

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

CLC HONG KONG LIMITED

1011A, 10/F., Harbour Centre Tower 1, No.1 Hok Cheung St., Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong

FCC ID: 2AG4WZ711

Report Type: Product Type: Optimax 10.0 Original Report **Test Engineer:** Rocky Xiao **Report Number:** RDG160503004-20 **Report Date:** 2016-05-31 Jerry Zhang Jerry Zhang **Reviewed By:** EMC Manager **Test Laboratory:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Dongguan).

	At	testation of Test Results					
	Company Name	CLC HONG KONG LIMITED					
	EUT Description	Tablet					
EUT	FCC ID	2AG4WZ711					
Information	Tested Model	Z711					
	Serial Number	160503004					
	Test Date	2016-05-24 ,2016-05-25					
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit				
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	1.336					
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	1.271					
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	1.100	SAR Limit =				
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	0.735	1. 6 W/Kg				
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	AR 1.736 SPLSR I (SPLSR=0.03) 0.04					
Hotspot	1g Body SAR	1.736 (SPLSR=0.03)					
Applicable Standards	Electromagnetic Filed ANSI / IEEE C95.3 IEEE Recommended Electromagnetic Field GHz. FCC 47 CFR part 2. Radiofrequency radia IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Absorption Rate (SA) Measurement Technic IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to racommunication device to determine the spec in close proximity to KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 Ge KDB 865664 D01 SA KDB 865664 D02 RE	TIEEE C95.1: 2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency omagnetic Fileds, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. TIEEE C95.3: 2002 Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency omagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields, 100 kHz—300 TOFR part 2.1093 Requency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices 528:2013 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific of the Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: rement Techniques 2209-2:2010 Rexposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless unication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Proceduremine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used to proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) Procedures 47498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 65664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 65664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 41225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01					

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

SAR Evaluation Report 2 of 50

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	4
EUT DESCRIPTION	5
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	5
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES	6
SAR LIMITS	7
FACILITIES	8
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	9
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	14
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	14
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	15
Liquid Verification	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	16
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR	
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	
EAR/TILT POSITION	
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	
TEST METHODOLOGY	
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	
PROVISION APPLICABLE	
TEST PROCEDURE	
RADIO CONFIGURATION	
MAXIMUM TARGET OUTPUT POWER	
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTSSAR TEST DATA	
SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES)	41
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	45
APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	47
BODY-WORN BACK SETUP PHOTO(0 MM)	
BODY-WORN HEADSET SETUP PHOTO(0 MM) BODY-WORN TOP SETUP PHOTO(0MM)	
BODY-WORN TOP SETUP PHOTO(UMM)	
APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG160503004-20	Original Report	2016-05-31

Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 4 of 50

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *CLC HONG KONG LIMITED* and their product, Model: Z711, FCC ID: 2AG4WZ711 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Technical Specification

Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
	GSM Voice, GPRS/EDGE Data,
	WCDMA R99 (Voice + Data), HSUPA Rel 6, HSDPA Rel 7,
Operation Mode:	DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 8
	WLAN
	Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
European au Don de	WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN: 2412MHz-2462 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480 MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.56 dBm
	PCS 1900: 29.67 dBm
	WCDMA Band 5: 22.28 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA Band 2: 22.43 dBm
	WLAN: 9.70 dBm
	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): -0.8 dBm
	BLE:-6.08 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	$24.0 \text{ cm (L)} \times 17.0 \text{ cm (W)} \times 1.0 \text{ cm (H)}$
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Body-worn

SAR Evaluation Report 5 of 50

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Evaluation Report 6 of 50

SAR Limits

FCC Limit

Report No: RDG160503004-20

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
	(General Population /	(Occupational /			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure			
	Environment)	Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

SAR Evaluation Report 7 of 50

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 8 of 50

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



SAR Evaluation Report 9 of 50

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

SAR Evaluation Report 10 of 50

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 11 of 50

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

Report No: RDG160503004-20

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

SAR Evaluation Report 12 of 50

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	y Tissue
(MHz)	E r	O'(S/m)	Er	O (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

SAR Evaluation Report 13 of 50

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

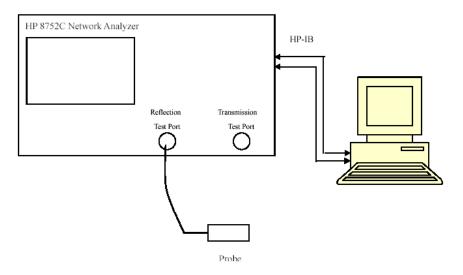
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015/9/18	2016/9/18
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2016/2/19	2017/2/19
Dipole, 900 MHz	D900V2	1d183	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	109038	2015/7/28	2016/7/27
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2016/1/13	2017/1/13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	1512083501	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	1512083502	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ТЅ-1900-Н	1512190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	1512190002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015/6/5	2016/6/4
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015/6/13	2016/6/13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2015/11/23	2016/11/22
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 14 of 50

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Report No: RDG160503004-20

Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Engguenay	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
Frequency	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.312	1.477	53.3	1.52	3.77	-2.83	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.228	1.478	53.3	1.52	3.62	-2.76	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.727	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.8	1.32	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.189	1.514	53.3	1.52	1.67	-0.39	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.599	1.491	53.3	1.52	0.56	-1.91	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.381	1.493	53.3	1.52	0.15	-1.78	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016-05-24.

E	I :: d T	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
Frequency	quency Liquid Type		O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.146	0.963	55.2	0.97	-0.1	-0.72	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.124	0.965	55.2	0.97	-0.14	-0.52	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.077	0.976	55.2	0.97	-0.22	0.62	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.011	0.986	55.2	0.97	-0.34	1.65	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55	0.988	55.2	0.97	-0.36	1.86	±5
900	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	54.985	0.988	55.2	0.97	-0.39	1.86	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016/05/25

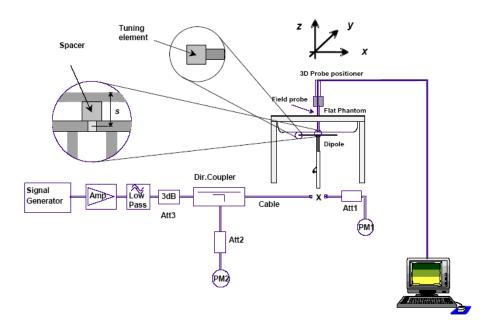
SAR Evaluation Report 15 of 50

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-05-24	1900	1900MHz Body	1g	42.2	40.8	3.43	±10
2016-05-25	900	835MHz Body	1g	11.02	10.6	3.96	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR Evaluation Report 16 of 50

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 900 MHz Body

DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d183

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.985$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 900 MHz Body /**Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 W/kg

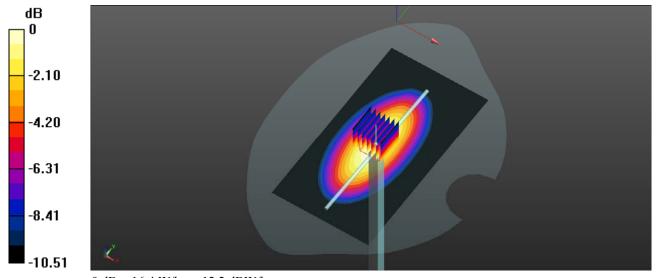
System Performance 900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 118.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg



0 dB = 16.4 W/kg = 12.2 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 17 of 50

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.514 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900 MHz Body /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 50.6 W/kg

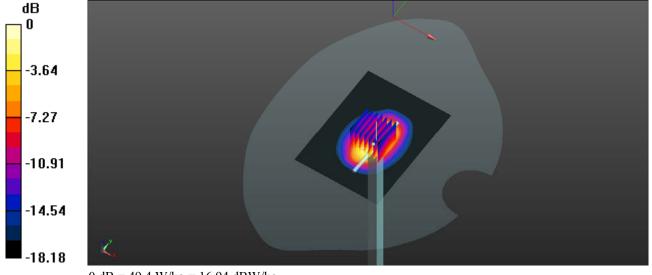
System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 173.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 72.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 42.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 49.4 W/kg



0 dB = 49.4 W/kg = 16.94 dBW/kg

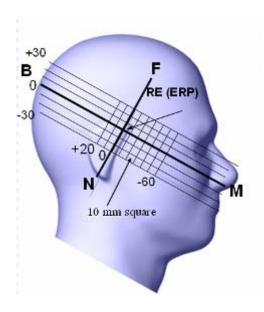
SAR Evaluation Report 18 of 50

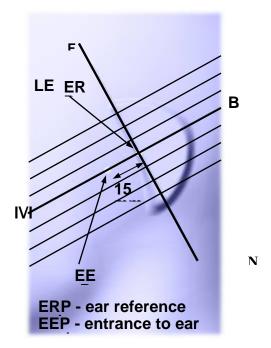
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 19 of 50

Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

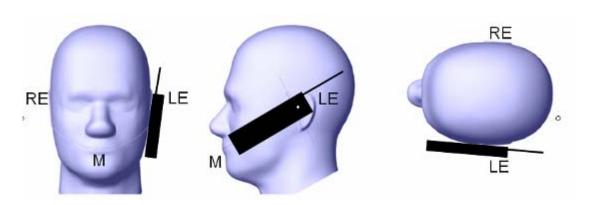
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

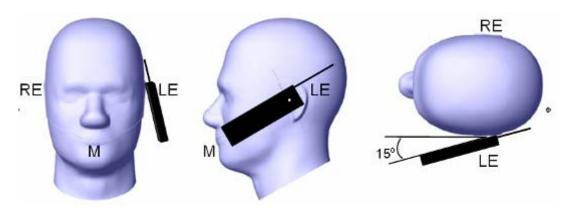
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

SAR Evaluation Report 20 of 50

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

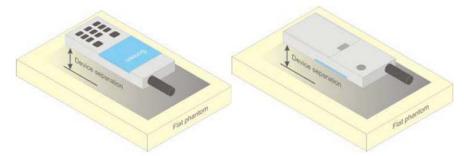


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Report 21 of 50

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 50

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

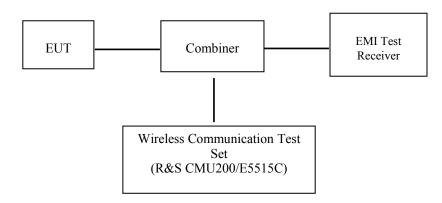
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

Report No: RDG160503004-20



GSM/WCDMA

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Function:

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Network Support > OSIV + OSIV

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900 > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850 > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH

channel

Frequency Offset > +0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel

(test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

choose desired test channel TCH >

SAR Evaluation Report 23 of 50 Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS) 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream Bit Stream >

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input AF/RF Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings Connection

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c/β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	1		
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	1C		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2		
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta_{ m d}$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64					
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	$eta_{ m hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK	8					
HSDPA	DCQI		8				
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor		3				
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor		2				
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15			

SAR Evaluation Report 24 of 50

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1						
WCDMA General	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopba	ack			
	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2				
	$\beta_{\rm c}$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta_{\rm d}$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
Settings	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	β_{c}/β_{d}	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	3/13		
	$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DACK	U	2	8	2	U		
	DNAK			8				
	DCQI			8				
HSDPA	Ack-Nack	Aak Naak						
Specific	repetition factor	3						
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms						
g.	CQI Repetition							
	Factor			2				
	Ahs= β_{hs}/β_{c}			30/15				
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	1/4.7	402.0	203.6	306.9		
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	I PO 4 CI 67 I PO 18 CI 71 I PO23 CI 75 I PO26 CI 81	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	CI 11 E CI PO 4 CI 67 I PO 18 CI 71 EI PO23 CI 75 EI PO26 CI 81 I PO 27		

SAR Evaluation Report 25 of 50

HSPA+

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	βнs (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{c}$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
	ses	0
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

SAR Evaluation Report 26 of 50

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)									
15.170		Channel							
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High						
GSM 850	32.7	32.7	32.7						
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.6	32.6	32.6						
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.8	31.8	31.8						
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30.1	30.1	30.1						
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.3	29.3	29.3						
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.3	27.3	27.3						
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26.4	26.4	26.4						
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24.7	24.7	24.7						
EDGE 4 TX Slot	23.5	23.5	23.5						
PCS 1900	29.8	29.8	29.8						
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.7	29.7	29.7						
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.8	28.8	28.8						
GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.1	27.1	27.1						
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.3	26.3	26.3						
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.1	26.1	26.1						
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.2	25.2	25.2						
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23	23	23						
EDGE 4 TX Slot	21.9	21.9	21.9						
WCDMA Band 5	22.4	22.4	22.4						
HSDPA	21.4	21.4	21.4						
HSUPA	21.3	21.3	21.3						
DC-HSDPA	21.2	21.2	21.2						
HSPA+	21.2	21.2	21.2						
WCDMA Band 2	22.5	22.5	22.5						
HSDPA	21.6	21.6	21.6						
HSUPA	21.6	21.6	21.6						
DC-HSDPA	21.5	21.5	21.5						
HSPA+	21.5	21.5	21.5						
WLAN(802.11b)	9.8	9.8	9.8						
WLAN(802.11g)	9.8	9.8	9.8						
WLAN(802.11n HT20)	9.8	9.8	9.8						
WLAN(802.11n HT40)	9.8	9.8	9.8						
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7						
Bluetooth LE	-6	-6	-6						

Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 27 of 50

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	32.56
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.39
	251	848.8	32.53
	512	1850.2	29.51
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.42
	810	1909.8	29.67

Report No: RDG160503004-20

GPRS:

Dand	Channel	Frequency		RF Output P	ower (dBm)	
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	32.49	31.7	29.97	29.18
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.33	31.51	29.78	28.98
	251	848.8	32.5	31.68	29.94	29.16
	512	1850.2	29.47	28.42	26.75	25.93
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.39	28.39	26.73	25.96
	810	1909.8	29.64	28.65	26.96	26.22

EGPRS:

Band Channel No.	Frequency]				
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	27.22	26.3	24.42	23.37
GSM 850	190	836.6	27.23	26.32	24.44	23.33
	251	848.8	27.24	26.33	24.61	23.36
	512	1850.2	25.69	24.78	22.74	21.55
PCS 1900	661	1880	25.87	24.95	22.85	21.7
	810	1909.8	25.96	25.07	22.91	21.75

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

SAR Evaluation Report 28 of 50

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time	e based avera	ge Power (dB	m)
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	23.49	25.7	25.72	26.18
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.33	25.51	25.53	25.98
	251	848.8	23.5	25.68	25.69	26.16
	512	1850.2	20.47	22.42	22.5	22.93
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.39	22.39	22.48	22.96
	810	1909.8	20.64	22.65	22.71	23.22

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	18.22	20.3	20.17	20.37	
GSM 850	190	836.6	18.23	20.32	20.19	20.33	
	251	848.8	18.24	20.33	20.36	20.36	
	512	1850.2	16.69	18.78	18.49	18.55	
PCS 1900	661	1880	16.87	18.95	18.6	18.7	
	810	1909.8	16.96	19.07	18.66	18.75	

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

SAR Evaluation Report 29 of 50

Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	826.4	21.67
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	22.13
	846.6	22.28
	1852.4	22.43
WCDMA Band 2	1880	22.42
	1907.6	22.28

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Results (HSDPA)

Dand	Frequency		RF Output F	Power (dBm)	
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	826.4	20.69	20.66	20.61	20.64
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.07	20.95	20.98	20.85
	846.6	21.27	21.23	21.19	21.21
	1852.4	21.47	21.31	21.35	21.41
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.43	21.46	21.39	21.41
	1907.6	21.36	21.33	21.34	21.37

Results (HSUPA)

D 1	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)						
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5		
	826.4	20.6	20.67	20.62	20.59	20.52		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.09	21.06	21.01	21.04	21.02		
	846.6	21.23	21.14	21.18	21.16	21.09		
	1852.4	21.43	21.45	21.33	21.38	21.32		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.48	21.44	21.32	21.46	21.33		
	1907.6	21.31	21.24	21.29	21.27	21.24		

SAR Evaluation Report 30 of 50

Results (DC-HSDPA):

D. I	Frequency		RF Output F	Power (dBm)	
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	826.4	20.65	20.63	20.67	20.65
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.1	21.04	21.06	21
	846.6	21.04	21.01	20.96	20.82
	1852.4	21.37	21.24	21.3	21.25
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.37	21.31	21.25	21.28
	1907.6	21.22	21.25	21.23	21.29

Results (HSPA+)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	826.4	20.68
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.05
	846.6	20.89
	1852.4	21.31
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.37
	1907.6	21.21

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1. 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

SAR Evaluation Report 31 of 50

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Channel frequency	RF Output Power
Mode	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	0	2402	-0.87
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	-0.8
	78	2480	-1.11
	0	2402	-1.48
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	-1.41
	78	2480	-1.72
	0	2402	-1.32
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	-1.17
	78	2480	-1.54
	0	2402	-6.11
Bluetooth LE	19	2440	-6.08
	39	2480	-6.45

WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	9.23
802.11b	6	2437	9.70
	11	2462	9.52
	1	2412	9.54
802.11g	6	2437	9.69
	11	2462	9.27
002.11	1	2412	9.23
802.11n HT20	6	2437	9.38
11120	11	2462	9.62
002.11	3	2422	9.15
802.11n HT40	6	2437	9.47
11140	9	2452	9.03

Note:

The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, MSC0 for 802.11n HT20 and 802.11n HT40.

SAR Evaluation Report 32 of 50

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.7-22.3 ℃	21.6-22.4 ℃
Relative Humidity:	29 %	30 %
ATM Pressure:	1004 mbar	1004 mbar
Test Date:	2016-05-24	2016-05-25

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao

GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	0.15	32.56	32.7	1.033	1.041	1.075	/
Body-Back-Headset (0mm)	836.6	GSM	-0.1	32.39	32.7	1.074	1.047	1.124	/
	848.8	GSM	-0.09	32.53	32.7	1.04	1.058	1.1	/
	824.2	GPRS	0.05	29.18	29.3	1.028	1.3	1.336	1#
Body-Back (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.15	28.98	29.3	1.076	1.215	1.307	/
(*******)	848.8	GPRS	0	29.16	29.3	1.033	1.246	1.287	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.02	28.98	29.3	1.076	0.201	0.216	/
(*******)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Top (0mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	0.16	28.98	29.3	1.076	0.375	0.404	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

SAR Evaluation Report 33 of 50

PCS 1900:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	-0.18	29.51	29.8	1.069	0.97	1.037	/
Body-Back-Headset (0mm)	1880	GSM	-0.11	29.42	29.8	1.091	1.003	1.094	/
(******)	1909.8	GSM	-0.06	29.67	29.8	1.03	1.039	1.07	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.2	25.93	26.3	1.089	1.112	1.211	/
Body-Back (0mm)	1880	GPRS	0.14	25.96	26.3	1.081	1.143	1.236	/
(******)	1909.8	GPRS	0.03	26.22	26.3	1.019	1.247	1.271	2#
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (0mm)	1880	GPRS	0.0	25.96	26.3	1.081	0.268	0.29	/
(viiiii)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Top (0mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	0.16	25.96	26.3	1.081	0.329	0.356	/
(onin)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

SAR Evaluation Report 34 of 50

WCDMA Band 5:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode Drift		Drift		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	0.01	21.67	22.4	1.183	0.906	1.072	/
Body-Back (0mm)	836.6	RMC	0.02	22.13	22.4	1.064	1.137	1.21	/
(onni)	846.6	RMC	0.04	22.28	22.4	1.028	1.07	1.1	3#
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (0mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.03	22.13	22.4	1.064	0.255	0.271	/
(********)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Top (0mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.19	22.13	22.4	1.064	0.513	0.555	/
(* 5555)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR Evaluation Report 35 of 50

WCDMA Band 2:

EUT	Frequency	Test Power Max. Meas.			Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	0.15	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.723	0.735	4#
Body-Back (0mm)	1880	RMC	0.1	22.42	22.5	1.019	0.705	0.718	/
(omm)	1907.6	RMC	0.01	22.28	22.5	1.052	0.681	0.716	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (0mm)	1880	RMC	-0.08	22.42	22.5	1.019	0.153	0.156	/
(********)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Top (0mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	0.16	22.42	22.5	1.019	0.33	0.34	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.

 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ½ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR Evaluation Report 36 of 50

SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

Report No: RDG160503004-20

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg;
- When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Body

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band	equency Band Freq.(MHz) EUT Position		Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
GSM 850	824.2	Back	1.336	1.287	1.04	
PCS 1900	1909.8	Back	1.271	1.198	1.06	
WCDMA Band 5	846.6	Back	1.1	1.07	1.03	

Note

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

SAR Evaluation Report 37 of 50

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION





Note:

1. The distance from Antennas to Right/Bottom edge is longer than 50mm, SAR test for Right and Bottom edge is not required.

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simul	And an a Distance (see			
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous? Hotspot?		Antennas Distance (mm)	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0	
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	73	
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	√	73	
WCDMA + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	73	
WCDMA + WLAN		√	73	

SAR Evaluation Report 38 of 50

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2462	9.8	9.55	0	3	3	YES
Bluetooth	2480	-0.7	0.85	0	0.3	3	YES

Report No: RDG160503004-20

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Body	2462	9.8	9.55	0	0.4
BT Body	2480	-0.7	0.85	0	0.036

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

SAR Evaluation Report 39 of 50

Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mada(CAD1+CAD2)	Position	Reported S	Reported SAR(W/kg)		
Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
	Body-Back-Headset	1.124	0.036	1.16	
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Body-Back	1.336	0.036	1.372	
GSM 930+Diuctootii	Body- Left	0.216	0.036	0.252	
	Body- Top	0.404	0.036	0.44	
	Body-Back-Headset	1.094	0.036	1.13	
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Body-Back	1.271	0.036	1.307	
PCS1900 +Diuetootii	Body- Left	0.29	0.036	0.326	
	Body- Top	0.356	0.036	0.392	
WCDMA D. 1	Body-Back	1.21	0.036	1.246	
WCDMA Band 5+Bluetooth	Body- Left	1.1	0.036	1.136	
3 · Bluctooth	Body- Top	0.555	0.036	0.591	
WCDMA D. 1	Body-Back	0.735	0.036	0.771	
WCDMA Band 2+Bluetooth	Body- Left	0.156	0.036	0.192	
2 · Bidetootii	Body- Top	0.34	0.036	0.376	

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg	
		SAR1	SAR2	1.0 W/Kg
GSM 850+ WLAN	Body-Back-Headset	1.124	0.4	1.524
CDDC 070 + WILAN	Body-Back	1.336	0.4	1.736
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.216	0.4	0.616
(Hotspot)	Body- Top	0.404	0.4	0.804
PCS1900 + WLAN	Body-Back-Headset	1.094	0.4	1.494
CDDC 1000 - WILAN	Body-Back	1.271	0.4	1.671
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.29	0.4	0.69
(Hotspot)	Body- Top	0.356	0.4	0.756
NICOMA D. 15 WILAN	Body-Back	1.21	0.4	1.61
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	1.1	0.4	1.5
(Hotspot)	Body- Top	0.555	0.4	0.955
WCDMA D. 12 WI AN	Body-Back	0.735	0.4	1.135
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body- Left	0.156	0.4	0.556
(110tspot)	Body- Top	0.34	0.4	0.74

Note

1. Hotspot mode SAR is applicable for data transmission mode, not for voice call mode, therefor, head use condition is not required for hotspot mode.

SPLSR:

Distance(Ri) =
$$[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]^{0.5}$$
=73 mm
SPLSR1= $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri$ = $(1.336+0.4)^{1.5}/73 = 0.03 < 0.04$

Conclusion:

Sum of SAR: Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg or SAR to peak location separation ratio:(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri < 0.04, therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

SAR Evaluation Report 40 of 50

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Back Low Channel

DUT: Optimax 10.0; Type: Z711;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 slots; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.963 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.146; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160503004-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (101x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.56 W/kg

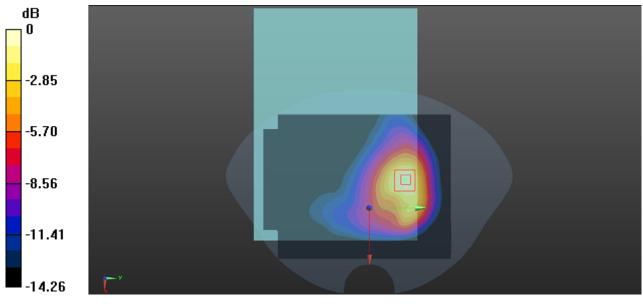
Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.78 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 W/kg



0 dB = 1.58 W/kg = 1.99 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 41 of 50

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 2#:PCS 1900 Back High Channel

DUT: Optimax 10.0; Type: Z711;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 slots; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.493$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.381$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160503004-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (101x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

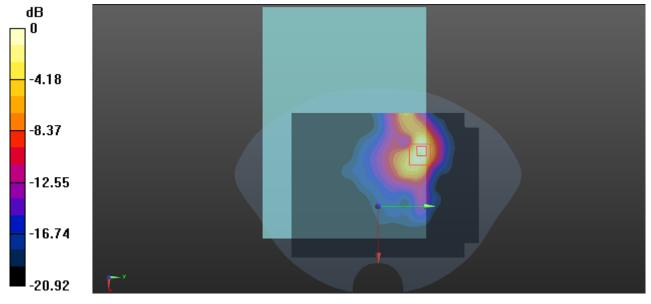
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.547 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.247 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.753 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.524 W/kg



0 dB = 1.524 W/kg = 1.83 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 42 of 50

Test Plot 3#:WCDMA Band V back High Channel

DUT: Optimax 10.0; Type: Z711;

Communication System: Band V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.986 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.011$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160503004-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA Band V Back/Area Scan (91x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

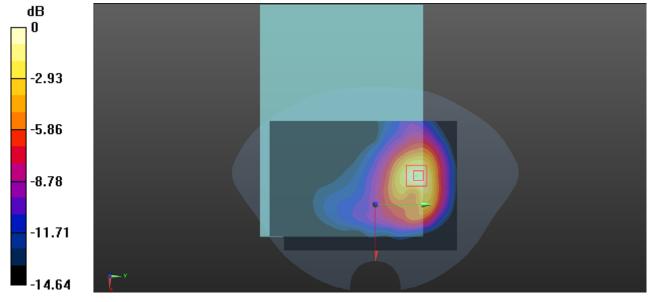
Body/WCDMA Band V Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.596 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



0 dB = 1.37 W/kg = 1.37 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 43 of 50

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 4#:WCDMA Band II Back Low Channel

DUT: Optimax 10.0; Type: Z711;

Communication System: Band II; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.478$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.228$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA Band II Back/Area Scan (91x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.763 W/kg

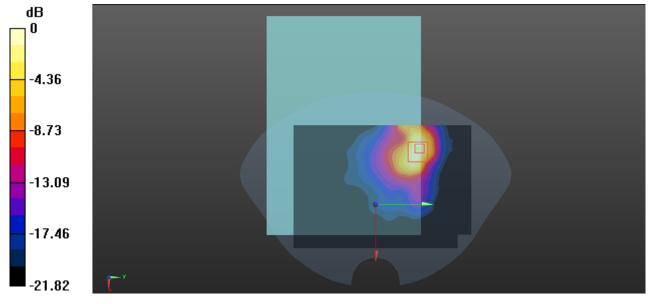
Body/WCDMA Band II Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.813 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.723 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.830 W/kg



0 dB = 0.830 W/kg = -0.81 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 44 of 50

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No: RDG160503004-20

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	erelated						
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom an	d set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2		
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4		
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9		

SAR Evaluation Report 45 of 50

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	
Measurement system								
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
		Test sample	erelated					
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3	
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8	
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6	
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	
		Phantom an	d set-up					
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1	
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2	

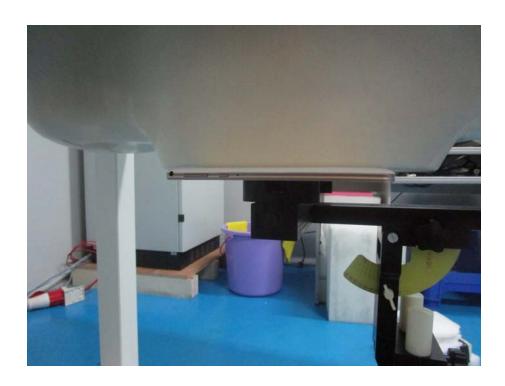
SAR Evaluation Report 46 of 50

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

 $Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$



Body-worn Back Setup Photo(0 mm)



SAR Evaluation Report 47 of 50

Body-worn Headset Setup Photo(0 mm)

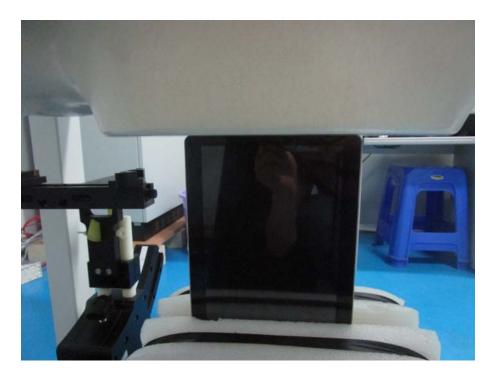


Body-worn Top Setup Photo(0mm)



SAR Evaluation Report 48 of 50

Body worn Left Setup Photo(0mm)



SAR Evaluation Report 49 of 50

APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

***** END OF REPORT *****

Report No: RDG160503004-20

SAR Evaluation Report 50 of 50