FCC Test Report

Report No.: AGC01806190601FE03

FCC ID	:	2AHAS-XBS9-1055
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	Layer speaker
BRAND NAME	:	Xtreme
MODEL NAME	:	XBS9-1055
CLIENT	:	JEM ACCESSORIES, INC
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Jun. 11, 2019
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC Part 15.247
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

REPORT REVISE RECORD

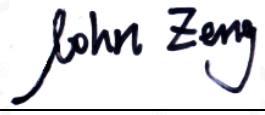
Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Jun. 11, 2019	Valid	Initial Release

TABLE OF CONTENTS

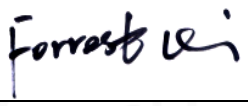
1. VERIFICATION OF CONFORMITY

Applicant	JEM ACCESSORIES, INC
Address	32 Brunswick Avenue Edison New Jersey United States 08817
Manufacturer	JEM ACCESSORIES, INC
Address	32 Brunswick Avenue Edison New Jersey United States 08817
Factory	Shenzhen Ground Enterprises Co., Ltd
Address	Room 607, Building F, MingYueHuaDu, Gonghe Industrial Rd, Xixiang, Bao An District, Shenzhen, 518102, China
Product Designation	Layer speaker
Brand Name	Xtreme
Test Model	XBS9-1055
Date of test	Jun. 05, 2019 to Jun. 10, 2019
Deviation	None
Condition of Test Sample	Normal
Test Result	Pass
Report Template	AGCRT-US-BR/RF

We hereby certify that:
The above equipment was tested by Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with radiated emission limits of FCC PART 15.247.

Tested By 
John Zeng(Zeng Weiqiang) Jun. 10, 2019

Reviewed By 
Max Zhang(Zhang Yi) Jun. 11, 2019

Approved By 
Forrest Lei(Lei Yonggang)
Authorized Officer Jun. 11, 2019

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is designed as “Layer speaker”. It is designed by way of utilizing the GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK technology to achieve the system operation.

A major technical description of EUT is described as following

Operation Frequency	2.402 GHz to 2.480GHz
RF Output Power	4.289dBm(Max)
Bluetooth Version	V 5.0
Modulation	BR ☒GFSK, EDR ☒π /4-DQPSK, ☐8DPSK BLE ☐GFSK 1Mbps ☐GFSK 2Mbps
Number of channels	79
Hardware Version	V1.0
Software Version	V1.0
Antenna Designation	PCB Antenna(Comply with requirements of the FCC part 15.203)
Antenna Gain	0dBi
Power Supply	DC 3.7V by battery

2.2. TABLE OF CARRIER FREQUENCYS

Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency
2402~2480MHZ	0	2402MHZ
	1	2403MHZ
	:	:
	38	2440 MHZ
	39	2441 MHZ
	40	2442 MHZ
	:	:
	77	2479 MHZ
	78	2480 MHZ

2.3. RECEIVER INPUT BANDWIDTH

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1.3MHZ,In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is slave. The master determines the hopping sequence. The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master. Additionally the type of connection(e.g. single of multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

2.4. EXAMPLE OF A HOPPING SEQUENCY IN DATA MODE

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

40,21,44,23,42,53,46,55,48,33,52,35,50,65,54,67
56,37,60,39,58,69,62,71,64,25,68,27,66,57,70,59
72,29,76,31,74,61,78,63,01,41,05,43,03,73,07,75
09,45,13,47,11,77,15,00,64,49,66,53,68,02,70,06
01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

2.5. EQUALLY AVERAGE USE OF FREQUENCIES AND BEHAVIOUR

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection.
2. Internal master clock

The LAP(lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP(upper address part) are the 24MSB's of the 48BD_ADDRESS

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For ehavior zation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5us.The clock has a cycle of about one day(23h30).In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire. LAP(24 bits),4LSB's(4bits)(Input 1) and the 27MSB's of the clock(Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures(permutations, additions, XOR-operations)are performed to generate te Sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following ehavior:

The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For Transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer(and it Cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock(312.5us).The hopping sequence will always Differ from the first one.

2.6. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AHAS-XBS9-1055** filing to comply with the FCC PART 15.247 requirements.

2.7. TEST METHODOLOGY

Both conducted and radiated testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

2.8. SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

Refer to section 5.2.

2.9. EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The reported uncertainty of measurement y ±U, where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

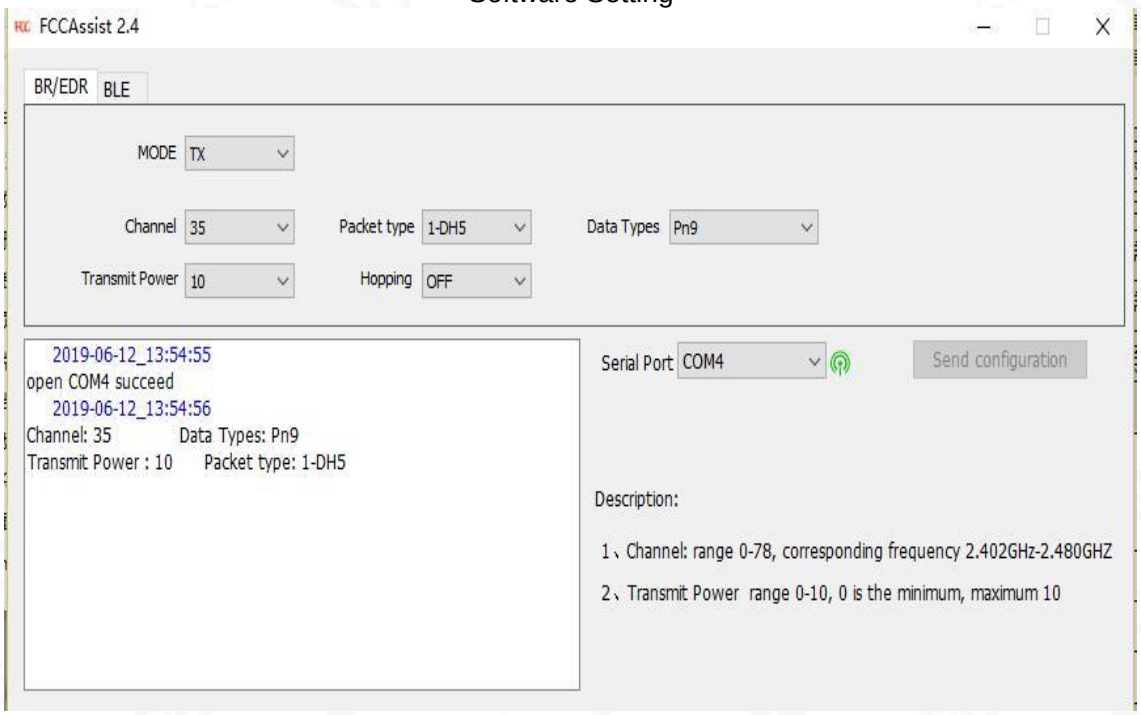
- Uncertainty of Conducted Emission, Uc = ±3.2 dB
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission below 1GHz, Uc = ±3.9 dB
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission above 1GHz, Uc = ±4.8 dB
- Uncertainty of total RF power, conducted, Uc = ±0.8dB
- Uncertainty of spurious emissions, conducted, Uc = ±2.7dB
- Uncertainty of Occupied Channel Bandwidth: Uc = ±2 %
- Uncertainty of Dwell Time: Uc = ±2 %
- Uncertainty of Frequency: Uc = ±2 %

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

NO.	TEST MODE DESCRIPTION
1	Low channel GFSK
2	Middle channel GFSK
3	High channel GFSK
4	Low channel π/4-DQPSK
5	Middle channel π/4-DQPSK
6	High channel π/4-DQPSK
7	Hopping mode GFSK
8	Hopping mode π/4-DQPSK

Note:1. Only the result of the worst case was recorded in the report, if no other cases.
2. For Radiated Emission, 3axis were chosen for testing for each applicable mode.
3. For Conducted Test method, a temporary antenna connector is provided by the manufacture.
4.The test software is “Jie Richard” which can sent the EUT into individual test modes.

Software Setting

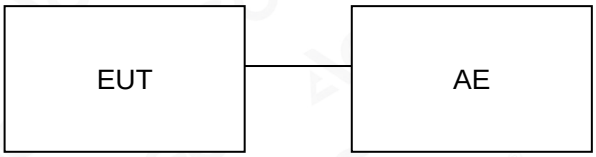


5. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

5.1. CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Radiated Emission Configure :

Conducted Emission Configure :



5.2. EQUIPMENT USED IN TESTED SYSTEM

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Remark
1	Layer speaker	XBS9-1055	2AHAS-XBS9-1055	EUT
2	Adapter	ZL-PCB01000205 02000US01	DC 5V/2A	AE

5.3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
15.247 (b)(1)	Peak Output Power	Compliant
15.247 (a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
15.247 (d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	Compliant
15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant
15.247 (a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequency	Compliant
15.247 (a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy	Compliant
15.247 (a)(1)	Frequency Separation	Compliant
15.207	Conducted Emission	Compliant

6. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA

TEST EQUIPMENT OF RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	10096	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
EXA Signal Analyzer	Aglient	N9010A	MY53470504	Dec. 20, 2018	Dec. 19, 2019
2.4GHz Fliter	Micro-tronics	087	N/A	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
Attenuator	Weinachel Corp	58-30-33	N/A	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	#768	Sep. 21, 2017	Sep. 20, 2020
Active loop antenna (9K-30MHz)	ZHINAN	ZN30900C	18051	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2020
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00034609	May. 26, 2018	May. 25, 2020
Broadband Preamplifier	ETS LINDGREN	3117PA	00225134	Oct. 25, 2018	Oct. 24, 2019
ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	D69250	Sep. 28, 2017	Sep. 27, 2019

7. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

7.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

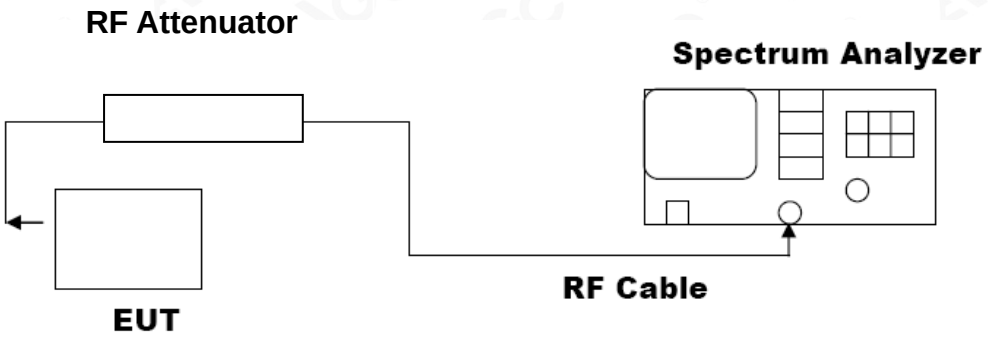
For peak power test:

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
3. RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
4. VBW ⩾RBW.
5. Sweep: Auto.
6. Detector function: Peak.
7. Trace: Max hold.

Allow trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

7.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

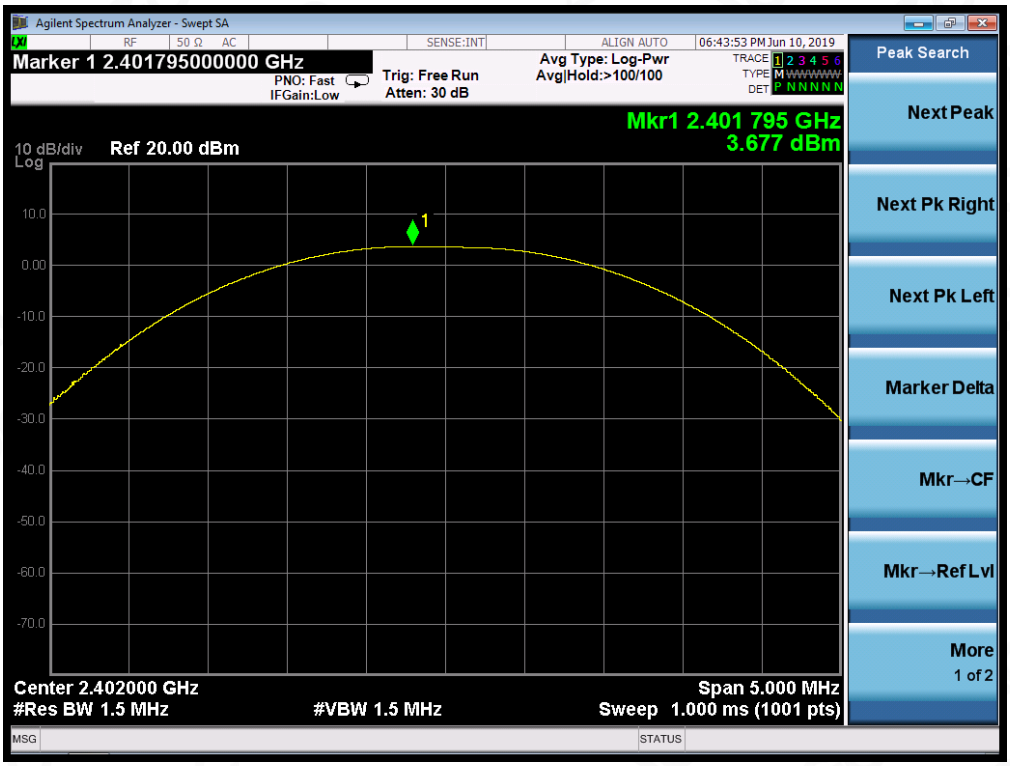
PEAK POWER TEST SETUP



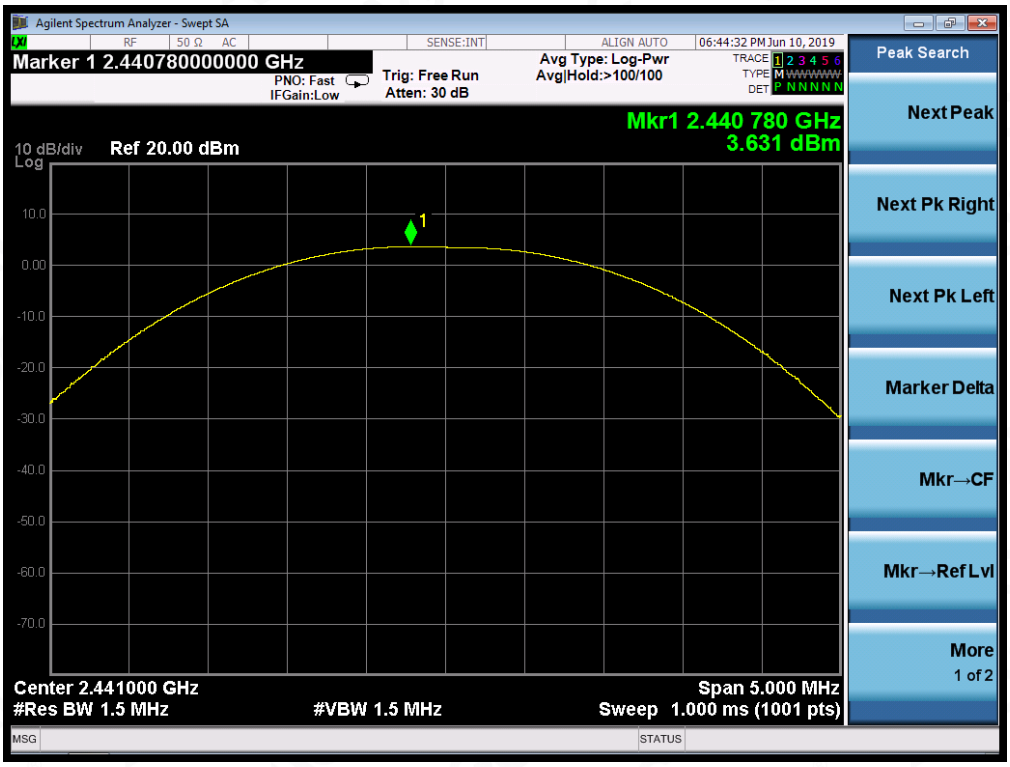
7.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	3.677	30	Pass
2.441	3.631	30	Pass
2.480	3.348	30	Pass

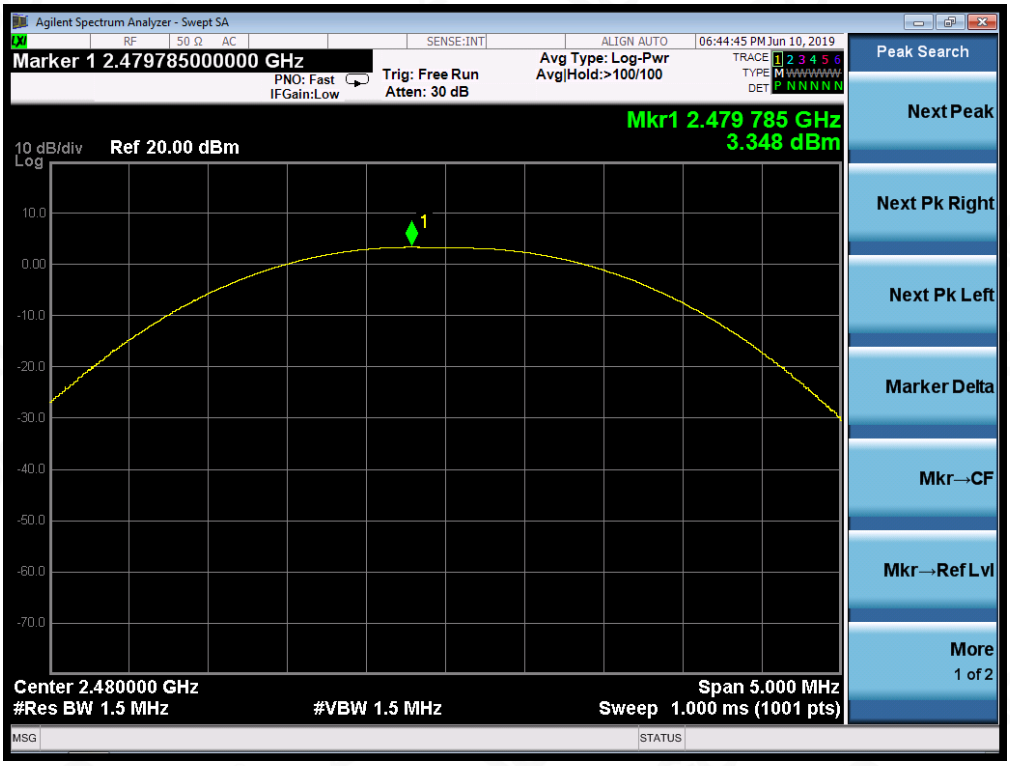
CH0



CH39

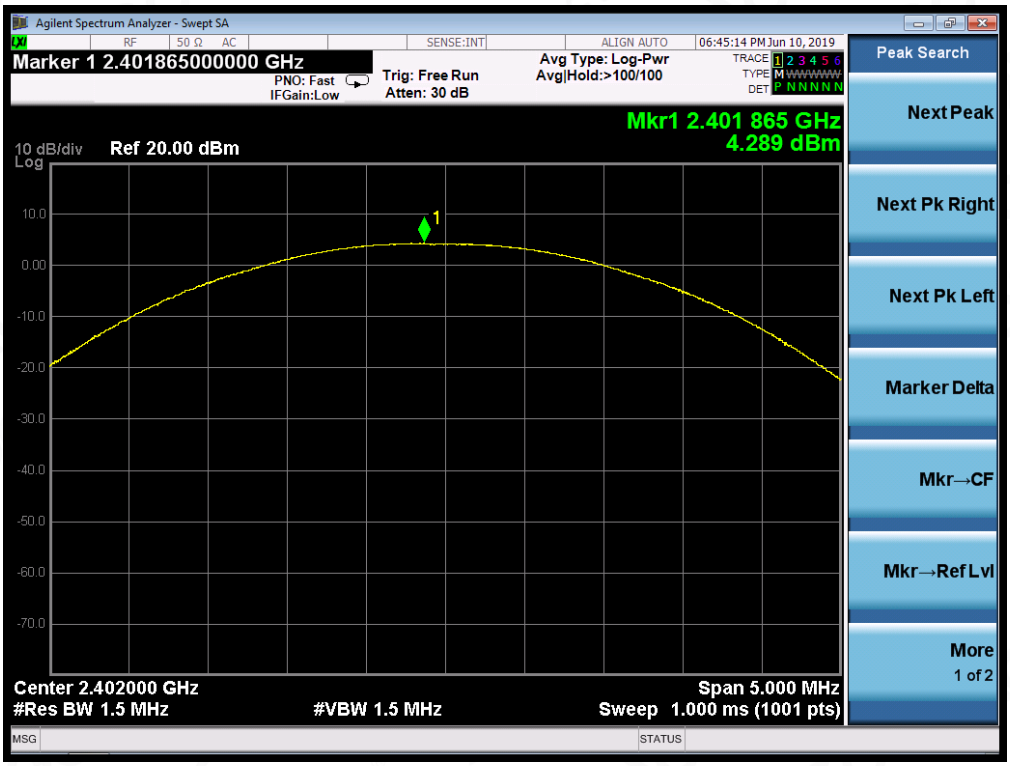

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Marker 1 2.440780000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: Log-Pwr
Avg|Hold:>100/100
06:44:32 PM Jun 10, 2019
Mkr1 2.440 780 GHz
3.631 dBm
10 dB/div
Log
Ref 20.00 dBm
Center 2.441000 GHz
#Res BW 1.5 MHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz
Span 5.000 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)
Peak Search
Next Peak
Next Pk Right
Next Pk Left
Marker Delta
Mkr→CF
Mkr→Ref Lvl
More
1 of 2

CH78

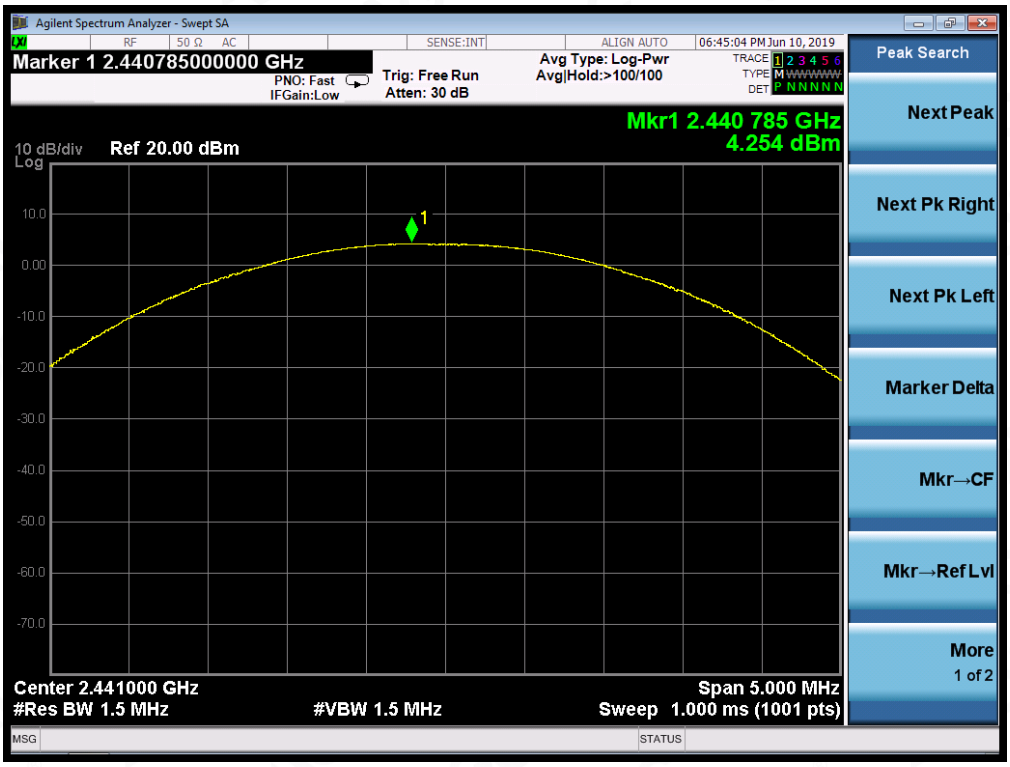

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Marker 1 2.479785000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: Log-Pwr
Avg|Hold:>100/100
06:44:45 PM Jun 10, 2019
Mkr1 2.479 785 GHz
3.348 dBm
10 dB/div
Log
Ref 20.00 dBm
Center 2.480000 GHz
#Res BW 1.5 MHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz
Span 5.000 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)
Peak Search
Next Peak
Next Pk Right
Next Pk Left
Marker Delta
Mkr→CF
Mkr→Ref Lvl
More
1 of 2

PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR Ⅱ /4-DQPSK MODULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	**Peak Power (dBm)**	**Applicable Limits (dBm)**	**Pass or Fail**
2.402	4.289	30	Pass
2.441	4.254	30	Pass
2.480	3.998	30	Pass

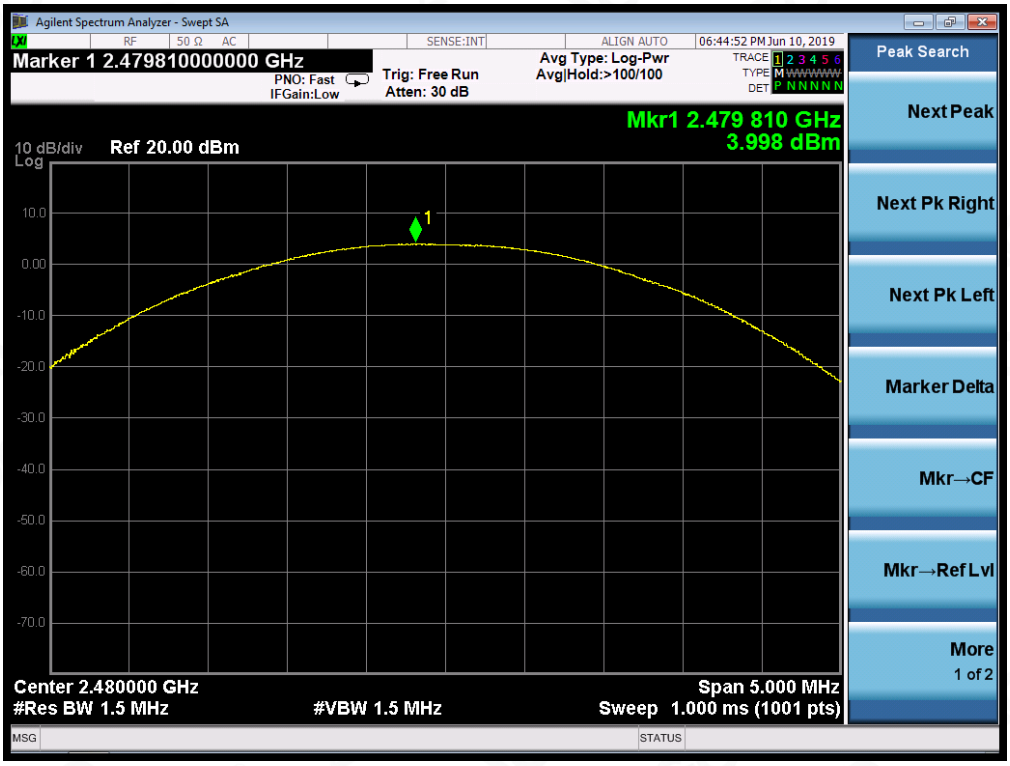
CH0



CH39


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Marker 1 2.440785000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: Log-Pwr
Avg|Hold:>100/100
06:45:04 PM Jun 10, 2019
Mkr1 2.440 785 GHz
4.254 dBm
10 dB/div
Log
Ref 20.00 dBm
Center 2.441000 GHz
#Res BW 1.5 MHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz
Span 5.000 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)
Peak Search
Next Peak
Next Pk Right
Next Pk Left
Marker Delta
Mkr→CF
Mkr→Ref Lvl
More
1 of 2

CH78

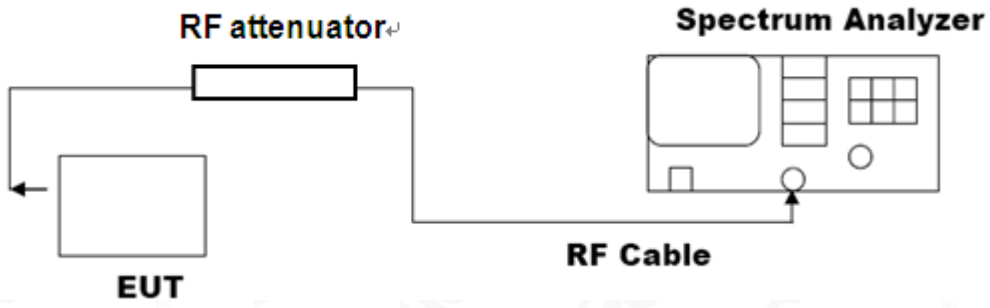

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Marker 1 2.479810000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: Log-Pwr
Avg|Hold:>100/100
06:44:52 PM Jun 10, 2019
Mkr1 2.479 810 GHz
3.998 dBm
10 dB/div
Log
Ref 20.00 dBm
Center 2.480000 GHz
#Res BW 1.5 MHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz
Span 5.000 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)
Peak Search
Next Peak
Next Pk Right
Next Pk Left
Marker Delta
Mkr→CF
Mkr→Ref Lvl
More
1 of 2

8. 20DB BANDWIDTH

8.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2, Set the EUT Work on the top, the middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hoping channel
   The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

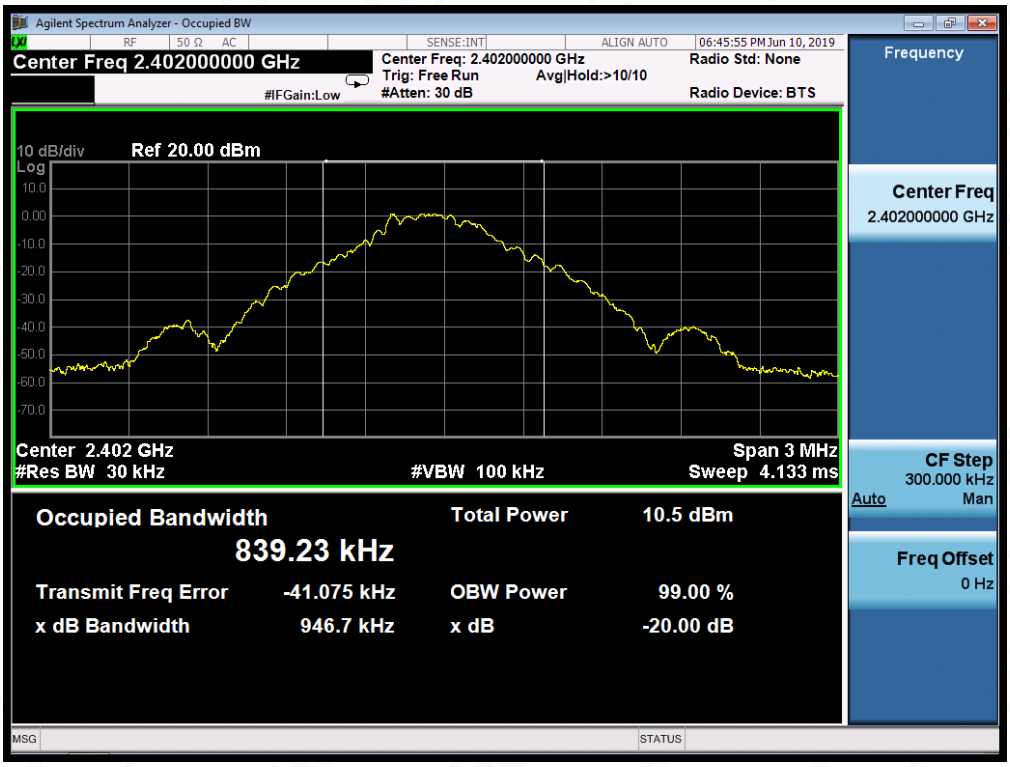
8.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)



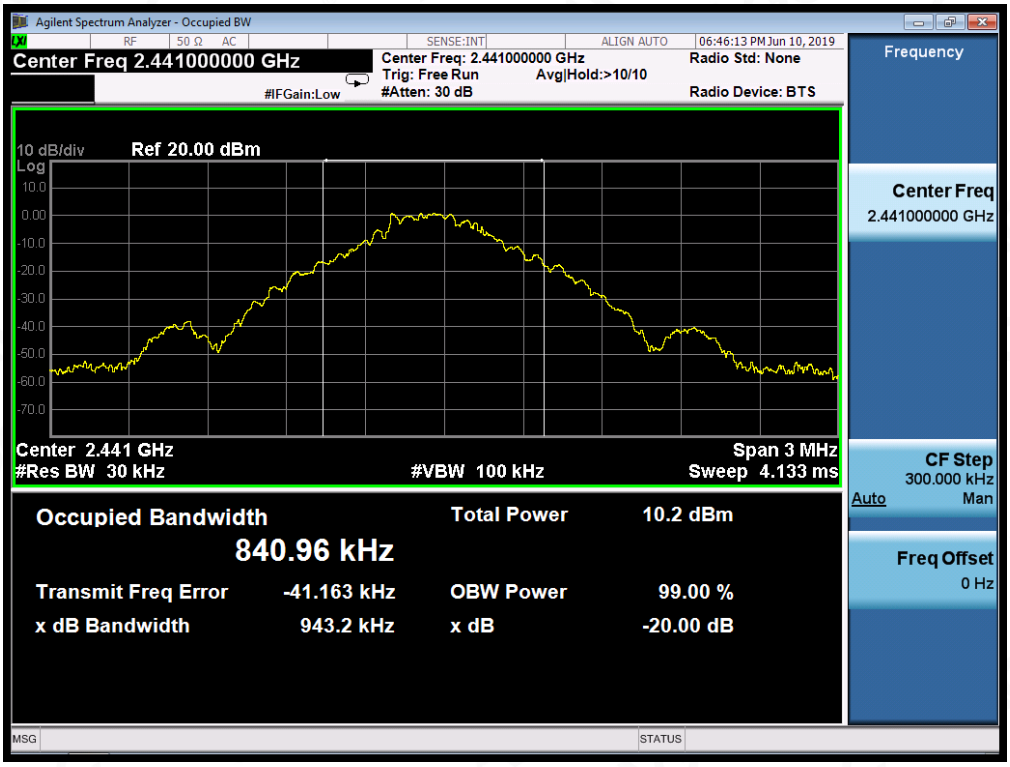
8.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULTS

MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	0.9467	PASS
	Middle Channel	0.9432	PASS
	High Channel	0.9487	PASS

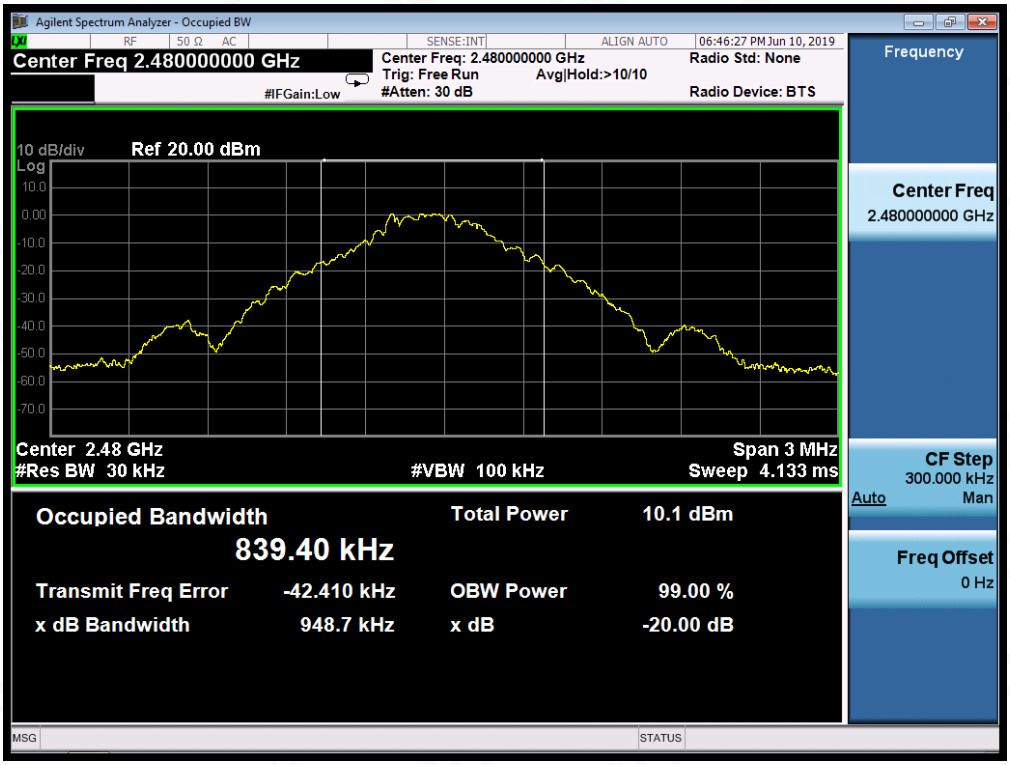
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL

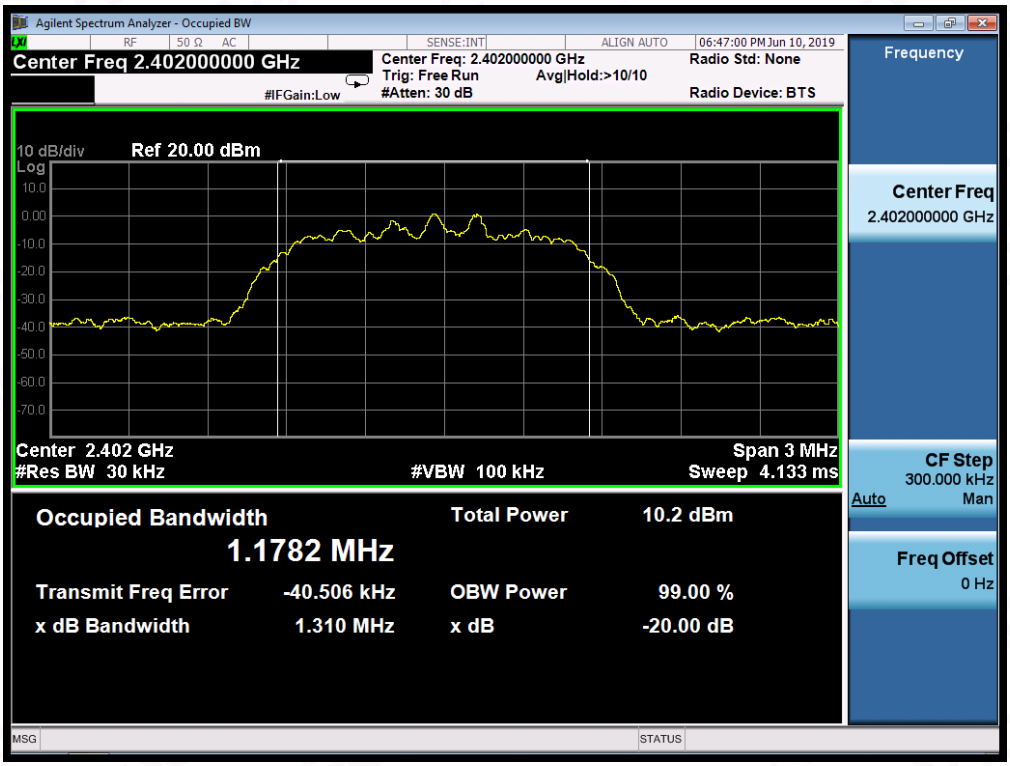


TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL

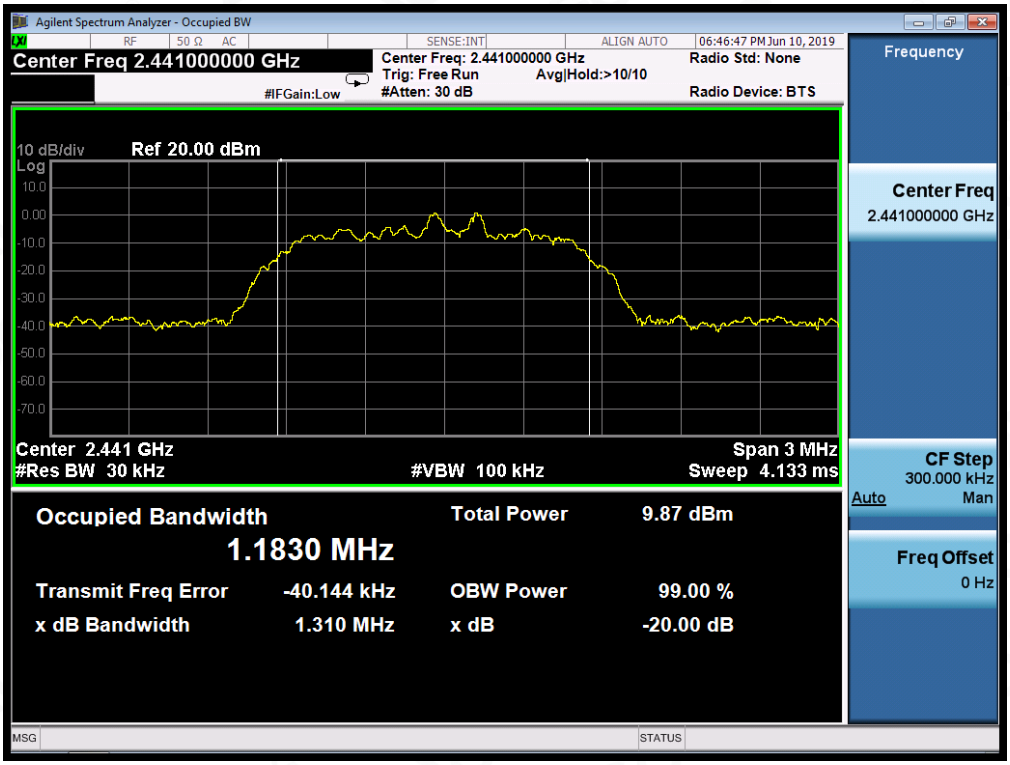


MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR Ⅱ /4-DQPSK MODULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	1.310	PASS
	Middle Channel	1.310	PASS
	High Channel	1.306	PASS

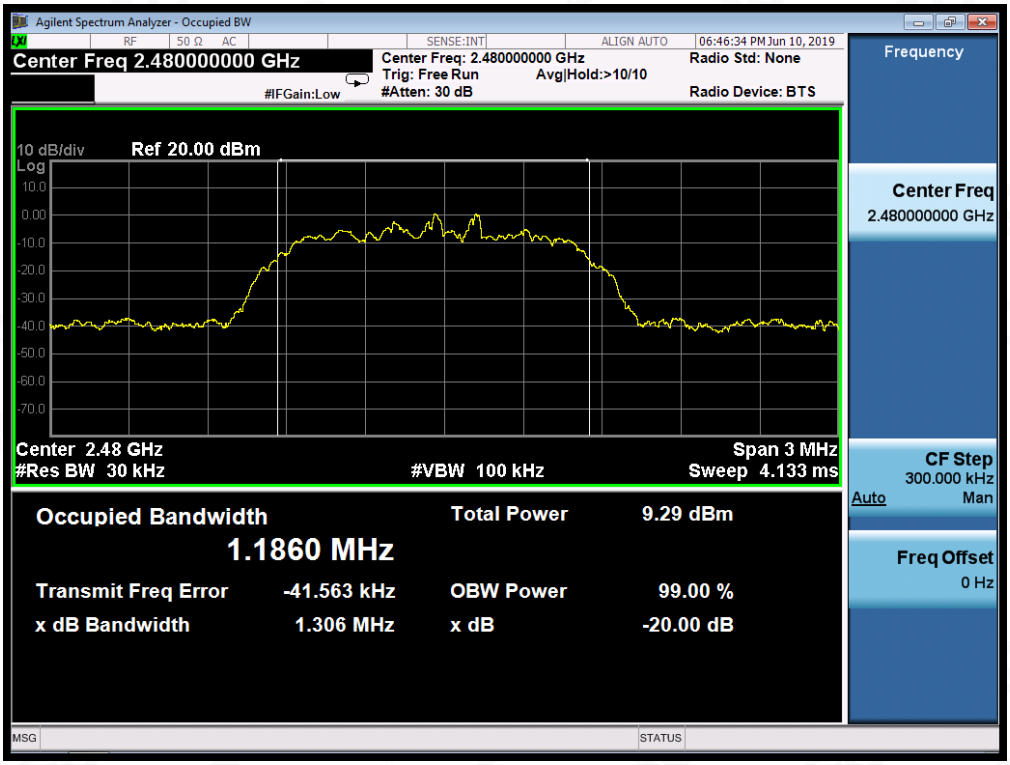
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL



9. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Set the EUT Work on the top, the Middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set the Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.
   RBW = 100 kHz; VBW= 300 kHz; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak.
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

9.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

The same as described in section 8.2

9.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

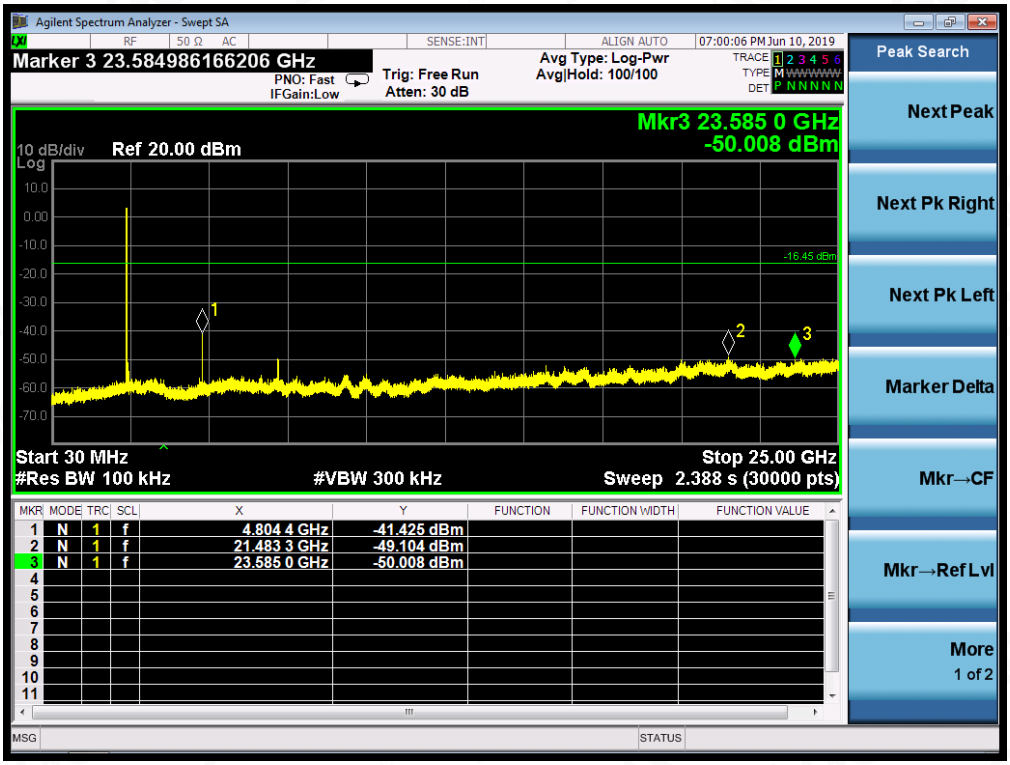
The same as described in section 6

9.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

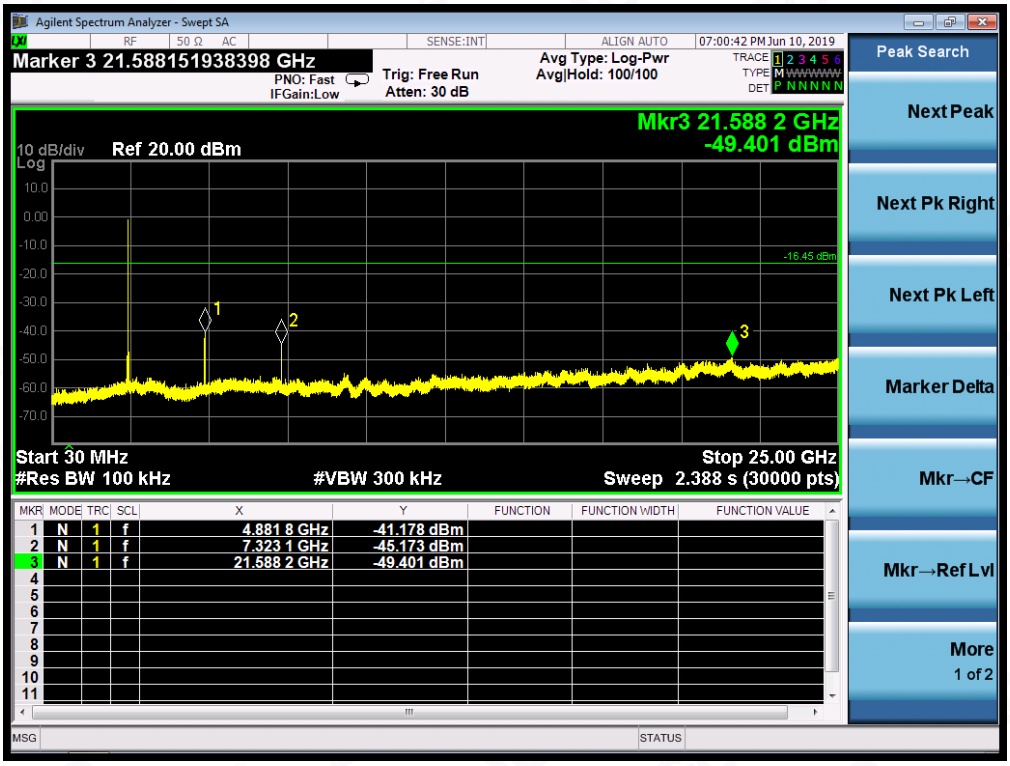
LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT		
Applicable Limits	**Measurement Result**	
	Test Data	**Criteria**
In any 100 KHz Bandwidth Outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produce by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiation emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in§15.209(a))	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the BOTTOM Channel	PASS
	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the TOP Channel	PASS

TEST RESULT FOR ENTIRE FREQUENCY RANGE

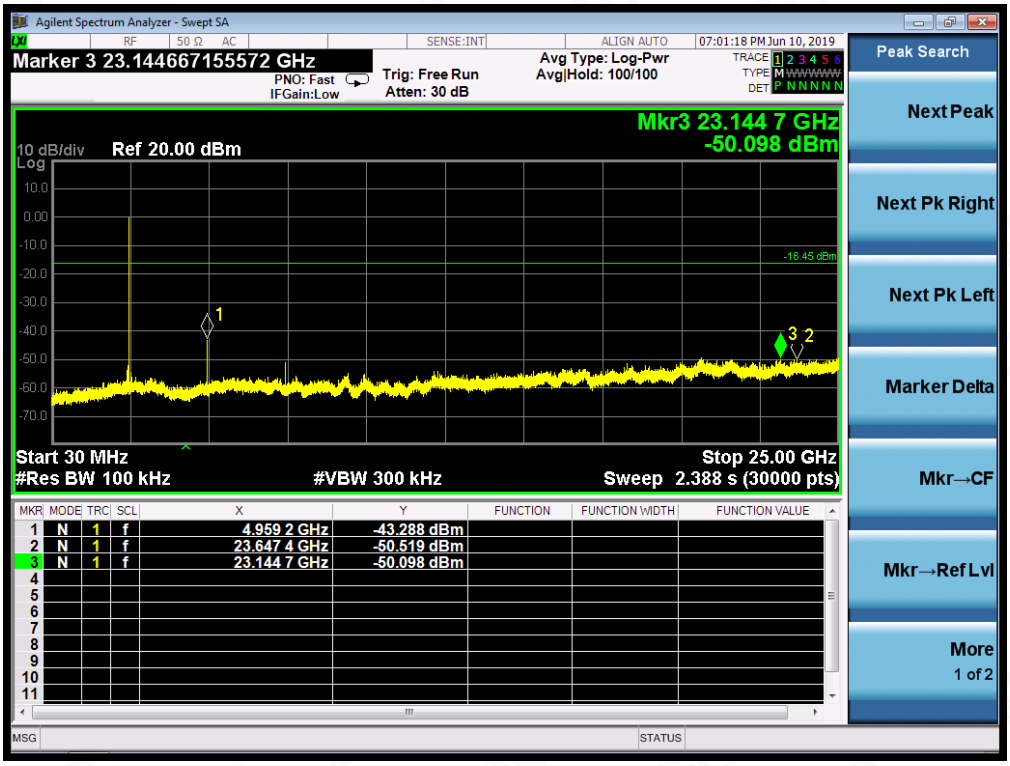
TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS WITH THE WORST CASE OF π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS
OF π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN MIDDLE CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS
OF π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

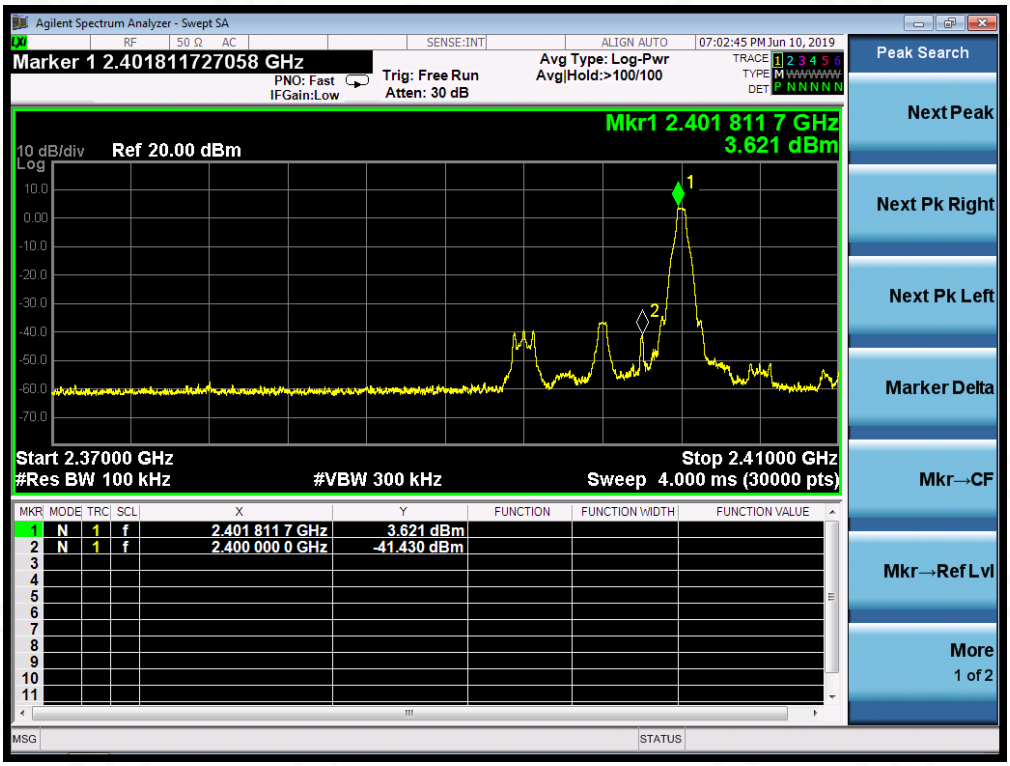


Note: The peak emissions without marker on the above plots are fundamental wave and need not to compare with the limit. The π /4-DQPSK modulation is the worst case and only those data recorded in the report.

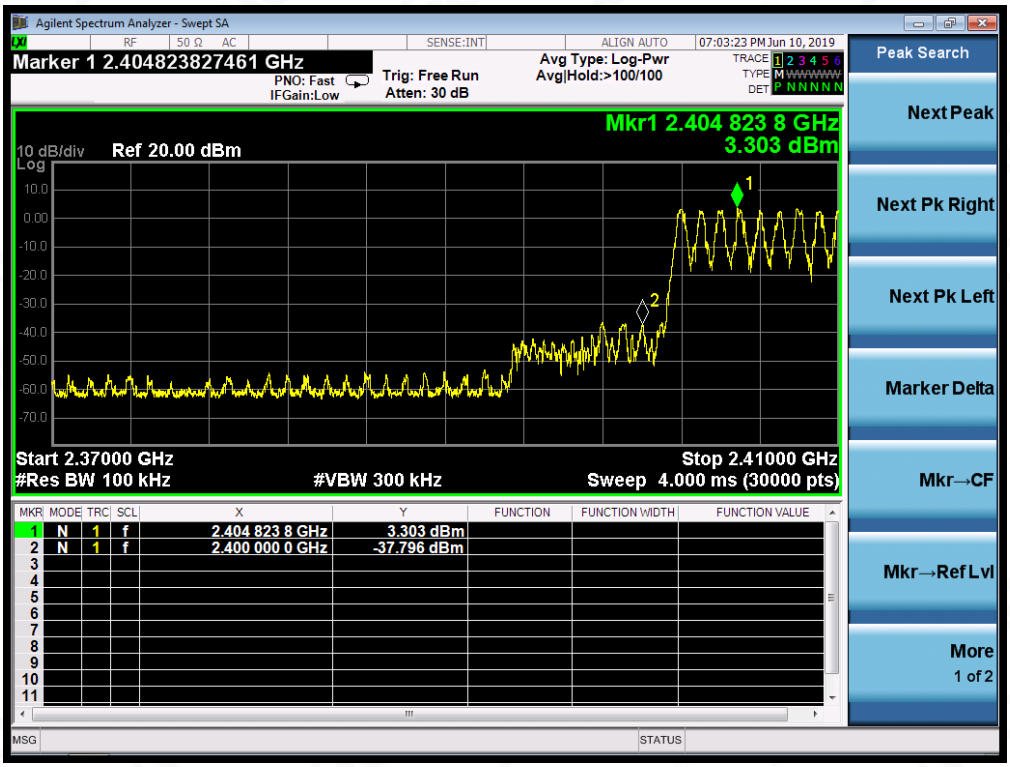
TEST RESULT FOR BAND EDGE

GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL

Hopping off

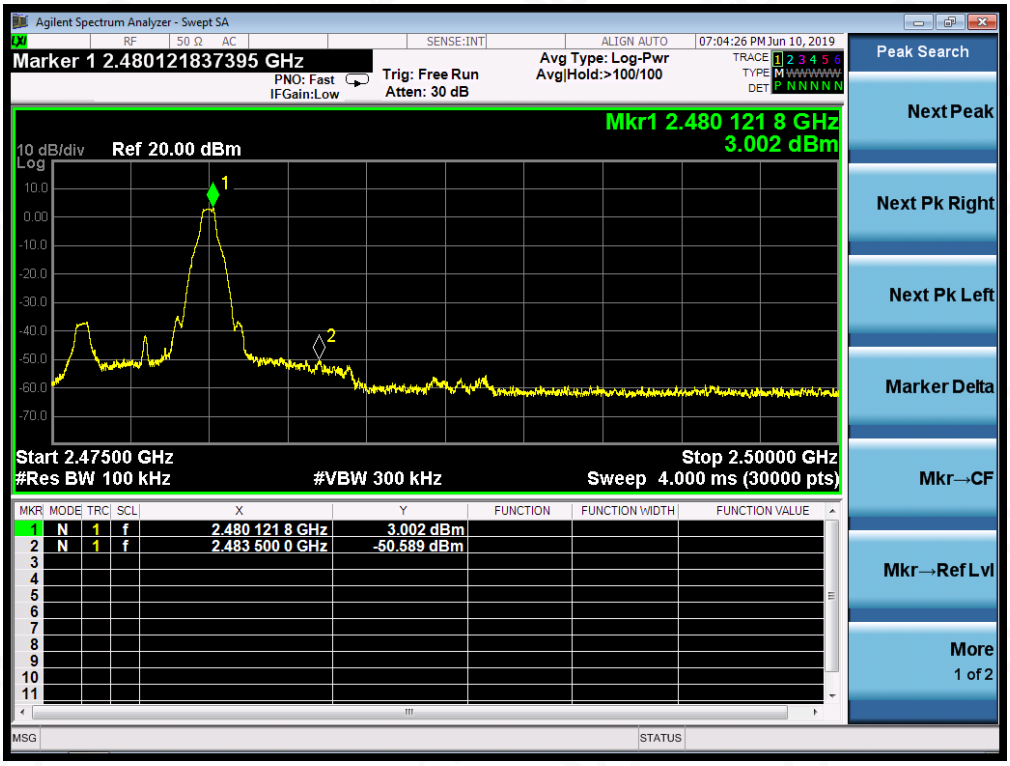


Hopping on

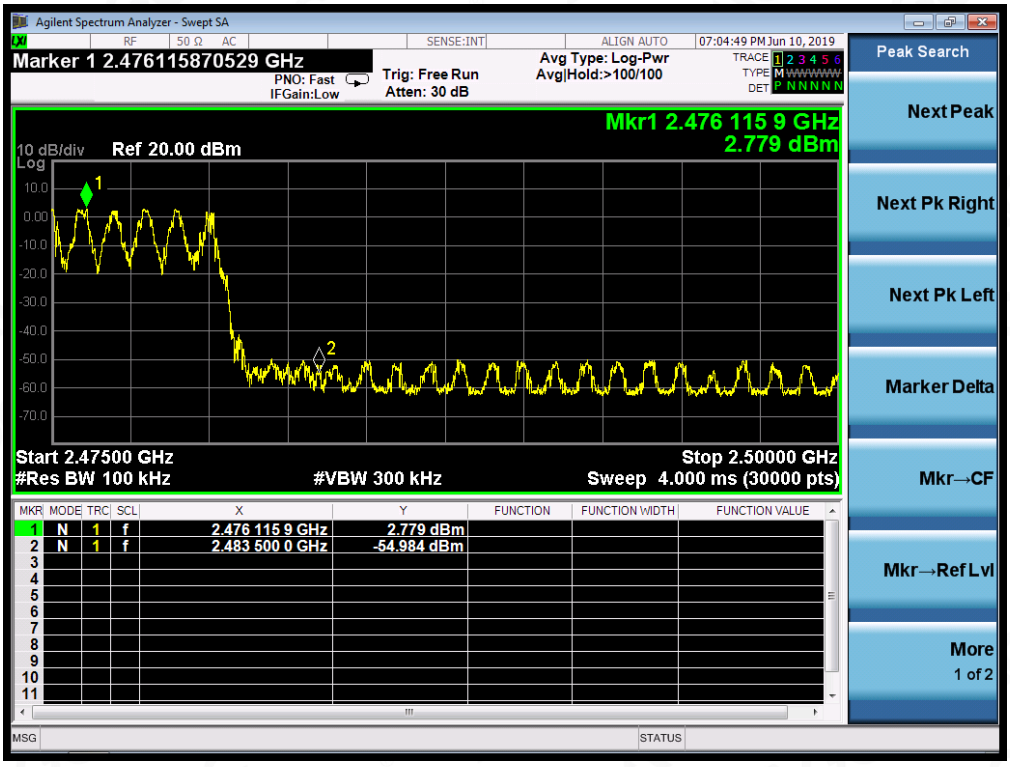


GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

Hopping off

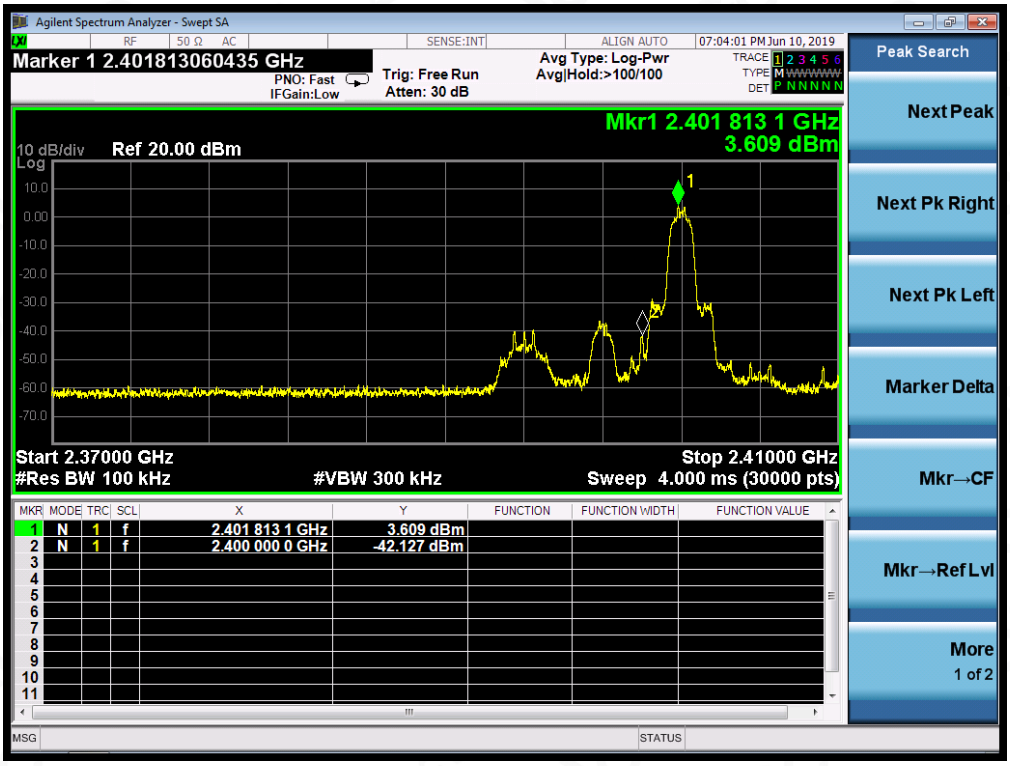


Hopping on



π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL

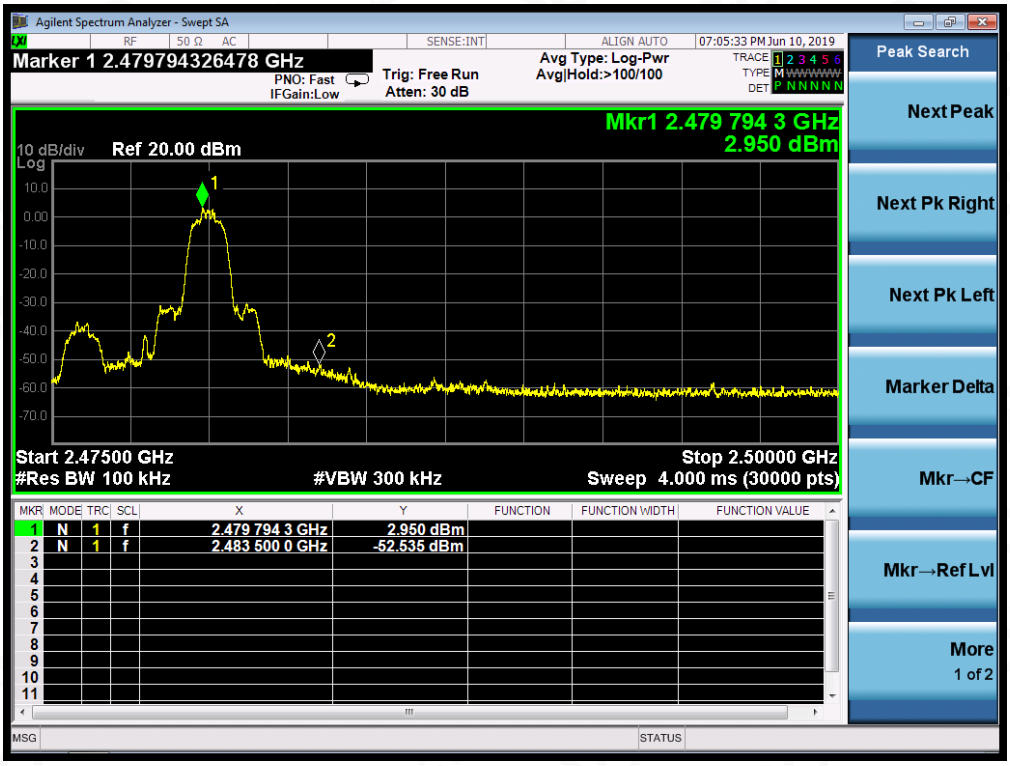
Hopping off



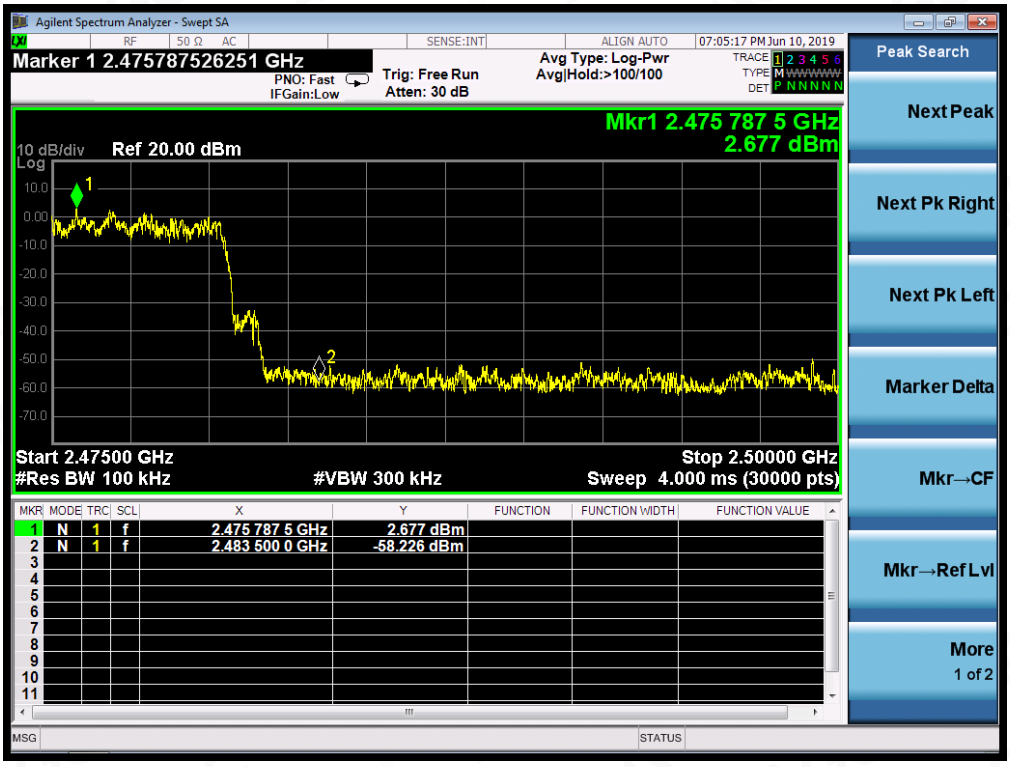
Hopping on

π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

Hopping off



Hopping on



10. RADIATED EMISSION

10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW for peak reading. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.

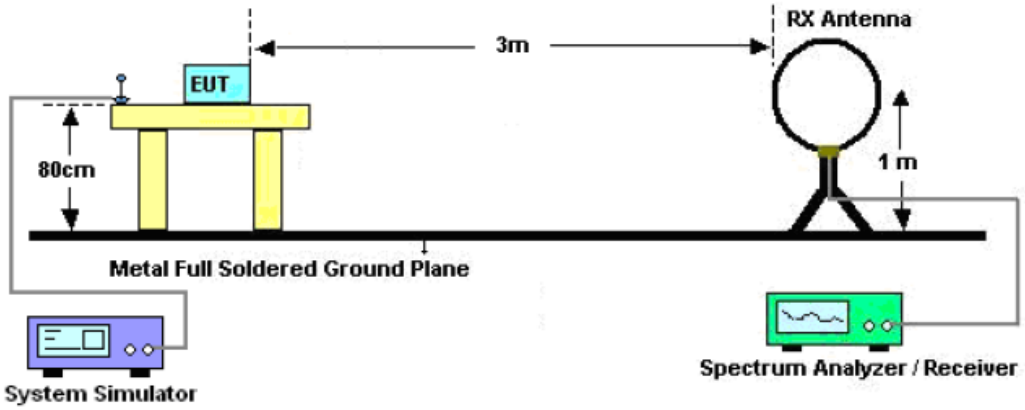
The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	1GHz~26.5GHz 1MHz/3MHz for Peak, 1MHz/3MHz for Average

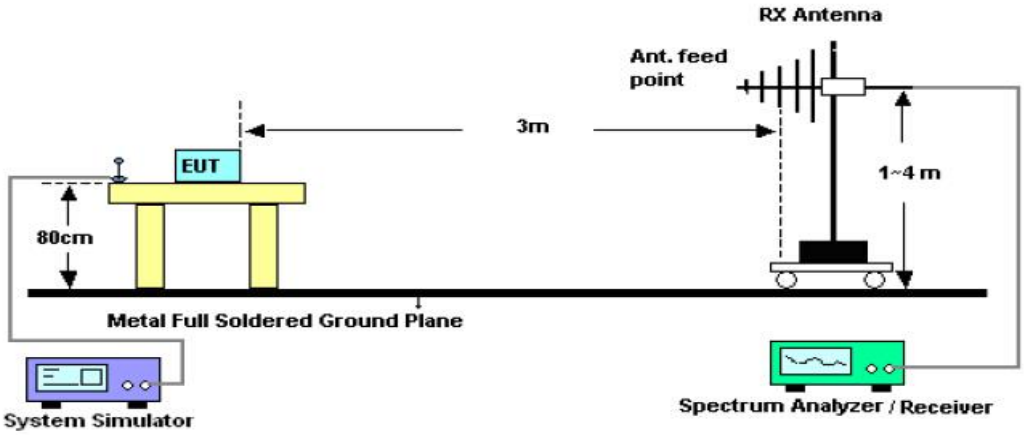
Receiver Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP

10.2. TEST SETUP

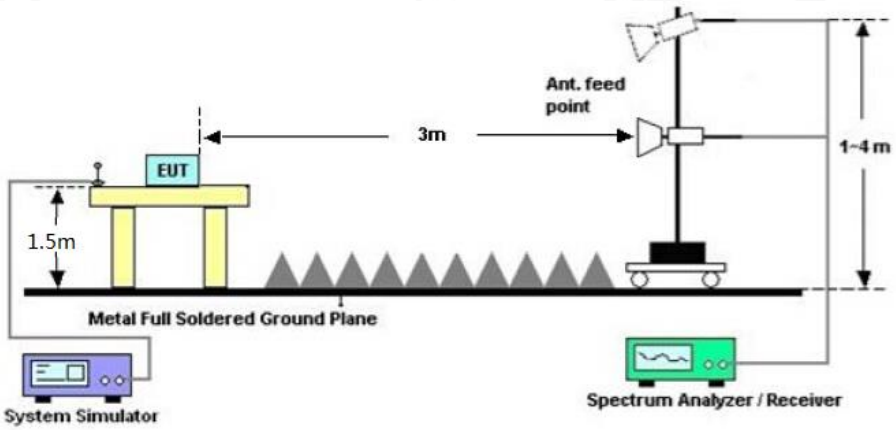
Radiated Emission Test-Setup Frequency Below 30MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz



10.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

15.209 Limit in the below table has to be followed

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note: All modes were tested For restricted band radiated emission.

The test records reported below are the worst result compared to other modes.

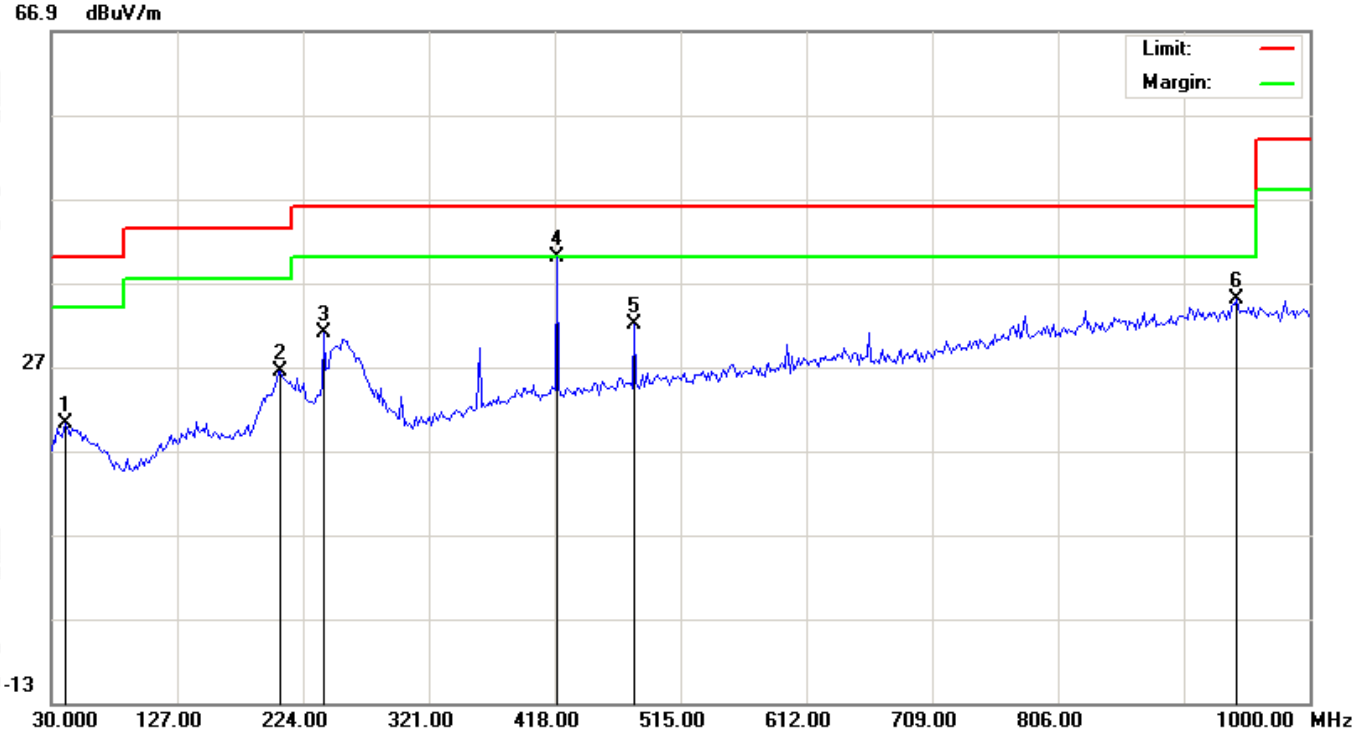
10.4. TEST RESULT

RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 30MHZ

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.

RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1GHZ

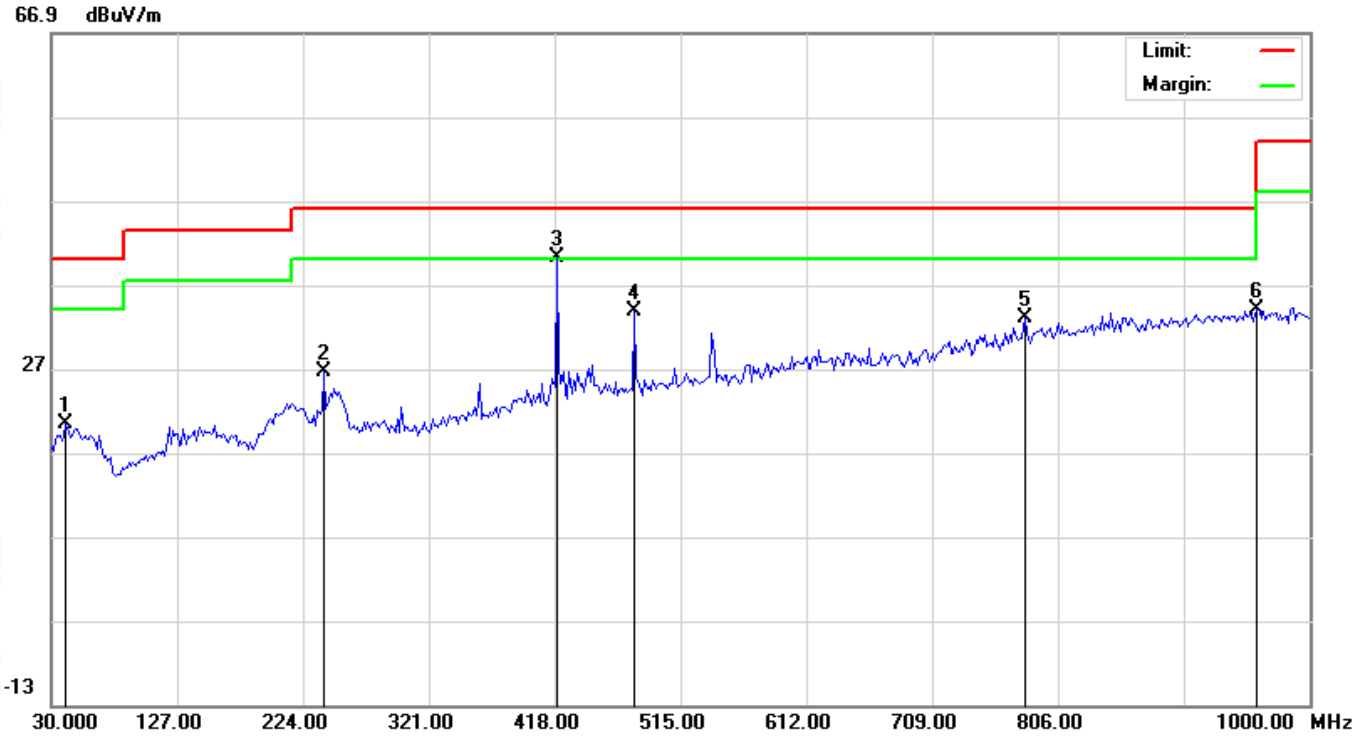
EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	Antenna	Horizontal



No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		cm	degree	
1		41.3167	0.19	20.04	20.23	40.00	-19.77	peak			
2		206.2167	10.03	16.43	26.46	43.50	-17.04	peak			
3		240.1667	12.35	18.66	31.01	46.00	-14.99	peak			
4	*	419.6167	16.58	23.37	39.95	46.00	-6.05	peak			
5		479.4333	7.46	24.58	32.04	46.00	-13.96	peak			
6		943.4167	2.90	32.07	34.97	46.00	-11.03	peak			

RESULT: PASS

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	Antenna	Vertical



No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading	Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector	Antenna Height	Table Degree	Comment
		MHz	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		cm	degree	
1		41.3167	0.43	20.04	20.47	40.00	-19.53	peak			
2		240.1667	8.02	18.66	26.68	46.00	-19.32	peak			
3	*	419.6167	16.88	23.37	40.25	46.00	-5.75	peak			
4		479.4333	9.26	24.58	33.84	46.00	-12.16	peak			
5		780.1333	3.05	29.96	33.01	46.00	-12.99	peak			
6		959.5833	1.73	32.21	33.94	46.00	-12.06	peak			

RESULT: PASS

Note: 1. Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable loss, Margin=Measurement-Limit.

2. All test modes had been pre-tested. The mode 4 is the worst case and recorded in the report.

RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1GHZ

EUT	Layer speaker	**Model Name**	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	**Relative Humidity**	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	**Test Voltage**	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	**Antenna**	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.000	46.59	0.08	46.67	74	-27.33	peak
4804.000	40.87	0.08	40.95	54	-13.05	AVG
7206.000	45.89	2.21	48.1	74	-25.9	peak
7206.000	41.12	2.21	43.33	54	-10.67	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

EUT	Layer speaker	**Model Name**	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	**Relative Humidity**	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	**Test Voltage**	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	**Antenna**	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.000	46.34	0.08	46.42	74	-27.58	peak
4804.000	40.43	0.08	40.51	54	-13.49	AVG
7206.000	46.96	2.21	49.17	74	-24.83	peak
7206.000	39.76	2.21	41.97	54	-12.03	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 5	Antenna	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4880.000	45.93	0.14	46.07	74	-27.93	peak
4880.000	39.88	0.14	40.02	54	-13.98	AVG
7322.000	44.59	2.36	46.95	74	-27.05	peak
7322.000	39.65	2.36	42.01	54	-11.99	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 5	Antenna	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4880.000	46.03	0.14	46.17	74	-27.83	peak
4880.000	40.23	0.14	40.37	54	-13.63	AVG
7322.000	43.77	2.36	46.13	74	-27.87	peak
7322.000	39.35	2.36	41.71	54	-12.29	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 6	Antenna	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.000	44.79	0.22	45.01	74	-28.99	peak
4960.000	38.65	0.22	38.87	54	-15.13	AVG
7440.000	42.68	2.64	45.32	74	-28.68	peak
7440.000	37.75	2.64	40.39	54	-13.61	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 6	Antenna	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.000	43.55	0.22	43.77	74	-30.23	peak
4960.000	38.23	0.22	38.45	54	-15.55	AVG
7440.000	41.63	2.64	44.27	74	-29.73	peak
7440.000	36.89	2.64	39.53	54	-14.47	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

RESULT: PASS

Note: Other emissions from 1G to 25 GHz are considered as ambient noise. No recording in the test report.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Amplifier gain, Over=Measure-Limit.

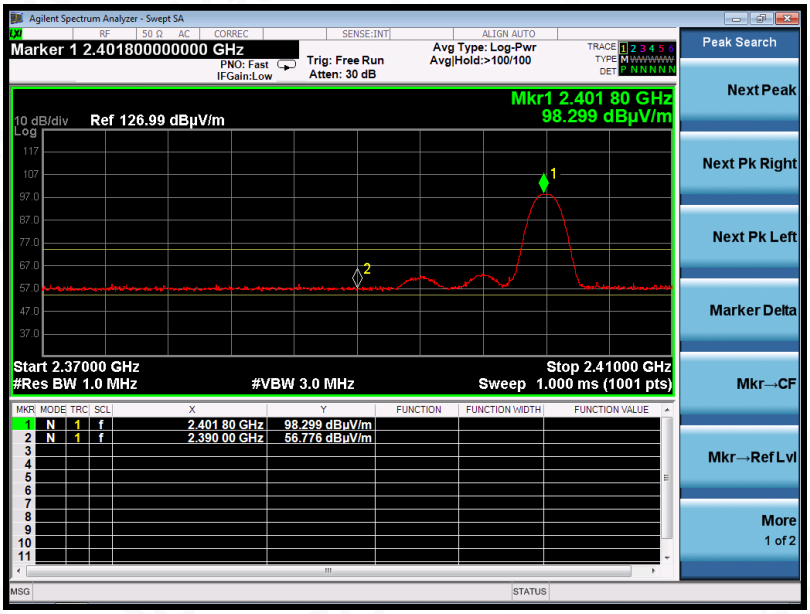
The “Factor” value can be calculated automatically by software of measurement system.

All test modes had been tested. The π /4-DQPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

TEST RESULT FOR RESTRICTED BANDS REQUIREMENTS

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	Antenna	Horizontal

PK

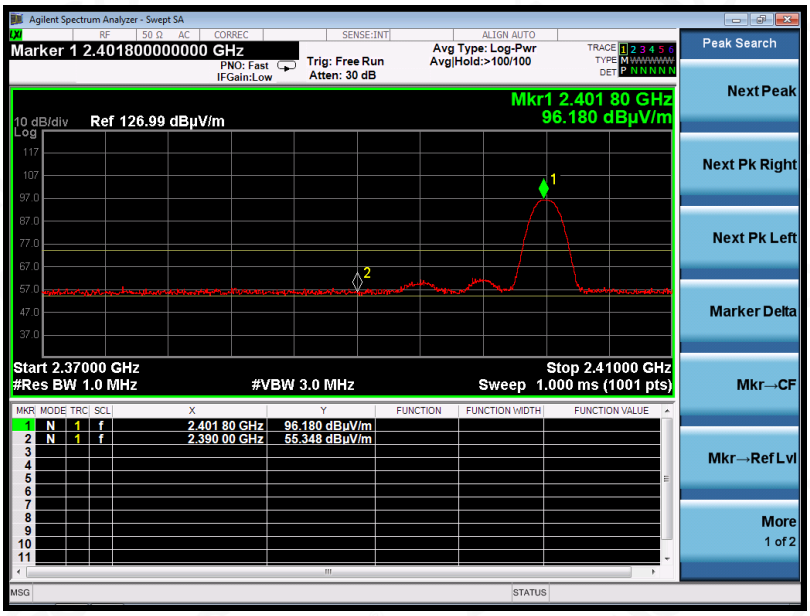


AV

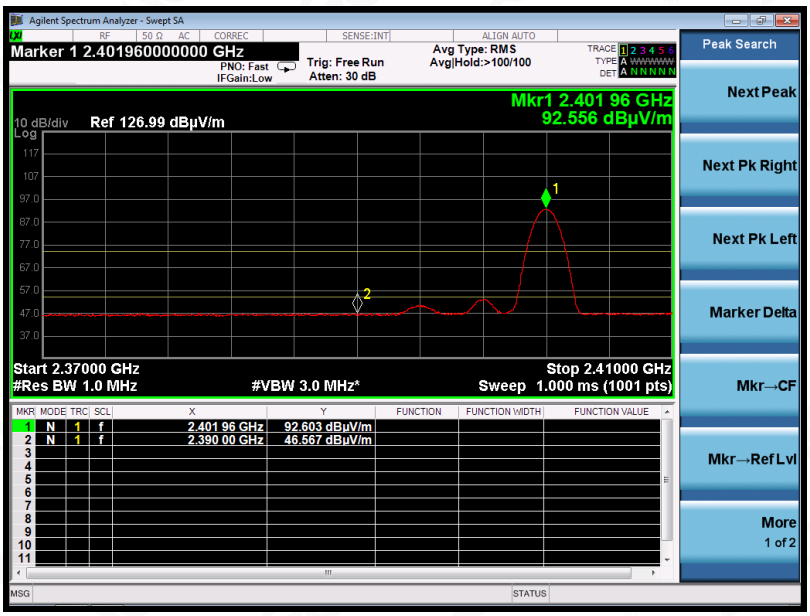
RESULT: PASS

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 4	Antenna	Vertical

PK



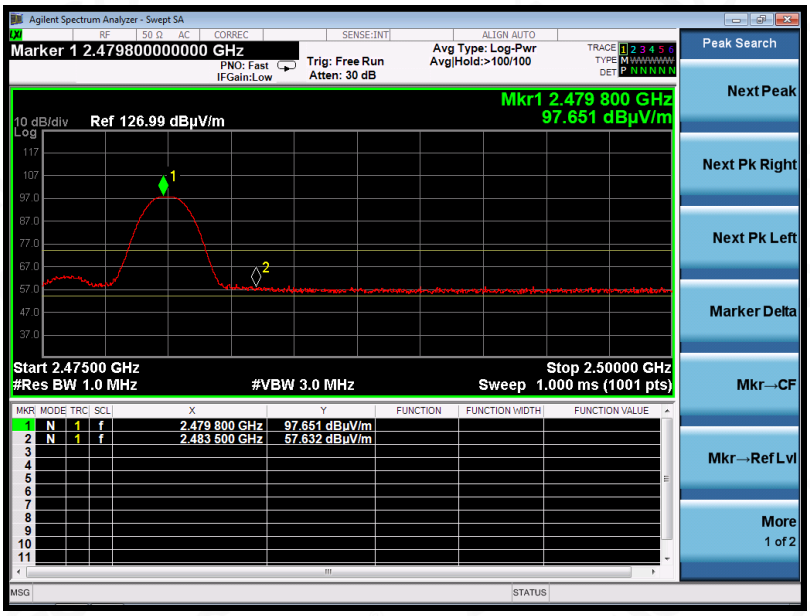
AV



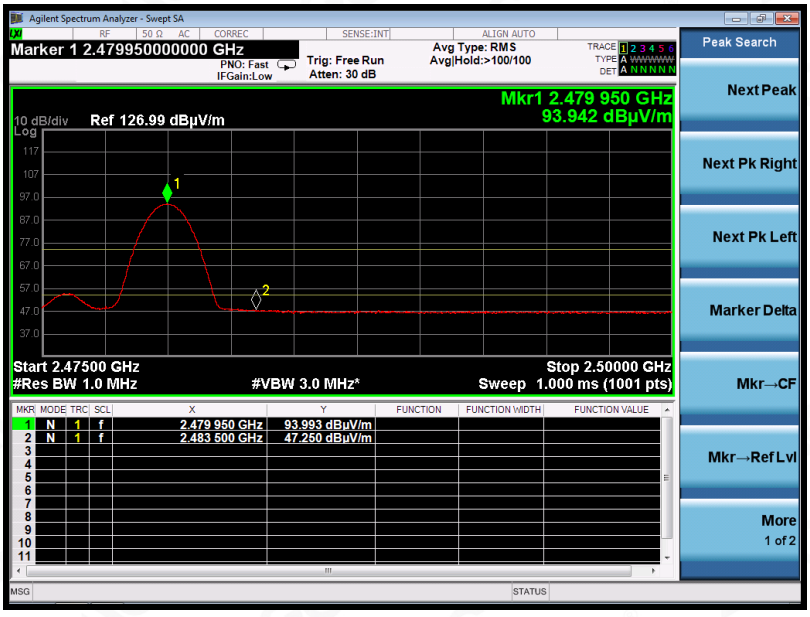
RESULT: PASS

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 6	Antenna	Horizontal

PK



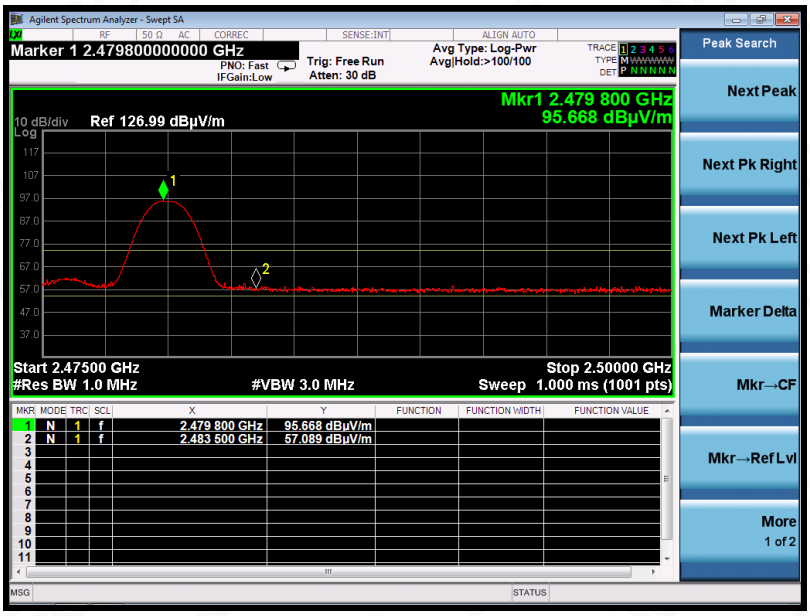
AV



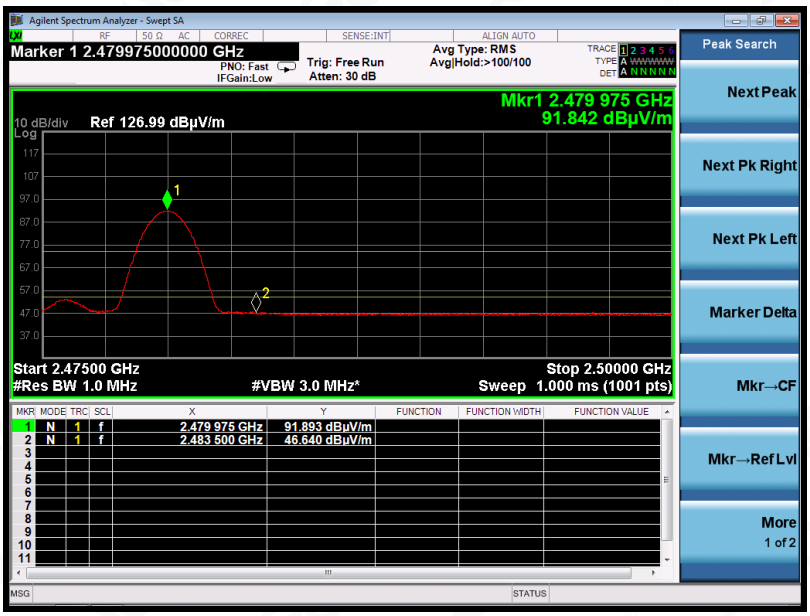
RESULT: PASS

EUT	Layer speaker	Model Name	XBS9-1055
Temperature	25℃	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 6	Antenna	Vertical

PK



AV



RESULT: PASS

Note: The factor had been edited in the “Input Correction” of the Spectrum Analyzer. So the Amplitude of test plots is equal to Reading level plus the Factor in dB. Use the A dB(µV) to represent the Amplitude. Use the F dB(µV/m) to represent the Field Strength. So A=F. All test modes had been pre-tested. The π /4-DQPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

11. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

11.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
1. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
2. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
3. VBW ≥ RBW. Sweep: Auto. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
4. Allow the trace to stabilize.

11.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

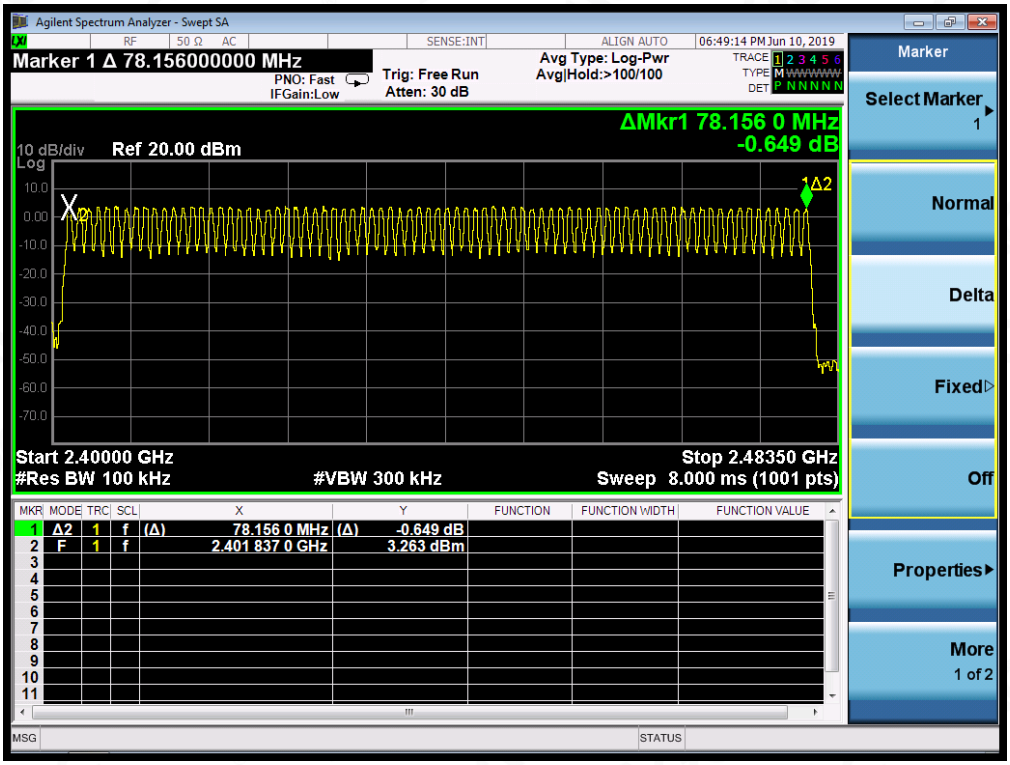
11.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

11.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

TOTAL NO. OF HOPPING CHANNEL	LIMIT (NO. OF CH)	MEASUREMENT (NO. OF CH)	RESULT
	>=15	79	PASS

TEST PLOT FOR NO. OF TOTAL CHANNELS



Note: The GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

12. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

12.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
1. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
2. RBW shall be≤channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
3. Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
4. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
5. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop.
6. Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:
(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) = (number of hops on spectrum analyzer) × (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)
7. The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements.

12.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

12.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

12.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

Channel	Time of Pulse for DH5 (ms)	Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements	Sweep Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Low	2.883	24*4	276.768	400
Middle	2.883	25*4	288.300	400
High	2.883	26*4	299.832	400

Note: The π /4-DQPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.