



41039 Boyce Road  
Fremont, CA. 94538

510-578-3500 Phone  
510-440-9525 Fax

## *EMC Test Report*

### *Application for FCC Grant of Equipment Authorization*

#### *FCC Part 15 Subpart C*

*Model: KSA-110*

FCC ID: 2AFEOQC2

APPLICANT: Kinsa, Inc.  
535 Mission St. 18th Floor  
San Francisco, CA 94105

TEST SITE(S): National Technical Systems  
41039 Boyce Road.  
Fremont, CA. 94538-2435

IC SITE REGISTRATION #: 2845B-4

PROJECT NUMBER: PR093745

REPORT DATE: March 28, 2019

RE-ISSUED DATE: April 5, 2019

FINAL TEST DATES: February 4, 7, 8 and 12, 2019

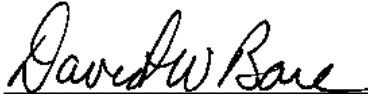
TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: 52



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**VALIDATING SIGNATORIES**

PROGRAM MGR



David W. Bare  
Chief Engineer

TECHNICAL REVIEWER:



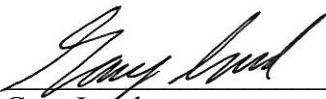
David W. Bare  
Chief Engineer

FINAL REPORT PREPARER:



David Guidotti  
Senior Technical Writer

QUALITY ASSURANCE DELEGATE



Gary Izard  
Quality Assurance Representative



**REVISION HISTORY**

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
-	March 28, 2019	First release	
1	April 5, 2019	Added statement concerning worst case orientation for hand held device	dwb

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## **SCOPE**

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Kinsa, Inc. model KSA-110, pursuant to the following rules:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in National Technical Systems test procedures:

ANSI C63.10-2013

FCC DTS Measurement Guidance KDB558074

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

National Technical Systems is accredited by the A2LA, certificate number 0214.26, to perform the test(s) listed in this report, except where noted otherwise.

## **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

## **STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

The tested sample of Kinsa, Inc. model KSA-110 complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Kinsa, Inc. model KSA-110 and therefore apply only to the tested samples. The samples were selected and prepared by David Gal of Kinsa, Inc.

## **DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS**

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

### TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

#### DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (2400 – 2483.5MHz)

FCC Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.247(a)	Digital Modulation	Systems uses GFSK modulation	System must utilize a digital transmission technology	Complies
15.247 (a) (2)	Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	0.783 MHz	>500kHz	Complies
15.247 (b) (3)	Output Power (multipoint systems)	4.9 dBm (0.0031 Watts) EIRP = 0.0012 W <small>Note 1</small>	1Watt, EIRP limited to 4 Watts.	Complies
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	-2.7 dBm/10kHz	8dBm/3kHz	Complies
15.247(d)	Antenna Port Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25 GHz	All > 20dBc	< -20dBc	Complies
15.247(d) / 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25 GHz	51.5 dBμV/m @ 7319.0 MHz (-2.5 dB)	Refer to the limits section (p18) for restricted bands, all others < -20dBc	Complies

Note 1: EIRP calculated using antenna gains of -4.1 dBi for the highest EIRP system.

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	RF Connector	Integral antenna	Unique or integral antenna required	Complies
15.407 (b) (6)	AC Conducted Emissions	Testing was not performed as the EUT is battery powered.		
15.247 (i)	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to SAR exclusion calculations in separate exhibit	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1	Complies

#### MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Measurement Unit	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty
RF power, conducted (power meter)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.52 dB
RF power, conducted (Spectrum analyzer)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of transmitter	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of receiver	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Radiated emission (field strength)	dBμV/m	25 to 1000 MHz	± 3.6 dB
		1000 to 40000 MHz	± 6.0 dB

## EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

### GENERAL

The Kinsa, Inc. model KSA-110 is a Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) enabled thermometer designed to measure human body temperature. Since the EUT could be placed in any position during operation, the EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 3VDC from a user replaceable battery.

The samples were received on February 4, 2019 and tested on February 4, 7, 8 and 12, 2019. The following samples were used for testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Kinsa Inc.	KSA-110	Thermometer	0001101190400044	2AFEOQC2
			0001101190400005	
			0001101190400149	
			0001101190400185	
			0001101190400141	
			0001101190400162	

### ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna system consists of integral trace.

### ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 3.5 cm wide by 1.7 cm deep by 10.5 cm long.

### MODIFICATIONS

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at NTS Silicon Valley.

### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No local support equipment was used during testing.

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
HP	Probook 6570b	Laptop	5CB2480TRQ	-



**EUT INTERFACE PORTS**

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

Port	Connected To	Description	Cable(s)	
			Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Temporary Serial	Laptop	Multiwire	Unshielded	1.5

The Laptop and temporary serial cable were used to set the frequency and power and start Tx and then removed during testing.

**EUT OPERATION**

During emissions testing the EUT was set to transmit continuously at the selected frequency and power level using custom firmware.

**TEST SITE****GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Designation / Registration Numbers		Location
	FCC	Canada	
Chamber 4	US0027	2845B-4	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

ANSI C63.4 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Results from testing performed in this chamber have been correlated with results from an open area test site. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4.

**RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4.

## **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

### **RECEIVER SYSTEM**

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

### **INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER**

Software is used to view and convert receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers. The software used for radiated and conducted emissions measurements is NTS EMI Test Software (rev 2.10)

### **LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)**

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

### *FILTERS/ATTENUATORS*

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

### *ANTENNAS*

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

### *ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE*

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.10 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters for testing below 1 GHz and 1.5m for testing above 1 GHz. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor as specified in ANSI C63.4. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

### *INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION*

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

## **TEST PROCEDURES**

### **EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT**

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.10, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

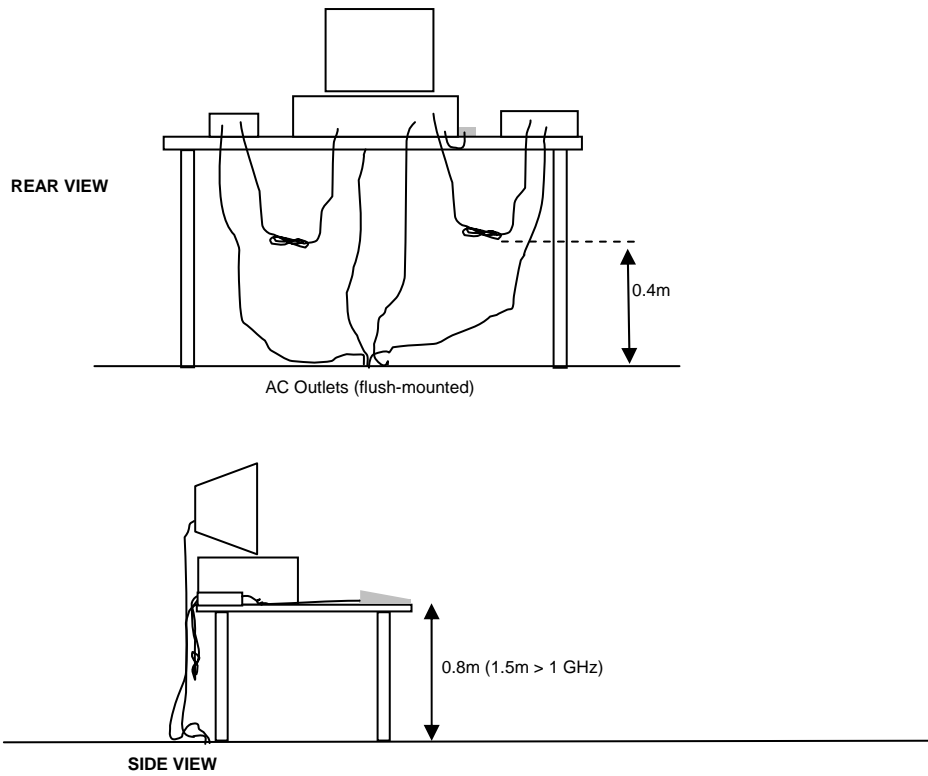
### **RADIATED EMISSIONS**

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT. For handheld devices, additional tests are performed with the EUT in two additional orthogonal orientations.

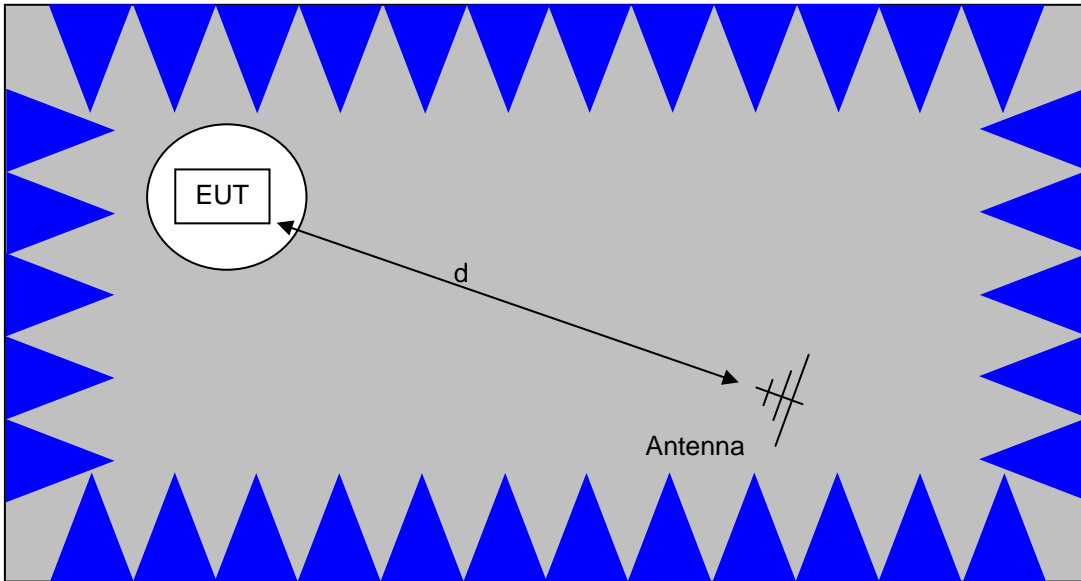
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission, is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.

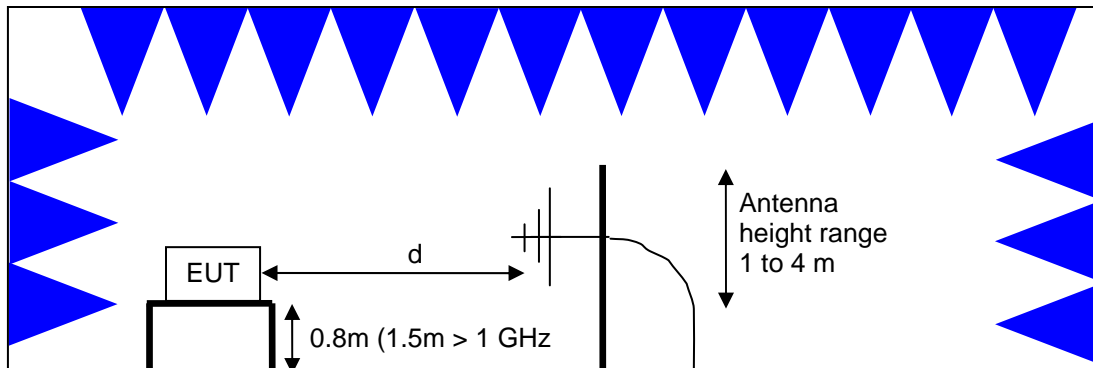


Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements



The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

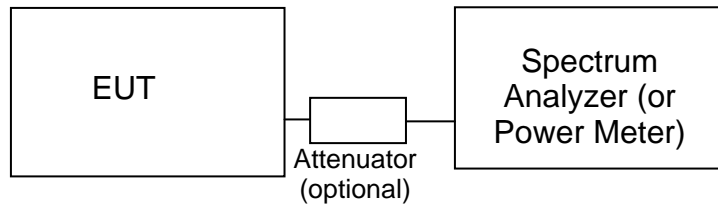
Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements  
Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views

**CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM TEMPORARY ANTENNA PORT**

Direct measurements of power, bandwidth and power spectral density are performed, where possible, with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the front end of the measurement instrument is not overloaded by the fundamental transmission.



Test Configuration for Antenna Port Measurements

Measurement bandwidths (video and resolution) are set in accordance with the relevant standards and NTS Silicon Valley’s test procedures for the type of radio being tested. When power measurements are made using a resolution bandwidth less than the signal bandwidth the power is calculated by summing the power across the signal bandwidth using either the analyzer channel power function or by capturing the trace data and calculating the power using software. In both cases the summed power is corrected to account for the equivalent noise bandwidth (ENBW) of the resolution bandwidth used.

If power averaging is used (typically for certain digital modulation techniques), the EUT is configured to transmit continuously. Power averaging is performed using either the built-in function of the analyzer or, if the analyzer does not feature power averaging, using external software. In both cases the average power is calculated over a number of sweeps (typically 100). When the EUT cannot be configured to continuously transmit then either the analyzer is configured to perform a gated sweep to ensure that the power is averaged over periods that the device is transmitting or power averaging is disabled and a max-hold feature is used.

If a power meter is used to make output power measurements the sensor head type (peak or average) is stated in the test data table.

**BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS**

The 6dB, 20dB, 26dB and/or 99% signal bandwidth are measured using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.10 and RSS GEN.



***SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS***

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

**GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS**

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands<sup>1</sup>.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 300m	67.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 300m
0.490-1.705	24000/F <sub>KHz</sub> @ 30m	87.6-20*log <sub>10</sub> (F <sub>KHz</sub> ) @ 30m
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

**OUTPUT POWER LIMITS – DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS**

The table below shows the limits for output power and output power density. Where the signal bandwidth is less than 20 MHz the maximum output power is reduced to the power spectral density limit plus 10 times the log of the bandwidth (in MHz).

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Output Power	Power Spectral Density
902 – 928	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz
2400 – 2483.5	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz
5725 – 5850	1 Watt (30 dBm)	8 dBm/3kHz

The maximum permitted output power is reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5850 MHz band are not subject to this restriction.

**TRANSMIT MODE SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS – FHSS and DTS SYSTEMS**

The limits for unwanted (spurious) emissions from the transmitter falling in the restricted bands are those specified in the general limits sections of FCC Part 15 and RSS 210. All other unwanted (spurious) emissions shall be at least 20dB below the level of the highest in-band signal level (30dB if the power is measured using the sample detector/power averaging method).

<sup>1</sup> The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.205 and RSS-Gen Table 7

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_r - S = M$$

where:

$R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

$F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB

$D_m$  = Measurement Distance in meters

$D_s$  = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

where:

$R_r$  = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m

$F_d$  = Distance Factor in dB

$R_c$  = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m

$L_s$  = Specification Limit in dBuV/m

M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION**

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of d (meters) from the equipment under test:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{d} \text{ microvolts per meter}$$

where P is the eirp (Watts)

For a measurement at 3m the conversion from a logarithmic value for field strength (dBuV/m) to an eirp power (dBm) is -95.3dB.

### Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

**Spurious Emissions and Bandedge, 04, 08-Feb-19**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
National Technical Systems	NTS EMI Software (rev 2.10)	N/A	0		N/A
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	1242	4/11/2017	4/19/2019
Hewlett Packard	Spectrum Analyzer (SA40) Blue 9 kHz - 40 GHz	8564E (84125C)	1393	12/8/2018	12/8/2019
HP / Miteq	SA40 B Head HF preAmplifier, 18-40 GHz (w/1393)	TTA1840-45-5P-HG-S	1620	1/9/2019	1/9/2020
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB 7	1756	7/7/2018	7/7/2019
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	1780	8/30/2018	8/30/2019
A. H. Systems	Blue System Horn, 18-40GHz	SAS-574, p/n: 2581	2159	9/5/2017	8/8/2020
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz 18GHz	BRM50702-02	2238	5/1/2018	5/1/2019

**Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1,000 MHz, 08-Feb-19**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
National Technical Systems	NTS EMI Software (rev 2.10)	N/A	0		N/A
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	1548	10/24/2018	1/9/2021
Com-Power	Preamplifier, 1-1000 MHz	PAM-103	2885	8/21/2018	8/21/2019
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB 7	9482	10/13/2018	10/13/2019

**Radio Antenna Port (Power, BW and Spurious Emissions), 07, 12-Feb-19**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
National Technical Systems	NTS EMI Software (rev 2.10)	N/A	0		N/A
Agilent Technologies	PSA, Spectrum Analyzer, (installed options, 111, 115, 123, 1DS, B7J, HXX,	E4446A	2139	7/27/2018	7/27/2019



## *Appendix B Test Data*

TL093745-EMC Pages 23 – 51



## EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	PR Number:	PR093745
Product:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
System Configuration:	-	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	David Gal	Project Engineer:	David Bare
Emissions Standard(s):	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Class:	B
Immunity Standard(s):	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489	Environment:	Home Healthcare

## EMC Test Data

For The

**Kinsa Inc.**

Product

KSA-110

Date of Last Test: 2/20/2019



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## RSS-247 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Antenna Port Measurements Power, PSD, Bandwidth and Spurious Emissions

### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 2/7 and 2/12/2019  
 Test Engineer: Jude Semana & David Bare  
 Test Location: FT Lab 4A

Config. Used: 1  
 Config Change: None  
 EUT Voltage: battery (3V)

### General Test Configuration

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter via a suitable attenuator.  
 All measurements have been corrected to allow for the external attenuators used.

### Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 18-20 °C  
 Rel. Humidity: 37-39 %

### Summary of Results

Run #	Pwr setting	Test Performed	Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin
1	4 / 0	Output Power	15.247(b)	Pass	4.9 dBm
2	4 / 0	Power spectral Density (PSD)	15.247(d)	Pass	-2.7 dBm/10kHz
3	4 / 0	Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Pass	0.783 MHz
3	4 / 0	99% Bandwidth	RSS GEN	-	1.827 MHz
4	4 / 0	Spurious emissions	15.247(b)	Pass	All > 20dBc

### Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

### Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074 and ANSI C63.10

### Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 00005





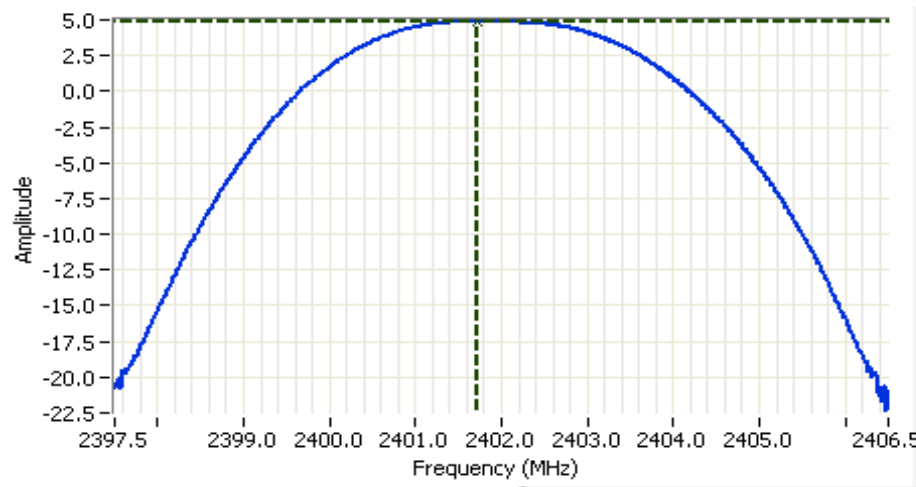
# EMC Test Data

Client: Kinsa Inc.	Job Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator: David Bare
	Class: N/A

## Run #1: Output Power

Mode: BLE

Power Setting <sup>2</sup>	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Antenna Gain (dBi)	Result	EIRP		Output Power	
		(dBm) <sup>1</sup>	mW			dBm	W	(dBm) <sup>3</sup>	mW
4	2402	4.9	3.09	-4.1	Pass	0.8	0.0012		
4	2440	4.7	2.95	-4.1	Pass	0.6	0.0011		
0	2480	-0.5	0.89	-4.1	Pass	-4.6	0.0003		



**Analyzer Settings**  
 Agilent Technologies, E4446A  
 CF: 2402.000 MHz  
 SPAN: 9.000 MHz  
 RB: 3.000 MHz  
 VB: 8.000 MHz  
 Detector: POS  
 Attn: 10 DB  
 RL Offset: 10.2 DB  
 Sweep Time: 1.0ms  
 Ref Lvl: 10.2 DBM

**Comments**  
 BLE Mode 2402 MHz  
 Output Power

Cursor 1	2401.715000	4.9	
	0.000000	0.0	



Note 1:	Output power measured using a spectrum analyzer (see plot above) with RBW > EBW and VBW > RBW, spurious limit is thus -20dBc.
Note 2:	Power setting - the software power setting used during testing, included for reference only.
Note 3:	Power measured using average power meter (non-gated) and may be included for reference only.



# EMC Test Data

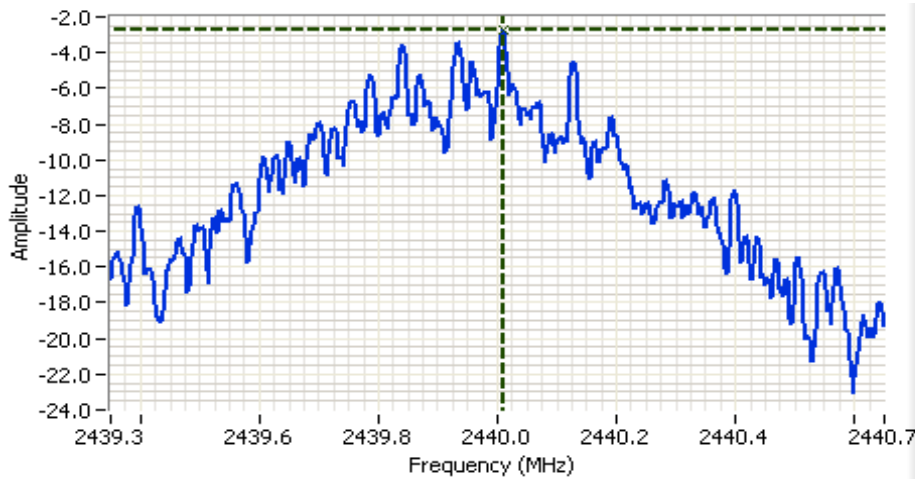
Client: Kinsa Inc.	Job Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator: David Bare
	Class: N/A

## Run #2: Power spectral Density

Mode: BLE

Power Setting	Frequency (MHz)	PSD	Limit dBm/3kHz	Result
		(dBm/10kHz) <small>Note 1</small>		
4	2402	-3.0	8.0	Pass
4	2440	-2.7	8.0	Pass
0	2480	-9.0	8.0	Pass

Note 1: Test performed per method PKSPD, in KDB 558074. Power spectral density measured using:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{kHz}$ ,  $\text{VBW}=3*\text{RBW}$ , peak detector, span =  $1.5*\text{DTS BW}$ , auto sweep time, max hold.



### Analyzer Settings

Agilent Technologies, E4446A  
 CF: 2440.000 MHz  
 SPAN: 1.300 MHz  
 RB: 10.0 kHz  
 VB: 30.0 kHz  
 Detector: POS  
 Attn: 10 DB  
 RL Offset: 10.2 DB  
 Sweep Time: 12.4ms  
 Ref Lvl: 10.2 DBM

### Comments

BLE Mode 2440 MHz  
 Pwr Setting: 4  
 PSD: -2.7 dBm/10KHz

Cursor 1	2440.010833	-2.7	
	0.000000	0.0	





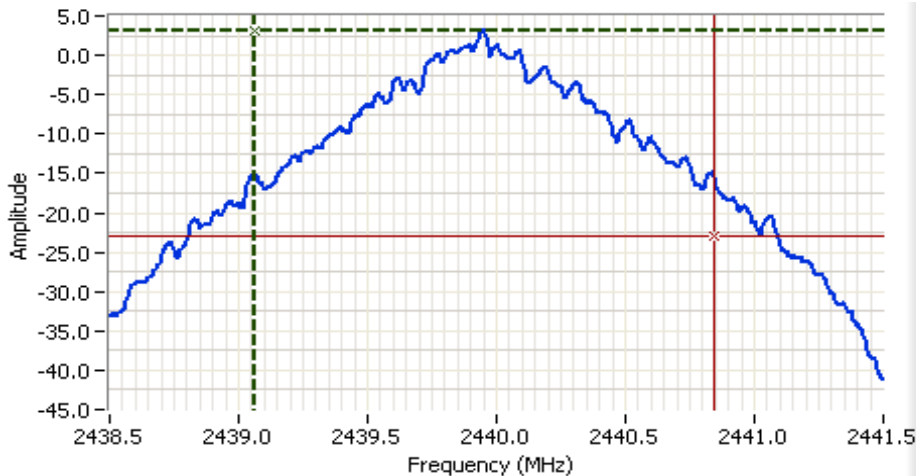
# EMC Test Data

Client: Kinsa Inc.	Job Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator: David Bare
	Class: N/A

## Run #3: Signal Bandwidth

Mode: BLE

Power Setting	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)		RBW Setting (MHz)	
		6dB	99%	6dB	99%
4	2402	0.858	1.767	0.1	0.050
4	2440	0.825	1.782	0.1	0.039
0	2480	0.783	1.827	0.1	0.040



**Analyzer Settings**  
 Agilent Technologies, E4446A  
 CF: 2440.000 MHz  
 SPAN: 3.000 MHz  
 RB: 39.0 kHz  
 VB: 120 kHz  
 Detector: POS  
 Attn: 10 DB  
 RL Offset: 10.2 DB  
 Sweep Time: 1.9ms  
 Ref Lvl: 10.2 DBM

**Comments**  
 BLE Mode 2440 MHz  
 Pwr Setting: 4  
 99% power BW: 1.782 MHz

Cursor 1	2439.059068	3.0	
Cursor 2	2440.841098	-23.0	

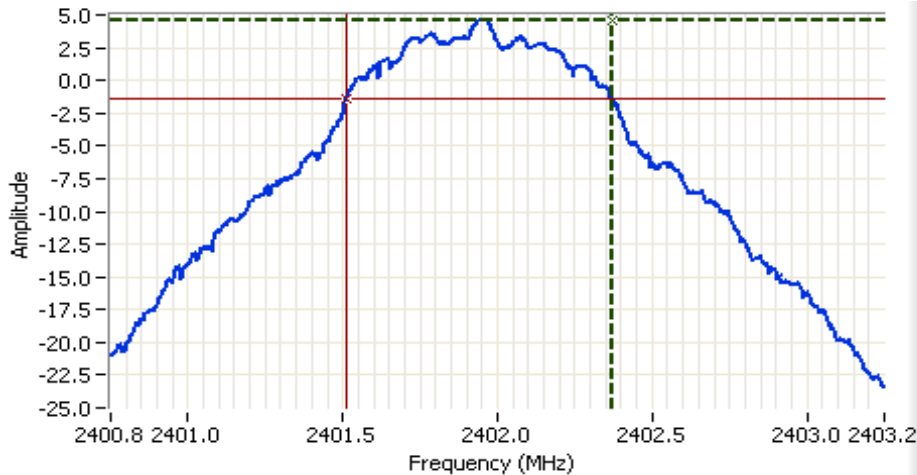
Delta Freq. 1.782  
 Delta Amplitude 26.0





# EMC Test Data

Client: Kinsa Inc.	Job Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator: David Bare
	Class: N/A



**Analyzer Settings**  
 Agilent Technologies, E4446A  
 CF: 2402.000 MHz  
 SPAN: 2.500 MHz  
 RB: 100 kHz  
 VB: 300 kHz  
 Detector: POS  
 Attn: 10 DB  
 RL Offset: 10.2 DB  
 Sweep Time: 1.0ms  
 Ref Lvl: 10.2 DBM

**Comments**  
 BLE Mode 2402 MHz  
 Pwr Setting: 4  
 6dB BW: 858 kHz

Cursor 1 2402.370833 4.6

Cursor 2 2401.512500 -1.4

Delta Freq. 858 kHz

Delta Amplitude 6.0



Note 1: DTS BW: RBW=100kHz, VBW ≥ 3\*RBW, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time, Span 2-5 times measured BW.  
 99% BW: RBW=1-5% of 99%BW, VBW ≥ 3\*RBW, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time. Span 1.5-5 times OBW.



# EMC Test Data

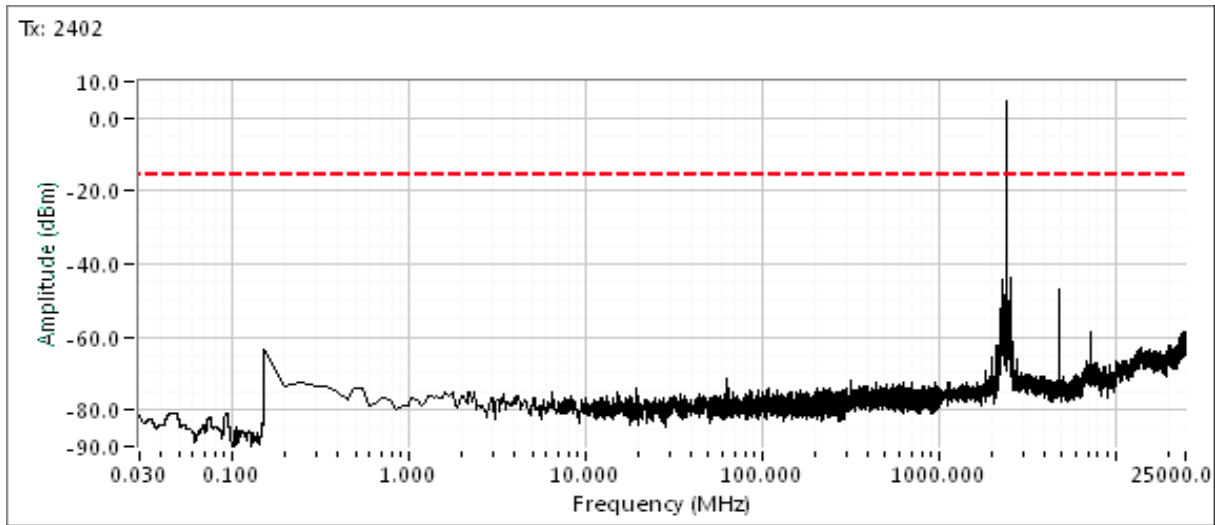
Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Run #4a: Out of Band Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting	Mode	Limit	Result
2402	4	BLE	-20dBc	Pass
2440	4	BLE	-20dBc	Pass
2480	0	BLE	-20dBc	Pass

RBW = 100 kHz and VBW = 300 kHz for all plots except below 150 kHz due to SA DC component.

Plots for low channel

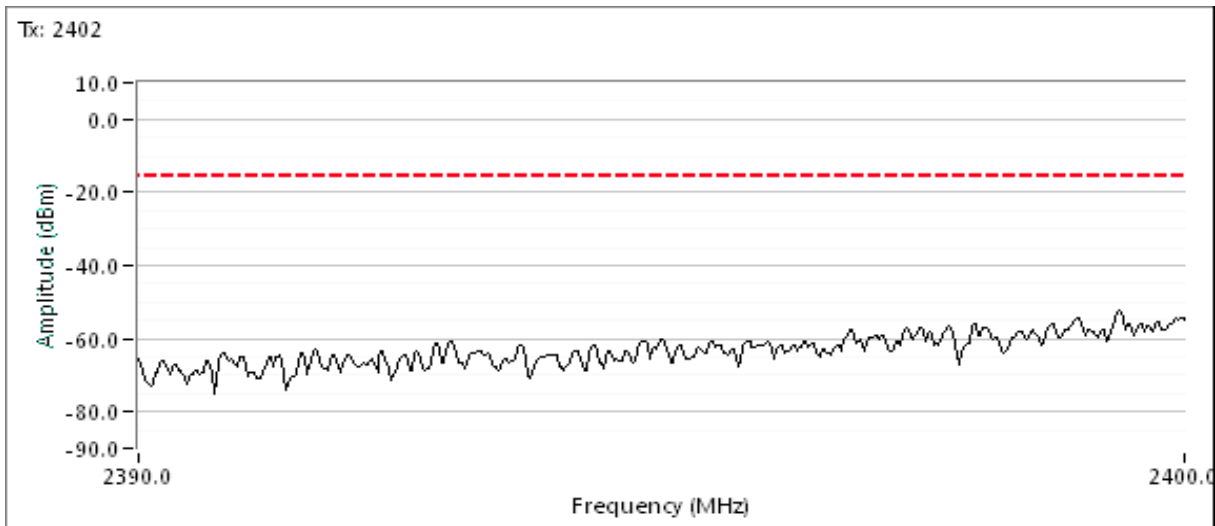




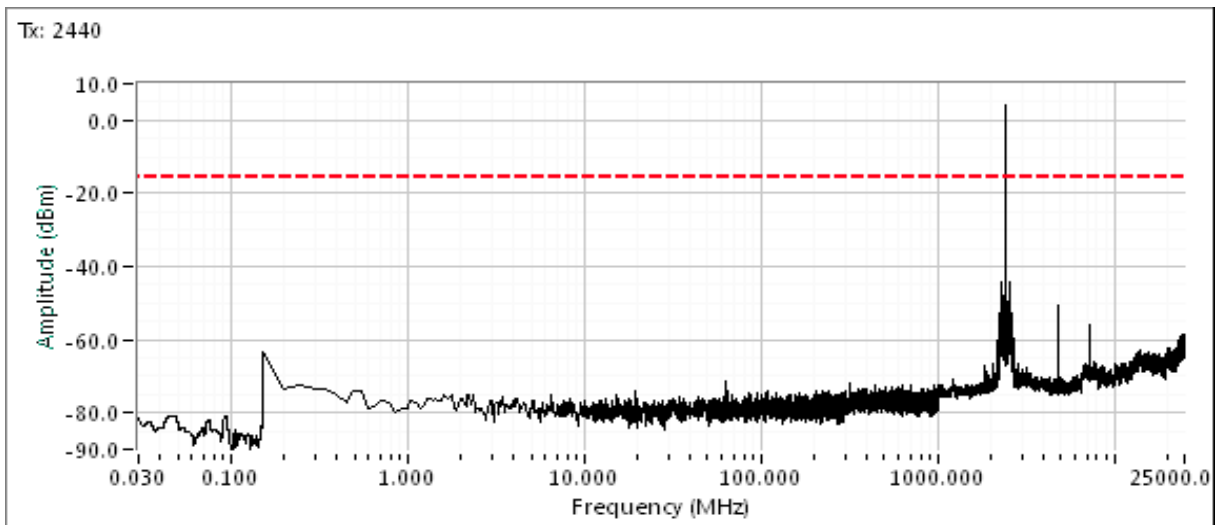
# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

Additional plot showing compliance with -20dBc limit from 2390 MHz to 2400 MHz. Radiated measurements used to show compliance with the limits in the restricted band below 2390 MHz and above 2483.5 MHz.



Plots for center channel

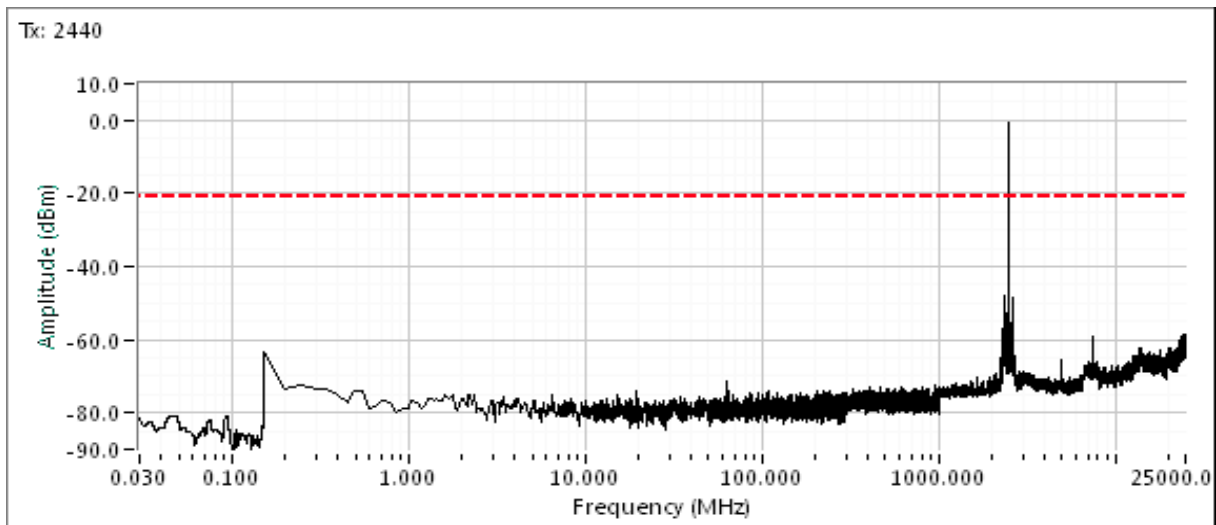




# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Plots for high channel





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## RSS-247 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Radiated Spurious Emissions

### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

### General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing. For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT, unless otherwise noted.

### Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 22 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 39 %

### Summary of Results - Device Operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

Run #	Mode	Channel	Power Setting	Test Performed	Limit	Result / Margin
1	BLE	2402 MHz	4	Restricted Band Edge (2390 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	35.4 dBµV/m @ 2357.3 MHz (-18.6 dB)
	BLE	2480 MHz	0	Restricted Band Edge (2483.5 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	33.8 dBµV/m @ 2483.5 MHz (-20.2 dB)

### Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

### Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 00044  
Antenna: Integral Trace





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Peak measurements performed with: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time

Unless otherwise stated/noted, emission has a duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$  and was measured using RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear average mode, auto sweep time, max hold.

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
BLE	1 Mb/s	0.90	Yes	1.058	0.4592165	0.9184331	945

## Measurement Specific Notes:

Note 1:	Emission in non-restricted band, but limit of 15.209 used.
Note 2:	Emission in non-restricted band, the limit was set 30dB below the level of the fundamental and measured in 100kHz.
Note 3:	Emission has a duty cycle $\geq 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces
Note 4:	Emission has constant duty cycle $< 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW $> 1/T$ but not less than 10Hz, peak detector, linear averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Linear voltage correction factor
Note 5:	Emission has constant duty cycle $< 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Pwr correction factor
Note 6:	Emission has non constant duty cycle $< 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW $> 1/T$ , peak detector, linear average mode, sweep time auto, max hold. Max hold for $50*(1/DC)$ traces
Note 7:	Emission has non constant duty cycle $< 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW $> 1/T$ , RMS detector, sweep time auto, max hold. Max hold for $50*(1/DC)$ traces
Note 8:	Plots of the average and peak bandedge do not account for any duty cycle correction. Refer to the tabular results for final measurements.
Note 9:	Preliminary tests showed that of the three orientations (upright, flat and side) the worst case was with the EUT on its side.



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Run #1: Radiated Bandedge Measurements

Date of Test: 2/8/2019 0:00

Test Engineer: Jude Semana

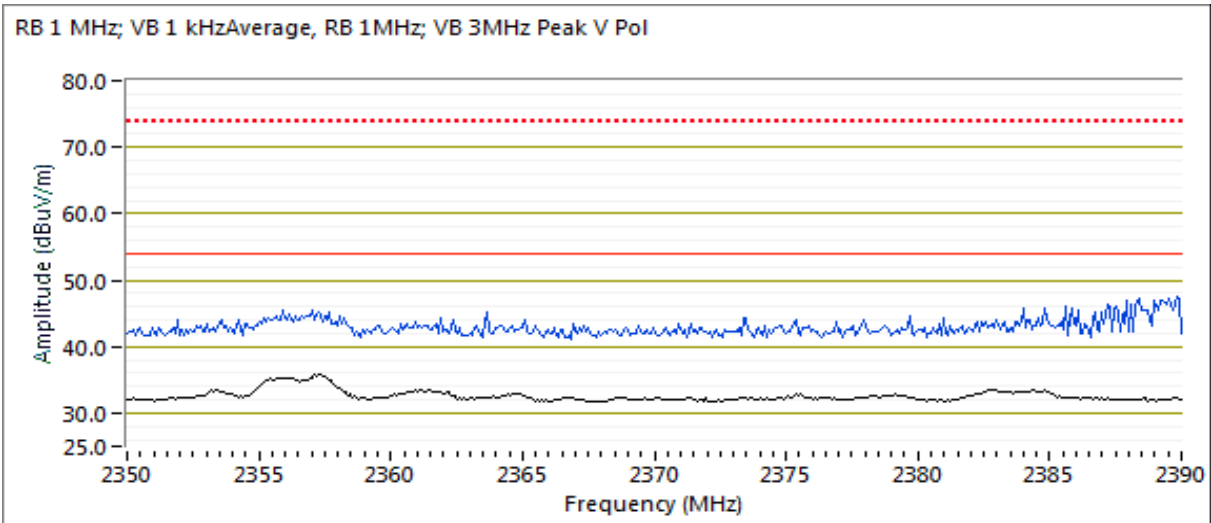
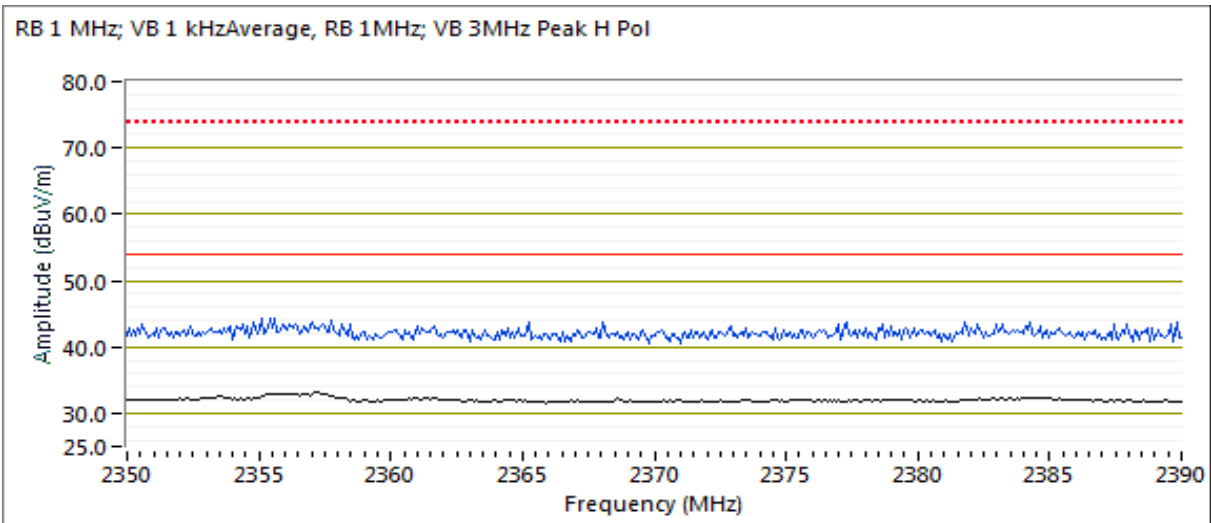
Test Location: FT Chamber #4

Config. Used: 1

Config Change: None

EUT Voltage: battery (3V)

Channel: 2402 MHz





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Band Edge Signal Field Strength - Direct measurement of field strength

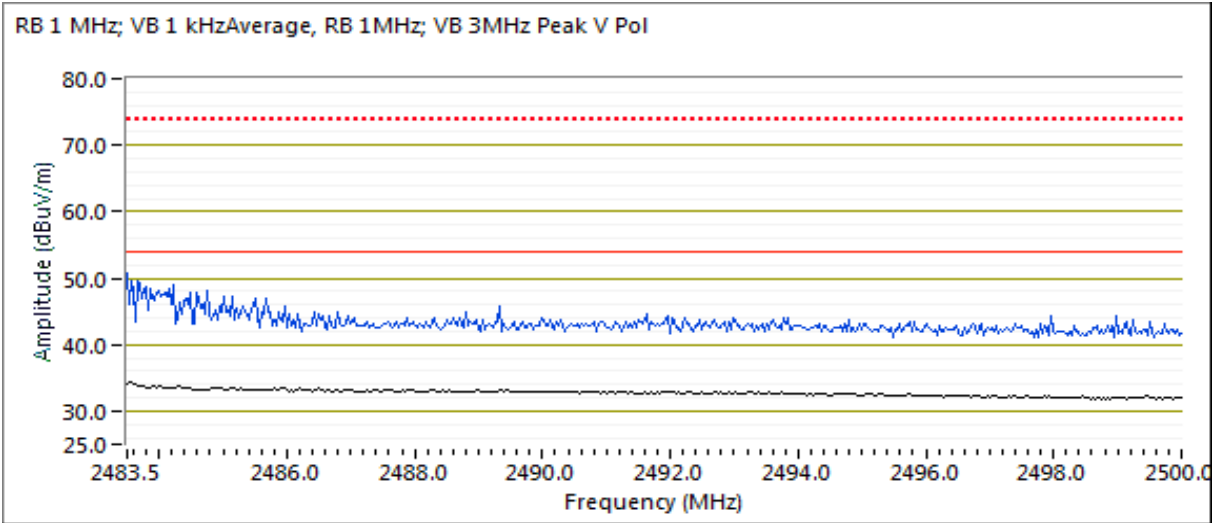
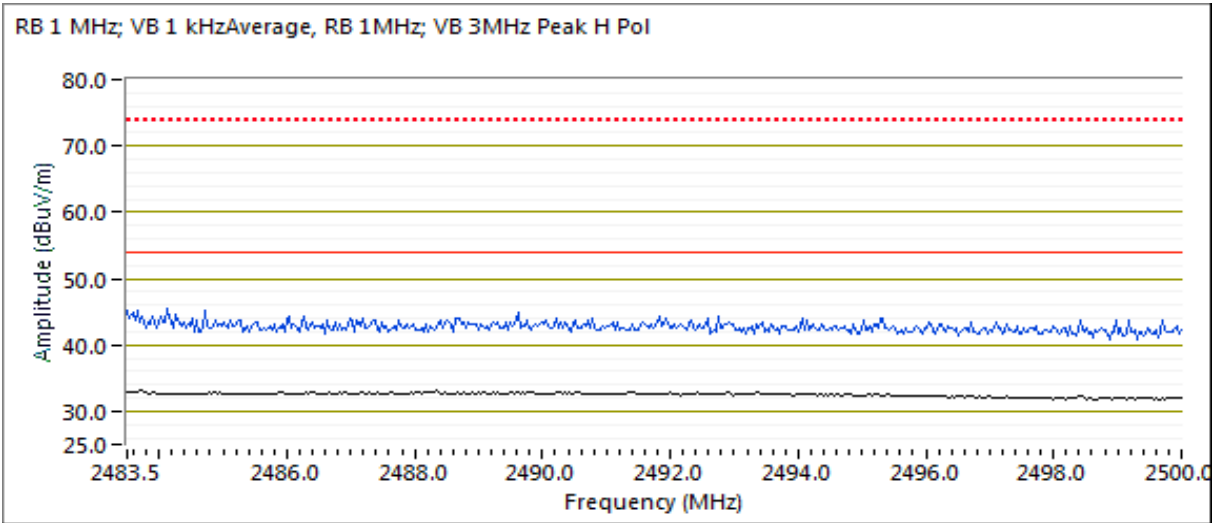
Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Pol v/h	15.209 / 15.247		Detector Pk/QP/Avg	Azimuth degrees	Height meters	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
2357.290	35.4	V	54.0	-18.6	Avg	209	1.1	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 1 kHz, Note 4
2383.720	32.2	H	54.0	-21.8	Avg	159	2.0	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 1 kHz, Note 4
2387.600	48.3	V	74.0	-25.7	PK	209	1.1	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2381.010	45.0	H	74.0	-29.0	PK	159	2.0	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

Channel: 2480 MHz





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Band Edge Signal Field Strength - Direct measurement of field strength

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Pol v/h	15.209 / 15.247		Detector Pk/QP/Avg	Azimuth degrees	Height meters	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
2483.530	33.8	V	54.0	-20.2	Avg	99	1.4	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 1 kHz, Note 4
2483.860	32.8	H	54.0	-21.2	Avg	9	1.6	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 1 kHz, Note 4
2483.900	51.1	V	74.0	-22.9	PK	99	1.4	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2488.760	47.0	H	74.0	-27.0	PK	9	1.6	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## RSS-247 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Radiated Spurious Emissions

### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

### General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing. For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT, unless otherwise noted.

### Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 22 °C  
Rel. Humidity: 39 %

### Summary of Results - Device Operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

Run #	Mode	Channel	Target Power	Power Setting	Test Performed	Limit	Result / Margin
1	BLE	2402MHz	4	4	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	48.2 dBµV/m @ 4803.8 MHz (-5.8 dB)
	BLE	2440MHz	4	4	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	51.5 dBµV/m @ 7319.0 MHz (-2.5 dB)
	BLE	2480MHz	4	0	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 25 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247( c)	45.7 dBµV/m @ 2607.9 MHz (-8.3 dB)

### Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing. Only the power setting was changed.

### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

### Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 00044  
Antenna: Integral Trace



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

## Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Peak measurements performed with: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time

Unless otherwise stated/noted, emission has duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$  and was measured using RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear average mode, auto sweep time, max hold.

2.4GHz band reject filter used

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
BLE	1 Mb/s	0.90	Yes	1.058	0.4592165	0.9184331	945

## Measurement Specific Notes:

Note 1:	Emission in non-restricted band, but limit of 15.209 used.
Note 2:	Emission in non-restricted band, the limit was set 30dB below the level of the fundamental and measured in 100kHz.
Note 3:	Emission has a duty cycle $\geq 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces
Note 4:	Emission has constant duty cycle $< 98\%$ , average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW $> 1/T$ but not less than 10Hz, peak detector, linear averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Linear voltage correction factor
Note 5:	Preliminary tests showed that of the three orientations (upright, flat and side) the worst case was with the EUT on its side.

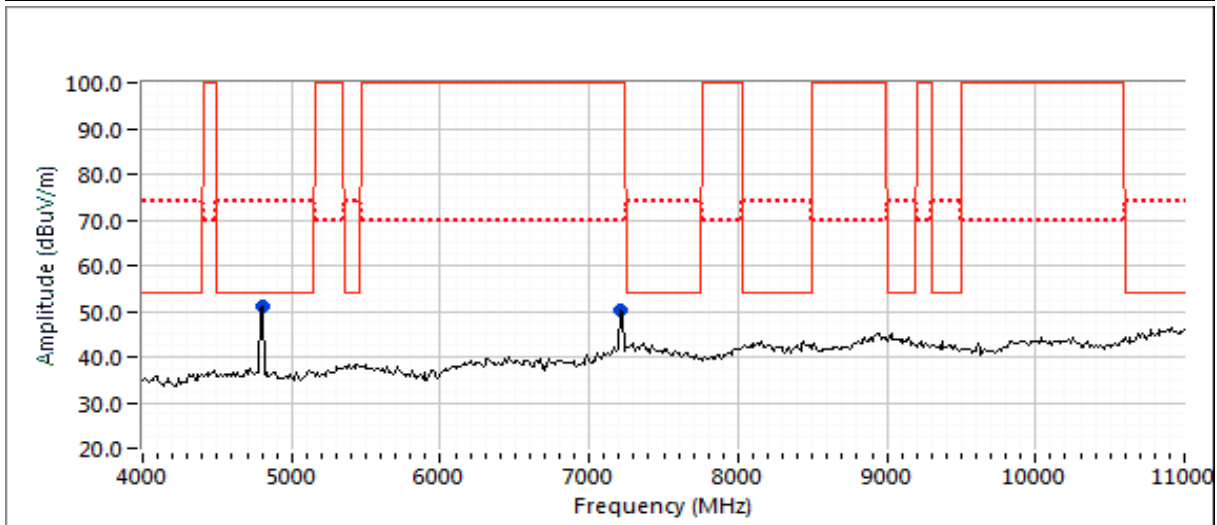
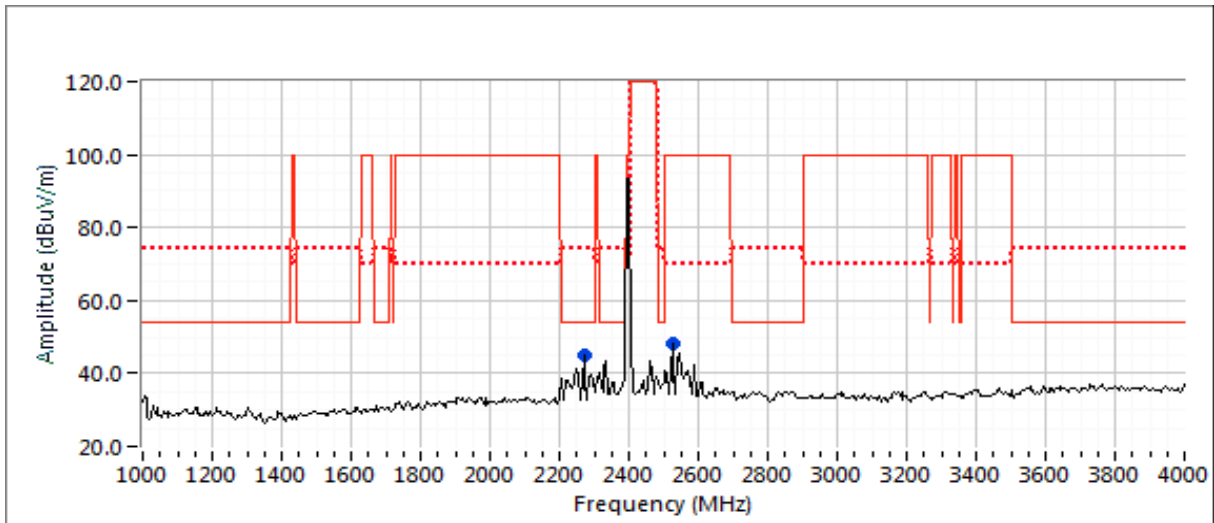


# EMC Test Data

Client: Kinsa Inc.	Job Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator: David Bare
	Class: N/A

Run #1: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 1,000 - 25000 MHz. Operating Mode: BLE  
Date of Test: 2/4/2019 0:00 Config. Used: 1  
Test Engineer: Jude Semana Config Change: none  
Test Location: FT Chamber #4 EUT Voltage: battery (3V)

Run #1a: Low Channel 2402MHz (Side)

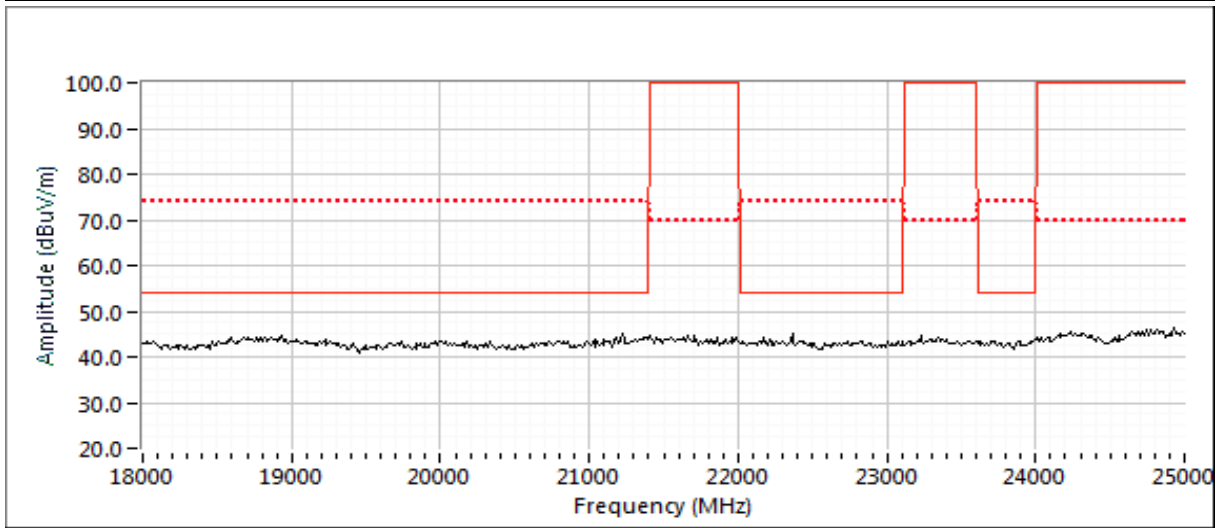
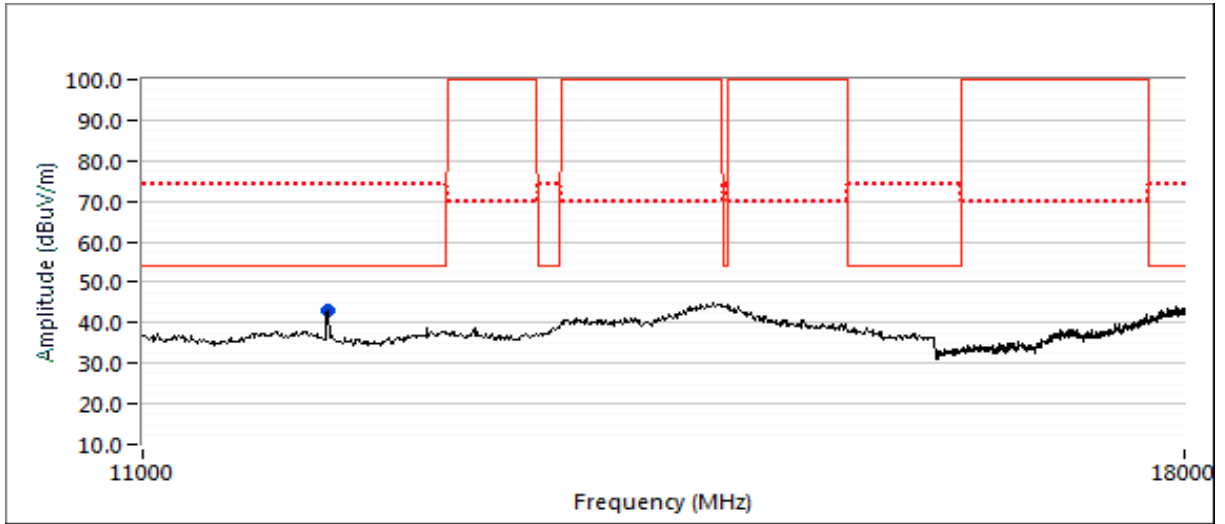






# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

Channel: 2402 MHz                      Mode: BLE  
 Tx Chain: Main                        Pwr: 4

**Preliminary peak readings captured during pre-scan**

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2274.040	44.9	V	54.0	-9.1	Peak	204	1.0	
2529.980	48.1	V	70.0	-21.9	Peak	231	1.6	
2402.000	93.4	V	N/A	-	Peak	155	1.0	Fundamental
4803.990	51.0	V	54.0	-3.0	Peak	80	2.2	
7205.960	50.3	V	70.0	-19.7	Peak	319	1.3	
12009.970	43.2	H	54.0	-10.8	Peak	16	1.3	

**Maximized Readings**

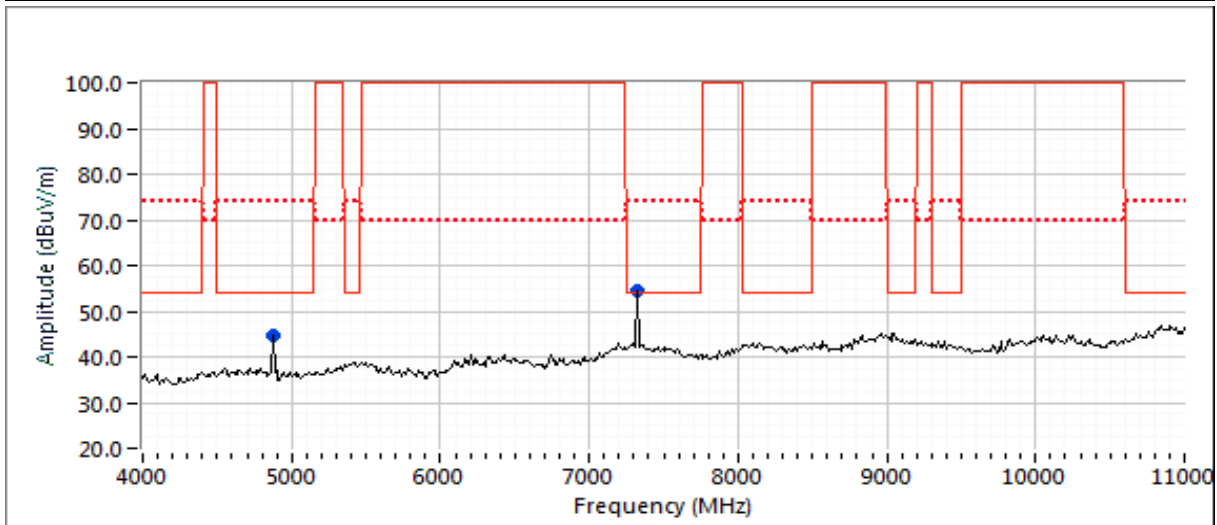
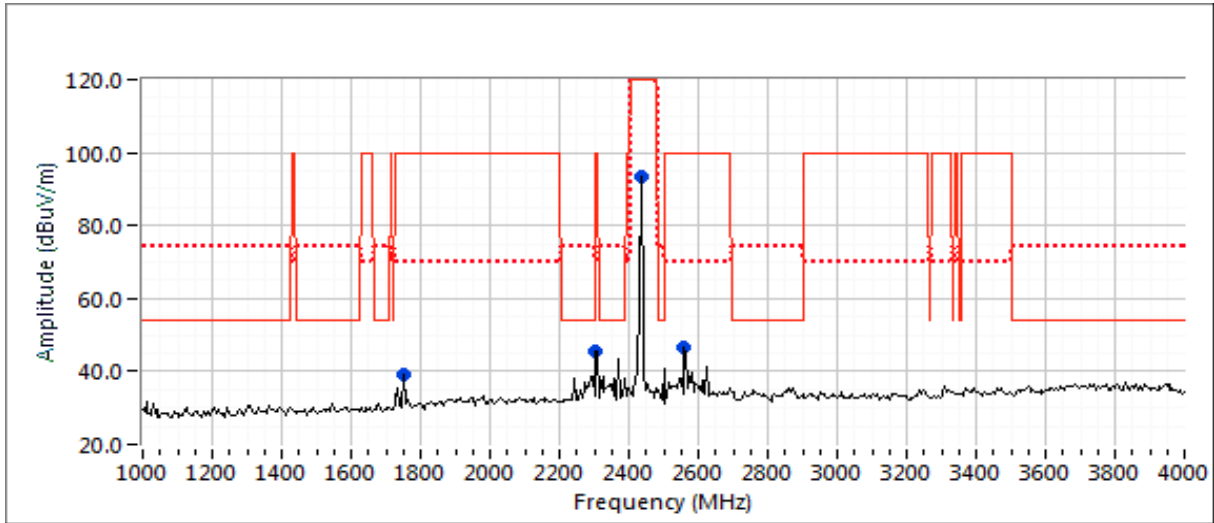
Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2274.030	44.8	V	54.0	-9.2	Avg	203	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2274.010	49.0	V	74.0	-25.0	PK	203	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
2530.040	46.9	V	54.0	-7.1	Avg	231	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2530.330	50.9	V	74.0	-23.1	PK	231	1.8	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
4803.770	48.2	V	54.0	-5.8	Avg	119	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
4803.350	54.3	V	74.0	-19.7	PK	119	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
7207.060	48.2	V	54.0	-5.8	Avg	320	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
7205.090	57.6	V	74.0	-16.4	PK	320	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
12008.520	42.1	H	54.0	-11.9	Avg	16	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
12008.470	51.7	H	74.0	-22.3	PK	16	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

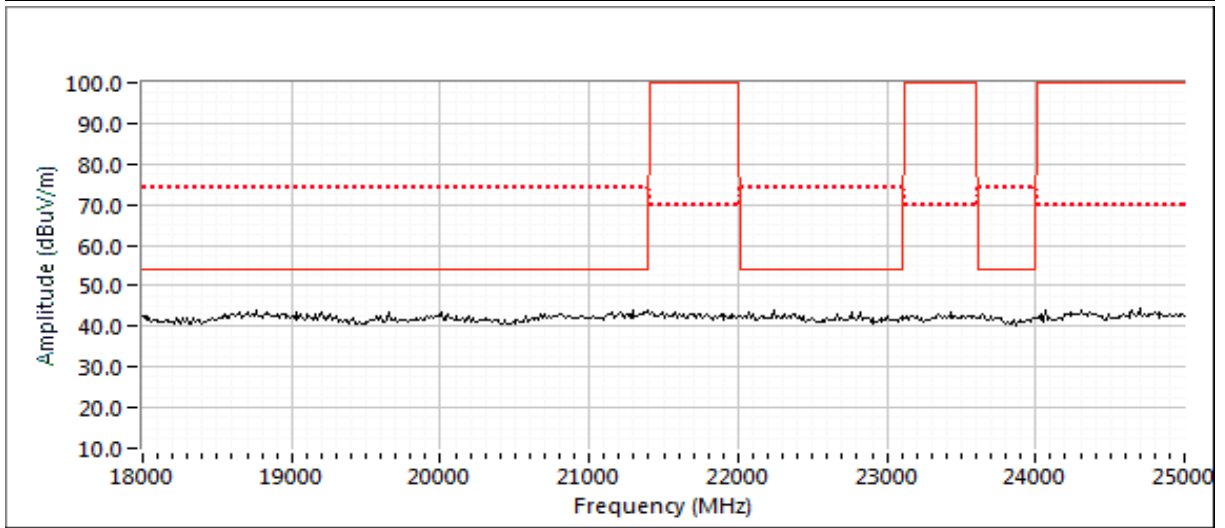
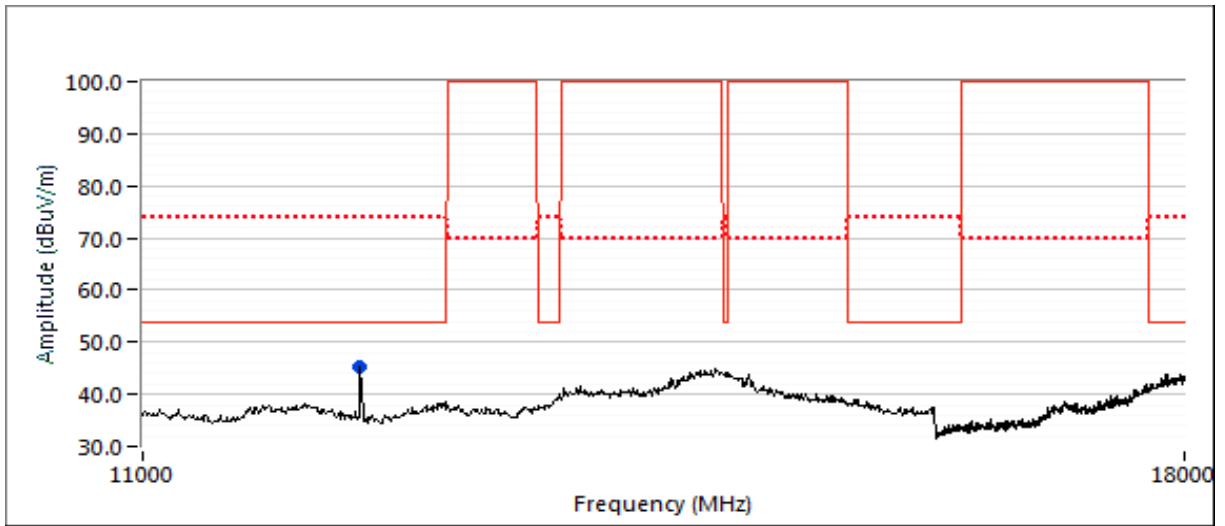
Run #1b: Center Channel 2440 MHz (Side)





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

Channel: 2440 MHz      Mode: BLE  
 Tx Chain: Main      Pwr: 4

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
1745.690	39.3	V	70.0	-30.7	Peak	91	1.3	
2300.890	45.7	V	70.0	-24.3	Peak	252	1.0	
2440.000	93.3	V	N/A	-	Peak	0	1.0	Fundamental
2555.110	46.4	V	70.0	-23.6	Peak	309	1.0	
4880.010	44.7	V	54.0	-9.3	Peak	121	1.6	
7320.070	54.6	V	54.0	0.6	Peak	310	1.0	
12199.850	45.1	H	54.0	-8.9	Peak	92	1.3	

### Maximized Readings

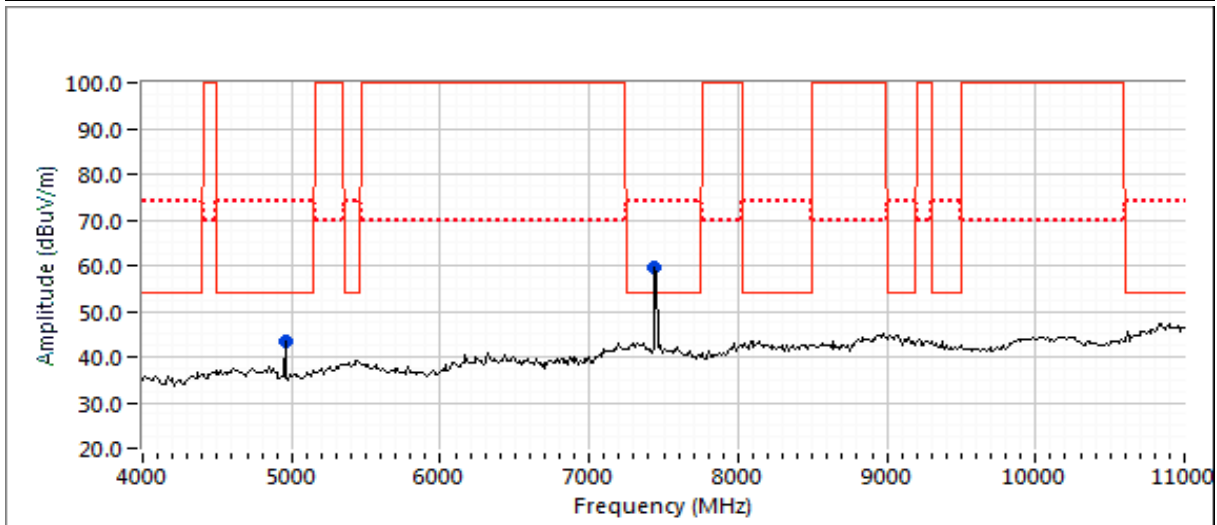
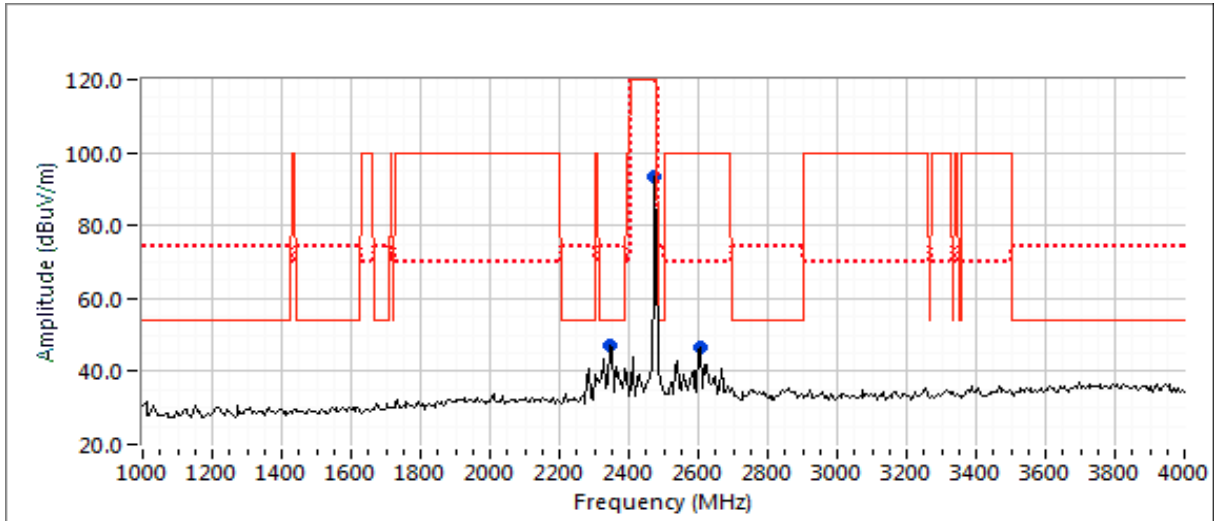
Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
1745.520	26.5	V	54.0	-27.5	Avg	92	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
1747.080	39.1	V	74.0	-34.9	PK	92	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
2553.630	35.1	V	54.0	-18.9	Avg	308	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2553.630	44.4	V	74.0	-29.6	PK	308	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
2300.910	31.6	V	54.0	-22.4	Avg	359	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2300.950	41.7	V	74.0	-32.3	PK	359	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
4879.800	44.4	V	54.0	-9.6	Avg	118	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
4879.750	52.2	V	74.0	-21.8	PK	118	1.5	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
7319.030	51.5	V	54.0	-2.5	Avg	330	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
7319.050	60.4	V	74.0	-13.6	PK	330	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
12201.310	37.2	H	54.0	-16.8	Avg	96	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
12201.120	47.6	H	74.0	-26.4	PK	96	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak



# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

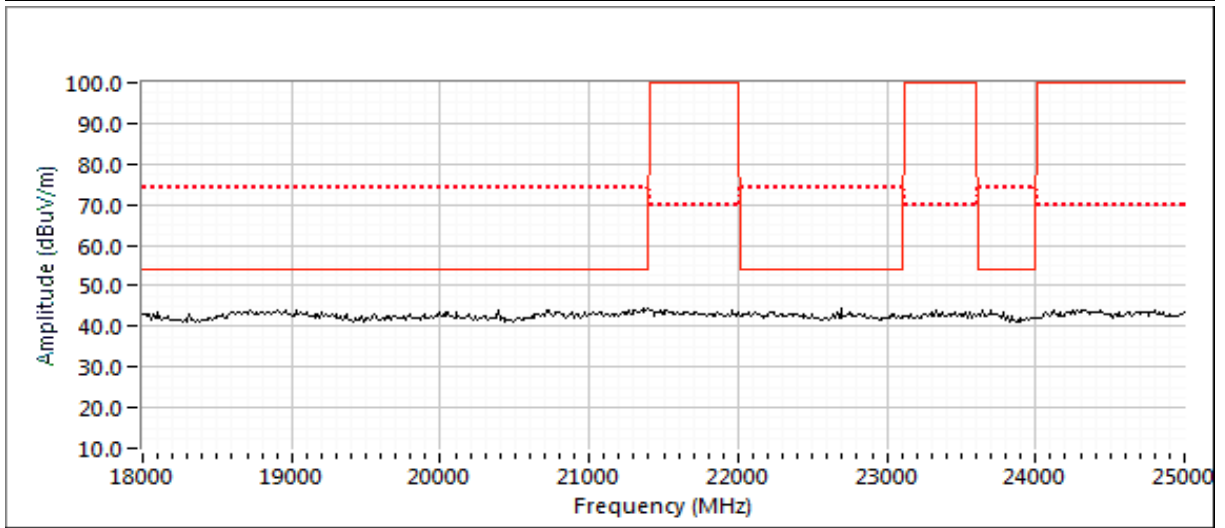
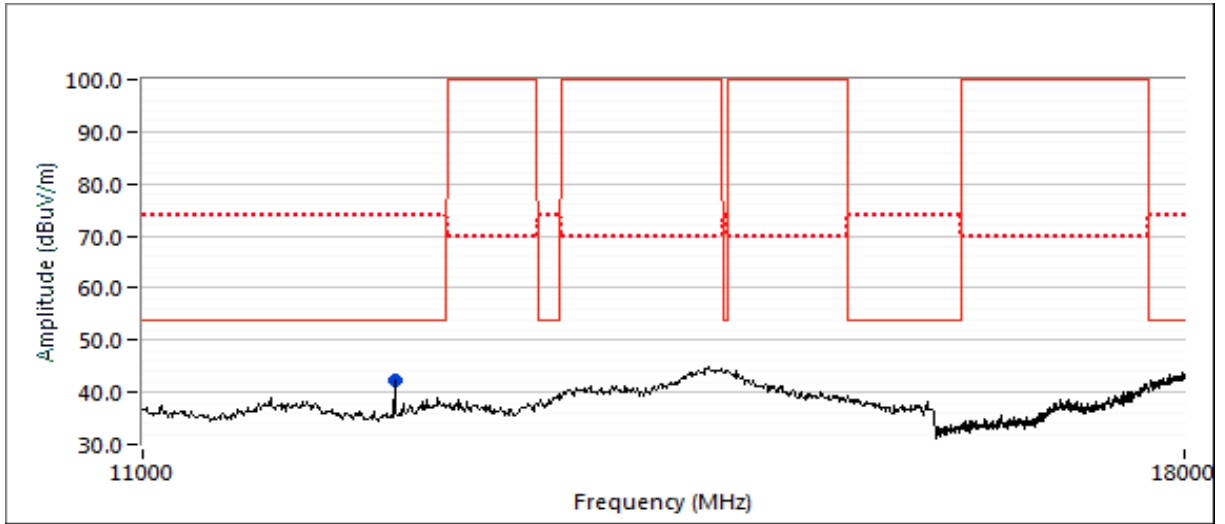
Run #1c: High Channel 2480MHz (Side)





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	Job Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Coordinator:	David Bare
		Class:	N/A

Channel: 2480 MHz      Mode: BLE  
 Tx Chain: Main      Pwr: 0

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2349.990	47.1	V	54.0	-6.9	Peak	217	1.3	
2480.000	93.3	V	N/A	-	Peak	0	1.0	Fundamental
2608.010	46.6	V	70.0	-23.4	Peak	217	1.3	
4959.970	43.6	H	54.0	-10.4	Peak	197	2.2	
7439.070	59.5	H	54.0	5.5	Peak	338	1.0	
12399.990	42.4	V	54.0	-11.6	Peak	83	1.3	

### Maximized Readings

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2351.460	42.8	V	54.0	-11.2	Avg	218	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2351.470	49.5	V	74.0	-24.5	PK	218	1.6	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
2607.930	45.7	V	54.0	-8.3	Avg	333	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
2607.980	49.8	V	74.0	-24.2	PK	333	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
4960.050	38.0	H	54.0	-16.0	Avg	200	2.2	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
4959.970	52.8	H	74.0	-21.2	PK	200	2.2	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
7438.910	45.4	H	54.0	-8.6	Avg	341	1.1	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
7438.840	56.0	H	74.0	-18.0	PK	341	1.1	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
12398.440	42.5	V	54.0	-11.5	Avg	78	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 1 kHz;Peak, Note 4
12398.310	52.1	V	74.0	-21.9	PK	78	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	PR Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Engineer:	David Bare
		Class:	B

## Radiated Emissions

(NTS Silicon Valley, Fremont Facility, Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

### Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 2/8/2019	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Jude Semana	Config Change: None
Test Location: Fremont Chamber #4	EUT Voltage: battery (3V)

### General Test Configuration

The EUT and any local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated emissions testing. Any remote support equipment was located outside the semi-anechoic chamber. Any cables running to remote support equipment were routed through metal conduit and when possible passed through a ferrite clamp upon exiting the chamber.

Radiated emissions tests above 1 GHz to FCC Part 15 were performed with floor absorbers in place in accordance with the test methods of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-4.

The test distance and extrapolation factor (if applicable) are detailed under each run description.

Note, preliminary testing indicates that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT and elevation of the measurement antenna. Maximized testing indicated that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT, elevation of the measurement antenna, and manipulation of the EUT's interface cables.

Ambient Conditions:	Temperature:	22 °C
	Rel. Humidity:	39 %

### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Radiated Emissions 30 - 1000 MHz, Preliminary	Class B	Pass	25.3 dBµV/m @ 30.54 MHz (-14.7 dB) <i>Noise Floor</i>

### Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

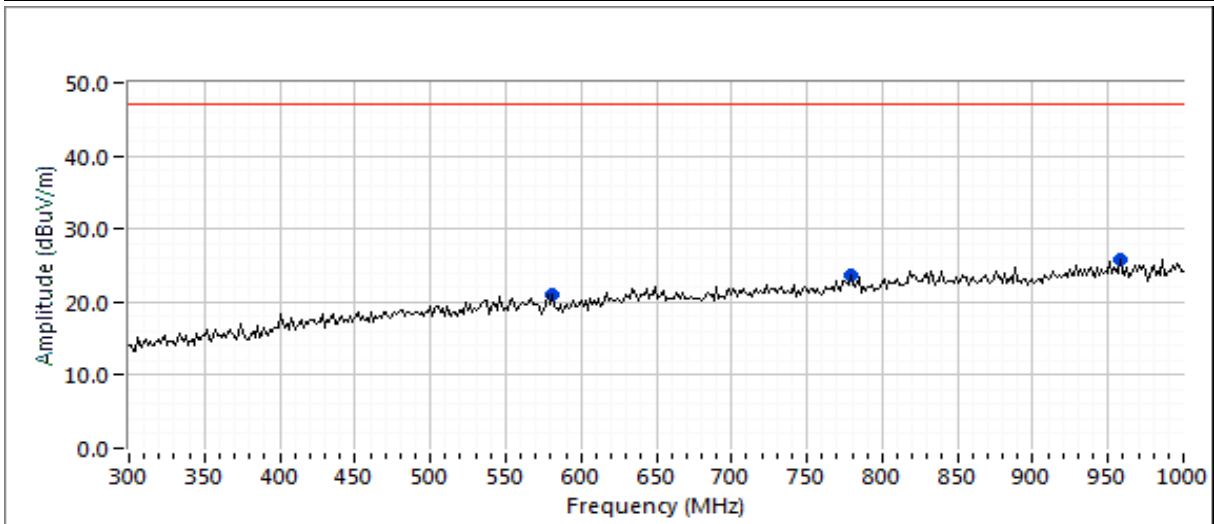
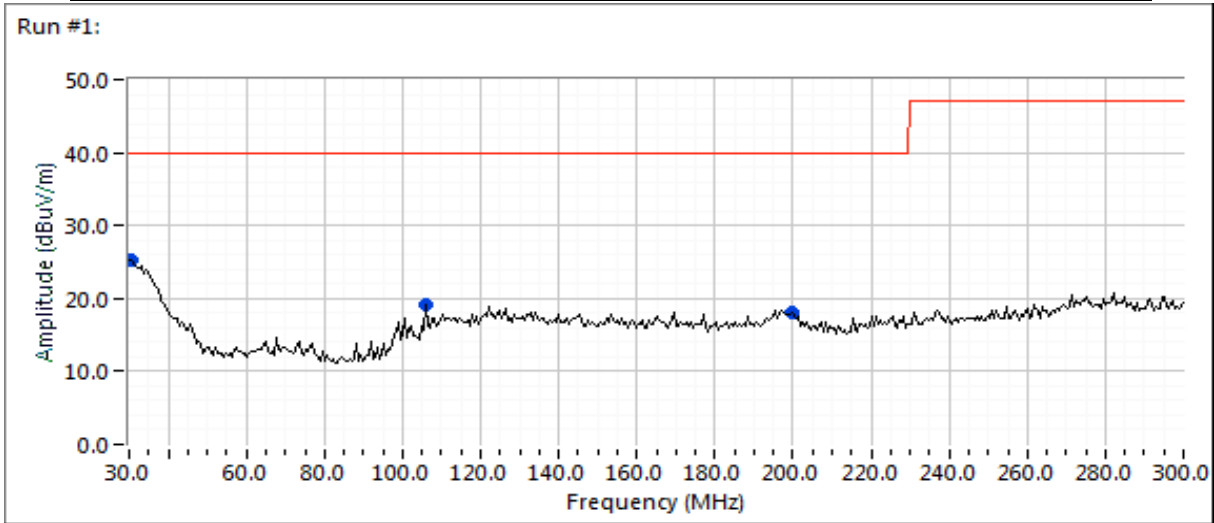


# EMC Test Data

Client: Kinsa Inc.	PR Number: PR093745
Model: KSA-110	T-Log Number: TL093745-EMC
Contact: David Gal	Project Manager: Christine Krebill
Standard: EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Engineer: David Bare
	Class: B

## Run #1: Preliminary Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1000 MHz

Test Parameters for Preliminary Scan(s)			
Frequency Range (MHz)	Prescan Distance (meters)	Limit Distance (meters)	Extrapolation Factor (dB, applied to data)
30 - 1000	3	3	0.0





# EMC Test Data

Client:	Kinsa Inc.	PR Number:	PR093745
Model:	KSA-110	T-Log Number:	TL093745-EMC
Contact:	David Gal	Project Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	EN 60601-1-2 Ed.4, EN 301-489, FCC §15.247, RSS-247	Project Engineer:	David Bare
		Class:	B

### Preliminary peak readings captured during pre-scan

Frequency	Level	Pol	Class B		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h			Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
30.541	25.3	H	40.0	-14.7	Peak	284	3.0	Noise Floor
105.752	19.2	H	40.0	-20.8	Peak	330	2.5	Noise Floor
957.916	25.9	V	47.0	-21.1	Peak	267	1.0	Noise Floor
199.900	18.2	H	40.0	-21.8	Peak	328	3.0	Noise Floor
779.760	23.6	V	47.0	-23.4	Peak	275	1.5	Noise Floor
580.561	21.1	V	47.0	-25.9	Peak	182	1.5	Noise Floor

### Preliminary quasi-peak readings (no manipulation of EUT interface cables)

Frequency	Level	Pol	Class B		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
MHz	dB $\mu$ V/m	v/h			Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
No emissions found above the noise floor of the measurement system, no QP readings recorded								

*End of Report*

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