



Test report No.: 23B0886R-RFUSV03S-A

TEST REPORT (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name	3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point
Trademark	EVEREST NETWORKS
Model and /or type reference	AP610
FCC ID	2AGMR-AP610
Applicant's name / address	Everest Networks, Inc. 42808 Christy Street Suite 108, Fremont CA, 94538 United States
Manufacturer's name	Everest Networks, Inc.
Test method requested, standard	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E ANSI C63.4: 2014, ANSI C63.10: 2013 KDB Publication 789033
Verdict Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Documented By (Supervisor / Jinn Chen)	Jim Chen
Tested By (Senior Engineer / Ivan Chuang)	Jim Chen Ivan Chung Man Chen
Approved By (Senior Engineer / Alan Chen)	Man Chen
Date of Receipt	2023/11/28
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Report Version	V1.0



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Appendix 2: Product Photos-Please refer to the file: 23B0886R-Product Photos



Competences and Guarantees

DEKRA is a testing laboratory competent to carry out the tests described in this report.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

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The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

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General conditions

- 1. The test results relate only to the samples tested.
- 2. The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.
- 3. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF or any agency of the government.
- 4. The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd.
- 5. Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
23B0886R-RFUSV03S-A	V1.0	Initial issue of report.	2023/12/29



1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point		
Trade Name	EVEREST NETWORKS		
Model No.	AP610		
EUT Rated Voltage	AC 100-240V, 50-60Hz		
EUT Test Voltage	AC 120V/60Hz		
Frequency Range	802.11a/n/ac/ax-20 MHz: 5745-5825 MHz		
	802.11n/ac/ax-40 MHz: 5755-5795 MHz		
	802.11ac/ax-80 MHz: 5775 MHz		
Number of Channels 802.11a/n/ac/ax-20 MHz: 5 CH			
	802.11n/ac/ax-40 MHz: 2 CH		
	802.11ac/ax-80 MHz: 1 CH		
Data Rate	802.11a: 6-54 Mbps		
	802.11n: up to 600 Mbps		
	802.11ac: up to 1733.3 Mbps		
	802.11ax: up to 2402 Mbps		
Type of Modulation	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM)		
	802.11ax: OFDMA (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM)		
Channel Control	Auto		

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	Senao	5718A0665300	PIFA antenna	5.09dBi for 5725~5850 MHz
2	Senao	5718A0666300	PIFA antenna	3.04dBi for 5725~5850 MHz
3	Senao	5718A0667300	PIFA antenna	4.56dBi for 5725~5850 MHz
4	Senao	5718A0668300	PIFA antenna	4.01dBi for 5725~5850 MHz

- 1. The antenna of EUT is conforming to FCC 15.203.
- 2. Only the higher gain antenna was tested and recorded in this report.
- 3. The antenna gain as by the manufacturer provided.



For power CDD Directional gain	For power Beamforming Directional gain
5.09dBi for 5725~5850 MHz	11.11dBi for 5725~5850 MHz
5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 5.09 dBi	5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 11.11 dBi
(Directional gain = Gant MAX + Array Gain, Array	Directional gain = Gant Max + Array Gain, Array
Gain = 0 dB for $N_{ANT} \le 4$)	Gain = $10*\log(4) = 6.02 \text{ dB}$)

For PSD Directional gain	
10.26dBi for 5725~5850 MHz	

5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 10.26 dBi Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + 10^{G3/20} + 10^{G4/20})^2 / N_{ANT}] \text{ dBi}$

802.11a/n/ac/ax-20 MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
	(MHz)		(MHz)		(MHz)		(MHz)
149	5745	153	5765	157	5785	161	5805
165	5825						

802.11n/ac/ax-40 MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)						
151	5755	159	5795				

802.11ac/ax-80 MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)						
155	5775		1				1

- 1. This device is a 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point with built-in WLAN transceiver, this report for 5GHz WLAN.
- Regarding to the operation frequency, the lowest, middle and highest frequency are selected 2. to perform the test.
- 3. Lowest and highest data rates are tested in each mode. Only worst case is shown in the report. (802.11a is 6Mbps \cdot 802.11ax-20BW/40BW/80BW is MCS0)
- 4. This is to request a Class II permissive change. The major change filed under this application is: Change #1: Software update Wi-Fi 5G B4 power.
- 5. The CDD mode and Beamforming mode are presented in the power output test item. For other test items, CDD mode is the worst case for the final test and shown in this report.
- 6. The spectrum plot against conducted item only shows the worst case.
- 7. These tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance of transmitter with Part 15 Subpart E for Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure devices.

Test Mode	Mode 1	Transmit (802.11a) Transmit (802.11ax-20 MHz) Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)
		Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)



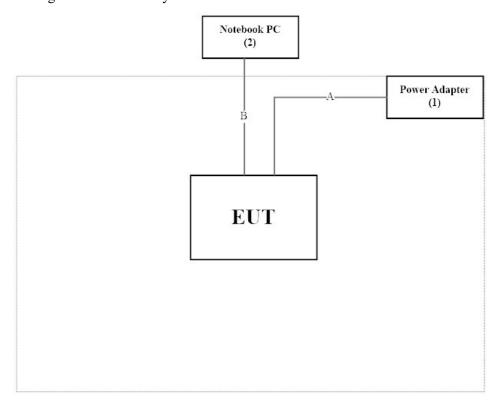
1.2. Tested System Datails

The types for all equipment, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

Product		Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	Power Adapter	APD	WA-30J12R	N/A	N/A
2	Notebook PC	Lenovo	TP00067C	PF-0EW0C3	N/A

Cable Type		Cable Description
A	Power Cable	Non-shielded, 1.5m
В	LAN Cable	Non-shielded, 3m

1.3. Configuration of tested System



1.4. EUT Exercise Software

1	Setup the EUT as shown in Section 1.3.		
2	2 Execute software "QSPR Ver. V5.0-00197" on the Notebook PC.		
3	Configure the test mode, the test channel, and the data rate.		
4	4 Press "OK" to start the continuous transmit.		
5	Verify that the EUT works properly.		



1.5. Test Facility

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Performed Item	Items	Required	Actual
Contract 1 Factoria	Temperature (°C)	10~40 °C	26.7 °C
Conducted Emission	Humidity (%RH)	10~90 %	54.0 %
D 1' / 1E ' '	Temperature (°C)	10~40 °C	24.6 °C
Radiated Emission	Humidity (%RH)	10~90 %	58.0 %
C 1	Temperature (°C)	10~40 °C	20.9 ℃
Conductive	Humidity (%RH)	10~90 %	62.9 %

USA	FCC Registration Number: TW0033
Canada	CAB Identifier Number: TW3023 / Company Number: 26930

Site Description	Accredited by TAF
	Accredited Number: 3023

Test Laboratory	DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd.
	Linkou Laboratory
Address	No.5-22, Ruishukeng Linkou District, New Taipei City, 24451, Taiwan, R.O.C
Performed Location	No. 26, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333411, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Phone Number	+886-3-275-7255
Fax Number	+886-3-327-8031



1.6. List of Test Equipment

For Conduction Measurements / HY-SR01

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
V	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101601	2023/06/20	2024/06/19
V	Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101306	2023/03/16	2024/03/15
V	Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101307	2023/08/17	2024/08/16
V	Coaxial Cable	SUHNER	RG400_BNC	RF001	2023/01/10	2024/01/09

Note:

- 1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.
- 2. The test instruments marked with "V" are used to measure the final test results.
- 3. Test Software Version: e3 230303 dekra V9.

For Conducted Measurements / HY-SR02

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
V	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103466	2022/12/22	2023/12/21
V	Peak Power Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	8990B	MY51000539	2023/05/15	2024/05/14
V	Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	N1923A	MY59240002	2023/05/18	2024/05/17
V	Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	N1923A	MY59240003	2023/05/18	2024/05/17

Note:

- 1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.
- 2. The test instruments marked with "V" are used to measure the final test results.
- 3. Test Software Version: RF Conducted Test Tools R3 V3.0.1.14.

For Radiated Measurements / HY-CB03

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
V	Loop Antenna	AMETEK	HLA6121	49611	2023/02/21	2024/02/20
V	Bi-Log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	9168-0675	2023/08/09	2025/08/08
V	Horn Antenna	Com-Power	AH-840	101100	2023/10/02	2025/10/01
V	Horn Antenna	RF SPIN	DRH18-E	210507A18ES	2023/05/11	2024/05/10
V	Pre-Amplifier	SGH	SGH0301-9	20211007-11	2023/01/10	2024/01/09
V	Pre-Amplifier	SGH	PRAMP118	20200701	2023/01/10	2024/01/09
V	Pre-Amplifier	EMCI	EMC05820SE	980310	2023/01/10	2024/01/09
	Pre-Amplifier	EMCI	EMC184045SE	980369	2023/01/10	2024/01/09
	Coaxial Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-60	1160314		
V			0			
	Coaxial Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-70	170242		
			00			
	Filter	MICRO TRONICS	BRM50702	G269	2023/01/05	2024/01/04
V	Filter	MICRO TRONICS	BRM50716	G196	2023/01/05	2024/01/04
V	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102793	2022/12/05	2023/12/04
V	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV3044	101113	2023/02/04	2024/02/03
	Coaxial Cable	SGH	SGH18	2021005-1	2023/01/10	2024/01/09
17	Coaxial Cable	SGH	SGH18	202108-4		
ľ	Coaxial Cable	SGH	HA800	GD20110223-1		
	Coaxial Cable	SGH	HA800	GD20110222-3		

- 1. Bi-Log Antenna and Horn Antenna (AH-840) is calibrated every two years, the other equipments are calibrated every one year.
- 2. The test instruments marked with "V" are used to measure the final test results.
- 3. Test Software Version: e3 230303 dekra V9.



1.7. Uncertainty

Uncertainties have been calculated according to the DEKRA internal document.

The reported expanded uncertainties are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

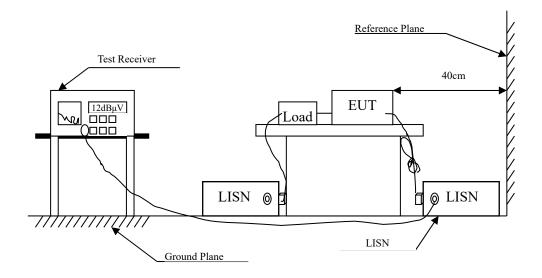
Measurement uncertainties evaluated for each testing system and associated connections are given here to provide the system information for reference. Compliance determinations do not take into account measurement uncertainties for each testing system, but are based on the results of the compliance measurement.

Test item	Uncertainty	
Conducted Emission	±3.50 dB	
Marianana andratad autout a array	Spectrum Analyzer: ±2.14 dB	
Maximum conducted output power	Power Meter: ±1.05 dB	
Peak Power Spectral Density	±2.14 dB	
	9 kHz~30 MHz: ±3.88 dB	
	30 MHz~1 GHz: ±4.42 dB	
Radiated Emission	1 GHz~18 GHz: ±4.28 dB	
	18 GHz~40 GHz: ±3.90 dB	
	9 kHz~30 MHz: ±3.88 dB	
	30 MHz~1 GHz: ±4.42 dB	
Band Edge	1 GHz~18 GHz: ±4.28 dB	
	18 GHz~40 GHz: ±3.90 dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	±1580.61 Hz	
Duty Cycle	±0.53 %	



2. Conducted Emission

2.1. Test Setup



2.2. Limits

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.207 (dBμV) Limit				
Frequency Limits				
MHz	QP	AV		
0.15 - 0.50	66-56	56-46		
0.50 - 5.0	56	46		
5.0 - 30	60	50		

Remarks: In the above table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

2.3. Test Procedure

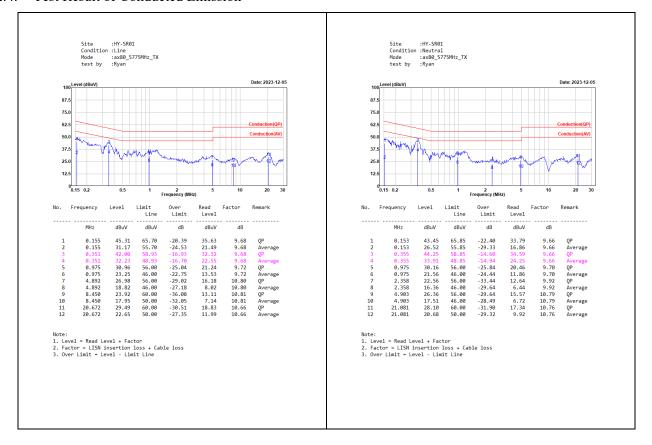
The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50 ohm /50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm /50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refers to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs.)

Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4:2014 on conducted measurement.

Conducted emissions were invested over the frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9 kHz.



2.4. Test Result of Conducted Emission

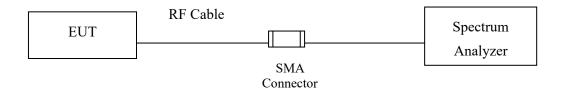




3. Maximun conducted output power

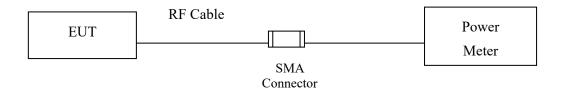
3.1. Test Setup

26dB Occupied Bandwidth

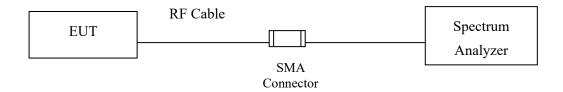


Conduction Power Measurement

Conduction Power Measurement (for 802.11an)



Conduction Power Measurement (for 802.11ac/ax)





3.2. Limits

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz,

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm 10 log B, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point UNII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

The maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For CDD mode:

5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 5.09 dBi, Limit= 30dBm (Directional gain = GANT MAX + Array Gain, Array Gain = 0 dB for NANT ≤ 4)

For Beamforming mode:

5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 11.11 dBi, Limit= 24.89dBm (Directional gain = GANT MAX + Array Gain, Array Gain = 10*log(4) = 6.02 dB)

3.3. Test Procedure

As an alternative to FCC KDB-789033, the EUT maximum conducted output power was measured with an average power meter employing a video bandwidth greater the 6dB BW of the emission under test. Maximum conducted output power was read directly from the meter across all data rates, and across three channels within each sub-band. Special care was used to make sure that the EUT was transmitting in continuous mode. This method exceeds the limitations of FCC KDB-789033, and provides more accurate measurements.

Maximum conducted output power using KDB 789033 section E)3)b) Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter)

Note: the power meter have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the measurement bandwidth, (KEYSIGHT / 8990B video bandwidth: 160MHz)

Maximum conducted output power using KDB 789033 section E)2)b)
Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep).

When transmitted signals consist of two or more non-contiguous spectrum segments (e.g., 80+80 MHz mode) or when a single spectrum segment of a transmission crosses the boundary between two adjacent U-NII bands, KDB 644545 D03 section D) procedure is used for measurements.



3.4. Test Result of Maximum conducted output power

Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

Test Item : Maximum conducted output power

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11a)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
149	5745		18.64	18.61	18.82	18.67	1	24.71	30	
157	5785		18.28	18.02	18.31	18.04	1	24.19	30	
165	5825		18.16	17.93	18.13	17.84		24.04	30	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power itation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-20 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
149	5745		18.86	18.61	18.88	18.76		24.80	30.00	
157	5785		17.44	17.36	17.50	17.26		23.41	30.00	
165	5825		17.93	17.77	17.75	17.52		23.77	30.00	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
151	5755		19.56	19.37	19.76	19.56		25.59	30.00	
159	5795		20.75	20.21	20.84	20.57		26.62	30.00	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-80 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

	Frequency	equency		Chain A Chain B Ch		Chain D	Duty	Output	Output Power Limit	
Channel No.	1 3	Bandwidth	Power	Power	Power	Power	factor	Power		1
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
155	5775		16.27	16.06	16.63	16.32		22.35	30.00	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW))
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is ore stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power Test Mode : Transmit (802.11a)-Beamforming

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
149	5745	1	12.62	12.59	12.80	12.65		18.69	24.89	
157	5785		12.26	12.00	12.29	12.02		18.17	24.89	
165	5825		12.14	11.91	12.11	11.82		18.02	24.89	

Note:

1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.

2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power itation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-20 MHz)-Beamforming

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
149	5745	1	12.84	12.59	12.86	12.74		18.78	24.89	
157	5785	-	11.42	11.34	11.48	11.24		17.39	24.89	
165	5825		11.91	11.75	11.73	11.50		17.75	24.89	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)-Beamforming

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth	Chain A Power	Chain B Power	Chain C Power	Chain D Power	Duty factor	Output Power	Out	tput Power Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
151	5755		13.54	13.35	13.74	13.54		19.57	24.89	
159	5795		14.73	14.19	14.82	14.55		20.60	24.89	

Note:

1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW)) + Duty factor.

2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is more stringent.



Test Item : Maximum conducted output power

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-80 MHz)-Beamforming

Test Date : 2023/12/01

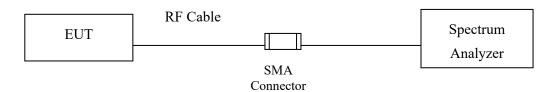
	Frequency	26dB	Chain A	Chain B	Chain C	Chain D	Duty	Output	Out	tput Power Limit
Channel No.		Bandwidth	Power	Power	Power	Power	factor	Power		
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	dBm+10log(BW)
155	5775		10.25	10.04	10.61	10.30		16.33	24.89	

- 1. Output Power Value (dBm) = 10*LOG (Chain A(mW) + Chain B(mW))
- 2. 26dB Bandwidth is the bandwidth of chain A or B whichever is less bandwidth, output power limitation is ore stringent.



4. Peak Power Spectral Density

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limits

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz,

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.+

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point UNII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

The maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For CDD mode:

5725MHz-5850MHz: Directional gain = 10.26 dBi, Limit= 25.74 dBm Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{\text{G1/20}} + 10^{\text{G2/20}} + 10^{\text{G3/20}} + 10^{\text{G4/20}})^2 / N_{\text{ANT}}] \text{ dBi}$

4.3. Test Procedure

The EUT was setup to ANSI C63.10, 2013; tested to UNII test procedure of FCC KDB-789033 for compliance to FCC 47CFR Subpart E requirements.

The Peak Power Spectral Density using KDB 789033 section F) procedure, Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section E)2) for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer.

SA-1 method is selected to run the test.



4.4. Test Result of Peak Power Spectral Density

Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

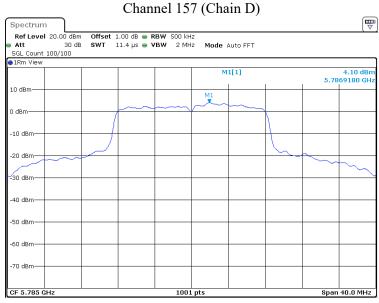
Test Item : Peak Power Spectral Density
Test Mode : Transmit (802.11a)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Chain	PPSD (dBm)	Duty factor (dB)	Total PPSD (dBm)	Required Limit (dBm)	Result
			A	3.40	0.32			Pass
140	5715	6	В	3.28	0.32	9.77	<25.74	Pass
149	5745	6	С	3.42	0.32	9.77	<23.74	Pass
			D	3.60	0.32			Pass
			A	3.45	0.32			Pass
157	5785	6	В	3.31	0.32	9.88	<25.74	Pass
137	3783	O	С	3.24	0.32	9.88	<23.74	Pass
			D	4.10	0.32			Pass
			A	2.53	0.32			Pass
165	5025	6	В	2.63	0.32	8.86	<25.74	Pass
103	5825	6	С	2.64	0.32	8.80	~23.74	Pass
			D	2.28	0.32			Pass

Note:

- 1. Total PPSD/MHz = PPSD/MHz $+10*\log 2$ (two antennas)+Duty factor.
- 2. The quantity 10*log 2 (two antennas) is added to the spectrum peak value according to document 662911 D01.



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Test Item : Peak Power Spectral Density

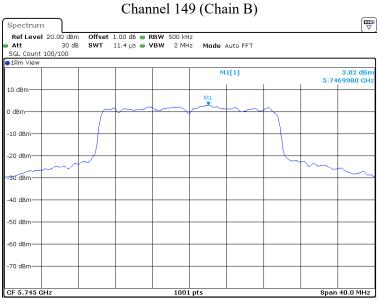
Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-20 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Chain	PPSD (dBm)	Duty factor (dB)	Total PPSD (dBm)	Required Limit (dBm)	Result
			A	2.33	0.95			Pass
140	5715	MCCO	В	3.02	0.95	0.61	<25.74	Pass
149	5745	MCS0	С	2.35	0.95	9.61	<25.74	Pass
			D	2.82	0.95			Pass
			A	2.02	0.95			Pass
157	5705	MCS0	В	1.42	0.95	0 60	<25.74	Pass
137	5785	MCSU	С	1.10	0.95	8.68	<23.74	Pass
			D	2.21	0.95			Pass
			A	1.45	0.95			Pass
165	5025	MCCO	В	1.17	0.95	9.27	<25.74	Pass
165	5825	MCS0	С	1.24	0.95	8.27	<23.74	Pass
			D	1.32	0.95			Pass

Note:

- 1. Total PPSD/MHz = PPSD/MHz + $10*\log 2$ (two antennas)+Duty factor.
- 2. The quantity 10*log 2 (two antennas) is added to the spectrum peak value according to document 662911 D01.



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Test Item : Peak Power Spectral Density

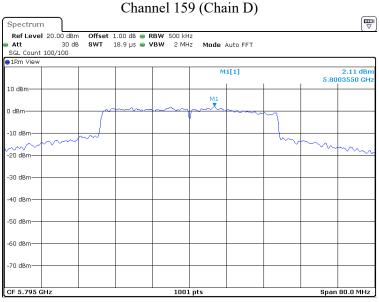
Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Chain	PPSD (dBm)	Duty factor (dB)	Total PPSD (dBm)	Required Limit (dBm)	Result
			A	0.53	0.99			Pass
151	5755	MCCO	В	0.85	0.99	7.76	-25.74	Pass
151	5755	MCS0	С	0.87	0.99	7.76	<25.74	Pass
			D	0.74	0.99			Pass
			A	1.77	0.99			Pass
150	5705	MCCO	В	1.85	0.99	0.02	-25.74	Pass
159	5795	MCS0	C	1.51	0.99	8.82	<25.74	Pass
			D	2.11	0.99			Pass

Note:

- 1. Total PPSD/MHz = PPSD/MHz + $10*\log 2$ (two antennas)+Duty factor.
- 2. The quantity 10*log 2 (two antennas) is added to the spectrum peak value according to document 662911 D01.



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Test Item : Peak Power Spectral Density

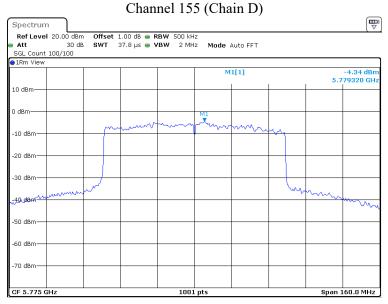
Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-80 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Chain	PPSD (dBm)	Duty factor (dB)	Total PPSD (dBm)	Required Limit (dBm)	Result
			A	-5.14	0.97			Pass
155	5005	Maga	В	-5.28	0.97	1.00	-25.74	Pass
155	5775	MCS0	С	-5.33	0.97	1.99	<25.74	Pass
			D	-4.34	0.97			Pass

Note:

- 1. Total PPSD/MHz = PPSD/MHz +10* $\log 2$ (two antennas)+Duty factor.
- 2. The quantity 10*log 2 (two antennas) is added to the spectrum peak value according to document 662911 D01.



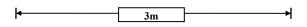
Date: 1.DEC.2023 19:41:16

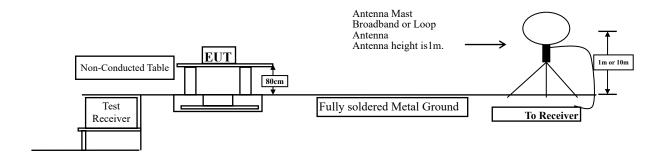


5. **Radiated Emission**

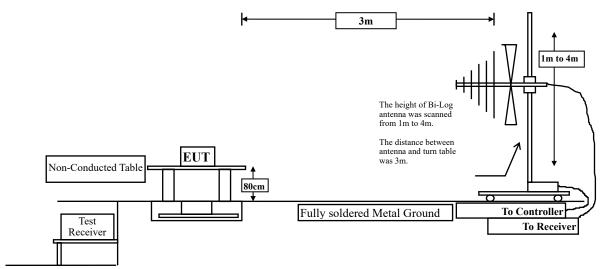
Test Setup 5.1.

Radiated Emission Under 30 MHz

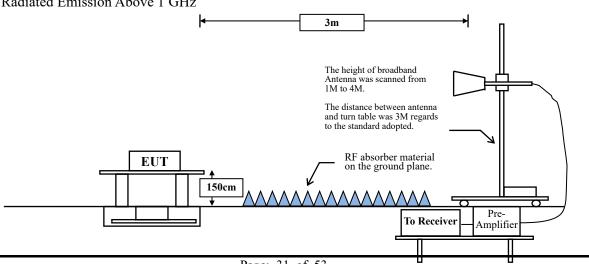




Radiated Emission Below 1 GHz



Radiated Emission Above 1 GHz



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5.2. Limits

Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 20dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in paragraph 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.209(a) Limits					
Frequency	Field strength	Measurement distance (meter)			
MHz	(microvolts/meter)				
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300			
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30			
1.705-30	30	30			
30-88	100	3			
88-216	150	3			
216-960	200	3			
Above 960	500	3			

Remarks: E field strength $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log E$ field strength $(\mu V/m)$

- For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz band: Any emissions outside of the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

Based on ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.7.3 d) provides the conversion formula between field strength and EIRP, if distance is 3m, -27dBm is equivalent to 68.22dBuV/m.



5.3. Test Procedure

The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10, 2013 and tested according to FCC KDB-789033 test procedure for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15. 407 requirements.

Measuring the frequency range below 1 GHz, the EUT is placed on a turn table which is 0.8 meter above ground, when measuring the frequency range above 1 GHz, the EUT is placed on a turn table which is 1.5 meter above ground.

The turn table is rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level.

The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.

The antenna is scanned between 1 meter and 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna. In order to find the maximum emission, all of the interface cables were manipulated according to ANSI C63.10: 2013 on radiated measurement.

The resolution bandwidth below 30 MHz setting on the field strength meter is 9kHz and 30 MHz~1 GHz is 120 kHz and above 1 GHz is 1 MHz.

Radiated emission measurements below 30 MHz are made using Loop Antenna and 30 MHz~1 GHz are made using broadband Bilog antenna and above 1 GHz are made using Horn Antennas.

The measurement is divided into the Preliminary Measurement and the Final Measurement.

The suspected frequencies are searched for in Preliminary Measurement with the measurement antenna kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. The antenna is pointed at an angle towards the source of the emission, and the EUT is rotated in both height and polarization to maximize the measured emission. The emission is kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB bandwidth of the antenna.

The measurement frequency range form 9 kHz - 10th Harmonic of fundamental was investigated.

RBW and **VBW** Parameter setting:

According to KDB 789033 section II.G.5 Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz.

RBW = 1 MHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 MHz$.

According to KDB 789033 section II.G.6 Procedures for Average Unwanted Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz.

RBW = 1 MHz.

VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle \geq 98 %

VBW $\geq 1/T$, when duty cycle $\leq 98 \%$

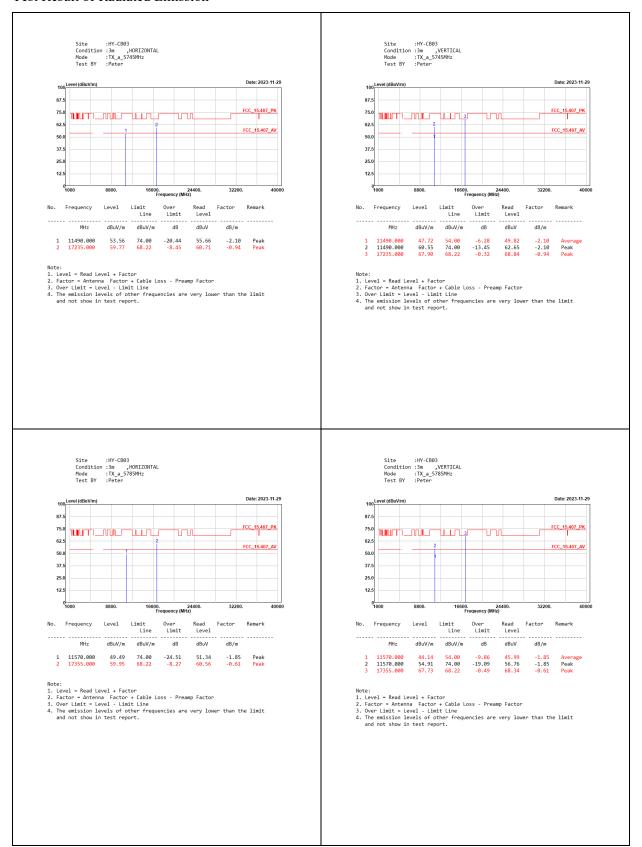
(T refers to the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.)

5 GHz band	Duty Cycle	T	1/T	VBW
	(%)	(ms)	(Hz)	(Hz)
802.11a	92.86	1.4300	699	1000
802.11ax-20 MHz	80.29	5.4600	183	200
802.11ax-40 MHz	79.71	5.4200	185	200
802.11ax-80 MHz	80.00	5.4400	184	200

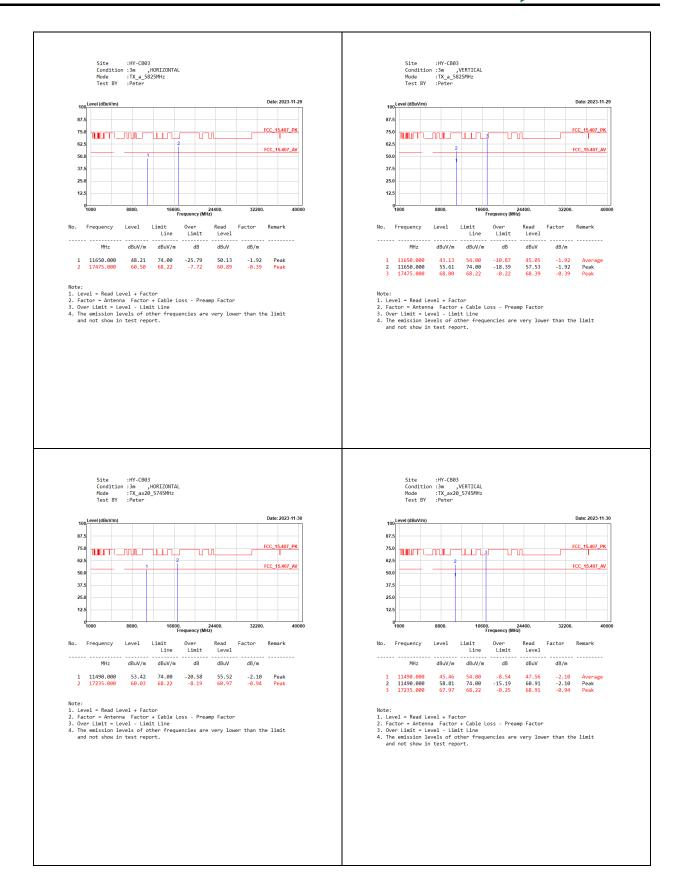
Note: Duty Cycle Refer to Section 8.



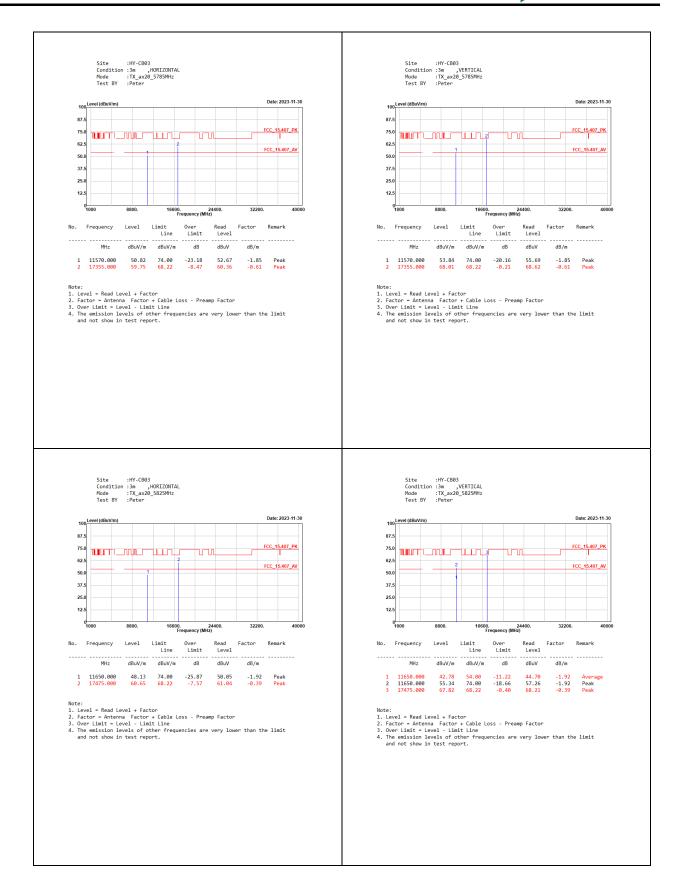
5.4. Test Result of Radiated Emission



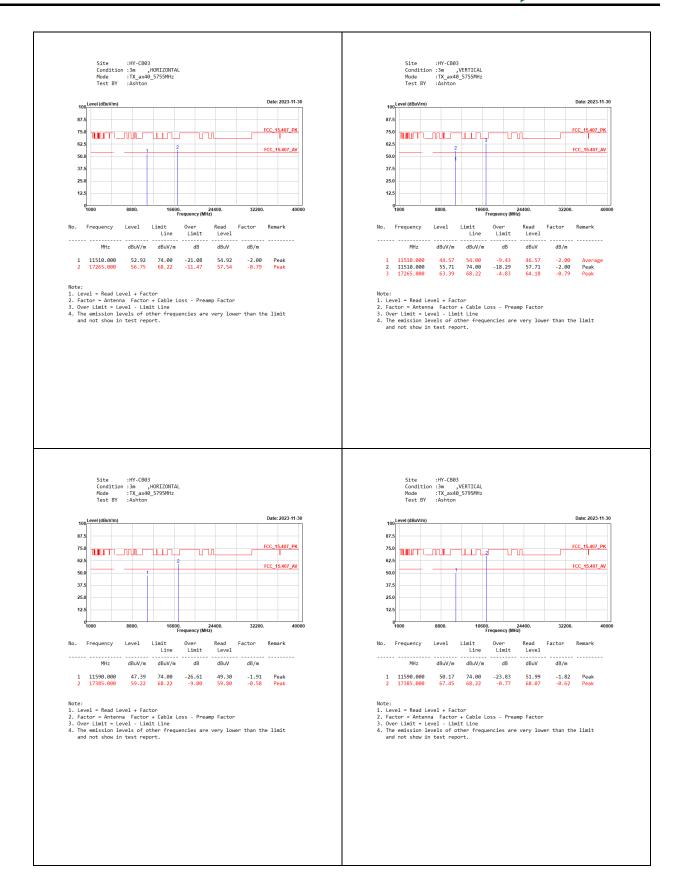




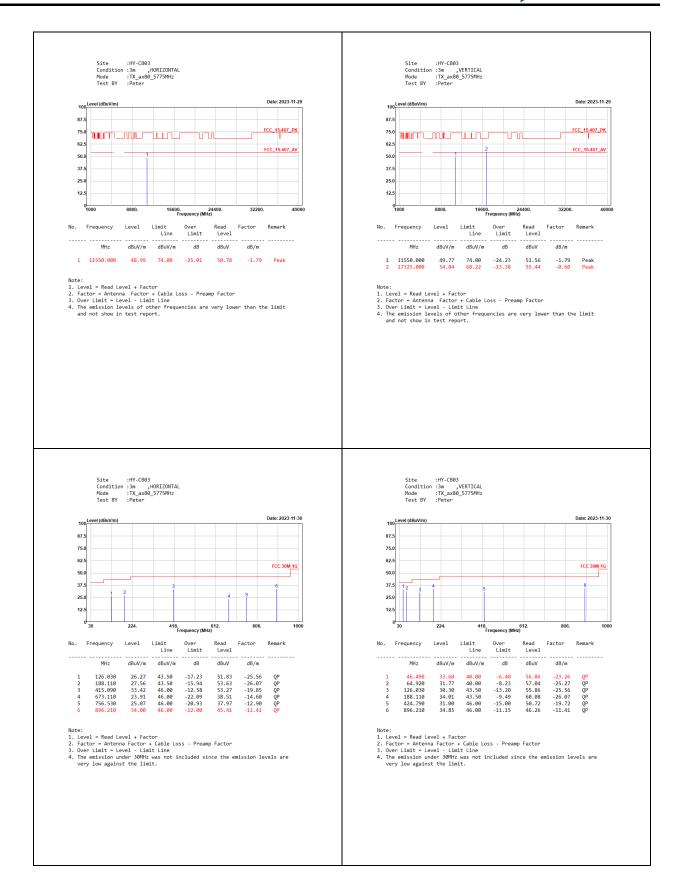










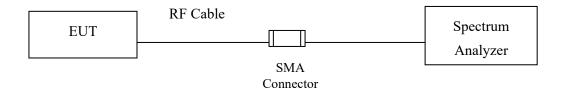




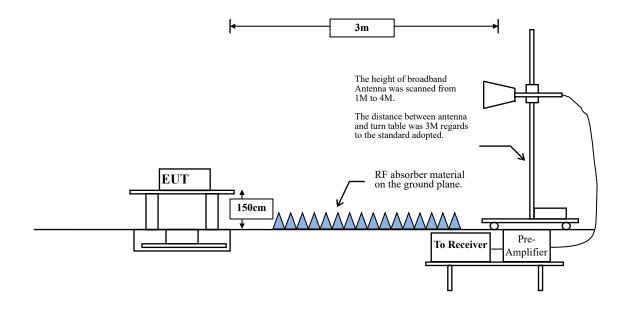
6. Band Edge

6.1. Test Setup

RF Conducted Measurement:



RF Radiated Measurement:





6.2. Limits

The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section. Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.209 Limits					
Frequency MHz	μV/m @3m	dBμV/m@3m			
30-88	100	40			
88-216	150	43.5			
216-960	200	46			
Above 960	500	54			

Remarks: 1. RF Voltage $(dB\mu V) = 20 \log RF$ Voltage (μV)

- 2. In the Above Table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the closed point of any part of the device or system.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz band: Any emissions outside of the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

Based on ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.7.3 d) provides the conversion formula between field strength and EIRP, if distance is 3m, -27dBm is equivalent to 68.22dBuV/m.



6.3. Test Procedure

The EUT is placed on a turn table which is 1.5 meter above ground. The turn table can rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The EUT was positioned such that the distance from antenna to the EUT was 3 meters.

The antenna can move up and down between 1 meter and 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level.

Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set on measurement. In order to find the maximum emission, all of the interface cables must be manipulated according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on radiated measurement.

The bandwidth below 1 GHz setting on the field strength meter is 120 kHz, above 1 GHz are 1 MHz. The EUT was setup to ANSI C63.10, 2013; tested to UNII test procedure of FCC KDB-789033 for compliance to FCC 47CFR Subpart E requirements.

RBW and VBW Parameter setting:

According to KDB 789033 section II.G.5 Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz.

RBW = 1 MHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 MHz$.

According to KDB 789033 section II.G.6 Procedures for Average Unwanted Emissions Measurements above 1000 MHz.

RBW = 1 MHz.

VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle \geq 98 %

VBW $\geq 1/T$, when duty cycle $\leq 98 \%$

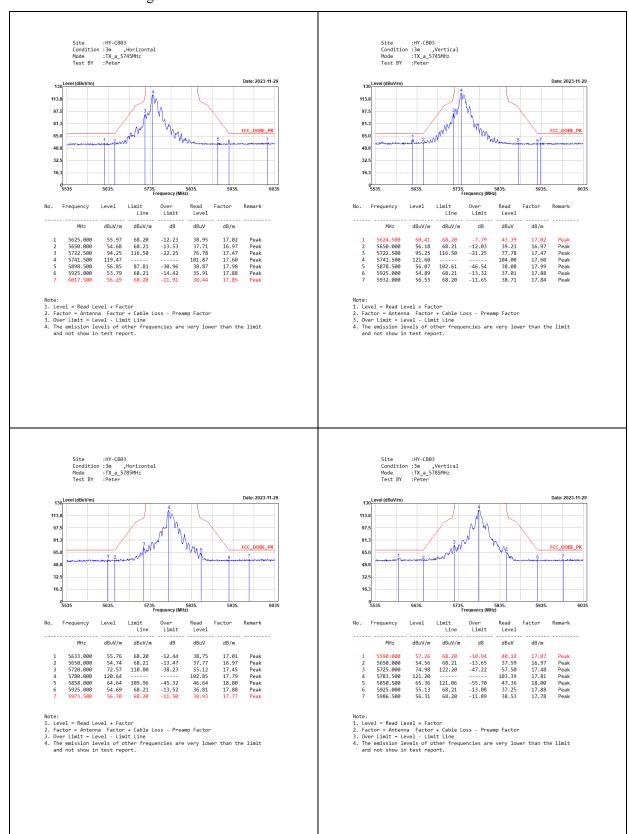
(T refers to the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.)

5 GHz band	Duty Cycle	T	1/T	VBW
	(%)	(ms)	(Hz)	(Hz)
802.11a	92.86	1.4300	699	1000
802.11ax-20 MHz	80.29	5.4600	183	200
802.11ax-40 MHz	79.71	5.4200	185	200
802.11ax-80 MHz	80.00	5.4400	184	200

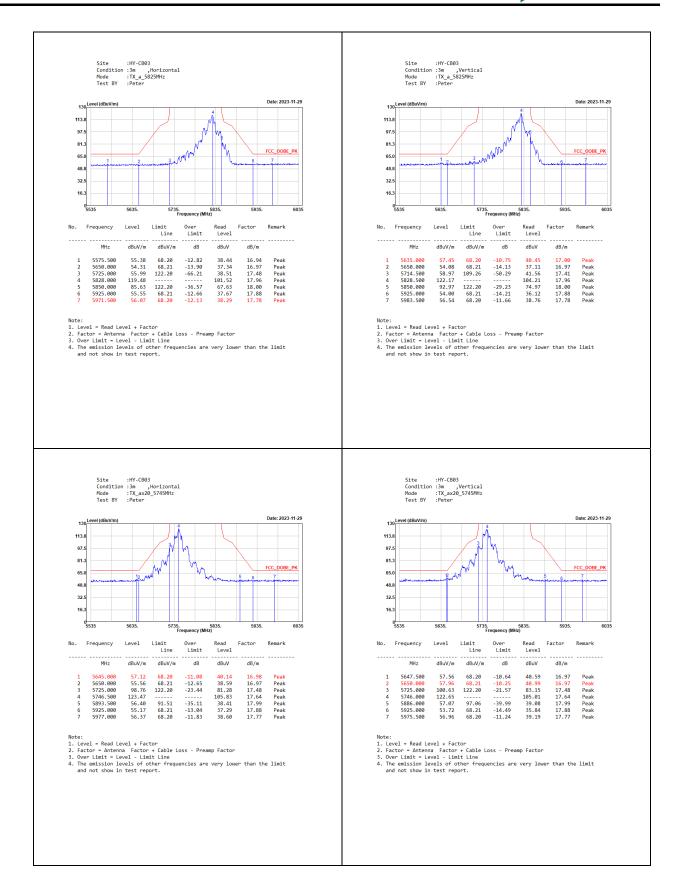
Note: Duty Cycle Refer to Section 8.



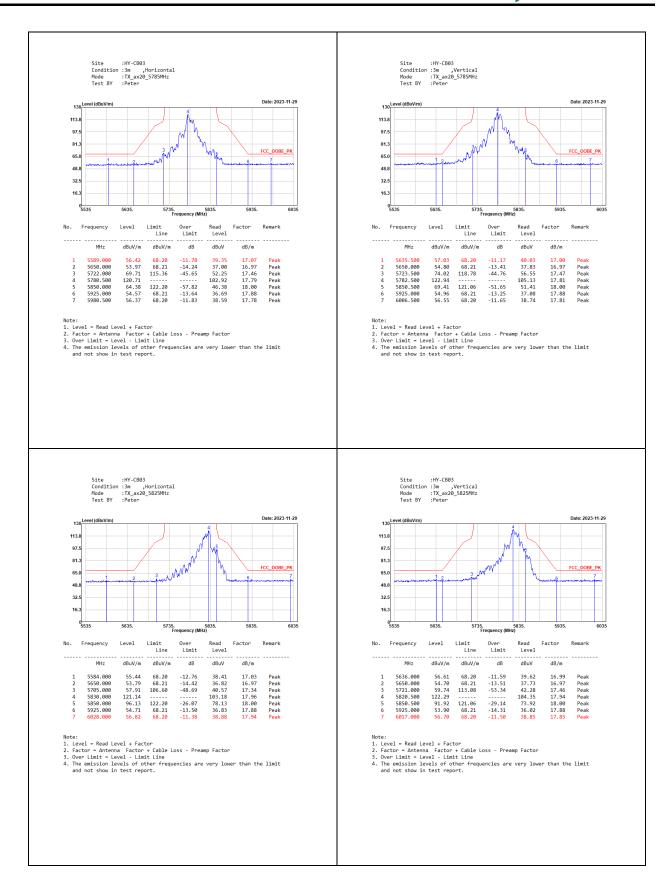
6.4. Test Result of Band Edge



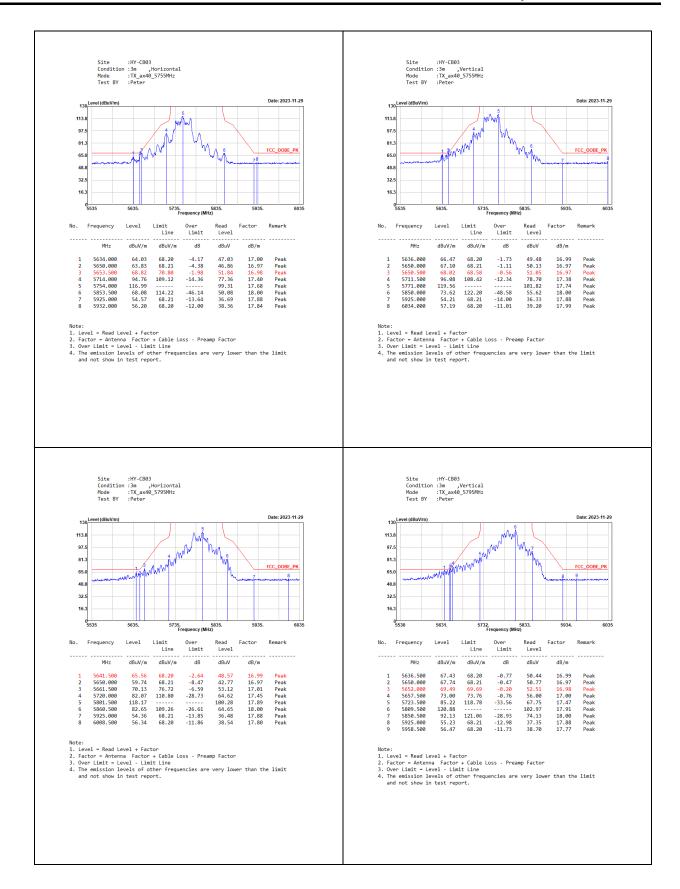




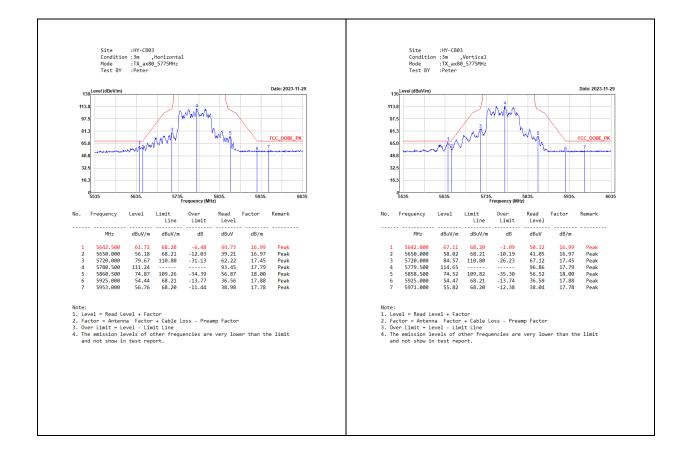








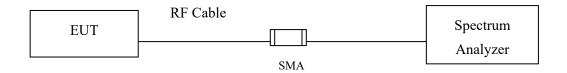






7. Occupied Bandwidth

7.1. Test Setup



7.2. Limits

For the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz

7.3. Test Procedure

The EUT was setup to ANSI C63.10, 2013; tested to UNII test procedure of FCC KDB-789033 for compliance to FCC 47CFR Subpart E requirements.



7.4. Test Result of Occupied Bandwidth

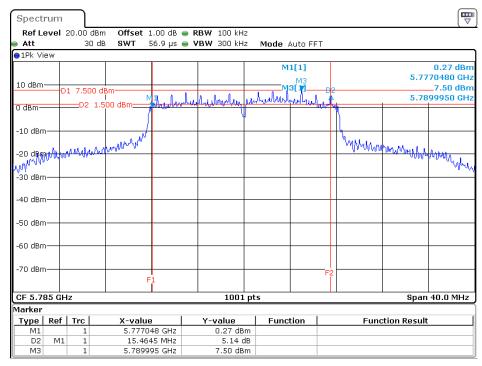
Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

Test Item : Occupied Bandwidth Data Test Mode : Transmit (802.11a)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Chain	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Level (kHz)	Required Limit (kHz)	Result
149	A	5745	15984	>500	Pass
157	A	5785	15904	>500	Pass
165	A	5825	15984	>500	Pass
149	В	5745	16264	>500	Pass
157	В	5785	16344	>500	Pass
165	В	5825	16304	>500	Pass
149	C	5745	16024	>500	Pass
157	С	5785	15904	>500	Pass
165	С	5825	15704	>500	Pass
149	D	5745	15744	>500	Pass
157	D	5785	15465	>500	Pass
165	D	5825	15904	>500	Pass

Channel 157 (Chain D)



Date: 1.DEC.2023 18:34:22



Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

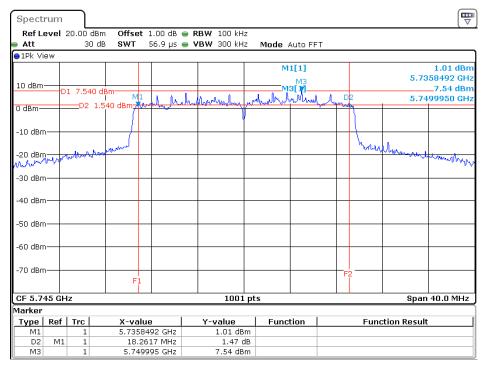
Test Item : Occupied Bandwidth Data

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-20 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Chain	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Level (kHz)	Required Limit (kHz)	Result
149	A	5745	18981	>500	Pass
157	A	5785	18861	>500	Pass
165	A	5825	18781	>500	Pass
149	В	5745	18981	>500	Pass
157	В	5785	18741	>500	Pass
165	В	5825	18861	>500	Pass
149	С	5745	18901	>500	Pass
157	С	5785	18861	>500	Pass
165	С	5825	18581	>500	Pass
149	D	5745	18262	>500	Pass
157	D	5785	18342	>500	Pass
165	D	5825	18342	>500	Pass

Channel 149 (Chain D)



Date: 1.DEC.2023 18:46:38



Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

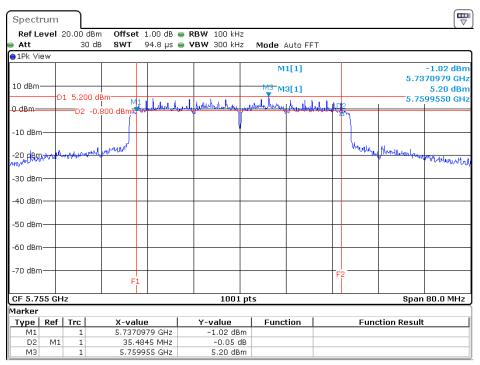
Test Item : Occupied Bandwidth Data

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-40 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No.	Chain	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Level (kHz)	Required Limit (kHz)	Result
151	A	5755	38042	>500	Pass
159	A	5795	37642	>500	Pass
151	В	5755	35485	>500	Pass
159	В	5795	35884	>500	Pass
151	С	5755	38202	>500	Pass
159	C	5795	37243	>500	Pass
151	D	5755	36444	>500	Pass
159	D	5795	37882	>500	Pass

Channel 151 (Chain B)



Date: 1.DEC.2023 19:14:19



Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

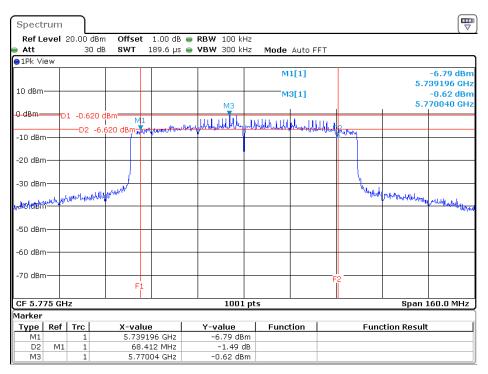
Test Item : Occupied Bandwidth Data

Test Mode : Transmit (802.11ax-80 MHz)-CDD

Test Date : 2023/12/01

Channel No. Chain		Frequency	Measurement Level	Required Limit	Result
		(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	1100011
155	A	5775	68412	>500	Pass
155	В	5775	76723	>500	Pass
155	С	5775	75924	>500	Pass
155	D	5775	70330	>500	Pass

Channel 155 (Chain A)

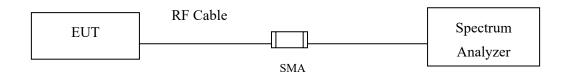


Date: 1.DEC.2023 19:37:53



8. Duty Cycle

8.1. Test Setup



8.2. Test Procedure

The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10 2013; tested according to U-NII test procedure of KDB789033 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.407 requirements.



8.3. Test Result of Duty Cycle

Product : 3-Radio Omni-Directional Indoor Wi-Fi 6E Access Point

Test Item : Duty Cycle Test Mode : Transmit

Duty Cycle Formula:

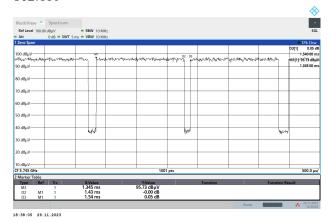
Duty Cycle = Ton / (Ton + Toff)

Duty Factor = 10 Log (1/Duty Cycle)

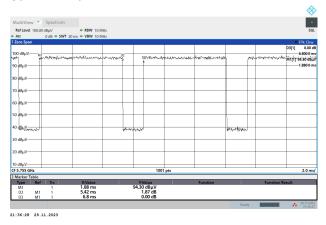
Results:

5 GHz band	Ton	Ton + Toff	Duty Cycle	Duty Factor
	(ms)	(ms)	(%)	(dB)
802.11a	1.4300	1.5400	92.86	0.32
802.11ax-20 MHz	5.4600	6.8000	80.29	0.95
802.11ax-40 MHz	5.4200	6.8000	79.71	0.99
802.11ax-80 MHz	5.4400	6.8000	80.00	0.97

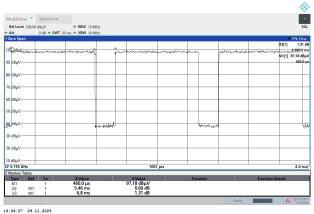
802.11b



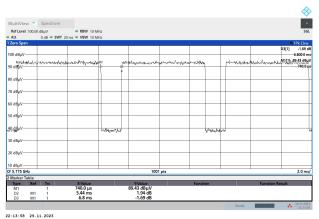
802.11ax-40 MHz



802.11ax-20 MHz



802.11ax-80 MHz



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