



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: STS1604060H01

Issued for

XTR S.A.C.

Av. Camino Real 1225 Of. 201 A - San Isidro, Lima - Perú

Product Name:	Smartphone
Brand Name:	EKS
Model Name:	X4
Series Model:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AGAK-X4
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
	IEEE 1528: 2013
Max. Report	Head:0.796 W/kg
SAR (1g):	Body:0.743 W/kg

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Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road,
Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
TEL: +86-755 3688 6288 FAX: +86-755 3688 6277 E-mail:sts@stsapp.com





Test Report Certification

Applicant's name: XTR S.A.C.

Address : Av. Camino Real 1225 Of. 201 A - San Isidro, Lima - Perú

Manufacture's Name.....: Shenzhen Richpad Communication Technology Co.,LTD

South Area, Hi-tech Park, Nanshan, Shenzhen, P.R.C

Product description

Product name: Smartphone

Trademark: EKS

Model and/or type reference : X4

Series Model: N/A

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

Standards FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test:

Date (s) of performance of tests 14 Apr. 2016

Date of Issue...... 16 Apr. 2016

Test Result..... Pass

Testing Engineer : Allen Chen

(Allen Chen)

Technical Manager:

Authorized Signatory:

(John Zou)

Houng land

(Bovey Yang)

Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com

1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.GENERAL INFORMATION	5
1.1 EUT DESCRIPTION	5
1.2 TEST ENVIRONMENT	7
1.3 TEST FACTORY	7
2.TEST STANDARDS AND LIMITS	8
3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	9
3.1 DEFINITION OF SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	9
3.2 SAR SYSTEM	9
4. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	12
4.1 SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK	12
5. SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	14
5.1 VALIDATION SYSTEM	14
5.2 VALIDATION RESULT	14
6. SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES	15
7. EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH	16
7.1 SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDER TABLE	17
8. EUT TEST POSITION	18
8.1 DEFINE TWO IMAGINARY LINES ON THE HANDSET	18
8.2 HOTSPOT MODE EXPOSURE POSITION CONDITION	19
9. UNCERTAINTY	20
9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	20
9.2 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTY	22
10. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT	24
10.1 TEST RESULT	24
10.2 TUNE-UP POWER	27
10.3 SAR TEST EXCLUSIONS APPLIED	28
11. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTO	29
11.1 EUT PHOTO	29
11.2 SETUP PHOTO	32
12. SAR RESULT SUMMARY	38
12.1 HEAD SAR	38
12.2 BODY-WORN AND HOTSPOT SAR	39
13. EQUIPMENT LIST	42



Page 4 of 65 Report No.: STS1604060H01

APPENDIX A. SYSTEM VALIDATION PLOTS	43
APPENDIX B. SAR TEST PLOTS	55
APPENDIX C. PROBE CALIBRATION AND DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT	65





1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Equipment		hone					
• •	Smartphone EKS						
Brand Name							
Model No.		X4					
Series Model	N/A						
FCC ID	2AGAŁ	(-X4					
Model Difference	N/A						
Adapter	Output	AC100-240V,150mA, : DC 5V, 500mA	50/60 Hz				
Battery	Charge	Voltage: 3.7V; Limit: 4.2V; ity: 1350mAh					
Device Category	Portabl	e					
Product stage	Produc	tion unit					
RF Exposure Environment	Genera	l Population / Uncontr	rolled				
IMEI	352337	7060216140					
Hardware Version	S8-MB	-V0.3A					
Software Version	N/A						
Frequency Range	PCS19 WCDM WCDM WLAN	50:824.2~848.8MHz 900:1850.2~1909.8M IA Band II:1852.4~19 IA Band V:826.4~846 802.11b/g/n:2412~2 oth:2402~ 2480MHz	Hz 907.6MHz 6.6MHz 462MHz				
	Band	Mode	Head (W/kg)	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)			
	PCE	GSM 850	0.796	0.547			
Max. Reported	PCE	GSM 1900	0.592	0.690			
SAR(1g):	PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.707	0.705			
	PCE	WCDMA Band V	0.430	0.429			
	DTS	WIFI Bluetooth ^{Note}	0.623	0.743			
1-g Sum SAR	DSS	Bluetooth	0.052 1.419	0.026 1.448			
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15	led Portable Transmit S Spread Spectrum T Transmission Systen	ter Held to Ear (PCE) ransmitter (DSS)	1.440			
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS; EGPRS Class 12; WCDMA:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA Release 6; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n; Bluetooth: V4.0 + EDR (GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK);						
Antenna	GSM,V	VCDMA: PIFA Anten		•			
Specification:	BT,WII	BT,WIFI: PIFA Antenna					
SIM Card	Suppo	Support single card					
Hotspot Mode:	Suppo	Support					
DTM Mode:	Not Su	pport					





Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active)
- 3. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 card to perform all tests.
- 4. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power







1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

1.3 Test Factory

Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Add.: 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No. 190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong,

Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

CNAS Registration No.: L7649; FCC Registration No.: 842334; IC Registration No.: 12108A-1







2.Test Standards And Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
9	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
10	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

4.0

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

1.6

0.08

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

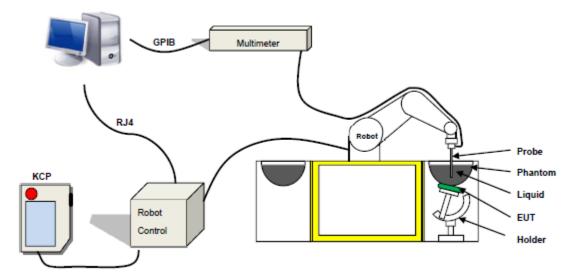
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue



The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 45/15 EPGO281 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7 mm

(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: 0±2.60%(±0.11 dB)
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 6GHz for head & body simulating liquid. Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com



3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79		64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	1	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	1	0.35	1	1	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	1	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	1	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms							
Frequency	3	r	σ S/m				
	Head	Body	Head	Body			
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92			
450	43.5	58.7	0.87	0.94			
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05			
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30			
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52			
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95			
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73			
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00			



LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date: 14 Apr. 2016 Ambient condition: Temperature 22.7°C Relative humidity: 49%

Head Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]					
835 MHz	Hz 22.30	Permitivity:	41.5	42.31	1.95	±5
033 IVITZ		Conductivity:	0.9	0.94	4.44	± 5
4000 MH=	22.20	Permitivity:	40	41.20	3.00	± 5
1900 MHz	22.30	Conductivity:	1.4	1.45	3.57	± 5
2450 MHz 22.30	Permitivity:	39.2	39.37	0.43	± 5	
	Conductivity:	1.8	1.84	2.22	± 5	

Body Simulating Liquid		Danasatana	Tanat	Manager	Desire the effort	1 :: 1 [0/1
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835 MHz	00.00	Permitivity:	55.2	54.12	-1.96	± 5
835 MHz 22.30	Conductivity:	0.97	0.95	-2.06	± 5	
4000 MH-	1900 MHz 22.30	Permitivity:	53.3	53.21	-0.17	± 5
1900 MHZ		Conductivity:	1.52	1.50	-1.32	± 5
2450 MHz 22.30	22.20	Permitivity:	52.7	53.41	1.35	± 5
	22.30	Conductivity:	1.95	1.93	-1.03	± 5



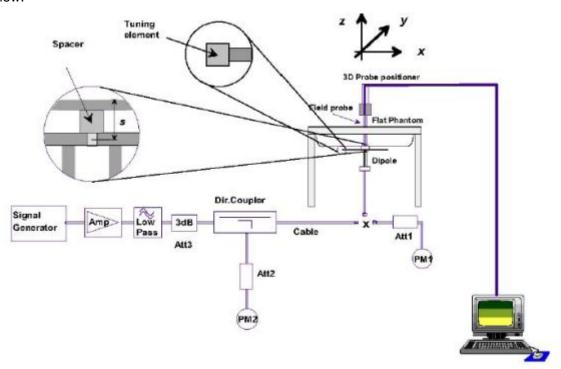


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Ambient condition: Temperature 22.7°C Relative humidity: 49%

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.968	9.68	9.56	1.27	2016-04-14
835 Body	100	0.941	9.41	9.56	-1.62	2016-04-14
1900 Head	100	4.007	40.07	39.7	0.92	2016-04-14
1900 Body	100	4.161	41.61	39.7	4.81	2016-04-14
2450 Head	100	5.370	53.70	52.4	2.46	2016-04-14
2450 Body	100	5.317	53.17	52.4	1.47	2016-04-14

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.





6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

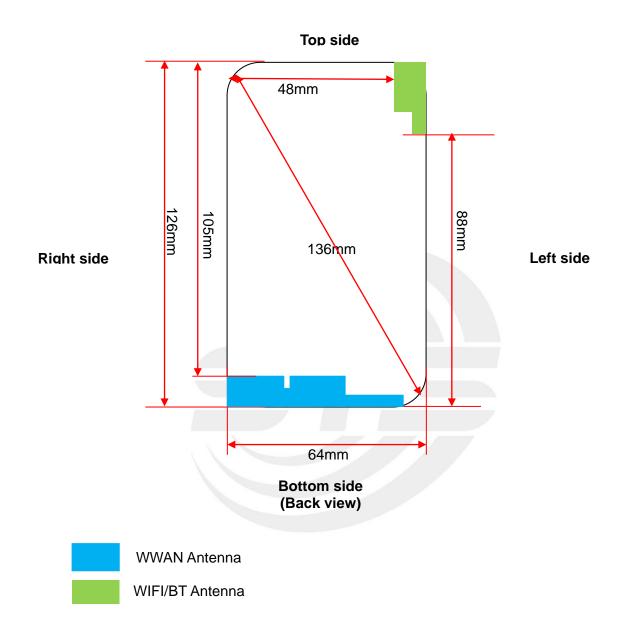
First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a Smartphone, support GSM/WCDMA mode.





7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~ 6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

ъ.			Test posit	ion configur	ations	
Band	Front	Back	Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge
\^/\^/ \ N I	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	105mm	<5mm
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WIEI/DT	<5mm	<5mm	48mm	<5mm	<5mm	88mm
WIFI/BT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Note:

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHZ))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare</p>
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

 a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at> 1500MHz and≤6GHz
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

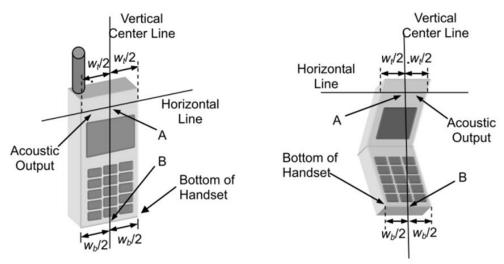


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

- (1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

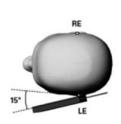


Page 19 of 65

Report No.: STS1604060H01

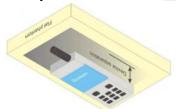






Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

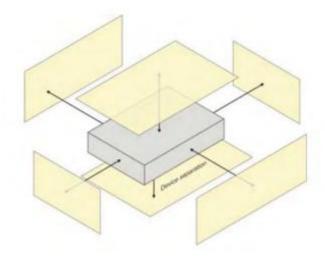




8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge.

When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm)is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com





9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	Measurement System □								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
7	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Test s	ample related								
15	Device positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1 o 190 Chongging Ro	2.6	2.6	11

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				Page 21	of 65	Repo	rt No.: S	TS16040	60H01
		1	1	1				1	,
16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7
17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Phant	Phantom and set-up								
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8
Combined standard RSS				U	$C_C = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i^2 U}$	2	10.63%	10.54%	
Expanded uncertainty (P=95%) $U = k \ U_{C} \ , \mbox{k=2}$					21.26%	21.08%			



9.2 System validation Uncertainty

					_	_				
NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
Measi	Measurement System□									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8	
8	Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞	
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Dipole										
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞	



				Page 23	of 65	Repo	ort No.: S	STS16040	60H01
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
18	Dipole Axis to liquid Distance	2	R	√3	1	1			8
Phant	om and set-up								
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
20	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in	2.0	N	1	1	0.84	2	1.68	∞
21	Liquid conductivity (target)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
22	Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
23	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
24	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
25	Liquid Permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
26	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	∞
Comb	ined standard		RSS	U	$_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U}$	2 i	10.15%	10.05%	
Expanded uncertainty $U=k\ U_{C}\ , \mbox{k=2}$					20.29%	20.10%			



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900		
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.36	32.47	32.52	28.12	28.36	28.97	
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	32.13	32.19	32.25	27.91	28.13	28.73	
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	31.70	31.73	31.75	27.46	27.65	28.29	
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	30.38	30.34	30.45	26.15	26.33	26.89	
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	29.97	29.92	30.00	25.67	25.85	26.42	
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	32.16	32.27	32.35	27.82	28.06	28.57	
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	31.75	31.85	31.92	27.32	27.64	28.09	
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	30.42	30.52	30.56	26.02	26.29	26.78	
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	29.66	29.75	29.77	25.23	25.52	26.00	

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS9 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Band GSM 850 PCS 1900 Channel 128 190 251 512 661 Frequency (MHz) 824.2 836.6 848.8 1850.2 1880.0 GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.33 23.44 23.49 19.09 19.33 GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.10 23.16 23.22 18.88 19.10 GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot) 25.68 25.71 25.73 21.44 21.63 GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot) 26.12 26.08 26.19 21.89 22.07	Fram- Average Power(dBm)							
Frequency (MHz) 824.2 836.6 848.8 1850.2 1880.0 GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.33 23.44 23.49 19.09 19.33 GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.10 23.16 23.22 18.88 19.10 GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot) 25.68 25.71 25.73 21.44 21.63								
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.33 23.44 23.49 19.09 19.33 GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.10 23.16 23.22 18.88 19.10 GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot) 25.68 25.71 25.73 21.44 21.63	810							
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot) 23.10 23.16 23.22 18.88 19.10 GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot) 25.68 25.71 25.73 21.44 21.63	1909.8							
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot) 25.68 25.71 25.73 21.44 21.63	19.94							
	19.70							
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot) 26.12 26.08 26.19 21.89 22.07	22.27							
	22.63							
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot) 26.96 26.91 26.99 22.66 22.84	23.41							
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot) 23.13 23.24 23.32 18.79 19.03	19.54							
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot) 25.73 25.83 25.90 21.30 21.62	22.07							
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot) 26.16 26.26 26.30 21.76 22.03	22.52							
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot) 26.65 26.74 26.76 22.22 22.51	22.99							

Remark :

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) – 3.01 dB



WCDMA

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	21.85	22.11	22.29	21.98	22.03	21.75
RMC 12.2Kbps	21.99	22.20	22.43	22.09	22.22	21.82
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.57	21.80	21.98	21.63	21.79	21.40
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	21.25	21.62	21.12	21.27	20.85
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.51	20.84	21.15	20.71	20.86	20.43
HSDPA Subtest-4	19.98	20.19	20.64	20.11	20.30	19.87
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.10	21.34	21.50	21.13	21.39	20.99
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.70	20.87	21.03	20.73	20.97	20.52
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.23	20.38	20.53	20.28	20.53	20.10
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.60	19.79	19.87	19.72	19.94	19.45
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.95	19.23	19.34	19.04	19.33	18.87

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.



WIFI

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	1	2412	15.13
802.11b	6	2437	15.22
	11	2462	15.01
	1	2412	12.22
802.11g	6	2437	11.56
	11	2462	11.48
	1	2412	11.01
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	10.61
	11	2462	10.31
	3	2422	9.01
802.11n(HT 40)	6	2437	9.91
	9	2452	8.53

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	-0.690
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	-0.290
	78	2480	-0.490
	0	2402	-2.290
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	-1.990
	78	2480	-2.490
	0	2402	-2.290
8-DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	-2.090
	78	2480	-2.490

Bluetooth 4.0

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
GFSK(1Mbps)	0	2402	-5.420
	19	2440	-5.420
	39	2480	-6.020



10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)
GSM/PCS	31.6±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (1 Slot)	32±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (2 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm
GPRS (3 Slot)	30±1dBm	26±1dBm
GPRS (4 Slot)	29±1dBm	26±1dBm
EDGE (1 Slot)	32±1dBm	28±1dBm
EDGE (2 Slot)	31±1dBm	28±1dBm
EDGE (3 Slot)	30±1dBm	26±1dBm
EDGE (4 Slot)	29±1dBm	25±1dBm

Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)
AMR	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
RMC	22±1dBm	22±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSDPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm	21±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm	20±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-4	19±1dBm	19±1dBm
HSUPA Subtest-5	19±1dBm	19±1dBm

Mode	WIFI(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	15.3±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	12±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	11±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 40)	9±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	0±1dBm
π/4-DQPSK	-2±1dBm
8DPSK	-2±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	0±1dBm



10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[(0.94/5)^* \sqrt{2.441}] = 0.29 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[(0.94/10)^* \sqrt{2.441}] = 0.15 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(66.22/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 20.78 > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(66.22/10)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 10.39 > 3.0$.





11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo





Back side

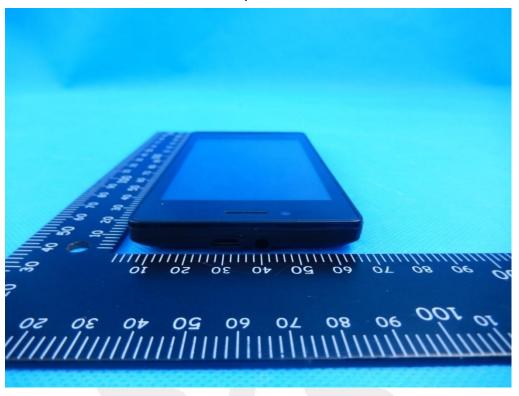


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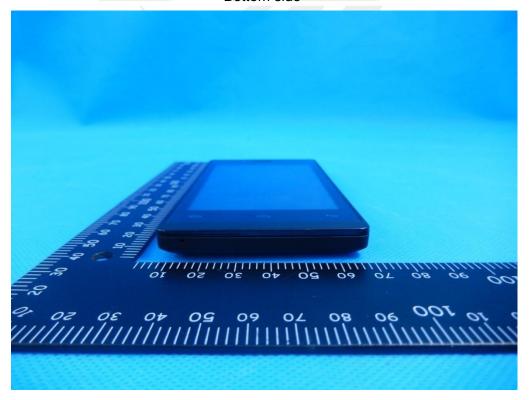




Top side



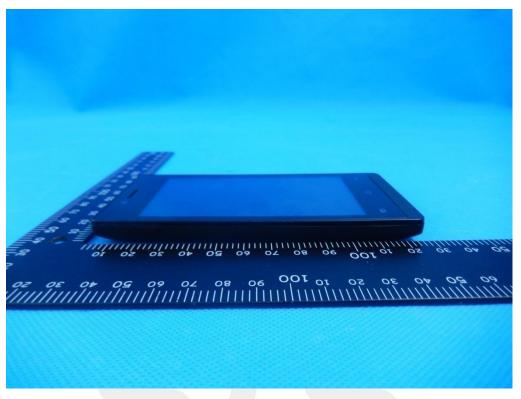
Bottom side



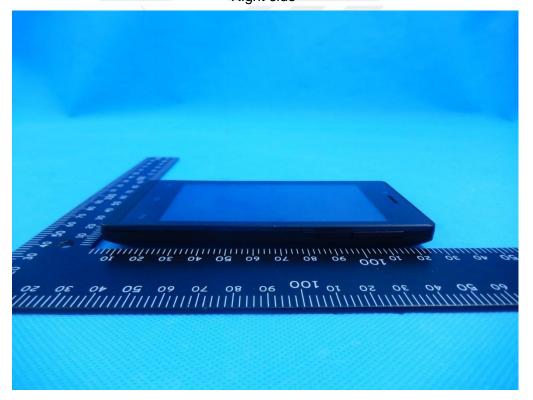








Right side

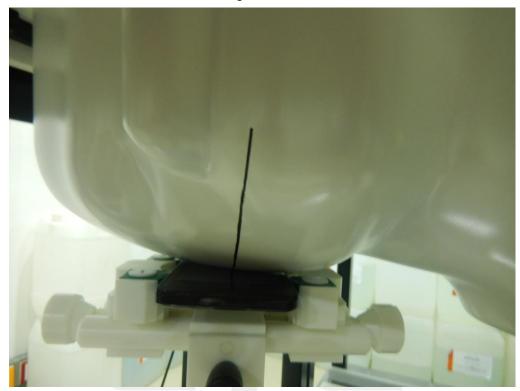


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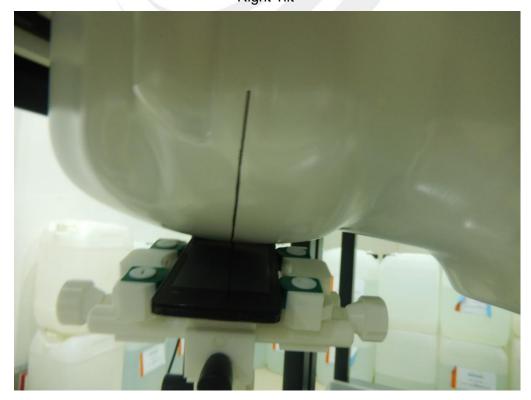


11.2 Setup Photo



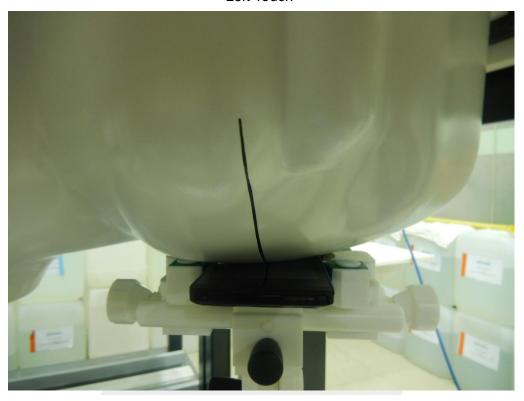


Right Tilt

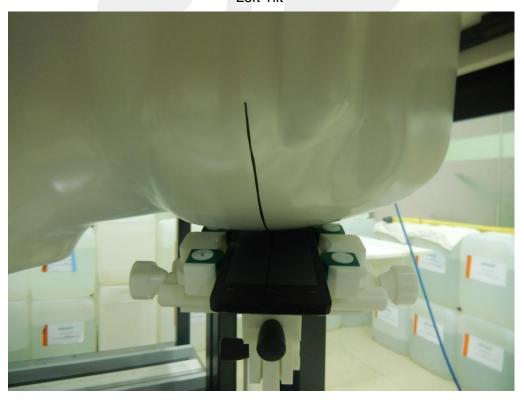




Left Touch

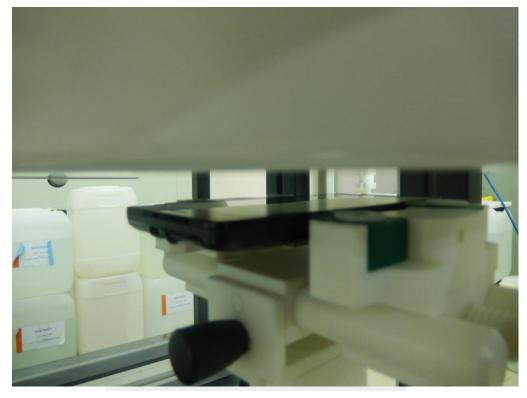


Left Tilt

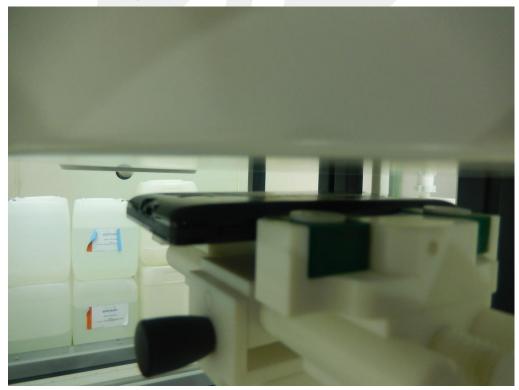




Body Front side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body left side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body right side(separation distance is 10mm)





Body top side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Bottom side(separation distance is 10mm)

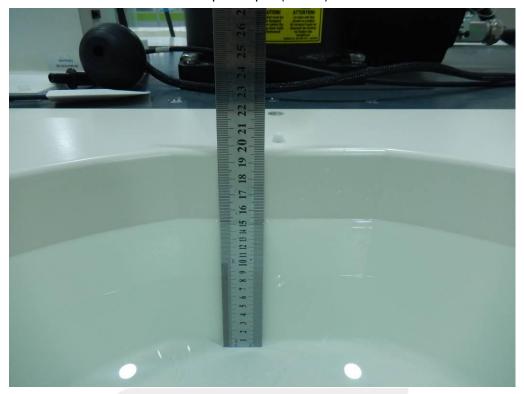








Liquid depth (15 cm)





12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	128	0.729	-3.26	32.6	32.52	0.743	/
CCM 050	\/a:a-	Right Tilt	128	0.376	-4.59	32.6	32.52	0.383	/
GSM 850	Voice	Left Cheek	128	0.781	-1.27	32.6	32.52	0.796	1
		Left Tilt	128	0.400	-3.36	32.6	32.52	0.407	/
		Right Cheek	512	0.359	-1.44	29	28.97	0.361	/
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	512	0.142	-2.44	29	28.97	0.143	/
GSW1900	voice	Left Cheek	512	0.588	-0.16	29	28.97	0.592	3/
		Left Tilt	512	0.069	-1.74	29	28.97	0.069	/
		Right Cheek	9263	0.459	-2.20	23	22.22	0.549	/
WCDMA II	RMC	Right Tilt	9263	0.126	-3.40	23	22.22	0.151	/
WCDIVIA	RIVIC	Left Cheek	9263	0.591	-2.50	23	22.22	0.707	5
		Left Tilt	9263	0.094	-3.28	23	22.22	0.112	/
		Right Cheek	4233	0.377	-0.28	23	22.43	0.430	7
	RMC	Right Tilt	4233	0.192	-1.99	23	22.43	0.219	/
WCDMA V	KIVIC	Left Cheek	4233	0.366	-2.48	23	22.43	0.417	/
		Left Tilt	4233	0.168	-0.73	23	22.43	0.192	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	11	0.610	-2.37	18.3	18.21	100	0.623	9
\^//⊏!	DATA	Right Tilt	11	0.503	-3.86	18.3	18.21	100	0.514	/
WIFI	DATA	Left Cheek	11	0.371	-0.99	18.3	18.21	100	0.379	/
		Left Tilt	11	0.420	-1.25	18.3	18.21	100	0.429	/

Note:

- 1.Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.298** W/Kg for Head)
- 2. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg





12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front side	190	0.547	-1.13	30	30.0	0.547	2
		Back side	190	0.471	0	30	30.0	0.471	/
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	190	0.289	-1.27	30	30.0	0.289	/
		Right side	190	0.245	-1.05	30	30.0	0.245	/
		Bottom side	190	0.111	-1.30	30	30.0	0.111	/
		Front side	512	0.348	0.28	27	26.42	0.398	/
		Back side	512	0.604	-1.04	27	26.42	0.690	4
GSM1900 GPRS Data-4 Slo	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	512	0.113	-4.71	27	26.42	0.129	/
		Right side	512	0.108	-3.67	27	26.42	0.123	/
		Bottom side	512	0.280	-1.17	27	26.42	0.320	/
		Front side	9263	0.566	2.18	23	22.22	0.677	/
		Back side	9263	0.589	-4.43	23	22.22	0.705	6
WCDMA II	RMC	Left side	9263	0.095	-3.02	23	22.22	0.114	/
		Right side	9263	0.095	-1.34	23	22.22	0.114	/
		Bottom side	9263	0.142	-3.42	23	22.22	0.170	/
		Front side	4233	0.376	-0.04	23	22.43	0.429	8
		Back side	4233	0.344	0.49	23	22.43	0.392	/
WCDMA V	RMC	Left side	4233	0.197	-0.19	23	22.43	0.225	/
-		Right side	4233	0.183	-0.21	23	22.43	0.209	/
		Bottom side	4233	0.072	-0.82	23	22.43	0.082	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
	Front side	11	0.196	-0.33	18.3	18.21	100	0.200	/	
\^//⊏!	000 445	Back side	11	0.728	-0.08	18.3	18.21	100	0.743	10
WIFI	802.11b	Left side	11	0.347	1.59	18.3	18.21	100	0.354	/
		Top side	11	0.222	-2.67	18.3	18.21	100	0.227	/

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.356** W/Kg for Body)
- 3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
	1. GSM + WIFI
Hand	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Head	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WIFI can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) · [\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimated SAR		Maximum Power		Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm	mW	to user(mm)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	SAR(1g) [W/kg]
DT	Head 1		1.259	5	2.480	0.052
ВТ	Body	'	1.209	10	2.480	0.026



Page 41 of 65 Report No.: STS1604060H01

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.796	1.419	
GSM + WIFI	пеац	WIFI	0.623	1.419	
GSW + WIFI	Pody	GSM Data	0.690	1.433	
	Body	WIFI	0.743	1.433	
	Head	GSM Voice	0.796	0.848	
GSM + Bluetooth	пеаа	Bluetooth	0.052	0.848	
GSW + Bluetooth	Pody	GSM Data	0.690	0.716	
	Body	Bluetooth	0.026	0.716	
	Hood	WCDMA RMC	0.707	4 220	
WCDMA + WIFI	Head	WIFI	0.623	1.330	
WCDIMA + WIFI	Dody	WCDMA RMC	0.705	4.440	
	Body	WIFI	0.743	1.448	
	Hood	WCDMA RMC	0.707	0.750	
WORMA DI LA I	Head	Bluetooth	0.052	0.759	
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Dody	WCDMA RMC	0.705	0.724	
3	Body	Bluetooth	0.026	0.731	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
2450MHzDipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 45/15 EPGO281	2015.10.12	2016.10.11
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Waveguide	SATIMO	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA32	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	GSM and WCDMA mobile phone POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 MSH97	N/A	N/A
SAR TEST BENCH	SATIMO	LAPTOP POSITIONNIN G SYSTEM	SN 32/14 LSH29	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG52	2015.09.01	2016.08.31
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2015.11.20	2016.11.19
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2015.11.18	2016.11.17
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	GB37170267	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A65976	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071C	EMY46103472	2015.12.12	2016.12.11
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	2015.10.25	2016.10.24
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	2015.10.24	2016.10.23
Attenuator 3	Woken	WK0602-XX	N/A	2015.12.12	2016.12.11
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50422	2015.11.18	2016.11.17
Vector signal generator	Agilent	E8257D-521	MY45141029	2015.10.16	2016.10.14
Power amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2015.10.24	2016.10.23





Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions

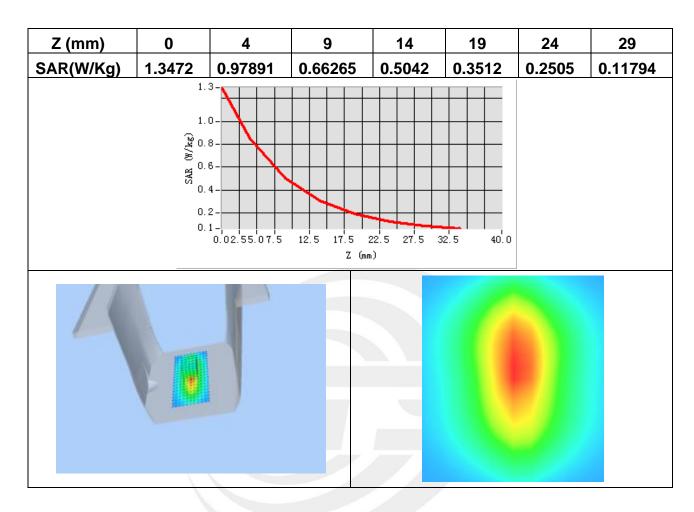
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.00
Relative permittivity	18.72
Conductivity (S/m)	0.86
Power drift (%)	0.45
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	1.78
Crest factor:	1:1

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.655627
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.967982







System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

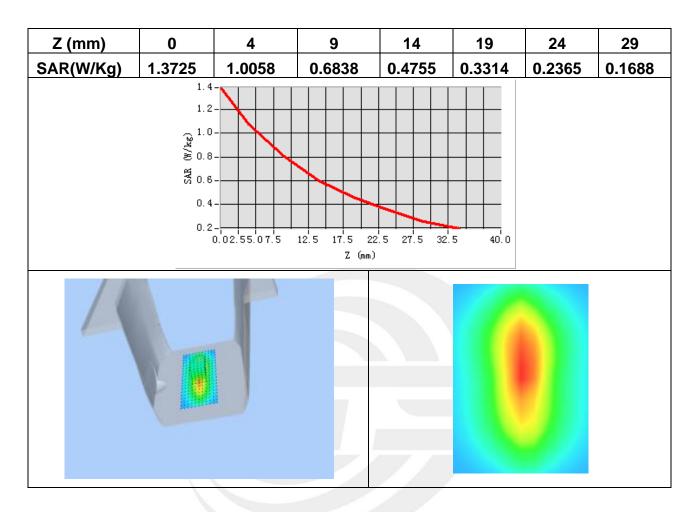
Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.70
Relative permittivity	21.408187
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Power drift (%)	0.090000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	1.85
Crest factor:	1:1

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.613913
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.941052







System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

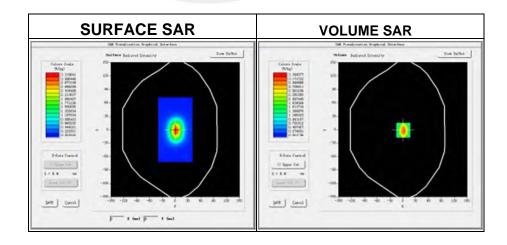
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.50
Relative permittivity	13.26
Conductivity (S/m)	1.43
Power drift (%)	0.47
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF:	2.10
Crest factor:	1:1





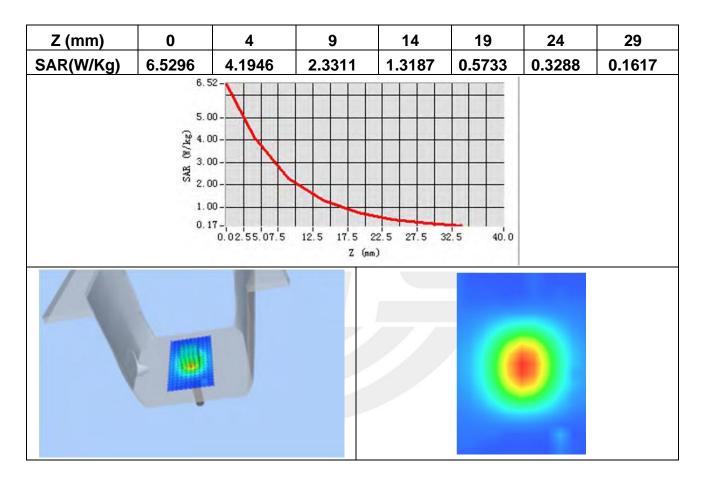




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 5.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.064515
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.006632





System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

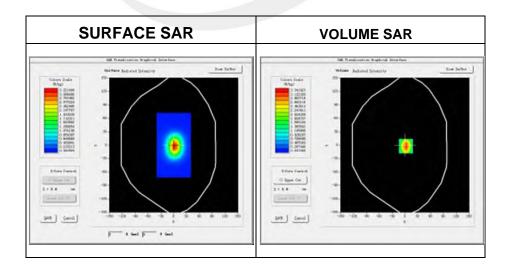
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.31
Relative permittivity	12.87531
Conductivity (S/m)	1.5
Power drift (%)	0.37
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF:	2.16
Crest factor:	1:1



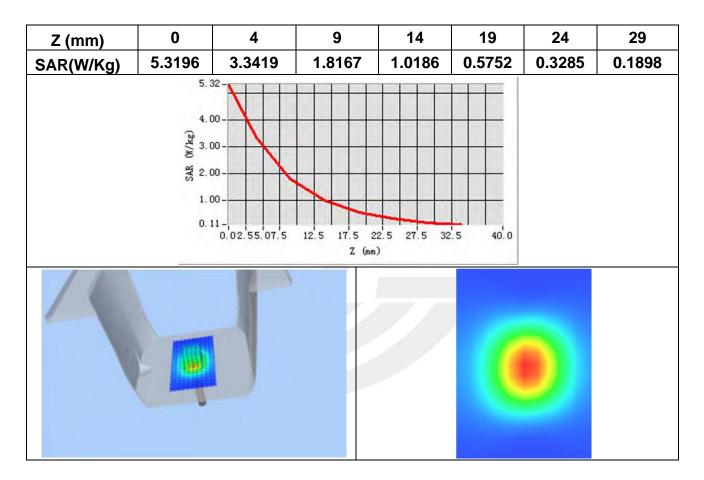


Page 50 of 65 Report No.: STS1604060H01

Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 5.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.383383
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.160721





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

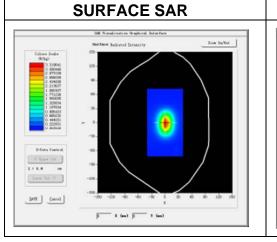
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

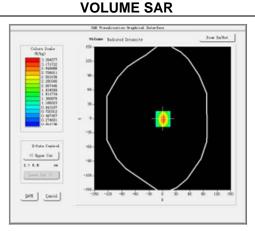
Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.176002
Relative permittivity	12.930000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.88
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.21
Crest factor:	1:1





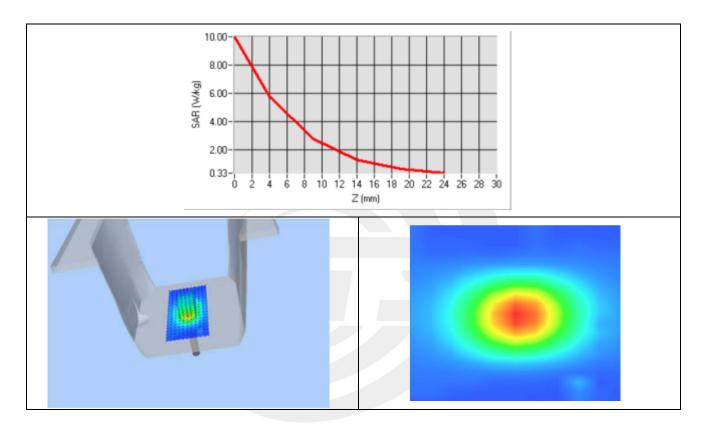






Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.514744
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.370326





System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

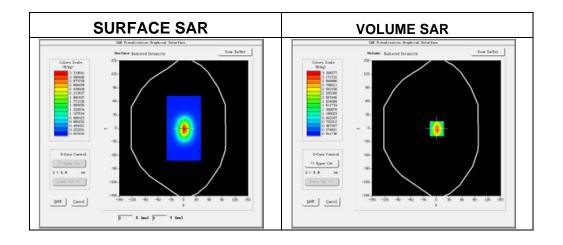
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2016-04-14

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.316002
Relative permittivity	12.930000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Power drift (%)	-1.200000
Ambient Temperature	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature	22.3°C
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.28
Crest factor:	1:1



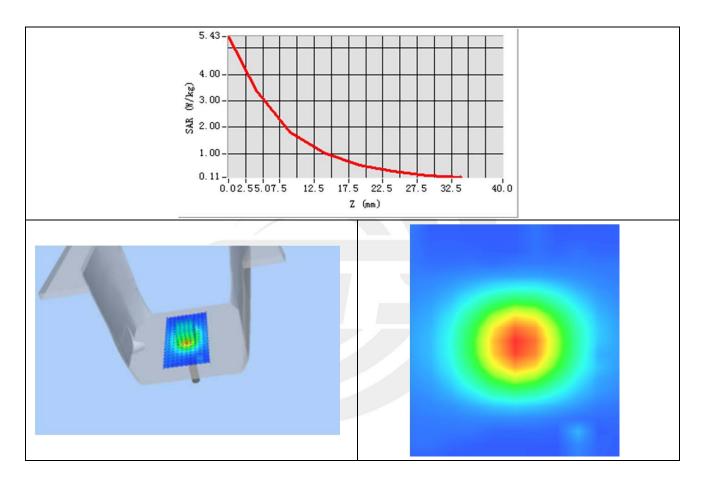


Report No.: STS1604060H01



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.338810
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.316861





Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

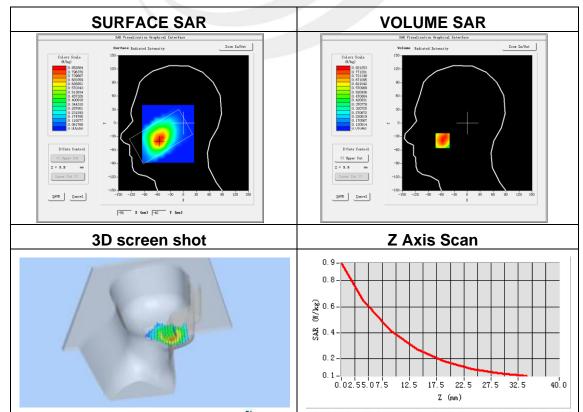
Plot 1: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

•
2016-04-14
22.70
22.30
SN 45/15 EPGO281
1.78
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Left head
Cheek
GSM850
High
TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
848.8
41.5
0.90
-1.27

Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-39.00

SAR Peak: 1.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.566408
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.781018



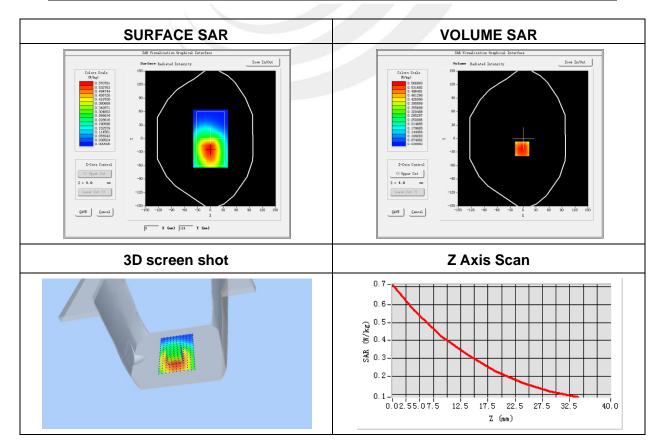


Plot 2: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	848.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	-1.13

Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-23.00 SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.383393
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.546749



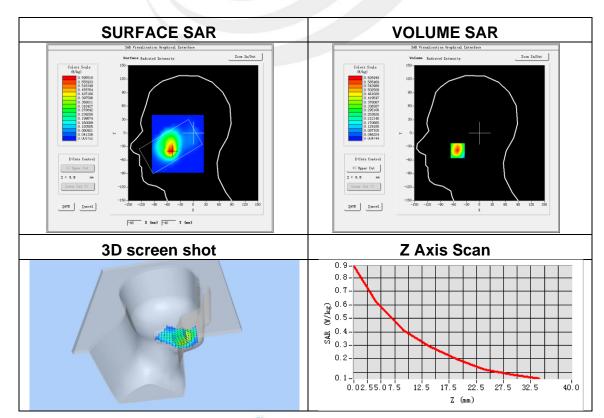


Plot 3: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.10
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
Zoomscan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-0.16

Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-39.00 SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.339004 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.587788



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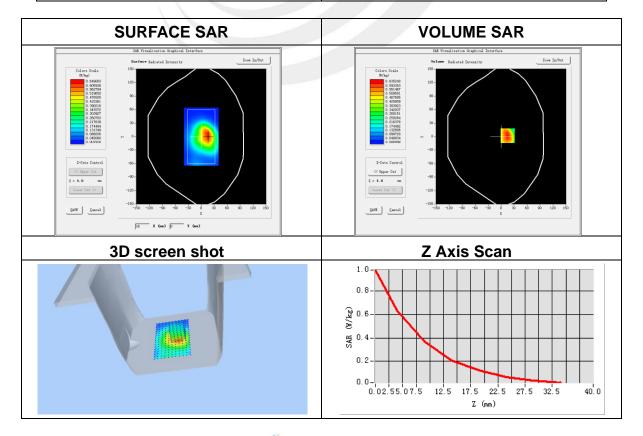


Plot 4: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.16
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Behind
Band	GPRS 1900
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1909.8
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52
Variation (%)	-1.04

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 0.98 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.341802
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.604360



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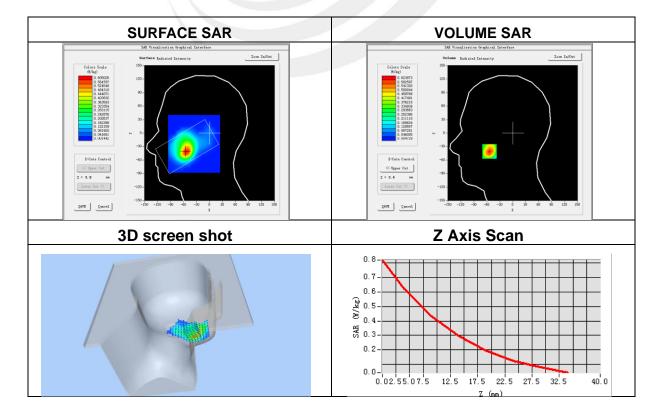


Plot 5: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.10
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-2.50

Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-41.00 SAR Peak: 0.85 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.344598
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.591329



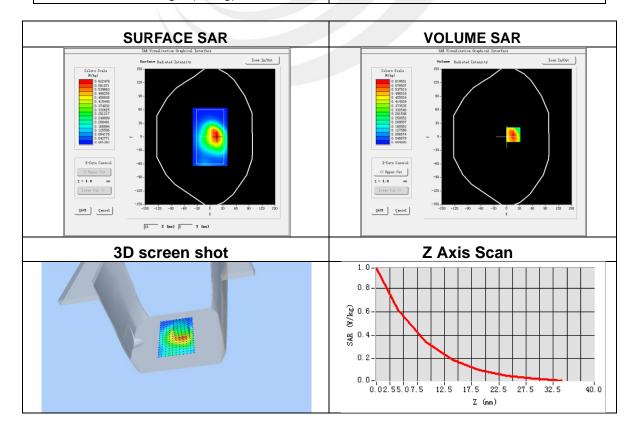


Plot 6: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.16
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back side
Band	WCDMA II
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.71
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	-4.43

Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=5.00 SAR Peak: 0.97 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.325026
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.589428



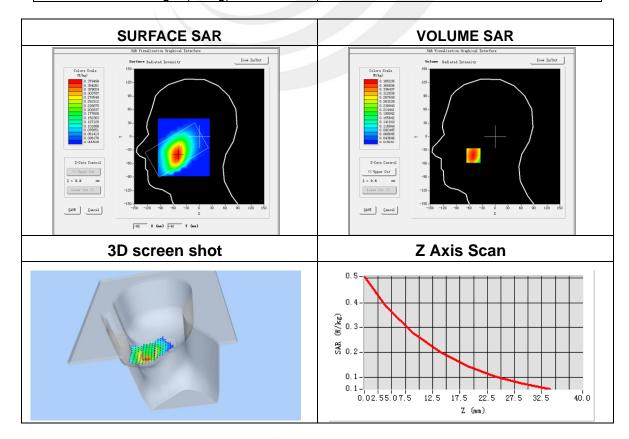


Plot 7: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.78
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	846.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.27
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-0.28

Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-42.00 SAR Peak: 0.52 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.258047
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.376826



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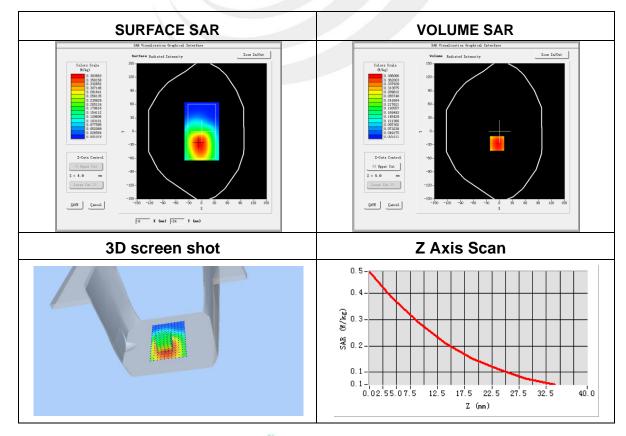
Plot 8: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Ambient Temperature(°C)	22.70
Liquid Temperature(°C)	22.30
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	1.85
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front side
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	High
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	846.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96
Variation (%)	-0.04

Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-27.00

SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.268370
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.375581



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com

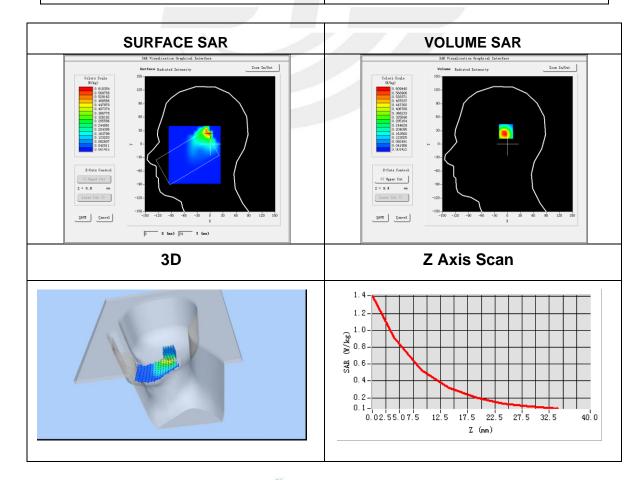


Plot 9: DUT:Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

Test Data	2016-04-14
Test Data	2016-04-14
Probe	SN 45/15 EPGO281
ConvF	2.21
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	High
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2462
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.23
Conductivity (S/m)	1.79
Variation (%)	-2.37

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=32.00 SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.257545
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.610059



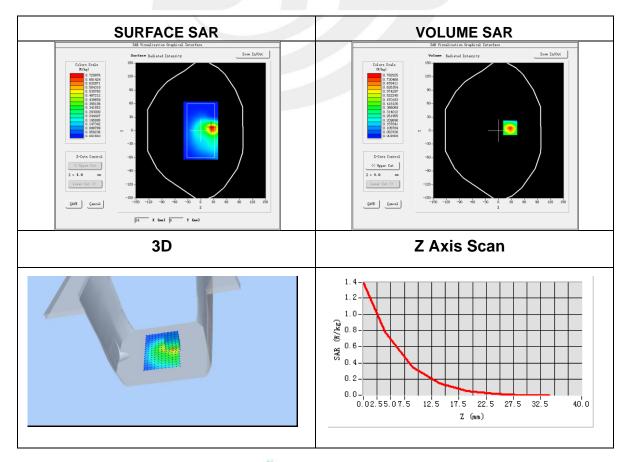


Plot 10: DUT: Smartphone; EUT Model: X4

2016-04-14
SN 45/15 EPGO281
2.28
dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Validation plane
Body Back side
IEEE 802.11b ISM
High
IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
2462
52.40
1.94
-0.08

Maximum location: X=27.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 1.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.323897
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.727788









Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.



1/F., Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190, Chongqing Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: 0755-36886288 Fax: 0755-36886277 Http://www.stsapp.com E-mail: sts@stsapp.com