FCC Part 15C Measurement and Test Report

For

SHENZHEN HOOX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

Floor 4, Building 1, Da'erxun Industrial Park, Pinghu Town, Longgang

District, Shenzhen

FCC ID: 2AFPC-HO-SF812

FCC Rule(s):	FCC Part 15.247		
Product Description:	Selfie stick		
Tested Model:	HO-SF812		
Report No.:	<u>STR150881051</u>		
Tested Date:	2015-08-11 to 2015-08-25		
Issued Date:	2015-08-25		
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Reviewed By:	Lahm Peng / EMC Manager	Lahm peny	
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information	
Applicant:	SHENZHEN HOOX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of applicant:	Floor 4, Building 1, Da'erxun Industrial Park, Pinghu
	Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen
Manufacturer:	SHENZHEN HOOX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of manufacturer:	Floor 4, Building 1, Da'erxun Industrial Park, Pinghu
	Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Selfie stick
Trade Name:	Ноох
Model No.:	HO-SF812
Adding Model(s):	HO-SF811
Rated Voltage:	DC3V Battery
Power Adapter Model:	/

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model HO-SF812, but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V3.0
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	3.26dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Lowest Internal Frequency of EUT:	16MHz

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the SHENZHEN HOOX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. The measurement guide DA 00-705 for frequency hopping spread spectrum systems shall be performed also.

1.4 Test Facility

FCC – Registration No.: 934118

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 934118.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM.Test Technology Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101).

1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List			
Test Mode	Description	Remark	
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz	
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz	
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz	
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz	

Modulation Configure			
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
	DH1	4	27
GFSK	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
	2DH1	20	54
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	379
	3DH1	24	83
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK, (Pi/4)DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.

EUT Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Length (m) Shielded/Unshielded With / Without Ferrite			
/	/	/	/	

Special Cable List and Details				
Cable Description Length (m) Shielded/Unshielded With / Without Ferrite				
/	/	/	/	

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details				
Description	Manufacturer Model Serial Number			
/	/	/	/	

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Date	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP	836079/035	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVB	825471/005	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1G18	2002	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2015-06-17	2016-06-16
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2015-06-17	2016-06-16

1.6 Test Equipment List and Details

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§ 2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	N/A
§ 15.209(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	RF Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: not applicable

3. RF Exposure

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307 and § 2.1093, the portable transmitter must comply the RF exposure requirements.

3.2 Test Result

This product complied with the requirement of the RF exposure, please see the RF Exposure Report.

4. Antenna Requirement

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

4.2 Evaluation Information

This product has an integral antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

5. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

5.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

5.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

6. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

6.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer. Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz) RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq 1\%$ of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

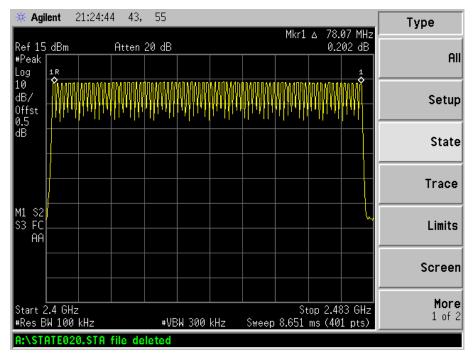
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

6.3 Environmental Conditions

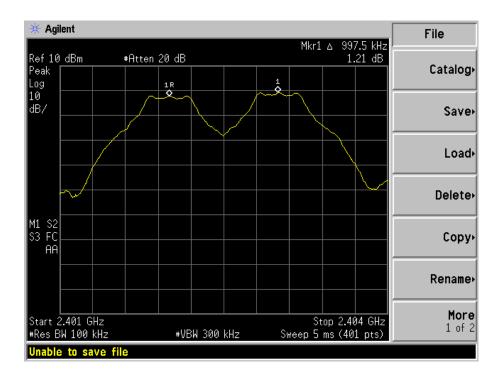
Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

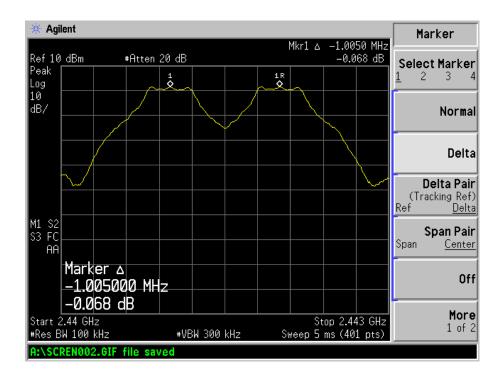
No. of Channel = 79



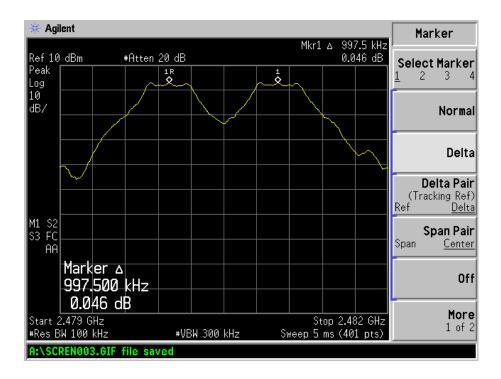
For GFSK mode Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)

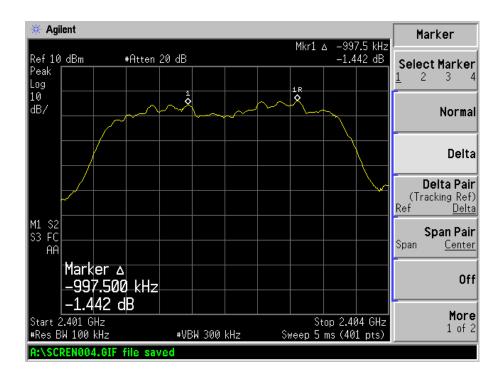


Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)

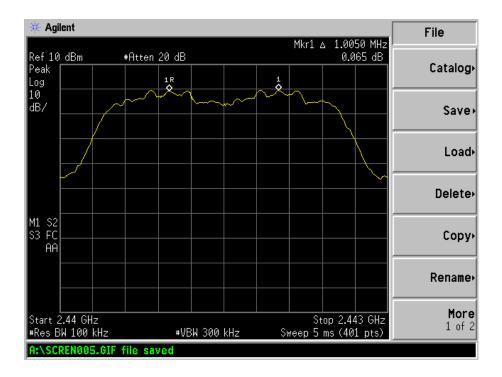


For 8DPSK mode

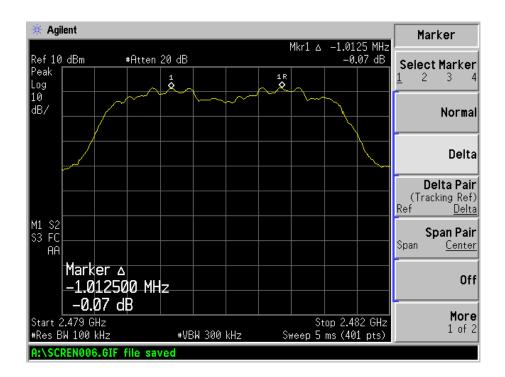
Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



7. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

7.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

 $VBW \ge RBW$

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

7.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

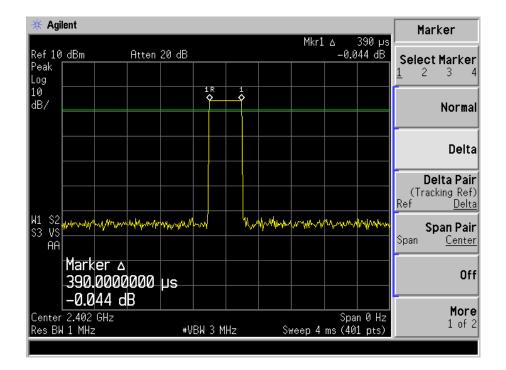
7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, and DH5.

The test period: T = 0.4 Second * 79 Channel = 31.6 s Dwell time = time slot length * (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) * Period

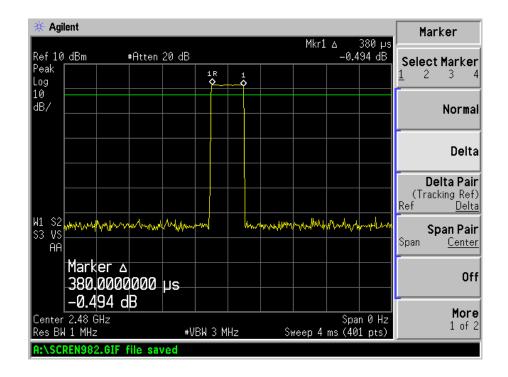
Madalation	Test Channel	De alast	Time Slot Length	Dwell Time	Limit
Modulation	Test Channel	Packet	ms	ms	ms
		DH1	0.390	124.800	400
	2402MHz	DH3	1.640	262.400	400
		DH5	2.890	308.267	400
		DH1	0.380	121.600	400
GFSK	2441MHz	DH3	1.600	256.000	400
		DH5	2.860	305.067	400
	2480MHz	DH1	0.380	121.600	400
24		DH3	1.600	256.000	400
		DH5	2.860	305.067	400
		3DH1	0.400	128.000	400
	2402MHz	3DH3	1.640	262.400	400
		3DH5	2.880	307.200	400
		3DH1	0.370	118.400	400
8DPSK	2441MHz	3DH3	1.620	259.200	400
		3DH5	2.870	306.133	400
		3DH1	0.370	118.400	400
	2480MHz	3DH3	1.620	259.200	400
		3DH5	2.870	306.133	400

Please refer to the test plots as below:

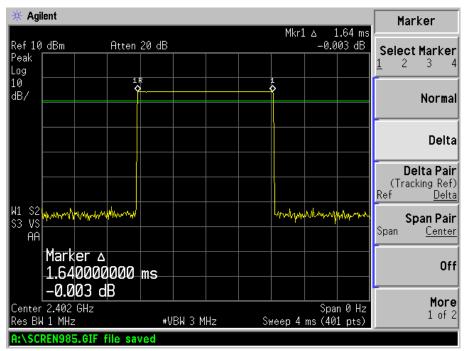


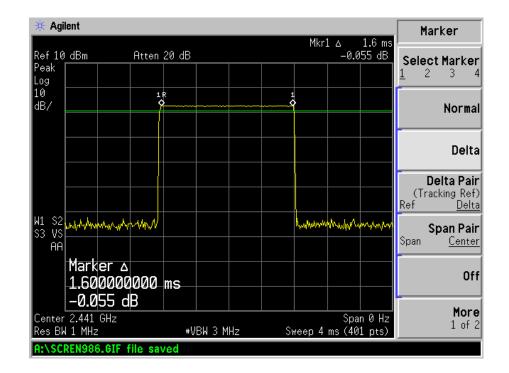
DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

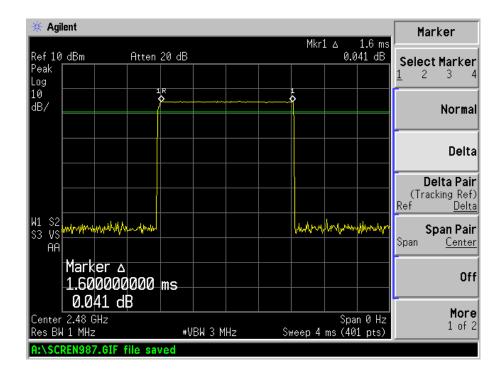
	arker 3 4
	ormal
	Delta
Delta CTrackin Ref	a Pair g Ref) <u>Delta</u>
	n Pair Center
Marker A 380.0000000 µs 0.065 dB	Off
enter 2.441 GHz Span 0 Hz es BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)	More 1 of 2

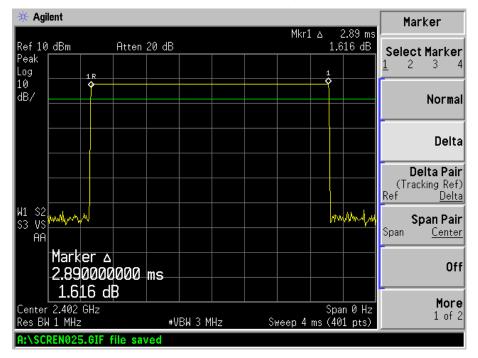


DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

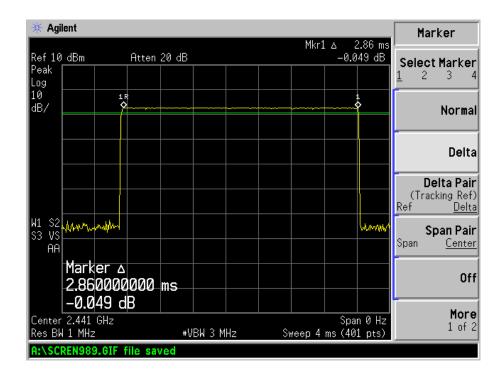


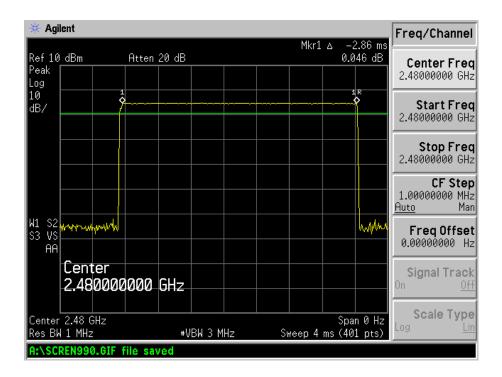




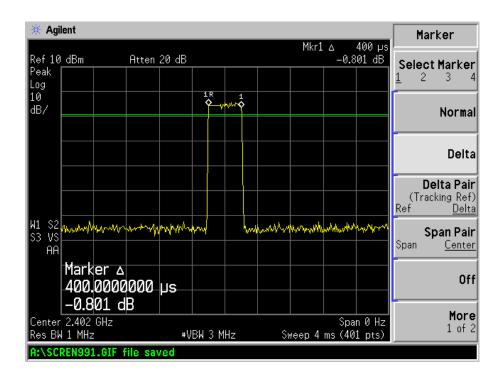


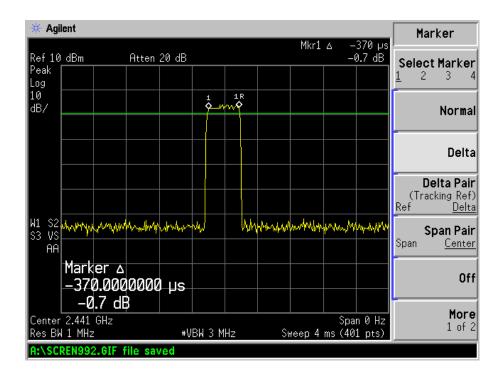
DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

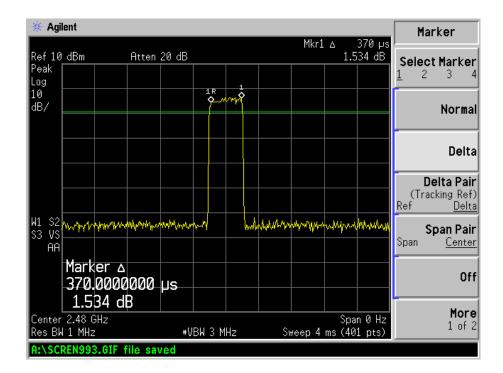


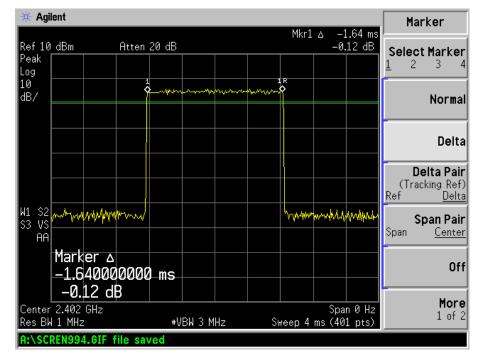


3DH1 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)



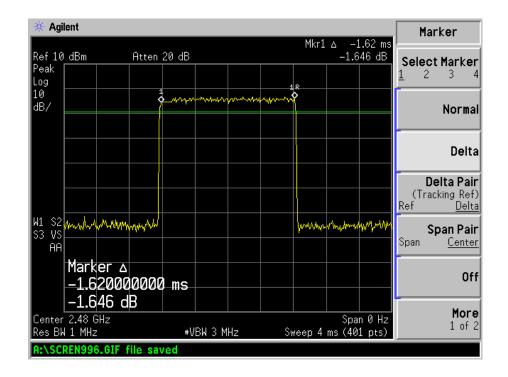




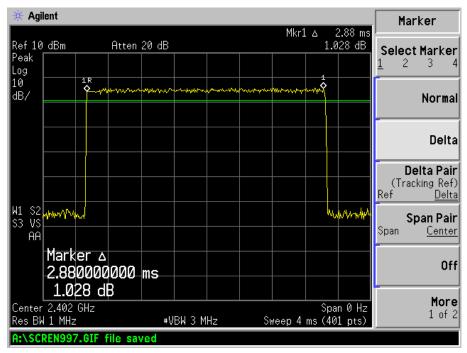


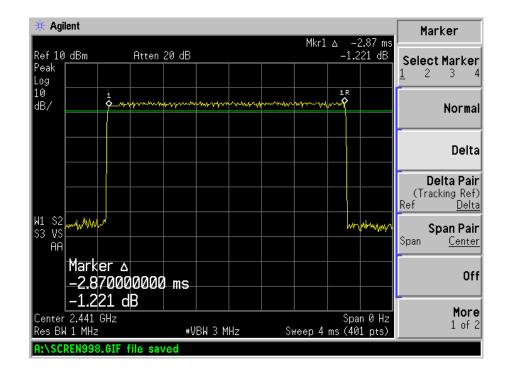
3DH3 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)

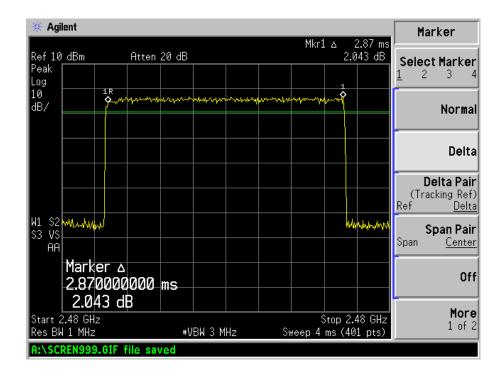
🔆 Agile	ent						Mkr1	~	1.62 ms	Marker
Ref 10 Peak Log	dBm	Atten	20 dB				PIKI 1		269 dB	Select Marker <u>1</u> 2 3 4
10 dB/		1 F \$: /*~~ /~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~w\/~	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	>			Normal
										Delta
										Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref Delta
W1 S2 S3 VS AA	portun Madridian	ww					work	www	Northal	Span Pair Span <u>Center</u>
	Marker ∆ 1.620000 2.269 dE		ms							Off
Center Res BW	2.441 GHz		#V	BW 3 M	Hz	Sn	veep 4		an 0 Hz 01 pts)	More 1 of 2
	EN995.GIF fi	ile sav		UN UN	112			1113 (44	or p(3)	



3DH5 time slot (Low, Middle, High Channels)







8. 20dB Bandwidth

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

8.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

 $RBW \ge 1\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth

 $VBW \ge RBW$

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

8.3 Environmental Conditions

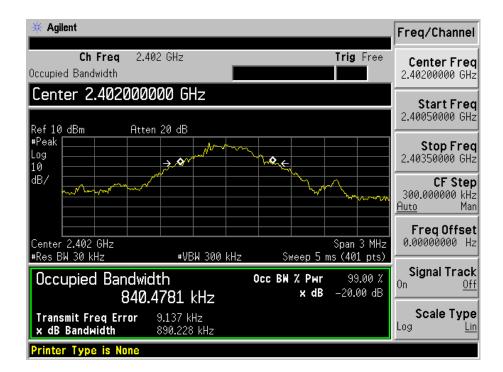
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

8.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

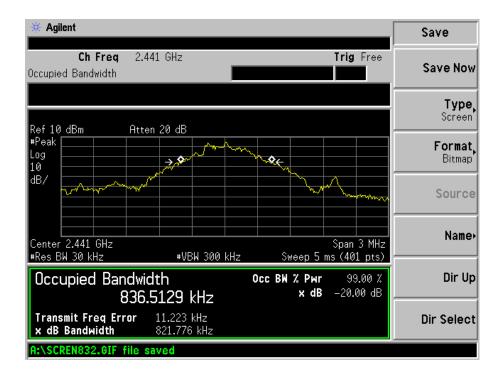
Test Mode	Test Channel	20 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	Limit
1050 1110400	MHz	kHz	kHz	kHz
	2402	890.228	840.4781	
GFSK	2441	821.776	836.5129	
	2480	814.738	829.6296	
	2402	1271	1193.9	
8DPSK	2441	1286	1224.4	
	2480	1262.2	1192.6	

For GFSK

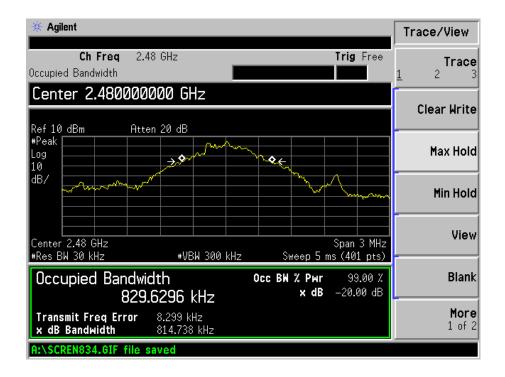
Low Channel:



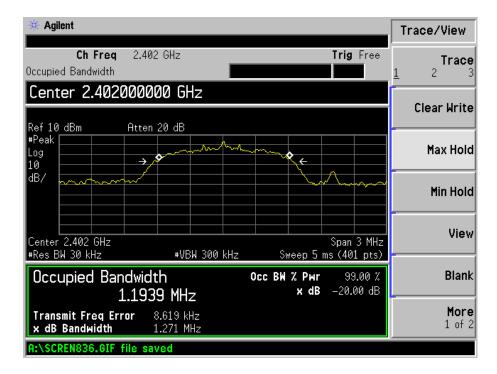
Middle Channel:



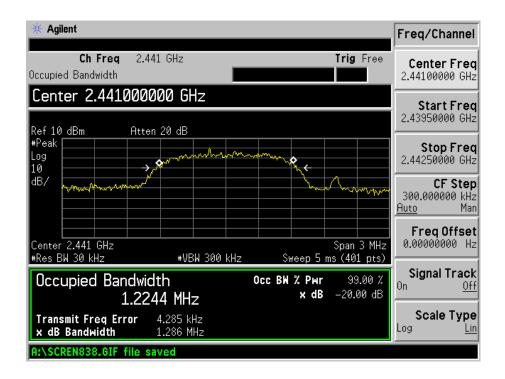
High Channel:



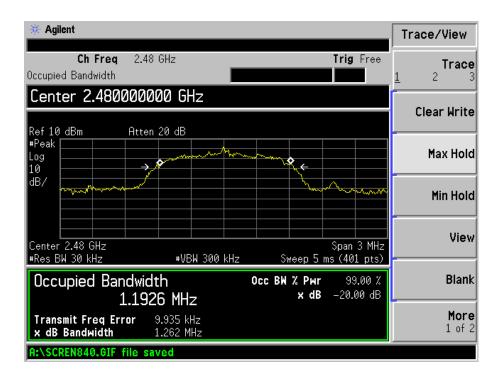
For 8DPSK Low Channel:



Middle Channel:



High Channel:



9. RF Output Power

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

 $VBW \ge RBW$

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

9.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

9.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	3.26	2.118	1000
Middle Channel	2441	3.01	2.000	1000
High Channel	2480	3.15	2.065	1000

For GFSK

For Pi/4 QDPSK

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel	2402	1.96	1.570	1000
Middle Channel	2441	1.87	1.538	1000
High Channel	2480	1.89	1.545	1000

For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Channel	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	2.65	1.841	1000
Middle Channel	2441	2.48	1.770	1000
High Channel	2480	2.59	1.816	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

10. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

10.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is ± 5.10 dB.

10.2 Standard Applicable

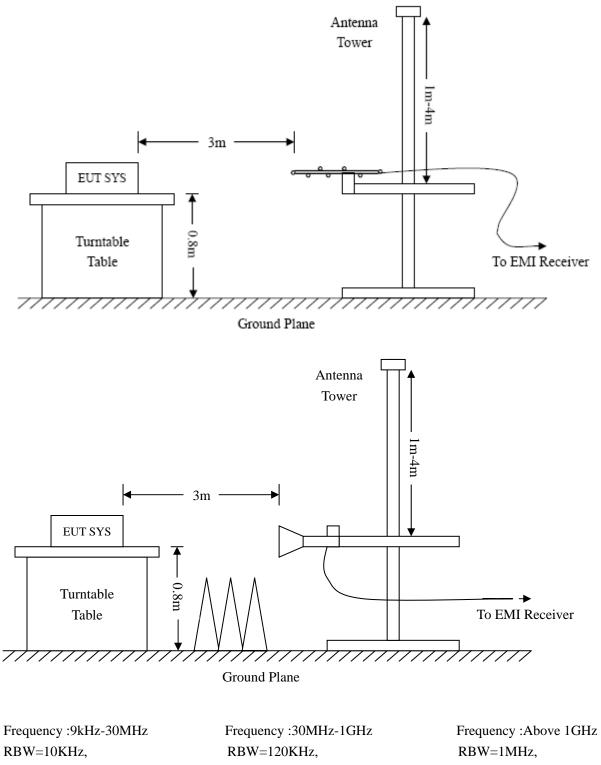
According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.209(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

10.3 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



RB w=10KHz, VBW =30KHz Sweep time= Auto Trace = max hold Detector function = peak Frequency :30MHz-1GHz RBW=120KHz, VBW=300KHz Sweep time= Auto Trace = max hold Detector function = peak, QP Frequency :Above 1GHz RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV) Sweep time= Auto Trace = max hold Detector function = peak, AV

10.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Ant. Factor + Cable Loss – Ampl. Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of $-6dB\mu V$ means the emission is $6dB\mu V$ below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. – FCC Part 15 Limit

10.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

10.6 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst cases:

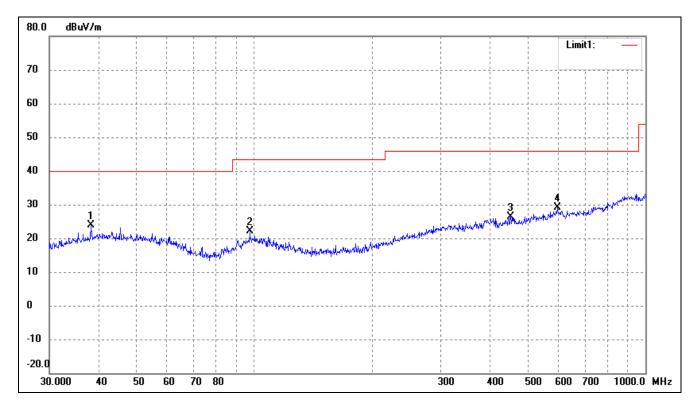
Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

Plot of Radiated Emissions Test Data (30MHz to 1GHz)

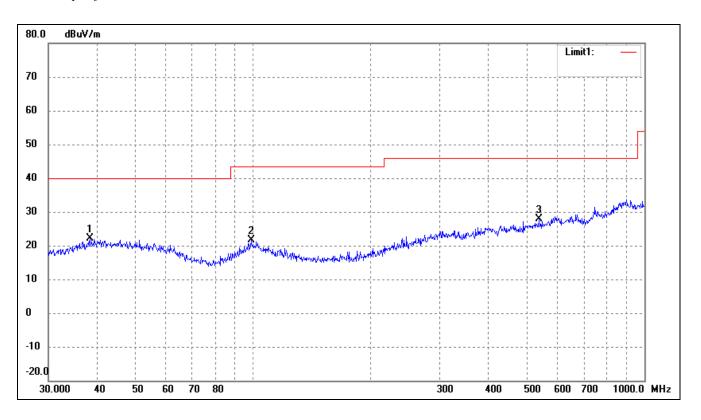
EUT:	Selfie stick
Tested Model:	HO-SF812
Operating Condition:	Transmitting Low Channel (2402MHz)
Comment:	DC3V Battery

Test Specification:

Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	38.3462	16.99	6.81	23.80	40.00	-16.20	89	100	peak
2	97.4560	16.55	5.49	22.04	43.50	-21.46	166	100	peak
3	452.7197	16.12	10.38	26.50	46.00	-19.50	267	100	peak
4	595.1329	15.93	13.14	29.07	46.00	-16.93	201	100	peak



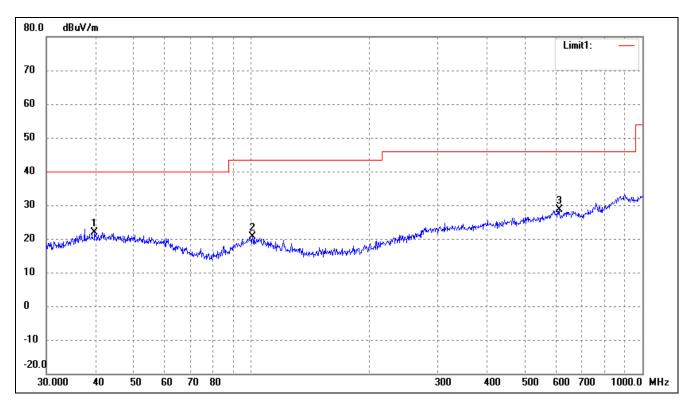
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	38.3462	13.15	8.97	22.12	40.00	-17.88	59	100	peak
2	98.8326	15.67	5.84	21.51	43.50	-21.99	160	100	peak
3	537.5891	16.46	11.31	27.77	46.00	-18.23	206	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

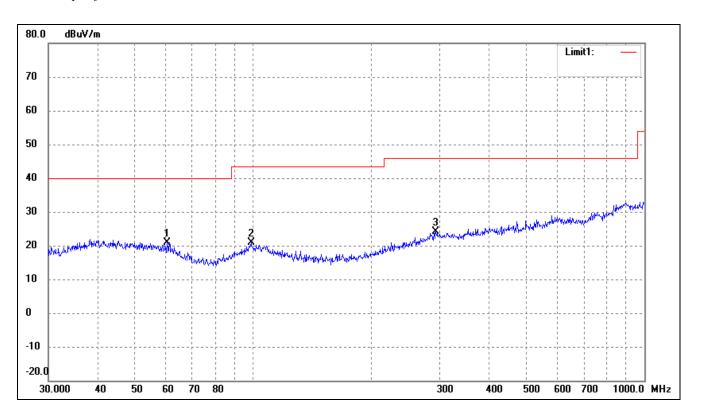
Operating Condition:	Transmitting Middle Channel (2441MHz)
Comment:	DC3V Battery

Test Specification:

Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	39.8542	14.63	7.21	21.84	40.00	-18.16	89	100	peak
2	100.9340	14.57	6.03	20.60	43.50	-22.90	102	100	peak
3	612.0642	16.27	12.48	28.75	46.00	-17.25	265	100	peak



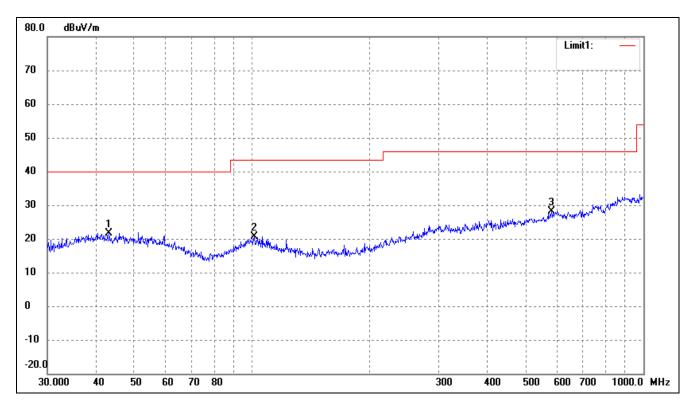
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	60.2801	15.68	5.29	20.97	40.00	-19.03	165	100	peak
2	98.8326	15.04	5.84	20.88	43.50	-22.62	201	100	peak
3	293.0842	15.14	8.90	24.04	46.00	-21.96	264	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

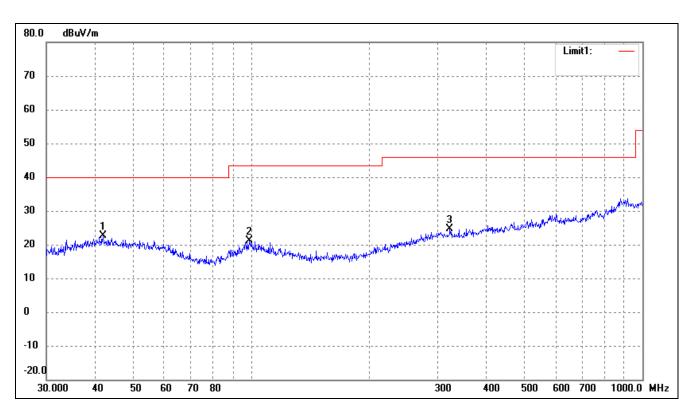
Operating Condition:	Transmitting High Channel (2480MHz)
Comment:	DC3V Battery

Test Specification:

Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	43.0505	14.66	6.94	21.60	40.00	-18.40	56	100	peak
2	101.2885	14.60	5.99	20.59	43.50	-22.91	150	100	peak
3	582.7425	15.37	12.68	28.05	46.00	-17.95	305	100	peak



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	41.8596	13.99	8.69	22.68	40.00	-17.32	261	100	peak
2	98.8326	15.24	5.84	21.08	43.50	-22.42	20	100	peak
3	322.1886	15.47	9.23	24.70	46.00	-21.30	54	100	peak

Test Specification: Vertical

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	H/V	
			Low Channe	el-2402MHz			
4804	54.50	0.55	55.05	74.00	-18.95	Н	PK
4804	39.48	0.55	40.03	54.00	-13.97	Н	AV
7206	39.85	3.66	43.51	74.00	-30.49	Н	PK
7206	29.06	3.66	32.72	54.00	-21.28	Н	AV
4804	55.55	0.55	56.10	74.00	-17.90	V	PK
4804	39.70	0.55	40.25	54.00	-13.75	V	AV
7206	40.37	3.66	44.03	74.00	-29.97	V	PK
7206	29.31	3.66	32.97	54.00	-21.03	V	AV
			Middle Chan	nel-2441MHz			
4882	49.66	0.66	50.32	74.00	-23.68	Н	PK
4882	36.09	0.66	36.75	54.00	-17.25	Н	AV
7323	42.52	3.76	46.28	74.00	-27.72	Н	PK
7323	30.41	3.77	34.18	54.00	-19.82	Н	AV
4882	52.91	0.66	53.57	74.00	-20.43	V	PK
4882	38.57	0.66	39.23	54.00	-14.77	V	AV
7323	42.17	3.76	45.93	74.00	-28.07	V	PK
7323	30.48	3.76	34.24	54.00	-19.76	V	AV
			High Chann	el-2480MHz			
4960	46.48	0.77	47.25	74.00	-26.75	Н	PK
4960	34.00	0.77	34.77	54.00	-19.23	Н	AV
7440	42.47	3.85	46.32	74.00	-27.68	Н	PK
7440	30.24	3.85	34.09	54.00	-19.91	Н	AV
4960	52.09	0.77	52.86	74.00	-21.14	V	PK
4960	37.49	0.77	38.26	54.00	-15.74	V	AV
7440	41.69	3.85	45.54	74.00	-28.46	V	PK
7440	30.40	3.85	34.25	54.00	-19.75	V	AV

Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above 3^{th} Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

11. Out of Band Emissions

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

11.2 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge) RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated bandedge measurements.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge) RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

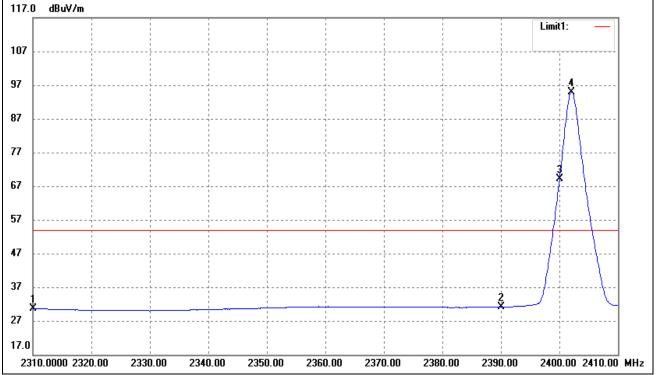
11.3 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

11.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

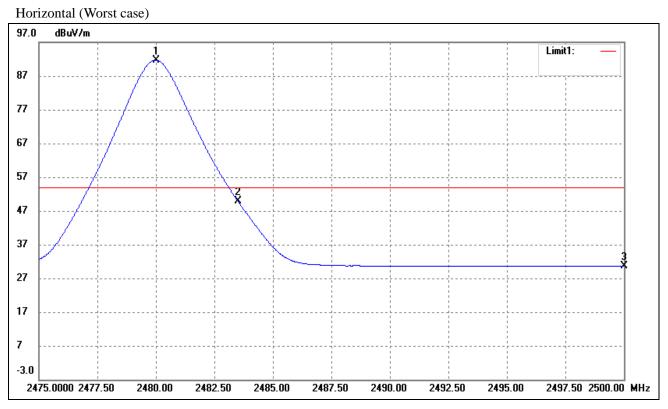
Bandedge (Radiated) Lowest Bandedge

Vertical (Worst case)



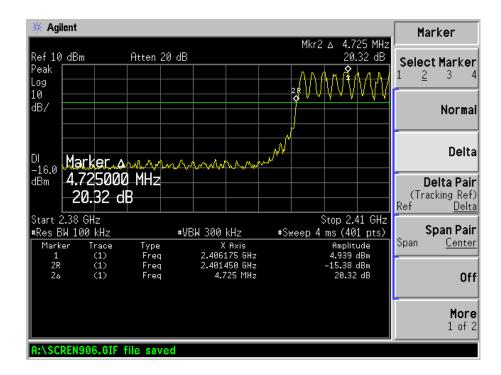
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	33.91	-3.26	30.65	54.00 -23.35 Avera		Average Detector
	2310.000	47.37	-3.26	44.11	74.00	-29.89	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	34.20	-3.05	31.15	54.00 -22.85		Average Detector
	2390.000	46.87	-3.05	43.82	74.00	-30.18	Peak Detector
3	2400.000	72.15	-3.02	69.13	Delta = 25.82 dBc		Average Detector
4	2402.100	97.97	-3.02	94.95		0.02 UDC	Average Detector

Highest Bandedge

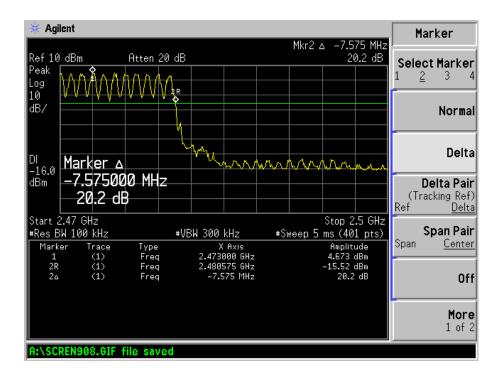


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Factor(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2480.000	94.51	-2.81	91.70	/	/	Average Detector
	2480.000	95.04	-2.81	92.23	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	Dolto - A	64.17 dBc	27.53	54.00	-26.47	Average Detector
	2483.500	Della = C	04.17 UDC	28.06	74.00	-45.94	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	33.44	-2.75	30.69	54.00	-23.31	Average Detector
	2500.000	47.98	-2.75	45.23	74.00	-28.77	Peak Detector

Bandedge (Conducted) Lowest Bandedge



Highest Bandedge



***** END OF REPORT *****