

FCC ID: 2AFXA-DXDM280BT

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- --f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- --Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- --The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

eirp = pt x gt =  $(EXd)^2/30$ where: pt = transmitter output power in watts, gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless), E = electric field strength in V/m, ---  $10^{((dBuV/m)/20)}/10^6$ d = measurement distance in meters (m) ---3m So pt =  $(EXd)^2/30$  x gt

Field strength = 97.87dBuV/m @3m Ant gain =0dBi, so Ant numeric gain= 1 So pt={  $[10^{97.87/20}]/10^6 \times 3]^2/30\times1$ }x1000 mW = 1.837mW So (1.837mW /5mm)x  $\sqrt{2.480}$  = 0.579<3

Then SAR evaluation is not required