RF Exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min.test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

• f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

• Power and distance are rounded to the nearest $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mW}}$ and $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mm}}$ before calculation

• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2440 MHz 10.47dBm (11.14mW) output power]

(11.14mW/5mm) • $[\sqrt{2.440}(GHz)] = 3.5 < 7.5$ for 10-g SAR Then Extremity SAR evaluation is not required