

TEST REPORT

Applicant: Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.

Address: #019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road,

Haidian District, Beijing, China, 100085

Equipment Type: Wireless Earphones

Model Name: M2341E1

Brand Name: XIAOMI

FCC ID: 2AFZZM2341E1L

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

(refer to section 3.1)

Maximum SAR: Head (1 g@0mm): 0.63 W/kg

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ISSUED BY:

Liong Li Wing

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

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(Testing Director)

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Revision History

Version

Issue Date

Revisions Content

Rev. 01

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Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 66850100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co.,Ltd.	
	☑ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi	
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.	
Location	China	
Location	☐ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,	
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,	
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a	
Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.	

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	18°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative	200/ 45 700/
Humidity	30% to 70%



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.	
Addross	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District,	
Address	Beijing, China, 100085	

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.	
A ddraga	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District,	
Address	Beijing, China, 100085	

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Wireless Earphones	
Model Name Under Test	M2341E1	
Series Model Name	N/A	
Description of Model	N/A	
Name Differentiation	IV/A	
Hardware Version	V2	
Software Version	N75_A_1.0.5.0	
Dimensions (Approx.)	Box: 53.2mm*24.5mm*53.93 mm	
Dimensions (Approx.)	Earphone: 17.18mm*20.17mm*30mm	
Weight (Approx.)	44.7g (Box with Earphones)	

2.4 Ancillary Equipment

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AW EUT external photo.pdf."



2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
connectivity	Bidelootii (BR+EDR+BLE)

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	Bluetooth		
Frequency Range	Bluetooth	2402 MF	lz~2480 MHz
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		
Hotspot Function	N/A		
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure		
ProductType	Portable Device		
EUT Type	⊠Production unit		☐ Identical prototype



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices	
2	ANSI C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure	
2		to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz	
	IEEE Otd	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average	
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless	
		Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	
4	FCC KDB 447498	447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01	
4	D04 v01		
5	FCC KDB 865664	CAR Massurament 400 MHz to C CHz	
5	D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	
6	FCC KDB 865664	RF Exposure Reporting	
0	D02 v01r02		



3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be usedwithin 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

	SAR Value (W/Kg)			
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/		
	Uncontrolled Exposure	ControlledExposure		
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4		
(averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4		
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0		
(averaged over any 1gram of tissue)	1.00	8.0		
SAR for hands, wrists,				
feetandankles	4.0	20.0		
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)				

NOTE:

General Population/UncontrolledExposure: Locationswhere there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which thegeneral public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of theiremployment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control overtheir exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is notemployment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/ControlledExposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which personsare exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Equipment Class	Band	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg) Head 1g (0mm)		
DSS	Bluetooth	0.63		
Limit (W/kg)	1.60		
Ver	dict	Pass		



3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.63W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and generalpopulation/uncontrolled, based on a person's awarenessand ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

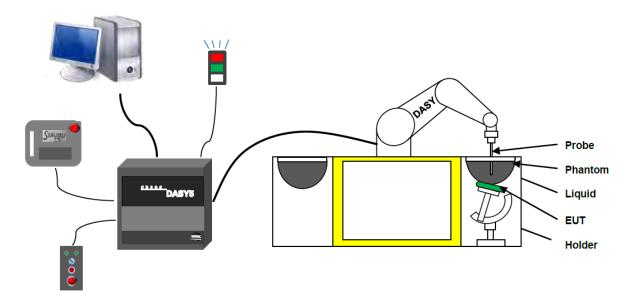
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

pis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit
 is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
 EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular coreBuilt-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
 (virtually maintenancefree due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic constructionshields)



4.2.3 E-FieldProbe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4-SN: 7607 with following specifications is used.

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection

systemBuilt-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis); ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic range $5 \mu \text{W/g}$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from

probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic

scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- ·Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB



4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- ·Left Head
- ·Right Head
- ·Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1576



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1576 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500



4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

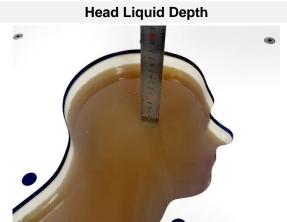


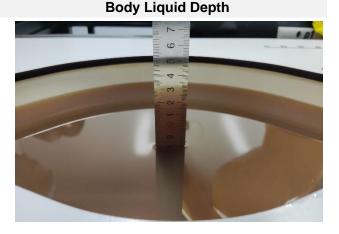
The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.





The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600-10000V6	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



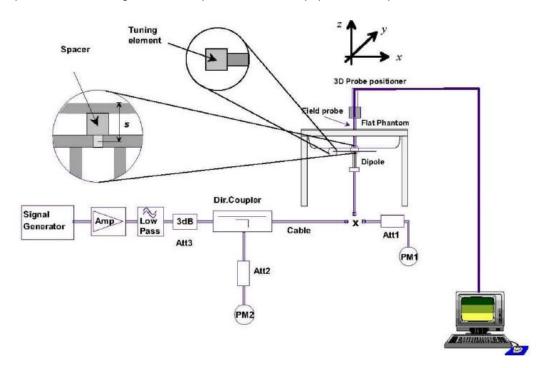
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

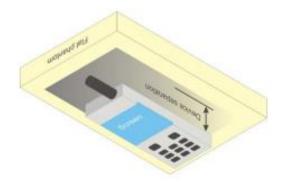
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

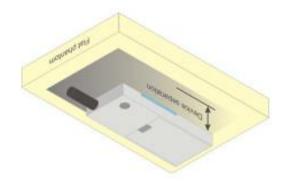
6.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-wornaccessory.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

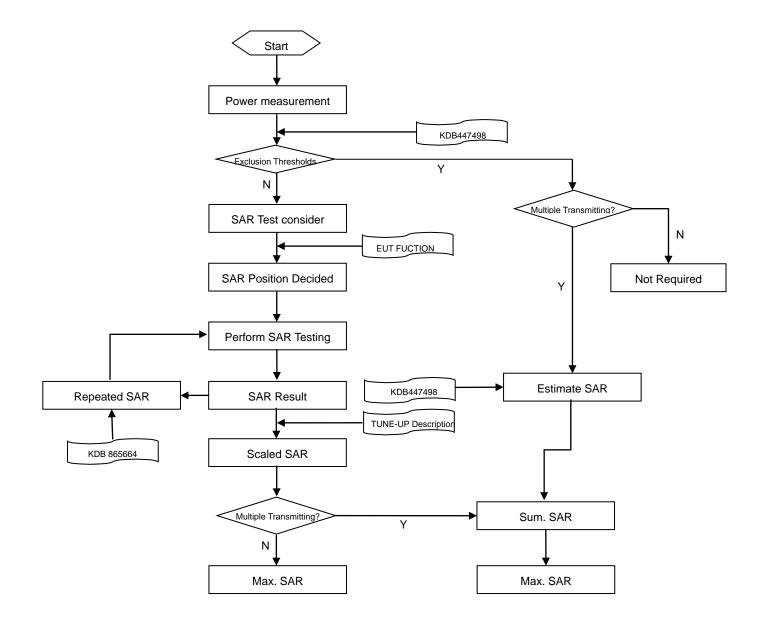






7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Boththe probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz		
Maximum distance from	closest meas	surement point	5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
(geometric center of prob	e sensors) t	o phantom surface	92	/2 0 m(=)=0.0 mm		
Maximum probe angle from	om probe axi	s to phantom surface	30°±1° 20°±1°			
normal at the measureme	ent location		00 11	20 11		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm		
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
			When the x or y dimension of t	he test device, in the		
Maximum area scan spat	ial resolution	n: ΔxArea ,Δy Area	measurement plane orientation	n, is smaller than the above, the		
			measurement resolution must	be ≤ the corresponding x or y		
			dimension of the test device with at least one measurement			
			point on the test device.			
N4	. 4: _ 1 l 4: _	A A 7	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spa	itiai resolutio	on: ΔxZoom ,Δy Zoom	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
			≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
	unifor	m grid: Δz Zoom (n)		4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
Maximum zoom scan				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
spatial resolution,		Δz Zoom (1): between		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
normal to phantom		1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm		
surface	graded	to phantom surface		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz Zoom (n>1):				
		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δz 2	Zoom (n-1)		
		points				
Minimum zoom				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm		
scan volume		x, y, z	≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm		
Journ Volumo				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note:

- 1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 *32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan andzoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for otherpeaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

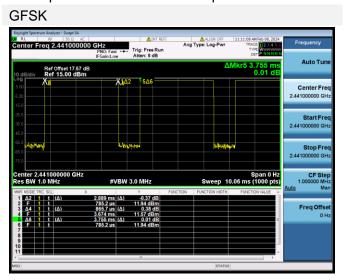
8.1 Bluetooth

Mode		GFSK			π/4-DQPSK	
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
AV power(dBm)	11.83	12.01	12.08	10.28	10.30	10.11
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	13.00	13.00	13.00	11.50	11.50	11.50
SAR Test Require	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	NO
Mode		8-DPSK			/	
Channel	0	39	78	/	/	/
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	/	/	/
AV power(dBm)	10.00	10.09	10.07	/	/	/
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	11.50	11.50	11.50	/	/	/
SAR Test Require	NO	NO	NO	/	/	/
Mode		BLE-1Mbps			BLE-2Mbps	
Channel	0	19	39	0	19	39
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2440	2480	2402	2440	2480
AV power(dBm)	8.85	8.83	8.83	9.01	9.06	8.88
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50
SAR Test Require	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Note 1:Since Bluetooth BR mode is the maximum output power mode, SAR measurements were performed with test software using DH5 modulation, and SAR measurement is not required for the EDR and LE. When the secondary mode is \leq 4 dB higher than the primary mode.

Duty Cycle

Note: The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.94 %as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.





9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AI EUT internal photo.pdf."



10 TEST RESULT

10.1 Bluetooth

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1 g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas.
Flat 0mm													
	Front Side	0	78	2480	0.02	0.064	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.103	/
	Back Side	0	78	2480	0.16	0.303	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.487	/
	Left Edge	0	78	2480	0.05	0.336	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.540	/
Bluetooth	Right Edge	0	78	2480	0.09	0.391	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.628	1#
GFSK-DH5	Top Edge	0	78	2480	-0.12	0.024	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.039	/
	Bottom Edge	0	78	2480	0.06	0.049	12.08	13.00	1.236	76.94	1.300	0.079	/
	Right Edge	0	0	2402	0.15	0.337	11.83	13.00	1.309	76.94	1.300	0.573	/
	Right Edge	0	39	2441	-0.03	0.326	12.01	13.00	1.256	76.94	1.300	0.532	/
Note: Refer to	ANNEX C for the d	etailed te	st data for	each test c	onfiguration								



11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Note: For product specific 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is 0.391< 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.



12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Note: The product has only one antenna for Bluetooth, so simultaneous transmission evaluation is not required in this report.



13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2021/05/19	2024/05/19
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7607	2023/07/04	2024/07/04
Data Acquisition Electronicsr	Speag	DAE4	SN: 878	2023/03/23	2024/03/23
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	177746	2023/05/10	2024/05/10
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	835843/014	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	100211	2023/09/05	2024/09/05
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2023/11/14	2024/11/14
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4	EF5238001628	2023/10/09	2024/10/09
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7239002652	2023/11/17	2024/11/17
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	Speag	DAK3.5	SN: 1312	N/A	N/A
Phantom	Speag	SAM	SN: 1576	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
- 4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.



ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2024.02.26	Head	2450	21.2	1.80	39.44	1.80	39.20	0.00	0.61

Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is \pm 5%.



ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid	Freq.	Power	Measured	Normalized SAR	DipoleSAR	Tolerance				
	Туре	(MHz)	(mW)	SAR(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)				
2024.02.26	Head	2450	100	5.35	53.50	53.00	0.94				
Note: The telerone	Note: The telerance limit of System validation, (100/										

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.



System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Date: 2024.02.26

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.439$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.1 °C Liquid Temperature:21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7607; ConvF(7.47, 7.76, 7.61); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 2450/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

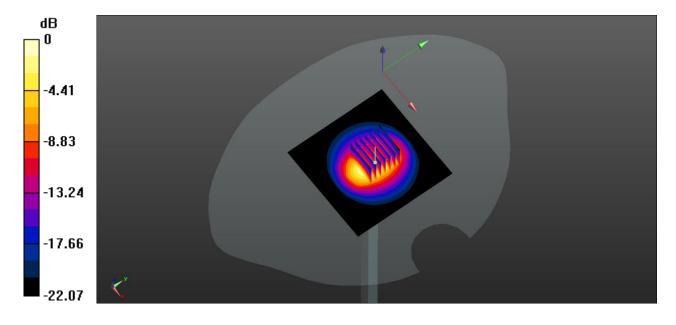
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.34 W/kg

CW 2450/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.17 W/kg



0 dB = 6.17 W/kg



ANNEX C TEST DATA

Meas.1 Body Plane with Right Edge 0mm on 78 Channel in Bluetooth mode with Left Ear

Date: 2024.02.26

Communication System Band: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.835 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.232; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.1 °C Liquid Temperature:21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7607; ConvF(7.47, 7.76, 7.61); Calibrated: 2023.07.04;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn878; Calibrated: 2023.03.23

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1576

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch78/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

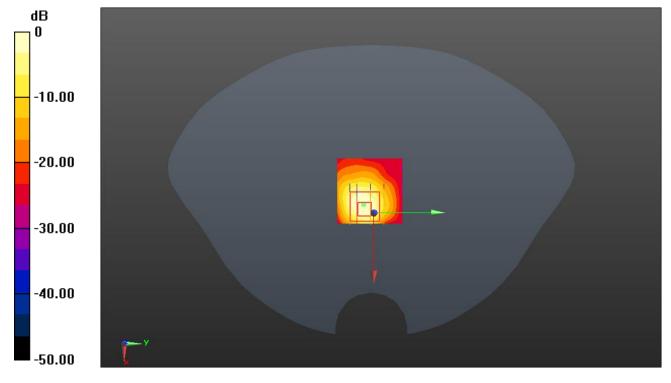
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.632 W/kg

Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.558 V/m; Power Drift =0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.523 W/kg



0 dB = 0.523 W/kg



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AW.pdf".

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AS-1.pdf".

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AC.pdf".

ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2420105-AT.pdf".



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--END OF REPORT--