## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance  $v05\,$ 

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}$  Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}$  The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2480 MHz 3.72 dBm (2.355 mW) output power]

 $(2.355 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.480 (\text{GHz})}] = 0.74 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1\text{-g SAR}$ 

Then SAR evaluation is not required