

SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: SET2018-13537

Product: FLX Display Module

Trade Name: ROYOLE

Brand Name: \

Model No.: RY0603

FCC ID: 2AGVM-RY0603

IC: 20966-RY0603

Applicant: Royole Corporation

Address: 48025 Fremont Boulevard, Fremont, California 94538

Issued by: CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 1 of 50



Test Report

Product. FLX Display Module

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Applicant Address.....: 48025 Fremont Boulevard, Fremont, California 94538

Manufacturer.....: Royole Corporation

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Portable Devices;

ANSI C95.1–1992: Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, $3~\rm kHz-300~GHz.(IEEE)$

Std C95.1-1991)

RSS-102: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)(Issue 5 of March

2015)

IEEE 1528–2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques

IEC 62209-2: 2010 - Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless

communication devices used.

Test Result..... Pass

Test Date...... 2018/11/06-2018/11/06

Tested by

Chun Mei, Test Engineer

Reviewed by.....: 2018-11-20

Chris You, Senior Engineer

Offins Tou, Schiol Engineer

Approved by.....: 2018-11-20

Zhu Qi, Manager

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 2 of 50



Contents

Tes	st Report	2					
1.	Administrative Data	4					
2.	Equipment Under Test (EUT)						
3.	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)						
4.	Tissue check and recommend Dielectric Parameters	10					
5.	SAR System validation	12					
6.	SAR measurement procedure	14					
7.	Conducted RF Output Power	15					
8.	Scaling Factor calculation	17					
9.	Test Results						
10.	Measurement Uncertainty	19					
11.	Equipment List	23					
AN	NEX A: Appendix A: SAR System performance Check Plots	24					
AN	NEX B: Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots	26					
AN	ANNEX C: Appendix C: Calibration reports						
AN	NEX D: Appendix D: SAR Test Setup	50					



1. Administrative Data

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site: CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Address: Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road, Xili Jiedao, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Lab Code: CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by China

National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is

L1659.

NVLAP Lab Code: CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by NVLAP

according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is

201008-0.

FCC Registration: CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC

Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Designation Number: CN5031,

valid time is until December 31, 2018.

ISED Registration: CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC

Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 11185A-1 on Aug. 04, 2016, valid time is until Aug.

03, 2019.

Test Environment Temperature (°C): 21°C

Condition: Relative Humidity (%): 60%

Atmospheric Pressure (kPa): 86KPa-106KPa

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 4 of 50



2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Identification of the Equipment under Test

Device Type: Portable

Exposure Category: Population/Uncontrolled

Sample Name: FLX Display Module

Trade Name: ROYOLE

Brand Name:

Model Name: RY0603

Support Band WIFI 2.4G, Bluetooth

Test Band WIFI 2.4G 802.11b, Bluetooth

Device Class B

General Development Stage

description:

Development Stage Identical Prototype

Accessories Power Supply

Antenna type Internal Antenna

Operation mode WIFI,BT

Modulation mode WIFI(OFDM/DSSS),BT(GFSK/ π /4-DQPSK/8-DPSK)

Max. RF Power 11.97dBm

Max. Report SAR Body: 1.137W/kg(Limit:1.6W/Kg, 0mm distance)

NOTE:

a. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 5 of 50



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

where C is the specific head capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 6 of 50



4.2 Applicable Standards and Limits

4.2.1 Applicable Standards

Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus
(All Frequency Bands)(Issue 5 of March 2015)
Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency
Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless
Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted
wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and
procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR)
for wireless communication devices used.
v02r02 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
v06 General RF Exposure Guidance
v01r04 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz
v01r02 SAR Exposure Reporting

4.2.2 RF exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population			
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body)	1.60 mW/g			
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g			
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Limbs)	4.00 mW/g			

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters. Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
 - ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 7 of 50



4.3 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SATIMO. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SATIMO as an integral part of the COMOSAR test system.

The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 8 of 50



4.5 Probe Specification



Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents,

e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 700 MHz to 3 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (700 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic Range 1.5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.5 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <2.7 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

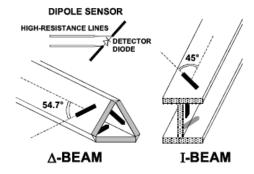
Compliance tests of RY0603 LTE USB Modems

Compatibility COMOSAR

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 9 of 50



4. Tissue check and recommend Dielectric Parameters

4.1 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Table 1: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)											
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450		2600	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.46	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	55.24	64.49
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	0.5	0.024
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	44.45	32.25
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.2	52.5	39.0	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.80	1.78	1.96	2.16

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 10 of 50



Table 2 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Fragues et (MITE)	Head	Tissue	Body Tissue		
Frequency (MHz)	€ _r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

4.2 Simulate liquid

Liquid check results:

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.2°C; Humidity: 64%;						
1	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)			
Target value	2450MHz	52.7±5%	1.95±5%			
	2412MHz	52.49	1.94			
Validation value	2437MHz	52.56	1.94			
(2018-11-06)	2450MHz	52.56	1.94			
	2462MHz	52.58	1.94			

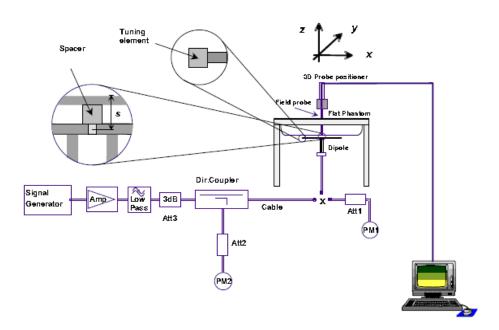
CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 11 of 50



5. SAR System validation

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the IEEE standard P1528. Setup according to the setup diagram below:



With the SG and Amp and with directional coupler in place, set up the source signal at the relevant frequency and use a power meter to measure the power at the end of the SMA cable that you intend to connect to the balanced dipole. Adjust the SG to make this, say, 0.01W (10 dBm). If this level is too high to read directly with the power meter sensor, insert a calibrated attenuator (e.g. 10 or 20 dB) and make a suitable correction to the power meter reading.

- Note 1: In this method, the directional coupler is used for monitoring rather than setting the exact feed power level. If, however, the directional coupler is used for power measurement, you should check the frequency range and power rating of the coupler and measure the coupling factor (referred to output) at the test frequency using a VNA.
- Note 2: Remember that the use of a 3dB attenuator (as shown in Figure 8.1 of P1528) means that you need an RF amplifier of 2 times greater power for the same feed power. The other issue is the cable length. You might get up to 1dB of loss per meter of cable, so the cable length after the coupler needs to be quite short.
- Note 3: For the validation testing done using CW signals, most power meters are suitable. However, if you are measuring the output of a modulated signal from either a signal generator or a handset, you must ensure that the power meter correctly reads the modulated signals.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 12 of 50



The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against the phantom are provided in Tables 5 and Table 6. The humidity and ambient temperature of test facility were 64% and 23.2°C respectively. The body phantom were full of the body tissue simulating liquid. The EUT was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.

The distance between the back of the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom is 10 mm (taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna).

Table 4: Body SAR system validation (1g)

	Dutu susla	Target value	Test value (W/kg)		
Frequency	Duty cycle	(W/kg)	10 mW	1W	
2450MHz(2018-11-06)	1:1	52.66±10%	0.5257	52.57	

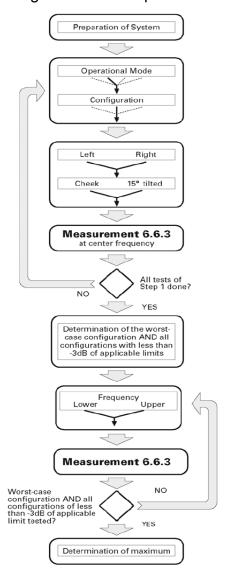
^{*} Note: Target value was referring to the measured value in the calibration certificate of reference dipole. Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

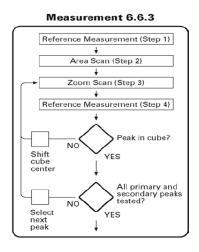
CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 13 of 50



6. SAR measurement procedure

The SAR test against the head phantom was carried out as follow:





Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator, the connection between the EUT and the base station simulator is established via air interface.

After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 2mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEEp1528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 14 of 50



7. Conducted RF Output Power

7.1 WLAN 2.4GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel/Freg.(MHz)	Maximum Conducted Out Power (dBm)					
Criaimer/Freq.(ivinz)	802.11b 802.11g		802.11n(HT20)			
1(2412)	11.69	9.57	10.09			
6(2437)	11.85	9.71	11.22			
11(2462)	11.97	9.88	10.92			
Channel/Free (MHz)	Maximum Conducted					
Channel/Freq.(MHz)	802.11					
3(2422)	10.0					
6(2437)	9.78					
9(2452)	10.8					

Note:

- 1. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at lowest data rate
- 3. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, 802.11g /11n-HT20/11n-HT40 is not required. . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2W/Kg. Thus the SAR can be excluded.

7.2 Bluetooth Output Power

Channal	Frequency	BT3.0 Output Power(dBm)					
Channel	(MHz)	GFSK	π /4-DQPSK	8-DPSK			
CH 0	2402	6.64	7.58	7.89			
CH 39	2441	6.03	6.97	7.28			
CH 78	2480	5.16	6.15	6.25			
Channel	Frequency	BT4.0 Outp					
Chamilei	(MHz)	G					
CH 0	2402	7					
CH 20	2442	7					
CH 39	2480	6	5.449				

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 15 of 50



Antenna Location:



Antenna-to-User (Edge Side) distance (mm):

Antenna	Front	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
WIFI Antenna	7	1	108	42	3.5	4

Note: The diagonal distance of the overall section is 15cm.

The Body SAR measurement positions of each band are as below:

Antenna	Front	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
WIFI Antenna Body-worn	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

Note: According to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when antenna-to-edge>2.5cm, SAR is not required.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 16 of 50



8. Scaling Factor calculation

Operation Made	Channal	Output	Tune up Power in	Scaling
Operation Mode	Channel	Power(dBm)	tolerance(dBm)	Factor
	1	11.69	11.5 ± 1.0	1.205
WIFI 2.4G 802.11b	6	11.85	11.5 ± 1.0	1.161
	11	11.97	11.5 ± 1.0	1.130
	CH 0	7.979	7.0 ± 1.0	1.005
BT 4.0	CH 20	7.560	7.0 ± 1.0	1.107
	CH 39	6.449	7.0 ± 1.0	1.429

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 17 of 50



9. Test Results

Table 1: SAR Values of Wi-Fi 2.4G 802.11b

		Channel		SAR(W/Kg	j), 1.6 (1g average	9)	Plot
Test	Positions	/Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/ Kg)1g	Scaled Factor	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g	Power drift (%)	No.
	Face Upward	11/2462	0.210	1.130	1.340	0.43	
		1/2410	0.909	1.205	1.095	1.28	
	Back Upward	6/2437	0.979	1.161	1.137	-4.24	1
Body		11/2462	0.933	1.130	1.054	2.11	
(0mm	Dook Upword	1/2410	0.874	1.205	1.053	3.05	
Separation)	Back Upward (Repeated)	6/2437	0.956	1.161	1.110	0.32	
	(Repeateu)	11/2462	0.915	1.130	1.095	2.71	
	Edge C	11/2462	0.101	1.130	0.114	-3.05	
	Edge D	11/2462	0.088	1.130	0.099	0.54	

Table 2: SAR Values of BT 4.0

		Channel		SAR(W/Kg	j), 1.6 (1g average	e)	Plot
Test	Positions	/Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/ Kg)1g	Scaled Factor	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g	Power drift (%)	No.
	Face Upward	CH 0/2402	0.065	1.005	0.065	2.42	
Body		CH 0/2402	0.350	1.005	0.352	3.04	2
(0mm	Back Upward	CH 20/2442	0.336	1.107	0.372	-2.44	
Separation)		CH 39/2480	0.293	1.429	0.419	1.21	
, ,	Edge C	CH 0/2402	0.037	1.005	0.037	0.34	
	Edge D	CH 0/2402	0.026	1.005	0.026	-2.17	

Note

Per KDB941225 D06 v02r01, When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested. As the manufacture requirement the separation distance use 5mm for Hotspot mode.

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. RMC 12.2kbps was as primary mode SAR, when the primary mode SAR less than 1.2W/kg, secondary SAR (HSPA) was not requires.

When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. (Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06)

- \leq 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

Note: WIFI cannot transmit with BT At the same time

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 18 of 50



10. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi
			Measure	ement System			l	
1	-Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	80
2	—Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	80
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	─Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	80
5	—Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	80
6	—System Detection Limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	В	3	N	1	1	3.00	
8	Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	80
9	Response Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
10	─Integration Time	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
11	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
12	-Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	8
13	-Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	8
14	-Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	80

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 19 of 50



			Uncertair	nties of the DU	Γ			
15	-Position of the DUT	Α	2.6	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.6	5
16	—Holder of the DUT	А	3	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.0	5
17	Output Power Variation SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
		Р	hantom and Ti	ssue Paramet	ers			
18	—Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	-Liquid Conductivity Target	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	8
21	- Liquid Conductivity -measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	-Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	- Liquid Permittivity -measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Cor	nbined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.63	
((Expanded uncertainty Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			21.26	

System Check Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi
			Measure	ement System				
1	-Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 20 of 50



							II NO. SE 120	710 10001
2	—Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	80
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	—Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	—Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	—System Detection Limits	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	В	0	N	1	1	0.00	
8	-Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	Response Time	В	0.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
10	-Integration Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
11	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	- Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	8
13	-Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	80
14	Extrapolation, Interpolationand Integration Algorithms forMax. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	&
			Uncertair	nties of the DU	Γ			
15	Deviation of experimental source from numberical source	Α	4	N	1	1	4.00	5
16	Input Power and SAR drift measurement	Α	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	5
17	Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	В	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 21 of 50



		Р	hantom and Ti	ssue Paramet	ers			
18	—PhantomUncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	-Liquid Conductivity Target -tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	«
21	-Liquid Conductivity -measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	-Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	8
23	- Liquid Permittivity -measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	8
Cor	mbined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.15	
(1	Expanded uncertainty Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			20.29	

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 22 of 50



11.Equipment List

This table is a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment. Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes .

	EQUIPMENT	Model	Serial number	Calibration Date	Due Date
\boxtimes	SAR Probe	SSE5	SN 43/15 EP276	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID750	SN 23/15 DIP0G750-378	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID850	SN 09/13 DIP0G835-217	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID900	SN 09/13 DIP0G900-215	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID1800	SN 09/13 DIP1G800-216	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID1900	SN 09/13 DIP1G900-218	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID2000	SN 09/13 DIP2G000-219	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID2450	SN_09/13_DIP2G450-220	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SID2600	SN 32/14_DIP2G600-338	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	SAR Probe	SSE2	SN27/15 EPGO261	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Dipole	SWG5500	SN15/15 WGA39	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4085310	2018/09/05	2019/09/04
	System Simulator(R&S)	CMU200	A0304212	2017/11/08	2018/11/07
	System Simulator(Agilent 8960)	E5515C	GB 47200710	2017/11/08	2018/11/07
	System Simulator(R&S)	CMW500	130805	2017/08/29	2018/08/28
	Vector Network Analyzer(R&S)	ZVB8	A0802530	2018/05/09	2019/05/08
	PC 3.5 Fixed Match Calibration Kit	ZV-Z32	100571	2017/11/29	2018/11/28
	Dielectric Probe Kit	SCLMP	SN 09/13 OCPG51	2017/11/27	2018/11/26
	Signal Generator	SMU200A	A140801889	2018/05/09	2019/05/08
	Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060	2018/03/27	2019/03/28
	Directional Coupler	DC6180A	305827	2018/03/27	2019/03/28
	Power Meter	NRP2	A140401673	2018/03/27	2019/03/28
	Power Sensor	NPR-Z11	1138.3004.02-114072-nq	2018/03/27	2019/03/28
	Power Meter	NRVS	A0802531	2018/03/27	2019/03/28
	Power Sensor	NRV-Z4	100069	2018/03/27	2019/03/28

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 23 of 50



ANNEX A: Appendix A: SAR System performance Check Plots

System Performance Check (Body, 2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=4mm

Date of measurement: 06/11/2018

Measurement duration: 22 minutes 38 seconds

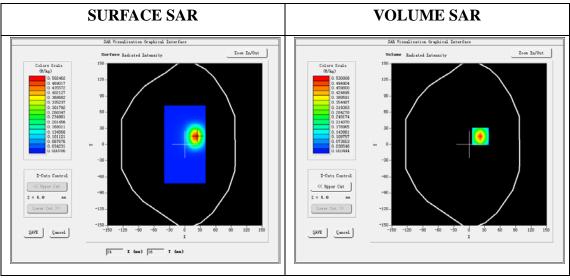
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Phantom	7x7x8,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Device Position	Dipole
Band	2450MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

E-Field Probe	SATIMO SN_43/15_EP276
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.56
Relative permittivity	15.15
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Power Drift (%)	-0.26
Duty factor:	1:1
ConvF:	4.61

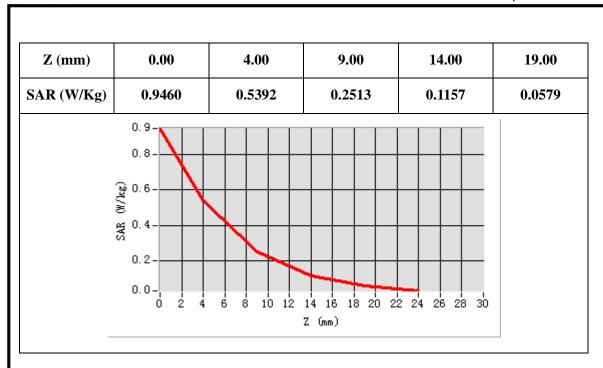


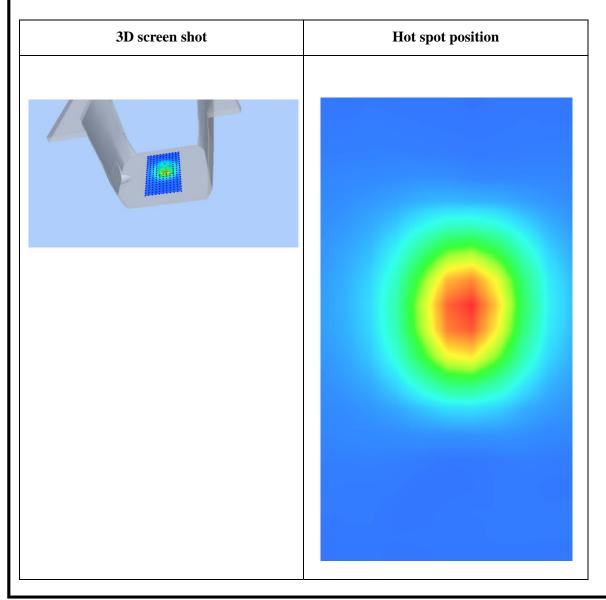
Maximum location: X=22.00, Y=15.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.226964
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.512794

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 24 of 50







CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 25 of 50



ANNEX B: Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots

Plot 1: WIFI 802.11b, Back, Middle ,0mm

Type: Phone measurement

Date of measurement: 06/11/2018

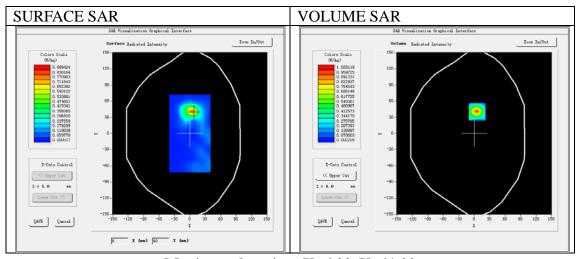
Measurement duration: 22 minutes 15 seconds

Mobile Phone IMEI number: -- **A. Experimental conditions.**

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WIFI 802.11b
Channels	6
Signal	DSSS (Duty cycle: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

E-Field Probe	SATIMO SN_43/15_EP276
Frequency (MHz)	2437
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.56
Relative permittivity (imaginary	15.15
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Variation (%)	-2.72
ConvF:	4.61

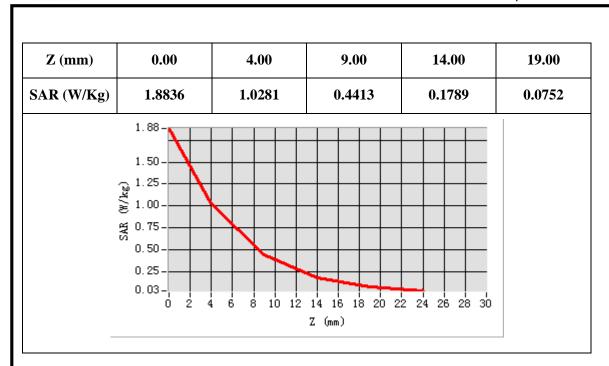


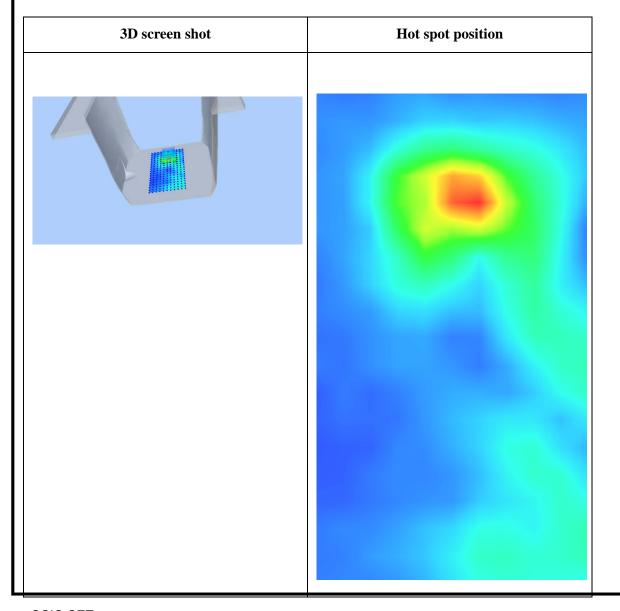
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=41.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.375530
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.978526

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 26 of 50







CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 27 of 50



Plot 2: BT 4.0, Back, Low,0mm

Type: Phone measurement
Date of measurement: 06/11/2018

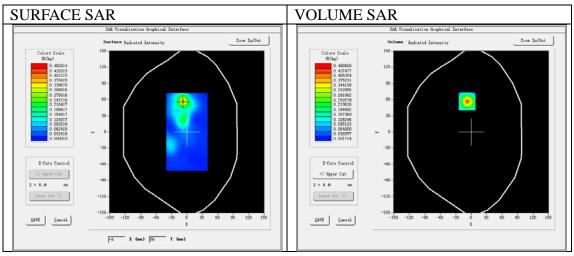
Measurement duration: 22 minutes 13 seconds

Mobile Phone IMEI number: --A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Back	
Band	Bluetooth	
Channels	0	
Signal	BT 4.0 (Duty cycle: 60%)	

B. SAR Measurement Results

E-Field Probe	SATIMO SN_43/15_EP276
Frequency (MHz)	2402
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.56
Relative permittivity (imaginary	15.15
Conductivity (S/m)	1.94
Variation (%)	-0.70
ConvF:	4.61



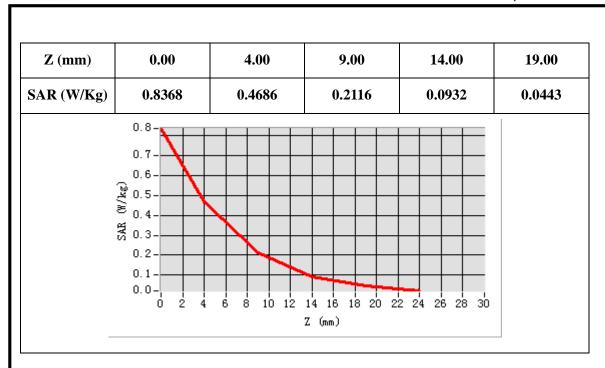
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=57.00

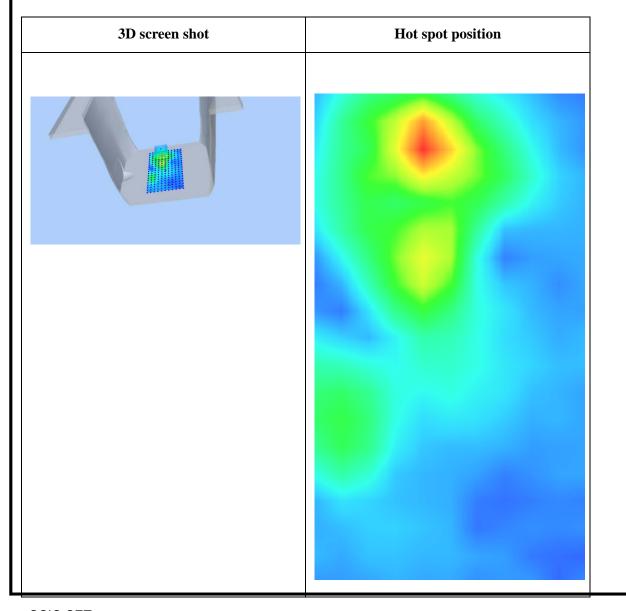
SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.134918
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.349607

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 28 of 50







CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 29 of 50



ANNEX C: Appendix C: Calibration reports

EP276 Probe Calibration Report



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, NO. 43 SHAHE ROAD, XILI JIEDAO, NANSHAN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 43/15 EP276

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 11/27/17

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 30 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	11/28/2017	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	11/28/2017	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	11/28/2017	Hum Puthowski

	Customer Name
	CCIC SOUTHERN
Distribution :	ELECTRONIC
	PRODUCT
	TESTING
	(SHENZHEN) Co.,
	Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	11/28/2017	Initial release

Page: 2/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 31 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Dev	ce Under Test4	
2	Prod	uct Description4	
	2.1	General Information	4
3	Mea	surement Method4	
	3.1	Linearity	4
	3.2	Sensitivity	5
	3.3	Lower Detection Limit	
	3.4	Isotropy	5
	3.5	Boundary Effect	5
4	Mea	surement Uncertainty5	
5	Cali	bration Measurement Results6	
	5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
	5.2	Linearity	7
	5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	7
	5.4	Isotropy	8
6	List	of Equipment 9	

Page: 3/9

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Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE5		
Serial Number	SN 43/15 EP276		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.213 MΩ		
	Dipole 2: R2=0.208 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.213 MΩ		

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

Page: 4/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 33 of 50





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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	√3	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

Page: 5/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 34 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

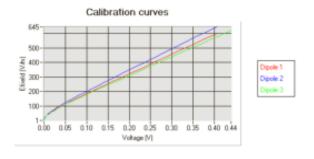
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

		Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
5.51	5.53	6.41

		DCP dipole 2	
ļ	(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
ı	95	95	95

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



Page: 6/9

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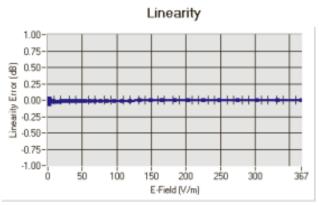
CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 35 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: I+/-1.50% (+/-0.07dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/-	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
	100MHz)			
HL750	750	42.09	0.91	4.80
BL750	750	55.69	0.95	4.94
HL850	835	42.71	0.89	4.99
BL850	835	57.52	1.03	5.18
HL900	900	41.94	0.93	4.95
BL900	900	52.87	1.09	5.14
HL1800	1800	40.62	1.39	4.29
BL1800	1800	53.22	1.47	4.43
HL1900	1900	41.22	1.37	4.73
BL1900	1900	50.99	1.52	4.83
HL2000	2000	40.39	1.36	4.56
BL2000	2000	54.39	1.54	4.69
HL2300	2300	38.10	1.74	4.59
BL2300	2300	53.33	1.86	4.77
HL2450	2450	40.46	1.87	4.46
BL2450	2450	54.62	1.95	4.61
HL2600	2600	38.46	2.01	4.16
BL2600	2600	51.98	2.16	4.28

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

Page: 7/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 36 of 50





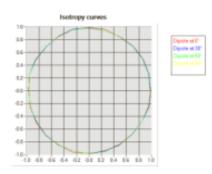
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

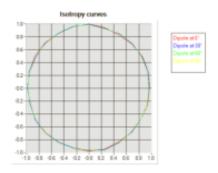
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



Page: 8/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 37 of 50





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.332.1.17.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019			
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2018			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020			
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020			
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020			

Page: 9/9

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 38 of 50



SID2450 Dipole Calibration Report



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD

ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, NO. 43 SHAHE ROAD, XILI JIEDAO, NANSHAN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 DIP 2G450-220

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 11/27/17

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 39 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	11/28/2017	JE
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	11/28/2017	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	11/28/2017	tum Buthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	11/28/2017	Initial release

Page: 2/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 40 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Intro	duction 4	
2	Dev	ice Under Test	
3	Prod	luct Description4	
	3.1	General Information	4
4	Mea	surement Method5	
	4.1	Return Loss Requirements	5
	4.2	Mechanical Requirements	5
5	Mea	surement Uncertainty5	
	5.1	Return Loss	5
	5.2	Dimension Measurement	5
	5.3	Validation Measurement	5
б	Cali	bration Measurement Results 6	
	6.1	Return Loss and Impedance In Head Liquid	6
	6.2	Return Loss and Impedance In Body Liquid	6
	6.3	Mechanical Dimensions	6
7	Vali	dation measurement	
	7.1	Head Liquid Measurement	7
	7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	8
	7.3	Body Liquid Measurement	9
	7.4	SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid	10
8	List	of Equipment	

Page: 3/11

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Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID2450			
Serial Number	SN 09/13 DIP 2G450-220			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Page: 4/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 42 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB		

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

Page: 5/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 43 of 50



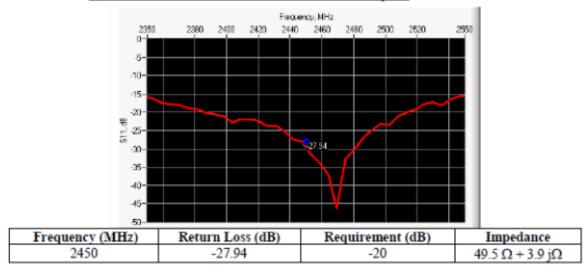


Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

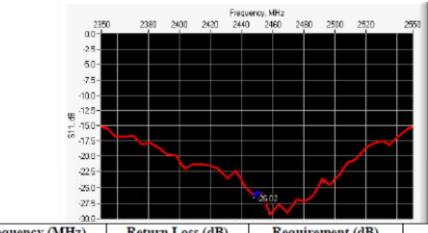
10 g	20.1 %

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-26.02	-20	$53.2 \Omega + 4.0 i\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

Page: 6/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 44 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s _r ')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

Page: 7/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 45 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 15 %		1.40 15 70	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.5 sigma: 1.87
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

Page: 8/11

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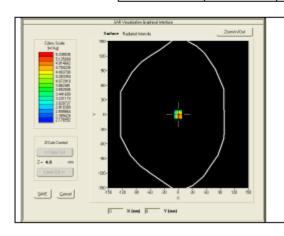
CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 46 of 50

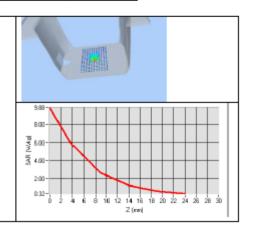




Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	52.67 (5.27)	24	23.76 (2.38)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	





7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (s _r ')		Conductivi	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	

Page: 9/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 47 of 50





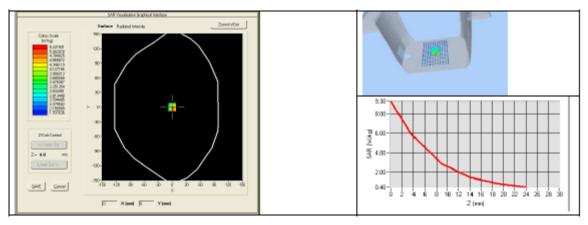
Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

2450	52.7 ±5 %	PASS	1.95 ±5 %	PASS
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 54.6 sigma : 1.95
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
2450	51.42 (5.14)	23.48 (2.35)	



Page: 10/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 48 of 50





Ref: ACR.332.9.17.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2017	10/2018	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020	

Page: 11/11

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CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 49 of 50



ANNEX D: Appendix D: SAR Test Setup

Photo 1: Body-Worn Front(0mm)

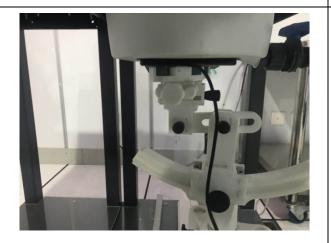


Photo 2: Body-Worn Back(0mm)



Photo 3: Edge C(0mm)



Photo 4: Edge D(0mm)





Upward



Backward



—End of the Report—

CCIC-SET/T-I (00) Page 50 of 50