



# **ATOM OD12 CPE**

## **Installation & Configuration Guide**

**Model EG8050A-M11**

April 2020

Version 1.2

## About This Document

This document is for operators who will be installing and configuring the Baicells ATOM OD12 CPEs, model EG8050A-M11.

## Related Documents

All technical specifications and documents are on the Baicells website under Resources > [Documentation](#).

- Baicells SNAP PoE+ Router Data Sheet
- Baicells SNAP PoE+ Router User Manual
- Baicells ATOM OD06H/L Data Sheet

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## Revision Record

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## Support Resources

- Documentation - Baicells product data sheets, this document, and other technical manuals may be found at Baicells > Resources > [Documentation](#).
- Support - Open a support ticket, process an RMA, and the Support Forum are at Baicells > [Support](#).

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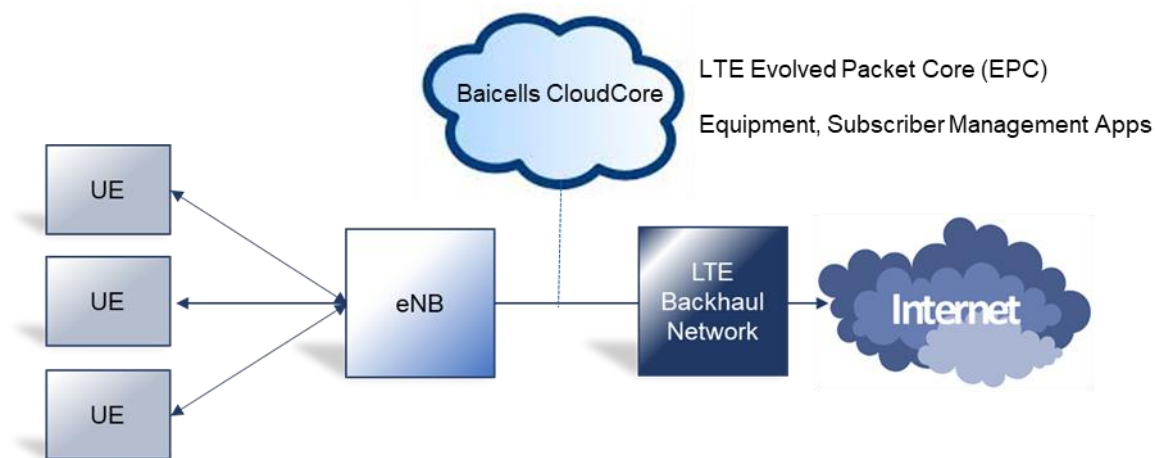
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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1. Description

The Baicells Atom OD12 Outdoor Low-Gain and Outdoor High-Gain User Equipment (UE) is part of a broadband wireless access system that integrates with Long-Term Evolution (LTE) backhaul networks to provide subscribers with Internet access. The UE, also referred to as Customer Premise Equipment (CPE), communicates through a wireless connection to the operator's eNodeB's (eNB) at cell sites located in the region. The eNBs communicate with the backhaul network (错误!未找到引用源。).

Figure 1: LTE Network Architecture



The outdoor low-gain or high-gain UE may be selected because of the distance between the user's location and the closest eNB or for environments where there may be blockage or partial blockage in the wireless signal path between the UE and eNBs in the area - e.g., dense trees or buildings.

As an LTE standards-based product, the Baicells equipment provides higher near-line-of-sight (nLOS) and non-line-of-sight (NLOS) signal penetration than other wireless technologies. The high-gain UE has a higher antenna gain than the low-gain UE, making it possible to get the strongest possible signal reception for subscribers.

The LTE standards organization that defines certain characteristics of user equipment across manufacturers labels each progression of the standards as releases, such as Release 9, Release 10, etc., and categories, such as Category 4 (CAT4) and Category 6/7 (CAT6/7).

Typically the difference from one release/category to the next is in capacity, i.e., higher throughput. There is no physical difference between the CAT4 and CAT6/7 UE, but the low-gain UE and the high-gain UE do look different from one another. A physical comparison is provided in section 4.

## 1.2. ODU Modes

This device can work at two modes, ODU standalone or IDU+ODU mode.

### (1) ODU standalone Mode

Standalone mode, ODU can worked at NAT/TUNNEL/BRIDGE mode

- a) NAT Mode, the ODU work as a LTE and Ethernet Gateway, it converts LTE network data to local Ethernet data.
- b) Tunnel Mode, the ODU can build a L2 or L3 VPN tunnel with a designated VPN server.
- c) Bridge Mode, the ODU can bridge it LTE IP address to LAN port devices, when configured as the bridge, the CPE's LAN port will work as trunk mode, so it can't assign IP address to any no-trunk devices (like PC), so you have to Manual Configure the PC's IP address in the same broadcast domain (e.g. 192.168.150.88).

## (2) IDU+ODU Mode

When the ODU connect to a IDU device (Baicells PoE router), it will automatic be configured as Bridge mode, and assign all its LTE IP to IDU, at that mode, the IDU will take the place of ODU to control all the CPE functions.



### **CAUTION:**

Before contacting Baicells FAE or your distributor, please **DO NOT** mixed use the two modes.

## 1.3. Features

The Baicells Atom UEs provide robust throughput and are designed for growth and expansion as technology evolves. Some of the key features and attributes of the Atom outdoor UEs are listed below. Exact specifications vary by model. For the latest information, please refer to the [Baicells website](#) for your specific UE model.

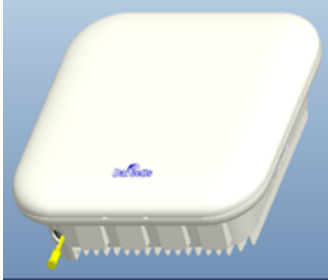


- Standardized LTE TDD bands 42, 43, 48. Customization may be requested.
- Complies with 3GPP Release 11 (CAT12)
- 1000 Mbps Ethernet interface
- Built-in bipolar directional LTE antenna
- Power supply using Power Over Ethernet (PoE)
- Cell lock, SIM lock, and Pin lock
- Pole or wall mount options
- TR-069 management protocol support
- Local and remote GUI management


## 2. Installation

### 2.1. Part & Materials

Refer to Table 1 for a list of the components that you should receive with the Baicells outdoor UE.

**Table 1: Parts**

Item	Qty	Picture
Atom OD12 unit	1	
Power Cable	1	
PoE Power Adaptor	1	

Atom OD12 Mounting Bracket	1 each	
----------------------------	--------	--

You will need standard tools, Ethernet cable, ground wire, and RJ-45 connectors for installing and connecting the outdoor unit (Table 2).

**Table 2: Materials**

Item	Description
Ethernet Cable	Outdoor shield CAT5E, shorter than 330 feet
Ground Wire	16mm <sup>2</sup> yellow-green wire

## 2.2. LEDs & Interfaces

On the low-gain UE the LEDs are on the side of the unit, and the connection interfaces are on the bottom of the unit. On the high-gain UE both the LEDs and the interfaces are on the side of the unit. Refer to [错误!未找到引用源。](#) for a description of the LEDs and [错误!未找到引用源。](#) for a description of the interfaces.

**Table 3: LEDs**

LEDs vary by model – not all models will have all of the LEDs listed below.

Identity	Description	Color	Status	Description
MIU	-	Yellow	Off	Reserved for future use
			Steady On	Reserved for future use
			Blinking	Reserved. for future use
LTE	LTE network status	Blue	Off	The UE is not connected to the network
			Steady On	The UE is connected to the LTE network
SIM/USIM	SIM/USIM card status	Yellow	Steady On	The USIM card is functioning normally
			Blinking	The USIM card is not inserted or is not functioning normally
LAN	100 or 1000 Mbps Local Area Network Ethernet status	Yellow	Off	No Ethernet connection established
			Steady On	Ethernet connection is normal
			Blinking	Data is transmitting
PWR	Power status	Yellow	Off	No power supply to the UE
			Steady On	Power to the UE is on
LTE Signal	1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 bars to indicate wireless connection status. The more bars, the stronger	Green	All Off	The signal is too weak for the UE to connect to the network
			Steady On	Bars will light steadily according to signal strength



Identity	Description	Color	Status	Description
	the signal between the UE and a network cell (eNB).		Blinking	The UE is scanning the network The UE is authenticating with the network The UE is getting an IP address from the network

**Table 4: Interfaces**

Interfaces vary by model – not all models will have all of the interfaces listed below.

Interfaces	Description
PoE	Power over Ethernet (PoE) power adaptor
SIM/USIM Slot	Universal Subscriber Identity Module card slot, 1.8V/3.0V USIM 2FF
RESET	Reset/restore button
GND	Ground lug. The unit is connected to Earth by conductor.

## 2.3. CPE Software

The firmware of the CPE should be BaiCE\_AP\_1.0.1 or above, if the CPE is not running this version, please download it from the Baicells website > Resources > [Firmware](#) or contact Baicells support.

## 2.4. Login

The CPE comes preloaded with a GUI to configure the device. With the CPE turned on and connected to the router, access the GUI login page by opening a Web browser and entering <http://192.168.150.1>.

Figure 2: Login



Initially, use the default Username = *admin*/Password = *admin* (Figure 21). Once you are in the GUI, you will want to change the password; please refer to [section 3.9.1 Account](#).

## 2.5. Status Menu

### 2.5.1. Overview

After logging in, the GUI opens to the Status > Overview page (错误!未找到引用源。). This page is a dashboard of key information regarding the CPE. The top row, *Current State*, shows the network connection status, signal intensity, LAN link status, and the number of smart devices (cell phones, pc's, laptops) connected to the Internet through the CPE.

The *Device Info* pane displays the product name, software version, serial number, etc. The *LTE Status* pane shows important operational information, such as the CPE's SIM card status and its IMSI and IMEI numbers, wireless frequency being used, eNB connection status, and current signal strength and quality.

Under *Throughput Statistics* you will see downlink (DL) and uplink (UL) data rates for current throughput (kbps), average rates, peak rates, and total throughput. The data is measured during a 3-second interval every 5 minutes. The *APN Status* pane displays any gateway connections. The bottom pane, *Devices List*, will show details about all smart devices currently connected through the CPE. Refer to Table 5 for a description of the *Status* fields.

Figure 3: Status

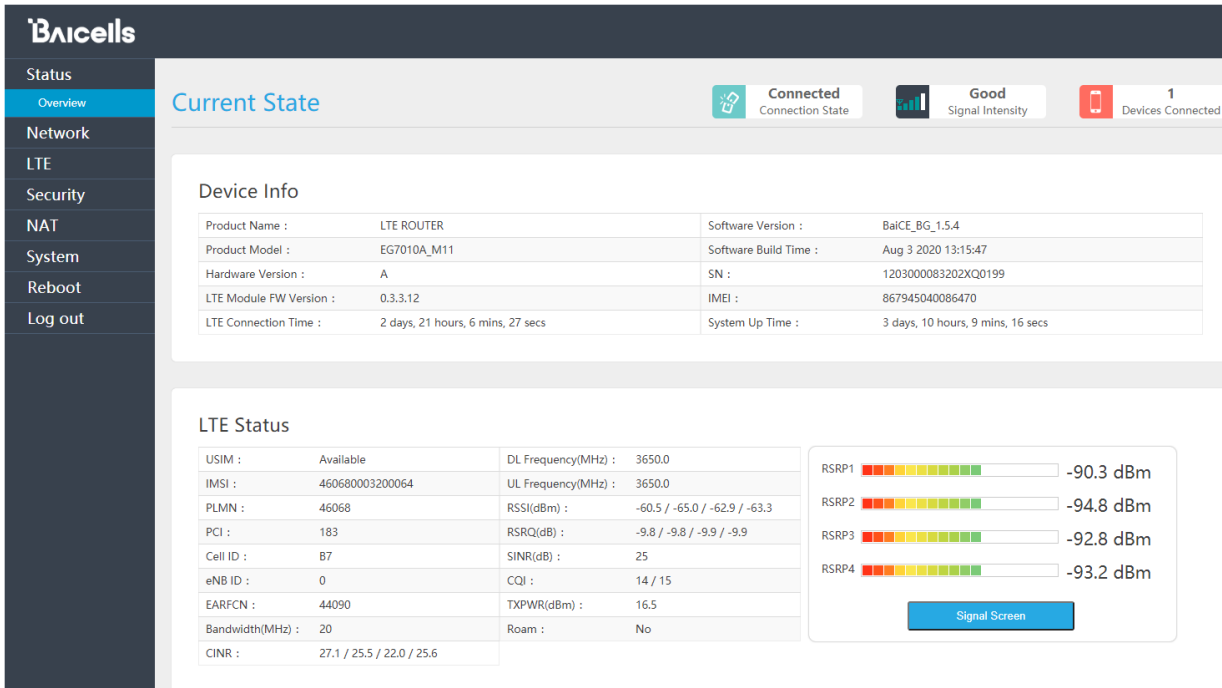


Figure 4: Throughput Statistics

Throughput Statistics

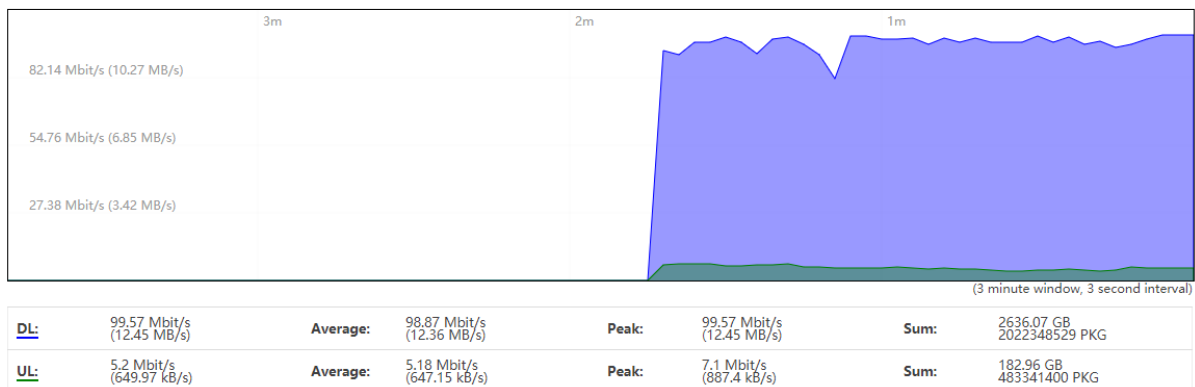


Figure 5: Internet Statistics

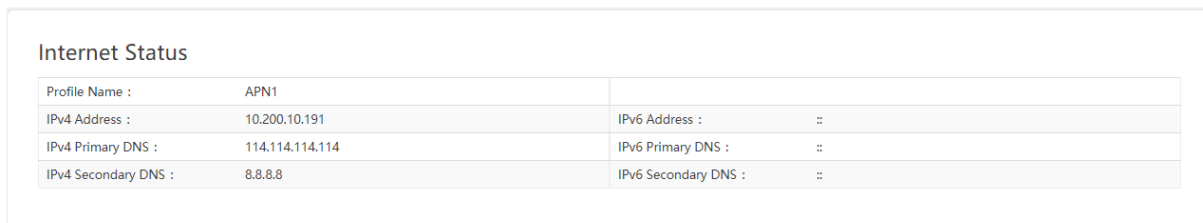


Figure 6: LAN Status

LAN Status			
IPv4 Address :	192.168.150.1	IPv6 Address :	
IPv4 Netmask :	255.255.255.0	IPv6 Prefix :	
IPv4 MAC Address :	48:bf:74:0d:a9:ca	IPv6 Prefix Len :	

Figure 7: Device List

Devices List			
Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Lease Time
DESKTOP-VQ3VNUL	D8:9E:F3:04:DF:09	192.168.150.10	07:48:53

Table 3: Status

Field Name	Description
Connection State	Connection status between the CPE and the network – either Checking SIM, Scanning, Registering, Acquiring IP, Connected, or Disconnected
Signal Intensity	Indicates the strength of the signal between this CPE and the serving eNB, either excellent, good, general, bad, or severe. The ODU CPE hardware typically displays 1 to 5 LEDs to indicate this level (Figure 3&4).
Devices Connected	The number of smart devices connected to the Internet through this CPE via a LAN or Wireless LAN (WLAN)/Wi-Fi connection
Device Info	
Product Name	LTE ROUTER indicates the CPE is operating as a router
Product Model	ODU CPE model number
Hardware Version	ODU CPE hardware version
LTE Module FW Name	LTE Module FW's version
LTE Connection Time	The timer will be reset after every LTE connections
Software Version	ODU CPE operating software version
Software Build Time	Date and time the software was built
SN	Serial Number
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity is like a serial number for the SIM card
System Up Time	The timer will be reset after reboot
LTE Status	
USIM	The Universal Subscriber Identity Module, or SIM, card status is either available or not ready in the ODU CPE
IMSI	The unique International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) number associated with the SIM card in the subscriber's ODU CPE. The IMSI must be identifiable by the operator's LTE network in order to access it.
PLMN	The Public Land Mobile Number (PLMN), or operator network ID, to which the CPE is connected
PCI	The Physical Cell Identifier (PCI) unique to each eNB. PCI indicates to which eNB the ODU CPE is connected. An operator can have multiple eNBs serving the same cell.
eNB ID	The operator's cell site ID to which the CPE is connected. A cell site may comprise more than one eNB. Each eNB is given a PCI to identify it.

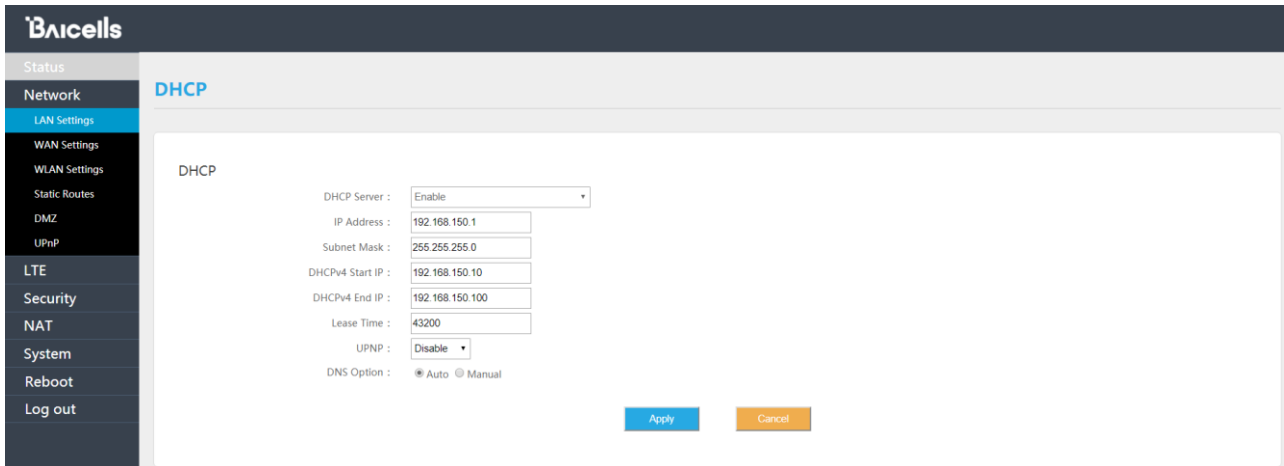
EARFCN	The E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (band and frequency) within which the CPE operates
Bandwidth	The range of frequencies within the band the CPE may use for wireless communications with an eNB, expressed in MHz
CINR	The Channel Signal-to-Interference-plus-Noise Ratio reflects the signal strength of the signal received from the two antennas in the eNB, expressed in decibels (dB) NOTE: Additional SINR values are reported when a transmitting device is using more than two antennas.
DL Frequency	The frequency, in MHz, being used in the downlink (eNB to CPE). In LTE, the carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the EARFCN, which identifies the LTE band and carrier frequency.
UL Frequency	The frequency, in MHz, that the CPE is using in the uplink (CPE to eNB). In LTE, the carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the EARFCN, which identifies the LTE band and carrier frequency.
RSSI (dBm)	
RSRQ (dBm)	Reference Signal Receiving Quality indicates the quality of the wireless signal
CQI	Channel Quality indication
TXPWR (dBm)	Real time UE TX power
Roam	Roam status
Throughput Statistics	
DL	The current downlink data throughput rate, in Kbps
UL	The current uplink data throughput rate, in Kbps
Average	The average DL and UL data throughput rates, in Kbps, for this CPE in the last 3 minutes
Peak	The peak DL and UL data throughput rates, in Kbps, for this CPE in the last 3 minutes
Sum	The total (sum) DL and UL data throughput rates, in Kbps
Internet Status	
APN Number	Access Point Name (gateway) connection to other network devices. At least one APN must be configured to establish the TR-069 connection to the CloudCore or other NMS
Enable	Indicates if the APN is enabled or disabled
MAC Address	MAC address of the APN gateway
Connection Type	Type of network connection
IP Address	IPv4, IPv6, or IPv4v6 address of the APN gateway
DNS server	Domain Name Server IP address
LAN Status	
MAC Address	MAC address of the LAN device, e.g., router, to which the CPE is connected
IP Address	The IP address of the LAN device
Netmask	The subnet mask of the LAN device
Devices List	
Index	Numerical ID assigned to each smart device connected through the ODU CPE
Device Name	The name of each smart device connected through the CPE
MAC Address	The MAC address of each smart device connected through the CPE
IP Address	The IP address of each device connected through the CPE
Lease Time	Amount of time a smart device's IP address has been leased
Type	Type of smart device connection

## 2.6. Network Menu

### 2.6.1. LAN Settings

Enter the Network > LAN DHCP Server enable, IP address, subnet mask, DHCP range, lease time, UPnP enable.

Figure 8: DHCP Settings



**Bicells**

Status

Network **DHCP**

LAN Settings

WAN Settings

WLAN Settings

Static Routes

DMZ

UPnP

LTE

Security

NAT

System

Reboot

Log out

DHCP

DHCP Server :

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

DHCPv4 Start IP :

DHCPv4 End IP :

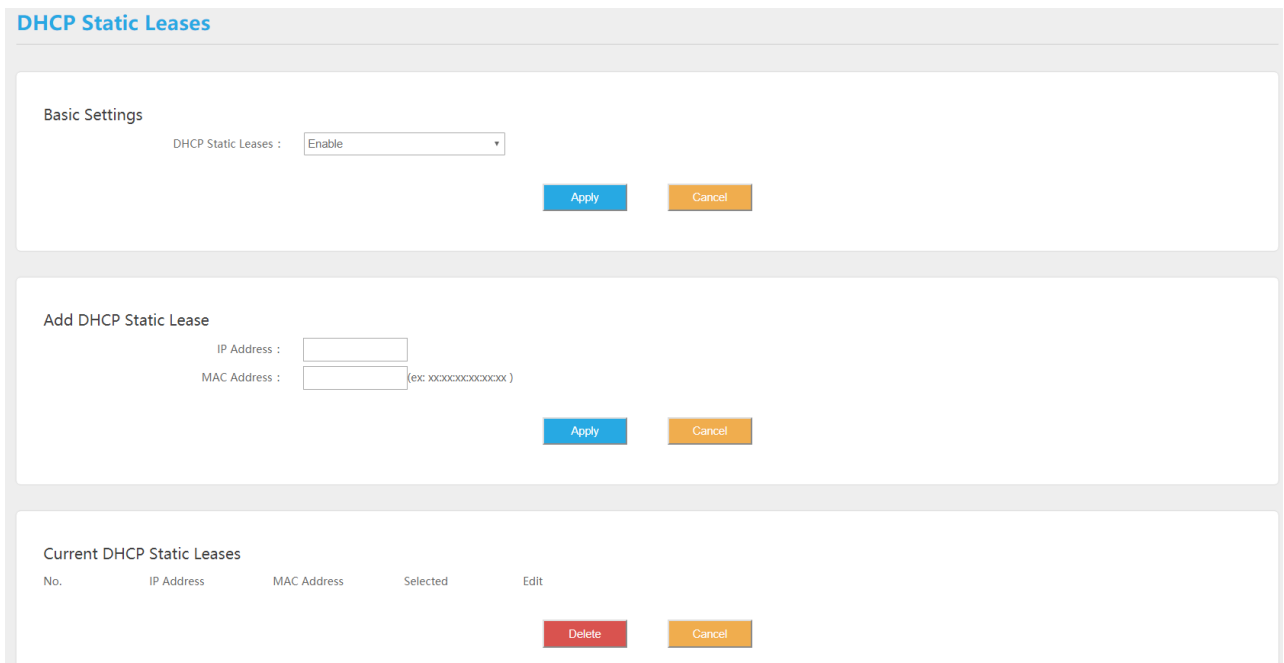
Lease Time :

UPnP :

DNS Option :  Auto  Manual

DHCP Static Leases settings can set by the host's MAC address.

Figure 9: DHCP Static Leases



**DHCP Static Leases**

Basic Settings

DHCP Static Leases :

Add DHCP Static Lease

IP Address :

MAC Address :  (ex: xxxxxxxxxx)

Current DHCP Static Leases

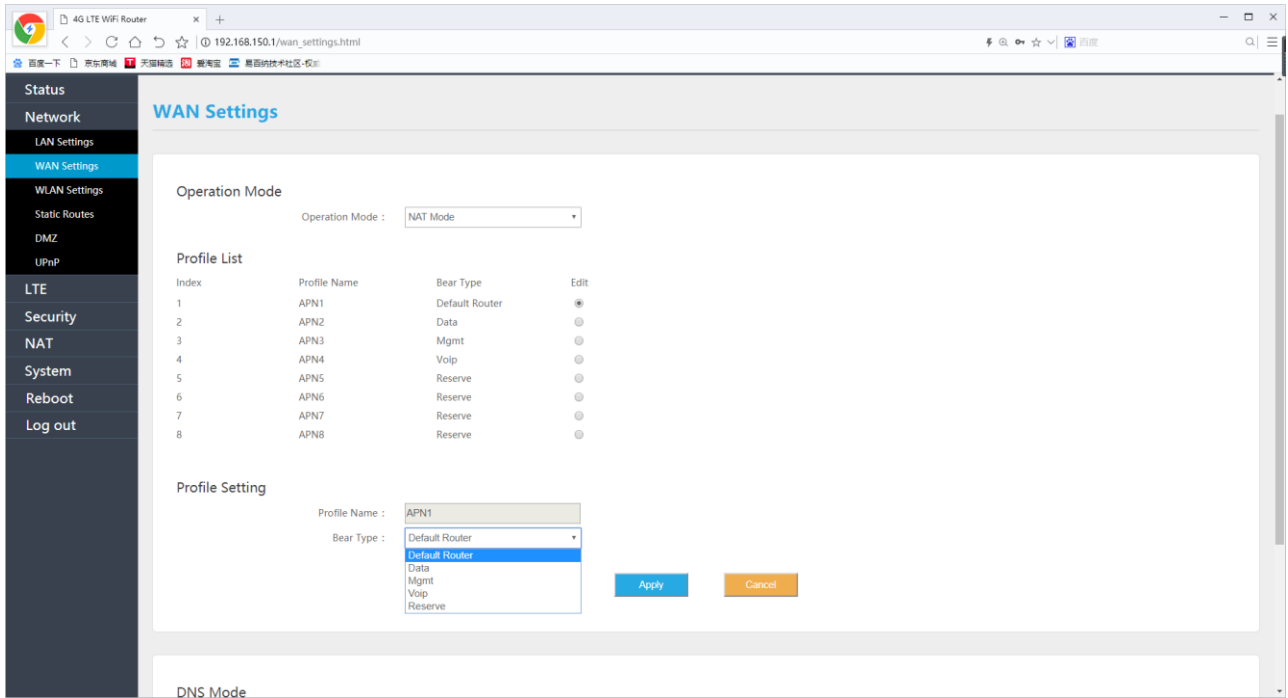
No.	IP Address	MAC Address	Selected	Edit

## 2.6.2. WAN Settings

### 2.6.2.1. NAT Mode

The CPE will be worked at NAT mode, and all 8 APNs can be configured by Default router/Data/Mgmt/Voip bear types.

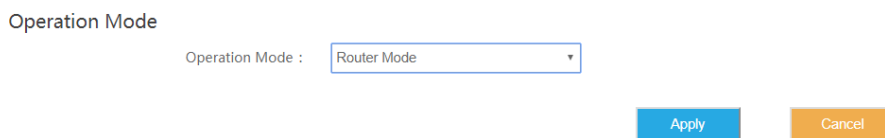
Figure 10: WAN Settings



### 2.6.2.2. Router Mode

When selected Router mode, the CPE will worked at router mode, it can dynamic update router tables.

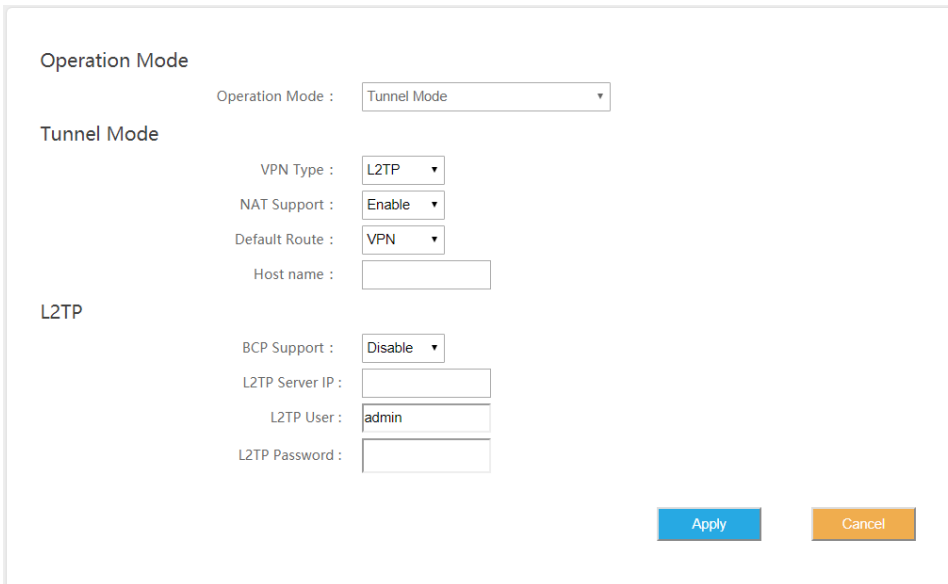
Figure 11: Router Mode



### 2.6.2.3. Tunnel Mode

This CPE can support L2TP and GER VPN mode.

Figure 12: Tunnel Mode



**Operation Mode**

Operation Mode :

**Tunnel Mode**

VPN Type :

NAT Support :

Default Route :

Host name :

**L2TP**

BCP Support :

L2TP Server IP :

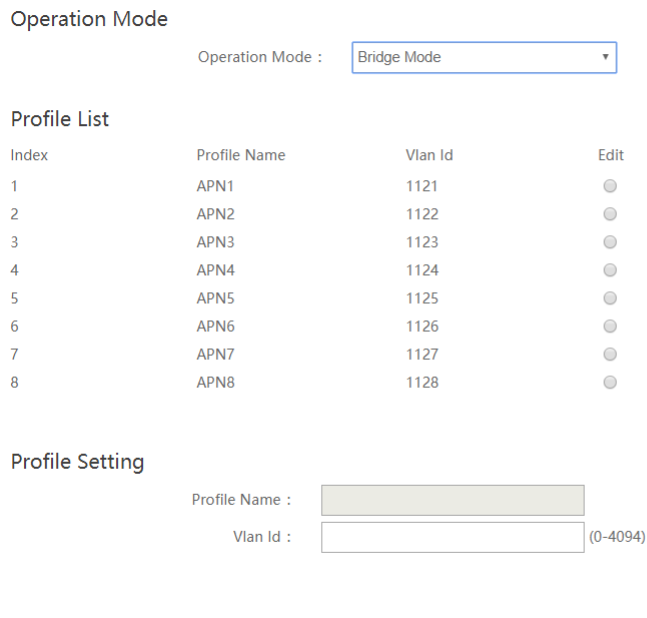
L2TP User :

L2TP Password :

### 2.6.2.4. Bridge Mode

When the CPE worked at Bridge mode, the WAN ports address will bridge to LAN port, and the LAN port will worked at trunk mode.

Figure 13: Bridge Mode



**Operation Mode**

Operation Mode :

**Profile List**

Index	Profile Name	Vlan Id	Edit
1	APN1	1121	<input type="radio"/>
2	APN2	1122	<input type="radio"/>
3	APN3	1123	<input type="radio"/>
4	APN4	1124	<input type="radio"/>
5	APN5	1125	<input type="radio"/>
6	APN6	1126	<input type="radio"/>
7	APN7	1127	<input type="radio"/>
8	APN8	1128	<input type="radio"/>

**Profile Setting**

Profile Name :

Vlan Id :  (0-4094)

### 2.6.3. Static Routes

Set Static routes of the CPE, it can configure LAN or WAN port routes, Gateway, Destination Network and Route Subnet Mask, in Current Settings, show all activated static routes.

Figure 14: Static routes

Bicells

- Status
- Network
- LAN Settings
- WAN Settings
- WLAN Settings
- Static Routes
- DMZ
- UPnP
- LTE
- Security
- NAT
- System
- Reboot
- Log out

### Route Settings

Route Settings

Route Type : LAN

Gateway :

Destination Network :

Route Subnet Mask :

Apply
Cancel

Current Settings

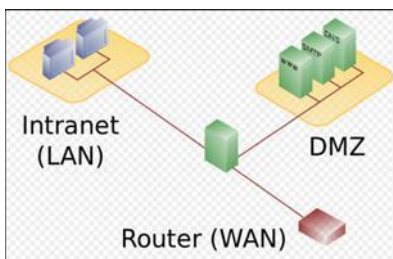
Route Type	Gateway	Destination IP(reachable)	Route Subnet Mask	Selected	Edit

Delete
Cancel

### 2.6.4. DMZ

In technology, the DMZ refers to a firewall between incoming WAN traffic and the LAN to which the CPE is connected. Two basic DMZ methods are (a) using a single firewall, also known as the three-legged model, and (b) using dual firewalls (Figure 36). These architectures can be expanded to create complex architectures depending on the network requirements.

Figure 15: DMZ



When the LAN has a DMZ/firewall server, you can enable DMZ on the CPE so that packets from the WAN are forwarded to the firewall (Figure 37). Alternatively, you can enable Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) redirect error messages to support Layer 2 multicast features.

Figure 16: DMZ Settings

DMZ

DMZ Setting : Enable

DMZ Address :

Apply
Cancel

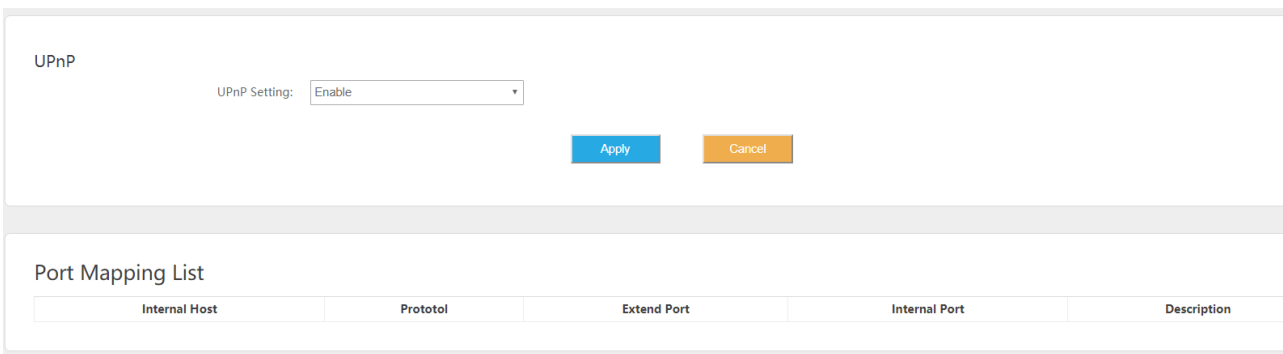


## 2.6.5. UPnP

The *Universal Plug & Play* (UPnP) function provides a set of networking protocols that allows device-to-device networking on a local network. When UPnP is enabled, devices seamlessly and dynamically discover each other's presence on the network and attach to one another and to network services. Often, UPnP is used for streaming media between devices on the network.

Go to Security > UPnP to enable the CPE to be searched by other devices (Figure 38). Once enabled, any redirects of traffic will display in the *Active UPnP Redirects* section of the window.

Figure 17: UPnP Settings



UPnP

UPnP Setting:

Port Mapping List

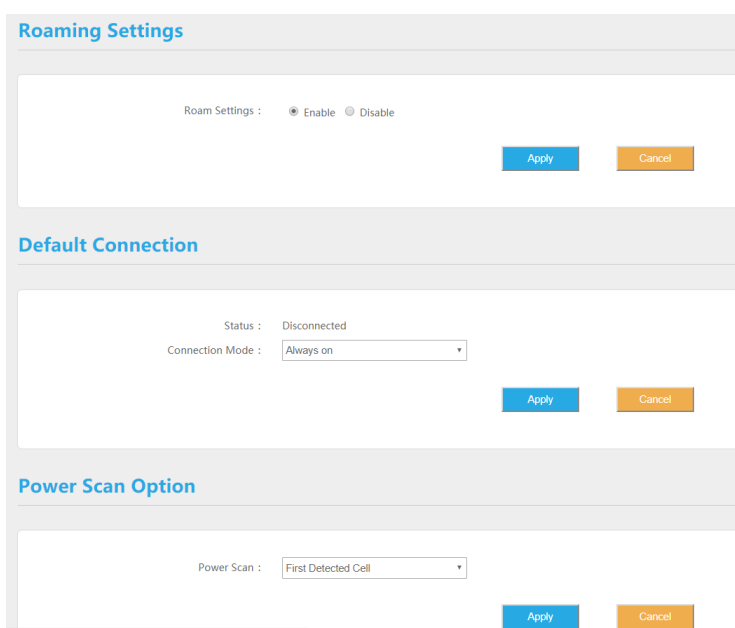
Internal Host	Protocol	Extend Port	Internal Port	Description

## 2.7. LTE Menu

### 2.7.1. Connection Settings

LTE connection settings includes Roaming settings, Default connection settings and Power Scan Option.

Figure 18: Connection Settings



**Roaming Settings**

Roam Settings :  Enable  Disable

**Default Connection**

Status : Disconnected

Connection Mode :

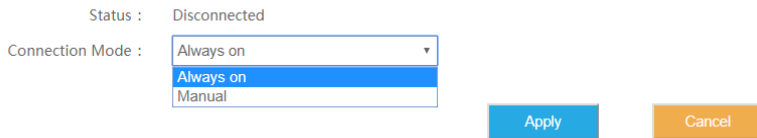
**Power Scan Option**

Power Scan :

### 2.7.1.1. Default connection

If set always on, the CPE will automatic access the LTE network after booting, if set manual, the CPE need manual connection to the LTE network.

Figure 19: Default Connection Settings



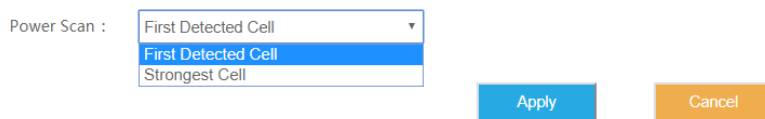
The screenshot shows a settings window with the following elements:

- Status : Disconnected
- Connection Mode : A dropdown menu with three options: "Always on" (highlighted in blue), "Always on", and "Manual".
- Apply button (blue)
- Cancel button (orange)

### 2.7.1.2. Power Scan Option

The CPE support two power scan options, the first is First Detected Cell, and the second is the Strongest Cell.

Figure 20: Scan mode Settings



The screenshot shows a settings window with the following elements:

- Power Scan : A dropdown menu with three options: "First Detected Cell" (highlighted in blue), "First Detected Cell", and "Strongest Cell".
- Apply button (blue)
- Cancel button (orange)

## 2.7.2. Edit APN Profile

An Access Point Name (APN) is the name of a gateway between a 3G/4G mobile network and another computer network, frequently the public Internet. Generally, multiple APNs are used for different business flows such as TR-069 management, voice, data, etc., and may support different services and QoS levels for different subscribers.

Figure 21: APN Profiles

## APN Profile

### APN Profile List

Profile Name	APN	User Name	Auth	PDP Type	Enable	Edit
APN1			NULL	IPv4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
APN2			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN3			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN4			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN5			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN6			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN7			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
APN8			NULL	IPv4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>

### APN Profile Settings

Enable :  Enable

Profile Name :

APN :

Auth :

PDP Type :

The CPE supports 8 APN configurations. At least one APN (TR-069) must be configured when the CPE/eNB connect to the Baicells CloudCore. In the window (Figure 42) you will select the APN number (1-8), enable it, enter an APN Name, select the type of IP addressing (IPv4, IPv6, or IPv4v6), identify if it is the default gateway, and choose which type of protocol will be supported on it.

## 2.7.3. PIN Management

Use the PIN Management feature if you want to require users to enter a PIN code before they can use the CPE to access the network (Figure 43). Once the PIN is enabled, you will need to remember it if you want to later modify the number. You are limited to 3 tries to enter the correct PIN code before getting locked out. If this happens, contact your service provider (end-users) or Baicells support (service providers).

Figure 22: PIN Management

**PIN Management**

USIM Card Status : PIN Disabled.

PIN Verification :  Enable  Disable

Input PIN :

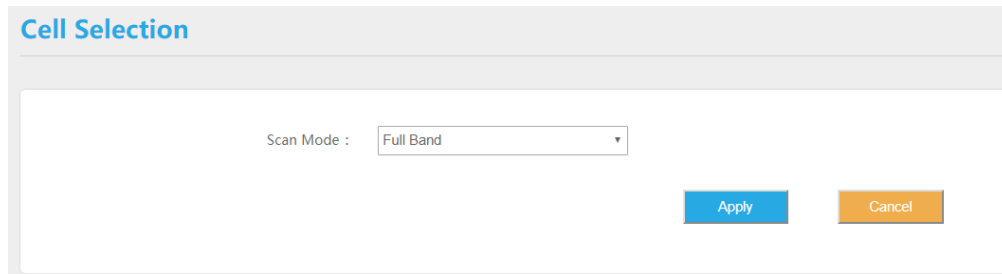
Remain Attempts : 3

## 2.7.4. Cell selection

The Cell selection determines which frequencies the CPE's routine scan of available frequencies will cover. Scanning is a process of tuning to a specific frequency and measuring the simplest signal quality [e.g., Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI)].

As part of the cell selection and re-selection process, the CPE performs the scan first and then selects a small number of candidate cells to go through the next step of measuring and evaluating signals to select the best eNB that can serve it. The CPE frequently (milliseconds) performs the scan to ensure it has the best possible connection to the network. Refer Figure 44.

Figure 23: Cell selections



Select one of the following options:

- **Full Band** (default) – All channels in the band.
  - The CPE will routinely scan all channels in the band and all EARFCNs, increasing the time it takes to connect compared to the other modes. The band is dependent on the CPE model.
- **Dedicated EARFCN** – Specific EARFCNs or frequencies. (Figure 45)
  - The CPE will scan the dedicated EARFCN or frequency list first when it is powered on.
  - If the CPE cannot connect to the LTE network after scanning the list, it will scan other supported bands and frequencies. You can add up to 10 EARFCNs or frequencies.
- **Cell Lock** – A combination of PCI + EARFCN or frequency. (Figure 46)
  - The CPE is limited to scanning a specific list of eNBs based on both their Physical Cell Identifier (PCI) and EARFCN or frequency. The CPE will scan the list of eNBs with the EARFCN and PCI combination. Using this mode can accelerate network access time.
- **PCI Lock** – Specific PCIs only. Locks the CPE to a designated PCI or PCI range. (Figure 47)

After selecting an option, enter the required information and select *ADD*.

Figure 24: Dedicated EARFCN

Scan Mode :

Duplex :  TDD  FDD

---

**EARFCN Settings**

Band :

Type :  EARFCN  Frequency

EARFCN :  (41590~43589)

Frequency :  (3400~3599.9 MHz)

---

**EARFCN List**

Band	EARFCN	Frequency (MHz)	Selected	Edit
				<input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

Figure 25: Cell Lock

Scan Mode :

---

**Cell Setting**

Band :

Type :  EARFCN  Frequency

EARFCN :  (41590~43589)

Frequency :  (3400~3599.9 MHz)

PCI ID :  0-503

---

**Cell List**

Band	EARFCN	Frequency (MHz)	PCI ID	Selected	Edit
					<input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

Figure 26: PCI Only Lock

Scan Mode :

---

PCI Setting

PCI Start :  (0-504)

PCI End :  (0-504)

---

PCI List

Index	PCI Start	PCI End	Selected	Edit

## 2.7.5. SIM Lock Settings

This feature may be used to lock the SIM card to the operator's network (Figure 48). Each operator has a unique Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) number. Locking the SIM prohibits the users from accessing another operator's network.

Figure 27: Throughput Statistics

SIM Lock :  SIM Lock Check  SIM Lock Uncheck

PLMN ID :

## 2.7.6. MTU

This is for setting the MTU of WAN (LTE) port, the range is from 1280 to 1500 Bytes.

Figure 28: MTU Settings

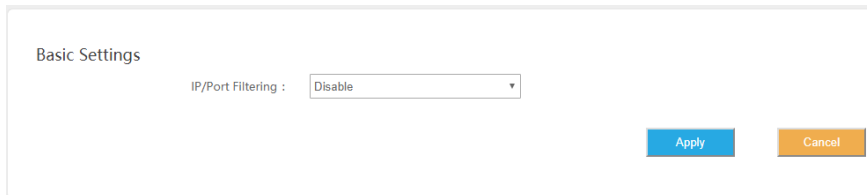
MTU :  (Between 1280 and 1500)

## 2.8. Security Menu

### 2.8.1. IP Filtering

When using a firewall server in the local network, invoke this setting to enable or disable the firewall for this CPE (Figure 50).

Figure 29: Firewall Basic Settings



The screenshot shows a 'Basic Settings' window. It contains a label 'IP/Port Filtering :' followed by a dropdown menu currently set to 'Disable'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Apply' (blue) and 'Cancel' (orange).

When enable IP/Port Filtering, then the IP/Port Filter can be set.

Figure 30: IP / Port Filtering



The screenshot shows an 'IP/Port Filter Settings' window. It includes the following fields:
 

- Destination IP Address : [ ] - [ ]
- Source IP Address : [ ] - [ ]
- Protocol : All (dropdown)
- Destination Port Range : [ ] - [ ]
- Source Port Range : [ ] - [ ]
- Schedule Index : None (dropdown)
- Remarks : [ ]

 At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Apply' (blue) and 'Cancel' (orange).

Settings:

- (1) IP/Port Filtering Mode: Blacklist, White list
- (2) IP/Port Filtering Log Dropped: enable / disable
- (3) Destination IP Address: the destination IP Address of the filter
- (4) Source IP Address: the source IP Address of the filter
- (5) Protocol: TCP, UDP, TCP/UDP, ICMP, ALL
- (6) Destination Port Range: the range of port
- (7) Source Port Range: the range of port
- (8) Schedule Index: Select box, if can be schedule by APPs
- (9) Remarks

### 2.8.2. IPv6 Filtering

When enable IP/Port Filtering, then the IP/Port Filter can be set.

**Figure 31: IPv6 Filtering**

IPv6/Port filter settings

Destination IP Address :  -

Source IP Address :  -

Protocol :

Destination Port Range :  -

Source Port Range :  -

Remarks :

**Settings:**

- (1) IPv6 Filtering Mode: Blacklist, White list
- (2) IPv6 Filtering Log Dropped: enable / disable
- (3) Destination IP Address: the destination IP Address of the filter
- (4) Source IP Address: the source IP Address of the filter
- (5) Protocol: TCP, UDP, TCP/UDP, ICMPv6, ALL
- (6) Destination Port Range: the range of port
- (7) Source Port Range: the range of port
- (8) Schedule Index: Select box, if can be schedule by APPs
- (9) Remarks

### 2.8.3. MAC Filtering

Media Access Control (MAC) Filtering allows you to identify a list of devices either allowed to access or forbidden from accessing the network through the CPE (Figure 53). Select *Enable* to enable MAC filtering, and then determine whether you will allow or forbid the defined MAC addresses to access the network.

**Figure 32: MAC Filtering**

Basic Settings

MAC Filter :

MAC Filtering Mode :

MAC Filtering Log Dropped :

---

MAC Filter Settings

MAC Address :  (ex: XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX)

---

Current Settings

No.	MAC Address	Selected	Edit

**Settings:**

- (1) MAC Filtering Mode: Blacklist, White list



(2) MAC Filtering Log Dropped: enable / disable

(3) MAC Address: the filtering MAC address

## 2.8.4. URL Filtering

The Uniform Resource Location Filter (*URL Filter*) allows you to define a list of URL addresses users are forbidden from accessing. When you enable the filter, a *Settings* window appears. Enter the specific URL address users cannot access, as shown in Figure 54. To add more URL addresses, click on *ADD*. After entering the addresses and saving, the URL(s) you enter will appear in the URL List.

Figure 33: URL Filtering

Basic Settings

URL Filter :

URL Filtering Mode :

URL Filtering Log Dropped :

URL Filter Settings

URL :

Current Settings

No.	URL	Selected	Edit
-----	-----	----------	------

Settings:

(1) URL Filtering Mode: Blacklist, White list

(2) URL Filtering Log Dropped: enable / disable

(3) URL: the filtering URL

## 2.8.5. System Security

Figure 34: System Security

System Security Profiles

Security Level :

---

System Security Settings

Remote Web Login :

Remote Telnet :

Access Control List :

Block Port Scan :

Block Syn Flood :

SPI Firewall :

System Security Profiles, include High, Medium, None and Custom, every profiles will corresponding with a set of System Security Settings.

Settings:

- (1) Remote Web Login: enable / disable
- (2) Remote Telnet: enable / disable
- (3) Access Control List: enable / disable
- (4) Block Port Scan: enable / disable
- (5) Block Syn Flood: enable / disable
- (6) SPI Firewall: enable / disable

## 2.8.6. Connect Limit

Connect Limit feature is used to control the number of connections through the UE to a host device, for example, a peer-to-peer file sharing application such as BitTorrent. Such apps require a large amount of bandwidth. By limiting the number of connections to the host device, you can control how much bandwidth each active connection receives. You can configure a Connect Limit for up to 16 host devices.

Figure 35: Connect Limit

Connect Limit :

Lan IP Address :  -

Limit Value :

Schedule Index :

Remarks :

## 2.8.7. Schedule

This feature is set for a group schedule list, like start from 2020.8.18 to 2020.8.20 as a index of the schedule.

Figure 36: Schedule List

**Schedule**

Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd) : 2020 - 8 - 18

Start Time (hh:mm) : 0 : 0

Duration Time (hh:mm) : 0 : 0

Frequency : once

Apply
Delete
Cancel

**Schedule List**

Index	Start Date	Start Time	Duration Time	Frequency	Week Day	Selected	Edit
1	2020.8.18	0:0	0:0	once		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="radio"/>

In previous Filter configurations, you can select the schedule index like below figure.

Figure 37: Schedule Settings

**IP/Port Filter Settings**

Destination IP Address :  -

Source IP Address :  -

Protocol :

Destination Port Range :  -

Source Port Range :  -

Schedule Index :

Remarks :

1

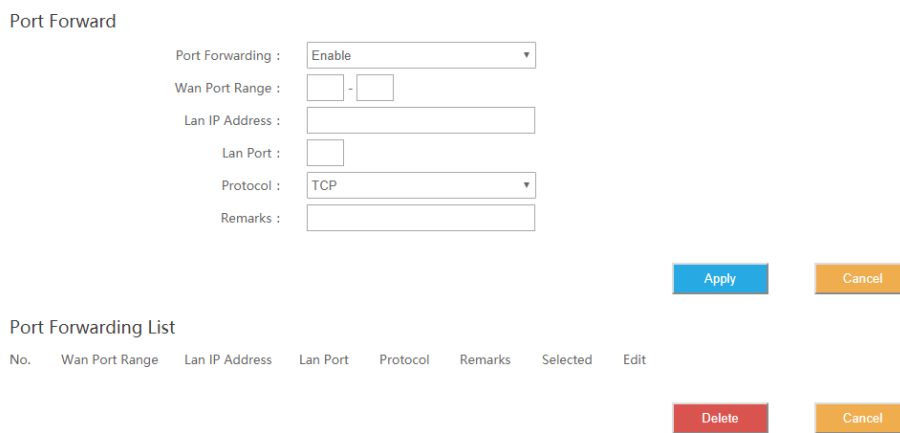
## 2.9. NAT Menu

### 2.9.1. Port Forwarding

When NAT mode is enabled as the WAN interface type ([section 3.5.2](#)), you can redirect a communication request from one address and port number combination to another. Only the IP address on the WAN side is open to the Internet. If a computer on the LAN is enabled to provide services for the Internet (for example, work as an FTP server), port forwarding is required so that all access requests to the external server port from the Internet are redirected to the server on the LAN.

To add a port forwarding rule, select the *Enable* check box and click on *ADD LIST* (Figure 59). Enter the parameters per the field descriptions in Table 4.

**Figure 38: Port Forwarding settings**



**Table 4: Port Forwarding**

Field Name	Description
WAN Port Range	Enter the port number range for the remote device in the format of 1000 to 1500
LAN IP Address	Enter the local host IP address. The address must be different from the IP address that is set for the LAN Host Settings parameter, but they must be on the same network segment.
LAN Port	Enter the local port number. Range is 1 to 65,535.
Protocol	Select the type of data protocol, either TCP, UDP, or TCP&UDP
Remarks	

### 2.9.2. Port Triggering

Port Triggering is a configuration option on a router - in this case, the CPE - if it is operating in NAT mode as the WAN interface type ([section 3.5.2](#)). When an application uses a trigger port to build a connection, the CPE will forward the data to the forward port.

To configure the feature, click on the check box next to *Enable* and then click on *ADD LIST* to enter the service type, protocol, trigger port, and forward port (Figure 60).

Figure 39: Port Triggering Settings

Port Trigger

Port Trigger :

Trigger Port :  -

Protocol :

Open Port :  -

Remarks :

Port Trigger List

No.	Trigger Port	Trigger Protocol	Open Port	Remarks	Selected	Edit

### 2.9.3. ALG

The Application Layer Gateway (ALG) function provides a security component that augments a firewall or the NAT used by the CPE (if WAN Network Mode = NAT). It allows customized NAT traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer control/data protocols such as SIP, TFTP, PPTP, L2TP and IPSeC. You can enable the different types of application protocols by clicking on the check box next to the protocol name (Figure 61).

Figure 40: Throughput Statistics

ALG Settings

SIP :

TFTP :

PPTP Passthrough :

L2TP Passthrough :

IPsec Passthrough :

## 2.10. System Menu

### 2.10.1. Account

This menu is used to change the login password for the CPE (Figure 62). The password must be 5 to 12 characters. Baicells recommends using a combination of upper- and lower-case letters and numbers.

Figure 41: Account

Modify Password

User : admin

Original Password :

New Password :

Confirm Password :

Modify Web Lock Time

Timeout Setting :  (300 ~ 65535 seconds)

## 2.10.2. WEB Settings

WEB Setting provides the ability to configure and manage the CPE remotely (Figure 63). This is especially helpful when a user calls in for technical assistance. In [section 3.3 Login](#), you used this Web application with the default URL of <http://192.168.150.1>. Refer to [错误!未找到引用源。](#) for a description of each field.

Figure 42: WEB Settings

HTTP Service :

HTTP Port :

HTTPS Service :

HTTPS Port :

## 2.10.3. NTP

The operator's network may use up to 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) servers to provide correct time-of-day to network devices. In the CPE GUI you can refresh the local time display using the *SYNC WITH BROWSER* button; select the time zone that the CPE is in; and enable NTP client to use the default or specified NTP servers for synchronization (Figure 64).

Figure 43: NTP Settings

NTP Settings

Current Time : Thu 01/01 1970, 00:58:07

Mode :  Sync from network  
 Set manually (the time will be reset after the router restarts)

Time Zone : (GMT-05:00) Indiana Eastern Time ▼

NTP Server :   
 ex: time.nist.gov  
 ntp0.broad.mit.edu  
 time.stdtime.gov.tw

Enable Daylight Saving Time :

Start Date : First ▼ Sunday ▼ of March ▼

End Date : First ▼ Sunday ▼ of Novembe ▼

## 2.10.4. TR-069

If your network operates using a TR-069 auto-configuration server (ACS), the ACS will automatically provide the CPE configuration settings. Once you set up both the ACS and the CPE, you do not need to enter any other parameters through the CPE GUI. Use the *TR069* sub-menu to enable the TR-069 function for the CPE (Figure 65). Refer to [错误!未找到引用源。](#) for a description of each field.

Figure 44: Throughput Statistics

TR-069 :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
ACS Server URL :	<input type="text" value="http://baiomc.cloudapp.net:48080/small"/>
ACS Username :	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
ACS Password :	<input type="password" value="....."/>
Periodical Notification :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
Periodical Notification Interval :	<input type="text" value="3000"/> seconds (10-2678400)
Connection Request Username :	<input type="text"/>
Connection Request Password :	<input type="password"/>
Cloudkey :	<input type="text"/>
NickName :	<input type="text"/>

### 2.10.5. TR-069 Certificate

This feature is used to upload the TR-069 certificate.

Figure 45: TR-069 Certificate

TR-069 Cert :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
Upload Button :	<input type="button" value="选择文件"/> 未选择任何文件
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

### 2.10.6. Restore / Update

Use the System > Restore/Update menu to reset the CPE to its factory default settings, to manually update the firmware, or to manually update a module within the firmware - meaning to apply a patch to the current firmware (Figure 67).



**Caution:** Performing a restore or update action will disrupt service.

#### 2.10.6.1. Firmware Update



**Caution:** Do not power off the CPE or disconnect it from the computer during an upgrade.

To update (upgrade) the CPE to a different firmware version (Figure 67):

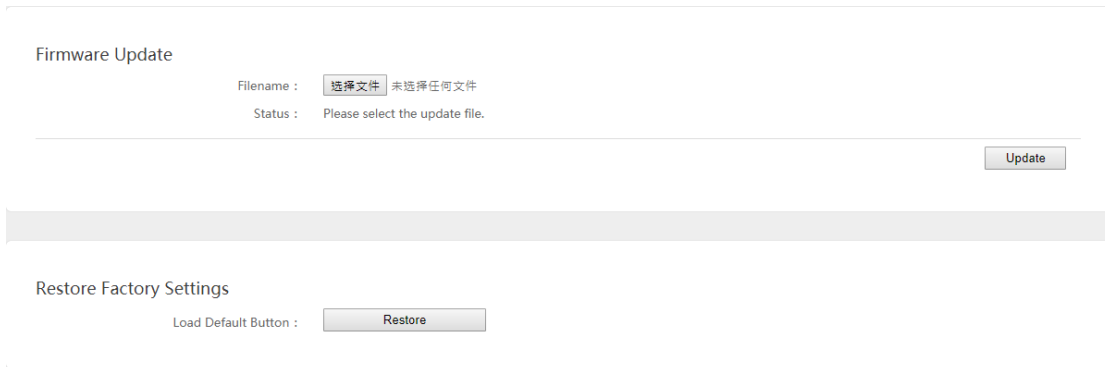
1. Download the image file from the Baicells support website (Baicells > Support > Downloads), and save it to your computer.
2. Under *Flash new firmware image*, determine if you want to keep the current configuration settings on the CPE (错误!未找到引用源。). If you do, select the check box next to *Keep settings*.
3. Click on *Choose File* to navigate to the new image file on your computer, and then click on *FLASH IMAGE* to initiate the upgrade.

After the upgrade, the CPE will restart automatically running the newer version of code.

## 2.10.6.2. Restore Factory Settings

To initiate a restore action, click on the *PERFORM RESET* button. The CPE will automatically reset its configuration to the factory default values.

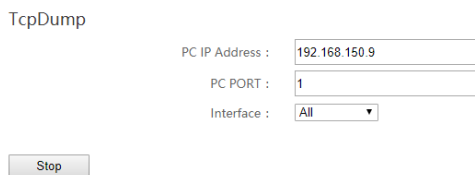
Figure 46: Restore & update



## 2.10.7. Diagnosis

### 2.10.7.1. TCPCDump

Figure 47: TCPCDump Settings

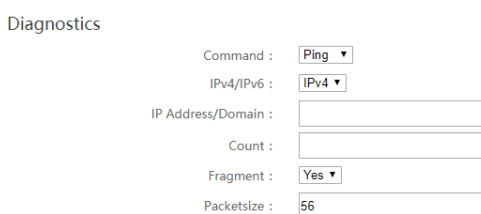


Settings:

- (1) PC IP Address
- (2) PC PORT
- (3) Interface: ALL, LTEOPDNO (APNO)

### 2.10.7.2. Ping

Figure 48: Ping Diagnosis Settings



Settings:



- (1) IPv4/IPv6: Select the protocol
- (2) IP Address/Domain: IP Address or URL
- (3) Count: number of ping count
- (4) Fragment: yes or no
- (5) Packet size: 56~1400 Bytes (non-fragment)

### 2.10.7.3. Trace

Figure 49: Trace Diagnosis Settings

#### Diagnostics

Command :

IPv4/IPv6 :

IP Address/Domain :

#### Settings:

- (1) IPv4/IPv6: Select the protocol
- (2) IP Address/Domain: IP Address or URL

### 2.10.7.4. Result

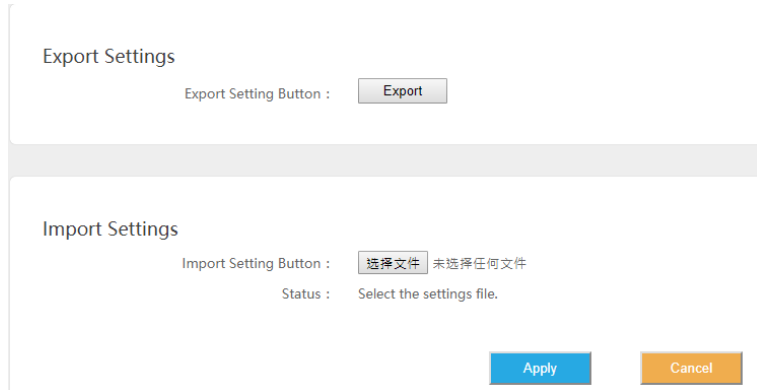
Figure 50: Diagnosis results

```
PING 192.168.150.9 (192.168.150.9) 56(84) bytes of data.  
--- 192.168.150.9 ping statistics ---  
4 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100 percentage packet loss, time 3000ms
```

## 2.10.8. Backup Settings

This feature is used to backup the user settings, from the Web-GUI, you can Import / Export the settings.

Figure 51: Backup Settings



Export Settings

Export Setting Button :

---

Import Settings

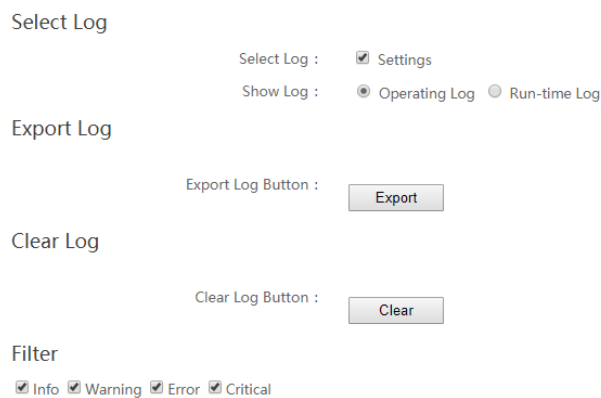
Import Setting Button :  未选择任何文件

Status : Select the settings file.

## 2.10.9. System Log

System log is the debug information of the CPE, when select the Setting, it can Export or Clear Logs.

Figure 52: System Log



Select Log

Select Log :  Settings

Show Log :  Operating Log  Run-time Log

Export Log

Export Log Button :

Clear Log

Clear Log Button :

Filter

Info  Warning  Error  Critical

Figure 53: System logs



Time	Level	Module	Message
00:31:46 01/01/70	Warning	WEB	USER SESSION TIMEOUT, REDIRECT TO LOGIN
00:24:35 01/01/70	Info	WEB	ADMIN LOGIN SUCCESSFULLY IP=192.168.150.9.
00:20:48 01/01/70	Warning	WEB	USER SESSION TIMEOUT, REDIRECT TO LOGIN
00:15:33 01/01/70	Info	WEB	ADMIN LOGIN SUCCESSFULLY IP=192.168.150.9.
00:15:33 01/01/70	Warning	WEB	USER SESSION TIMEOUT, REDIRECT TO LOGIN
00:09:47 01/01/70	Info	WEB	ADMIN LOGIN SUCCESSFULLY IP=192.168.150.9.
00:06:39 01/01/70	Warning	WEB	USER SESSION TIMEOUT, REDIRECT TO LOGIN
00:01:35 01/01/70	Info	FIREWALL	WEB SET URL FILTERING MODE BLACKLIST SUCCESS.
00:01:35 01/01/70	Info	FIREWALL	WEB SET URL FILTERING ENABLE SUCCESS.
00:01:35 01/01/70	Info	FIREWALL	WEB SET URL FILTERING BASIC FILE...

Displayed logs:108 Total logs:108

## 2.10.10. System Messages

Use this Web-GUI, you can Export System Message, Collect real-time system information and transfer system message to PC.

Figure 54: System Message Settings

Export System Message

Export System Message Button :

---

Collect System Information

Collect System Information :

Export System Information :

---

Transfer System Message to PC.

LOG TO PC :

PC IP Address :

Figure 55: System Messages

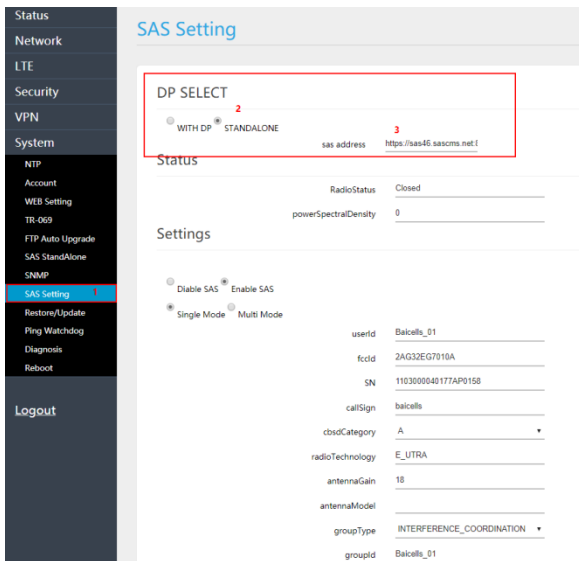
System Messages

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<xml>
Content-type: text/plain

Dec 31 23:02:36 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:02:38 kernel: stunclient (17869): undefined instruction: pc=c6e0ccb0
Dec 31 23:02:38 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
Dec 31 23:02:41 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:02:46 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:02:48 kernel: stunclient (17885): undefined instruction: pc=c6de2cb0
Dec 31 23:02:48 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
Dec 31 23:02:48 lted: UICC ABSENT
Dec 31 23:02:51 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:02:56 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:02:58 kernel: stunclient (17902): undefined instruction: pc=c6da9cb0
Dec 31 23:02:58 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
Dec 31 23:03:01 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:03:03 lted: UICC ABSENT
Dec 31 23:03:06 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:03:08 kernel: stunclient (17919): undefined instruction: pc=c6dc7cb0
Dec 31 23:03:08 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
Dec 31 23:03:11 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:03:16 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:03:18 kernel: stunclient (17935): undefined instruction: pc=c6db1cb0
Dec 31 23:03:18 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
Dec 31 23:03:18 lted: UICC ABSENT
Dec 31 23:03:21 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Jan  1 04:03:23 syslog: [NTP] sent=247 state=1 sleep=60 res=-4
Dec 31 23:03:26 cmcc_cm: DM log rsp fail!
Dec 31 23:03:28 kernel: stunclient (17953): undefined instruction: pc=c6d9dcb0
Dec 31 23:03:28 kernel: Code: 0000ac16 0000fadc 0000ad16 e1a0c00d (e92dff0)
```

## 2.10.11. SAS Settings

Figure 56: System Message Settings



This model can support DP and standalone modes, and all SAS parameters can be configured in Web-GUI, Reboot after you finish setting.

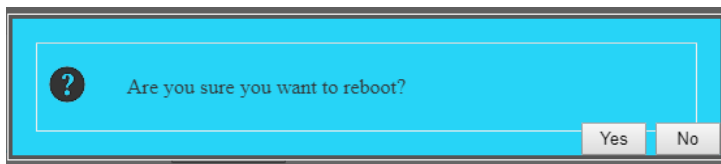
## 2.11. Reboot

Use the Reboot menu to perform a reboot of the CPE, as shown in Figure 77. It can take several minutes for the reboot to complete. After it reboots, the CPE GUI will display the login screen.



**Caution:** The reboot action will disrupt service.

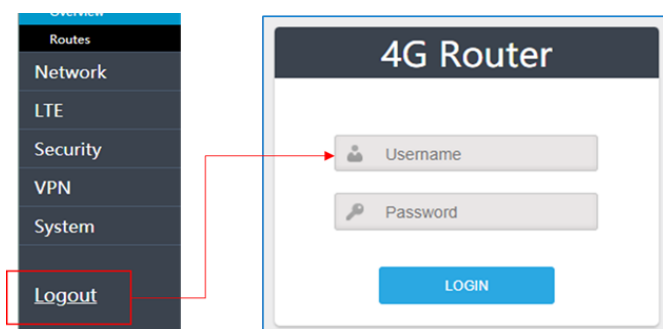
Figure 57: Reboot



## 2.12. Logout

When you click on the Logout menu, you are automatically logged out of the CPE and returned to the login screen (Figure 78).

Figure 58: Throughput Statistics



## Appendix: Regulatory Compliance

### FCC Compliance

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

#### Warning:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.