Cables and WifFi Antenna

Connect the extruders to the corresponding ports of the printer head control board with cables. Screw the WiFi antenna on the base clockwisely. As shown below

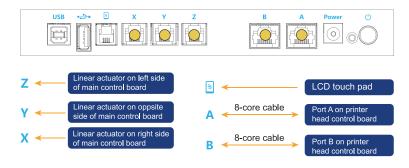


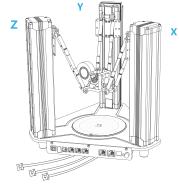
# 1.1.5 Connect Cables to Main Control Board



Warning: Wrong connection of cables may cause burnout of control board! Hot-plug is strictly prohibited! Always make sure that all cables are plugged in place before power-on! Plugging of cables during power-on status will cause malfunction!

Before power on the machine, please follow the chart below and connect all cables to the main control board correctly.







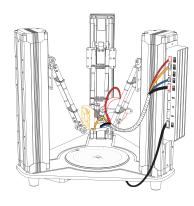
Note: The linear actuators are labeled with X, Y, Z based on mounting positions in the above drawing, which should be connected to the corresponding port on main control board correctly!

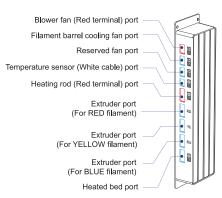
# 1.1.6 Connect Cables to Printer Head Control Board

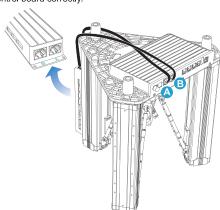


Warning: Wrong connection of cables may cause burnout of control board! Hot-plug is strictly prohibited! Always make sure that all cables are plugged in place before power-on! Plugging of cables during power-on status will cause malfunction!

Before power on the machine, please follow the chart below and connect all cables to the printer head control board correctly.

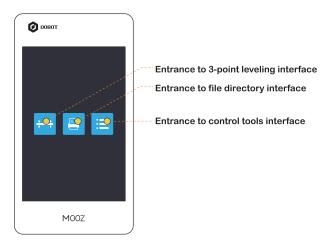




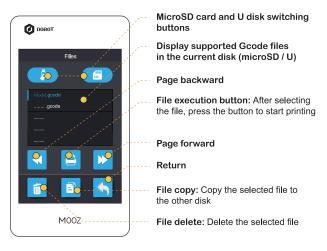


# II Operation Panel

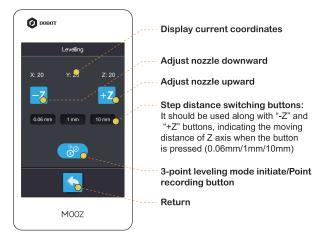
# 2.1 Home Page



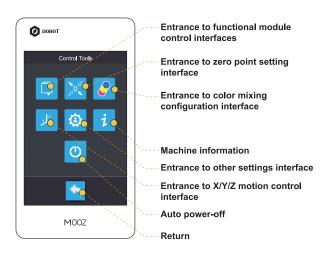
# 2.3 File Directory Interface



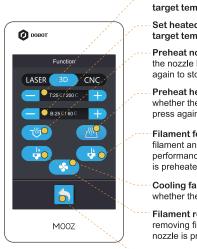
# 2.2 3-Point Leveling Interface



# 2.4 Control Tools Interface



# 2.5 3D Print Functional Module Control Interface



Set nozzle preheat target temperature

Set heated bed preheat target temperature

**Preheat nozzle:** For testing whether the nozzle heating is normal, press again to stop heating

Preheat heated bed: For testing whether the bed heating is normal, press again to stop heating

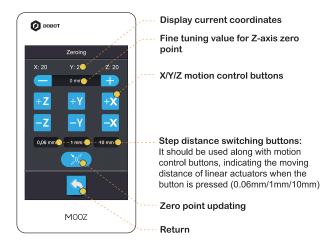
Filament feed button: For installing filament and testing extrusion performance, provided that the nozzle is preheated to about 200°C

**Cooling fan switch:** For detecting whether the cooling fan is normal

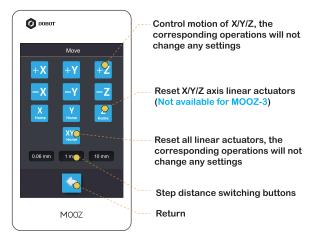
Filament retraction button: For removing filament, provided that the nozzle is preheated to about 200°C

Return

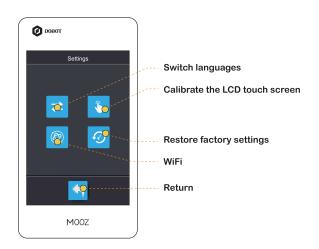
# 2.6 Zero Point Setting Interface



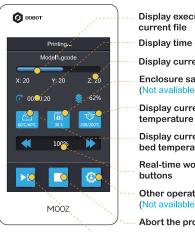
# 2.7 X/Y/Z Motion Control Interface



# 2.8 Other Settings Interface



# 2.9 Working Process Control Interface



Display execution progress of

Display time elapsed

Display current coordinates

**Enclosure safety lock** (Not avaliable for MOOZ-3)

Display current/target nozzle

Display current/target heated bed temperature

Real-time working speed control

Other operations: Filament replacement (Not available for MOOZ-3), auto power-off

Abort the process

Pause/Continue the process

# 2.10 Switch Mixing Mode Configuration Interface



Red filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means red filament will not be used to mix

Yellow filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means yellow filament will not be used to mix

Blue filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means blue filament will not be used to mix

Height adjustment:

Adjustment range: 1~100, default is 30mm

Display current switching scheme:

A maximum of 4-color switching is supported, you can set different height for each color

Applied configured mixing scheme

Default color mixing scheme

# 2.11 Gradient Mixing Mode Configuration Interface



Red filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means red filament will not be used to mix

Yellow filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means yellow filament will not be used to mix

Blue filament percentage:

Adjustment range: 0~100, 0 means blue filament will not be used to mix

Gradient cycle:

Adjustment range: 1~100, default is 30mm

Display current mixing scheme: Cb is cycle begin color, and Ce is cycle end color



# **3D Printing**

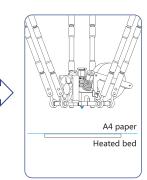
# 3.1 3-Point Leveling

Please follow the guide of the machine to record three different points to define a plane parallel to the heated bed, these three points must be recorded in order with nozzle in the areas shown in the drawing below, one in each. The calibration requires to be set only for the first use.

### Operation steps:



Press the "Entrance to 3-point leveling interface" button



Place a piece of A4 paper on the heated bed



Press the "3-point leveling mode initiate/Point recording" button to enter 3-point leveling mode, and the nozzle will automatically go to a position right above Point ①



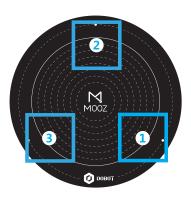
Press the "-Z" button to get the nozzle closer to the heated bed, and move the A4 paper back and forth at the same time. Stop just when the paper can slip with slight friction



Press the "3-point leveling mode initiate/Point recording" button to record Point ①, The nozzle will automatically go to a position right above Point ② after successful recording



Do the same height adjusting and point recording steps to record Point ② and ③. After successful leveling, the machine will home again and exit 3-point leveling mode





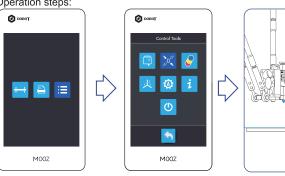
Note: 1. Please access to www.dobot.cc to download and upgrade the mainboard firmware! 2. 3-point leveling mode can only be entered with 3D printing head connected.

- ${\it 3. Only Z coordinates will be recorded, so all you need to do is adjusting the height with a piece of paper.}\\$
- 4. The recorded points will not be lost after power-off. But, once entering 3-point leveling mode, previously recorded points will be cleared automatically.
- 5. Friction status of the three points should be as uniform as possible. Pay attention when traveling the head downward, especially when the nozzle is getting too close to the bed. Even though the height detect protection will take effect and force the machine to go 0.06mm each press, the heated bed may also get burnt if you continuously move it downward without testing the height with a piece of paper.
- 6. A re-assembled machine should be re-levelled.

# 3.2 Set the Zero Point

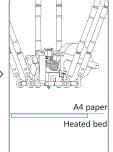
Zero point is the start point for the machine to print, which requires to be set only for the first use.

### Operation steps:



Press the "Entrance to control tools interface" button

Press the "Entrance to zero point setting interface" button



Place a piece of A4 paper on the heated bed



Press the "-Z" button to get the nozzle closer to the heated bed, and move the A4 paper back and forth at the same time. Stop just when the paper can slip with slight friction



Press the "Zero point updating button to record the position of zero point. The machine will home again after successful recording

### Fine tuning:

This function allows users to fine tune the zero of Z-axis according to bonding status of the first layer, in case the zero point is not satisfactory after standard setting procedures. For instance, if the zero point is too high and causing bonding failure of the first layer:



Press " - " button to set a negative fine tuning value



Press the "Zero point updating" button to fine tune the zero point with the value you set. The machine will home again after successful updating



- 1. Only the zero of Z-axis need to be set and recorded. Zeros of X-axis and Y-axis are system default values and will not and cannot be changed.
- 2. Too high Z-axis zero position will lead to loose bonding at the bottom, causing the model falling off, and too low position will make it difficult to take off the model or even scratch the heated bed. Dedicated fine tuning is always required to obtain satisfactory first several layers. If the zero point is too high, please use a negative fine tuning value and use a positive fine tuning value if the zero point is too low.
- 3. Pay attention when moving the head downward, especially when the nozzle is getting too close to the bed. Even though the height detect protection will take effect and force the machine to go 0.06mm each press, the heated bed may also get burnt if you continuously move it downward without testing the height with a piece of paper.
- 4. The zero point will not be lost after power-off, so there's no need to reset it. However, the zero point may be deviated and needs to be reset after the reassembling.
- 5. If your printer prints in the mid air, the zero point must be wrongly set. After correct zeroing and homing, the coordinate of Z should be about 100.
- 6. Please be prudent with the "Zero point updating" button, pressing it will change zero point of the machine. If the fine tuning value remains 0, the operation will record current height of the nozzle as zero point. If the fine tuning value is not 0, the operation will update zero point of Z-axis using fine tuning value you set.

# 3.3 Install/Remove the Filament

# Operation steps:







Press the "Entrance to functional module control interfaces" button



Press the "Preheat nozzle" button, and wait for the temperature to reach about 200°C



Press " button until melted filament flows out of the nozzle



Note: 1. In case filament need to be unloaded: preheat the nozzle to tartget temperature and pull the filament out.

2. In case of reloading the filament, refer to Section 1.1.2 and 1.1.3.