

EWTJ680F-K-01 Module

General Technical Manual

(Revision 1.00)

East Wind Technologies, Inc.

June 13, 2022



修改紀錄



1 Introduction

1.1 Features

- NFC Function
- 支援 ISO 14443A, ISO 15693, FeliCa Lite-S (RCS966)
- 支援ISO-DEP(ISO 14443-4)
- 頻率:13.56 MHz (±20PPM)
- 輸入電壓:5V-12V(±0.5V)
- 平均電流:110mA(±10mA)
- 感應距離: 5.5cm (±0.5cm, ISO 14443A 卡 (MF1 IC S50))
- 介面:RS-232
- 天線、讀卡機分離
- 主板尺寸:35mm x 51mm
- RF cable 最大長度可達:60cm
- 含金屬罩
- 儲存溫度:-40℃~95℃
- 操作溫度:-40℃~85℃
- 操作濕度:90% 無凝固
- 含 LED 燈
- Baud Rate: 19,200bps
- RF connector : I-PEX, U.FL-R-SMT



Warning:

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that

to which the receiver is connected.

- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.



FOR MOBILE DEVICE USAGE (>20cm/low power)

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled

environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance

20cm between the radiator & your body.

This module is intended for OEM integrators only. Per FCC KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01 guidance, the following conditions must be strictly followed when using this certified module:

KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01 rule sections:

2.2 List of applicable FCC rules

This module has been tested for compliance to FCC Part 15

2.3 Summarize the specific operational use conditions

The module is tested for standalone mobile RF exposure use condition. Any other usage conditions such as co-location with other transmitter(s) or being used in a portable condition will need a separate reassessment through a class II permissive change application or new certification.

- 2.4 Limited module procedures Not applicable.
- 2.5 Trace antenna designs

Not applicable.

2.6 RF exposure considerations

This equipment complies with FCC mobile radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20cm between the radiator & your body. If the module is installed in a portable host, a separate SAR evaluation is required to confirm compliance with relevant FCC portable RF exposure rules.

2.7 Antennas

The following antennas have been certified for use with this module; antennas of the same type with equal or lower gain may also be used with this module. The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm can be maintained between the antenna and users.

Brand	EWT
Model	EWTJ680F-K-02
Antenna Type	PCB
Antenna connector	ipex (MHF)
Antenna Gain(dBi)	10

2.8 Label and compliance information

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains FCC ID: 2AGMLEWTJ680FK". The grantee's FCC ID can be used only when all FCC compliance requirements are met.

2.9 Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

This transmitter is tested in a standalone mobile RF exposure condition and any co-located or simultaneous transmission with other transmitter(s) or portable use will require a separate class II permissive change re-evaluation or new certification.



2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

This transmitter module is tested as a subsystem and its certification does not cover the FCC Part

15 Subpart B (unintentional radiator) rule requirement applicable to the final host. The final host



will still need to be reassessed for compliance to this portion of rule requirements if applicable.

As long as all conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that these conditions <u>can not be met</u> (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID <u>can not</u> be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

Manual Information To the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

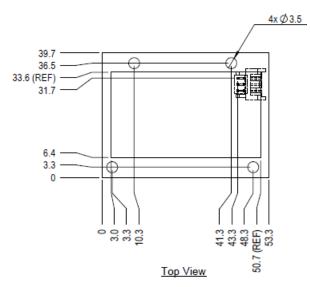
OEM/Host manufacturer responsibilities

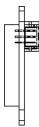
OEM/Host manufacturers are ultimately responsible for the compliance of the Host and Module. The final product must be reassessed against all the essential requirements of the FCC rule such as FCC Part 15 Subpart B before it can be placed on the US market. This includes reassessing the transmitter module for compliance with the Radio and EMF essential requirements of the FCC rules. This module must not be incorporated into any other device or system without retesting for compliance as multi-radio and combined equipment



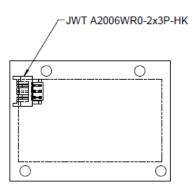
1.2 Dimension

主板:

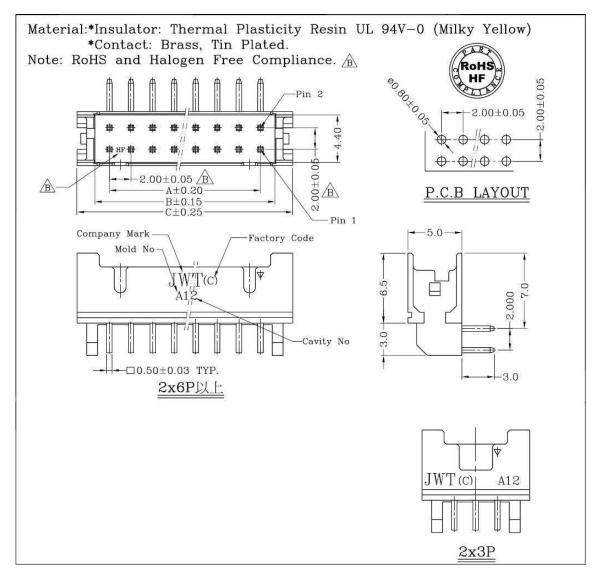












Connector 排針型號: 加煒興業 JWT A2006WRO-2x3P-HK



1.3 Pin Configurations

Pin	Function	Туре	Description
1	GND	Power	GND
2	VCC	Power	VCC
3	RESET-IO	Input	Initial low(0V - 0.9V), pull-high(2.4V – 3.3V) to reset hardware
4	ICC	Output	Card in/out indicate 0: card in; 1: card out
5	TXD/SDA	Input/Output	RS232C TXD / UART TXD / IIC SDA
6	RXD/SCL	Input	RS232C RXD / UART RXD / IIC SCL

仰視圖(Bottom View)





1.4 實體照片

模組正面:





East Wind Technologies, Inc.

模組背面:





模組&天線:



交貨項目會是模組&天線(含同軸電纜線線)



1.5 Basic Mode

EWTJ680F-K is a slave device; the "ask & answer" is the basic working mode. That means EWTJ680F-K received a command from master machine, and then to execute the command and answer to master machine. This is a command cycle. A new command will not be accepted while the module is executing a command. So when you develop the application program, you MUST be sure the last command cycle is finished, then to send the next command.

1.6 Automatically Detecting Card

EWTJ680F-K supports automatic detecting cards that are based on ISO14443A and ISO15693. When the automatic detecting cards function is open, then EWTJ680F-K continuously send searching card commands. Once the card is entering into the effective electrical field, the ICC pin will show low level. In this situation, you could directly to do operation to the card. If the automatic detecting function is close, when you want to do operation to the card, you need send searching card command firstly.

The default automatic detecting cards function could be set via 0x1D command. This setting is saved in FLASH. The setting will be effect on next power on. While module is working, the automatic detecting cards function could be temporarily open or closed via 0x11 command. This setting will not be saved. So after power on again, it will be back to the default setting.

If the module operate card mode (via 0x70 command) is set to ISO15693, then EWTJ680F-K just only auto detect ISO15693 cards. If the module operate card mode (via 0x70 command) is set to ISO14443A, then EWTJ680F-K just only detect ISO14443A cards.

Automatic detecting cards function support ISO15693 cards.

Automatic detecting cards function support MIFARE 1K/4K and MIFARE Ultra Light cards.

ISO14443A T=CL card could be detected when the automatic detecting cards function is open. If you want to operate the card, you need send RATS command (0x30) to the module firstly. After the module got successful response from the CPU card, then the automatic detecting cards function will be closed automatically.

User could set automatic detecting card and output the card UID. Under this mode, the card serial Data Packet Format

1.7 Communication Protocol

1.7.1 Data sent format

		Length	Command	Data	Checksum	
•	L	ength: 1 byte, nui	nber of bytes from	m Length byte to	the last byte of D	ata.

- Command: 1 byte, Application-layer command, please refers to <u>Application-layer</u> protocol in detailed.
- Data: length depends on the command type, from 0x00 to 0xFC bytes.



• Checksum: 1 byte, Exclusive OR (XOR) results from length byte to the last byte of data.

1.7.2 Data returned format

• Si	uccess:			
	Length	Command	Data	Checksum
• Fa	ailure:			
	Length	Invert Command	Checksum	

NOTE: "Failure" means that the communication between module and card failed.

1.8 Data Returned Time

Slaves begin to execute the command once received host's commands. The executive time is normally less than 100ms, depand on the command type. Some command executive time maybe need longer. The waiting time is decided by the card and the command type. So the hosts need to set the waiting time according to the different commands.



2 Communication Interface

2.1 RS232C interface

2.1.1 Physical Interface

RS232C is the UART interface which belongs to RS232C-level. The communication between RS232C and PC is via TXD, RXD and GND pins. The host TXD pin connects to the device RXD pin, meanwhile the host RXD pin connects to the device TXD pin.

The communication protocol is byte oriented. Both sending and receiving bytes are in hexadecimal format. The communication parameters are as follows:

Baud rate: 19200bps (default), 115200bps, 9600bps, 38400bps and 57600bps. Start bits: 1bit Data bits: 8 bits Stop bits: 1 bit Parity check: None Flow control: None

2.1.2 Communication Process

Host send command to the slave, and the slave to execute once received the host's command, then to send the result to the host. This is a command cycle.



3 Application-layer Protocol

3.1 Overview

This chapter will introduce the communication protocol application level commands and data structures in detail, the application level protocol only introduce the commands and the data.

We illustrate each command in the following format:

Frame Command Data Checksum	Eromo	Command	Doto	Chaokaum
	Frame	Command	Data	Checksum

Frame Header: 1 byte length information, all the bytes except Checksum byte. Checksum: Exclusive OR (XOR) results from length byte to the last byte of data. For example, we explain separately with the following command.

Frame 0x11	Mode	Checksum
------------	------	----------

It's the command to control the module working status, now we need to close the antenna with this command, so,"mode" is 0x00, so, the command is:

0x03 11 00 12; in it 0x03 is Frame Header, all the bytes except Checksum byte, the length is 0x03, so take the value 0x03; 0x11 is the command; 0x00 is parameter (meaning close automatical detecting card, close the antenna); 0x12 is Checksum byte, the front 3 bytes XOR result is 0x12.



3.2 System commands

3.2.1 Module reset to factory default

Function: Reset all configuration of the module to factory default setting. The new setting will effect after re-power on.

Host send	1:			
	Frame	0x0F	52 45 53 45 54	Checksum
Success:				
	Frame	0x0F	Checksum	
Failure:				
	Frame	0xF0	Checksum	

send: 0x07 0F 52 45 53 45 54 5D return: 0x02 0F 0D

3.2.2 Set LED

Function: set the LED ON or OFF. Host sends:

Troot Senach					
	Frame	0x13	Status	Checksum	
Status: 1	byte				
LED	D1 BI	T0=0: OFF;	BIT0=1:	ON	
LED	D2 BI	T1=0: OFF;	BIT1=1:	ON	
LED	D3 BI	T2=0: OFF;	BIT2=1:	ON	
LED4 BIT3=		T3=0: OFF; E	BIT3=1: ON		
Success:					
	Frame	0x13	Checksum		
Failure:					
	Frame	0xEC	Checksum		

3.2.3 Set ISO15693 Automatic Detecting Card AFI and AFI Enable

Function: set automatic detecting card AFI and AFI enables in ISO15693 mode. If users set AFI and AFI enables, then automatic detecting card only detects the AFI of the card equal to the set AFI. Settings will save in the module; it will not be lost after power OFF. AFI is default 0, AFI function is Disable.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x1B	AFI	AFI enable	Checksum
AFI:	1 byte, AFI, 0~0xFF.				

AFI enable: 1 byte, 0: Disable; 1: Enable; other value: RFU.



Success:

Success:			
	Frame	0x1B	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xE4	Checksum

3.2.4 Set Automatic Detecting Card Interval Time

Function: set interval time of automatic detecting card function. The default is 100ms. Settings will save in the module; it will be not lost after power OFF.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x1C	Time	Checksum
Time:	1 byte, 0x00	to 0xFF, unit	is 10mS, 0x0	1 means 10mS.
Success:				

	Frame	0x1C	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xE3	Checksum

3.2.5 Set the Default of Automatic Detecting Card

Function: Set the default state of automatic detecting card when power on device. Settings will save in the module; it will be not lost after power OFF. For temporarily open or close automatically detect card, please use the 0x11 command.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x1D	Status	Checksum
Status:	1 byte, 0x00:	OFF; 0x01: 0	ON, other valu	e: RFU
Success:				
	Frame	0x1D	Checksum	
Failure:				
	Frame	0xE2	Checksum	

3.2.6 Set the RF Output Level

Function: To set the RF output level. When the RF output power is reduced, the card operation distance will be reduced too. The customer could set it according to the concrete needs. Settings will save in the module; it will be not lost after power OFF.

The default value is set to 0x00 (the strongest).

Host sends:

Frame	0x02	Power	Checksum
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Power: 1 byte, 0x00: the strongest; 0x01: the stronger; 0x02: the weak; 0x03: the weakest; other values: RFU.



Success:

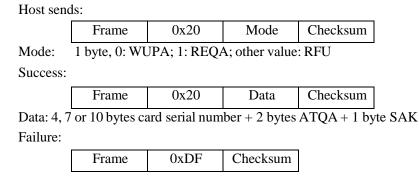
	Frame	0x02	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xFD	Checksum



3.3 ISO14443A/B CPU Card Commands

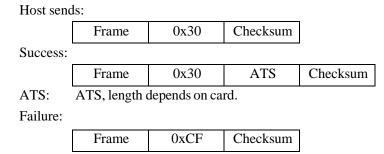
3.3.1 ISO14443 TYPE A Request

Function: ISO14443A request cards, cards include MIFARE and other ISO14443A cards. In the returned results, user could judge the length of serial number via the returned data package length, and judge the card type by ATQA, also judge whether the card supports ISO14443-4 by SAK. If automatic detect card function was opened, then this command is only to read the result of automatic detect card.



3.3.2 ISO14443-4 TYPE A Card RATS

Function: send RATS to ISO14443-4 TYPE-A card. Before executing this command, it needs to request card and verifies the card support ISO14443-4 via SAK of card. If the automatic detecting card function is on, after a successful implementation of the RATS command, the automatic detect card function will be forced OFF.



3.3.3 ISO14443-4 TYPE B Request

Function: ISO14443-4 TYPE B card request and set attribute. Host sends:

	Frame	0x60	Mode	AFI	Checksum
Mode:	1 byte, 0: WI	s: RFU			

AFI: 1 byte, the AFI to request, if request all AFI, please use 0x00.



Success:

Frame 0x60	Info.	Checksum
------------	-------	----------

Info: total 13 bytes, 12 bytes of ATQB: 0x50 (1 byte), PUPI (4 bytes), application data (4 bytes), protocol information (3 bytes), 1 byte answer to Attribute.

For more details, please reference to ISO14443-3 "ATQB Response" part.

Failure:

Frame 0x9F Checksum

3.3.4 **Request Card according to EMV and PBOC**

Function: Card Request according to EMV and PBOC standards and to set the communication parameters between the module and card. This card request command is aim to CPU card (T=CL). It contains ISO14443A&B. After requested the card via this command, you could operate the CPU card via sending APDU commands.

Host sends:							
	Frame	0x32	Checksum				
Success:							
	Frame	0x32	Туре	Info	Checksum		
Type:	0x41: IS	O14443 TYP	EA;				

Уł

ISO14443 TYPE B; 0x42:

0x4D: Multi card in the Antenna field, request failed.

Info: TYPE A card returned data:

0x41, 1 byte UID Length; Length bytes UID; 2 bytes ATQA; 1 byte SAK; ATS (ATS is not fixed. Please reference the Datasheet of the card from the suppliers.).

TYPE B card returned data:

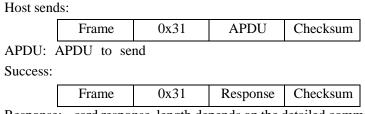
0x42, 1 byte 0x50, 4 bytes PUPI, 4 bytes Application data, 3 bytes Protocol information, 1 byte answer to ATTRIB.

Failure:

Frame	0xCD	Checksum

3.3.5 Send APDU to ISO14443-4 Card

Function: Send APDU to an ISO14443-4 card. Before executing the command, it needs to reset the card. If operate ISO14443-4 card, the automatic detect fuction need to be turned OFF. That's because the ISO14443-4 card's status will be lost in automatic detecting card.



Response: card response, length depends on the detailed command



Failure:

Frame 0xCE Checksum

3.3.6 ISO14443-4 TYPE B Card Halt

Frame

Function: To let the current ISO14443B card enters into halt status. Not all of the cards support this command, most don't support, especially the new card.

Checksum

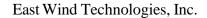
Host sends:

	Frame	0x62	PUPI	Checksum		
PUPI:	4 bytes, PUPI of the card that will be halt.					
Success:						

Failure

:			
	Frame	0x9D	Checksum

0x62





3.4 MIFARE 1K/4K/mini Card Commands

3.4.1 MIFARE Request

MIFARE series cards request, please refer to **ISO14443 TYPE A Request**.

3.4.2 MIFARE 1K/4K Data Block Read

Function: Read MIFARE 1K/4K one block data.

Host sends:

Frame	0x21	Key ID	Block	Key	Checksum
 1 77 11					

Key ID: 1 byte, Key identifier

BIT0 = 0:Key A; BIT0 = 1: Key B;

BIT1=0: using the key in the command; BIT1=1: using the key downloaded by command 0x2D;

BIT6:BIT5:BIT4:BIT3:BIT2: if use the downloaded key, this is the index of the key; BIT7=0: The block need to be certified via using the above key;

BIT7=1: The block has been authenticated and passed. Do not need authentication again. (This operation and automatic detecting card could not be used at the same time); (IMPORTANT: more information please refer to Chapter 5.3 about Key identifier).

Block: 1 byte, Block number to read, 0 to 0x3F for S50; 0 to 0xFF for S70; Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card.

Success:

	Frame	0x21	Data	Checksum	
Data:	16 bytes card data				
Failura					

Failure:

Frame 0xDE Checksum

3.4.3 MIFARE 1K/4K Multi-Blocks Read

Function: Read multi data blocks in the same sector. The function is supported only in the same sector. If crossing sectors, the reading will fail.

Host sends:

Frame 0x2A Key ID Start Bloc	k Blocks	Key	Checksum
------------------------------	----------	-----	----------

Key ID: 1 byte, key identifier;

Start Block: 1 byte, the start block to be read;

Blocks: 1 byte, number of blocks to be read. All blocks need in same sector.

Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card.

Success:



				Lus	U 1
	Frame	0x2A	Data	Checksum	
Data:	blocks * 16 b	ytes card data	a per block		1
Failure:					
	Frame	0xD5	Checksum		

3.4.4 MIFARE 1K/4K Data Block Write

Function: Write the data to a block of MIFARE 1K/4K. Host sends:

	Frame	0x22	Key ID	Block	Key	Data	Checksum				
Key ID: 1 byte, Key identifier;											
Block: 1 byte, Block number to be written;											
Key:	ey: 6 bytes, the key of the card;										
Data:	16 bytes da	ata to be	written.								
Success:											
	Frame	0	x22 (Checksum							
Failure:											
	Frame	0x	DD (Checksum							

3.4.5 MIFARE 1K/4K Multi-Blocks Write

Function: Write multi data blocks. The function is supported only in the same sector. If crossing sector, it will fail while writing the first block in the next sector and then prompt the error in the returned result.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x2B	Key ID	Start Block	Blocks	Key	Data	Checksum
ID	11.1	• 1 .	· C'					

Key ID:	1 byte,	key identifier;
---------	---------	-----------------

Start Block: 1 byte, the start block number to be written;

Blocks: 1 byte, number of blocks to be written;

Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card;

Data: blocks * 16 bytes data to write per block

Success:

Frame	0x2B	Checksum
-------	------	----------

Failure:

Frame	0xD4	Checksum

3.4.6 MIFARE 1K/4K Purse Block Initialization

Function: Initialize a block of MIFARE 1K/4K as a purse. The format of purse uses



MIFARE 1K/4K's default. The card's key block and block 0 could not be used as a purse. For more details about MIFARE 1K/4K card, please reference the datasheet.

Host sends:											
	Frame0x23Key IDBlockKeyValueChecksum										
Key ID: 1 byte, Key identifier;											
Block:	1 byte, Blo	ock numl	per to be in	nitialized;							
Key:	6 bytes, the	e key of	the card;								
Value:	4 bytes, in	itialized	value, LS	B first.							
Success:											
	Frame	0	x23 (Checksum]						
Failure:					_						
	Frame	05	ADC (Checksum							

3.4.7 MIFARE 1K/4K Purse Read

Function: Read a purse of MIFARE 1K/4K. The format of purse uses MIFARE 1K/4K's default. Module will read the data in the block and check if it is a purse format. If the purse format is incorrect, the respose will show failure.

	Frame	0x24	Key ID	Block	Key	Checksum							
Key ID: 1 byte, Key identifier;													
Block: 1 byte, block number of the value to be read;													
Key:	6 bytes, 1	he key o	-										
Success:													
Success:													
Success:	Frame	e	0x24	Data	Checksur	m							
20000000	Frame	-	0x24 a, LSB firs		Checksur	m							
Success: Data: Failure:	Frame	-			Checksur	m							

3.4.8 MIFARE 1K/4K Purse Increment

Function: Purse increment of MIFARE 1K/4K. The format of the purse uses MIFARE 1K/4K's default. Purse increment means the increment on the basis of the original value.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x25	Key ID	Block	Key	Value	Checksum
Key ID:	1 byte, Key id	entifier;					

Block: 1 byte, block number of purse to be increment;

Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card;

Value: 4 bytes, increment value, LSB first.

Success:



	Frame	0x25	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xDA	Checksum

3.4.9 MIFARE 1K/4K Purse Decrement

Function: Purse decrement of MIFARE 1K/4K. The format of the purse uses MIFARE 1K/4K's default. Purse decrement means the decrement on the basis of the original number. Purse decrement only needs the "read authority" of the key.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x26	Key ID	Block	Key	Value	Checksum
Key ID:	1 byte, Key id	entifier;					

Block: 1 byte, block number of purse to be decrement;

Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card;

Value: 4 bytes, decrement value, LSB first

Success:

	Frame	0x26	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xD9	Checksum

3.4.10 MIFARE 1K/4K Purse Backup

Function: Copy the MIFARE 1K/4K purse to another block in the same sector. The format of the purse uses MIFARE 1K/4K's default.

Host sends:

Frame	0x27	Key ID	Source	Target	Key	Checksum
-------	------	--------	--------	--------	-----	----------

Key ID: 1 byte, Key identifier;

Source: 1 byte, block number of purse to copy;

Target: 1 byte, copy the purse to this block (source and target need in same sector);

Key: 6 bytes, the key of the card.

Success:

	Frame	0x27	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xD8	Checksum

3.4.11 ISO14443A Card Halt

Function: Set the current operating ISO14443A card (including MIFARE series cards) into halt status.



Host send	ls:		
	Frame	0x28	Checksum
Success:			
	Frame	0x28	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xD7	Checksum

3.4.12 Download MIFARE 1K/4K Card Key into Module

Function: Download the MIFARE 1K/4K card key into module. There are 32 key memory spaces in the module that could storage 32 different keys. While using the downloaded key in the module, this key wouldn't appear on the pin-outs of the PCD. So it could be more safety. Because EEPROM be written times are limited, therefore, do not use this command frequently. Lose efficacy EEPROM could not be work.

Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x2D	Key Index	Key	Checksum
Key Index	x: 1 byte, Ke	ey Index (0 ~ 0	0x1F) in the n	nodule.	
Key:	6 bytes,	the key of the	e card to be st	ored in modu	le.
Success:					
	Frame	0x2D	Checksum		
Failure:					
	Frame	0xD2	Checksum		



3.4.13 About KEY Identifier

There is a byte of KEY identifier in command of MIFARE 1K/4K cards. This byte will identify the way to get the card key.

			Key	Identifier			
BIT7	BIT6	BIT5	BIT4	BIT3	BIT2	BIT1	BIT0

BIT0 = 0: KEY A; authenticate Key A of the card.

BIT0 = 1: KEY B; authenticate Key B of the card.

BIT1 = 0: Using the following 6 bytes Key in command.

BIT1 = 1: Using the downloaded Key by command.

BIT6:BIT5:BIT4:BIT3:BIT2: Index of the Key already downloaded (0 to 31).

BIT7=0: The block need to authenticate with the above key.

BIT7=1: The block has been authenticated. This operation do not need to authenticate again (this operation and automatic detecting card could not be used at the same time).

If BIT1 is 0, then these 5 bits (BIT6 to BIT2) are unused. If BIT1 is 1, then use the already downloaded key. Users need to download key(s) first; and then the 6 bytes key in the command are left unused, but the 6-byte is necessary in the command sequence.

E.g.: key Identifier is 0x00; binary system is 00000000, here:

BIT0 = 0; authenticate Key A of the card

BIT1 = 0; using the key in command

BIT6:BIT5:BIT4:BIT3:BIT2: 00000, because not use the already downloaded key, the index key is useless in this command.

E.g.: key Identifier is 0x33; binary system is 00110011, here:

BIT0 = 1; authenticate Key B of the card

BIT1 = 1; using the downloaded Key in the module

BIT6:BIT5:BIT4:BIT3:BIT2:01100, then use the already downloaded key 01100, and hexadecimal is 0x0C, decimal is 12.



3.5 MIFARE Ultralight/Ultralight C/Ultralight EV1 Card Commands

3.5.1 MIFARE Ultralight/Ultralight C/Ultralight EV1 Request

For MIFARE UltraLight/UltraLight C card request, please refer to ISO14443 TYPE A Request.

3.5.2 MIFARE Ultralight/Ultralight C/Ultralight EV1 Card Read

Function: Read the data from MIFARE UltraLight/UltraLight C cards. A read command will read 4 blocks data from the card. If read start block is the last block (0x0F), then these 4 blocks data are the 15th, 0th, 1st and 2nd block.

Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x41	Start Block	Checksum	
Start Bloo	ck: 1 byte, t	he start block	number to be	read.	
Success:					
	Frame	0x41	Data	Checksum	
Data:	16 bytes card	l data of 4 blo	cks, a read op	eration read 4 blocks	from the start block.
Failure:					
	Frame	0xBE	Checksum		

3.5.3 MIFARE Ultralight/Ultralight C/Ultralight EV1 Card Write

Function: Write data to MIFARE UltraLight/UltraLight C cards. Each for one block data. Host sends:

	Frame	0x42	Block	Data	Checksum
Block:	1 byte, block	number to be	written.		
Data:	4 bytes data t	o be written.			
Success:					
	Frame	0x42	Checksum		
Failure:	<u> </u>				
	Frame	0xBD	Checksum		

3.5.4 MIFARE UltraLight C Key Authentication

Function: Inputting UltraLight C key, the device directly authenticate the key. This process



of authentification is controled by the module.

s:			
Frame	0x43	Key	Checksum
ytes UltraLight (C key		
Frame	0x43	Checksum	
Frame	0xBC	Checksum	
	Frame ytes UltraLight (Frame	Frame0x43ytes UltraLight C keyFrame0x43	Frame0x43Keyytes UltraLight C keyFrame0x43Checksum

3.5.5 MIFARE UltraLight C Ek (RndB) Read

Function: To read encrypted RndB this is generated by Ultralight C card. Command 0x44 and 0x45 are the separation commands to authenticate Ultralight C. Because the microcontroller calculates 3DES is slower, so authentication will be more time-consuming, and therefore part of the separation of authentication allows users to calculate 3DES to save authentication time.Users could first consider using 0x43 to authenticate, if required authentication in speed, you could contact us using separate authentication commands for technical support.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x44	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x44	Ek (RndB)	Checksum

Ek (RndB): the card returned RndB encrypted data. The RndB was done DES decryption via using the card key. After be decrypted, byte shifted---the first byte is moved to the end, then got RndB'. At this time Ek (RndB) is the subsequent 3DES CBC algorithm initial vector.

Failure:

Frame 0xBB Checksum	
---------------------	--

3.5.6 MIFARE Ultralight C Ek (RndA + RndB') Authentication

Function: Input the "RndA + RndB" which have already been encrypted. Host sends:

Frame	0x45	Ek (RndA+RndB')	Checksum
-------	------	-----------------	----------

Ek (RndA+RndB'): 16 bytes' result which "RndA + RndB'" be encrypted via using DES CBC. RndA is 8bytes random number specified by the user. RndB is obtained by the 0x44 command. RndB obtained by decrypting the shift (the first byte to be shifted the last).

Su	cc	600	2
Su	υu	0.50	,

	Frame	0x45	Ek(RndA)	Checksum
Failure:				
	Frame	0xBA	Checksum	

Ek(RndA): The card returned encrypted RndA. After decrypted and shifted via using 3DES



CBC, then to compare result with RndA. If equality, authentication is passed.

Ultralight EV1 GET_VERSION 3.5.7

Function: The GET_VERSION command is used to retrieve information on the MIFARE family, product version, storage size and other product data required to identify the Ultralight EV1 card.

Host send	ls:			
	Frame	0x46	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x46	Version	Checksum
Version:	Bbytes Ultralight	EV1 Card versior	n. Failure:	
	Frame	0xB9	Checksum	
As follow	/s:			

3.5.8 Ultralight EV1 FAST_READ

Function: The FAST_READ command requires a start page address and an end page address and returns the all n*4 bytes of the addressed pages.

Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x47	Start Block	End Block	Checksum
Start Bl	ock: 1byte.				
End Blo	ock: 1byte.				
Success:					
	Frame	0x47	Card data	Checksum	
Card data	Blocks * 4	bytes card data.			
Failure:					
	Frame	0xB8	Checksum		

3.5.9 Ultralight EV1 READ_CNT

Function: The READ_CNT command is used to read the current value of one of the 3 oneway counters of the Ultralight EV1.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x48	Address	Checksum		
Address:	Address: 1byte, Ultralight EV1 counters address.					
Success:						
	Frame	0x48	Data	Checksum		



Data: 3 bytes Ultralight EV1 counter data.

Failure:

Frame	0xB7	Checksum

3.5.10 Ultralight EV1 INCR_CNT

Function: The INCR_CNT command is used to increment one of the 3 one-way counters of the Ultralight EV1. The two arguments are the counter number and the increment value.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x49	Address	Data	Checksum
Address: 1byte, Ultralight EV1 counters address.					

Data: 3 bytes, Ultralight EV1 INCR_CNT data.

Success:

	Frame	0x49	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xB6	Checksum

3.5.11 Ultralight EV1 PWD_AUTH

Function: A protected memory area can be accessed only after a successful password authentication using the PWD_AUTH command.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x4A	PWD	Checksum
PWD:	4byte, Ultralight	EV1 card passw	ord.	

Success:

	Frame	0x4A	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xB5	Checksum

3.5.12 Ultralight EV1 READ_SIG

Function: The READ_SIG command returns an IC-specific, 32-byte ECC signature, to verify NXP Semiconductors as the silicon vendor. The signature is programmed at chip production and cannot be changed afterwards.

Host send	ls:			
	Frame	0x4B	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x4B	Signature	Checksum
Signature	: 32 bytes sign	ature data.		



Failure:

Frame 0xB4 Checksum

3.5.13 Ultralight EV1 CHECK_TEARING_EVENT

Function: The CHECK_TEARING_EVENT command enables the application to identify if a tearing event happened on a specified counter element. It takes the counter number as single argument and returns a specified valid flag for this counter. If the returned valid flag is not equal to the predefined value, a tearing event happened. Note, although a tearing event might have happened on the counter, a valid value corresponding to the last valid counter status is still available using the READ_CNT command.

Host sends: Frame 0x8C Address Checksum Address: 1byte, Ultralight EV1 counters address. Success: Flag 0x8C Frame Checksum Flag: 1byte, valid flag for this counter. Failure: Frame 0x73 Checksum

3.5.14 Ultralight EV1 VCSL

Host conda

Function: The VCSL command is used to enable a unique identification and selection process across different MIFARE cards and card implementations on mobile devices. The command requires a 16-byte installation identifier IID and a 4-byte PCD capability value as parameters. The parameters are present to support compatibility to other MIFARE devices but are not used or checked inside the MF0ULx1. Nevertheless, the number of bytes is checked for correctness. The answer to the VCSL command is the virtual card type identifier VCTID. This identifier indicates the type of card or ticket. Using this information, the reader can decide whether the ticket belongs to the installation or not.

Host send	18:				
	Frame	0x8D	IID	PCDCAPS	Checksum
IID:	16bytes, in	stallation identifie	er.		
PCDCAP	PS: 4bytes, PC	D capabilities.			
Success:					
	Frame	0x8C	VCTID	Checksum	
VCTID:	1byte, virtu	al Card Type Ider	ntifier.		
Failure:					
-					



3.6 MIFARE Plus Card Commands

EWTJ680F-K reader module support MIFARE Plus card operation. NXP MIFARE Plus cards are used to instead MIFARE 1 card. We provide application commands are based on Level 3. In the card level 3, the authentication use AES encryption algorithm. In the communication process between module and card, all are using encrypted data + command with MAC + response with MAC mode. So the security of RF communication is extremely high.

Use the following command allows the user to quickly start MIFARE Plus R & D works. But for advanced user, also could use APDU to implement the card.

3.6.1 MIFARE Plus Prepare Commands

3.6.1.1 MIFARE Plus Request

For MIFARE Plus card request, please refer to ISO14443 TYPE A Request.

3.6.1.2 MIFARE Plus RATS

Please refer to ISO14443-4 TYPE-A card reset (RATS).

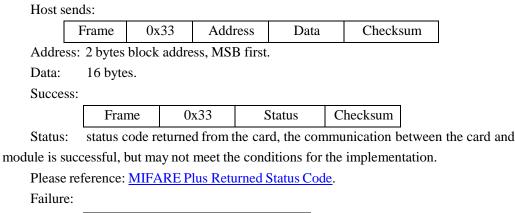
3.6.1.3 MIFARE Plus Request and RATS

Please refer to Card Request according to EMV and PBOC.

3.6.2 MIFARE Plus Initialization Commands

3.6.2.1 MIFARE Plus Write Perso

Function: Initialization of the AES key and all other blocks. About these blocks address and the default value please reference the MIFARE Plus datasheet or contact us.



Frame	0xCC	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.6.2.2 MIFARE Plus Commit Perso

Function: Level 0 command, to switch Level0 to Level1 or Level3. Target Level depends on the card. If need switch to Level 1 or Level 3, please tell the suppliers when purchasing. Before



using this command, please use MIFARE Plus Write Perso command to write all AES key and

the initial value of all the blocks, then make the changed data effect.

Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x34	Checksum		
Success:				-	
	Frame	0x34	Status	Checksum	
Status:	status code re	eturned from t	he card.		
Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.					
Failure:					
	Frame	0xCB	Checksum		

3.6.2.3 MIFARE Plus Switch to Level2/3

Function: Level 1 or Level 2 command, switch to Level2 or Level3 Host sends:

	Frame	0x35	Level	Key	Checksum			
Level	1 byte, le	1 byte, level to be switched, 2: Level 2; 3: Level 3.						
Key:	16 bytes.							
Succe	ss:							
	Frame	;	0x35	Status (Checksum			
Status	: status cod	status code returned from the card.						

Please reference: <u>MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code</u>. Failure:

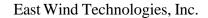
Frame 0xCA Checksum

3.6.3 MIFARE Plus Application Layer Commands

3.6.3.1 MIFARE Plus Data Block Authenticate

Function: Level 3 command, authentication for data block. Host sends:

	Frame	0x36	Кеу Туре	Address	Key	Checksum	
Key T	Key Type: 0: key A; 1: key B						
Addre	ess: 2 by	tes (MSB	first).				
Key:	16 b	ytes.					
Succe	Success:						
	Frame	0x	x36 S	tatus C	hecksum		
Status	: status coc	le returned	l from the ca	rd.			
Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.							
Failure:							
	Frame	0x	C9 Che	ecksum			





3.6.3.2 MIFARE Plus Data Block Read

Function: Level 3 command, reading operation of data block; before reading, the relevant block need to be authorized.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x37	Start Block	Blocks	Checksum		
Start Block: 2 bytes (MSB first).							
Blocks: 1 byte, blocks to be read							
Success:							
Γ	Frame 0x3		Status Data		Checksum		
Status	s: status	code re	turned from the	card.			
Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.							
Data: block *16 bytes							
Failur	e:						

Frame 0xC8 Check	csum
------------------	------

3.6.3.3 MIFARE Plus Data Block Write

Function: Level 3 command, writing operation of data block; before writing, the relevant block need to be authorized.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x38	Start Block	Blocks	Data	Checksum		
Start I	Start Block: 2 bytes (MSB first).							
Block	s:	l byte, b	locks to be wri	ten				
Data:	1	olock * 1	6 bytes data to	be writen				
Succe	Success:							
	Frame	Frame 0x38 Status Checksum						
Status	: status	code re	turned from th	e card.	2			
Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.								
Failure:								
	Fr	Frame 0xC7 Checksum						

3.6.3.4 MIFARE Plus Purse Create

Function: Level 3 command, creating a block of MIFARE Plus as a purse. Host sends:

	Frame	0x39	Block	Value	Checksum
1	01 . 0	ACD C I	1 1 1 1		

Block: 2 bytes (MSB first), block number.

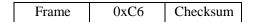
Value: 4 bytes (LSB first), purse initial value.

Success:

	Frame	0x39	Status	Checksum
Status:	status co			

Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.

Failure:





3.6.3.5 MIFARE Plus Purse Read

Function: Level 3 command, reading the balance of the purse. Host sends:

	Frame	0x3A	Block	Checksum
Block:	2 bytes (M			

Success:

	Frame	0x3A	Status	Value	Checksum
Status:	status code	e returned			

Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.

Value: 4 bytes balance of the purse.

Failure:

Frame	0xC5	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.6.3.6 MIFARE Plus Purse Increment

Function: Level 3 command, purse increment of MIFARE Plus. Host sends:

	Frame	0x3B	Block	Value	Checksum
Block:	2 bytes (MS				

Value: 4 bytes (LSB first), value to increase.

Success:

Frame	0x3B	Status	Checksum
-------	------	--------	----------

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code</u>.

Failure:

Frame 0xC4 Checksum

3.6.3.7 MIFARE Plus Purse Decrement

Function: Level 3 command, purse decrement of MIFARE Plus. Host sends:

	Frame	0x3C	Block	Value	Checksum
ock	· 2 hyter				

Block: 2 bytes (MSB first), block number.

Value: 4 bytes (LSB first), value to decrease

Success:

Frame 0x3C Status Checksum

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code</u>. Failure:

Frame 0xC3 Checksum

3.6.3.8 MIFARE Plus Purse Copy

Function: Level 3 command, copy the MIFARE Plus purse to another block in the same



sector.

Host send	ds:				
	Frame	0x3D	Source	Target	Checksum
Source: 2	2 bytes (MSE	B first), sour	ce block nu	mber	
Target: 2	2 bytes (MSE	B first), targ	et block nu	mber	
Success:					
	Frame	0x3D	Status	Checksum	
Status:	status code 1	eturned from	n the card.		
Please re	ference: MIF	ARE Plus R	eturned Stat	us Code.	
Failure:					
	Frame	0xC2	Checks	um	

3.6.3.9 MIFARE Plus First Authenticate

Function: Level 1/3 Command. In Level 3, this command is use to authentication for data block, configuration block and AES key block before reading and writing.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x3E	Address	Key	Checksum
Address:	2 bytes (M	SB first), A	ES key address		
Key:	16 bytes, A	ES key			
Success:					
	Frame	0x3E	Status	Checksum	
Status:	status code	e returned fr	om the card.		-
Please re	ference: MI	FARE Plus	Returned Status	s Code.	
Failure:					
	Frame	0xC1	Checksum		
		•	•		

3.6.3.10 MIFARE Plus Following Authenticate

Function: Level 1/3 Command. In Level 3, this command is use to authentication for none data block before reading and writing. It is use to authentication again after first authentication.

Host sen	ds:						
	Frame	0x3F	Address	Key	Checksum		
Address:	2 bytes (MSH	B first), AES	S key address.		·		
Key:	Key: 16 bytes, AES key						
Success:							
	Frame	0x3F	Status	Checksum			
Status:	status code r	eturned from	m the card.				
Please re	Please reference: MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code.						
Failure:							
	Frame	0xC0	Checksum				



3.6.4 MIFARE Plus Returned Status Code

HEX	Status	Explanation
0x90	OPERATION_SUCCESS	Normal operation ends
0x06	AUTHENTICATION_ERROR	Authentication conditions are not met; No exist block; The block is visited in a numeric
0x07	COMMAND_OVERFLOW	Plaintext R&W in a task Overflow.
0x08	INVALID_MAC	MAC error.
0x09	INVALID_BLOCK_NUMBER	Illegal block number
0x0A	NOT_EXIST_BLOCK_NUMBER	Block number does not exist.
0x0B	CONDITIONS_NOT_SATISFIED	Use conditions are not met.
0x0C	LENGTH_ERROR	Length error.
0x0F	GENERAL_MANIPULATION_ERROR	Cards Internal error.



3.7 DESFire Card Commands

We are here to provide a separate operation for DESFire card. DESFire card authentication and communication use DES encryption algorithm. The encryption of communication between EWTJ680F-K and DESFire cards is set by users. If the user sets the RF communication process is encrypted then the card data security is extremely high.

Use the following command allows the user to quickly start DESFire card R&D works. But for advanced user, also could use APDU to implement the card.

3.7.1 DESFire Prepare Commands

3.7.1.1 DESFire Request

DESFire card request, Please reference ISO14443 TYPE A Request.

3.7.1.2 DESFire RATS

DESFire card RATS, Please reference: ISO14443-4 TYPE-A card reset (RATS).

3.7.1.3 DESFire Request and RATS

This command support DESFire Request and RATS. Please reference: <u>Card Request</u> according to EMV and PBOC.

3.7.1.4 DESFire Authenticate

Function: Triple mutual authentication between DESFire and PCD. The authentication key number could be master Key or any other key.

The command means the host sent the key to the module. The module will process the authentication and send back results.

Advanced users could control the authentication process by themselves to improve security. We provide additional authentication interface. For details, please reference: 0x8E: <u>DESFire</u> <u>Authenticate first step Get ekNo (RndB)</u> and 0x8F: <u>DESFire Authenticate second step get ekNo (RndA^{*})</u>. For all encryption and decryption methods related to DESFire refer to datasheet please. We also provide a tool to calculate the encryption and decryption. The source code of the tool is helpfull for users, if need assistance, please contact us.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x90	KeyNo	Key	Checksum		
Nov 1	No: 1 byte, the number of the key						

KeyNo: 1 byte, the number of the key

Key: 16 bytes.

Success:

Frame	0x90	Status	SenssionKey	Checksum
1	4 1 6	.1 1		1 4 41

Status: status code returned from the card, the communication between the card and module is successful, but may not meet the conditions for the implementation.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

SenssionKey: 16 bytes. The senssion key will be sent back only after a successful authentication. The senssion key will be used in the following card operations. It is the key to decrypt the encrypted data in encrypted communication process.



Failure:

Frame 0x6F Checksum

3.7.1.5 DESFire Authenticate first step Get ekNo (RndB)

Function: Authentication is initiated by the module. Get the ekNo (RndB) from the card. Host sends:

Frame	0x8E	KeyNo	Checksum
-------	------	-------	----------

KeyNo: 1 byte. Success:

Buccess	•				
	Frame	0x8E	Status	ekNo (RndB)	Checksum
Status:	status code	e returned	from the	card.	

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

If the status code is 0xAF, it's correct. The host will offer further data, the following command must be: DESFire Authenticate second step get ekNo (RndA') then may go on authentication.

ekNo (RndB): 8 bytes, the result of random number encrypted by specified key. Use correct key to decrypt could get the RndB.

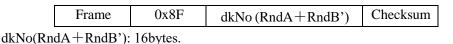
Failure:

Frame 0x71 Checksum

3.7.1.6 DESFire Authenticate second step get ekNo (RndA')

Function: Random number RndA generated by the host. Host encrypte the assembled "RndA and RndB", and then send to card and get ekNo (RndA') from card, decrypte it to get RndA', reassemble to obtain RndA, if it is equal to RndA of generated by host, the authentication is passed.

Host sends:



Success:

	Frame	0x8F	Status	ekNo(RndA')	Checksum
Status:	status code r	returned from	the card.		

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

ekNo (RndA'): encrypted host random number. After decrypted with the correct key and reassemble, if equal to RndA, then the authentication is passed.

Senssion Key: 16 bytes, Combination of RndA and RndB:

Senssion Key = RndA[0..3] + RndB[0..3] + RndA[4..7] + RndB[4..7]

The sensition key will be used in the following card operations. It is the key to decrypt the encrypted data in encrypted communication process.

Failure:

Frame	0x70	Checksum
-------	------	----------



3.7.1.7 DESFire Select Application

Function: Select the specified card application. The following operation will effect to this application.

Host sends: Frame 0x98 AID Checksum 3 bytes (LSB in first). AID: Success: 0x98 Frame Status Checksum status code returned from the card. Status: Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code. Failure: Frame 0x67 Checksum

3.7.2 **DESFire Initialization Commands**

3.7.2.1 DESFire Format Card

Function: Format card, all the card application and application files will be deleted. Host sends:

	Frame	0x99	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x99	Status	Checksum

Frame

status code returned from the card. Status:

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x67 Checksum

3.7.2.2 DESFire Create Application

Function: Create new application. Host sends: Frame 0x95 AID KeySett NumOfKeys Checksum AID: 3 bytes (LSB in first). 1 byte, Key Setting KeySett: NumOfKeys: 1 byte. Success: Frame 0x95 Status Checksum status code returned from the card. Status: Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code. Failure: Frame 0x6A Checksum



3.7.2.3 DESFire Change Key Settings

Function: Modify the master key/application master key configuration setting. DES/3DES encryption and CRC checksum will be used in the process of instruction execution.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x91	KeySettings	Checksum		
KeySettings: 8 bytes encrypted key settings.						

Success:

	Frame	0x91	Status	Checksum
Status:	status code re			

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame	0x6E	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.2.4 DESFire Get Key Settings

Function: Get the master key/appalication master key configureation settings. Host sends:

	Frame	0x92	Checksum
Success:			

Frame	0x92	Status	KeySetting	Max.KeyNo	Checksum
	1	1.0	.1 1		

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>DESFire Returned State Code</u>.

KeySetting: 1 byte

Max.KeyNo: 1byte, Max. Key numbers of current application

Failure:

Frame	0x6D	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.2.5 DESFire Change Key

Function: Modify the key stored in the card. DES/3DES encryption and CRC checksum will be use in the process of instruction execution.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x93	KeyID	ekKey	Checksum
KeyID:	1 byte.				

ekKey: 24bytes (Refer to the datasheet for encryption calculations, or use the tools we provide and references to source code).

Success:

Frame	0x93	Status	Checksum	
	1.0	1 1		

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame	0x6C	Checksum
-------	------	----------



3.7.2.6 DESFire Get Key Version

Function: Get the key version information.								
Host sends:								
	Frame	0x94	Ke	eyID	Chec	ksum]	
KeyID:	1 byte.						1	
Success:								
	Frame	0x94		Sta	tus	Ve	rsion	Checksum
Status:	status code r	eturned from	n the	e card.		•		
Please ret	ference: DES	Fire Returne	ed St	ate Co	<u>de</u> .			
Version: 1 byte.								
Failure:								
	Frame	0x6B	(Checks	um			

3.7.2.7 DESFire Delete Application

Function: Delete the specified application. Host sends:

	Frame	0x96	AID	Checksum
AID:	3 bytes (LSB	in first).		

Success:

Frame	0x96	Status	Checksum			
status code returned from the card						

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>DESFire Returned State Code</u>.

Failure:

Frame 0x69 Checksum

3.7.2.8 DESFire Get Version

Frame

Function: Get card manufacturer and production information. Host sends:

0x9A

Success:

Success:					
	Frame	0x9A	Status	Data	Checksum
Status:	status code re	eturned from	the card.		

Checksum

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Data: 28 bytes card manufacturer and production information. Failure:

Frame 0x65 Checksum

3.7.2.9 DESFire Get Application IDs

Function: Get all application identifier of the card. Host sends:

Frame 0x97 Checksum



Success:

Frame	0x97	Status	AID	Checksum
-------	------	--------	-----	----------

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

AID: Application identifier length is 3 bytes, the length is 3* identification number. Failure:

Frame	0x68	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.2.10 DESFire Get File IDs

Function: Get all file identifier of current application.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x9B	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x9B	Status	

Frame	0x9B	Status	FID	Checksum

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

FID: File Identifier length is 1 byte, the total length is file number * 1 bytes. Failure:

> Frame 0x64 Checksum

3.7.2.11 DESFire Get File Settings

Function: Get specified file setting in current application. Host sends:

Frame	0x9C	FID	Checksum
1byte.			

Success:

FID:

Frame	0x9C	Status	Data	Checksum
 atatus and m	turns and fragma i	the cond		

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Data: according to different types of files with different length, details as follows:

- Data file: 1 byte file type + 1 byte comm. setting + 2 bytes access right + 3 bytes file size.
- Value file: 1 byte file type + 1 byte comm. setting + 2 bytes access right + 4 bytes lower • limit + 4 bytes upper limit + 4 bytes limited credit value + 1 byte limited credit enable.
- Record file: 1 byte file type + 1 byte comm. setting + 2 bytes access right + 3 bytes ۲ record size + 3 bytes Max record + 3 bytes current number of records.

Note: The above multi-byte data are all LSB first.

Failure:

Frame	0x63	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.2.12 DESFire Change File Settings

Function: Modify specified file setting in current application.



Host sends:

Pl	Plaintext:							
	Frame	0x9D	File ID	Comm.Sett	Ac	cessRight	С	hecksum
C	Cryptograph:							
	Frame 0x9D File ID EncryptedSetting Checksum							
Fi	File ID: 1 byte.							

Comm.Sett:1byte, 0: Plaintext; 1: MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption.AccessRight:2 bytes (LSB in first).

EncryptedSetting: 8 bytes, 1 byte communication setting + 2 bytes file permission + 2 bytes CRC + 3 bytes 0x00 got via encryption.

Success:

Frame	0x9D	Status	Checksum					
status and raturned from the card								

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

|--|

3.7.2.13 DESFire Create STD Data File

Function: Create Standard Data File in current application.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x9E	FID	Comm.Sett	AccessRight	Size	Checksum
FID:	1 bvt	te.					

Comm.Sett: 1 byte, 0: Plaintext; 1: MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption. AccessRight: 2 bytes (LSB in first).

Size: 3 bytes (LSB in first).

Success:

Frame	0x9E	Status	Checksum					

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x61 Checksum

3.7.2.14 DESFire Create Backup Data File

Function: Create Data File in current application, support backup mechanism (mirror). Then the file actual size is greater than or equal to DOUBLE size of specify file size and it is multiple of 32 bytes.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x9F	FID	Comm.Sett	AccessRight	Size	Checksum			
File ID:	1 by	1 byte.								
Comm.Sett: 1byte, 0: Plaintext; 1:MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption.										
AccessR	AccessRight: 2 bytes (LSB in first).									
Size:	Size: 3 bytes (LSB in first).									
Success:										



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Frame	0x9F	Status	Checksum
status anda m	sturned from	the eard	

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x60 Checksum

3.7.2.15 DESFire Create Value File

Function: Create Value File in current application, support backup mechanism.

Host sends:

Frame	0xA0	FID	Comm. Sett	Access Right	Lower limit	Upper limit	Value	Limited Credit enable	Checks um
FID:		11	oyte.						

1 byte.

Comm.Sett: 1byte, 0: Plaintext; 1: MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption.

AccessRight: 2 bytes (LSB in first).

Lower limit: 4 bytes (Signed int, LSB in first).

Upper limit: 4 bytes (Signed int, LSB in first).

Value: 4 bytes (Signed int, LSB in first).

Limited Credit enable: 1 byte, 0: disable; 1: enable.

Success:

Frame	0xA0	Status	Checksum					

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x5F Checksum

3.7.2.16 DESFire Create Linear Record File

Function: Create Linear Record File in current application, support backup mechanism. Host sends:

Frame	0xA1	FID	Comm. Sett	Access Right	Record Size	Max Records	Checksum
FID	1 hvt	e					

1byte, 0: Plaintext; 1: MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption. Comm.Sett: AccessRight: 2 bytes (LSB in first).

Record Size: 3 bytes (LSB in first), bytes of single record.

Max Records: 3 bytes (LSB in first), total record numbers of the file. Success:

Frame	0xA1	Status	Checksum
status code re			

Status:

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

0x5E Frame Checksum



3.7.2.17 DESFire Create Cyclic Record File

Function: Create Cyclic Record File in the current application. Host sends:

Frame	0xA2	FID	Comm. Sett	Access Right	Record Size	Max Records	Checksum
FID:	1 byt	e.					

Comm.Sett: 1byte, 0: Plaintext; 1: MAC code checksum; 3: DES/3DES encryption. AccessRight: 2 bytes (LSB in first).

Record Size: 3 bytes (LSB in first), bytes of single record.

Max Records: 3 bytes (LSB in first), total record numbers of the file. Success:

Frame	0xA2	Status	Checksum
status code re	eturned from	the card.	

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Status:

Frame 0x5D Checksum

3.7.2.18 DESFire Delete File

Function: Delete specified file in current application.

Host sends:

Frame	0xA3	FID	Checksum
1 byte.			

Success:

FID:

Frame	0xA3	Status	Checksum			
status code returned from the card.						

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x5C Checksum

3.7.3 DESFire Application Layer Commands

3.7.3.1 DESFire Read Data

Function: Read specified Data File (Standard Data File or Backup Fata File) in current application.

Host sends:

	Frame	0xA4	FID	Offset	Length	Checksum	
FID:	1 byte.						
Offset:	3 bytes (LSB in first), offset in the file.						
Length: 3 bytes (LSB in first), bytes need to be read.							

Success:

Frame	0xA4	Status	Data	Checksum
-------	------	--------	------	----------



Status:status code returned from the card.Please reference:DESFire Returned State Code.Data:data returned from the card.Failure:Image: Comparison of the card.

Frame 0x5B Checksum

3.7.3.2 DESFire Write Data

Function: Write specified Data File (Standard Data File or Backup Fata File) in current application. For Backup Data File, Commit is needed to take effect after write, refer to: <u>DESFire</u> <u>Commit Transaction</u> please.

Host sends:

	Frame	0xA5	FID	Offset	Length	Data	Checksum
FID: 1 byte.							

Offset: 3 bytes (LSB in first), offset in the file.

Length: 3 bytes (LSB in first), bytes need to be read.

Data: The data to be written.

Success:

Fra	ime	0xA5		Status	Checksum
	1	1.0	.1	1	

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame	0x5A	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.3.3 DESFire Get Value

Function: Read current value of specified Value File in current application. Host sends:

Frame	e 0xA6	FID	Checksum
1 byte.			

FID: Success:

	Frame	0xA6	Status	Data	Checksum
tus:	status code re	eturned from			

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>DESFire Returned State Code</u>.

Data: There are two lengths, depending on whether encryption.

Plaintext: 4 bytes value (LSB in first).

Encryption: 8 bytes encrypted data, After decryption: 4 bytes value (LSB first) + 2 bytes CRC + 2 bytes 0x00.

Failure:

Frame 0x59 Checksum

3.7.3.4 DESFire Credit

Function: Increase value in specified Value File in current application. Commitment is needed to take effect after this operation, refer to: <u>DESFire Commit Transaction</u> please.



Host send	is:							
	Frame	0xA7	FID	Data	Checksum			
FID:	1 byte.							
Data:	There are two lengths, depending on whether encryption.							
	Plaintext: 4 bytes value (LSB in first).							
	Encryption:	ncryption: 8 bytes encrypted data, After decryption: 4 bytes value (LSB first)						
	+ 2 bytes CR	C + 2 bytes 02	x00.					
Success:								
	Frame	0xA7	Status	Checks	um			
Status:	status code returned from the card.							
Please re	ference: DESI	Fire Returned	State Code.					
Failure								

Failure:

Frame	0x58	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.7.3.5 DESFire Debit

Function: Decrease value in specified Vale File in current application. Commitment is needed to take effect after this operation, refer to: <u>DESFire Commit Transaction</u> please.

Host sends:

Frame	0xA8	FID	Data	Checksum
1 byte				

FID: 1 byte.

Data: There are two lengths, depending on whether encryption.

Plaintext: 4 bytes value (LSB in first).

Encryption: 8 bytes encrypted data, After decryption: 4 bytes value (LSB first) + 2 bytes CRC + 2 bytes 0x00.

Success:

	Frame	0xA8	Status	Checksum
Status:	status code re			

Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x57 Checksum

3.7.3.6 DESFire Limited Credit

Function: Increase a limited value in specified Value File in current application without having full Read&Write permissions to the file. Commitment is needed to take effect after this operation, refer to: <u>DESFire Commit Transaction</u> please.

Host sends:

Frame	0xA9	FID	Data	Checksum
1 horto				

FID: 1 byte.

Data: There are two lengths, depending on whether encryption.

Plaintext: 4 bytes value (LSB in first).

Encryption: 8 bytes encrypted data, After decryption: 4 bytes value (LSB first) + 2 bytes CRC + 2 bytes 0x00.

Success:



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	Frame	0xA9	Status	Checksum
3:	status code re	the card.		

Status: status code returned from the card. Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Failure:

Frame 0x56 Checksum	i
---------------------	---

3.7.3.7 DESFire Write Record

Function: Write data to specified Data File in current application. The data file could be Linear Record or Cyclic Record file. This command appends one record at the end of the record file. The status will show an error when the linear record file is full. In case of cyclic record file is already full, it erases and overwrites the oldest record. Commitment is needed to take effect after this operation, refer to: <u>DESFire Commit Transaction</u> please.

Host sends:

	Frame	0xAA	FID	Offset	Length	Data	Checksum
FID:	1 byte.						

ID. I byte.

Offset: 3 bytes (LSB in first), offset in the record.

Length: 3 bytes (LSB in first), greater than 0 and less than or equal Record Size subtract the offset in the record.

Data: The data to be written.

Success:

Frame	0xAA	Status	Checksum			
status and raturned from the card						

Status: status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>DESFire Returned State Code</u>.

Failure:

Frame 0x55 Checksum

3.7.3.8 DESFire Read Record

Function: Read one or multi records from specified Record File in current application. Host sends:

	Frame	0xAB	FID	Offset	Length	Checksum
FID:	1 byte.					

Offset: 3 bytes (LSB in first), offset of the record.

Length: 3 bytes (LSB in first), number of records to be read.

Success:

	Frame	0xAB	Status	Data	Checksum
Status:	status code re	eturned from			

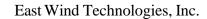
Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.

Data: data returned from the card.

Data. data leturned from th

Failure:

Frame 0x54 Checksum





3.7.3.9 DESFire Clear Record File

Function: Clear specified Record File of current application. Commitment is needed to take effect after this operation, refer to: <u>DESFire Commit Transaction</u> please.

Host sends:						
	Frame	0xAC	FID	Checksum		
FID:	1 byte.					
Success:						
	Frame	0xAC	Status	Checksum		
Status:	status code returned from the card.					
Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.						
Failure:						
	Frame	0x53	Checksum			
		•				

3.7.3.10 DESFire Commit Transaction

Function: Submit all WRITE operation of Backup Data file, Value file and Record file in current application. The modifications will be take effect after this operation.

Host sends:

	Frame	0xAD	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0xAD	Status	Checksum
Status:	status code re	eturned from t	he card.	

status. status code returned from the card.

Please reference: <u>DESFire Returned State Code</u>.

Failure:

3.7.3.11 DESFire Abort Transaction

Function: Abort all WRITE operation of Backup Data file, Value file and Record file in current application.

Host sends:

	Frame	0xAE	Checksum		
Success:					
	Frame	0xAE	Status	Checksum	
Status: status code returned from the card.					
Please reference: DESFire Returned State Code.					

Failure:

Frame	0x51	Checksum



3.7.4 DESFire Returned State Code

HEX code	Status	Explanation		
0x00	OPERATION_OK	Successful operation		
0x0C	NO_CHANGES	No changes done to backup files, CommitTransaction /		
		AbortTransaction not necessary		
0x0E	OUT_OF_EEPROM_ERROR	Insufficient NV-Memory to complete command		
0x1C	ILLEGAL_COMMAND_CODE	Command code not supported		
0x1E	INTEGRITY_ERROR	CRC or MAC does not matchdata		
		Padding bytes not valid		
0x40	NO_SUCH_KEY	Invalid key number specified		
0x7E	LENGTH_ERROR	Length of command string invalid		
0x9D	PERMISSION_DENIED	Current configuration / status does not allow the requested		
		command		
0x9E	PARAMETER_ERROR	Value of the parameter(s) invalid		
0xA0	APLICATION_NOT_FOUND	Requested AID not present on PICC		
0xA1	APPL_INTEGRITY_ERROR	Unrecoverable error within application, application will be		
		disdabled *		
0xAE	AUTHENTICATION_ERROR	Current authentication status does not allow the requested		
		command		
0xAF	ADDITIONAL_FRAME	Additional data frame is expected to be sent		
0xBE	BOUNDARY_ERROR	Attempt to read/write data from/to beyond the		
		files'/record's limits		
		Attempt to exceed the limits of value file		
0xC1	PICC_INTEGRITY_ERROR	Unrecoverable error within PICC, PICC will be disabled *		
0xCA	COMMAND_ABOUTED	Previous Command was not fully completed		
		Not all Frames were requested or provided by the PCD		
0xCD	PICC_DISABLED_ERROR	PICC was disabled by an unrecoverable error *		
0xCE	COUNT_ERROR	Number of Applications limited to 28, no additional		
		CreatApplication possible		
0xDE	DUPLICATE_ERROR	Creation of file/application failed because file/application		
		with same number already exists		
0xEE	EEPROM_ERROR	Could not complete NV-write operation due to loss of		
		power, internal backup/rollback mechanism active *		
0xF0	FILE_NOT_FOUND	Specified file number does not exist		
0xF1	FILE INTEGRITY ERROR	Unrecoverable error within file, file will be disabled *		

Coding of Status and Error Codes of DESFire card

* These errors are not expected to appear during normal operation.



3.8 SR176 Card Commands

3.8.1 SR Serial Cards 1 Slot Initiate Card

Function: SR serial cards (SR176/SRI512/SRI1K/SRI2K/SRI4K/SRIX4K, the same below) single channel initiate card. Before read/write card, it needs to use the command of "SR serial cards select" to select the card. More detailed card operations please refer to the card manual please.

Host send	ls:			
	Frame	0x63	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x63	Card ID	Checksum
Card ID:	1 byte. It is a	random ID.		
Failure:				
	Frame	0x9C	Checksum	

3.8.2 SR Serial Cards Select

Function: Select a SR card as the CURRENT CARD.

Host sends:						
	Frame	0x65	Card ID	Checksum		
Card ID: 1 byte, the card ID to selecte.						
Success:						
	Frame	0x65	Card ID	Checksum		
Card ID:	1 byte, the set	lected card ID).			
Failure:						
	Frame	0x9A	Checksum			

3.8.3 SR Serial Cards Completion

Function: Set the CURRENT CARD into the completion status. If want to operate the card again, need to move the card out of the antenna RF effective field and initiate the card again.

Host send	s:		
	Frame	0x67	Checksum
Success:			
	Frame	0x67	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0x98	Checksum



3.8.4 SR176 Card Read

Function: Read data block of SR176 card.						
Host send	ds:					
	Frame	0x68	StartBlock	BlockNum	pers	Checksum
StartBloc	k: 1 b	yte.				
BlockNu	mbers: 1 b	yte; the quan	tity of blocks	to be read.		
Success:						
	Frame	0x68	Data	Checksum		
Data:	2 bytes * Blo	ckNumbers,	data from the	card.		
Failure:						
	Frame	0x97	Checksum			

3.8.5 SR176 Card Write

Function: Write into the data block of SR176 card. After wrote, module will read the data to compare. If not equal, then return failure.

Host sends:							
	Frame	0x69	StartBlock	Block	Numbers	Data	Checksum
StartBloc	k: 1	byte.					
BlockNu	mbers: 1	byte; the	quantity of bl	ocks to be	written.		
Data:	2	2 bytes * 1	BlockNumber	s, data to v	write to the	card.	
Success:	Success:						
	Frame	0x	69 Check	sum			
Failure:							
	Frame	0x	96 Check	sum			

3.8.6 SR176 Block Lock

Function: Write Lock Register of SR176 card. The module will check the lock result after wrote.

Host send	ls:			
	Frame	0x6A	LOCK_REG	Checksum
LOCK_R	EG: 1byte, th	e lock registe	r values to be w	ritten.
Success:				
	Frame	0x6A	Checksum	
Failure:				
	Frame	0x95	Checksum	



3.9 SRI512/1K/2K/4K Card Commands

3.9.1 SRI Serial Cards 1 Slot Initiate Card

Please reference: <u>SR serial cards 1 slot initiate card.</u>

3.9.2 SRI Serial Cards 16 Slots Initiate Card

Function: SR serial cards (SRI512/SRI1K/SRI2K/SRI4K/SRIX4K, the same below) 16 channels initiate card.

Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x64	Checksum		
Success:					
	Frame	0x64	Status	Card ID	Checksum

Status: 16 bytes, the initiate result of 16 channels (0~15), 0x00: current channel success;

0xE8: current channel collision; 0xFF: current channel no card.

Card ID: 16 bytes; card ID of 16 channels; it is valid while the initial result of current channel is successful.

Failure:

Frame	0x9B	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.9.3 SR Serial Cards Select

Please reference: SR serial cards select.

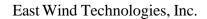
3.9.4 SRI Serial Cards Return to Inventory

Function: Set a selected SRI card returning to inventory status. Host sends:

	Frame	0x66	Checksum
Success:			
	Frame	0x66	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0x99	Checksum

3.9.5 SR Serial Cards Completion

Please reference: SR serial cards completion.





3.9.6 SRI Serial Cards Read

Function: Read data block of SRI serial card.						
Host send	ls:					
	Frame	0x6B	StartBlock	BlockNu	mbers	Checksum
StartBloc	k: 1 b	yte.				
BlockNu	mbers: 1 b	yte; the quant	tity of blocks to	o be read.		
Success:						
	Frame	0x6B	Data	Checksum		
Data:	4 bytes * BlockNumbers, data from the card.					
Failure:						
	Frame	0x94	Checksum			

3.9.7 SRI Serial Cards Write

Function: Write data block of SRI serial card. After write, module will read the data to compare. If not equal, then return failure.

	Frame			BlockNumbers	Data	Checksum	
StartBloc	StartBlock: 1 byte.						
BlockNu	BlockNumbers: 1 byte; the quantity of blocks to be written.						
Data:	ta: 4 bytes * BlockNumbers, data to write to the card.						
Success:							
	Frame	0x6C	Checksum				
Failure:							
	Frame	0x93	Checksum				

3.9.8 SRI Serial Cards Block Lock

Function: Write Lock Register of SRI serial card. The module will check the lock result after write.

Host sends:							
	Frame	0x6D	LOCK_REC	G Checksum			
LOCK_REG: 1byte, the lock register values to be written.							
Success:							
	Frame	0x6D	Checksum				
Failure:							
	Frame	0x92	Checksum				



3.9.9 SRI Serial Cards Read UID

Function: Read UID of SRI serial card.							
Host sends:							
	Frame	0x6E	Checksum				
Success:							
	Frame	0x6E	UID	Checksum			
UID:	8 bytes, UID	of CURREN'	ГCARD.				
Failure:							
	Frame	0x91	Checksum				

3.9.10 SRIX Serial Cards Authentication

Function: SRIX serial card authentication; Anti clone function of the SRIX serial card. Host sends:

	Frame	0x6F	Data	Checksum		
Data:	6 bytes, data input.					
Success:						
	Frame	0x6F	Result	Checksum		
Result:	3 bytes, resul	lt return.				
Failure:						
	Frame	0x90	Checksum			



3.10 ISO15693 Operation Commands

3.10.1 ISO15693 Inventory

Function: Find a card in RF effective field. If success, to set the tag as CURRENT TAG.

If automatic detecting card function was turned on, then this command is to take the result of automatic detecting card, not to detect card after received the command.

Host sends:						
	Frame	0x5C	AFI	Checksum		
AFI:	1 byte AFI, detect card equal to AFI only.					
If not use AFI, then host sends:						
	Frame	0x5C	Checksum			
Success:						
	Frame	0x5C	DSFID	UID	Checksum	
DSFID: 1	byte, DSFID	of CURREN	T TAG.			
UID: 8 b	oytes (LSB in	first), UID	of CURREN	T TAG.		
Failure:						
	Frame	0xA3	Checksum			

3.10.2 ISO15693 Stay Quiet

Function: Set the CURRENT TAG stay quiet. This command is only for "Inventory" and "get system information". Read and write card commands are based on the address, so even with this command could also read and write operations.

Host sends:						
	Frame	0x5D	Checksum			
Success:						
	Frame	0x5D	Checksum			
Failure:						
	Frame	0xA2	Checksum			

3.10.3 ISO15693 Get System Information

Function: Get the system information of CURRENT TAG. Host sends:

	Frame	0x5E	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x5E	Data	Checksum

Data: system information, the content to depend on the functions of the card, please



refers to the data sheet of the card.

Failure:

Frame 0xA1 Checksum

3.10.4 ISO15693 Reset to Ready

Function: Set a stay quiet TAG reset to ready.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x5F	UID	Checksum
Data:	8 bytes, UID	of the tag to r	eset to ready.	

Success:

	Frame	0x5F	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xA0	Checksum

3.10.5 ISO15693 Read Blocks

Function: Read data blocks of CURRENT TAG. Host sends:

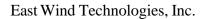
	Frame	0x54	Sta	rtBlock	В	lockNumbers	Check	sum
StartBlock: 1 byte, the start block number to be read.								
BlockNu	BlockNumbers: 1 byte, number of blocks to be read, Max. 62.							
Success:								
	Frame 0x5		54	Data		Checksum		
Data:	Blocks * bytes per block (depend on the cards).							
Failure:								
	Frame	0xA	AB	Checks	ım			

3.10.6 ISO15693 Write Blocks

Function: Write data blocks of CURRENT TAG.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x55	StartB	lock I	BlockNumbers	Data	Checksum	
StartBlock: 1 byte, start block number to be written.								
BlockNur	BlockNumbers: 1 byte, number of blocks to be written, Max. 62.							
Data:	E	locks *4	bytes					
Success:	uccess:							
	Frame	0x.	55 (Checksum				
Failure:					_			
	Frame	0xA	AA (Checksum]			





3.10.7 ISO15693 Lock Block

 Function: Lock a block of CURRENT TAG.

 Host sends:

 Frame
 0x56
 BlockNumber
 Checksum

 BlockNumber:1 byte, block number to be locked.

 Success:

 Frame
 0x56
 Checksum

 Failure:

 Frame
 0xA9
 Checksum

3.10.8 ISO15693 Write AFI

Function: Write AFI to CURRENT TAG. Host sends: Frame 0x57 AFI Checksum 1 byte, AFI value to be written. AFI: Success: Frame 0x57 Checksum Failure: Frame 0xA8 Checksum

3.10.9 ISO15693 Lock AFI

Function: Lock AFI of CURRENT TAG.Host sends:Frame0x58Success:Frame0x58ChecksumFailure:Frame0xA7

3.10.10 ISO15693 Write DSFID

Function: Write DSFID of CURRENT TAG. Host sends:



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				Lus	
	Frame	0x59	DSFID	Checksum	
DSFID: 1	byte, DSFID	value to be w	ritten.		
Success:					
	Frame	0x59	Checksum		
Failure:				_	
	Frame	0xA6	Checksum		

3.10.11 ISO15693 Lock DSFID

Function: Lock DSFID of CURRENT TAG.

Host send	ls:		
	Frame	0x5A	Checksum
Success:			
	Frame	0x5A	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0xA5	Checksum

3.10.12 ISO15693 Get Blocks Security

Function: Get blocks security information of CURRENT TAG. Host sends:

	Ensures	0 5 D	C to	#Dlaalr	D	lo al Numb and		Chaalraum
	Frame	0x5B	Sta	rtBlock	E	BlockNumbers	\$	Checksum
StartBlock: 1 byte, the start block number to be gotten security.								
BlockNumbers: 1 byte, number of blocks to be gotten security.								
Success:								
	Frame	0x5	В	Data		Checksum		
Data:	bytes equal to BlockNumbers, the locked information of data block.							data block.
Failure:								
	Frame	0xA	4	Checksu	m			



3.11 I.CODE 1 Operation Commands

3.11.1 I.CODE1 Inventory

Function: Search I.CODE1 card in RF effective field. Host sends:

HOSt Sene	15.			
	Frame	0x80	Checksum	
Success:				
	Frame	0x80	SNR	Checksum
SNR:	8 bytes.			
Failure:				
	Frame	0x7F	Checksum	

3.11.2 I.CODE 1 Read

Function:	Read data fro	om I.CODE1.			
Host send	ls:				
	Frame	0x81	BlockNumb	ber	Checksum
BlockNu	mber: 1b	yte, value: 0x0	0 to 0x0F.		
Success:					
	Frame	0x81	Data	Ch	ecksum
Data: 4by	vtes.				
Failure:					
	Frame	0x7E	Checksum		

3.11.3 I.CODE 1 Write

Function: To write data into I.CODE1.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x82	Blo	ckNumber	Data	Checksum
BlockNu	mber: 1	byte.	•			
Data:	Data: 4 bytes.					
Success:						
	Frame	0x	82	Checksum		
Failure:					-	
	Frame	0x'	7D	Checksum		



3.11.4 I.CODE 1 Stay Quiet

Function: I.CODE1 stay quiet.

Host sends:

	Frame	0x83	Checksum
Success:			
	Frame	0x83	Checksum
Failure:			
	Frame	0x7C	Checksum



3.12 Felica Card Commands

3.12.1 Send APDU to Felica card

Function: Use this command to send / receive APDU to / from Felica card. Host sends:

	Frame	0x2F	APDU command	Checksum	
--	-------	------	--------------	----------	--

APDU: Please refer to Felica user manual for detailed APDU command. Success:

Frame

Response: Felica card answers. Response length depends on each command. Failure:

Frame	0xD0	Checksum
-------	------	----------

3.12.2 Polling

Function: Use this command to acquire and identify a card. Acquisition of Manufacture ID (IDm) and Manufacture Parameter (PMm) is possible with this command.

Host send	ds:				
	Frame	0x2F	APDU command		Checksum
APDU:	0x06 00 FF F	FF 01 00			
Success:					
	Frame	0x2F	Response	Checks	um
Response	e: Felica card a	answers.			
Failure:					
	Frame	0xD0	Checksum		
Example				1	
Send: 0x	08 2F <mark>06 00 F</mark>	F FF 01 00 20)		
Response	e: 0x16 2F14	01 01 2E 3D 2	23 BA 07 5C	45 00 F1 (00 00 00 01 43 00 <mark>88 B</mark> 4

This section describes Manufacture ID (IDm) and Manufacture Parameter (PMm). IDm and PMm can be acquired as the response data to the Polling command.

Manufacture ID (IDm)

Using Manufacture ID (IDm), the Reader/Writer identifies a card to be the counterpart of communication. If more than one System exists on a card, IDm is set to each such System. IDm consists of Manufacturer Code and Card Identification Number.

The upper 4 bits of the 1 Byte of data located at the top of Manufacturer Code indicate System Number in the card. System Number is automatically incremented by one in the order of separation of System. The upper 4 bits of IDm of System 0 is 0000b, so (for example), the upper 4 bits of IDm of System 1

Checksum



becomes 0001b.

• Manufacture Parameter (PMm)

PMm consists of IC Code (2 Bytes) and the maximum response time parameters (6 Bytes).

o IC Code (2 Bytes)

This is the information to identify a product. IC code consists of two components, i.e., ROM Type and IC Type.

o Maximum response time parameters (6 Bytes)

The timeout time is determined, based on the period of time necessary to process the commands. Therefore (and because this period of time depends on the status of the card, and on the type and content of each command), the Reader/Writer shall dynamically determine the timeout time. In FeliCa technology, the maximum response time is determined by using the lower 6 Bytes of PMm. The card provides this parameter to the Reader/Writer, enabling the Reader/Writer to dynamically determine the timeout time.

3.12.3 Read Without Encryption

Function: Use this command to read Block Data.Host sends:Frame0x2FAPDU commandAPDU:0x10 06 01 2E 3D 23 BA 07 5C 45 01 09 00 01 80 00

]	Frame	0x2F	Response	Checksum
Response	: Felica card a	answers.		
Failure:				
	Frame	0xD0	Checksum	
Example:			•	

Send: 0x12 2F10 06 01 2E 3D 23 BA 07 5C 45 01 09 00 01 80 00 37

3.12.4 Write Without Encryption

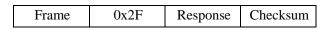
 Function: Use this command to write Block Data.

 Host sends:

 Frame
 0x2F
 APDU command
 Checksum

 APDU:
 0x20 08 01 2E 3D 23 BA 07 5C 45 01 09 00 01 80 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 11 22 33 44

 55 66 77 88
 Success:





Response: Felica card answers.

Failure:

Frame 0xD0 Checksum

Example:

Send: 0x22 2F 20 08 01 2E 3D 23 BA 07 5C 45 01 09 00 01 80 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88

Response: 0x0E 2F 0C 09 01 2E 3D 23 BA 07 5C 45 00 00 19



4 包裝方式

每一紙盒(12*16*5cm)可裝 40 個主板 每一大紙箱可裝 12 個紙盒

