

5. RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

5.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (i)

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

5.2 Procedure

According to §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B)

Simultaneous Transmission with both SAR-based and MPE-Based Test Exemptions

This case is described in detail in § 1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B) and covers the situations where both SAR-based and MPE-based exemption may be considered for test exemption in fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. For these cases, a device with multiple RF sources transmitting simultaneously will be considered an RF exempt device if the condition of Formula (1) is satisfied.

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2R^2$.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1 \quad (1)$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for P_{th} , including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

P_i = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

$P_{th,i}$ = the exemption threshold power (P_{th}) according to [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i .

ERP_j = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j .

$ERP_{th,j}$ = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j , at a distance of at least $\lambda/2\pi$ according to the applicable formula of [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section.

$Evaluated_k$ = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

$Exposure Limit_k$ = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k , as applicable from [§ 1.1310 of this chapter](#).

5.3 Measurement Result

Radio	Frequency (MHz)	$\lambda / 2$ Π (mm)	Distance (mm)	Exemption ERP (mW)	Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	ERP	
							dBm	mW
WLAN	2412-2462	19.80	200	768	20	1.94	19.79	95.28
SRD	433.92	110.04	200	222	/	0.67	-12.29	0.06

Note:

1. For SRD chose the maximum power to do MPE analysis.

This device maximum E-Field level of SRD is 85.06 dB μ V/m at 3m, so the EIRP power is -10.14dBm.

Pout EIRP(dBm)=Field Strength of Fundamental(dBuV/m)-95.2

2. The Value of Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance was declared by the customer.

3. The WLAN and SRD can transmit simultaneously.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k}$$

$$=ERP_{WLAN} / ERP_{th} + ERP_{SRD} / ERP_{th}$$

$$=95.28/768 + 0.06/222$$

$$=0.124$$

$$< 1.0$$

Result: The device compliant the MPE-Based Exemption at 20cm distances.

==== END OF REPORT ====