

## FCC 47 CFR MPE REPORT

INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONICS LLC

Victrola BRIGHTON

Model Number: VTA-71

FCC ID: 2AFHW-VTA71

Prepared for:	INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONICS LLC
	1 CHANNEL DRIVE,PORT WASHINGTON,New York 11050,United States.
Prepared By:	EST Technology Co., Ltd.
	Chilingxiang, Qishantou, Santun, Houjie, Dongguan, Guangdong, China
Tel: 86-769-83081888-808	

Report Number:	ESTE-R2007097
Date of Test:	Jul. 02~Jul. 14, 2020
Date of Report:	Jul. 15, 2020



## Maximum Permissible Exposure

### 1. Applicable Standards

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

#### 1.1. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

##### (a) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Times   E   <sup>2</sup> ,   H   <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-10000			5	6

##### (b) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Times   E   <sup>2</sup> ,   H   <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-10000			1.0	30

Note: f=frequency in MHz; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

## 1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E \text{ (V/m)} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \text{Power Density: } Pd \text{ (W/m}^2\text{)} = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

E = Electric Field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output Power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained

## 2. Conducted Power Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak output power (dBm)	Peak output power (mW)	Target power (dBm)	Antenna gain	
					(dBi)	(Linear)
GFSK	2402	-5.29	0.2958	-5±2	0	1
	2441	-5.15	0.3055	-5±2	0	1
	2480	-5.32	0.2938	-5±2	0	1
π /4-DQPSK	2402	-4.27	0.3741	-4±2	0	1
	2441	-4.02	0.3963	-4±2	0	1
	2480	-4.26	0.3750	-4±2	0	1

## 3. Calculated Result and Limit

Mode	Target power (dBm)	Antenna gain		Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limited of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
		(dBi)	(Linear)			
2.4G Band						
GFSK	-3	0	1	0.00010	1	Compiles
π /4-DQPSK	-2	0	1	0.00013	1	Compiles

**End of Test Report**