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# Procter & Gamble EMC REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK EMC TESTING – IGROWTH GENERATION 2 KITCHEN DEVICE

REPORT NUMBER 105422640LEX-001

**ISSUE DATE** 6/26/2023

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# **EMC TEST REPORT**

(FULL COMPLIANCE)

 Report Number:
 105422640LEX-001

 Project Number:
 G105422640

**Report Issue Date:** 6/26/2023

Model(s) Tested: iGrowth Generation 2 Kitchen Device

Standards: FCC Part 15B FCC Part 15.225 ICES-003 Issue 7 RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-210 Issue 10

Tested by: Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc. 731 Enterprise Dr. Lexington, KY 40510 USA Client: Procter & Gamble 5289 Vine St Cincinnati, OH 45217-1027 USA

Report prepared by

A. Jo

Brian Lackey, Team Leader

Report reviewed by

James Sudduth, Senior Staff Engineer

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## 1 Introduction and Conclusion

The tests indicated in section 2.0 were performed on the product constructed as described in section 4.0. The remaining test sections are the verbatim text from the actual data sheets used during the investigation. These test sections include the test name, the specified test Method, a list of the actual Test Equipment Used, documentation Photos, Results and raw Data. No additions, deviations, or exclusions have been made from the standard(s) unless specifically noted.

Based on the results of our investigation, we have concluded the product tested **complies** with the requirements of the standard(s) indicated. The results obtained in this test report pertain only to the item(s) tested. Intertek does not make any claims of compliance for samples or variants which were not tested.

#### 2 Test Summary

Section	Test full name	Result
6	Radiated Emissions (Transmitters Idle) (ANSI C63.4:2014)	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emissions (Transmitters Active) (ANSI C63.10:2013, RSS-210 Issue 10)	Pass
8	Frequency Stability (ANSI C63.10:2013, RSS-210 Issue 10)	Pass
9	Occupied Bandwidth (ANSI C63.10:2013, RSS-Gen Issue 5)	Pass
10	Antenna Requirement (FCC Part 15.203, RSS-Gen Issue 5)	Pass



### 3 Client Information

This product was tested at the request of the following:

	Client Information				
Client Name:	Procter & Gamble				
Address:	Address: 5289 Vine St				
	Cincinnati, OH 45217-1027				
	USA				
Contact: Spencer Miller					
Email: miller.s.19@pg.com					
	Manufacturer Information				
Manufacturer Name:	Procter & Gamble				
Manufacturer Address:	5289 Vine St				
Cincinnati, OH 45217-1027					
	USA				



## 4 Description of Equipment under Test and Variant Models

Equipment Under Test						
Product Name iGrowth Generation 2 Kitchen Device						
Model Number	Model Number 3283					
Serial Number	PT2.0-P00021					
Test Start Date 10/22/2021						
Test End Date 12/1/2021						
Device Received Condition	Good					
Test Sample Type	Production					
Input Rating	7.5VDC					
Description of Equipment Under Test (provided by client)						
2nd Generation kitchen towel consumption monitoring device for consumer research studies.						

#### 4.1 Variant Models:

There were no variant models covered by this evaluation.



## 5 System Setup and Method

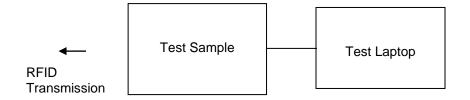
### 5.1 Method:

Configuration as required by ANSI C63.4:2014 and ANSI C63.10:2013.

No.	Descriptions of EUT Exercising
1	During the testing the iGrowth Generation 2 Kitchen Device was transmitting a 13.5MHz RFID signal.
2	Idle mode with the RFID radio not transmitting.

Cables							
Qty Description Length (m) Shielding Ferrites Termination							
1	USB	1	None	None	Test Laptop		

## 5.2 EUT Block Diagram:





#### 6 Radiated Emissions

#### 6.1 Method

Tests are performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2014.

#### TEST SITE: 10m ALSE

Site Designation: 10m Chamber

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)	Ucispr
Radiated Emissions, 10m	30-1000 MHz	3.9dB	6.3 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	30-1000 MHz	4.0dB	6.3 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	1-6 GHz	4.7dB	5.2 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	6-15 GHz	4.7dB	5.5 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	15-18 GHz	4.7dB	5.5 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	18-40 GHz	4.7dB	5.5 dB

As shown in the table above our radiated emissions  $U_{lab}$  is less than the corresponding  $U_{CISPR}$  reference value in CISPR 16-4-2 Table 1, hence the compliance of the product is only based on the measured value, and no measurement uncertainty correction is required.



## 6.2 Sample Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG						
Where	FS = Field Strength in dBμV/m					
RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in d						
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB						
AF = Antenna Factor in dB						
AG = Amplifier Gain in dB						

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows.

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 32 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

RA = 52.0 dBµV AF = 7.4 dB/m CF = 1.6 dB AG = 29.0 dB FS = 32 dBµV/m

To convert from  $dB\mu V$  to  $\mu V$  or mV the following was used:

UF =  $10^{(NF/20)}$  where UF = Net Reading in  $\mu V$ NF = Net Reading in dB $\mu V$ 

#### Example:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG = 52.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 = 32.0 $UF = 10^{(32 \ dB\mu V / 20)} = 39.8 \ \mu V/m$ 



## 6.3 Test Equipment Used:

Description	Asset	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Cal Due
EMI Test Receiver	8131	Rhode & Schwarz	ESW44	1/15/2020	1/15/2022
Bilog Antenna (30MHz-	7085	SunAR	JB6	10/5/2021	10/5/2022
1GHz)					
System Controller	4096	ETS Lindgren	2090	Verify at	Verify at
				Time of	Time of
				Use	Use
Coaxial Cable	2589			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	2590			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	3172			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	3339			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Preamplifier (30MHz-	3919	Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR3	12/21/202	12/21/202
1GHz)				0	1

## 6.4 Software Utilized:

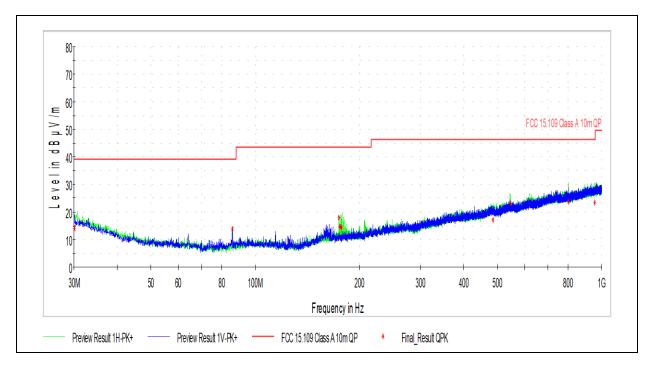
Name	Manufacturer	Version
EMC32	Rohde & Schwarz	Version 9.15.02

## 6.5 Results:

The sample tested was found to Comply.



## 6.6 Plots/Data: Radiated Emissions, 30MHz – 1GHz (Transmitter Idle)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
30.040000	14.13	39.09	24.95	120.000	100.0	Н	90.0	-5
85.902778	13.86	39.09	25.23	120.000	366.0	V	258.0	-15
174.358333	17.93	43.52	25.60	120.000	400.0	Н	290.0	-11
175.452222	14.76	43.52	28.76	120.000	400.0	Н	6.0	-11
176.424444	14.26	43.52	29.27	120.000	374.0	Н	60.0	-11
177.412222	14.42	43.52	29.10	120.000	275.0	Н	194.0	-11
484.734444	16.99	46.44	29.45	120.000	114.0	Н	342.0	-1
544.110000	23.14	46.44	23.31	120.000	141.0	Н	318.0	0
801.810556	23.74	46.44	22.70	120.000	146.0	Н	310.0	5
954.645000	23.44	46.44	23.01	120.000	400.0	Н	176.0	8

Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	10/22/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:			
(Where Applicable)	N/A	Limit Applied:	Class A
	FCC Part 15B	-	
Product Standard:	ICES-003 Issue 7	Ambient Temperature:	21.1C
Input Voltage:	7.5VDC	- Relative Humidity:	51.8%
Pretest Verification w / Ambient		-	
Signals or BB Source:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	982.9mbar
		-	



## 7 Radiated Emissions (RFID)

#### 7.1 Method

Tests are performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2013.

#### TEST SITE: 10m ALSE

Site Designation: 10m Chamber

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)	Ucispr
Radiated Emissions, 3m	0.09-30 MHz	3.2dB	6.3 dB
Radiated Emissions, 3m	30-1000 MHz	4.0dB	6.3 dB

As shown in the table above our radiated emissions  $U_{lab}$  is less than the corresponding  $U_{CISPR}$  reference value in CISPR 16-4-2 Table 1, hence the compliance of the product is only based on the measured value, and no measurement uncertainty correction is required.



## 7.2 Sample Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor to the Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG Where FS =

FS = Field Strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in  $dB\mu V$ 

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows.

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 32 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

RA = 52.0 dBμV AF = 7.4 dB/m CF = 1.6 dB AG = 29.0 dB FS = 32 dBμV/m

To convert from  $dB\mu V$  to  $\mu V$  or mV the following was used:

UF =  $10^{(NF / 20)}$  where UF = Net Reading in  $\mu V$ NF = Net Reading in dB $\mu V$ 

## Example:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG = 52.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 = 32.0UF =  $10^{(32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}/20)} = 39.8 \ \mu\text{V/m}$ 



## 7.3 Test Equipment Used:

Description	Asset	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Cal Due
EMI Test Receiver	8131	Rhode & Schwarz	ESW44	1/15/2020	1/15/2022
Magnetic Loop Antenna	2366	ETS	6502	7/30/2021	7/30/2022
Bilog Antenna (30MHz-	7085	SunAR	JB6	10/5/2021	10/5/2022
1GHz)					
System Controller	4096	ETS Lindgren	2090	Verify at	Verify at
				Time of	Time of
				Use	Use
Coaxial Cable	2592			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	2593			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	3172			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Coaxial Cable	3339			12/21/202	12/21/202
				0	1
Preamplifier (30MHz-	3919	Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR3	12/21/202	12/21/202
1GHz)				0	1

#### 7.4 Software Utilized:

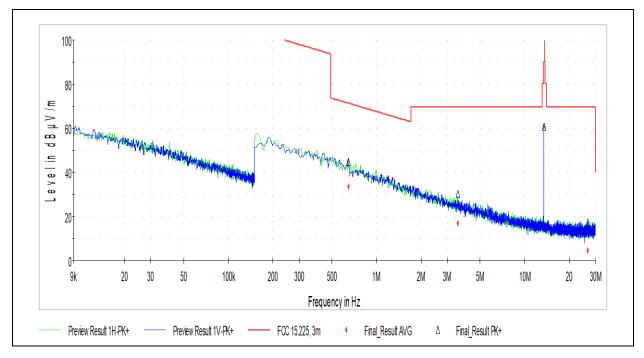
Name	Manufacturer	Version
EMC32	Rohde & Schwarz	Version 9.15.02

#### 7.5 Results:

The sample tested was found to Comply.



## 7.6 Radiated Spurious Emissions (Below 30MHz)

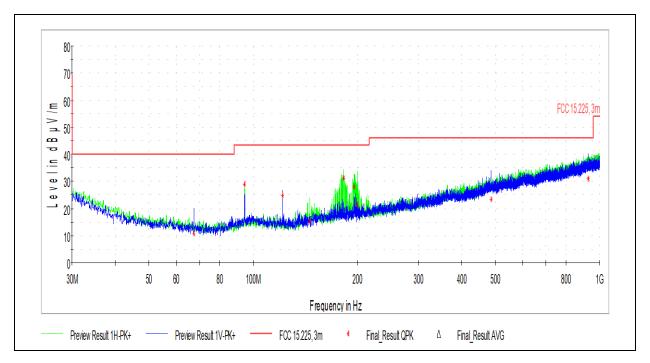


Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
0.646037	33.29	71.41	38.12	9.000	167.0	12
3.534463	16.75	69.50	52.75	9.000	310.0	12
13.499096	60.56	90.50	29.94	9.000	262.0	11
26.518963	4.60	69.50	64.90	9.000	197.0	10

Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	11/4/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:		-	
(Where Applicable)	NA	Limit Applied:	FCC Part 15.225
	FCC Part 15C	-	
Product Standard:	RSS-210 Issue 10	Ambient Temperature:	17.6C
Input Voltage:	7.5VDC	Relative Humidity:	35.4%
Pretest Verification w / Ambient		-	
Signals or BB Source:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	991.3mbar



## 7.7 Radiated Spurious Emissions (30MHz – 1GHz)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m )
67.452778	10.93	40.00	29.07	120.000	100.0	V	235.0	14
94.451111	28.88	43.50	14.62	120.000	169.0	Н	99.0	16
121.449444	24.70	43.50	18.80	120.000	100.0	V	38.0	16
145.753333	15.12	43.50	28.38	120.000	400.0	Н	0.0	17
182.290000	31.19	43.50	12.31	120.000	104.0	Н	0.0	19
195.546667	28.05	43.50	15.45	120.000	200.0	Н	102.0	20
199.588333	21.18	43.50	22.32	120.000	95.0	Н	88.0	20
486.007778	23.25	46.00	22.75	120.000	335.0	V	333.0	29
925.687222	31.00	46.00	15.00	120.000	326.0	V	302.0	36

Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	11/4/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:			
(Where Applicable)	NA	Limit Applied:	FCC Part 15.225
	FCC Part 15C		
Product Standard:	RSS-210 Issue 10	Ambient Temperature:	17.6C
Input Voltage:	7.5VDC	Relative Humidity:	35.4%
Pretest Verification w / Ambient			
Signals or BB Source:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	991.3mbar



#### 8 Frequency Stability

#### 8.1 Test Limits

#### FCC Part 15.225:

(e) The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.01\%$  of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

#### RSS-210 Issue 9 § B.6:

Carrier frequency stability shall be maintained to ±0.01% (±100 ppm).

#### 8.2 Test Method

Tests are performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2013.

#### 8.3 Test Equipment Used

Description	Asset	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Cal Due
Spectrum Analyzer	3099	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP7	9/22/2021	9/22/2022
Environmental Chamber	2150	Thermotron	SE-600-3-3	2/24/2021	2/24/2022

#### 8.4 Test Results

The sample tested was found to be **compliant**.

## 8.5 Test Data

Voltage %	Voltage (VDC)	Temp (°C)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
100%	6	-20	13,499,924	-106	0.0008%	0.01%
100%	6	-10	13,499,980	-50	0.0004%	0.01%
100%	6	0	13,500,014	-16	0.0001%	0.01%
100%	6	10	13,500,034	4	0.0000%	0.01%
100%	6	20	13,500,030	0	0.0000%	0.01%
100%	6	30	13,500,014	-16	0.0001%	0.01%
100%	6	40	13,499,974	-56	0.0004%	0.01%
100%	6	50	13,499,958	-72	0.0005%	0.01%
115%	6.9	20	13,500,030	0	0.0000%	0.01%
85%	5.1	20	13,500,030	0	0.0000%	0.01%

Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	12/1/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:			
(Where Applicable)	NA	Limit Applied:	See Above
	FCC Part 15.225	_	
Product Standard:	RSS-210 Issue 10	Ambient Temperature:	22.5C
Input Voltage:	7.5VDC	Relative Humidity:	41.1%
Pretest Verification w / Ambient		_	
Signals or BB Source:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	984.6mbar
		_	

## 9 Occupied Bandwidth

## 9.1 Test Limits

15.215(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

## 9.2 Test Method

Tests are performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2013.

## 9.3 Test Equipment Used

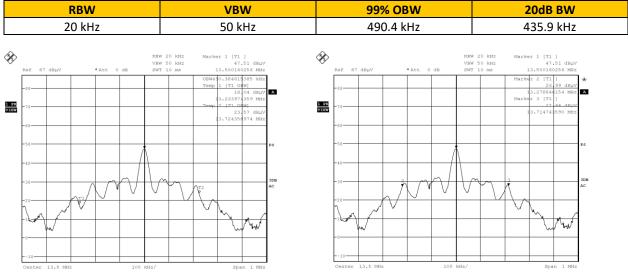
Description	Asset	Manufacturer	Model	Cal Date	Cal Due
Spectrum Analyzer	3900	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	10/11/202	10/11/202
				1	2

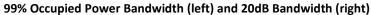
## 9.4 Test Results

The sample tested was found to be **compliant**. The 99% power bandwidth was measured as was the 20dB down bandwidth. The 20dB bandwidth was entirely within the transmit band 13.11MHz – 14.01MHz as required by FCC Part 15.215.



## 9.5 Test Data





Test Personnel:	Brian Lackey	Test Date:	12/1/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:			
(Where Applicable)	NA	Limit Applied:	See Above
	FCC Part 15C		
Product Standard:	RSS-210 Issue 10	Ambient Temperature:	22.5C
Input Voltage:	7.5VDC	Relative Humidity:	41.1%
Pretest Verification w / Ambient			
Signals or BB Source:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	984.6mbar



#### 10 Antenna Requirement

#### 10.1 Test Limits

#### FCC Part 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §§15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, 15.221, or §15.236. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

#### RSS-Gen Issue 5 § 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification, as per RSP-100, must provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the license-exempt transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna.

License-exempt transmitters that have received equipment certification may operate with different types of antennas. However, it is not permissible to exceed the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) limits specified in the applicable standard (RSS) for the license-exempt apparatus.

Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of license-exempt transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

User manuals for transmitters equipped with detachable antennas shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi).

## 10.2 Test Results

The device was found to be **compliant**. The device uses a permanently attached antenna.



## 11 Revision History

Revision Level	Date	Report Number	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Notes
0	6/26/2023	105422640LEX-001	BL	JTS	Original Issue