

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# **MOVEON TECHNOLOGY LIMTED**

World Trade Plaza-A block#3201-3202 Fuhong Road, Futian, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: 2AFD9U509

Report Type: Product Type: Original Report 5inch 3G mobile phone pucky xiao **Test Engineer:** Rocky Xiao **Report Number:** RSZ150709005-20 **Report Date:** 2015-07-29 Sula Huard Sula Huang **Reviewed By:** RF Leader **Test Laboratory:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891

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**Note**: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

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**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ150709005-20	Original Report	2015-07-29	

Report No: RSZ150709005-20

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# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of MOVEON TECHNOLOGY LIMTED and their product, FCC ID: 2AFD9U509, Model: U509 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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#### \*Note:

- 1. This series products model: U509 and NET K8, we select model: U509 to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment, please refer to the product similarity letter.

  2. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. Wi-Fi Hotspot mode permits the device to share its
- cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi enabled devices (channels 1 13).

### **Technical Specification**

Product Type	5inch 3G mobile phone
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2462MHz
	WLAN(802.11n40): 2422MHz-2452MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.93dBm
	PCS 1900: 29.17dBm
	WCDMA 850: 22.60dBm
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA 1900: 22.20dBm
	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 9.37dBm
	WLAN(802.11n40): 9.31dBm
	Bluetooth: 7.23dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	145 mm (L) × 71 mm (W) × 8 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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#### REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

#### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No: RSZ150709005-20

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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#### **SAR Limits**

# FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

### CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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# **FACILITIES**

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

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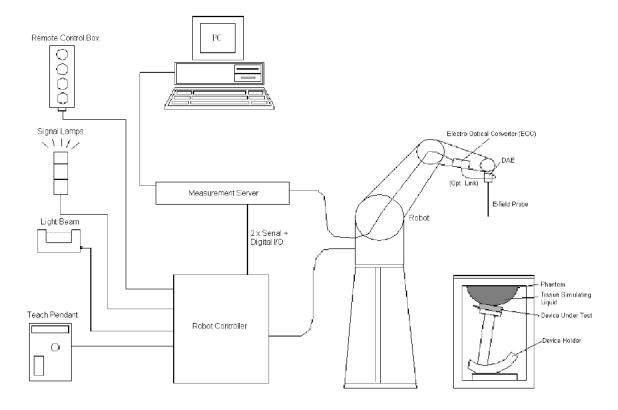
# **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
  communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
  signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

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The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

#### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- \_ Right hand
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table. For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o\_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

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#### **Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent \_=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

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#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

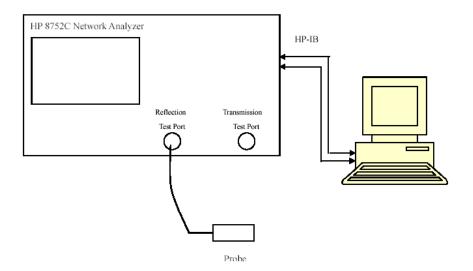
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2015-01-13	2016-01-13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1 ,	Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
924.2	Head	41.09	0.90	41.50	0.90	-0.988	0.000	±5
824.2	Body	53.78	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.572	-2.062	±5
926.4	Head	41.06	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.060	1.111	±5
826.4	Body	53.80	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.536	-2.062	±5
926.6	Head	41.01	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.181	1.111	±5
836.6	Body	53.79	0.96	55.20	0.97	-2.554	-1.031	±5
9466	Head	41.11	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.940	1.111	±5
846.6	Body	53.86	0.97	55.20	0.97	-2.428	0.000	±5
0.40.0	Head	41.03	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.133	2.222	±5
848.8	Body	53.81	0.98	55.20	0.97	-2.518	1.031	±5
1950.2	Head	39.62	1.37	40.00	1.40	-0.950	-2.143	±5
1850.2	Body	51.89	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.645	-1.974	±5
1952.4	Head	39.57	1.37	40.00	1.40	-1.075	-2.143	±5
1852.4	Body	51.96	1.48	53.30	1.52	-2.514	-2.632	±5
1000.0	Head	39.67	1.40	40.00	1.40	-0.825	0.000	±5
1880.0	Body	51.79	1.51	53.30	1.52	-2.833	-0.658	±5
1007.6	Head	39.69	1.42	40.00	1.40	-0.775	1.429	±5
1907.6	Body	52.03	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.383	1.316	±5
1000.9	Head	39.54	1.42	40.00	1.40	-1.150	1.429	±5
1909.8	Body	52.01	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.420	1.316	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-13.

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Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	
824.0	41.0881	19.7044	824.0	53.7756	20.7032	
824.5	41.0854	19.6852	824.5	53.8444	20.6885	
825.0	41.0966	19.7251	825.0	53.8167	20.6486	
825.5	41.0158	19.7430	825.5	53.7726	20.6460	
826.0	41.0405	19.6898	826.0	53.7942	20.6967	
826.5	41.0558	19.6964	826.5	53.7965	20.6657	
827.0	41.1051	19.7080	827.0	53.7711	20.6882	
827.5	41.0544	19.7116	827.5	53.8468	20.6314	
828.0	41.0021	19.7587	828.0	53.8275	20.6224	
828.5	41.0439	19.6853	828.5	53.8705	20.6348	
829.0	41.0889	19.6897	829.0	53.8702	20.6921	
829.5	41.0138	19.7512	829.5	53.8502	20.6875	
830.0	41.0020	19.7598	830.0	53.8465	20.6780	
830.5	41.1069	19.7526	830.5	53.8628	20.6911	
831.0	41.0385	19.7734	831.0	53.8612	20.6888	
831.5	41.0379	19.7350	831.5	53.8249	20.6179	
832.0	41.1044	19.7112	832.0	53.8451	20.6469	
832.5	41.0573	19.6921	832.5	53.8284	20.6441	
833.0	41.0514	19.6899	833.0	53.7705	20.7062	
833.5	41.0201	19.7453	833.5	53.7673	20.6349	
834.0	41.0667	19.7574	834.0	53.8208	20.6231	
834.5	41.0386	19.7369	834.5	53.8041	20.6127	
835.0	41.0967	19.7034	835.0	53.8414	20.7060	
835.5	41.0067	19.6926	835.5	53.7916	20.6920	
836.0	41.0974	19.6806	836.0	53.7687	20.6191	
836.5	41.0530	19.7128	836.5	53.8024	20.6467	
837.0	41.0321	19.6865	837.0	53.8078	20.6267	
837.5	41.0371	19.7080	837.5	53.8655	20.7020	
838.0	41.0655	19.6749	838.0	53.8221	20.6810	
838.5	41.0043	19.7521	838.5	53.7680	20.6593	
839.0	41.0297	19.6866	839.0	53.7697	20.6407	
839.5	41.0727	19.7392	839.5	53.8612	20.6844	
840.0	41.0596	19.4655	840.0	53.7767	20.6858	
840.5	41.0260	19.4674	840.5	53.8102	20.6545	
841.0	41.1069	19.4603	841.0	53.7822	20.6285	
841.5	41.0006	19.4101	841.5	53.8542	20.6424	
842.0	41.0618	19.4220	842.0	53.7798	20.6418	
842.5	41.0120	19.3819	842.5	53.8035	20.6134	
843.0	41.0068	19.4065	843.0	53.8365	20.7101	
843.5	41.0214	19.4717	843.5	53.8580	20.6621	
844.0	41.0945	19.4563	844.0	53.8674	20.6651	
844.5	41.1062	19.4232	844.5	53.7692	20.6715	
845.0	41.0923	19.4283	845.0	53.8245	20.6207	
845.5	41.0203	19.4268	845.5	53.7655	20.6640	
846.0	41.0477	19.4692	846.0	53.8421	20.6691	
846.5	41.1063	19.4039	846.5	53.8551	20.6525	
847.0	41.0934	19.4640	847.0	53.7816	20.6454	
847.5	41.0578	19.4504	847.5	53.7709	20.6135	
848.0	41.0697	19.3909	848.0	53.8332	20.6211	
848.5	41.0020	19.3873	848.5	53.7844	20.6526	
849.0	41.0322	19.4710	849.0	53.8051	20.6779	

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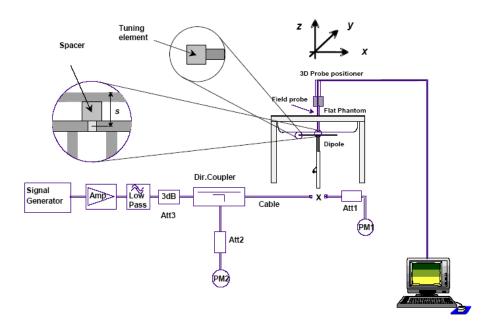
	1900 MHz Head	d	1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e''	
1850.0	39.6171	13.3586	1850.0	51.8939	14.5102
1851.2	39.7326	13.3934	1851.2	51.7691	14.4312
1852.4	39.5714	13.2588	1852.4	51.9586	14.4162
1853.6	39.6632	13.2452	1853.6	51.7495	14.5690
1854.8	39.6292	13.3449	1854.8	51.9646	14.5344
1856.0	39.6756	13.3783	1856.0	51.9768	14.5604
1857.2	39.7390	13.2715	1857.2	51.9615	14.4397
1858.4	39.6381	13.2946	1858.4	52.0100	14.4496
1859.6	39.5628	13.3084	1859.6	51.8329	14.4176
1860.8	39.5574	13.3371	1860.8	51.8036	14.5470
1862.0	39.6586	13.2462	1862.0	51.9630	14.4874
1863.2	39.5723	13.3216	1863.2	52.0688	14.5270
1864.4	39.6597	13.3782	1864.4	51.7590	14.5121
1865.6	39.6663	13.3152	1865.6	51.9670	14.4880
1866.8	39.6368	13.3057	1866.8	52.0273	14.4219
1868.0	39.5637	13.2865	1868.0	51.7642	14.5438
1869.2	39.7401	13.2935	1869.2	51.9543	14.4931
1870.4	39.6769	13.2415	1870.4	51.7478	14.5069
1871.6	39.6241	13.3396	1871.6	51.7448	14.5516
1872.8	39.6765	13.3920	1872.8	51.7560	14.5335
1874.0	39.6334	13.2841	1874.0	51.7802	14.4258
1875.2	39.5465	13.3038	1875.2	51.7938	14.5248
1876.4	39.5615	13.3632	1876.4	52.0127	14.4871
1877.6	39.5929	13.3809	1877.6	52.0793	14.4803
1878.8	39.7233	13.3854	1878.8	51.9236	14.5046
1880.0	39.6707	13.4311	1880.0	51.7874	14.4694
1881.2	39.6302	13.3806	1881.2	52.0811	14.5413
1882.4	39.5813	13.3228	1882.4	51.9544	14.5452
1883.6	39.5737	13.2936	1883.6	52.0377	14.4204
1884.8	39.7020	13.4218	1884.8	52.0186	14.5611
1886.0	39.7102	13.2908	1886.0	51.9936	14.5399
1887.2	39.5826	13.2674	1887.2	51.7777	14.5372
1888.4	39.6502	13.3680	1888.4	51.8564	14.4931
1889.6	39.6518	13.2908	1889.6	52.0824	14.4993
1890.8	39.6599	13.4289	1890.8	52.0197	14.5701
1892.0	39.6100	13.3993	1892.0	51.8177	14.5525
1893.2	39.6144	13.2635	1893.2	51.7578	14.4940
1894.4	39.6530	13.2685	1894.4	51.8942	14.5688
1895.6	39.6147	13.4090	1895.6	51.7790	14.4491
1896.8 1898.0	39.7343 39.5854	13.3319 13.2402	1896.8 1898.0	51.8428 51.7532	14.4131 14.4523
1898.0	39.3834	13.4088	1898.0	51.7532	14.4323
1900.4	39.7200	13.3905	1900.4	51.7780	14.3080
1900.4	39.6884	13.3039	1900.4	51.7428	14.4170
1901.8	39.6629	13.2408	1902.8	51.7428	14.5437
1904.0	39.6348	13.2720	1904.0	51.9421	14.4840
1905.2	39.6759	13.2839	1905.2	51.9176	14.4418
1906.4	39.7382	13.3151	1906.4	52.0405	14.5371
1907.6	39.6923	13.3578	1907.6	52.0253	14.4802
1908.8	39.5591	13.3293	1908.8	51.9700	14.5160
1910.0	39.5447	13.4058	1910.0	52.0099	14.4915

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# **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
	835	Head	1g	9.83	9.773	0.583	±10
2015-07-13		Body	1g	10.4	9.736	6.820	±10
1900	Head	1g	39.4	39.481	-0.205	±10	
	1900	Body	1g	41.7	39.715	4.998	±10

<sup>\*</sup>All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.915$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.097$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.5 W/kg

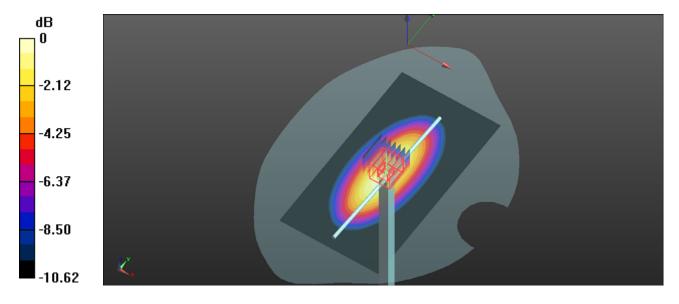
**System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 109.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.30 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



0 dB = 10.7 W/kg = 10.29 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### **System Performance 835MHz Body**

#### DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.961$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.841$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835MHz Body** /**Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

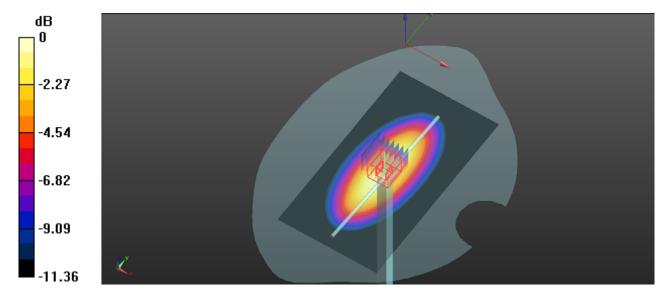
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.68 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### System Performance 1900MHz Head

#### DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.415 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.662$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.9 W/kg

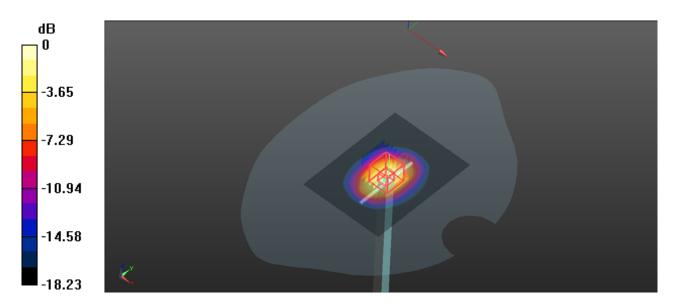
**System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 74.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 39.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.4 W/kg



0 dB = 44.4 W/kg = 16.47 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

### System Performance 1900MHz Body

#### DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.534 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.808$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900MHz Body** /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.7 W/kg

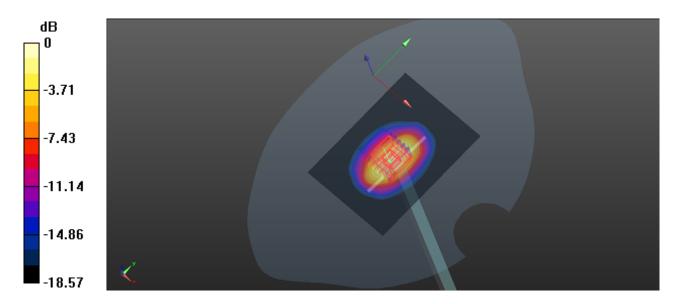
**System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 171.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 79.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 41.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.0 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 47.0 W/kg



0 dB = 47.0 W/kg = 16.72 dBW/kg

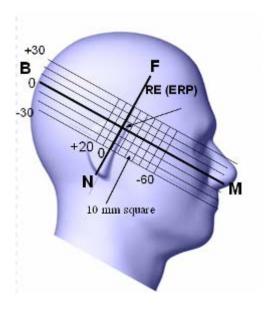
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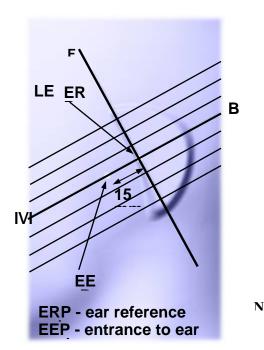
#### EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

#### **Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear**

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

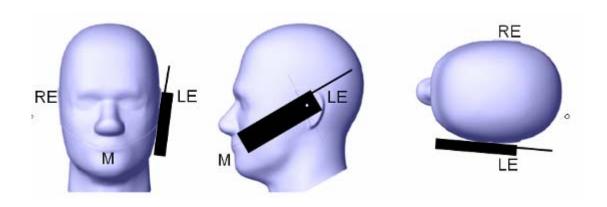
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



#### **Ear/Tilt Position**

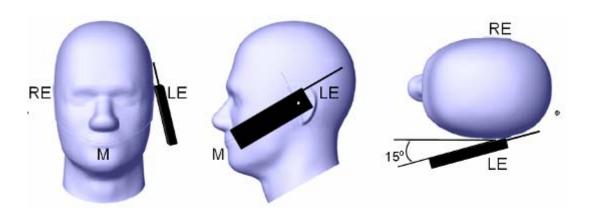
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

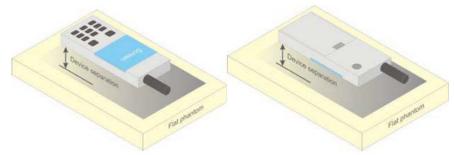


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

#### **Test methodology**

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

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#### CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

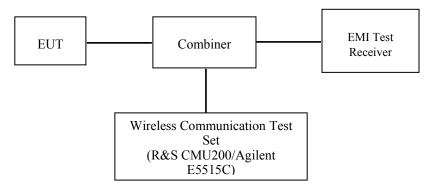
#### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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**GSM/WCDMA** 

#### **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

#### **GSM**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support  $> \tilde{G}SM + only$ 

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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#### **GPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

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> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

#### **WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc/βd	8/15

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### **HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	
	Subset	1	2	3	4	
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode		
	Rel99 RMC		1	12.2kbps RM	IC	
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2	
General	βс	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
Settings	$\beta$ d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
	βd (SF)		64			
	βc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
	eta hs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5	
	DACK			8		
	DNAK			8		
HSDPA	DCQI			8		
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms		
	CQI Repetition Factor			2		
	Ahs= $\beta$ hs/ $\beta$ c			30/15		

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# **HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode							
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopb	ack			
	Power Control			Algorithm2				
WCDMA	Algorithm							
General	$\beta$ c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta$ d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
	$\beta$ ec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	β c / β d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-		
	$\beta$ hs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DAČK			8				
	DNAK			8				
	DCQI	8						
HSDPA	Ack-Nack repetition	3						
Specific	factor							
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms						
	CQI Repetition	2						
	Factor							
	Ahs= $\beta$ hs / $\beta$ c	30/15						
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	Data Rate kbps	272.1	1/4./	702.0	203.6	300.7		
HSUPA		E-TFC	I 11 E		E-TFC	CI 11 E		
Specific		E-TFC	I PO 4	E-TFCI		I PO 4		
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67		
Settings		E-TFC1		E-TFCI		I PO 18		
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4	E-TF			
	Reference E_1 els	E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO23		
		E-TF		92		CI 75		
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO26		
		E-TF		PO 18		CI 81		
		E-TFC	PO 27		E-IFC	I PO 27		

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# **Maximum Output Power among production units**

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)						
Mode/Band	Channel					
Mode/Dand	Low	Middle	High			
GSM 850	33.00	33.00	33.00			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.90	32.90	32.90			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.80	31.80	31.80			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29.70	29.70	29.70			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	28.70	28.70	28.70			
GSM 1900	29.20	29.20	29.20			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.30	29.30	29.30			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28.30	28.30	28.30			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.40	26.40	26.40			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	25.50	25.50	25.50			
WCDMA850	22.70	22.70	22.70			
WCDMA1900	22.30	22.30	22.30			
WLAN	9.40	9.40	9.40			
Bluetooth3.0	7.30	7.30	7.30			
BLE	-0.30	-0.30	-0.30			

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#### **Test Results:**

#### **GSM:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time Based Average Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	32.93
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.93
	251	848.8	32.89
	512	1850.2	29.11
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.17
	810	1909.8	29.16

#### **GPRS**:

Dand	Daniel Channel		RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	32.84	31.75	29.64	28.67	
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.85	31.74	29.62	28.67	
	251	848.8	32.85	31.70	29.54	28.59	
	512	1850.2	29.21	28.15	26.22	25.27	
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.27	28.20	26.29	25.36	
	810	1909.8	29.26	28.23	26.37	25.46	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

#### The time based average power for GPRS

Dand	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	23.84	25.75	25.39	25.67	
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.85	25.74	25.37	25.67	
	251	848.8	23.85	25.70	25.29	25.59	
	512	1850.2	20.21	22.15	21.97	22.27	
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.27	22.20	22.04	22.36	
	810	1909.8	20.26	22.23	22.12	22.46	

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM
- peak and average output power for active timeslots. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

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# WCDMA:

### Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	4132	826.4	22.60
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	22.59
	4233	846.6	22.36
	9262	1852.4	22.20
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	22.05
	9538	1907.6	21.84

### **Results (HSDPA)**

Band Channel No.		Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	4132	826.4	21.48	21.58	21.44	21.55
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.30	21.41	21.21	21.36
050	4233	846.6	21.33	21.44	21.21	21.36
	9262	1852.4	21.12	21.07	21.18	21.05
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	20.97	20.85	21.01	20.85
	9538	1907.6	20.76	20.70	20.85	20.67

### **Results (HSUPA)**

Dand	Channal No	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
HIGD) (1	4132	826.4	21.52	21.49	21.64	21.45	21.61
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.25	21.17	21.31	21.15	21.35
050	4233	846.6	21.38	21.26	21.45	21.29	21.50
HIGD) (1	9262	1852.4	21.13	21.08	21.24	21.03	21.21
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	20.99	20.91	21.10	20.90	21.07
	9538	1907.6	20.81	20.70	20.91	20.69	20.88

### Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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# Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	6.72
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	7.23
	78	2480	7.23
	0	2402	6.24
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	6.82
	78	2480	6.96
	0	2402	6.26
EDR-8DPSK	39	2441	6.89
	78	2480	6.88
	0	2402	-0.52
BLE	19	2440	-0.32
	39	2480	-0.53

### WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
802.11b	1	2412	9.35			
	6	2437	8.67			
	13	2472	8.87			
802.11g	1	2412	9.37			
	6	2437	9.34			
	13	2472	8.70			
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.07			
	6	2437	8.52			
	13	2472	8.88			
802.11n HT40	3	2422	9.31			
	6	2437	8.43			
	11	2462	8.39			

### Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

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#### SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

Report No: RSZ150709005-20

#### **SAR Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.5∼24 °C			
Relative Humidity:	35 %			
ATM Pressure:	1003 mbar			

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-07-13.

#### **GSM 850:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz) Test	Tost	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
		Mode				Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	2.224	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.103	0.105	/
	836.6	GSM	-1.825	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.112	0.114	1#
	848.8	GSM	-2.658	32.89	33.00	1.026	0.109	0.112	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.869	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.073	0.074	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.455	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.103	0.105	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.723	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.066	0.067	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	1.265	32.93	33.00	1.016	0.151	0.153	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

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#### **PCS Band:**

EUT	Emaguanav	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-0.964	29.17	29.20	1.007	0.072	0.072	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-3.464	29.17	29.20	1.007	0.045	0.045	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	2.565	29.11	29.20	1.021	0.081	0.083	3#
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	1.114	29.17	29.20	1.007	0.075	0.076	/
	1909.8	GSM	-2.131	29.16	29.20	1.009	0.077	0.078	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	3.105	29.17	29.20	1.007	0.043	0.043	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.813	29.17	29.20	1.007	0.091	0.092	/
(10mm)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the
- individual channels tested to determine compliance.

  4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

#### WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	WCDMA	3.753	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.072	0.074	5#
Left Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	2.111	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.041	0.042	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	2.799	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.068	0.070	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	1.301	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.044	0.045	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

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#### WCDMA 1900 Band:

EUT	Frequency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	WCDMA	-2.051	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.171	0.175	7#
Left Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	-0.670	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.085	0.087	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	1.981	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.157	0.161	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	1.193	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.082	0.084	/
	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

#### **Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result**

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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#### Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 850)

EUT	Frequency Test		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	824.2	GPRS	-3.839	31.75	31.80	1.012	0.456	0.461	2#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
5 1 7 0	824.2	GPRS	0.561	31.75	31.80	1.012	0.288	0.291	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(10mm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
5 1 5 1	824.2	GPRS	-1.065	31.75	31.80	1.012	0.232	0.235	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Tollilli)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	-3.434	31.75	31.80	1.012	0.127	0.128	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
   The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.
- 4. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
  5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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#### Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 1900)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	1.158	25.46	25.50	1.009	0.269	0.271	4#
5 1 5 2	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	-2.577	25.46	25.50	1.009	0.112	0.113	/
D 1 D'1.	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	-1.161	25.46	25.50	1.009	0.067	0.068	/
5.1.5	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	0.804	25.46	25.50	1.009	0.183	0.185	/

#### Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
   The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
   The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum type up tale range limit according to the power applied to the
- results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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#### **Hot Spot-WCDMA850**

EUT	Frequency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	826.4	WCDMA850	4.232	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.177	0.181	6#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 I 0	826.4	WCDMA850	2.213	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.083	0.085	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D: 1	826.4	WCDMA850	2.305	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.112	0.115	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D	826.4	WCDMA850	-1.158	22.60	22.70	1.023	0.055	0.056	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### **Hot Spot-WCDMA 1900**

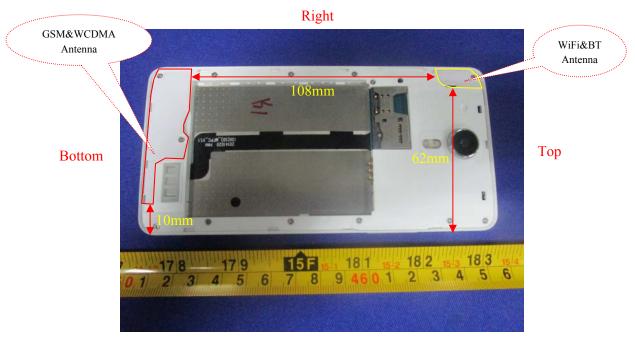
EUT	Егодиолог		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1852.4	WCDMA1900	-0.917	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.536	0.548	8#
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 1 0	1852.4	WCDMA1900	-3.422	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.187	0.191	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D 1.	1852.4	WCDMA1900	-3.388	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.152	0.156	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D	1852.4	WCDMA1900	-1.553	22.20	22.30	1.023	0.368	0.377	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The default test configuration is to measure SA R with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

#### BT&WLAN and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Left

#### **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultane	A		
Transmitter Combination	Antennas Distance (mm)		
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	108
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	108
WCDMA+Bluetooth	√	×	108
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	108

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#### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2450	9.40	8.71	0	2.73	3.0	YES
WLAN	2450	9.40	8.71	10	1.36	3.0	YES
Bluetooth	2450	7.30	5.37	0	1.68	3.0	YES
Bluetooth	2450	7.30	5.37	10	0.84	3.0	YES

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#### Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\sqrt{f(GHz)} \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

#### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2450	9.40	8.71	0	0.364
WLAN Body	2450	9.40	8.71	10	0.182
BT Head	2450	7.30	5.37	0	0.224
BT Body	2450	7.30	5.37	10	0.112

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $[\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x]$ 

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

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## Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

#### **GSM** with BT:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR V/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
(SART SARZ)		SAR1	SAR2	1.0 W/Rg
	Left Head Cheek	0.114	0.224	0.338
	Left Head Tilt	0.074	0.224	0.298
GSM 850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.105	0.224	0.329
	Right Head Tilt	0.067	0.224	0.291
	Body-Back-Headset	0.153	0.112	0.265
	Left Head Cheek	0.072	0.224	0.296
	Left Head Tilt	0.045	0.224	0.269
PCS1900 +BT	Right Head Cheek	0.083	0.224	0.307
	Right Head Tilt	0.043	0.224	0.267
	Body-Back-Headset	0.092	0.112	0.204

#### WCDMA with BT:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR //kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	\1.0W/Kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.074	0.224	0.298
WCDMA	Left Head Tilt	0.042	0.224	0.266
850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.070	0.224	0.294
	Right Head Tilt	0.045	0.224	0.269
	Left Head Cheek	0.175	0.224	0.399
WCDMA1900	Left Head Tilt	0.087	0.224	0.311
+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.161	0.224	0.385
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.224	0.308

### **GSM** with WLAN:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR //kg)	∑SAR < 1.6W/kg
(STREET STREET)		SAR1	SAR2	1.0 W/Kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.114	0.364	0.478
CCM 050	Left Head Tilt	0.074	0.364	0.438
GSM 850+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.105	0.364	0.469
VV EA TIV	Right Head Tilt	0.067	0.364	0.431
	Body-Back-Headset	0.153	0.182	0.335
	Left Head Cheek	0.072	0.364	0.436
DCC1000 +	Left Head Tilt	0.045	0.364	0.409
PCS1900 + WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.083	0.364	0.447
,, 2711	Right Head Tilt	0.043	0.364	0.407
	Body-Back-Headset	0.092	0.182	0.274

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Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR //kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg	
(SAKI+SAK2)		SAR1	SAR2	~ 1.0 W/Kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.074	0.364	0.438	
WCDMA 850+	Left Head Tilt	0.042	0.364	0.406	
WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.070	0.364	0.434	
	Right Head Tilt	0.045	0.364	0.409	
	Left Head Cheek	0.175	0.364	0.539	
WCDMA1900	Left Head Tilt	0.087	0.364	0.451	
+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.161	0.364	0.525	
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.364	0.448	

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**Note:** Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:  $\Sigma$  SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

#### **Hotspot:**

Eva	luations for Si	multaneous SA	AR, BT+GSM/3	3G					
Test Position Mode	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)				
Wiode		Stand Alone 1-g SAR (W/Kg)							
GPRS 850	0.461	0.291	0.235	0.128	/				
GPRS 1900	0.271	0.113	0.068	0.185	/				
WCDMA850	0.181	0.085	0.115	0.056	/				
WCDMA 1900	0.548	0.191	0.156	0.377	/				
BT	0.112	0.112	0.112	0.112	0.112				
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/k	(g)					
GPRS850 + BT	0.573	0.403	0.347	0.24	/				
GPRS1900+ BT	0.383	0.225	0.18	0.297	/				
WCDMA850 + BT	0.293	0.197	0.227	0.168	/				
WCDMA1900 + BT	0.66	0.303	0.268	0.489	/				
Evaluation	ns for Simultan	eous SAR, M	obile Hot Spot l	Positions					
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)				
Mode		` /	Alone 1-g SAR	(W/Kg)	, ,				
GPRS 850	0.461	0.291	0.235	0.128	/				
GPRS 1900	0.271	0.113	0.068	0.185	/				
WCDMA850	0.181	0.085	0.115	0.056	/				
WCDMA 1900	0.548	0.191	0.156	0.377	/				
WLAN	0.182	0.182	0.182	0.182	0.182				
	$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/Kg)								
GPRS850 + WLAN	0.643	0.473	0.417	0.310	/				
GPRS1900+ WLAN	0.453	0.295	0.250	0.367	/				
WCDMA850 + WLAN	0.363	0.267	0.297	0.238	/				
WCDMA1900 + WLAN	0.730	0.373	0.338	0.559	/				

#### Note

If the sum of the 1g SAR measured for the simultaneously transmitting antennas is less than the SAR limit, SAR measurement for simultaneous transmission is not required.

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## **SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### Test Plot 1#: GSM 850-Left Head Check Middle Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma=0.91$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=41.01$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**HEAD/GSM900 Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 W/kg

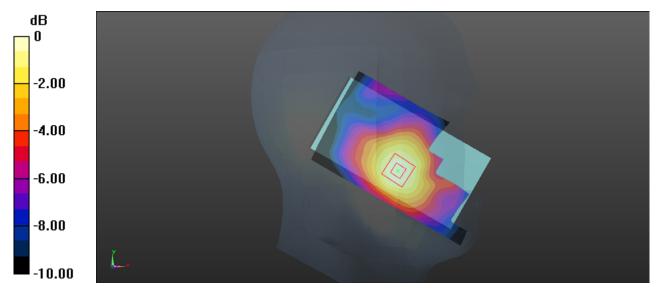
HEAD/GSM900 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 W/kg



0 dB = 0.127 W/kg = -8.96 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 2#: GSM 850 Back Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-2 SLOTS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.78$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.603 W/kg

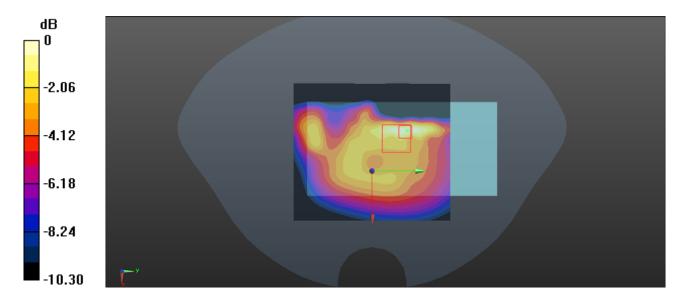
#### Body/PCS 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.727 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg



0 dB = 0.572 W/kg = -2.43 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 3#: GSM 1900 Right Cheek Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.62$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.093 W/kg

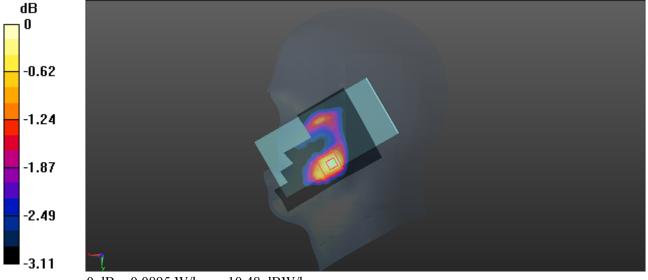
Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.260 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.117 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0895 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0895 W/kg = -10.48 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 4#: PCS 1900 Back High Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-4 SLOT (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.322 W/kg

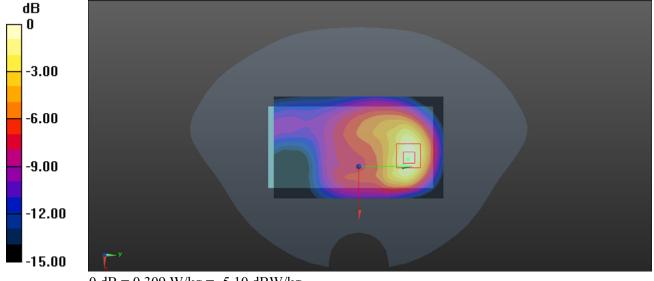
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.648 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.269 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 W/kg



0 dB = 0.309 W/kg = -5.10 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 5#: WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, BAND V (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.074 W/kg

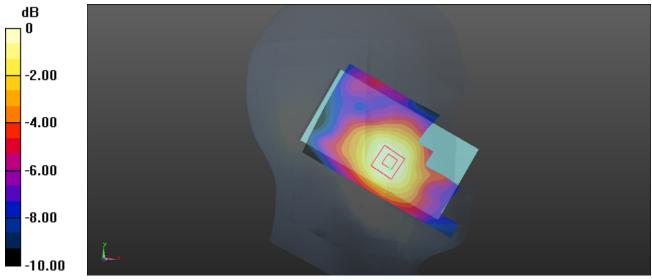
Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.886 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0757 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0757 W/kg = -11.21 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 6#: WCDMA 850 Back Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, BAND V (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.80$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 W/kg

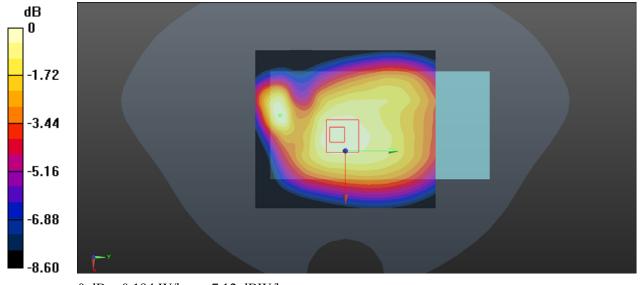
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.275 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 W/kg



0 dB = 0.194 W/kg = -7.12 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 7#: WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, BAND II (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.57$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 W/kg

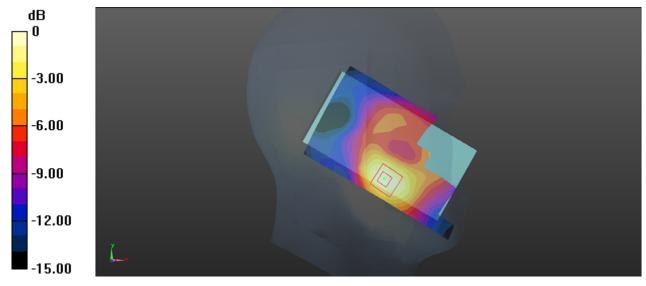
Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.257 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 W/kg



0 dB = 0.189 W/kg = -7.24 dBW/kg

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#### Test Plot 8#: WCDMA 1900 Back Low Channel

#### DUT: 5inch 3G mobile phone; Type: U509;

Communication System: UID 0, BAND II (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.96$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.625 W/kg

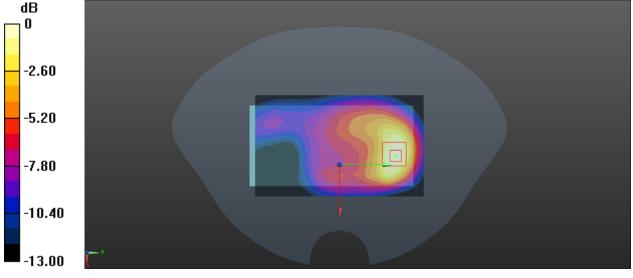
Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =9.283 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.893 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.536 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 W/kg



0 dB = 0.606 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg

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## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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#### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)					
Measurement system												
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6					
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7					
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0					
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7					
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3					
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0					
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0					
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6					
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5					
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9					
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2					
		Test sample	e related									
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8					
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3					
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9					
		Phantom ar	nd set-up									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3					
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2					
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1					
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4					
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2					
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0					
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9					

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## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	•	Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
	•	Test sample	related	l .	I.	<u> </u>	
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

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## APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client BACL China (Vitec)

Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: February 5, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID.	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR; PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

Report No: RSZ150709005-20

February 5, 2015 EX3DV4 - SN:7329

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014 February 5, 2015 Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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February 5, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:7329

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	96.7	97.6	94.2	

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

February 5, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:7329

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*\*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

\*\*AlphaDepth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CenvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for CenvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

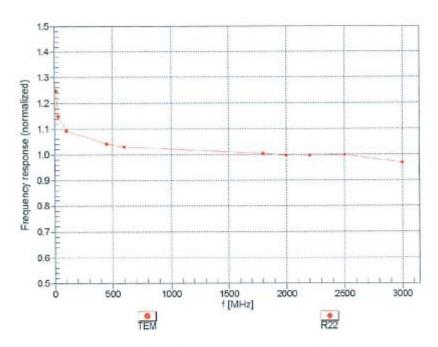
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

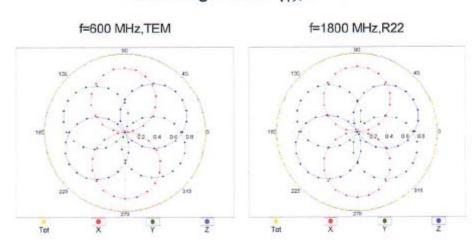
Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

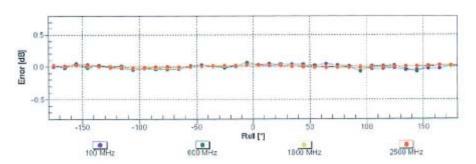
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EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

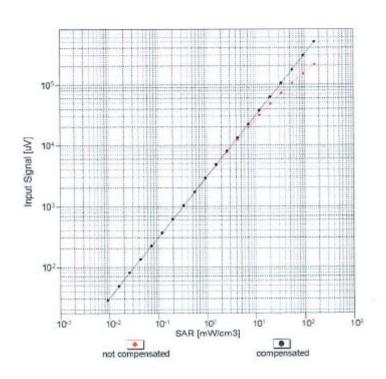
Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

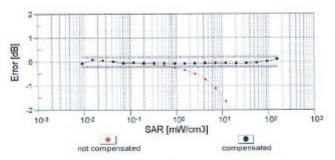
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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





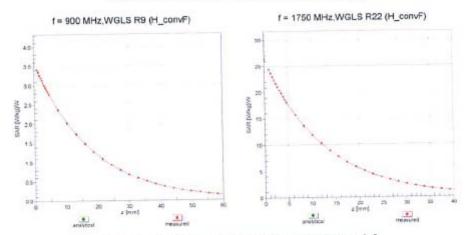
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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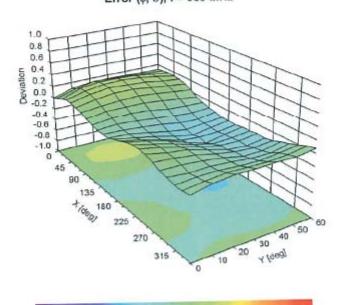
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## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\phi, 9), f = 900 MHz



-1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1. Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4— SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1,4 mm

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## APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

#### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

#### CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8<sup>th</sup> October 2014 Released on: 8<sup>th</sup> October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

uite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

#### **Conditions**

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ 

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

#### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11 C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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## **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

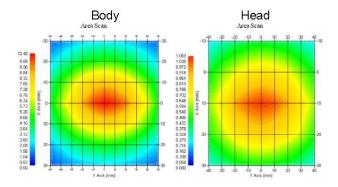
**Length:** 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

#### **System Validation Results**

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ 

#### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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## **Dipole Calibration Results**

#### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

#### **Electrical Verification**

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω □

#### **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

5

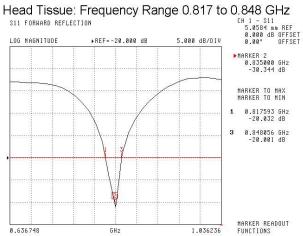
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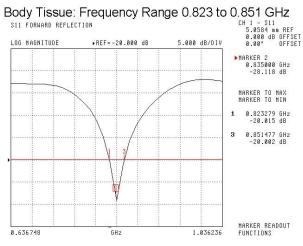
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**





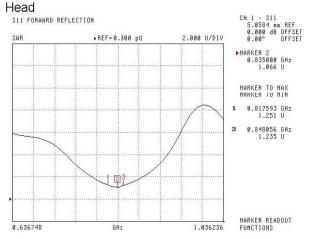
6

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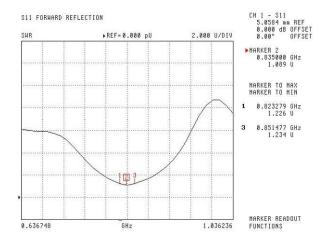
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# **SWR**



### Body

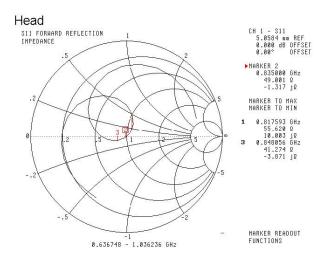


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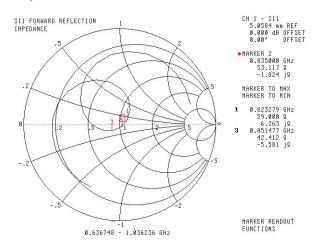
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# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**



### Body



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# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

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### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2 Frequency: 1900 MHz Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

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# **Conditions**

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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# **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

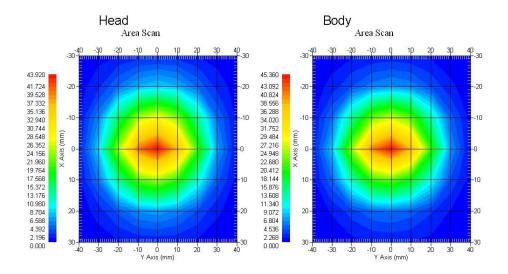
**Length:** 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

### **System Validation Results**

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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# **Dipole Calibration Results**

# **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

# **Electrical Validation**

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

# **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, $\sigma$ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

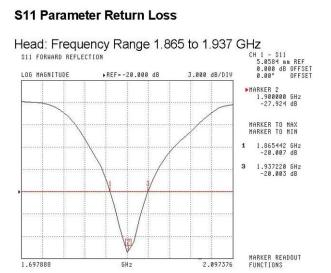
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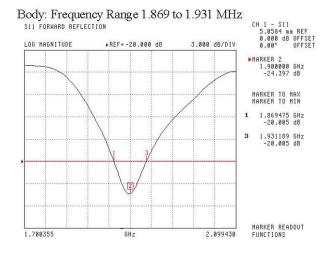
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.



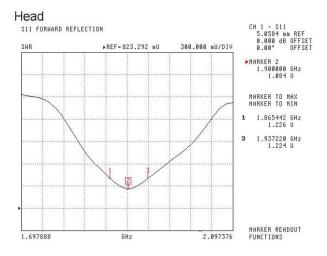


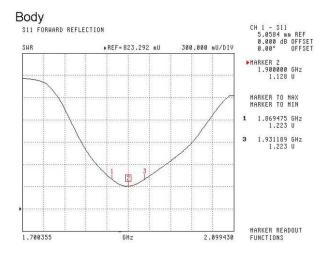
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# **SWR**



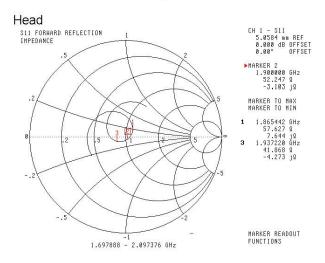


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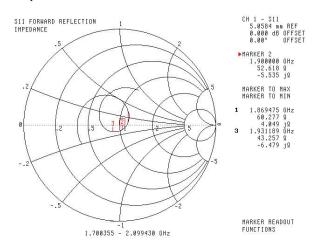
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# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**



### Body



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# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

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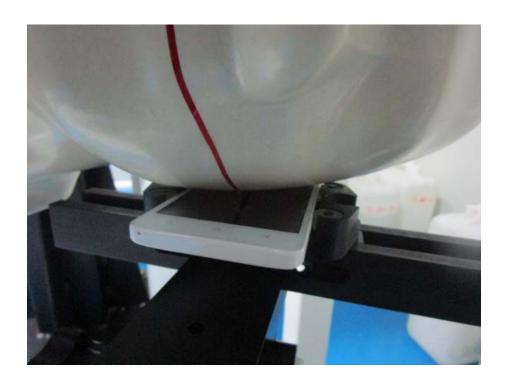
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# APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

# $Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$

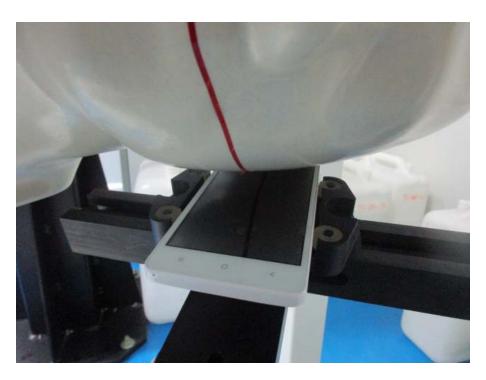


**Left Head Cheek** 

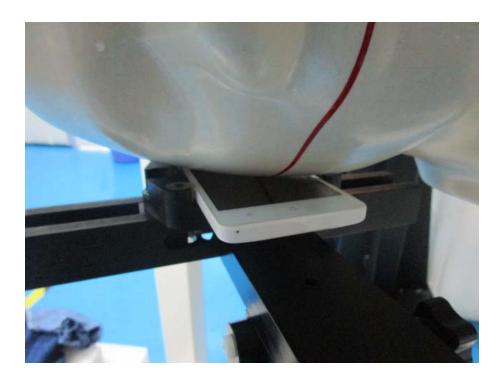


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# **Left Head Tilt**

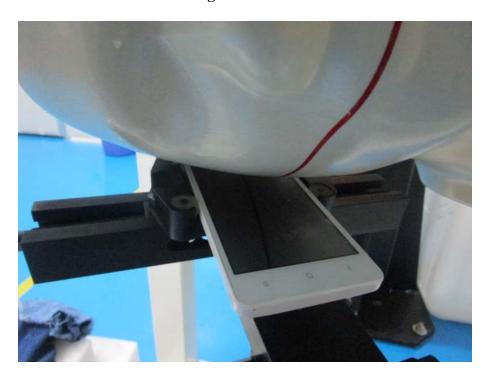


**Right Head Cheek** 



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# **Right Head Tilt**



Body -Worn-Back (10mm)

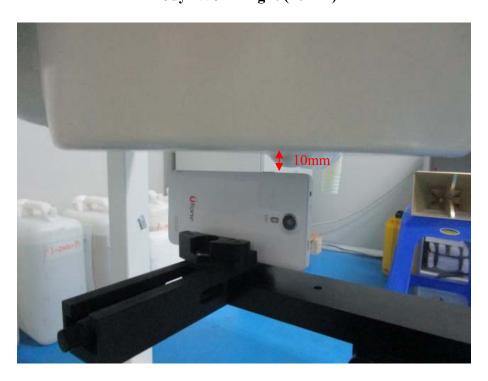


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# Body -Worn-Left (10mm)



Body -Worn-Right (10mm)



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# Body -Worn-Bottom(10mm)



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# **APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS**

**EUT – Front View** 



**EUT – Back View** 



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**EUT –Left Side View** 



EUT – Right Side View



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Location

# **EUT – Uncover View**



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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