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Client

CCS\_CN

Certificate No:

Z16-97077

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 817

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 31, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16)	Feb-17
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011)	Feb-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)	Jan-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan-17

Name Function

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Approved by: Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: Jun 2, 2016

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S D C A G CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL ConvF N/A tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.







## S D e a g

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m	
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.8 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C			

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.2 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C			

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.5 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)







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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0Ω+ 4.41jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.0dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7Ω+ 4.00jΩ		
Return Loss	- 26.6dB		

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.269 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG







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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.31.2016

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.814 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 38.78$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

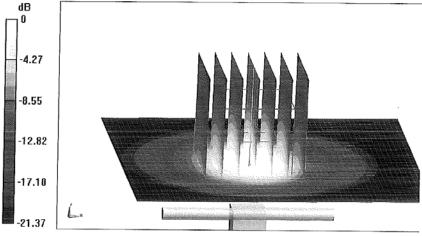
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

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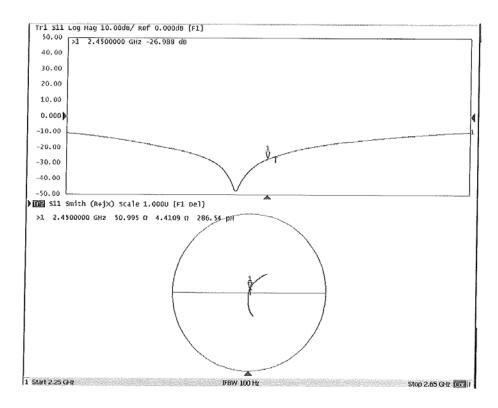




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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL









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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.31.2016

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.936$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.17$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

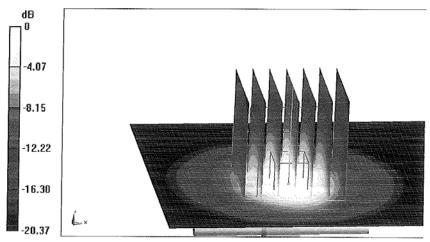
**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

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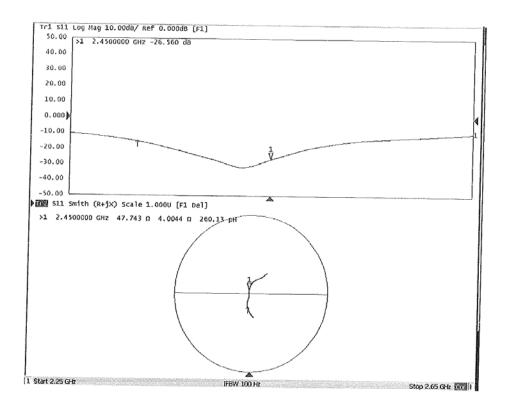




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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL







#### D2450V2, Serial No.817 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

#### Justification of the extended calibration

	till oxtollada	Jan. 10. at. 0	••				
D2450V2 Serial No.817							
	2450 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	
5.31.2016	-26.988		50.995		4.4109		
5.30.2017	-27.037	0.18	51.424	0.469	3.8285	0.5824	

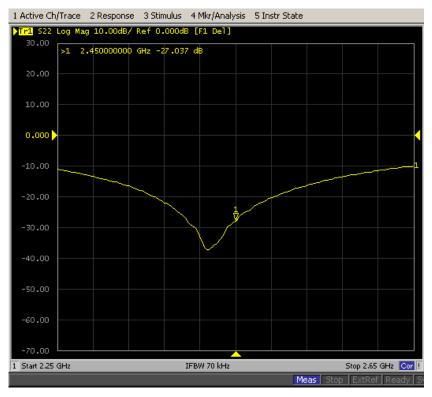
D2450V2 Serial No.817						
					Delta (ohm)	
5.31.2016	-26.560		47.743		4.0044	
5.30.2017	-26.006	2.09	49.534	1.791	5.1394	1.135

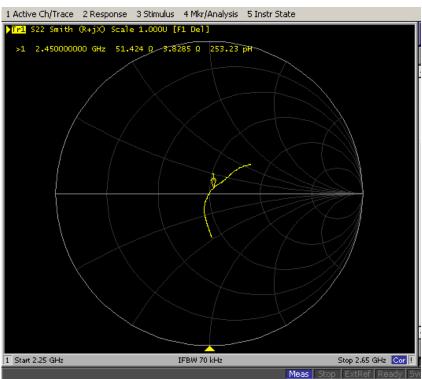
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.





## Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817 2450 MHz-Head

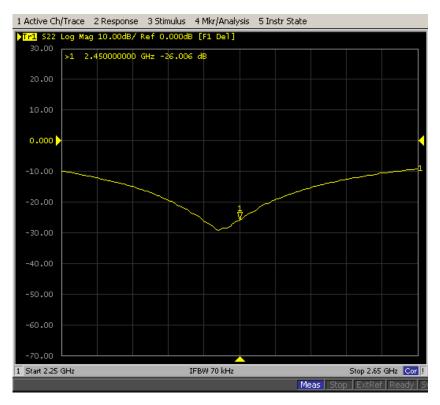


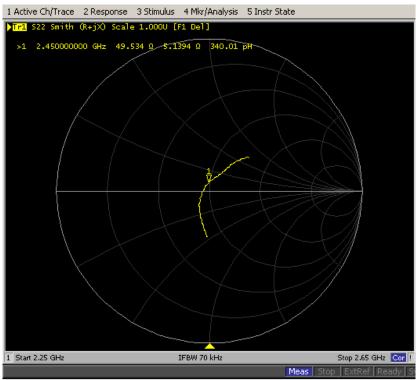






#### 2450 MHz-Body











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CNAS L0570

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Certificate No: Z16-97078

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 25, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16)	Feb-17
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011)	Feb-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)	Jan-17
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan-17

Calibrated by:

Name Function

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: May 31, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.8 ± 6 %	4.61 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.9 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







#### Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.7 ± 6 %	4.71 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.0 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.4 ± 6 %	4.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.22 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.5 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







## Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following parameters and salediations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	5.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.19 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.2 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

ne following paramotors and calculations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	5.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.83 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.6 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







## Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.4 ± 6 %	5.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.5 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz The following parameters and calculations w

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.3 ± 6 %	5.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.74 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.2 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







#### Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.1 ± 6 %	5.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.10 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.1 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.36 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)

#### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

he following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.0 ± 6 %	5.70 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.97 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.8 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







s p e a CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.7 ± 6 %	5.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.71 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.2 mW /g ± 23.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 mW /g ± 22.2 % (k=2)







#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω - 5.46jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.1dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2Ω - 3.86jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4Ω - 5.61jΩ			
Return Loss	- 23,9dB			

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.6Ω - 1.04jΩ		
Return Loss	- 24.0dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point		53.0Ω - 6.28jΩ		
Return Loss		- 23.4dB		

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5Ω - 3.51jΩ			
Return Loss	- 29.0dB			

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7Ω - 1.89jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.4dB

Certificate No: Z16-97078 Page 9 of 16







#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.0Ω - 3.83jΩ		
Return Loss	- 25.5dB	l	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.3Ω + 0.88jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.4dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.1Ω - 6.15jΩ		
Return Loss	- 22.4dB		

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.308 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z16-97078 Page 10 of 16

Date: 05.23.2016







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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz, Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.614 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.82;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.713 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.71;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.911 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.006 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.27;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.171 mho/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 36.05;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(5.32,5.32,5.32); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(5.02,5.02,5.02); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.85,4.85,4.85); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.52,4.52,4.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.45,4.45,4.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/19,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2016/2/02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

Certificate No: Z16-97078

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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

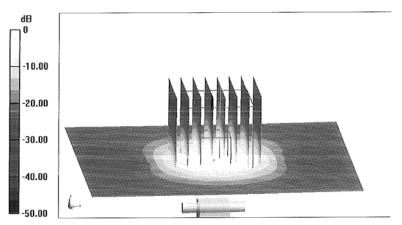
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dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

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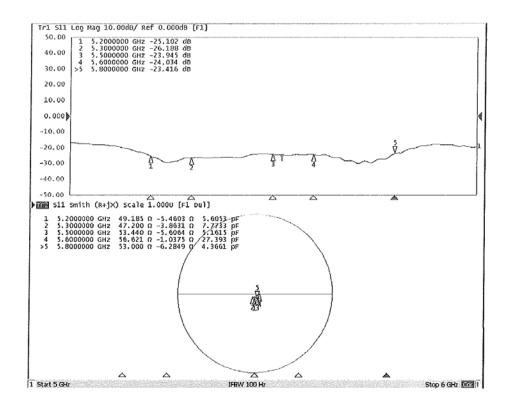
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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Date: 05.25.2016







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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz, Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.391 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 48.36;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.513 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 48.26;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.582 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 49.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.703 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 49.04;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.932 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 48.71;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3,

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(4.48,4.48,4.48); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(4.29,4.29); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(3.97,3.97,3.97); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(3.72,3.72,3.72); Calibrated: 2016/2/19, ConvF(3.91,3.91,3.91); Calibrated: 2016/2/19,
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2016/2/02
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

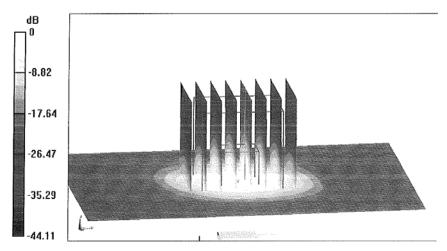
Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

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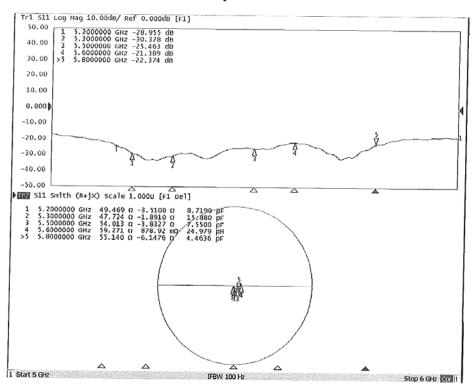




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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL







### D5GHzV2, Serial No.1095 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2013, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

#### Justification of the extended calibration

	D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095						
	Head						
Date of Me	easurement	Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
5200MHz	5.25.2016	-25.102		49.185		-5.4603	
5200WITZ	5.23.2017	-23.827	5.08	48.677	0.508	-5.2048	0.2555
5300MHz	5.25.2016	-26.188		47.200		-3.8631	
5300WITZ	5.23.2017	-27.825	6.25	46.373	0.827	-3.9051	0.042
5500MHz	5.25.2016	-23.945		53.440		-5.6064	
5500IVITZ	5.23.2017	-25.614	6.97	51.413	2.027	-5.6890	0.0826
5600MHz	5.25.2016	-24.034		56.621		-1.0375	
SOUDIVITZ	5.23.2017	-24.251	0.90	55.234	1.387	-1.4716	0.4341
5800MHz	5.25.2016	-23.416		53.000		-6.2849	
5800IVIHZ	5.23.2017	-25.872	10.5	54.861	1.861	-6.7383	0.4534

D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095							
Body							
Date of Me	easurement	Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
5200MHz	5.25.2016	-28.955		49.469	-	-3.5100	
5200WITZ	5.23.2017	-28.384	1.97	50.314	0.845	-3.5312	0.0212
5300MHz	5.25.2016	-30.378		47.724		-1.8910	
SSOUNITZ	5.23.2017	-31.358	3.22	46.806	0.918	-1.5284	0.3626
5500MHz	5.25.2016	-25.463		54.013		-3.8327	
5500WITZ	5.23.2017	24.064	5.49	52.539	1.474	-3.5216	0.3111
5600MHz	5.25.2016	-21.389		59.271		0.8789	
SOUDVIEZ	5.23.2017	-22.755	6.39	58.225	1.046	0.8415	0.0374
5800MHz	5.25.2016	-22.374		55.140		-6.1476	
SOUDIVIEZ	5.23.2017	-23.183	3.62	55.119	0.021	-6.6894	0.5418



Report No.:C170510R02-SF Page 29 of 45

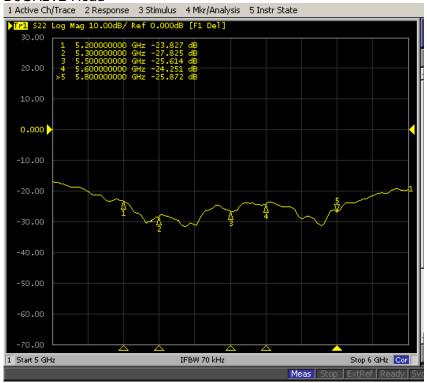
	1 age 20 or +0
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.	5 ohm of prior
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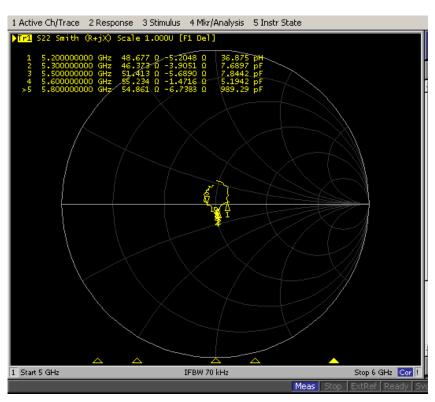




#### Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095

#### D5GHzV2-Head

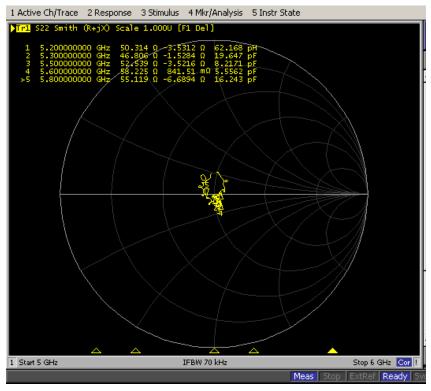






Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 D5GHzV2-Body





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中国认可 国际互认 CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570** 

Client ±

CCS

Certificate No: Z16-97117

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1245

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

July 26, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards

ID#

Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)

Scheduled Calibration

Process Calibrator 753

1971018

27-June-16 (CTTL, No:J16X04778)

June-17

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued July 27, 2016

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Certificate No: Z16-97117

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Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.









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#### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6 Low Range: 1LSB = 6 High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 µV , full range = -100...+300 m Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec -100...+300 mV -1.....+3mV

Calibration Factors	х	Y	Z
High Range	405.977 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.701 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.834 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	4.00398 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.9852 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.02608 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	30.5° ± 1 °
---	-------------









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Client

CCS

Certificate No: Z16-97118

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

July 27, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91 101547		27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB		Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	26-Aug-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug15)	Aug-16
DAE4	SN 1331	21-Jan-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Jan16)	10.00
Secondary Standards SignalGeneratorMG3700A Network Analyzer E5071C	ID# 6201052605 MY46110673	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776) 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-17 Jan -17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	A1175
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	308
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	32 43 53
		Issued: July 29	2016

Issued: July 29, 2016

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010.

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

 DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

 Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z;A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

• ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.

 Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

 Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).







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## Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3798

Calibrated: July 27, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z16-97118

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3798

### Basic Calibration Parameters

2000-1-012-1-010-1-01-1-	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.52	0.50	0.60	±10.8%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.1	100.8	99.8	210.076
	101.1	100.6	99.8	

### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0 CW	0	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	201.2	±2.1%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		194.5	122.170
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		207.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.







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#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3798

#### Calibration Parameter Determined In Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.13	1.57	士12%
900	41.5	0.97	9.15	9.15	9.15	0.15	1.48	±12%
1810	40.0	1.40	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.18	1.47	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.19	1.48	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.02	7.02	7.02	0.61	0.70	±12%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.40	1.45	±13%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.40	1.45	±13%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.40	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.40	1.45	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.50	±13%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target fissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary







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#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3798

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.17	1.46	±12%
900	55.0	1.05	9.08	9.08	9.08	0.22	1.26	±12%
1810	53.3	1.52	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.17	1.63	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.16	1.85	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.65	0.71	±12%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.50	1.40	±13%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.50	1.40	±13%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.50	1.50	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.50	1.50	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.52	1.50	±13%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup>Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

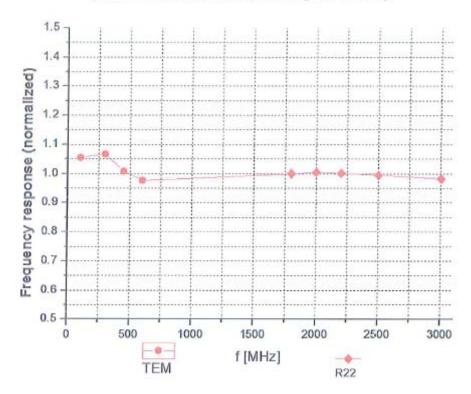






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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)



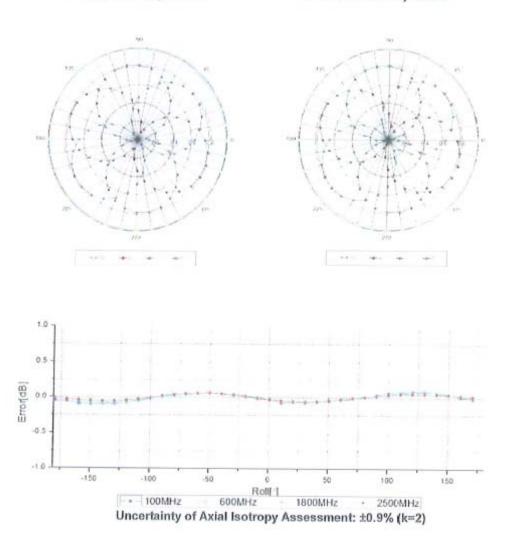




## Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

## f=600 MHz, TEM

## f=1800 MHz, R22



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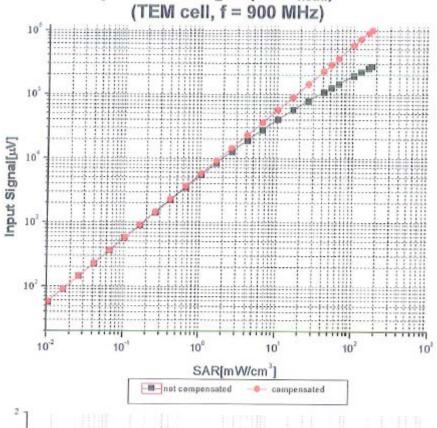


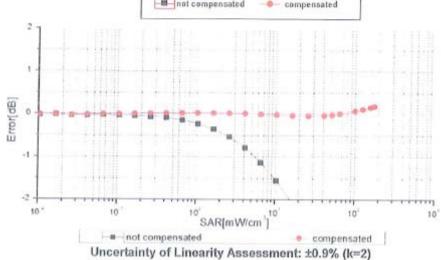




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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





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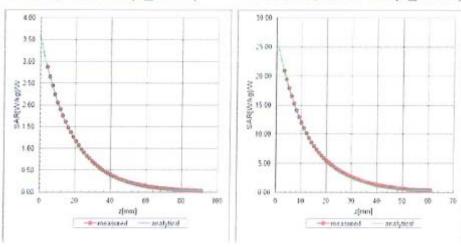


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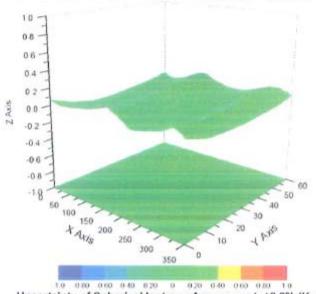
### Conversion Factor Assessment

#### f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

#### f=1810 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±2.8% (K=2)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3798

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	140.7		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable		
Probe Overall Length	337mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10mm		
Tip Length	9mm		
Tip Diameter	2.5mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm		