

Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009163

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# **TEST REPORT**

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: 2AFWN-SLT-RC005

**Equipment Under Test** 

: SLT-RC005

Model Name

: SLT-RC005

**Applicant** 

: SOLUM CO., LTD.

Manufacturer

: SAMSUNG ELECTRO-MECHANICS CO., LTD.

Date of Test(s)

: 2015.08.24 ~ 2015.09.24

Date of Issue

: 2015.10.01

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:

Date:

2015.10.01

Approved By:

Date:

2015.10.01



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## 1. General Information

## 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

-Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx">http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</a>.

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## 1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : SOLUM CO., LTD

Address : 150, Maeyoung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16674, Rep. of KOREA

Contact Person: Lee, Tae-Ha Phone No.: + 82 31 210 5729

## 1.3. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	SLT-RC005
Model Name	SLT-RC005
Power Supply	DC 3.0 V
Frequency Range	2 405 Mb ~ 2 470 Mb (Zigbee)
Modulation Technique	DSSS
Number of Channels	14 Channels
Antenna Type	Internal Type
Antenna Gain	1.69 dB i
H/W Version	03
S/W Version	1.0



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## 1.4. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	259067	Jun. 22, 2015	Annual	Jun. 22, 2016
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 13, 2015	Annual	Jul. 13, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Nov. 04, 2014	Annual	Nov. 04, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103100	Jun. 22, 2015	Annual	Jun. 22, 2016
Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	0950-2	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-6SS	4	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Mar. 12, 2015	Annual	Mar. 12, 2016
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100748	Jun. 08, 2015	Annual	Jun. 08, 2016
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY48490027	Dec. 22, 2014	Annual	Dec. 22, 2015
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2015	Annual	Aug. 27, 2016
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	SCU-18	10117	Apr. 10, 2015	Annual	Apr. 10, 2016
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 07, 2015	Annual	May 07, 2016
Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	VULB 9163	396	Jun. 18, 2015	Biennial	Jun. 18, 2017
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200 S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 03, 2015	Annual	Mar. 03, 2016
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.



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## 1.5. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD : FCC Part15 Subpart C								
Standard section	Result							
15.205 15.209 15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied						
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Complied						
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Complied						
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Complied						

## 1.6. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (ANSI C63.4-2003) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 v03r03 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

## 1.7. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

#### 1.7.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Attenuator (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

#### 1.7.2. Radiation test

Field strength level ( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = Measured level ( $dB\mu V$ ) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) – amplifier (dB)

#### 1.8. Test report revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description	
0	F690501/RF-RTL009163	2015.10.01	Initial	



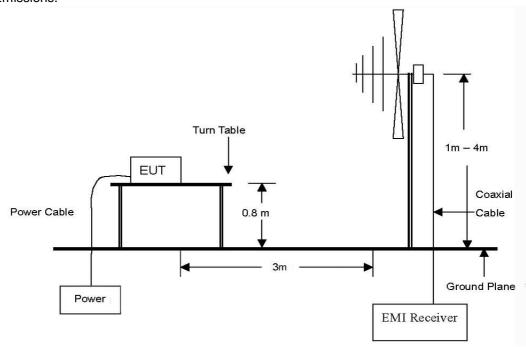
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## 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

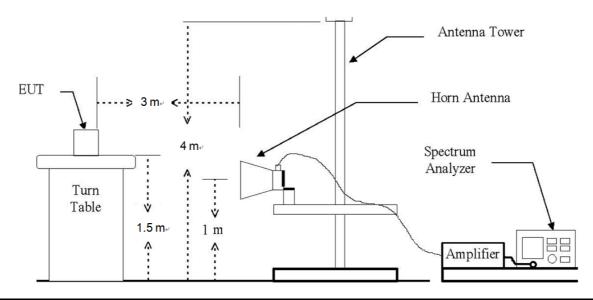
## 2.1. Test Setup

#### 2.1.1. Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 \( \text{Mb} \) to 1 @ Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 @lb to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.





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#### 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions

EUT		Attenuator (BW-N20W5+)		Spectrum Analyzer (FSV30)
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#### 2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (账)	Distance (Meters)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Field Strength (
0.009 – 0.490	300	20 log (2 400/F(kHz))	2 400/F(kllz)
0.490 – 1.705	30	20 log (24 000/F(klb))	24 000/F(kliz)
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.54	30
30 – 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500



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#### 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.0 & 12.0 of KDB 558074 D01 v03r03 and ANSI C63.4-2003.

#### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



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- 1. Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands
- The Reference Level Measurement refer to section 11.2 Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, SPAN  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth, the RBW = 100  $\,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{kl} \,\mathrm{l} \,\mathrm{l}$
- Unwanted Emissions Level Measurement refer to section 11.3 Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100  $\,\mathrm{kHz}$  and VBW  $\geq$  3  $\,\times$  RBW, Detector = Peak, Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  span/RBW, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.
- 2. Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands
- Peak Power measurement procedure refer to section 12.2.4

  Set RBW = as specified in Table 1, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, SPAN ≥ RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.

Table 1- RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 – 150 kHz	<b>200 – 300</b> Hz
0.15 − 30 MHz	9 – 10 kHz
30 – 1 000 MHz	100 − 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

- Average Power measurements procedure refer to section 12.2.5.1

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously). Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

Set RBW = 1 Mb, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = RMS, if span / (# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2).

Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

As an alternative the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used. Sweep time = auto, Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

3. Worst orthogonal plan of EUT is X - axis during radiation test.



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#### 2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

Per the guidance of KDB 558074 D01 v03r03, section 11.1 & 11.2 & 11.3, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 klb. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 2.4.3. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20 dB or 30 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 klb bandwidth.

#### 1. Reference level measurement

- The Measurement refer to section 11.2

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. the RBW = 100 № and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

## 2. Conducted Emissions at Band Edge

- The Measurement refer to section 11.3

Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 ຟ and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ span/RBW, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

#### 3. Conducted Spurious Emissions

- The Measurement refer to section 11.3

Start frequency was set to 30 № and stop frequency was set to 25 № (separated into two plots per channel), RBW = 100 №, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

#### 4. Correction function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 klb to 25 Glb, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



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#### 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : **(23** ± **1)** ℃ Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

## 2.4.1. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum from 32 Mb to 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are applied for peak values per frequency band.

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correctio	Correction Factors		FCC Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
46.25	41.60	Peak	Н	16.04	-26.65	30.99	40.00	9.01
77.29	43.20	Peak	Н	9.70	-26.25	26.65	40.00	13.35
150.93	41.30	Peak	V	8.07	-25.38	23.99	43.50	19.51
251.44	40.90	Peak	V	14.03	-24.44	30.49	46.00	15.51
357.66	37.50	Peak	Н	15.67	-24.11	29.06	46.00	16.94
553.64	35.40	Peak	Н	18.81	-24.39	29.82	46.00	16.18
913.51	34.80	Peak	V	23.54	-22.43	35.91	46.00	10.09

#### Remark:

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels were investigated and almost the same below 1 @lb.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in **low channel** as worst case among other channels.
- Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.
- (Actual = Reading + Antenna Factor + Amp + CL)
- 4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.
- 5. The device has a reference clock operating 32 Mb



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## 2.4.2. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values. A. Low Channel (2 405 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	20.29	Peak	Н	27.77	6.48	54.54	74.00	19.46
*2 310.00	9.67	Average	Н	27.77	6.48	43.92	54.00	10.08
*2 350.89	25.65	Peak	Н	28.05	6.55	60.25	74.00	13.75
*2 350.89	11.82	Average	Н	28.05	6.55	46.42	54.00	7.58
*2 390.00	21.45	Peak	Н	28.08	6.47	56.00	74.00	18.00
*2 390.00	10.94	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	45.49	54.00	8.51

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 811.01	42.64	Peak	Н	32.69	-33.49	41.84	74.00	32.16
*4 811.01	36.67	Average	Н	32.69	-33.49	35.87	54.00	18.13
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## B. Middle Channel (2 440 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Li	mit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 879.17	46.21	Peak	Н	33.00	-33.29	45.92	74.00	28.08
*4 879.17	41.08	Average	Н	33.00	-33.29	40.79	54.00	13.21
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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## C. High Channel (2 470 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dΒμ̄V/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	20.12	Peak	Н	28.17	6.65	54.94	74.00	19.06
*2 483.50	10.90	Average	Н	28.17	6.65	45.72	54.00	8.28
*2 485.55	22.31	Peak	Н	28.19	6.68	57.18	74.00	16.82
*2 485.55	10.82	Average	Н	28.19	6.68	45.69	54.00	8.31
*2 500.00	19.72	Peak	Н	28.31	6.88	54.91	74.00	19.09
*2 500.00	10.68	Average	Н	28.31	6.88	45.87	54.00	8.13

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 939.04	44.57	Peak	Н	33.24	-33.08	44.73	74.00	29.27
*4 939.04	37.93	Average	Н	33.24	-33.08	38.09	54.00	15.91
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remarks;

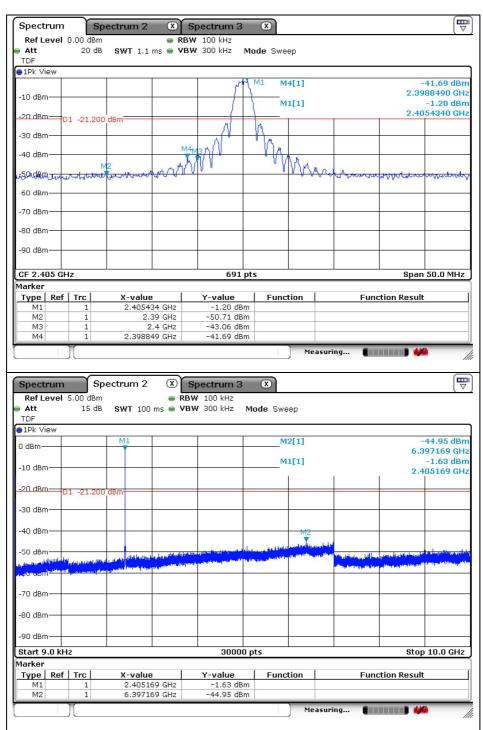
- 1. "\*" means the restricted band.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL or Reading + AF + CL
- 5. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.



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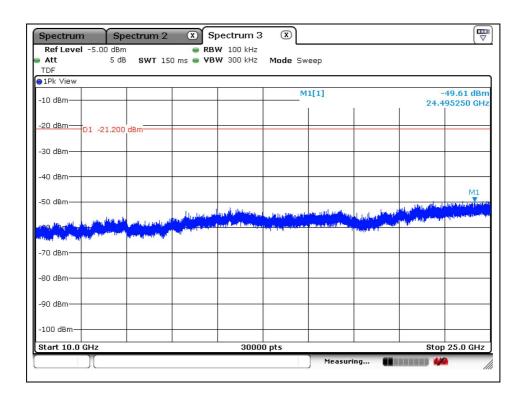
## 2.4.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Low Channel





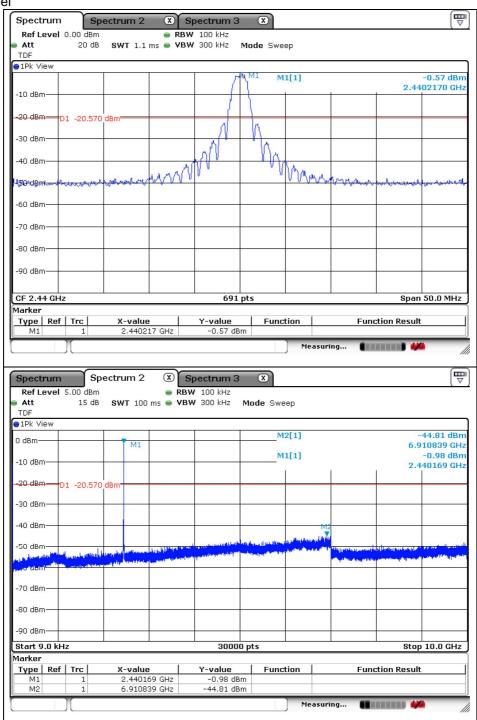
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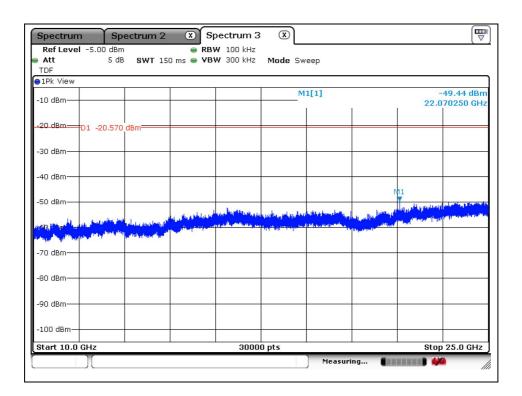
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#### Middle Channel





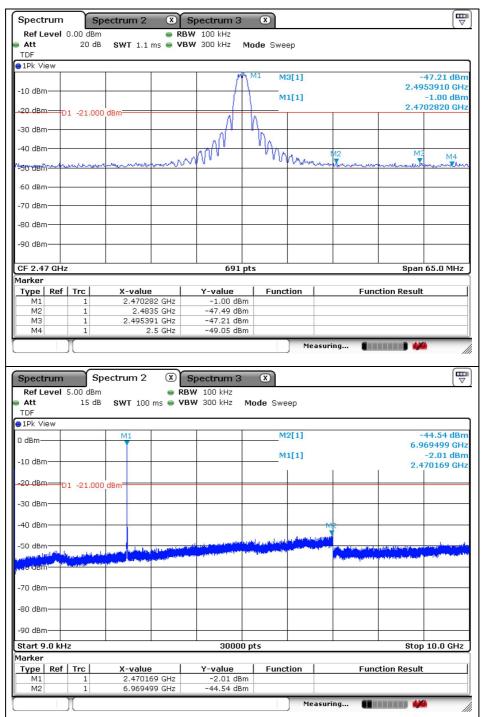
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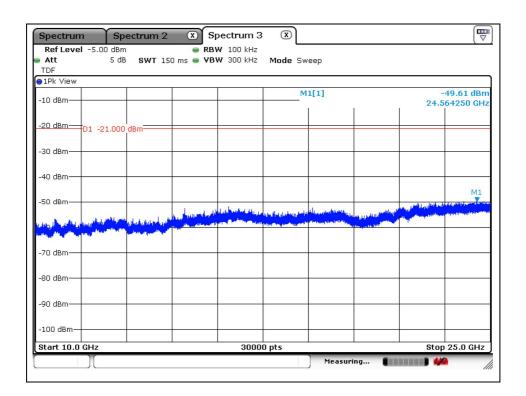
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#### High Channel





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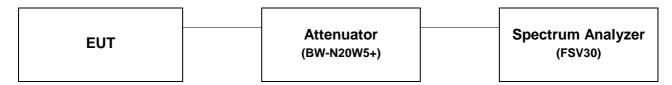




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## 3. 6 dB Bandwidth

## 3.1. Test Setup



#### 3.2. **Limit**

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902  $\sim$  928 Mb, 2 400  $\sim$  2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725  $\sim$  5 825 Mb bands. The minimum of 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb.

#### 3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 8.0 DTS bandwidth of FCC KDB Publication 558074 D01 v03r03. Tests performed using section 8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1:
- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by  $6~\mathrm{dB}$  relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



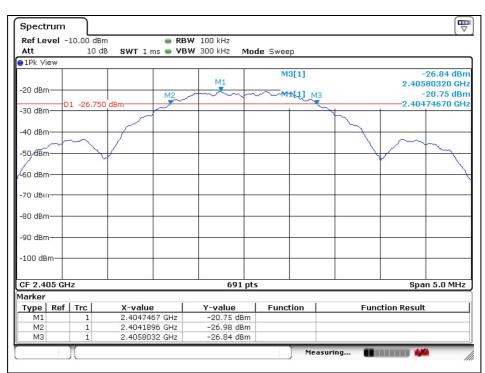
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#### 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : **(23** ± **1)** ℃ Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	6 dB Bandwidth (紀)	Minimum Bandwidth (쌦)
	Low	2 405 MHz	1 613.60	500
DSSS	Middle	2 440 Mb	1 628.10	500
	High	2 470 MHz	1 649.80	500

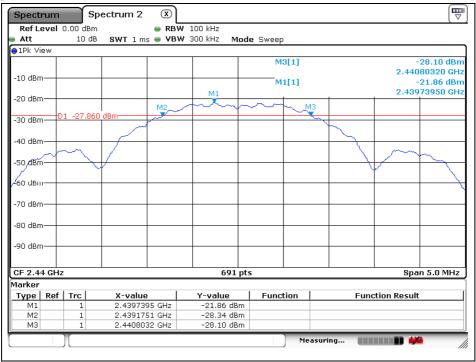
#### Low Channel



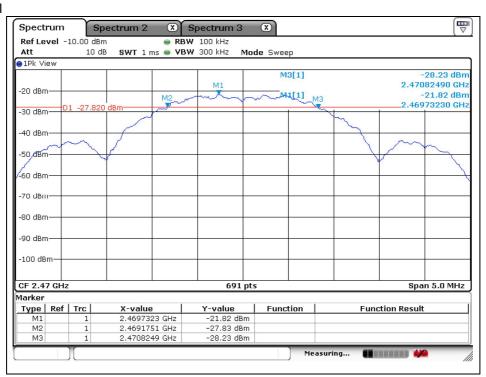


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#### Middle Channel



#### High Channel

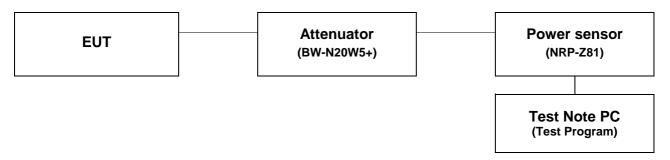




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## 4. Maximum Conducted Output Power

## 4.1. Test Setup



#### **4.2. Limit**

According to \$15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the  $902 \sim 928$  MHz,  $2400 \sim 2483.5$  MHz, and  $5725 \sim 5850$  MHz band: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antenna elements. The average must not include any intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph(b) of this section is based on the use of antenna with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph(c) of this section, if transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 9.1.2 of FCC KDB Publication 558074 D01 v03r03

#### - Peak power meter method

-The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)

- 1. Initially overall offset for attenuator and cable loss is measured per frequency.
- 2. Measured offset is inserted in test program in advance of measurement for output power.
- 3. Power for each frequency (channel) and data rate of device is investigated as final result.
- 4. Final result reported on this section from R&S power viewer program includes with several factors and test program shows only final result.



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## 4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23  $\pm$  1)  $^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity : 47  $^{\circ}$  R.H.

Mode	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	Attenuator + Cable offset (dB)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Limit (dB m)
	Low	2 405 Mb	21.49	5.61	30.00
DSSS	Middle	2 440 MHz	21.50	5.38	30.00
	High	2 470 MHz	21.52	5.31	30.00

#### Remark;

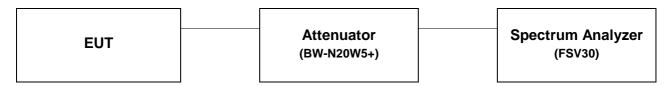
Cable offset was compensated in test program (R&S Power Viewer) before measuring.



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## 5. Power Spectral Density

## 5.1. Test Setup



#### 5.2. Limit

 $\S15.247(e)$  For digitally modulated system, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dB m in any 3 kHz band any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### 5.3. Test Procedure

The measurement is recorded using the PKPSD measurement procedure in 10.2 of KDB 558074 D01 v03r03.

- This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.
- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to at least 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW to : 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = Peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



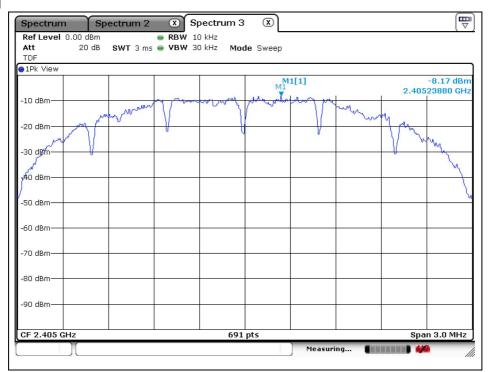
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## 5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : **(23** ± **1)** ℃ % R.H. Relative humidity : 47

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Measured PSD (dB m)	Maximum Limit (dB m)
	Low	2 405 MHz	-8.17	8
DSSS	Middle	2 440 MHz	-8.16	8
	High	2 470 MHz	-8.85	8

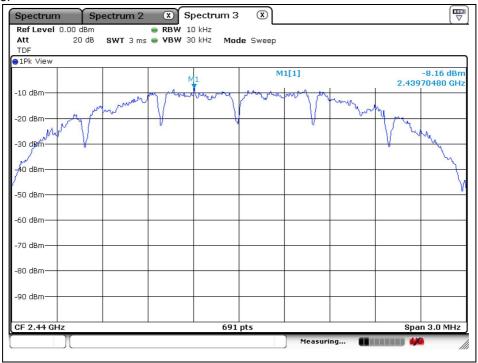
#### Low Channel



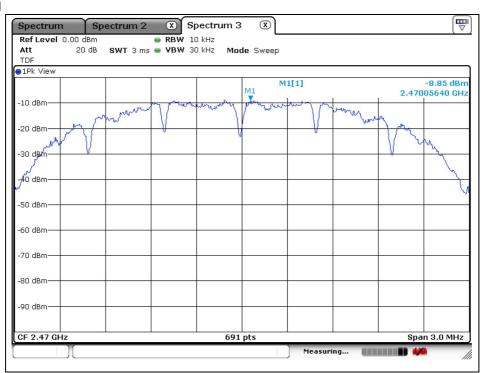


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#### Middle Channel



## High Channel





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## 6. Antenna Requirement

## 6.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

## 6.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is internal type with gain of 1.69  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  i.