









SAR Test Report

Product Name: Radio Controller

Model No. : YKQ01FM

FCC ID : 2AG53YKQ01FM

IC : 21054-YKQ01FM

Applicant: BEIJING FIMI TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

Address: 07C, Block A, Floor 7, No.28 Xinxi Road Jia,

Haidian District, Beijing, China

Date of Receipt: Dec. 09, 2015

Test Date : May. 20, 2016 ~ May. 27, 2016

Issued Date : Jun. 07, 2016

Report No. : 15C2020R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version: V1.1

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by CNAS,TAF any agency of the government.

The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of QuieTek Corporation.



Test Report Certification

Issued Date: Jun. 07, 2016

Report No: 15C2020R-HP-US-P03V01



Product Name : Radio Controller

Applicant : BEIJING FIMI TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

Address : 07C, Block A, Floor 7, No.28 Xinxi Road Jia, Haidian District, Beijing,

China

Manufacturer : BEIJING FIMI TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

Address : 07C, Block A, Floor 7, No.28 Xinxi Road Jia, Haidian District, Beijing,

China

FCC ID : 2AG53YKQ01FM IC : 21054-YKQ01FM

Model No. : YKQ01FM EUT Voltage : DC 15.2V

Applicable Standard : FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02

FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04

RSS - 102 Issue 5: 2015 IEEE Std. 1528-2013 IEC 62209-2: 2010 FCC 47CFR §2.1093 ANSI C95.1-2005

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

802.11a: 0.059 W/kg

Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, 215006, Jiangsu,

China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

IC Lab Code: 4075B

Documented By :

(Adm. Specialist: Kathy Feng)

Reviewed By

(Senior Engineer: Jack Zhang)

Approved By

(Engineering Manager: Harry Zhao)



Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C. : BSMI, NCC, TAF

USA : FCC
Japan : VCCI
China : CNAS

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site : http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site : http://www.quietek.com/

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

HsinChu Testing Laboratory:

No.75-2, 3rd Lin, Wangye Keng, Yonghxing Tsuen, Qionglin Shiang, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL:+886-3-592-8859 E-Mail: service@guietek.com

LinKou Testing Laboratory:

No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Suzhou Testing Laboratory:

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, 215006, Jiangsu, China



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Description	Page
1. General Information	7
1.1. EUT Description	7
1.2. Test Environment	10
1.3. Power Reduction for SAR	10
1.4. Guidance Documents	10
2. SAR Measurement System	11
2.1. DASY5 System Description	11
2.1.1. Applications	12
2.1.2. Area Scans	12
2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)	12
2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging	12
2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe	13
2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification	13
2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device	14
2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server	14
2.5. Robot	15
2.6. Light Beam Unit	15
2.7. Device Holder	15
2.8. SAM Twin Phantom	16
3. Tissue Simulating Liquid	17
3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid	17
3.2. Tissue Calibration Result	18
3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms	20
4. SAR Measurement Procedure	21
4.1. SAR System Validation	21
4.1.1. Validation Dipoles	21
4.1.2. Validation Result	21
4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure	22
4.3. SAR Measurement Conditions for 802.11 Device	23
4.3.1. Duty Factor Control	23
4.3.2. Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure	23
5. SAR Exposure Limits	24



6.	Tes	t Equipment List	25
7.	Mea	asurement Uncertainty	26
8.	Coi	nducted Power Measurement	29
9.	Tes	t Procedures	30
	9.1.	SAR Test Results Summary	30
	9.2.	SAR Test Notes	34
Αŗ	ppend	ix A. SAR System Validation Data	35
Αŗ	ppend	ix B. SAR measurement Data	37
Αŗ	ppend	ix C. Probe Calibration Data	45
Αŗ	ppend	ix D. Dipole Calibration Data	56
Αŗ	ppend	ix E. DAE Calibration Data	77



History of This Test Report

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
15C2020R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.0	Initial Issued Report	May. 30, 2016
15C2020R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.1	Add Simultaneous Transmission Procedures	Jun. 07, 2016



1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Radio Controller
Model No.	YKQ01FM
EUT Voltage	DC 15.2V
Frequency Range	For 2.4GHz Band
	2426.2- 2461 MHz
	For 5GHz Band
	802.11a/n(20MHz): 5745~5825MHz
	802.11n(40MHz): 5755~5795MHz
Channel Number	For 2.4GHz Band
	30
	For 5GHz Band
	802.11a/n(20MHz): 5 802.11n(40MHz): 2
Type of Modulation	2.4G:FHSS
	802.11a/n: OFDM
Data Rate	2.4G: 1 Mbps
	802.11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
	802.11n: up to 72.2 Mbps
Channel Control	Auto
Antenna Delivery	2*Tx + 2*Rx
Antenna Type	Reference to Antenna List
Peak Antenna Gain	Reference to Antenna List

Note: The EUT can only transmit by one chain at the same time.



Working Frequency of Each Channel:

For 2.4GHz Band

Working I	Working Frequency of Each Channel:							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	
01	2426.2 MHz	02	2427.4 MHz	03	2428.6 MHz	04	2429.8 MHz	
05	2431 MHz	06	2432.2 MHz	07	2433.4 MHz	80	2434.6 MHz	
09	2435.8 MHz	10	2437 MHz	11	2438.2 MHz	12	2439.4 MHz	
13	2440.6 MHz	14	2441.8 MHz	15	2443 MHz	16	2444.2 MHz	
17	2445.4 MHz	18	2446.6 MHz	19	2447.8 MHz	20	2449 MHz	
21	2450.2 MHz	22	2451.4 MHz	23	2452.6 MHz	24	2453.8 MHz	
25	2455 MHz	26	2456.2 MHz	27	2457.4 MHz	28	2458.6 MHz	
29	2459.8 MHz	30	2461 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

For 5.0GHz Band

802.11a Working Frequency of Each Channel:							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745 MHz	153	5765 MHz	157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz
165	5825 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n(40	MHz) Workin	g Frequency	of Each Cha	nnel:			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755 MHz	159	5795 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



Antenna List

No.	Antenna	Manufacturer	Model No.	Peak Gain
#1	External Antenna	N/A	N/A	2.54dBi for 2.4GHz
				4.76dBi for 5G
#2	External Antenna	N/A		2.54dBi for 2.4GHz
			N/A	4.76dBi for 5G

The test mode of the test software can support.

Test Mode	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 1+2
2.4G	√	√	×
802.11a	√	√	×
802.11n(20MHz)	√	√	×
802.11n(40MHz)	√	√	×



1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

1.3. Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

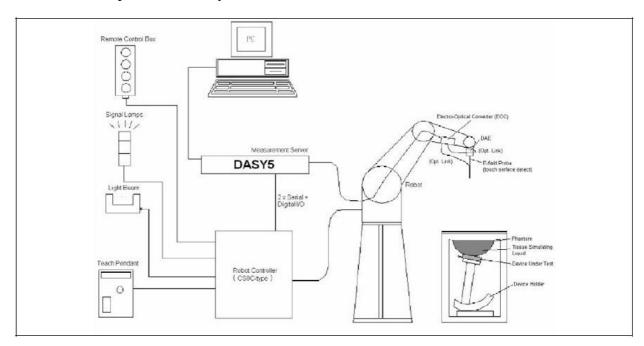
1.4. Guidance Documents

- 1) FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General SAR Guidance)
- 2) FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04(SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- 3) FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- 4) RSS 102 Issue5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
- 5) IEEE Std. 1528-2013 (IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques)
- 6) IEC 62209-2: 2010 (Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand- held and bodymounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures)
 - 7) FCC 47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
- 8) ANSI C95.1-2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.



$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

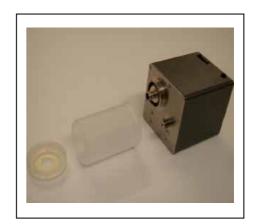
2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4			
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)			
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm			
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenarious, very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enable compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette 30%.			



2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

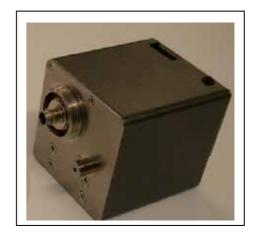


2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.





The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- > Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom tip, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	5750MHz
(% Weight)	Body	Body
Water	73.2	75.68
Salt	0.04	0.43
Sugar	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00
DGBE	26.7	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	19.47



3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

FCC:

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement						
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters Tiss		Tissue Temp.		
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]		
2450MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	N/A		
	05-25-2016	52.20	1.96	21.0		
5750MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	48.2 45.79 to 50.61	6.00 5.70 to 6.30	N/A		
	05-25-2016	47.90	6.10	21.0		



IC:

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

	Body Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 05-25-2016)										
Frequency	Dielectric Parameters Frequency							Tissue Temp.			
[MHz]	Channel	Permittivity ε _r	Conductivity σ	Permittivity Target ε _r	Conductivity Target σ	Delta (ε _r)	Delta (σ) %	[°C]			
5745	Low CH	48.04	6.05	48.27	5.94	-0.48	1.85	21.0			
5785	Mid CH	47.94	6.09	48.22	5.98	-0.58	1.84	21.0			
5825	High CH	47.84	6.13	48.17	6.03	-0.69	1.66	21.0			
5755	Low CH	48.02	6.06	48.26	5.95	-0.50	1.85	21.0			
5795	High CH	47.91	6.10	48.21	5.99	-0.62	1.84	21.0			

Note:

- 1. The delta (ϵ_r) and (σ) are within ±5%, delta SAR value was not calculated in this report.
- 2. As per IEC 62209-2 Annex F, the SAR correction factor is given by:

$$\Delta$$
SAR = $c_{\epsilon} \Delta \varepsilon_{\Gamma}$ + $c_{\sigma} \Delta \sigma$

For the 1g average SAR $C\epsilon$ and $C\sigma$ are given by:

 C_{ϵ} = -7.854x10^-4f^3 + 9.402x10^-3f^2 - 2.742x10^-2f - 0.2026

 $C_{\sigma} = 9.804x10^{-3}f^{3} - 8.661x10^{-2}f^{2} + 2.981x10^{-2}f + 0.7829$

Where f is the frequency in GHz.

	Body Tissue Simulant Measurement (Test Data: 05-25-2016)											
Frequency												
[MHz]	Channel	Delta (ε _r) %	Delta (σ) %	Сε	Сσ	Delta SAR	[°C]					
5745	Low CH	-0.48	1.85	-0.20	-0.05	0.01	21.0					
5785	Mid CH	-0.58	1.84	-0.20	-0.05	0.03	21.0					
5825	High CH	-0.69	1.66	-0.20	-0.04	0.06	21.0					
5755	Low CH	-0.50	1.85	-0.20	-0.05	0.02	21.0					
5795	High CH	-0.62	1.84	-0.20	-0.04	0.04	21.0					

Note: The Δ SAR refers to the percent change in SAR relative to the percent change in dielectric properties versus the target values. A negative Δ SAR would translate to a lower measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. A positive Δ SAR would translate to a higher measured SAR value than what would be measured if using dielectric properties equal to the target values. SAR correction shall not be made when the Δ SAR has a positive sign to provide a conservative SAR value. The SAR is only corrected when Δ SAR has a negative sign.

Page: 19 of 81



3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Вс	ody
(MHz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	E _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5750	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

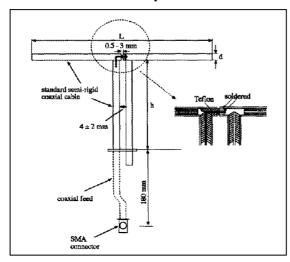
(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6
5750MHz	20.6	14.2	3.6

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Body								
Validation Dip	pole: D2450V2, SN:	839						
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	49.8 44.82 to 54.78	23.3 20.97 to 25.63	N/A				
	05-25-2016	46.8	21.2	21.0				
Validation Dip	pole: D5GHzV2, SN:	: 1203						
5750 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	75.2 67.68 to 82.72	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A				
05-25-2016 75.7 20.9 21.0								
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.								



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY 5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).



4.3. SAR Measurement Conditions for 802.11 Device

4.3.1. Duty Factor Control

Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

4.3.2. Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.16 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).

- a) When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- b) For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled
	Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	N/A
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	839	2018.02.08
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1078	2018.02.09
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data	Speag	DAE4	1220	2017.02.08
Acquisition Electronic				
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2017.02.18
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2017.03.10
Communication Tester				
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2017.03.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2017.03.10
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2016.10.29
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2016.10.29



7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5	Uncerta	ainty ac	cordin	g to IEI	EE std.	1528-201	13	
Measurement uncertainty	for 300 M	Hz to 3 G	SHz aver	aged ove	er 1 gram	/ 10 gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related		1	•	· ·	•	-1	1	
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup					•			
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	LE 00/	П	/m	0.64	0.42	14.00/	14.00/	
(target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	10.50/	N	4	0.64	0.42	±1.6%	14.40/	8
(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.0%	±1.1%	ω
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	8
(target)	13.0 /0		γo	0.0	0.48	±1.7 /0	⊥1.4/0	
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	8
(meas.)	±2.0 /0	11	'	0.0	U.73	1.5/0	±1.∠/0	
Combined Std. Uncertain	inty					±11.0%	±10.8%	387
Expanded STD Uncertain	inty					±22.0%	±21.5%	

Page: 26 of 81



DASY5	Uncerta	inty ac	cordin	g to IEI	EE std.	1528-201	13	
Measurement uncertainty	for 3 GHz	to 6 GH	z averag	ed over 1	gram / 1	0 gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	8
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±9.9%	R	√3	1	1	±5.7%	±5.7%	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	. F. O0/	Б	(a	0.64	0.42	14.00/	14.00/	∞
(target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	~
Liquid Conductivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	14 40/	8
(meas.)	12.5%	IN	ı	0.04	0.43	±1.0%	±1.1%	ω
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	8
(target)	±0.070	'`	Ψ.	0.0	0.40	±1.7 /0	±17/0	
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
(meas.)	070	'	<u> </u>		0.40	1.070	±1.2/0	
Combined Std. Uncertain	inty					±12.8%	±12.6%	330
Expanded STD Uncertain	inty					±25.6%	±25.2%	



DASY5 U	ncertain	ity acco	ording t	o IEC 6	2209-2	/2010		
Measurement uncertainty for 30 M		•	•					
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	Value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.5%	N	1	1	1	±6.5%	±6.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related		•	•	•	•			
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	8
Power Scaling	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup		•	•	•	•		•	
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	√3	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.26	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±5.2%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.3%	±2.1%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.8%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.8%	±12.7%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±25.6%	±25.4%	



8. Conducted Power Measurement

Antenna 1:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power	Max. Power	Scaling
		(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor
	2426.2	14.32	14.5	1.042
2.4G transmit	2443	14.30	14.5	1.047
	2461	14.20	14.5	1.072
	5745	14.09	14.5	1.099
802.11a	5785	13.86	14.0	1.033
	5825	13.73	14.0	1.064
	5745	13.09	13.5	1.099
802.11n(20MHz)	5785	12.60	13.0	1.096
	5825	12.09	12.5	1.099
000 44 - (40MH-)	5755	11.65	12.0	1.084
802.11n(40MHz)	5795	11.90	12.0	1.023

Antenna 2:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power	Max. Power	Scaling
		(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor
	2426.2	14.55	15.0	1.109
2.4G transmit	2443	13.79	14.0	1.050
	2461	14.13	14.5	1.089
	5745	14.08	14.5	1.102
802.11a	5785	14.09	14.5	1.099
	5825	13.87	14.0	1.030
	5745	12.62	13.0	1.091
802.11n(20MHz)	5785	12.77	13.0	1.054
	5825	12.47	12.5	1.007
000 44 - (40 M I I -)	5755	11.50	12.0	1.122
802.11n(40MHz)	5795	12.25	12.5	1.059



vertical

9. Test Procedures

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASURE	MENT										
Ambient Temperati	ure (°C) : 2	21.5 ± 2		Relative Humidity (%): 52							
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2					Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						
Product: Radio Controller											
Frequency: 2426.2	- 2461 MF	łz									
Test Antenna: Antenna 2											
	Antenna	Frequency		Frame	Power	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled	Limit		
Body (0mm gap)	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Bottom-Antenna Horizontal	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	-0.15	0.036	1.109	0.040	1.6		
Left side-Antenna Horizontal	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	-0.10	0.028	1.109	0.031	1.6		
Right side-Antenna Horizontal	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	-0.06	0.033	1.109	0.037	1.6		
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	0.10	0.023	1.109	0.026	1.6		

Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Radio Controller

Frequency: 2426.2- 2461 MHz

Test Antenna: Antenna 2

Test Position	Antenna	Frequency		Frame	Scaled SAR	Duty	Duty	Duty Cycle	Limit
Body (0mm gap)	Position	Channel		Power (dBm)	1g (W/kg)	cycle (%)	factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	01	2426.2	14 55	0.040	97.58	1.02	0.041	1.6
Horizontal	Fixed	01	2420.2	14.55	0.040	97.50	1.02	0.041	1.0
Left side-Antenna	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	0.031	97.58	1.02	0.032	1.6
Horizontal	Fixed	01	2420.2	14.55	0.031	97.50	1.02	0.032	1.0
Right side-Antenna	Eivod	Fixed 01	2426.2	14.55	0.037	97.58	1.02	0.037	1.6
Horizontal	rixeu								
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	01	2426.2	14.55	0.026	97.58	1.02	0.026	1.6
vertical	FIXEU	01	2420.2	14.55	0.020	91.00	1.02	0.020	1.0

Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is \leq 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Radio Controller

Frequency: 5785 - 5825 MHz

Test Antenna: Antenna 1

Test Mode:802.11a

	1								
Test Position	Antenna	Frequency		Frame	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled	Limit
Body (0mm gap)	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)
(onini gap)				` '	(===,			` ",	
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	159	5745	14.09	-0.13	0.052	1.099	0.057	1.6
Horizontal									
Left side-Antenna	Fixed	159	5745	14.09	0.06	0.045	1.099	0.049	1.6
Horizontal									
Right side-Antenna	Fixed	150	5745	44.00	0.05	0.004	1 000	0.000	1.6
Horizontal		159		14.09	0.05	0.021	1.099	0.023	1.6
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	150	574F		0.45	0.040	1 000	0.054	1.6
vertical	Fixed	159	5745	14.09	0.15	0.049	1.099	0.054	1.6

Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Radio Controller

Frequency: 5785 - 5825 MHz

Test Antenna: Antenna 1

Test Mode:802.11a

1001 1104 1104										
Body		Frequency		Frame	Scaled	Duty		Duty Cycle		
	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	cycle (%)	Duty factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	159	5745	14.09	0.057	96.11	1.04	0.059	1.6	
Horizontal	Tixed	100	3743	14.09	0.037	00.11	1.04	0.000	1.0	
Left side-Antenna	Fixed	159	5745	14.09	0.049	96.11	1.04	0.051	1.6	
Horizontal	Fixeu	100	0140	14.09	0.043	30.11	1.01	0.001	1.0	
Right side-Antenna	Fived	Fixed 159	5745	14.09	0.023	96.11	1.04	0.024	1.6	
Horizontal	Fixeu									
Bottom-Antenna	Fixed	159	5745	44.00	0.054	96.11	1.04	0.056	1.6	
vertical	Fixed	rixed	109	3745	14.09	0.054	90.11	1.04	0.056	1.0

Note 1: When the reported SAR of the initial test position is \leq 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).



9.2. SAR Test Notes

9.2.1. Test position and configuration

- 1. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 2. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 3. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 4. Reported SAR were scaled to the maximum duty factor to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02.

WLAN Notes:

When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels is not required.

9.2.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario

Simult Tx	Configuration	2.4G SAR (W/kg)	5G SAR (W/kg)	∑ SAR (W/kg)
Body	Bottom-Antenna Horizontal	0.041	0.059	0.1

Note 1: Wi-Fi SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

2: Body worn at 0mm.



Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 05-25-2016

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450(2450MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

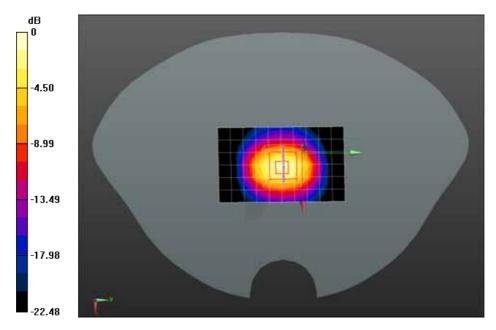
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Body 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 75.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.4 W/kg = 11.27 dBW/kg



Date/Time: 05-25-2016

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 5750MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.03$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=100mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

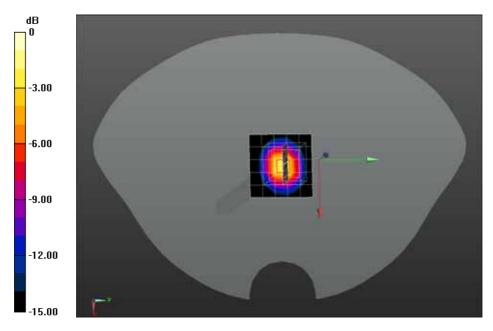
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body 5750MHz/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.08 W/kg

Configuration/Body 5750MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 46.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



0 dB = 10.2 W/kg = 9.86 dBW/kg



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 05-25-2016

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi (0); Communication System Band: 802.11; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2426.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2426.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

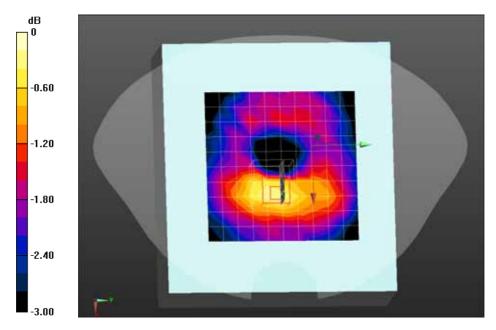
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0364 W/kg

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.922 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0640 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0382 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0382 W/kg = -14.18 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

Transmit at 2426.2MHz Left side-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi (0); Communication System Band: 802.11; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2426.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2426.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Left side/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

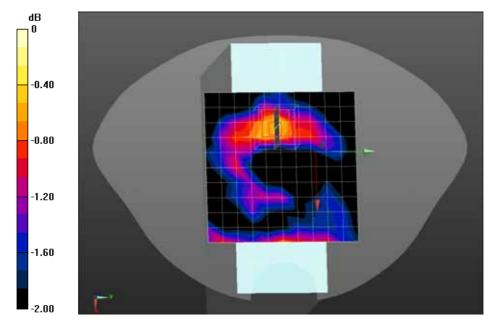
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0275 W/kg

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.943 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0480 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0305 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0305 W/kg = -15.16 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

Transmit at 2426.2MHz Right side-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi (0); Communication System Band: 802.11; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2426.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2426.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Right side/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

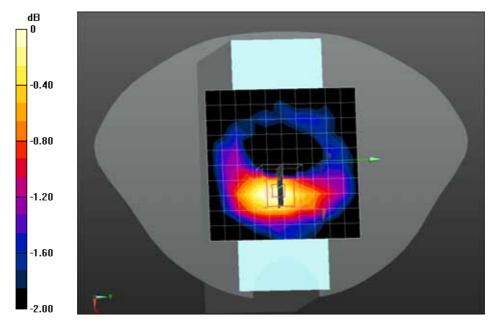
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0378 W/kg

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.724 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0363 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0363 W/kg = -14.40 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom-Antenna Vertical

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, Wi-Fi (0); Communication System Band: 802.11; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0;

Frequency: 2426.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2426.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.31$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom AV/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

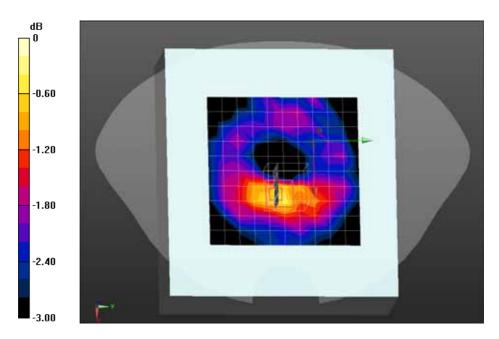
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0221 W/kg

Configuration/Transmit at 2426.2MHz Bottom AV/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 1.985 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0390 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0243 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0243 W/kg = -16.14 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11a 5745MHz Bottom-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\rho = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\epsilon r = 48.04$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

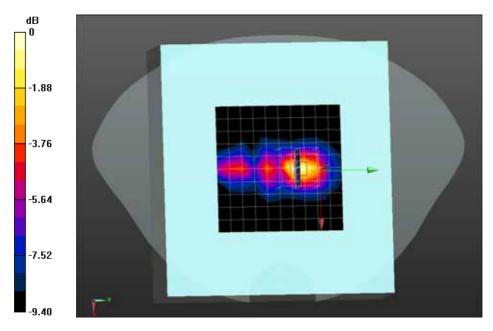
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Bottom/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Bottom/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 1.567 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.052 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 W/kg



0 dB = 0.054 W/kg = -17.67 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11a 5745MHz Left side-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\rho = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\epsilon r = 48.0$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

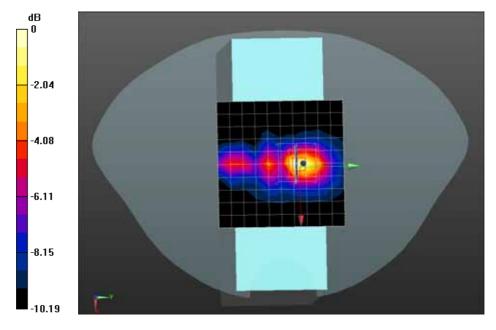
Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Left side/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Left side/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 1.582 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.069 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.049 W/kg



0 dB = 0.049 W/kg = -18.40 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11a 5745MHz Right side-Antenna Horizontal

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\rho = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\epsilon r = 48.04$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

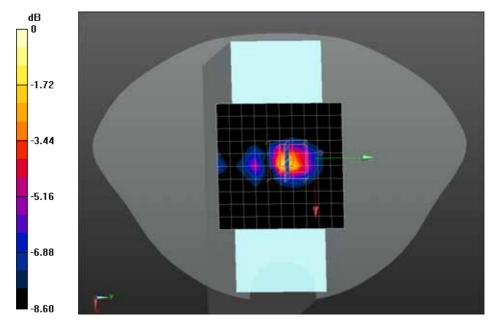
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Body-Right side/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 1.392 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.035 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 W/kg



0 dB = 0.028 W/kg = -20.47 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11a 5745MHz Bottom-Antenna Vertical

DUT: Radio Controller; Type: YKQ01FM

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: 5GHz(5000.0-6000.0MHz); Duty

Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\rho = 6.05$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 48.04$; $\epsilon r = 48.04$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 19/02/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/02/2016
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Body-Bottom/Area Scan (11x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

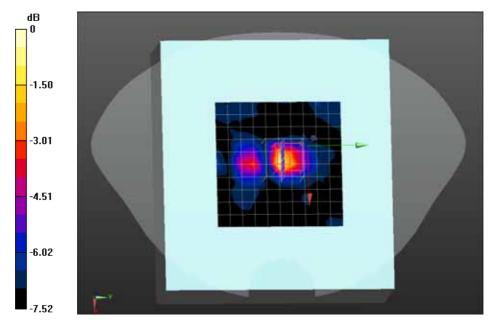
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 W/kg

Configuration/802.11a 5745MHz Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm; Reference Value = 1.714 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.062 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.058 W/kg



0 dB = 0.058 W/kg = -19.03 dBW/kg



Appendix C. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client QTK-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3710
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 19, 2016
The measurements and the u	cuments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si). Incertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. Inducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+=10
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Rely
			Issued: February 20, 2016

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

Page 1 of 11



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16 Page 2 of 11



EX3DV4 - SN:3710

February 19, 2016

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3710

Manufactured:

July 21, 2009

Calibrated:

February 19, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

Page 3 of 11



EX3DV4-SN:3710

February 19, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.40	0.39	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	102.5	102.6	100.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^b (k=2)
0	CW	X	X 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	183.2	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		187.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4-SN:3710

February 19, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.20	1.50	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.83	9.83	9.83	0.24	1.30	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.18	1.65	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.11	9.11	9.11	0.26	1.23	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.45	0.83	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.39	0.83	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.47	0.81	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.95	6.95	6.95	0.43	0.88	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.38	0.99	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Full Attribute of the convExtended to ± 110 MHz.

Attribute of the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the convExtended to ± 10% if l

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

February 19, 2016



EX3DV4- SN:3710

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.22	10.22	10.22	0.08	1.50	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.49	9.49	9.49	0.35	1.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.30	1.10	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.27	9.27	9.27	0.29	1.10	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.35	0.86	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.77	6.77	6.77	0.36	0.95	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.28	6.28	6.28	0.24	1.52	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.67	3.67	3.67	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

**At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the convergence above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the convergence above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the convergence above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the convergence above 3 GHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16 Page 6 of 11

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

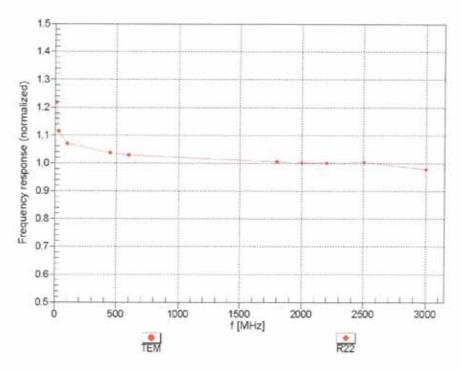
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip

diameter from the boundary.



EX3DV4-SN:3710 February 19, 2016

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



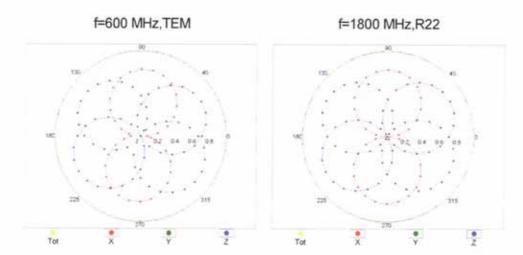
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

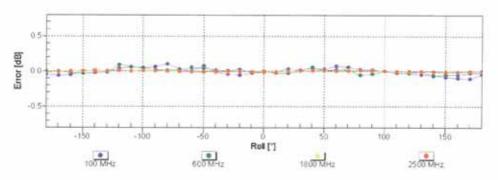
Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16



EX3DV4- SN:3710 February 19, 2016

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





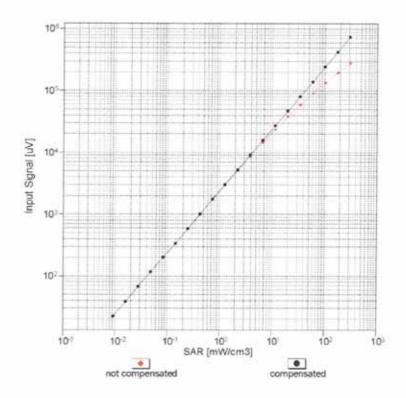
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

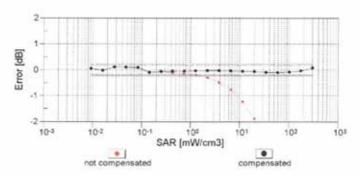
Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16 Page 8 of 11



EX3DV4- SN:3710 February 19, 2016

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





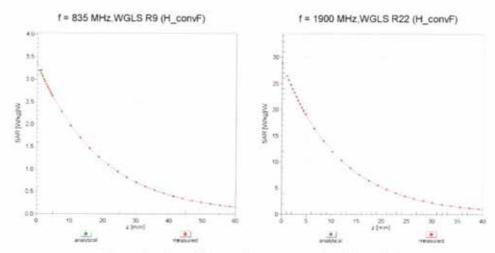
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16 Page 9 of 11

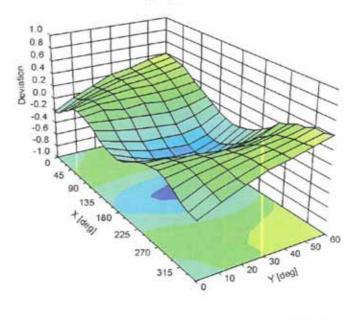


EX3DV4- SN:3710 February 19, 2016

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\phi, \theta), f = 900 MHz



-1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16

Page 10 of 11



EX3DV4-SN:3710

February 19, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	80.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Feb16 Page 11 of 11



Appendix D. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CALIBRATION	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 8	339	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 09, 201	6	
	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages are	nd are part of the certificate.
		y tacinty, environment temperature (22.2.3)	C and numbers < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	E critical for calibration)		Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	E critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	E critical for calibration) ID # G837480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # G837480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&1 Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX30V4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX30V4 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX30V4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Dec-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX30V4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20K) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4208	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-08 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-05 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20K) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4208	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX30V4 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-16 Oct-16 Oct-16 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

Page 1 of 8

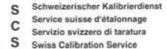


Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

Page 3 of 8



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$55.4 \Omega + 2.0 jΩ$
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.2 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.143 ns
, ,	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 20, 2009

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

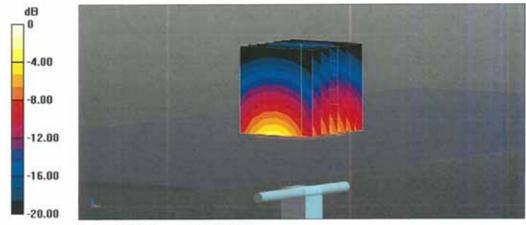
DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 113.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg

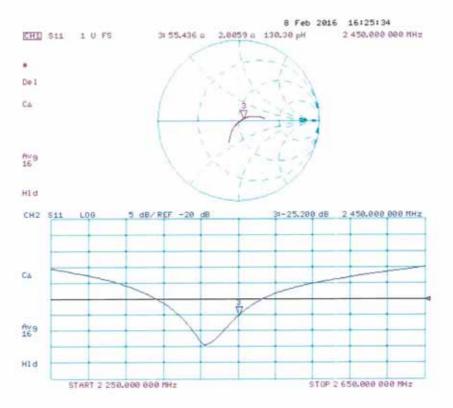


0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

Page 6 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 09.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 839

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015

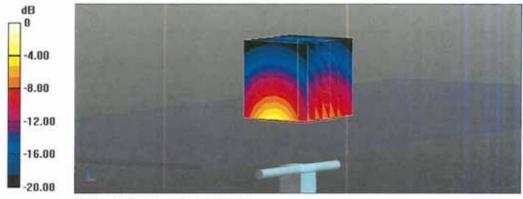
Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg

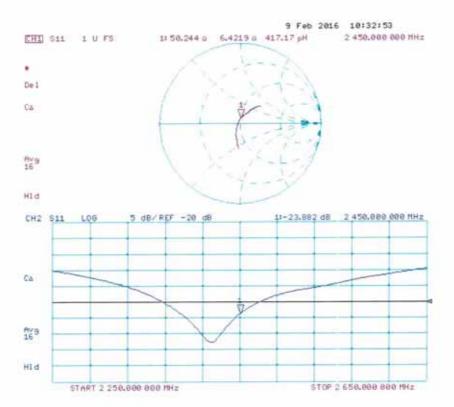


0 dB = 20.4 W/kg = 13.10 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16







Certificate No: D2450V2-839_Feb16

Page 8 of 8



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client QTK-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1078

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: February 10, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16	
US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16	
MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	200.00	
SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)		
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)		
SN: 3503	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-3503_Dec15)		
SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16	
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
100972			
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16	
	US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601	US37292783 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) SN: 5058 (20k) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) SN: 3503 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-3503_Dec15) SN: 601 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) ID # Check Date (in house) 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	US37292783 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222) Oct-16 MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223) Oct-16 SN: 5058 (20k) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) Mar-16 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) Mar-16 SN: 3503 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-3503_Dec15) Dec-16 SN: 601 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Dec-16 ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) In house check: Jun-18

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: February 11, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

Page 1 of 13



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

Page 2 of 13



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.71 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.6 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	5.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.1 ± 6 %	5.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	5.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	6.15 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16 Page 6 of 13



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 7.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.9 Ω - 5.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.8 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 6.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.3 Ω - 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω + 0.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.192 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	September 26, 2008	

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

Page 7 of 13



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 04.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1078

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.05$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.53, 5.53, 5.53); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

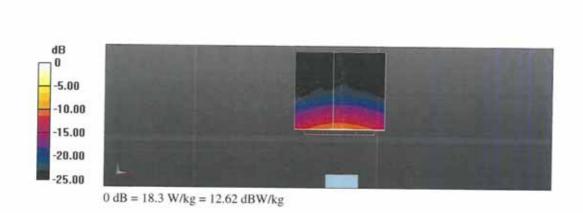
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

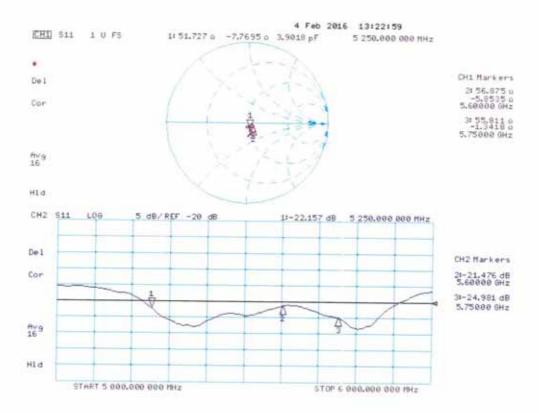
Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16 Page 8 of 13











Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

Page 10 of 13



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.02.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1078

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.46$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.15$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 31.12.2015, ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

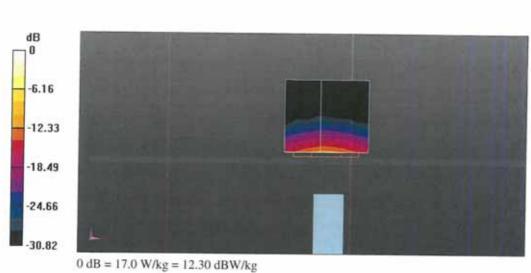
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

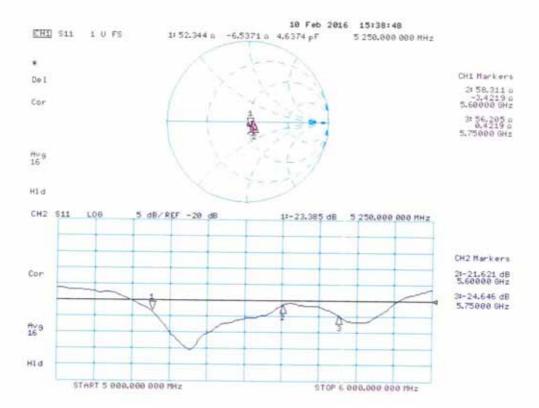
Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16 Page 11 of 13







Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1078_Feb16

Page 13 of 13



Appendix E. DAE Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client QTK (Auden) Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1220

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: February 09, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-15 (No:17153)	Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17
HOLD DAT CHINGING OUR			

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Eric Hainfeld Technician

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: February 9, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb16 Page 1 of 5



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb16 Page 2 of 5



DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	х	Y	z
High Range	405.200 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.917 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.148 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97868 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99493 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98743 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

onnector Angle to be used in DASY system	175.5 ° ± 1 °
--	---------------

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb16 Page 3 of 5



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199992.49	-1.95	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20002.61	1.47	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19998.19	2.75	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199990.16	-4.79	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.95	-0.12	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20000.64	0.07	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199992.42	-2.65	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19999.85	-1.16	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20001.51	-0.58	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.70	-0.41	-0.02
Channel X + Input	201.26	-0.07	-0.03
Channel X - Input	-198.71	-0.13	0.07
Channel Y + Input	2000.99	-0.18	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	201.09	-0.36	-0.18
Channel Y - Input	-198.41	0.05	-0.03
Channel Z + Input	2000.72	-0.36	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	200.53	-0.75	-0.37
Channel Z - Input	-199.64	-1.25	0.63

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	9.84	7.96
	- 200	-8.01	-9.87
Channel Y	200	-8.25	-8.80
	- 200	8.16	7.85
Channel Z	200	11.73	11.96
	- 200	-14.95	-14.75

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.13	-4.30
Channel Y	200	8.06		2.34
Channel Z	200	9.87	6.25	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Feb16

Page 4 of 5



4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15882	14889
Channel Y	16011	15892
Channel Z	15707	16206

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec locut 10MO

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.45	-1.43	2.29	0.44
Channel Y	0.15	-1.62	1.28	0.42
Channel Z	-0.81	-1.60	0.84	0.43

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9