MPE Calculation Method

 $E (V/m) = (30*P*G)^{0.5}/d$

Power Density: Pd $(W/m2) = E^2/377$

E = Electric Field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output Power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

 $Pd = (30*P*G) / (377*d^2)$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

 ${\tt Calculated} \ {\tt Result} \ {\tt and} \ {\tt Limit} \ ({\tt WORSE} \ {\tt CASE} \ {\tt IS} \ {\tt AS} \ {\tt BELOW})$

WIFI:

Directional Antenna	Peak Output	Power	Limit of	Test
Gain	Power (mW)	Density	Power	Result
(Numeric)		(S) (mW/cm2)	Density (S)	
			(mW/cm2)	
2.67	277.332	0.147	1	Compiles
(1.25+10log2=4.26dBi)	(24.43dBm)			

Zigbee:

Antenna	Peak Output	Power Density	Limit of Power	Test
Gain	Power (mW)	(S) (mW/cm2)	Density (S)	Result
(Numeric)			(mW/cm2)	
1.33	2.84	0.000752	1	Compiles
(1.25 dBi)	(4.54dBm)			

BLE:

Antenna	Peak Output	Power Density	Limit of Power	Test
Gain	Power (mW)	(S) (mW/cm2)	Density (S)	Result
(Numeric)			(mW/cm2)	
1.33	0.352	0.000093	1	Compiles
(1.25 dBi)	(-4.54dBm)			

Simultaneously transmission: $0.147+0.000752+0.000093 \approx 0.15 < 1$