



# TEST REPORT

Applicant: Shanghai Sunmi Technology Co.,Ltd.

Address: Room 505, No. 388 Song Hu Road, Yang Pu District, Shanghai, China

FCC ID: 2AH25T8910B

**Product Name: Handheld Wireless Terminal** 

Model Number: T8910

Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2

47 CFR Part 22, Subpart H 47 CFR Part 24, Subpart E

47 CFR Part 27 47 CFR Part 90 ANSI C63.26-2015

**KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems** 

v03r01

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: CR22050079-00F

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#### **Test Facility**

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

#### **Declarations**

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Handheld Wireless Terminal						
EUT Model:	T8910						
	GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/1900						
Operation Bands and modes:	WCDMA: Band 2/5						
	LTE: Band 2/4/5/12/17/25/26/38/40/41/66						
Modulation Type:	GMSK,8PSK, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM						
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 5V charging from adapter and DC 3.8V by battery						
	CR220050079-RF-S1(Type-1)						
Serial Number:	CR220050079-RF-S2(Type-2)						
	CR220050079-RF-S3(Type-3)						
<b>EUT Received Date:</b>	2022.05.25						
<b>EUT Received Status:</b>	Good						
Note: The EUT model has three configurations that Type-1 is code scanner model 3603. Type-2 is code scanner							

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Note: The EUT model has three configurations that Type-1 is code scanner model 3603, Type-2 is code scanner model 4170 and Type-3 is code scanner model NG001.

# **Accessory Information:**

Accessory Description	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
Adapter 1#	SHENZHEN TIANYIN ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.	TPA- 23A050200UU01	Input: AC 100- 240V~50/60Hz 0.3A Output: DC 5.0V, 2000mA
Adapter 2#	JIANGSU CHENYANG ELECTRON CO.,LTD.	UC13US	Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.35A Output: DC 5.0V, 2A
USB Cable	Unknown	Unknown	Unshielded, 1.2m

## 1.2 Description of Test Configuration

#### 1.2.1 EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:	The system was configured for testing in each operation mode.
Equipment Modifications:	No
<b>EUT Exercise Software:</b>	No

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The maximum power was configured per 3GPP Standard for each operation modes as below setting:

#### GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Function:

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Connection

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time MS Signal

slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850 > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > Mode >

BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test

channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH> choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off Main Timeslot >

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream Bit Stream >

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

# **WCDMA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

34.121-1 spec	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA				
	Subset	1	2		4	5				
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC		1	2.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1 HSUPA Loopback								
	HSUPA Test									
WCDMA	Power Control			Algorithm2						
General	Algorithm		<del> </del>							
Settings	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15				
Settings	βd	15/15	15/ 5	9/15	15/15	0				
	βес	209/225	12/15	30 15	2/15	5/15				
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-				
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15				
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0				
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0				
	DACK			8						
	DNAK			8						
HSDPA	DCQI			8						
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3						
Settings	factor			<i></i>						
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms						
	CQI Repetition Factor			2						
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15						
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7				
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0				
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21				
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81				
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9				
	Data Rate k ps		2, 11,	10210						
	1	E-TFC	T 11 E	E-TFCI	E TEC	CI 11 E				
		E-TFC		11		CI PO 4				
HSUPA		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 67				
Specific		E-TFCI		PO4		I PO 18				
Settings		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 71				
	Refe ence E FCls	E-TFC		92		I PO23				
		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 75				
		E-TFC		PO 18		I PO26				
		E-TF			E-TF	CI 81				
		E-TFCI	PO 27		E-TFC	I PO 27				

# LTE (FDD):

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in 3GPP TS36.101

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

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UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)						
	1.4 MHz	3.0 5 10 15 MHz MHz MHz MHz				15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS\_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RS</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)	
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA	
			3	>5	≤1	
			5	>6	≤1	
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤1	
			15	>8	≤1	
			20	>10	≤1	
NS 04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	s 1	
143_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20	See Tab	le 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1 1		10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1	
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a	
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3	
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤1 ≤2	
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23'	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5	
NS_32						
Note 1: A	pplies to the lower	block of Band 23, i.e.	a carrier place	d in the 2000-201	10 MHz region.	

# LTE(TDD)

LTE TDD Band 41 supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

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Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

	- 1	lormal cyclic prefix in de	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
Special subframe	DwPTS	DWPTS UpPTS DWPTS					
configuration		Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic		Normal cyclic	Extended cyclic	
		in uplink	prefix in uplink		prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink	
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			20480·T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T.	2560·T.	
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$23040 \cdot T_s$	21)2 · 1 <sub>8</sub>	2500 I <sub>s</sub>	
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$25600 \cdot T_{s}$			
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$			
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4384 · T.	5120 · T.	
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4564 · I <sub>S</sub>	3120 · I <sub>s</sub>	
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	12800 · T <sub>s</sub>			
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-	
9	$13168 \cdot T_{s}$			-	-	-	

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-				Sı	ubframe	numb	er			
configuration	Uplink Switch- point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	С
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	٥	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	О
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

#### **Calculated Duty Cycle**

Calculated Duty Cycle												
Uplink-	Downlink-to-		Subframe Number								Calculated	
Downlink Configuration	Uplink Switch- point Periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Duty Cycle (%)
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

Calculated Duty Cycle = Extended cyclic prefix in uplink x (T<sub>s</sub>) x # of S + # of U

Example for Calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0: Calculated Duty Cycle = 5120 x [1/(15000 x 2048)] x 2 + 6 ms = 63.33%

where T<sub>s</sub> = 1/(15000 x 2048) seconds

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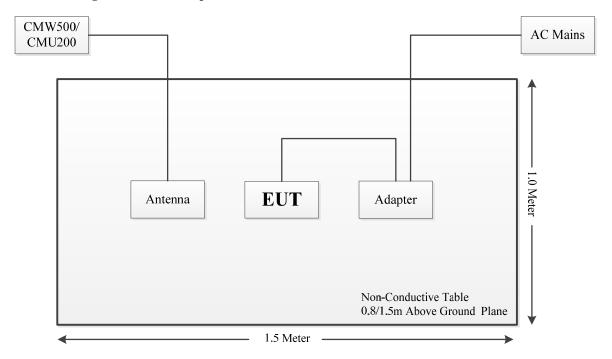
1.2.2 Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825
Unknown	Antenna	Unknown	ANT01

1.2.3 Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	То
/	/	/	/	/	/

# 1.2.4 Block Diagram of Test Setup



# 1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.15 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.61 dB,1G~6GHz: 5.14 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.93 dB,18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
RF Frequency	±0.082×10 <sup>-6</sup>

# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC§2.1046; § 22.913 (a); § 24.232 (c); §27.50; §90.603	RF Output Power	Compliant
FCC§ 2.1047	Modulation Characteristics	Not Applicable
FCC§ 2.1049; § 22.905 § 22.917; § 24.238; §27.53; § 90.209	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC§ 2.1051, § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53; §90.691	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Compliant
FCC§ 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53; §90.691	Out of band emission, Band Edge	Compliant
FCC§ 2.1055 § 22.355; § 24.235; §27.54; §90.213	Frequency stability vs. temperature Frequency stability vs. voltage	Compliant
FCC§ 2.1053 § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53; §90.691	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Compliant

# 3. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

#### 3.1 Applicable Standard For Part 22 Subpart H:

### 3.1.1 RF Output Power

FCC §22.913(a)

(5) The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7watts.

#### 3.1.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §22.917

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

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- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a reference bandwidth as follows:
- (1) In the spectrum below 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power. (2) In the spectrum above 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz

#### 3.1.3 Frequency stability

FCC §22.355

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table C-1 of this section.

Table C-1 - Frequency Tolerance for Transmitters in the Public Mobile Services

Frequency range (MHz)	Base, fixed (ppm)	Mobile >3 watts (ppm)	Mobile ≤3 watts (ppm)
25 to 50	20	20	50
50 to 450	5	5	50
450 to 512	2.5	5	5
821 to 896	1.5	2.5	2.5
928 to 929	5	n/a	n/a
929 to 960	1.5	n/a	n/a
2110 to 2220	10	n/a	n/a

### 3.2 Applicable Standard For Part 24 Subpart E:

#### 3.2.1 RF Output Power

FCC §24.232(c)

Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

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#### 3.2.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §24.238

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.
- (d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

#### 3.2.3 Frequency stability

FCC §24.235

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

#### 3.3 Applicable Standard For Part 27:

#### 3.3.1 RF Output Power

FCC §27.50

(a)(3) Mobile and portable stations.

(i) For mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, *except that* for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards or another advanced mobile broadband protocol that avoids concentrating energy at the edge of the operating band the average EIRP must not exceed 250 milliwatts within any 5 megahertz of authorized bandwidth but may exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth. For mobile and portable stations using time division duplexing (TDD) technology, the duty cycle must not exceed 38 percent in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands. Mobile and portable stations using FDD technology are restricted to transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band. Power averaging shall not include intervals in which the transmitter is off.

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- (ii) Mobile and portable stations are not permitted to transmit in the 2315-2320 MHz and 2345-2350 MHz bands.
- (iii) *Automatic transmit power control*. Mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or in the 2350-2360 MHz band must employ automatic transmit power control when operating so the stations operate with the minimum power necessary for successful communications.
- (iv) *Prohibition on external vehicle-mounted antennas*. The use of external vehicle-mounted antennas for mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band is prohibited.
- (b)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 746-757 MHz, 776-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands are limited to 3 watts ERP.
- (c)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) in the 600 MHz uplink band and the 698-746 MHz band, and fixed and mobile stations in the 600 MHz uplink band are limited to 3 watts ERP.
- (d)(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.
- (h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:
- (2) Mobile and other user stations. Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.

#### 3.3.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §27.53

- (a) For operations in the 2305-2320 MHz band and the 2345-2360 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power P (with averaging performed only during periods of transmission) within the licensed band(s) of operation, in watts, by the following amounts:
  - (4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:
- (i) By a factor of not less than: 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than 61 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, 61 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, 67 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and 70 + 10 log (P) dB below 2288 MHz;

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- (iii) By a factor of not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$  on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than  $70 + 10 \log (P) dB$  above 2365 MHz.
- (c)For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
- (1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 76 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 65 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.
- (f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to 70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and 80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.
- (g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

#### (h) AWS emission limits

(1) *General protection levels.* Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> (P) dB.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 40 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less that 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

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#### 3.3.3 Frequency stability

FCC §27.54

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

### 3.4 Applicable Standard For Part 90:

#### 3.4.1 RF Output Power

FCC §90.635

(b) The maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts (20 dBw).

#### 3.4.2 Spurious Emissions

FCC §90.691

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

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- (1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 116 Log10(f/6.1) decibels or 50 + 10 Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.
- (2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.
- (b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

#### 3.4.3 Frequency stability

FCC §90.213

809-824 MHz band, 2.5ppm for 2W or less output power.

#### 3.5 Test Method:

#### 3.5.1 RF Output Power

According to CFR Part 2.1046, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.5.5 and KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

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The relevant equation for determining the ERP or EIRP from the conducted RF output power measured using the guidance provided above is:

ERP or EIRP = 
$$P_{Meas} + G_T - L_C$$

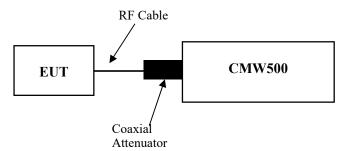
where:

ERP or EIRP = effective radiated power or equivalent isotropically radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as  $P_{Meas}$ , typically dBW or dBm);

 $P_{Meas}$  = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;  $G_{T}$  = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);

L<sub>C</sub> = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

### **Test Setup Block:**



Note: The Insertion loss of the RF cable and coaxial Attenuator was offset into the Reading of CMW500.

#### 3.5.2 Occupied Bandwidth

According to CFR Part 2.1049, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

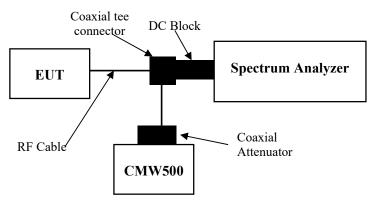
The OBW is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

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The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of  $1.5 \times OBW$  is sufficient).
- b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\geq 3 \times RBW$ .
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3. NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.
- e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.
- f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### **Test Setup Block:**



Note: 7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer.

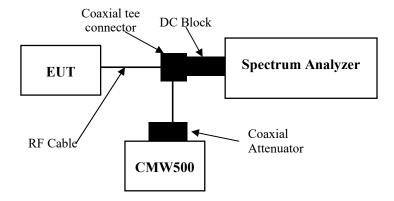
### 3.5.3 Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

According to CFR Part 2.1051, 22.917(a), 24.238(a) and/or 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.4, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

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the applicable rule part specifies the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission levels (typically, 100 kHz if the authorized frequency band/block is at or below 1 GHz and 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band/block is above 1 GHz),8 effectively depicting the unwanted emission limit in terms of a power spectral density. In those cases where no reference bandwidth is explicitly specified, the values in the preceding sentence should be used.

#### **Test Setup Block:**



Note: 7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer.

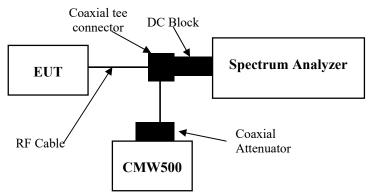
#### 3.5.4 Out of band emission

According to CFR Part 2.1051, 22.917(a), 24.238(a), 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.3, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

Typically, a measurement (resolution) bandwidth smaller than the reference bandwidth is allowed for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band (e.g., within the first Y MHz outside of the authorized frequency band/block, where the value of Y is specified in the relevant rule part). Some FCC out-of-band emission rules permit the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1 % of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth. Beyond the specified frequency range in which this relaxation of the uniform reference bandwidth is permitted, it typically is also acceptable to use a narrower RBW (again limited to a minimum of 1 % of OBW) to increase accuracy, but the measurement result must subsequently be integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

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#### **Test Setup Block:**



Note: The 7dB is the Insertion loss of the RF cable, Coaxial tee connector and DC Block, which was offset into the Spectrum Analyzer.

#### 3.5.5 Frequency stability

According to CFR Part 2.1055, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.6, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

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Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage.

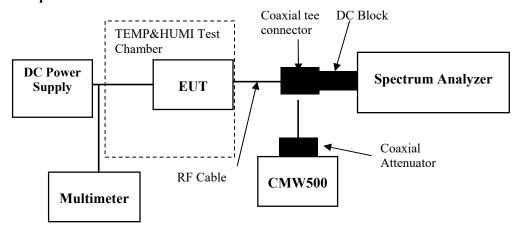
The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

- a) At 10 °C intervals of temperatures between -30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage, and
- b) At +20 °C temperature and  $\pm 15\%$  supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the -15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage.

During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

#### **Test Setup Block:**



## 3.5.6 Field strength of spurious radiation

According to CFR Part 2.1053, 22.917(a), 24.238(a) and/or 27.53, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5.3:

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## **Test setup:**

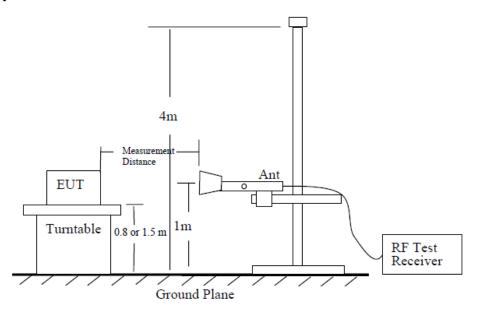


Figure 6 —Test site-up for radiated ERP and/or EIRP measurements

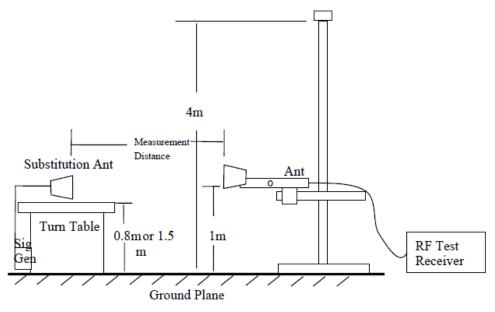


Figure 7 —Substitution method set-up for radiated emission

#### **Test Procedure:**

a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency.

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- b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:
  - Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.
  - Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.
  - Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed.
  - 4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.
  - Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.
- c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.
- d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement.
- Maintain the previous measurement instrument settings and test set-up, with the exception that the EUT is removed and replaced by the substitution antenna.
- f) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna; locate the signal generator so as to minimize any potential influences on the measurement results. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor.
- g) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [i.e., in step b) and step c)]:
  - Vary the measurement antenna height between 1 m to 4 m to maximize the received (measured) signal amplitude.
  - Adjust the signal generator output power level until the amplitude detected by the measurement instrument equals the amplitude level of the emission previously measured directly in step b) and step c).
  - Record the output power level of the signal generator when equivalence is achieved in step 2).
- h) Repeat step e) through step g) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization.
- Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation:

Pe = Ps(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd)

where

Pe = equivalent emission power in dBm

Ps = source (signal generator) power in dBm

NOTE—dBd refers to the measured antenna gain in decibels relative to a half-wave dipole.

- j) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from: gain (dBd) = gain (dBi) - 2.15 dB. If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information
- Provide the complete measurement results as a part of the test report.

# 4. Test DATA AND RESULTS

## 4.1 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 850 band:

1	Serial Number:	CR220050079-RF-S1	Test Date:	2022/7/11~2022/8/8
Т	est Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
	Tester:	Ted Min	Test Result:	Pass

Environment	al Conditions:				
Temperature: (°C)	24.6~26.8	Relative Humidity: (%)	52~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.1~100.4

Test Equipme	Test Equipment List and Details:							
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date			
R&S	R&S Spectrum Analyzer  Universal Radio Communication Tester		101943	2021-10-10	2022-10-09			
R&S			110 825	2021-07-21	2022-07-20			
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2022-07-15	2023-07-14			
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022-04-06	2023-04-05			
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021-09-30	2022-09-29			
ZHAOXIN DC Power Supply		RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A			
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A			
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each time	N/A			
HuiXunDa	DC Block	SMA-JK 18G	DCB181108042	Each time	N/A			
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	Each time	N/A			
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100003	Each time	N/A			

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

EUT Information@ GSM 850 Band▲:						
Antenna Gain (dBi):	-0.46	Antenna Gain (dBd):	-2.61	Path Loss $L_C$ (dB):	0	
Operation Voltage(V <sub>DC</sub> ):						
Lowest:	3.42	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.18	

<b>Test Frequency For Each Mode:</b>					
Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)		
GSM	824.2	836.6	848.8		
GPRS	824.2	836.6	848.8		

		EDGE	824.2	836.6	848.8
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# **Test Data:**

FCC§2.1046;	FCC§2.1046;§ 22.913 (a):RF Output Power							
	Conducted	Peak Output Po	ower(dBm)	Maximum ERP Limit				
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	ERP (dBm)	(dBm)			
GSM	32.26	32.53	32.61	30	38.45			
GPRS 1 Slot	32.06	32.37	32.42	29.81	38.45			
GPRS 2 Slots	31.57	31.45	31.26	28.96	38.45			
GPRS 3 Slots	29.94	29.68	28.32	27.33	38.45			
GPRS 4 Slots	28.72	28.32	28.15	26.11	38.45			
EDGE 1 Slot	26.58	26.34	26.42	23.97	38.45			
EDGE 2 Slots	25.43	25.29	25.13	22.82	38.45			
EDGE 3 Slots	24.85	24.39	24.16	22.24	38.45			
EDGE 4 Slots	23.37	23.56	23.18	20.95	38.45			
Note: ERP=Con	nducted Power(d	Bm) - Cable loss	(dB) + Antenna	Gain(dBd)				
	Result: Pass							

FCC §2.1049, §22.917, §22.905:Occupied Bandwidth								
Operation	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		width		
Mode	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel		
GSM	0.246	0.248	0.248	0.317	0.315	0.317		
EDGE	0.239	0.240	0.242	0.314	0.314	0.314		
Note: The test p	plots please refer	to the Plots of O	ccupied Bandwi	dth				

FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	

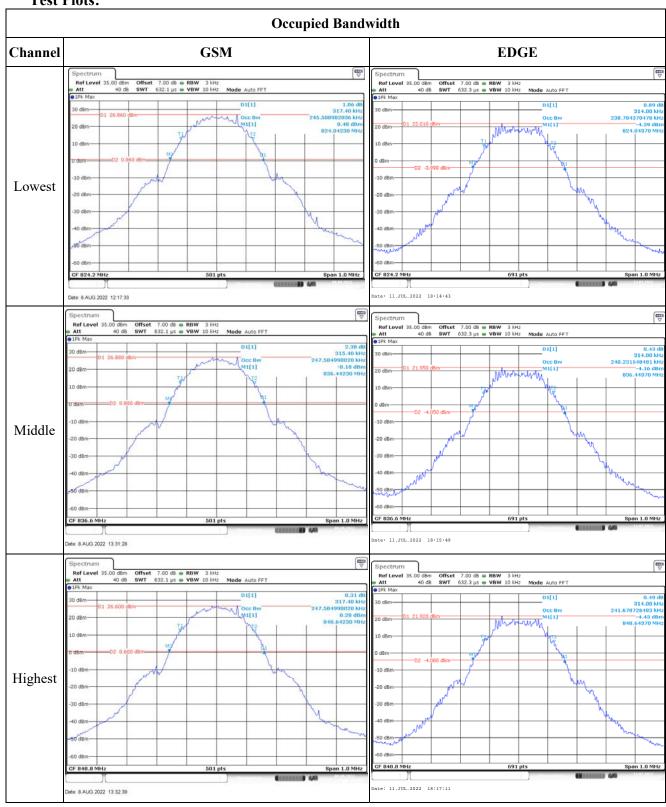
FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.	

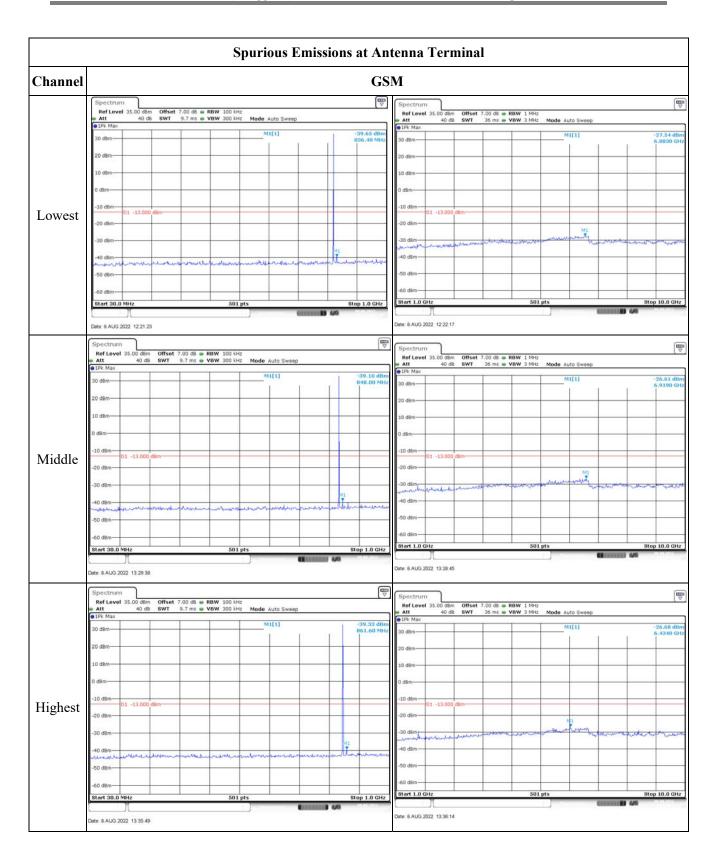
Report No.: C	R22050079-00F
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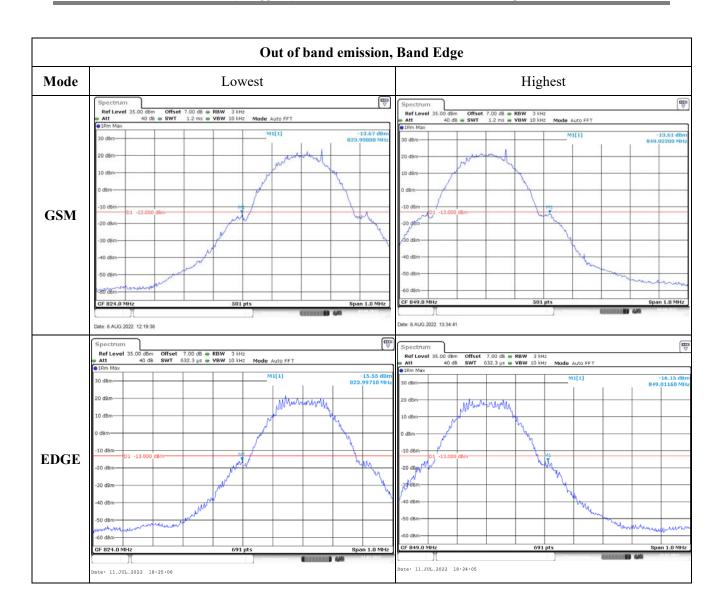
FCC §2.1055, §22.355: Frequency Stability							
Test Modulation:	GMSK		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz		
Test Item	Temperature	Voltage	Frequenc	ey Error	Limit		
1 est 1 tem	(°C)	(VDC)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)		
	-30	3.8	17	0.020	2.5		
	-20	3.8	16	0.019	2.5		
Frequency	-10	3.8	13	0.016	2.5		
	0	3.8	12	0.014	2.5		
Stability vs.	10	3.8	18	0.022	2.5		
Temperature	20	3.8	8	0.010	2.5		
	30	3.8	12	0.014	2.5		
	40	3.8	13	0.016	2.5		
	50	3.8	15	0.018	2.5		
Frequency	20	3.42	16	0.019	2.5		
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	19	0.023	2.5		
				Result:	Pass		

Test Modulation:	8PSK		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz
Test Item	Temperature Voltage		Frequen	cy Error	Limit
rest item	(℃)	(VDC)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)
	-30	3.8	20	0.024	2.5
	-20	3.8	14	0.017	2.5
	-10	3.8	19	0.023	2.5
Frequency	0	3.8	9	0.011	2.5
Stability vs.	10	3.8	20	0.024	2.5
Temperature	20	3.8	11	0.013	2.5
	30	3.8	13	0.016	2.5
	40	3.8	19	0.023	2.5
	50	3.8	12	0.014	2.5
Frequency	20	3.42	20	0.024	2.5
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	16	0.019	2.5
				Result:	Pass

## **Test Plots:**







### 4.2 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for GSM 1900 band:

	2 Internal For Feet Data and Results for Golff 1900 Band.						
Serial Number:	CR220050079-RF-S1	Test Date:	2022/7/11~2022/8/8				
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting				
Tester:	Ted Min	Test Result:	Pass				

En	Environmental Conditions:						
Т	emperature: $(^{\mathbb{C}})$	24.6~26.8	Relative Humidity: (%)	52~60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.1~100.4	

Test Equipment List and Details:							
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date		
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2021-10-10	2022-10-09		
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2021-07-21	2022-07-20		
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2022-07-15	2023-07-14		
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022-04-06	2023-04-05		
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021-09-30	2022-09-29		
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A		
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A		
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each time	N/A		
HuiXunDa	DC Block	SMA-JK 18G	DCB181108042	Each time	N/A		
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	Each time	N/A		
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100003	Each time	N/A		

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

EUT Information@PCS1900 Band▲:						
Antenna Gain (dBi):	-1.12			Path Loss L <sub>C</sub> (dB):	0	
Operation Voltage(VDC):						
Lowest:	3.42	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.18	

<b>Test Frequency For Each Mode:</b>							
Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)				
GSM	1850.2	1880	1909.8				
GPRS	1850.2	1880	1909.8				
EDGE	1850.2	1880	1909.8				

# **Test Data:**

FCC§2.1046;§ 24.232 (c):RF Output Power								
	Conducted	Peak Output Po	Maximum	EIDD				
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Middle Highest E		EIRP Limit(dBm)			
GSM	29.56	29.31	29.26	28.44	33			
GPRS 1 Slot	29.07	28.79	28.49	27.95	33			
GPRS 2 Slots	28.67	28.47	28.14	27.55	33			
GPRS 3 Slots	26.58	26.54	26.25	25.46	33			
GPRS 4 Slots	25.57	25.38	25.34	24.45	33			
EDGE 1 Slot	25.85	25.73	25.65	24.73	33			
EDGE 2 Slots	24.92	24.73	24.52	23.80	33			
EDGE 3 Slots	23.85	23.67	23.49	22.73	33			
EDGE 4 Slots	22.58	22.73	22.64	21.61	33			
Note: EIRP=Co	onducted Power(o	dBm) - Cable los	s(dB) + Antenna	Gain(dBi)				
	Result: Pass							

FCC §2.1049, §24.238:Occupied Bandwidth								
Operation	99% (	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			
Mode	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel		
GSM	0.244	0.244	0.246	0.317	0.317	0.319		
EDGE 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.314 0.314 0.314								
Note: The test p	plots please refer	to the Plots of O	ccupied Bandwi	dth	_			

FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal					
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.				

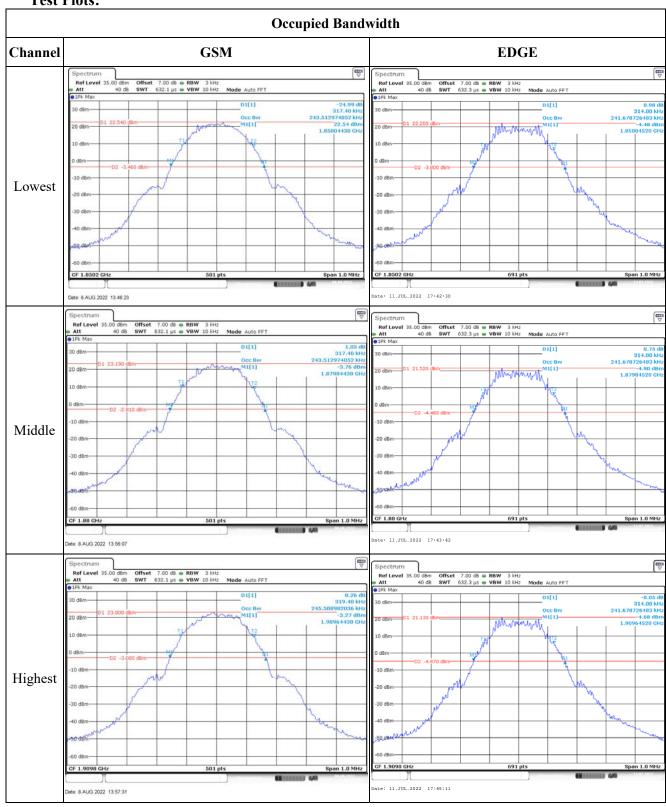
FCC §2.1051	FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Out of band emission, Band Edge			
Result: Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.				

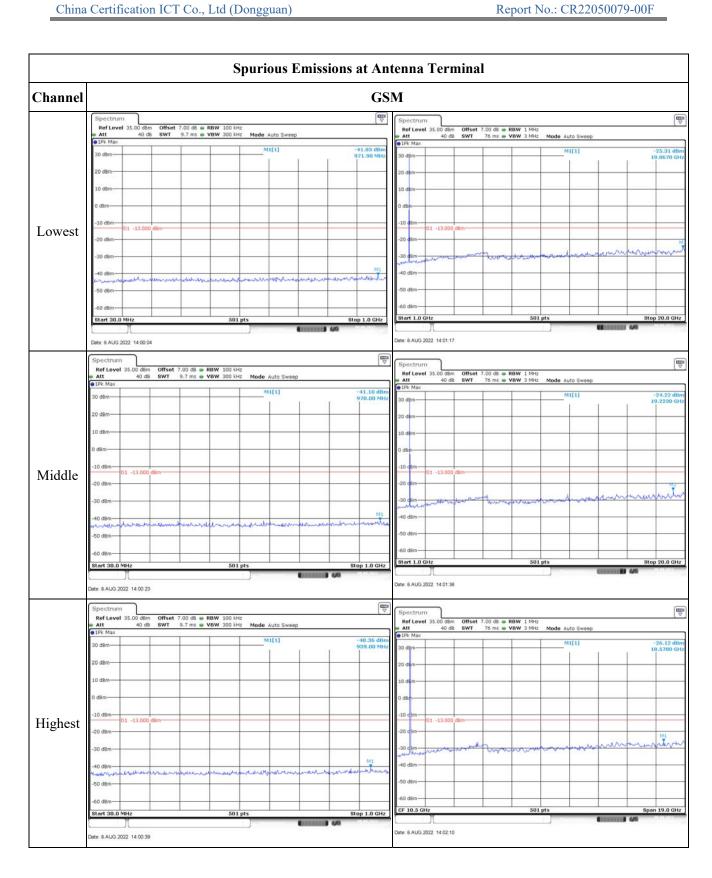
Report No.: 0	CR22050079-00F
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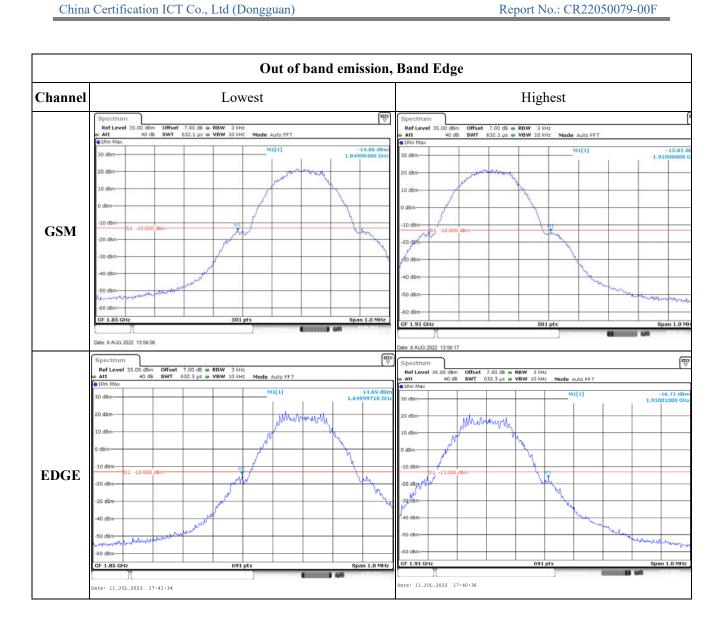
FCC §2.1055, §24.235: Frequency Stability						
Test Modulation:	GMSK		Test Channel:	1880	MHz	
Test Item	Temperature Voltage	Frequency Error		Result		
Test Item	(℃)	$(V_{DC})$	(Hz)	(ppm)	Result	
	-30	3.8	-13	-0.007	Pass	
	-20	3.8	-20	-0.011	Pass	
	-10	3.8	-16	-0.009	Pass	
Frequency	0	3.8	-12	-0.006	Pass	
Stability vs. Temperature	10	3.8	-17	-0.009	Pass	
	20	3.8	-11	-0.006	Pass	
	30	3.8	-16	-0.009	Pass	
	40	3.8	-19	-0.010	Pass	
	50	3.8	-19	-0.010	Pass	
Frequency	20	3.42	-16	-0.009	Pass	
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	-14	-0.007	Pass	
			•	Result:	Pass	

Test Modulation:	8PSK		Test Channel:	1880	MHz
Test Item	Temperature	Voltage (VDC)	Frequency Error		Result
Test Item	(℃)		(Hz)	(ppm)	Kesuit
	-30	3.8	-15	-0.008	Pass
	-20	3.8	-12	-0.006	Pass
	-10	3.8	-19	-0.010	Pass
Frequency	0	3.8	-18	-0.010	Pass
Stability vs.	10	3.8	-11	-0.006	Pass
Temperature	20	3.8	-18	-0.010	Pass
	30	3.8	-14	-0.007	Pass
	40	3.8	-10	-0.005	Pass
	50	3.8	-14	-0.007	Pass
Frequency	20	3.42	-13	-0.007	Pass
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	-18	-0.010	Pass
·				Result:	Pass

## **Test Plots:**







### 4.3 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 2:

110 / Milecillia I	1.0 Timeenna 1 of t 1 est Bata and Resaits for Webviri Bana 2.						
Serial Number:	CR220050079-RF-S1	Test Date:	2022/7/8				
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting				
Tester:	Ted Min	Test Result:	Pass				

Environmental Conditions:						
Temperature: $(^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$	24.8	Relative Humidity: (%)	49	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.2	

Test Equipment List and Details:								
Manufacturer	Description	Model Serial Number		Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date			
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2021-10-10	2022-10-09			
R&S	R&S Wideband Radio Communication Tester		149218	2021-07-21	2022-07-20			
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022-04-06	2023-04-05			
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021-09-30	2022-09-29			
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A			
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A			
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each time	N/A			
HuiXunDa	HuiXunDa DC Block		DCB181108042	Each time	N/A			
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	Each time	N/A			
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100003	Each time	N/A			

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

EUT Information@ WCDMA Band II▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	-1.12			Path Loss $L_C$ (dB):	0
Operation Volta	Operation Voltage(VDC):				
Lowest:	3.42	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.18

Test Frequency For Each Mode:							
Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)				
WCDMA	1852.4	1880	1907.6				

# **Test Data:**

# FCC§2.1046;§ 24.232 (c) RF Output Power:

	Conducted A	verage Output	Power(dBm)	Maximum	EIDD I ::4
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
WCDMA R99	21.81	21.92	22.02	20.9	33
HSDPA Subtest	21.93	21.96	22.14	21.02	33
HSDPA Subtest 2	21.75	21.87	21.99	20.87	33
HSDPA Subtest	21.95	21.99	22.13	21.01	33
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.79	21.86	21.98	20.86	33
HSUPA Subtest	21.72	21.81	21.98	20.86	33
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.91	21.99	22.06	20.94	33
HSUPA Subtest	21.81	21.86	21.86	20.74	33
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.87	21.89	22.00	20.88	33
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.81	21.9	22.00	20.88	33
HSPA+ Subtest	21.65	21.73	21.79	20.67	33
Note: EIRP=Co	onducted Power(	dBm) - Cable los	s(dB) + Antenna	Gain(dBi)	

Report No.: CR22050079-00F

Pook	to_average	Ratio(PAR)
reak.	-to-average	Rauotraki

r	rage Rano(PAR)							
		Peak	T,					
	Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	Limit (dB)			
	WCDMA R99	2.76	2.82	2.83	13			
	HSDPA	2.76	2.67	2.72	13			
	HSUPA	2.65	2.54	2.91	13			
	HSPA+	2.32	2.39	2.24	13			
				Result:	Pass			

**Result:** 

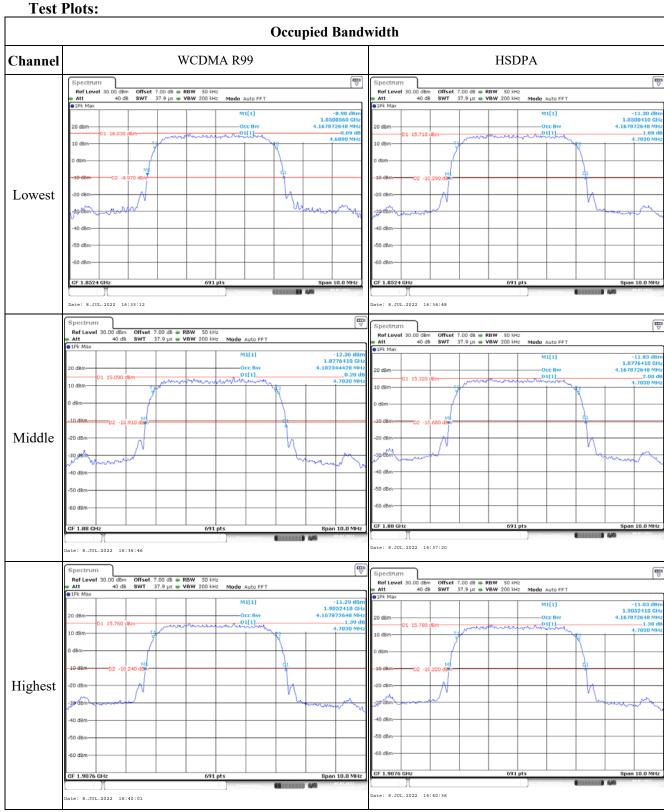
**Pass** 

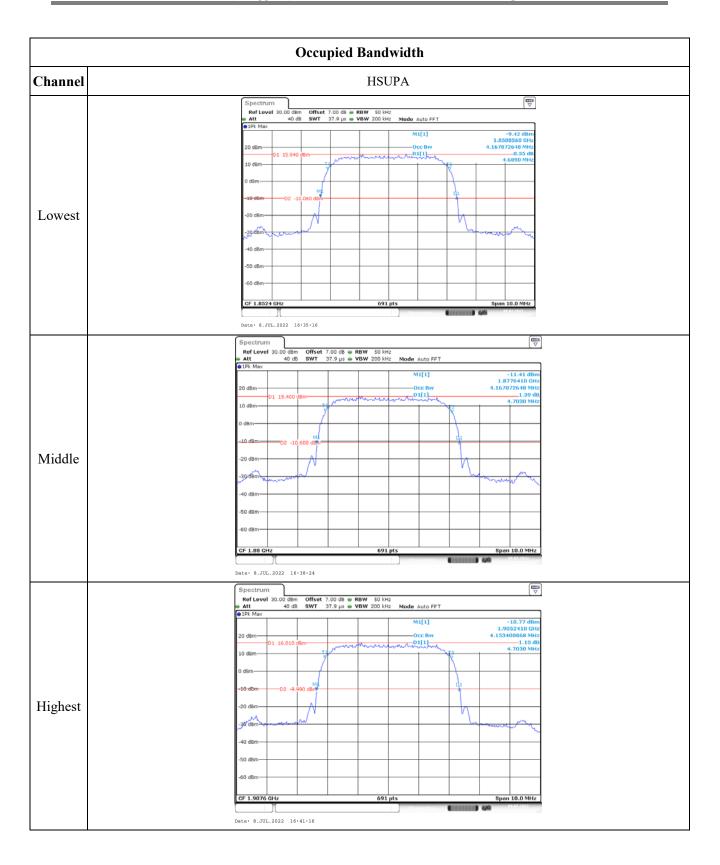
FCC §2.1049, §24.238:Occupied Bandwidth								
Operation	99% (	Occupied Band (MHz)	width	26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)				
Mode	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel		
WCDMA R99	4.168	4.182	4.168	4.689	4.703	4.703		
HSDPA	4.168	4.168	4.168	4.703	4.703	4.703		
HSUPA 4.168 4.168 4.153 4.689 4.703 4.703								
Note: The test	plots please refer	to the Plots of O	ccupied Bandwi	dth				

FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	

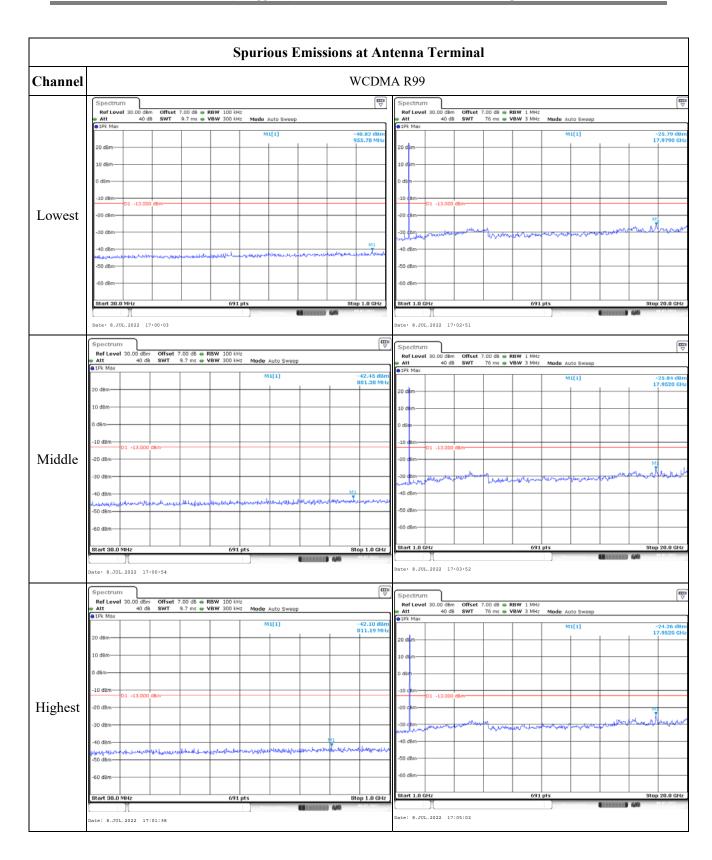
FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a):Out of band emission, Band Edge		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.	

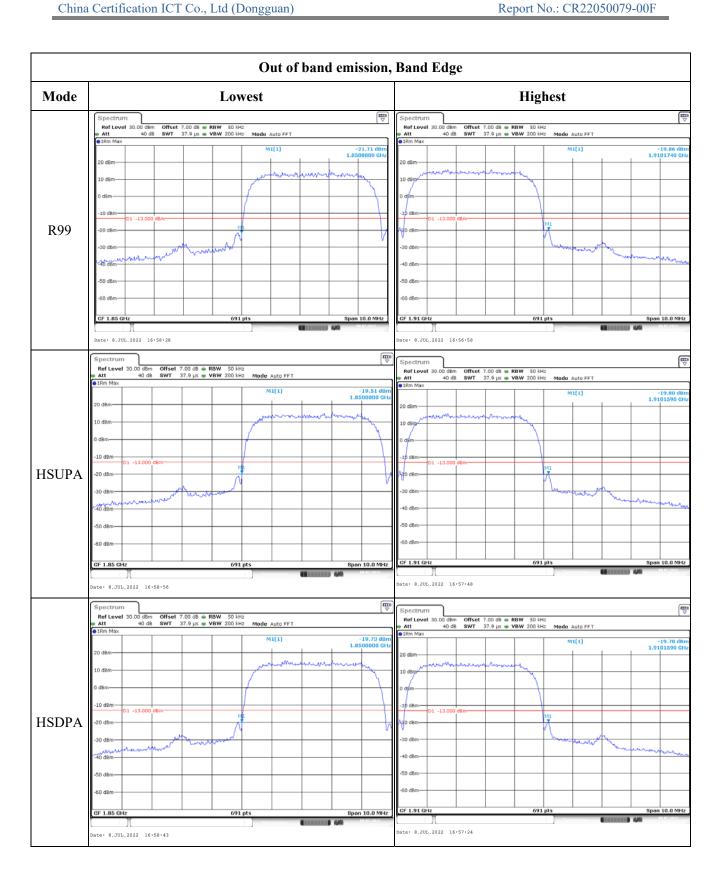
FCC §2.1055, §24.235: Frequency Stability						
Test Modulation:	WCDMA R99		Test Channel:	1880	MHz	
Test Item	Temperature	Voltage	Frequenc	ey Error	Result	
rest Item	(℃)	(VDC)	(Hz)	(ppm)	Kesuit	
	-30	3.8	11	0.006	Pass	
	-20	3.8	12	0.006	Pass	
	-10	3.8	11	0.006	Pass	
Frequency	0	3.8	19	0.010	Pass	
Stability vs.	10	3.8	16	0.009	Pass	
Temperature	20	3.8	11	0.006	Pass	
	30	3.8	12	0.006	Pass	
	40	3.8	17	0.009	Pass	
	50	3.8	14	0.007	Pass	
Frequency	20	3.42	13	0.007	Pass	
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	19	0.010	Pass	
				Result:	Pass	





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### 4.4 Antenna Port Test Data and Results for WCDMA Band 5:

To Tantenna 1	1.1 Threeling 1 of t Test Data and Results for Weblint Dana 5.						
Serial	CR220050079-RF-S1	Test Date:	2022/7/8				
Number:	CR220030079-RF-ST	Test Date.	2022///8				
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting				
Tester:	Ted Min	Test Result:	Pass				

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperatur	\ 26.8	Relative Humidity: (%)	60	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.4

Test Equipment List and Details:						
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2021-10-10	2022-10-09	
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2021-07-21	2022-07-20	
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022-04-06	2023-04-05	
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021-09-30	2022-09-29	
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A	
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A	
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each time	N/A	
HuiXunDa	DC Block	SMA-JK 18G	DCB181108042	Each time	N/A	
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	Each time	N/A	
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100003	Each time	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

EUT Information@ WCDMA Band V▲:					
Antenna Gain (dBi):	-0.46	Antenna Gain (dBd):	-2.61	Path Loss $L_C$ (dB):	0
Operation Volta	Operation Voltage(VDC):				
Lowest:	3.42	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.18

Test Frequency For Each Mode:					
Operation Modes	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)		
WCDMA	826.4	836.6	846.6		

## **Test Data:**

# FCC§2.1046;§ 22.913 (a) RF Output Power:

	Conducted A	verage Output	Power(dBm)	Maximum	ERP Limit
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	ERP (dBm)	(dBm)
WCDMA R99 Subtest 1	21.84	21.86	22.05	19.44	38.45
HSDPA Subtest	21.94	21.98	22.11	19.5	38.45
HSDPA Subtest 2	21.77	21.81	21.95	19.34	38.45
HSDPA Subtest	21.79	21.86	22.02	19.41	38.45
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.83	21.94	22.05	19.44	38.45
HSUPA Subtest	21.56	21.67	21.81	19.2	38.45
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.89	21.91	22.03	19.42	38.45
HSUPA Subtest	21.9	21.96	22.09	19.48	38.45
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.82	21.89	22.07	19.46	38.45
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.94	21.98	22.18	19.57	38.45
HSPA+ Subtest	21.59	21.63	21.88	19.27	38.45

ote: ERP-Conducted Power(dBin) - Cable loss(dB) + Antenna Gain(dBd)

Result: Pass

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Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)

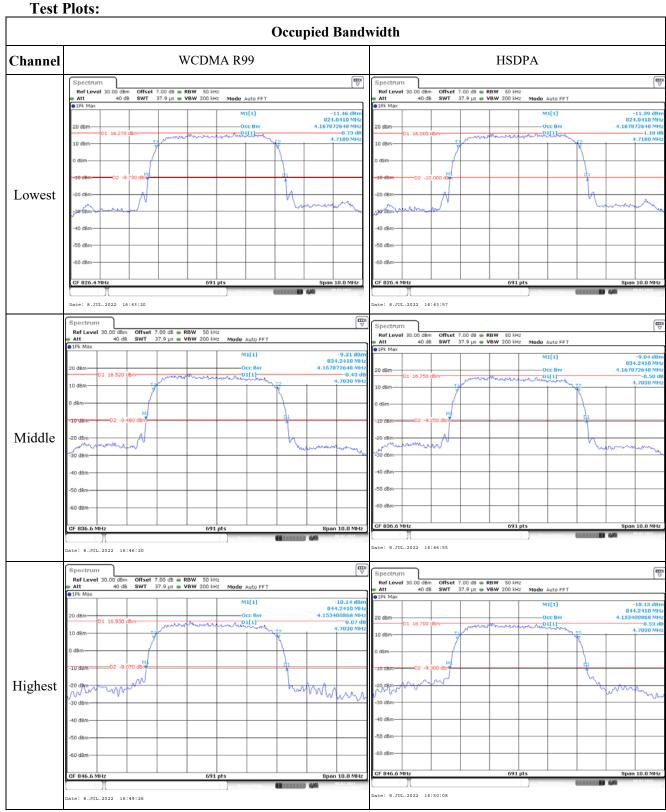
	Peak	T ::4		
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	Limit (dB)
WCDMA R99	2.77	2.77	2.74	13
HSDPA	2.5	2.45	2.64	13
HSUPA	2.77	2.81	2.64	13
HSPA+	2.46	2.61	2.43	13
			Result:	Pass

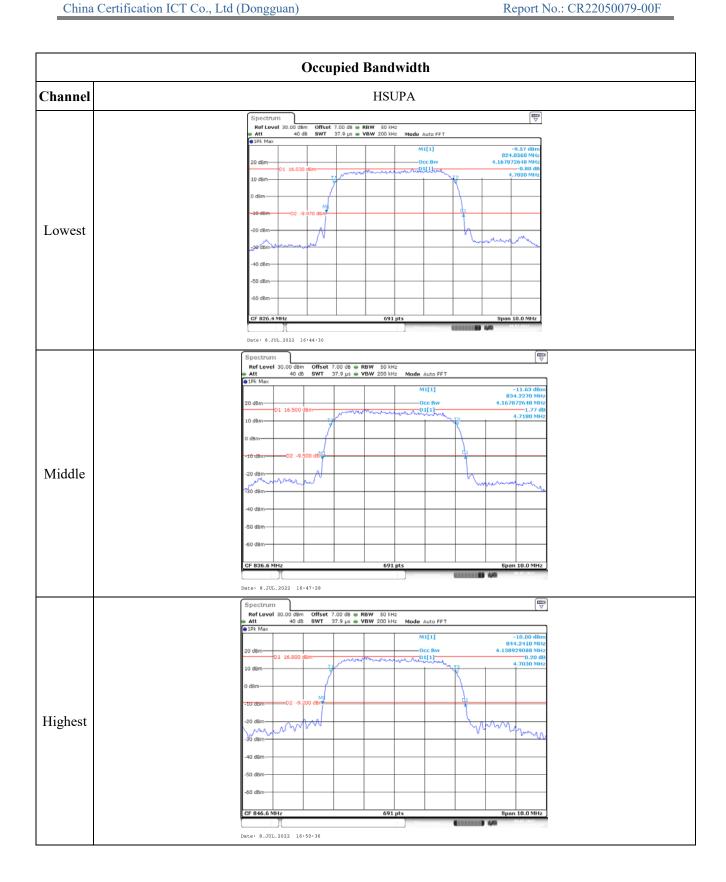
FCC §2.1049, §22.917, §22.905:Occupied Bandwidth						
99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)			1th 26 dB (		Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel	
4.168	4.168	4.168	4.718	4.703	4.703	
4.168	4.168	4.153	4.718	4.703	4.703	
4.168	4.168	4.139	4.703	4.718	4.703	
	Low Channel 4.168 4.168 4.168	Low Middle channel  4.168 4.168  4.168 4.168  4.168 4.168	Low Channel         Middle channel         High Channel           4.168         4.168         4.168           4.168         4.168         4.153	Low Channel         Middle channel         High Channel         Low Channel           4.168         4.168         4.168         4.718           4.168         4.168         4.153         4.718           4.168         4.168         4.139         4.703	Low Channel         Middle channel         High Channel         Low Channel         Middle Channel           4.168         4.168         4.168         4.718         4.703           4.168         4.168         4.153         4.718         4.703           4.168         4.168         4.139         4.703         4.718	

FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	

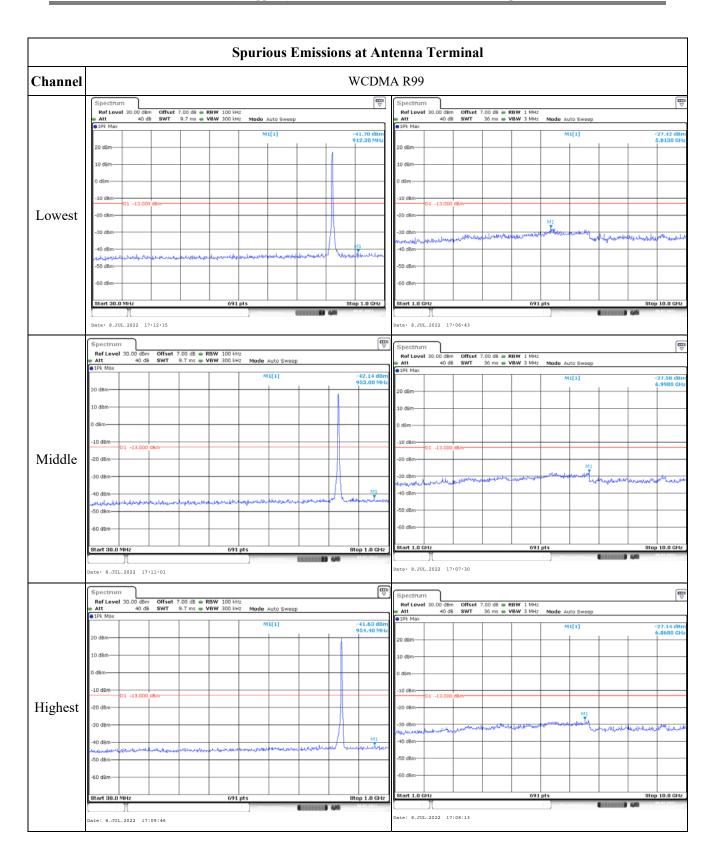
FCC §2.1051, §22.917(a):Out of band emission, Band Edge			
Result: Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.			

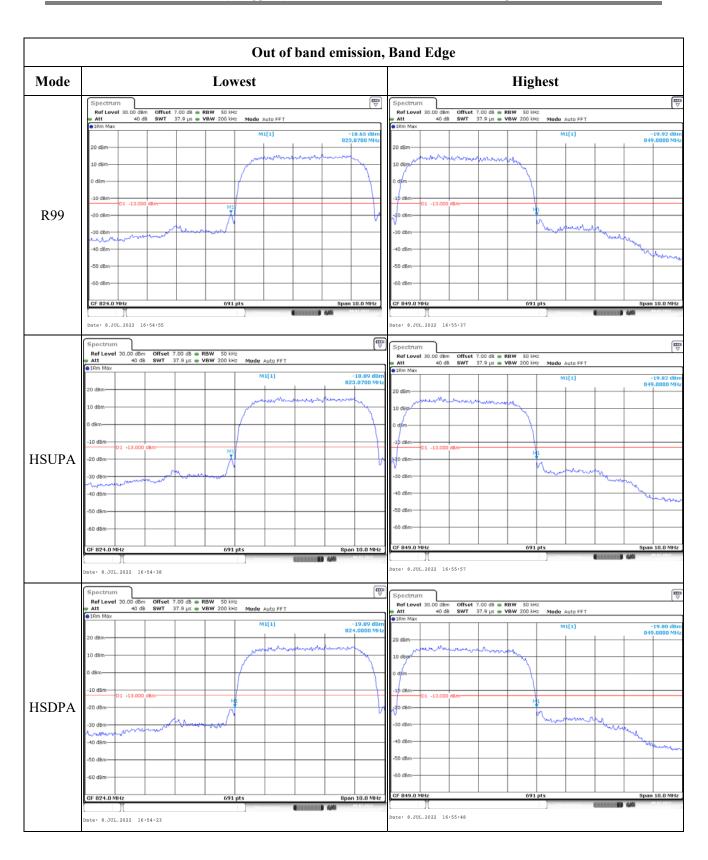
FCC §2.1055	FCC §2.1055, §22.355: Frequency Stability						
Test Modulation:	WCDMA R99		Test Channel:	836.6	MHz		
Test Item	Temperature	Voltage	Frequen	cy Error	Limit		
rest item	(℃)	(VDC)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(ppm)		
	-30	3.8	13	0.016	2.5		
	-20	3.8	17	0.020	2.5		
	-10	3.8	10	0.012	2.5		
Frequency	0	3.8	10	0.012	2.5		
Stability vs.	10	3.8	12	0.014	2.5		
Temperature	20	3.8	10	0.012	2.5		
	30	3.8	14	0.017	2.5		
	40	3.8	15	0.018	2.5		
	50	3.8	13	0.016	2.5		
Frequency	20	3.42	17	0.020	2.5		
Stability vs. Voltage	20	4.18	12	0.014	2.5		
				Result:	Pass		





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## 4.5Antenna Port Test Data and Results for LTE Band 2

Serial Number:	CR220050079-RF-S1	Test Date:	2022/7/2~2022/7/11
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Ted Min	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:						
Temperature: $(^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$	24.3~24.8	Relative Humidity: (%)	49-52	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.0~100.2	

Test Equipment List and Details:								
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date			
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2021-10-10	2022-10-09			
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2021-07-21	2022-07-20			
BACL	TEMP&HUMI Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30174	2022-04-06	2023-04-05			
UNI-T	Multimeter	UT39A+	C210582554	2021-09-30	2022-09-29			
ZHAOXIN	DC Power Supply	RXN-6010D	21R6010D0912386	N/A	N/A			
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211001	Each time	N/A			
E-Microwave	Two-way Spliter	ODP-1-6	OE0120176	Each time	N/A			
HuiXunDa	DC Block	SMA-JK 18G	DCB181108042	Each time	N/A			
Weinschel	Coaxial Attenuators	53-20-34	LN751	Each time	N/A			
YINSAIGE	Coaxial Cable	SS402	SJ0100003	Each time	N/A			

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

EUT Information@ LTE Band 2▲:						
Antenna Gain (dBi):	-1.12		Path Loss $L_C$ (dB):	0		
Operation Voltage(VDC):						
Lowest:	3.42	Normal:	3.8	Highest:	4.18	

Test Frequency For Each Mode:						
Operation Bandwidth	Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Middle Frequency (MHz)	Highest Frequency (MHz)			
1.4MHz	1850.7	1880	1909.3			
3MHz	1851.5	1880	1908.5			
5MHz	1852.5	1880	1907.5			
10MHz	1855	1880	1905			
15MHz	1857.5	1880	1902.5			

20MHz	1860	1880	1900
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## **Test Data:**

FCC§2.1046;	§ 24.232					
RF Output P						
Test Bandwidth	Resource	Conducted A	verage Output	Power(dBm)	Maximum	EIRP Limit
& Modulation	Block & RB offset	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	EIRP (dBm)	(dBm)
	RB1#0	21.93	21.76	21.82		
	RB1#3	22.06	21.89	21.95		
1 41 HIL ODGIZ	RB1#5	22.15	21.94	21.99	21.02	22
1.4MHz QPSK	RB3#0	21.95	21.58	21.78	21.03	33
	RB3#3	22.1	21.85	21.86		
	RB6#0	21.69	21.47	21.55		
	RB1#0	21.87	21.67	21.75		
	RB1#3	21.96	21.71	21.86		
1 40 41 1 (0 4 ) (	RB1#5	21.92	21.73	21.95	20.04	33
1.4MHz 16QAM	RB3#0	21.8	21.63	21.95	20.84	
	RB3#3	21.92	21.59	21.69		
	RB6#0	21.67	21.32	21.55		
	RB1#0	21.9	22.08	21.87		
	RB1#8	21.9	22.04	21.85		
2MIL OBGIZ	RB1#14	21.88	22.13	21.88	21.01	33
3MHz QPSK	RB6#0	21.86	22.09	21.79		
	RB6#9	21.92	22.05	21.86		
	RB15#0	21.5	21.76	21.40		
	RB1#0	21.52	21.80	21.59		
	RB1#8	21.92	21.90	21.62		
2001 160 101	RB1#14	21.88	21.93	21.75	20.04	22
3MHz 16QAM	RB6#0	21.71	21.8	21.65	20.81	33
	RB6#9	21.67	21.85	21.64		
	RB15#0	21.45	21.58	21.32		
	RB1#0	21.86	21.92	21.84		
	RB1#13	21.92	22.01	21.82		
SMIL OBGIZ	RB1#24	22.00	22.10	21.95	20.00	22
5MHz QPSK	RB15#0	21.93	22.03	21.84	20.98	33
	RB15#10	21.99	22.07	21.91		
	RB25#0	21.55	21.62	21.48		
	RB1#0	21.58	21.80	21.66		
	RB1#13	21.62	21.82	21.64		
5) GI 160 135	RB1#24	21.51	21.59	21.45	20.70	22
5MHz 16QAM	RB15#0	21.78	21.90	21.67	20.78	33
	RB15#10	21.71	21.86	21.69		
	RB25#0	21.47	21.53	21.45		

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				1		1
	RB1#0	21.83	22.13	21.96		
	RB1#25	21.79	22.22	22.05		
10MHz QPSK	RB1#49	21.93	22.34	22.06	21.22	33
TOWITZ QI SK	RB25#0	21.75	22.23	22.02	21.22	33
	RB25#25	21.86	22.26	22.14		
	RB50#0	21.54	21.94	21.67		
	RB1#0	21.69	21.94	21.77		
	RB1#25	21.78	22.16	21.99		
10MH= 160 AM	RB1#49	21.87	22.25	22.14	21.13	33
10MHz 16QAM	RB25#0	21.86	22.19	22.02	21.13	33
	RB25#25	21.86	22.12	22		
	RB50#0	21.48	21.91	21.69		
	RB1#0	22.1	22.02	21.91		
	RB1#38	22.24	21.98	22.06	21.22	
15 HI OPOV	RB1#74	22.34	22.09	22.14		22
15MHz QPSK	RB36#0	22.24	22.04	22.04		33
	RB36#39	22.31	22.10	22.11		
	RB75#0	21.96	21.77	21.83		
	RB1#0	21.84	21.83	21.78	20.77	33
	RB1#38	21.79	21.84	21.78		
153411 160434	RB1#74	21.89	21.81	21.73		
15MHz 16QAM	RB36#0	21.78	21.77	21.78		
	RB36#39	21.75	21.81	21.82		
	RB75#0	21.49	21.41	21.39		
	RB1#0	21.98	22.12	21.96		
	RB1#50	20.15	22.36	22.11		
20141 0001	RB1#99	21.97	22.17	21.9	21.24	22
20MHz QPSK	RB50#0	21.90	22.04	21.87	21.24	33
	RB50#50	21.95	22.01	21.99		
	RB100#0	21.54	21.72	21.53		
	RB1#0	21.74	21.83	21.76		
	RB1#50	21.73	21.94	21.79		
20) ## 160 13	RB1#99	21.77	22.07	21.8	20.05	22
20MHz 16QAM	RB50#0	21.64	22.03	21.78	20.95	33
	RB50#50	21.71	21.98	21.91		
	RB100#0	21.4	21.63	21.52	1	
Note: FIDD-Co	anducted Power(	(Dm) Coble los	I.	Goin(dDi)	I	ı

Note: EIRP=Conducted Power(dBm) - Cable loss(dB) + Antenna Gain(dBi)

Result: Pass

Peak-to-average Ratio(PAR)							
Test	Resource	Peak-	to-average Rati	o(dB)			
Bandwidth & Modulation	Block & RB offset	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	Limit (dB)		
20MHz	RB1#0	3.22	3.35	3.56	13		
QPSK	RB100#0	5.25	5.41	5.04	13		
20MHz	RB1#0	4.24	4.33	4.18	13		
16QAM	RB100#0	6.13	6.02	6.16	13		
				Result:	Pass		

FCC §2.1049,	§24.238:Occu	pied Bandwid	lth			
Operation	99% (	Occupied Band (MHz)	width	26 dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
Mode	Low Channel	Middle channel	High Channel	Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
1.4MHz QPSK	1.108	1.096	1.102	1.338	1.296	1.326
1.4MHz 16QAM	1.102	1.096	1.102	1.356	1.320	1.332
3MHz QPSK	2.683	2.683	2.683	2.868	2.880	2.892
3MHz 16QAM	2.683	2.683	2.683	2.880	2.880	2.880
5MHz QPSK	4.531	4.511	4.511	5.180	4.960	5.260
5MHz 16QAM	4.491	4.511	4.511	4.920	4.960	5.340
10MHz QPSK	8.942	8.942	8.892	9.640	9.6	9.640
10MHz 16QAM	8.942	8.942	8.982	9.560	9.640	9.880
15MHz QPSK	13.473	13.473	13.533	14.760	14.640	16.620
15MHz 16QAM	13.473	13.533	13.473	14.640	14.700	15.300
20MHz QPSK	17.884	18.044	17.964	19.200	21.040	20.000
20MHz 16QAM	17.964	18.124	17.884	19.200	23.600	19.280

FCC §2.1051, § 24.238 (a): Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal		
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	

FCC §2.1051,	, § 24.238 (a):Out of band emission, Band Edge
Result:	Pass, Please refer to the test plots of Out of band emission, Band Edge.

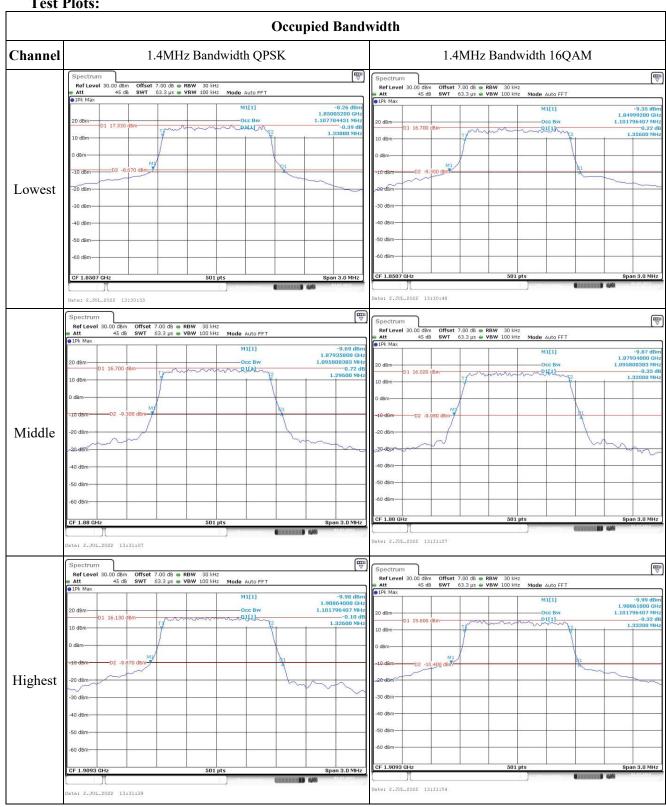
FCC §2.1055, §24.235: Frequency Stability										
Test Mode:	20 MHz QPSK		Test Channel:	1880	MHz					
Test Item	Temperature	re Voltage (VDC)	Frequency Error		Result					
	(℃)		(Hz)	(ppm)	Kesuit					
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	20	0.011	Pass					
	-20	3.8	18	0.010	Pass					
	-10	3.8	10	0.005	Pass					
	0	3.8	14	0.007	Pass					
	10	3.8	12	0.006	Pass					
	20	3.8	19	0.010	Pass					
	30	3.8	10	0.005	Pass					
	40	3.8	17	0.009	Pass					
	50	3.8	18	0.010	Pass					
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.42	13	0.007	Pass					
	20	4.18	19	0.010	Pass					

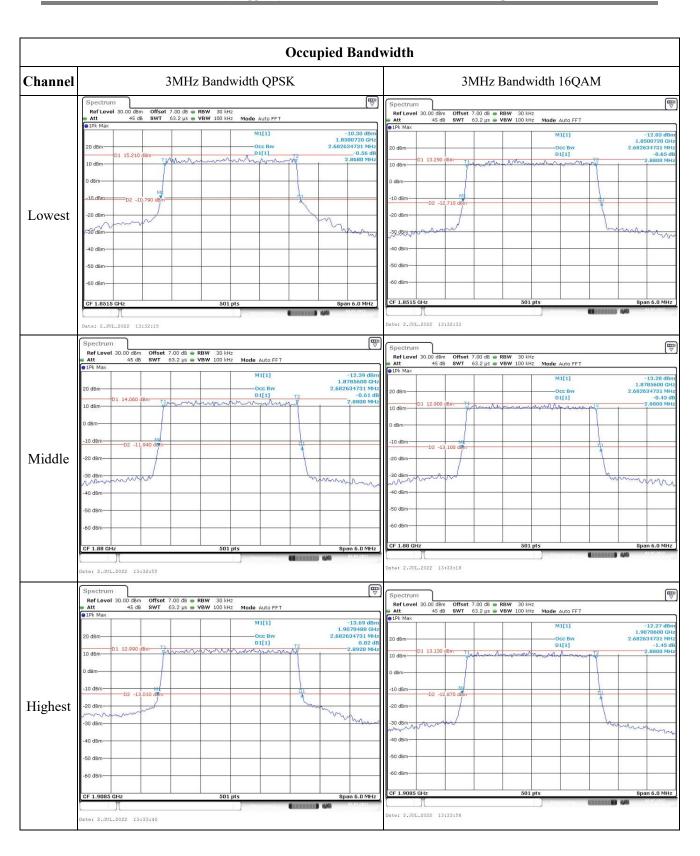
**Result:** 

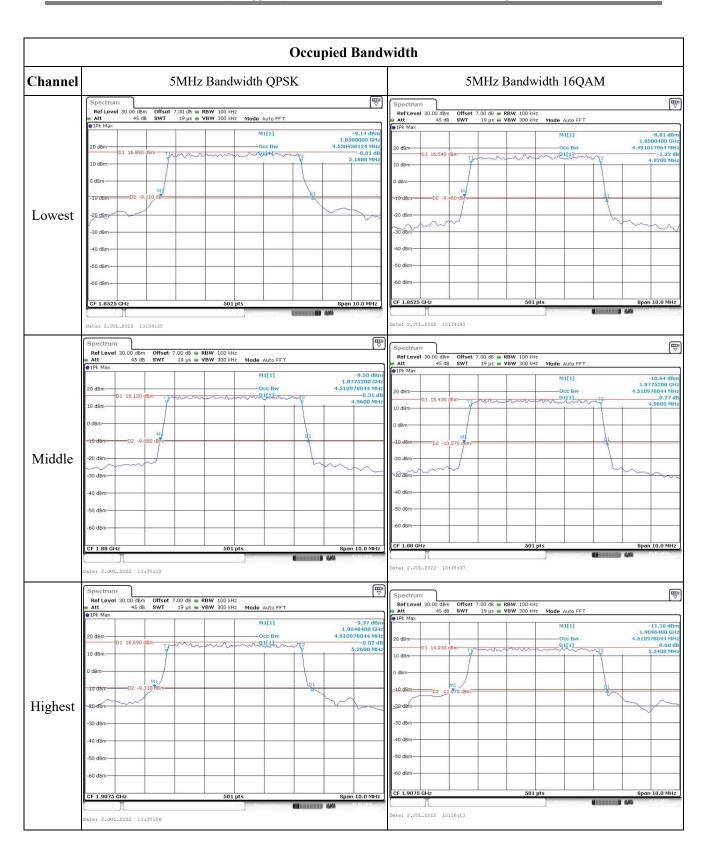
Pass

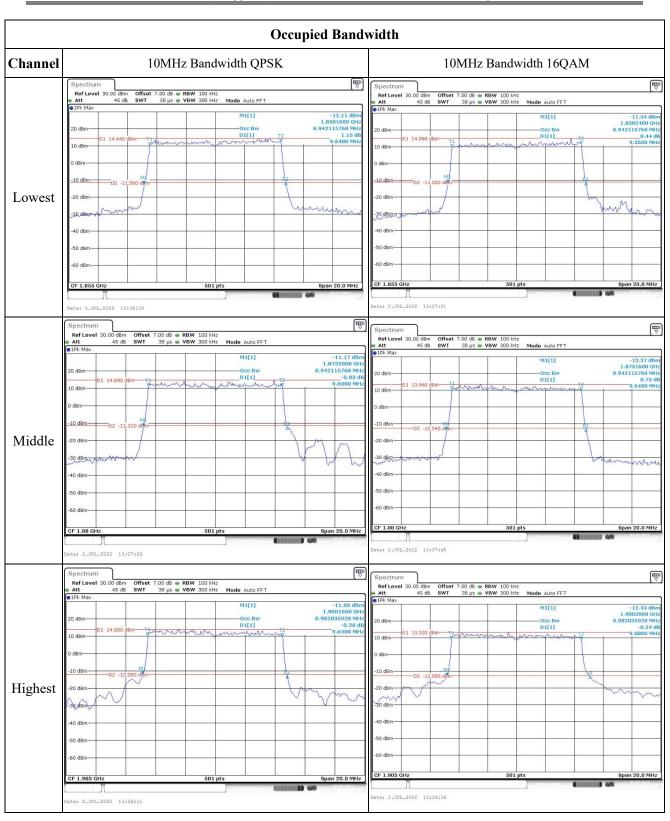
Test Mode:	20 MHz 16QAM		Test Channel:	1880	MHz
Test Item	Temperature (°C)	Voltage (VDC)	Frequency Error		Result
			(Hz)	(ppm)	Result
Frequency Stability vs. Temperature	-30	3.8	16	0.009	Pass
	-20	3.8	18	0.010	Pass
	-10	3.8	12	0.006	Pass
	0	3.8	19	0.010	Pass
	10	3.8	11	0.006	Pass
	20	3.8	14	0.007	Pass
	30	3.8	12	0.006	Pass
	40	3.8	18	0.010	Pass
	50	3.8	10	0.005	Pass
Frequency Stability vs. Voltage	20	3.42	16	0.009	Pass
	20	4.18	19	0.010	Pass
	•			Result:	Pass

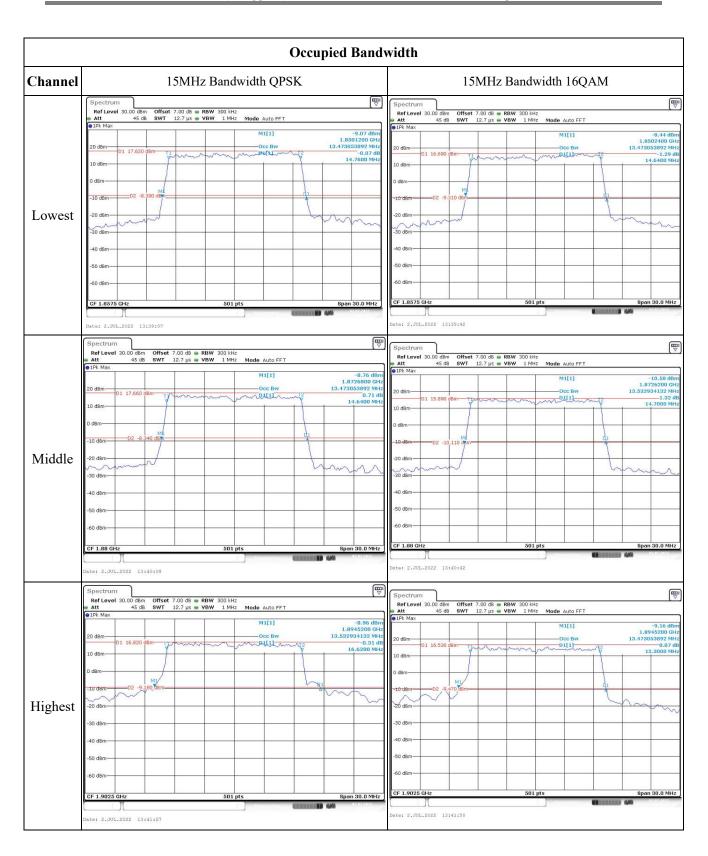
### **Test Plots:**











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