

# **RADIO DFS TEST REPORT**

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Report No.: STS2203118W04

Issued for

Rapsodo Pte Ltd

Blk 20 Ayer Rajah Crescent, #08-05, Singapore 139964

Product Name:	Trolink network card module
Brand Name:	Rapsodo
Model Name:	TL8822CSL
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AH3O-TL8822CSL
Test Standard:	FCC Part 15.407

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Report No.: STS2203118W04

# **TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant's Name	Rapsodo Pte Ltd				
Address:	Blk 20 Ayer Rajah Crescent, #08-05, Singapore 139964				
Manufacturer's Name:	Shenzhen Trolink Zhilian Technology Co., Ltd.				
Address:	2nd Floor, Building B, Stone Street, District A, Huafeng First Science and Technology Park, Gushu Sanwei, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China				
Product Description					
Product Name:	Trolink network card module				
Brand Name:	Rapsodo				
Model Name:	TL8822CSL				
Series Model:	N/A				
Test Standards	FCC Part 15.407				
Test Procedure	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02				
equipment under test (EUT) is i to the tested sample identified in This report shall not be reprodu document only be altered or rev the document.	ced except in full, without the written approval of STS, this vised by STS, personal only, and shall be noted in the revision of				
Date of Test					
Date of receipt of test item	: 05 May 2022				
Date (s) of performance of tests	: 05 May 2022 ~ 22 June 2022				
Date of Issue	: 22 June 2022				
Test Result	Pass				
Testing Enginee	er : Chins cher				
	(Chris Chen)				
Technical Mana					
	(Sean she)				
Authorized Sigr	natory: Rowy Juney				
	(Bovey Yang)				
Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.	A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China Tel: +86-755 3688 6288 Fax:+86-755 3688 6277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com				

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Report NO.	Effect Page	Contents
00	22 June 2022	STS2203118W04	ALL	Initial Issue



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# **1. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

Test procedures according to the technical standards: KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 and 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02

Part 15.407				
Requirement	Operational Mode	RESULTS		
Kequirement	Master	RESOLIS		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Pass		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Pass		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Pass		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Pass		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Pass		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Pass		

#### 1.1 TEST FACTORY

SHENZHEN STS TEST SERVICES CO., LTD Add. : A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China

FCC test Firm Registration Number: 625569

IC test Firm Registration Number: 12108A

A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01

#### **1.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

The reported uncertainty of measurement  $\mathbf{y} \pm \mathbf{U}$ , where expended uncertainty  $\mathbf{U}$  is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of **k=2**, providing a level of confidence of approximately **95** %.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	DFS Threshold (conducted)	±0.87dB
2	Temperature	±1.024°C
3	Humidity	±4.575%





# 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE EUT

Product Name	Trolink network card module					
Brand Name	Rapsodo					
Model Name	TL8822CSL					
Series Model	N/A					
Model Difference	N/A					
Product Description	The EUT is Trolink network card module802.11a/ n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5.260GHz-5.320GHz 802.11 n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)): 5.270GHz-5.310GHz 802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.290GHz Frequency:802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.290GHz 802.11a/ n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5.500GHz-5.700GHz 802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.510GHz-5.670GHz 802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.530GHz-5.610GHz 802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.530GHz-5.610GHz 802.11ac(VHT80)): 5.530GHz-5.610GHz 802.11ac(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM 802.11ac(OFDM):BPSK,QPSK,16-QAM,64-QAM 802.11ac(OFDM): BPSK,QPSK					
Channel List	Refer to below					
Sub-class	H01					
Rating	DC 3.3V					
Hardware version number	V1.0					
Software version number	V1.0					

#### Note:

1. For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User Manual, the antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.





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	Channel List for 802.11a/n/ac (20MHz)						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Cha nnel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260	56	5280	60	5300	64	5320
100	5500	104	5520	108	5540	112	5560
116	5580	120	5600	124	5620	128	5640
132	5660	136	5680	140	5700		

	Channel List for 802.11n/ac (40 MHz)						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chan nel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
54	5270	62	5310	102	5510	110	5550
134	5670						

		Chann	el List for 802.	.11ac (80	) MHz)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chan nel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
58	5290	106	5530	122	5610		

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#### 3.EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

The manufacturer declared values for the EUT operational characteristics that affect DFS are as follows

#### Operating Modes (5250 – 5350 MHz, 5470 – 5725 MHz)

Master Device

Client Device (no In Service Monitoring, no Ad-Hoc mode)

Client Device with In-Service Monitoring

#### Antenna Gains / EIRP (5250 - 5350 MHz, 5470 - 5725 MHz)

	5250 – 5	350 MHz	5470 – 57	25 MHz
	ANT A: 4.3 dBi			
Lowest Antenna	ANT B: 4.3 dBi			
Gain (dBi)	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:
	7.31dBi	7.31dBi	7.31dBi	7.31dBi
	ANT A: 4.3 dBi			
Highest Antenna	ANT B: 4.3 dBi			
Gain (dBi)	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:	MIMO A+B:
	7.31dBi	7.31dBi	7.31dBi	7.31dBi
DFS Detection		-62		
Threshold (dBm)		-02		

### Channel Protocol

$\boxtimes$	IP Based
	Frame Based

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the requirements of the standard(s) referenced in this test report.

#### 2.2 TEST CONDITIONS AND CHANNEL

	Normal Test Conditions	
Temperature	0°C – 40°C	
Relative Humidity	20% - 75%	
Supply Voltage	AC 120V/60Hz	

Channel List				
Band Frequency	EUT Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)		
	CH60	5300		
U-NII-2A	CH58	5290		



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Channel List				
Band Frequency	EUT Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)		
	CH116	5580		
U-NII-2C	CH106	5530		



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### 2.3 DFS MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

#### a. RADAR GENERATION SYSTEM

An Agilent PSG is used as the radar-generating source. The integral arbitrary waveform generators are programmed using Agilent's "Pulse Building" software and Elliott custom software to produce the required waveforms, with the capability to produce both unmodulated and modulated (FM Chirp) pulses. Where there are multiple values for a specific radar parameter then the software selects a value at random and, for FCC tests, the software verifies that the resulting waveform is truly unique.

With the exception of the hopping waveforms required by the FCC's rules (see below), the radar generator is set to a single frequency within the radar detection bandwidth of the EUT.

Frequency hopping radar waveforms are simulated using a time domain model. A randomly hopping sequence algorithm (which uses each channel in the hopping radar's range once in a hopping sequence) generates a hop sequence. A segment of the first 100 elements of the hop sequence are then examined to determine if it contains one or more frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth of the EUT. If it does not then the first element of the segment is discarded and the next frequency in the sequence is added. The process repeats until a valid segment is produced. The radar system is then programmed to produce bursts at time slots coincident with the frequencies within the segment that fall

in the detection bandwidth. The frequency of the generator is stepped in 1 MHz increments across the EUT's detection range.

The radar signal level is verified during testing using a CW signal with the AGC function switched on. Correction factors to account for the fact that pulses are generated with the AGC functions switched off are measured annually and an offset is used to account for this in the software. The generator output is connected to the coupling port of the conducted set-up or to the radar-generating antenna.

#### **b. CHANNEL MONITORING SYSTEM**

Channel monitoring is achieved using a spectrum analyzer and digital storage oscilloscope. The analyzer is configured in a zero-span mode, center frequency set to the radar waveform's frequency or the center frequency of the EUT's operating channel.

The IF output of the analyzer is connected to one input of the oscilloscope and analyzer. A signal generator output is set to send either the modulating signal directly or a pulse gate with an output pulse co-incident with each radar pulse. This output is connected to a second input on the oscilloscope and the oscilloscope displays both the channel traffic (via the if input) and the radar pulses on its display.

For in service monitoring tests the analyzer sweep time is set to > 20 seconds and the oscilloscope is configured with a data record length of 10 seconds for the short duration and frequency hopping waveforms, 20 seconds for the long duration waveforms. Both instruments are set for a single acquisition sequence. The analyzer is triggered 500ms before the start of the waveform and the oscilloscope is triggered directly by the modulating pulse train. Timing measurements for aggregate channel transmission time and channel move time are made from the oscilloscope data, with the end of the waveform clearly identified by the pulse train on one trace. The analyzer trace data is used to confirm that the last transmission occurred within the 10-second record of the oscilloscope. If necessary the record length of the oscilloscope is expanded to capture the last transmission on the channel prior to the channel move.

Channel availability check time timing plots are made using the analyzer. The analyzer is triggered at start of the EUT's channel availability check and used to verify that the EUT does not transmit when radar is applied during the check time.

The analyzer detector and oscilloscope sampling mode is set to peak detect for all plots.



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# 2.4 EQUIPMENTS LIST FOR ALL TEST ITEMS

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Last calibration	Calibrated until
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY46240556	2021.09.30	2022.09.29
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY51110105	2022.03.01	2023.02.28
Coupler	Rio tinto in overseas	ZFSC-2-11	15542	2022.03.02	2023.02.01
Coupler	Rio tinto in overseas	ZN2PD-9G	SF078500430	2022.03.02	2023.02.01
Attenuator	HP	8494B	DC-18G	2022.03.02	2023.02.01
Router	TP-LINK (ID:Q87-WRT3200ACM)	TL-WR885N	1125074010735	N.C.R	N.C.R
Temperature & Humidity	HH660	Mieo	N/A	2021.10.09	2022.10.08

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# 3. DFS PARAMETERS

# 3.1 DFS PARAMETERS

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	

Additional requirements for devices	Master Device or Client	Client Without			
with multiple bandwidth modes	with Radar Detection	Radar Detection			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and	All BW modes must be	Not required			
Statistical Performance Check	tested				
Channel Move Time and Channel	Test using widest BW mode	Test using the widest			
Closing Transmission Time	available	BW mode available			
		for the link			
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required			
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include					
several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of					
the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in					

each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.

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#### Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value			
	(See Notes 1, 2, and 3)			
$EIRP \ge 200 milliwatt$	-64 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	-62 dBm			
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz				
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral -64 dBm				
density requirement				
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.				
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test				
transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the				

test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

#### Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds
	See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an
	aggregate of 60
	milliseconds over
	remaining 10 second
	period.
	See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-
	NII 99% transmission
	power bandwidth. See
	Note 3.

**Note 1:** *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2:** The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a *Channel* move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

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# Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum
Туре	Width	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number
	(µsec)			Successful	of
				Detection	Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note
					1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	$\operatorname{Roundup}\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{360} \end{pmatrix}, \\ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\operatorname{PRI}_{\mu \operatorname{sec}}} \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
	Radar Types	1 ()		80%	120

time, and channel closing time tests.

Table 5a - Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)	
1	1930.5	518	
2	1858.7	538	
3	1792.1	558	
4	1730.1	578	
5	1672.2	598	
6	1618.1	618	
7	1567.4	638	
8	1519.8	658	
9	1474.9	678	
10	1432.7	698	
11	1392.8	718	
12	1355	738	
13	1319.3	758	
14	1285.3	778	
15	1253.1	798	
16	1222.5	818	
17	1193.3	838	
18	1165.6	858	
19	1139	878	
20	1113.6	898	
21	1089.3	918	
22	1066.1	938	
23	326.2	3066	

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The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4. For example, the following table indicates how to compute the aggregate of percentage of successful detections.

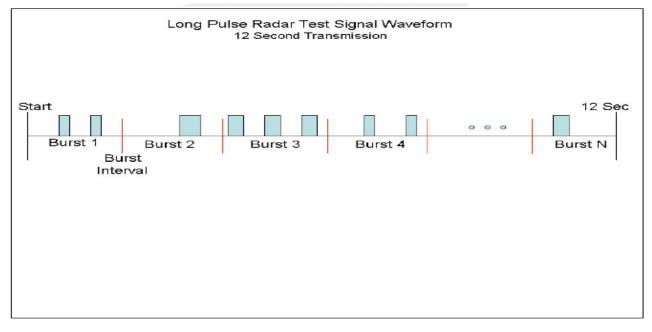
Radar Type	Number of Trials	Number of Successful Detections	Minimum Percentage of Successful	
			Detection	
1	35	29	82.9%	
2	30	18	60%	
3	30	27	90%	
4	50	44	88%	
Aggregate (82.9% + 60% + 90% + 88%)/4 = 80.2%				

Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Bursts</i>	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000- 2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Figure 1 provides a graphical representation of the Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform.



Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length	Minimum Percentage of Successful	Minimum Number of Trials
					(msec)	Detection	
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30



# 3.2 DFS –TEST RESULTS

#### 3.2.1 TEST RESULTS- FCC Part 15.407 CLIENT DEVICE

#### Shutdown Time

Mode	Frequency	Channel	Limit Channel	Close	Limit Close	Verdict
	(MHz)	Move Time	Move Time	Transmission	Transmission	
	(101172)	(s)	(s)	Time (s)	Time (s)	
ac80	5290	1.2688	10	0.0069	0.26	Pass
ac80	5530	1.3465	10	0.0063	0.26	Pass
а	5300	1.2487	10	0.0384	0.26	Pass
а	5580	1.2542	10	0.0399	0.26	Pass

#### Notes:

1) Tests were performed using the conduction test method.

2) Channel availability check, detection threshold and non-occupancy period are not applicable to client devices.

#### 3.2.2 DFS MEASUREMENT METHODS

#### a. DFS – CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME AND CHANNEL MOVE TIME

Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

#### b. DFS - CHANNEL NON-OCCUPANCY AND VERIFICATION OF PASSIVE SCANNING

Non-occupancy Period. A channel that has been flagged as containing a radar system, either by a channel availability check or in-service monitoring, is subject to a non-occupancy period of at least 30 minutes. The non-occupancy period starts at the time when the radar system is detected.

#### c. CHANNEL AVAILABILITY CHECK TIME

Channel Availability Check Time. A U-NII device shall check if there is a radar system already operating on the channel before it can initiate a transmission on a channel and when it has to move to a new channel. The U-NII device may start using the channel if no radar signal with a power level greater than the interference threshold values listed in paragraph (h)(2) of this section, is detected within 60 seconds.

#### d. CONTROL (TPC)

Compliance with the transmit power control requirements for devices is demonstrated through measurements showing multiple power levels and manufacturer statements explaining how the power control is implemented.

#### e. DETECTION PROBABILITY / SUCCESS RATE

During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic. Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth.

#### f. NON- OCCUPANCY PERIOD

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring

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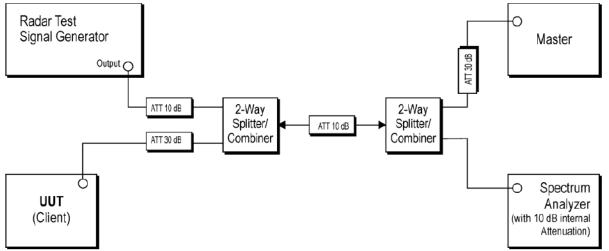
### 3.2.3 DFS CONDUCTION TEST METHOD

a. The signal level of the simulated waveform is set to a reference level equal to the threshold level (plus 1dB if testing against FCC requirements). Lower levels may also be applied on request of the manufacturer.

The signal level is verified by measuring the CW signal level at the coupling point to the RDD antenna port. The radar signal level is calculated from the measured level, R (dBm) and the lowest gain antenna assembly intended for use with the RDD

If both master and client devices have radar detection capability then the radar level at the non RDD is verified to be at least 20dB below the threshold level to ensure that any responses are due to the RDD detecting radar.

The antenna connected to the channel monitoring subsystem is positioned to allow both master and client transmissions to be observed, with the level of the EUT's transmissions between 6 and 10dB higher than those from the other device.



b. Set-up B is a set-up whereby the UUT is an RLAN device operating in slave mode, with or without Radar Interference Detection function. This set-up also contains an RLAN device operating in master mode. The radar test signals are injected into the master device. The UUT (slave device) is associated with the master device. Figure 5 shows an example for *Set-up B*. The set-up used shall be documented in the test report.

Channel loading mode:

EUT connects to the router through DFS setup, then controls and switches the EUT channel on the router background page.

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5290MHz ac80 Shutdown

# 3.2.4 DFS Test Data

# Shutdown Time

Channel Shutdown Trace
Radar End
Transmission End Transmission End 2.23 s Radar End 0.96 s -20 -40 Amplitude (dBm) -60 -80 -100 0 6 12 Time (s) 5530MHz ac80 Shutdown Channel Shutdown Trace
Radar End
Transmission End Transmission End 2.13 s Radar End 0.78 s -20 -40 Amplitude (dBm| -60 -80 -100 0 6 Time (s)

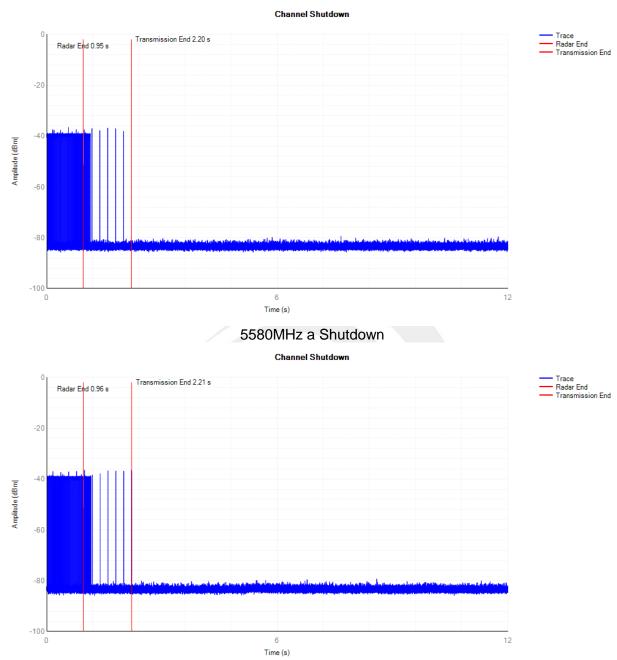
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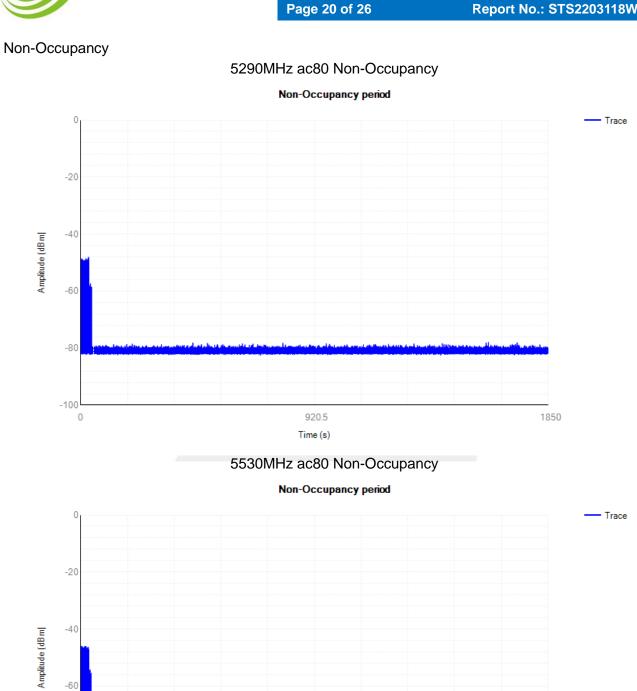
#### Report No.: STS2203118W04

#### 5300MHz a Shutdown



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Report No.: STS2203118W04

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-80

-100 0

> A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China Tel: +86-755 3688 6288 Fax: +86-755 3688 6277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com

1850

920.5

Time (s)

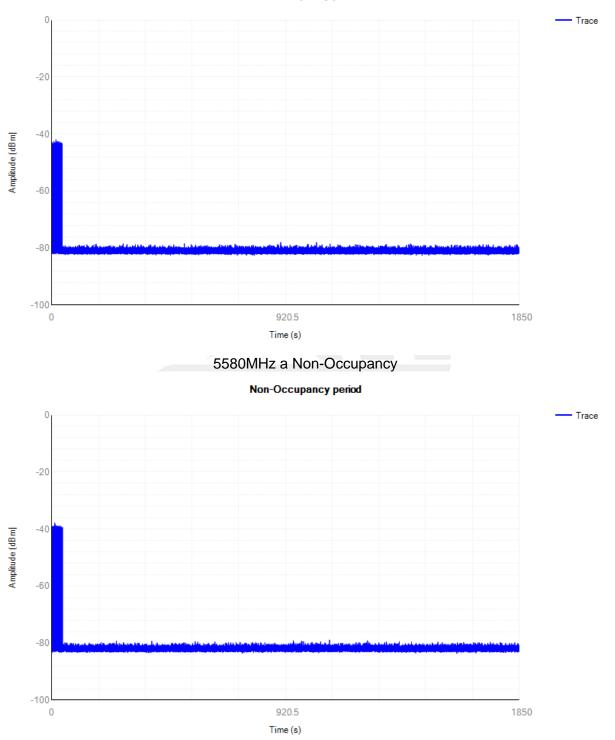


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#### 5300MHz a Non-Occupancy

Non-Occupancy period



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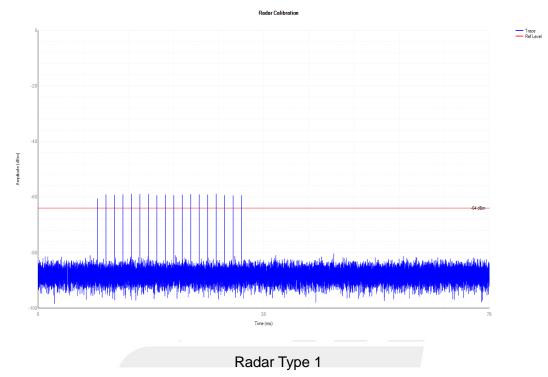




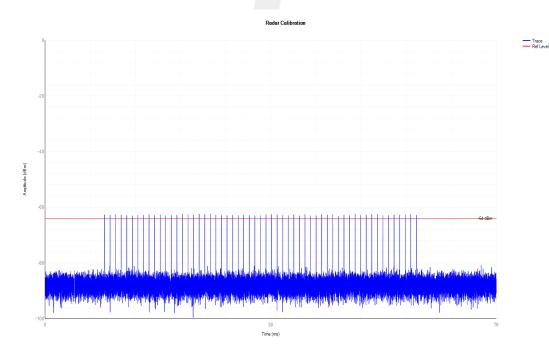


# Radar Waveform Calibration

Radar Type 0



(PRI=918us and the number of pulses=58)

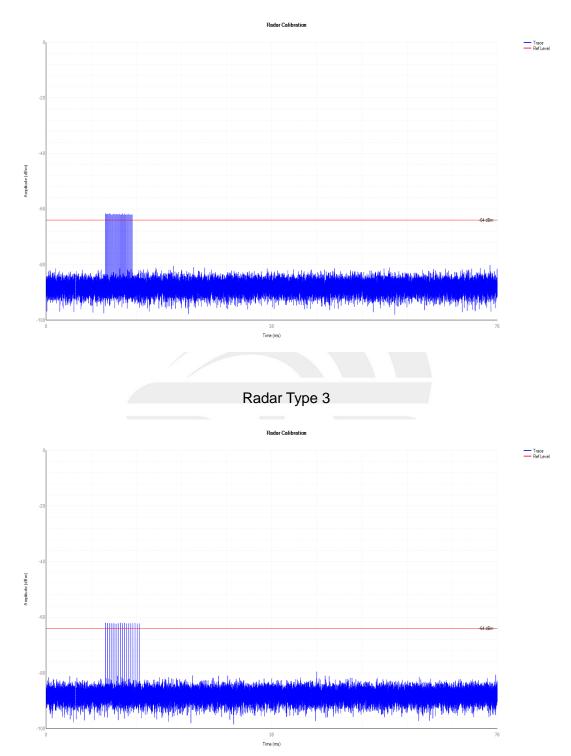


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# Radar Type 2

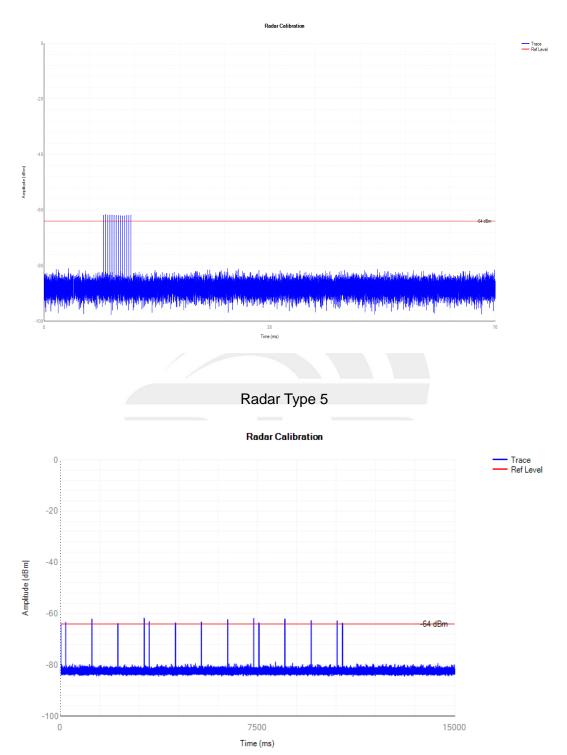


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# Radar Type 4

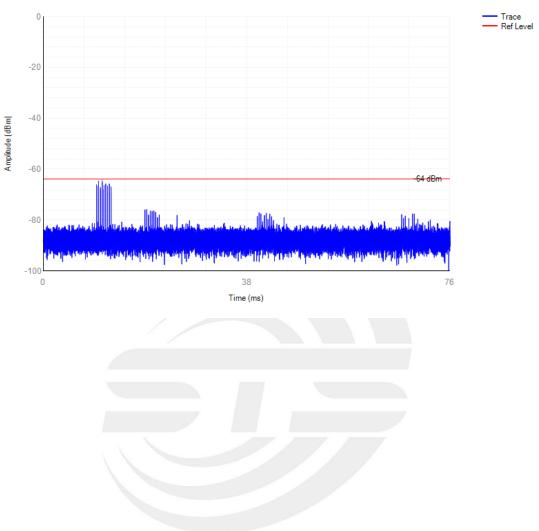


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# Radar Type 6





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# 3.2.5 DFS Test photo



\*\*\*\*\*END OF THE REPORT\*\*\*\*

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