



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : A240409W001SA01

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China, 100085

Manufacturer : Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.

Address : #019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

China, 100085

Product : Wireless Earphones

FCC ID : 2AFZZM2349E1

Brand : Redmi

Model No. : M2349E1

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 / KDB 447498 D04 v01

Sample Received Date : Apr. 15, 2024

Date of Testing : Apr. 28, 2024

FCC Designation No. : CN1325 FCC Site Registration No. : 434559

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Huarui 7layers High Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
A240409W001SA01	Initial release	Apr. 30, 2024

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR 1g (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
DSS	Bluetooth	0.60
DTS	BLE	0.08

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Wireless Earphones
FCC ID	2AFZZM2349E1
Brand Name	Redmi
Model Name	M2349E1
HW Version	Right Earphone: LSDB131 Left Earphone: LSDM131
SW Version	1.0.2.9
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.5.1 of this report.
Antenna Type	Loop Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

- 1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.
- 2. There are two samples, the difference between sample1 and sample2 is the supplier of PCB and battery, the others are the same. According to the differences, sample 1 was chosen to perform full testing and sample 2 verified the worst case of sample 1, the detail samples list are as follows.

Sample Number	Model Name	Source
Sample 1	M2349E1	1 st source
Sample 2	M2349E1	2 nd source

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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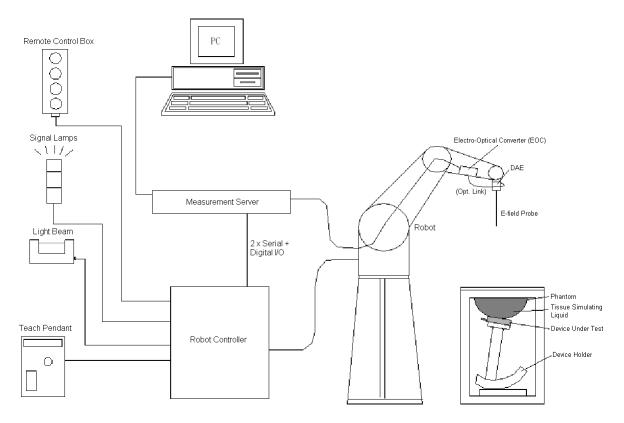


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	/
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	All I
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	A STATE OF THE STA
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	M
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	All
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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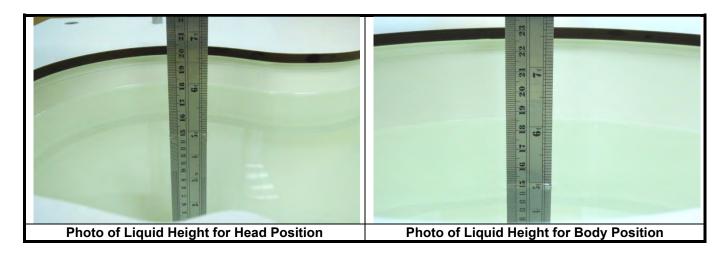
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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

	Tubio 0.1 Targets of Hissac Chinatating Enquia											
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%								
		For Head										
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93								
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95								
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02								
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26								
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35								
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44								
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47								
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47								
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47								
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75								
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89								
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06								
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06								
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89								
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00								
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21								
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32								
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53								

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	ı	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	Ī	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	ı	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	Ī	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	i	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	ı	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

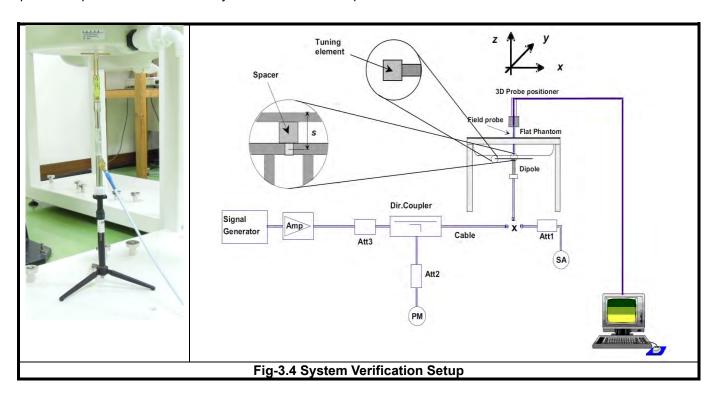
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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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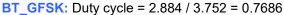
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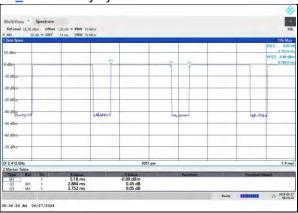
4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

<Duty Cycle of Test Signal>





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4.2 EUT Testing Position

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

This EUT was tested for all the close to the human body of intended use surfaces of the EUT. The separation distance between this EUT and phantom is 0 cm.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)	Test Date
Head	2450	22.6	1.819	39.370	1.80	39.20	1.06	0.43	Apr. 28, 2024

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Tes Dat		Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Apr. 28	, 2024	Head	2450	52.80	12.64	50.56	-4.24	1048	7612	1633

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.5 Maximum Output Power

4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

<Left Ear>

	Blueto	ooth		
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)	
	0	2402	12.00	
BT_GFSK	39	2441	12.00	
	78	2480	12.00	
	0	2402	9.00	
BT_ DQPSK	39	2441	9.00	
	78	2480	9.00	
	0	2402	9.00	
BT_8DPSK	39	2441	9.00	
	78	2480	9.00	
	0	2402	8.00	
BLE_1Mbps	19	2440	8.00	
	39	2480	8.00	

<Right Ear>

Bluetooth										
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)							
	0	2402	12.00							
BT_GFSK	39	2441	13.00							
	78	2480	13.00							
	0	2402	10.00							
BT_ DQPSK	39	2441	10.00							
	78	2480	10.00							
	0	2402	10.00							
BT_8DPSK	39	2441	10.00							
	78	2480	10.00							
	0	2402	8.00							
BLE_1Mbps	19	2440	9.00							
	39	2480	9.00							

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4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<Left Ear>

	Blueto	ooth		
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
	0	2402	10.23	
BT_GFSK	39	2441	10.36	
	78	2480	10.64	
	0	2402	7.21	
BT_ DQPSK	39	2441	7.36	
	78	2480	7.66	
	0	2402	7.25	
BT_8DPSK	39	2441	7.47	
	78	2480	7.81	
	0	2402	6.13	
BLE_1Mbps	19	2440	6.65	
	39	2480	6.74	

<Right Ear>

	Blueto	ooth		
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
	0	2402	10.95	
BT_GFSK	39	2441	11.27	
	78	2480	11.51	
	0	2402	8.04	
BT_ DQPSK	39	2441	8.41	
	78	2480	8.68	
	0	2402	8.04	
BT_8DPSK	39	2441	8.40	
	78	2480	8.66	
	0	2402	6.86	
BLE_1Mbps	19	2440	7.28	
	39	2480	7.76	

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4.6 SAR Testing Results

4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D04, General RF Exposure Guidance>

- 1. Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D04v01, the scaled SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - (1) For BT: Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle Scaling Factor* Tune-up Scaling Factor

4.6.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

<Left Ear>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	0.09	0.104	1.301	1.366	0.18
P01	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	-0.08	0.336	1.301	1.366	0.60
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	-0.01	0.044	1.301	1.366	0.08
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	0.06	0.047	1.301	1.366	0.08
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	0.00	0.000	1.301	1.366	0.00
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 6	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	-0.01	0.013	1.301	1.366	0.02
	BT	GFSK	Left	0	78	1	76.87	12.00	10.64	0.04	0.107	1.301	1.366	0.19
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	0	1	76.87	12.00	10.23	0.05	0.197	1.301	1.503	0.39
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	1	76.87	12.00	10.36	-0.12	0.276	1.301	1.460	0.52
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	78	2	76.87	12.00	10.64	-0.02	0.200	1.301	1.366	0.36
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 2	0	0	1	87.18	8.00	6.13	-0.04	0.031	1.147	1.538	0.06
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 2	0	19	1	87.18	8.00	6.65	-0.07	0.048	1.147	1.364	0.08
P02	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 2	0	39	1	87.18	8.00	6.74	-0.03	0.054	1.147	1.336	0.08

<Right Ear>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.19	0.095	1.301	1.408	0.17
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.12	0.105	1.301	1.408	0.19
P03	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	0.05	0.252	1.301	1.408	0.46
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.07	0.096	1.301	1.408	0.18
	ВТ	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	0.00	0.000	1.301	1.408	0.00
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 6	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.07	0.045	1.301	1.408	0.08
	ВТ	GFSK	Right	0	78	1	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.14	0.064	1.301	1.408	0.12
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	0	1	76.87	12.00	10.95	-0.09	0.132	1.301	1.272	0.22
	ВТ	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	1	76.87	13.00	11.27	-0.01	0.174	1.301	1.488	0.34
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	78	2	76.87	13.00	11.51	-0.08	0.215	1.301	1.408	0.39
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 3	0	0	1	87.31	8.00	6.86	-0.15	0.032	1.145	1.300	0.05
	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 3	0	19	1	87.31	9.00	7.28	0.07	0.036	1.145	1.486	0.06
P04	BLE	1Mbps	Test Position 3	0	39	1	87.31	9.00	7.76	-0.05	0.041	1.145	1.330	0.06

Note:

1. According to the antenna position, the Left Cheek / Right Cheek position cannot be touch the antenna for testing,

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the more conservative body position is used instead to test, and verified that Left Cheek / Right Cheek position.

2. Bluetooth and BLE have the same technology and modulation. Therefore, BLE SAR testing was performed on the worst position from Bluetooth.

4.6.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

Test Engineer: Zixiao Xia

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1048	Oct. 21, 2021	3 Years
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1633	Mar. 06, 2024	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7612	Mar. 20, 2024	1 Year
Magnetic Field Probe	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1119	Feb. 19, 2024	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	SPEAG	DAKS_VNA R140	0121219	Feb. 19, 2024	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54510355	May. 10, 2023	1 Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	Jan. 31, 2024	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	Jan. 30, 2024	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	Jan. 30, 2024	1 Year
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1506002	Jan. 30, 2024	1 Year
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1339352	Jan. 30, 2024	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	COM27RW1A3	May. 10, 2023	1 Year
Temp.&Humi.Recorder	ANYMETER	JR912	SZ01	Jun.19, 2022	2 Years

Note:

1. Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipole are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The dipole justification can be found in appendix C.

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is with 5ohm of prior calibration.

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

	DASY5 Uncertainty Budget										
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	(Vi) Vef			
Measurement System			<u> </u>	I							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	000			
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	00			
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	00			
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	ox			
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	×			
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	ox			
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8	ox			
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	- ×			
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	0			
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	0			
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	0			
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	×			
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	ox			
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	- ×			
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	- ×			
Test Sample Related	2.0	- 10	1.702		<u> </u>	1.2	1.2				
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	3			
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	1			
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	0			
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	0			
Phantom and Setup		•									
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5	0			
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	0			
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1	5			
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	0			
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	0			
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	0			
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	5			
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	0			
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	С			
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	С			
	nbined Std. Uncerta					11.4%	11.4%	10			
	verage Factor for 9					K=2	K=2	4			
Exp	anded STD Uncerta	ainty				22.9%	22.7%				

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Huarui 7layers High Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., were founded in 2020 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: Tower N, Innovation Center, 88 Zuyi Road, High-tech District, Suzhou City, Anhui Province Tel: +86 (0557) 368 1008

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also

Web: http://www.7Layers.com

---END---

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check HSL2450 240428

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 0428 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.819$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.37$; $\rho =$

Date: 2024/04/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

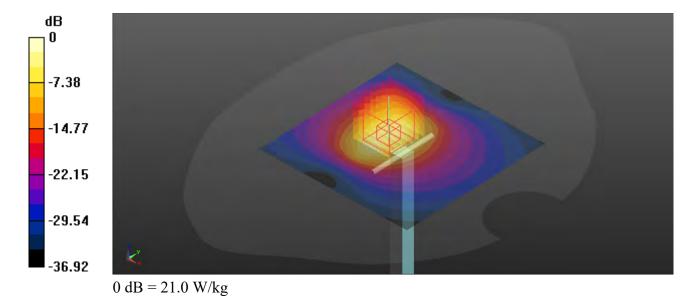
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7612; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2024/03/06
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

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P01 BT GFSK Test Position2 0cm Ch78

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.301

Medium: HSL2450_0428 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\rho = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$

Date: 2024/04/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7612; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2024/03/06
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- -Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.485 W/kg

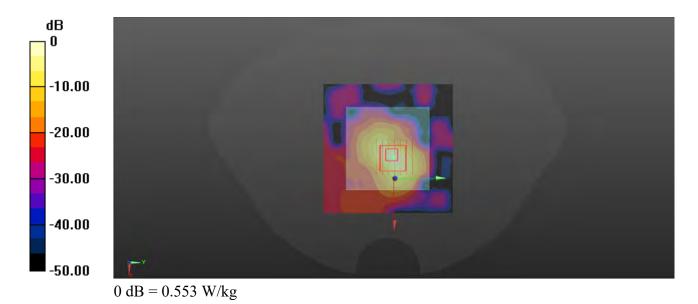
-Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 W/kg



P02 BLE 1Mbps Test Position2 0cm Ch39

Communication System: BLE; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.147

Medium: HSL2450_0428 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\rho = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$

Date: 2024/04/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7612; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2024/03/06
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- -Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

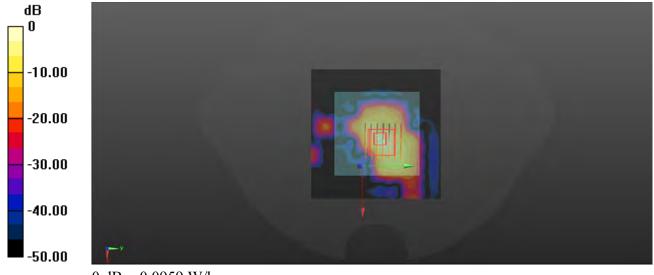
-Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.245 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0959 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0959 W/kg

P03 BT GFSK Test Position3 0cm Ch78

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.301

Medium: HSL2450_0428 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\rho = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$

Date: 2024/04/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7612; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2024/03/06
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- -Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.400 W/kg

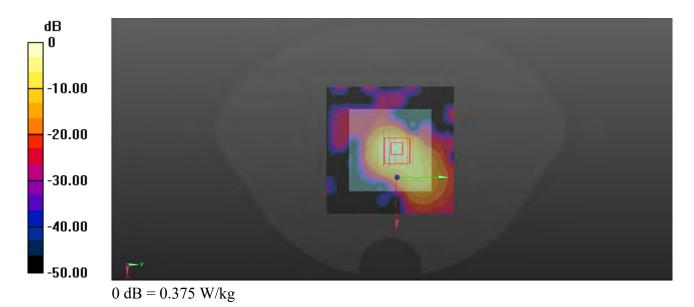
-Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.244 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.252 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg



P04 BLE 1Mbps Test Position3 0cm Ch39

Communication System: BLE; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.145

Medium: HSL2450_0428 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\rho = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$; $\epsilon_r = 39.343$

Date: 2024/04/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7612; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/03/20
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2024/03/06
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)
- -Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0422 W/kg

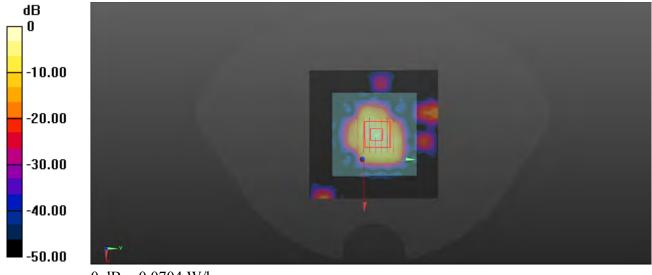
-Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.405 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0704 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0704 W/kg





Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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Report No.: A240409W001SA01



Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn

http://www.caict.ac.cn

Client :

7layers



Certificate No: 24J02Z000051

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1633

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

March 06, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	12-Jun-23 (CTTL, No.J23X05436)	Jun-24

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Jun

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 09, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: 24J02Z000051





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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{High Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & 6.1 \mu\mbox{V} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -100...+300 \ m\mbox{W} \,. \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & 61 \mbox{nV} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & -1......+3 \mbox{mV} \,. \end{array}$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Y	Z
High Range	405.281 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.563 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.060 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00166 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.00153 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.01219 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	319° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	319° ± 1 °

Certificate No: 24J02Z000051 Page 3 of 3



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Client

7layers

Certificate No: 24J02Z000050

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object E

EX3DV4 - SN: 7612

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

March 20, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled C	Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dE	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dE	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	31-May-23(SPEAG, No.EX-3846_May23)	May-24
DAE4	SN 1555	24-Aug-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug23)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05434)	Jun-24
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	25-Dec-23(CTTL, No.J23X13425)	Dec-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25
OCP DAK-12	SN 1174	25-Oct-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK12-1174_Oct2:	3) Oct-24

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Jun SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 24, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulatina liquid NORMx, y, z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.v.z. DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters A.B.C.D

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2. "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z^*$ frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax, y, z; Bx, y, z; Cx, y, z; VRx, y, z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50MHz to ±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7612

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²) A	0.66	0.60	0.82	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	112.4	101.5	114.0	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max Dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	225.6		±4.7%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.0		127.11
	and the same of the same of the	Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		258.7		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.60	60.38	5.67		60	±4.8%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	76.00	11.00	10.00	60		1000
		Z	1.64	60.00	5.81	1-64	60		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Х	1.21	60.00	3.75		80	±4.0%	±9.6%
		Υ	1.02	60.00	4.20	6.99	80		
		Z	1.05	60.00	4.68		80		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.01	131.90	0.68		95	±3.0%	±9.6%
		Υ	28.00	68.00	5.00	3.98	95	126	
		Z	48.00	68.00	5.00		95		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	4.42	159.22	13.32	2.22	120	±2.3%	±9.6%
		Υ	8.20	159.94	11.25		120		
		Z	14.69	153.05	3.41		120		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Х	0.58	61.20	9.38		150	±6.7%	±9.6%
		Y	0.51	61.65	8.32	1.00	150		
	the second second second	Z	0.69	61.68	9.72		150		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.34	64.25	12.64		150	±1.4%	±9.6%
	The second secon	Y	1.27	64.35	12.49	0.00	150		-
		Z	1.32	63.42	12.33	, access 10	150		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Х	1.97	67.41	18.00		150	±2.6%	±9.6%
		Y	1.68	65.90	18.25	3.01	150		1
		Z	2.04	68.00	18.28	57.0	150	0	
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.10	65.99	15.10		150	±5.8%	±9.6%
	The second second	Y	4.23	66.76	15.85	0.00	150		56.63
		Z	4.22	65.91	15.12	1 - 1	150		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

EUncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 7612

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V-2	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
X	14.71	104.78	32.36	1.99	0.00	4.90	0.61	0.00	1.02
Υ	13.77	110.22	39.74	10.88	0.00	4.90	0.00	0.00	1.03
Z	17.75	127.06	32.61	7.96	0.00	4.90	0.71	0.00	1.02

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	16.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7612

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	11.40	11.40	11.40	0.16	1.25	±12.7%
835	41.5	0.90	10.96	10.96	10.96	0.15	1.39	±12.7%
900	41.5	0.97	10.87	10.87	10.87	0.15	1.37	±12.7%
1450	40.5	1.20	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.38	0.80	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	9.20	9.20	9.20	0.26	1.12	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.27	1.05	±12.7%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.75	8.75	8.75	0.28	1.03	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.46	8.46	8.46	0.67	0.67	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	8.20	8.20	8.20	0.61	0.71	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.67	0.70	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.50	0.86	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.43	1.05	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.45	1.06	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.40	1.46	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.98	6.98	6.98	0.40	1.15	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.45	1.20	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.63	6.63	6.63	0.45	1.25	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.45	1.25	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.75	5.75	5.75	0.45	1.30	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.06	5.06	5.06	0.55	1.20	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.55	1.20	±13.9%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

FAt frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

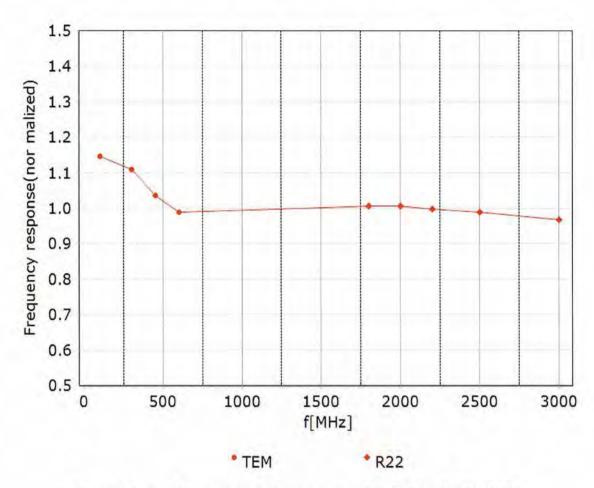
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)





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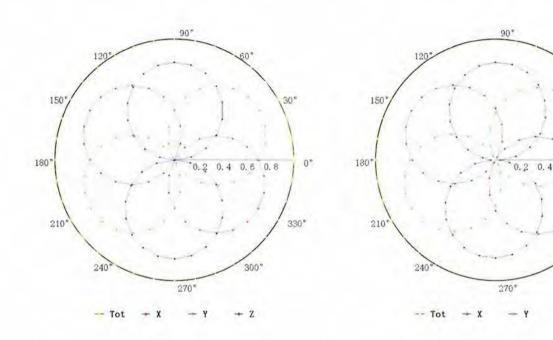
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

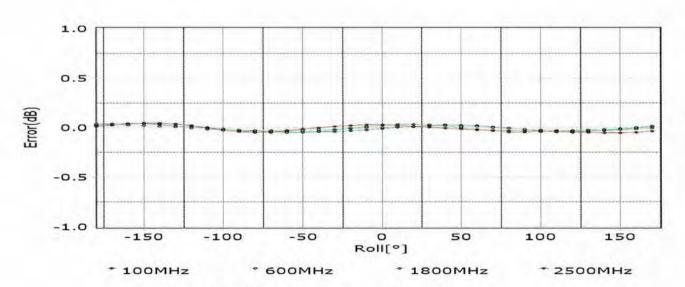
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

300°





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ (k=2)