

## **Appendix 5**

# **RF Exposure Information**

**Maximum transmitter power:**

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak output power (dBm)	Output power(mW)
2402	0.77	1.194
2440	0.99	1.256
2480	0.72	1.180

According to KDB 447498 D01:

These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,<sup>24</sup> where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>25</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

**Result:**

$$(1.194/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.402} = 0.37 < 3.0$$

$$(1.256/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.440} = 0.39 < 3.0$$

$$(1.180/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.480} = 0.37 < 3.0$$

**Conclusion:**

It is qualified for standalone SAR test exclusion.