

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Mobile commodity corporation

20955 Pathfinder Road, Suite 200 Diamond bar, California 91765, United States

FCC ID: 2AF6M3396993M136

Product Type: Report Type: Original Report GSM Mobile Phone Tony Kiathou **Test Engineer:** Terry XiaHou **Report Number:** RSZ150925002-20 **Report Date:** 2015-10-19 BeilHu Bell Hu **Reviewed By:** SAR Engineer Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Prepared By: ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

Attestation of Test Results							
	Company Name	Company Name Mobile commodity corporation					
	EUT Description	EUT Description GSM Mobile Phone					
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AF6M3396993M136					
	Model Number	M136					
	Test Date	2015-10-09					
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)				
GSM 850		0.736 W/kg 1g Head SAR 1.179 W/kg 1g Body SAR					
PCS 1900		0.250 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.461 W/kg 1g Body SAR	1.6				
Simultaneous		0.883 W/kg 1g Head SAR 1.228 W/kg 1g Body SAR					
Applicable Standards							

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ150925002-20	Original Report	2015-10-19	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Mobile commodity corporation and their product, FCC ID: 2AF6M3396993M136, Model: M136 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class 12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS data and Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480MHz
	GSM 850 : 32.74dBm
Conducted RF Power:	PCS 1900: 29.54 dBm
	Bluetooth: 5.44 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	114 mm (L) × 47 mm (W) × 13 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

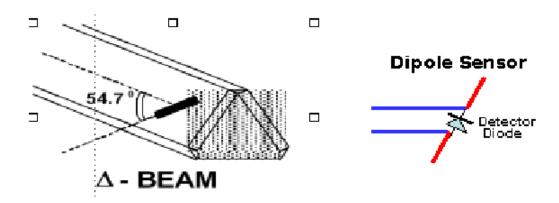
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide			
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$			
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg			
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB			
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency			
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm			
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)			
Probe Length	289 mm			
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB			
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe			

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

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Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS		
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis		
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm		
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C		
Robot Reach	710 mm		
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible		

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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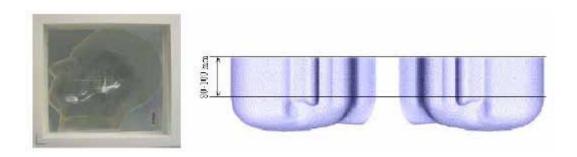


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



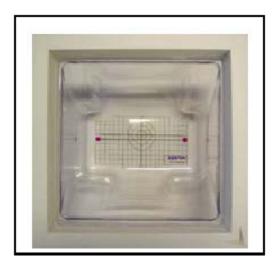
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APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	E r	O'(S/m)	Er	O'(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

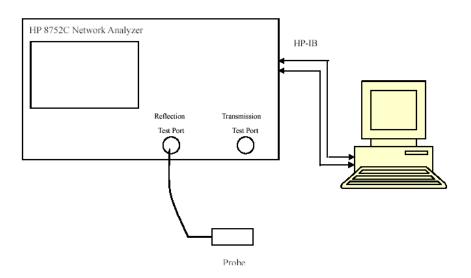
Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	2015-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	2017-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	Each Time	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-TS-835-B	Each Time	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	Each Time	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1900-B	Each Time	Each Time	295-02102
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2014-11-23	2015-11-23	106891
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101746

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1	Type	ε _r	O'(S/m)	ε _r	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	41.04	0.90	41.50	0.90	-1.108	0.000	±5
024.2	Body	53.84	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.464	-2.062	±5
836.6	Head	41.08	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.012	2.222	±5
830.0	Body	53.77	0.96	55.20	0.97	-2.591	-1.031	±5
848.8	Head	41.03	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.133	2.222	±5
040.0	Body	53.80	0.98	55.20	0.97	-2.536	1.031	±5
1850.2	Head	39.69	1.38	40.00	1.40	-0.775	-1.429	±5
1830.2	Body	51.75	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.908	-1.974	±5
1880.0	Head	39.59	1.38	40.00	1.40	-1.025	-1.429	±5
1000.0	Body	51.92	1.52	53.30	1.52	-2.589	0.000	±5
1909.8	Head	39.63	1.41	40.00	1.40	-0.925	0.714	±5
1909.8	Body	51.85	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.720	1.316	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-10-09.

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Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			:	835 MHz Body	,
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824.0	41.0401	19.7495	824.0	53.8357	20.6614
824.5	41.0234	19.7336	824.5	53.8479	20.6348
825.0	41.0969	19.7172	825.0	53.8411	20.7043
825.5	41.0131	19.7453	825.5	53.8478	20.6871
826.0	41.0627	19.7053	826.0	53.8349	20.6572
826.5	41.0605	19.7104	826.5	53.7673	20.6537
827.0	41.0488	19.7284	827.0	53.7910	20.6846
827.5	41.0492	19.7476	827.5	53.7769	20.6837
828.0	41.0571	19.7735	828.0	53.7739	20.6903
828.5	41.0215	19.7446	828.5	53.8099	20.6933
829.0	41.0586	19.6676	829.0	53.7639	20.6731
829.5	41.0096	19.6841	829.5	53.8591	20.6186
830.0	41.0633	19.6718	830.0	53.7907	20.6952
830.5	40.9966	19.7596	830.5	53.8396	20.6696
831.0	41.0097	19.6695	831.0	53.8169	20.6473
831.5	41.0499	19.7040	831.5	53.7686	20.6967
832.0	41.0344	19.7272	832.0	53.8189	20.6687
832.5	41.0420	19.7282	832.5	53.7778	20.6767
833.0	41.0419	19.6650	833.0	53.8716	20.6913
833.5	41.0668	19.7181	833.5	53.7741	20.6279
834.0	41.0003	19.7439	834.0	53.7741	20.6466
834.5	41.0506	19.7439	834.5	53.7867	20.6535
835.0		I I	835.0	53.7741	20.6353
835.5	41.0138 41.0849	19.6834 19.7051	835.5	53.7742	20.7059
836.0	41.0849		836.0	53.8684	20.7039
836.5	41.0122	19.7172 19.6869	836.5	53.8244	20.6713
837.0	41.0322	19.7370	837.0	53.7914	20.6735
837.5	41.1060	19.7231	837.5	53.7914	20.6884
838.0	41.0892	19.6858	838.0	53.8172	20.6922
838.5	41.1025	19.7313	838.5	53.8320	20.7063
839.0	40.9988	19.7672	839.0	53.8672	20.6525
839.5	41.0450	19.6782	839.5	53.8655	20.6130
840.0	41.0311	19.4411	840.0	53.7976	20.6144
840.5	41.1072	19.4441	840.5	53.8633	20.6621
841.0	41.0746	19.4297	841.0	53.8331	20.6143
841.5	41.0026	19.4003	841.5	53.8535	20.6446
842.0	41.0550	19.3721	842.0	53.8419	20.6254
842.5	41.0056	19.3970	842.5	53.7658	20.7077
843.0	41.0426	19.3970	843.0	53.7855	20.6924
843.5	41.0018	19.4644	843.5	53.8395	20.6951
844.0	41.0571	19.4353	844.0	53.7661	20.6343
844.5	41.0915	19.3774	844.5	53.8598	20.6974
845.0	41.0955	19.4206	845.0	53.8240	20.7016
845.5	41.0643	19.4262	845.5	53.7991	20.6738
846.0	41.0574	19.3917	846.0	53.8699	20.7097
846.5	41.0503	19.3640	846.5	53.8008	20.6282
847.0	41.0528	19.4582	847.0	53.8040	20.7066
847.5	41.0290	19.4435	847.5	53.8023	20.6866
848.0	41.0409	19.4674	848.0	53.8606	20.6851
848.5	41.0267	19.4062	848.5	53.8495	20.7041
849.0	41.0294	19.4384	849.0	53.8010	20.6670

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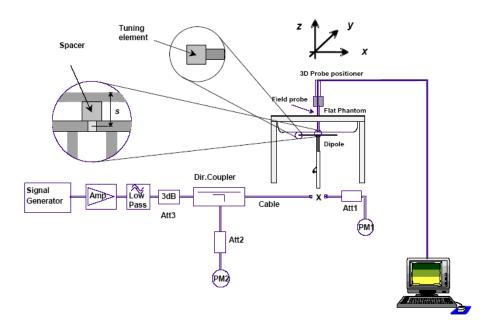
1900 MHz Head				1900 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		
1850.0	39.6929	13.4172	1850.0	51.7468	14.5112		
1851.2	39.6497	13.3855	1851.2	51.9480	14.4528		
1852.4	39.6688	13.3392	1852.4	51.9672	14.5694		
1853.6	39.6716	13.3911	1853.6	51.7957	14.4216		
1854.8	39.5730	13.3572	1854.8	52.0561	14.4990		
1856.0	39.6968	13.2461	1856.0	51.7809	14.5316		
1857.2	39.7071	13.3897	1857.2	51.8558	14.4807		
1858.4	39.5519	13.3327	1858.4	51.8275	14.4592		
1859.6	39.6746	13.3939	1859.6	51.8317	14.4228		
1860.8	39.6429	13.3220	1860.8	51.8307	14.4939		
1862.0	39.7053	13.3105	1862.0	51.8588	14.4781		
1863.2	39.6977	13.3460	1863.2	51.8369	14.4526		
1864.4	39.6649	13.2399	1864.4	51.7904	14.4225		
1865.6	39.6548	13.3984	1865.6	51.8778	14.5361		
1866.8	39.6127	13.3119	1866.8	52.0611	14.5690		
1868.0	39.5820	13.4190	1868.0	52.0604	14.5342		
1869.2	39.6141	13.3601	1869.2	51.8761	14.4492		
1870.4	39.7381	13.3419	1870.4	51.8328	14.4836		
1871.6	39.7155	13.4154	1871.6	52.0883	14.4971		
1872.8	39.5646	13.4250	1872.8	51.9819	14.4751		
1874.0	39.7399	13.3000	1874.0	51.9537	14.5096		
1875.2	39.6208	13.4216	1875.2	52.0802	14.5201		
1876.4	39.7258	13.3743	1876.4	52.0833	14.4781		
1877.6	39.5481	13.2485	1877.6	51.8271	14.5570		
1878.8	39.6002	13.3813	1878.8	51.9590	14.4394		
1880.0	39.5945	13.2424	1880.0	51.9161	14.5577		
1881.2	39.5811	13.4285	1881.2	51.9357	14.5310		
1882.4	39.7323	13.2452	1882.4	52.0479	14.5530		
1883.6	39.6422	13.3008	1883.6	51.7909	14.4708		
1884.8	39.6429	13.3308	1884.8	52.0830	14.5080		
1886.0	39.6471	13.4062	1886.0	51.8839	14.4497		
1887.2	39.5820	13.3259	1887.2	51.8175	14.4684		
1888.4	39.7434	13.3589	1888.4	51.7410	14.4149		
1889.6	39.7420	13.3325	1889.6	52.0190	14.5048		
1890.8	39.6443	13.3066	1890.8	52.0949	14.5385		
1892.0	39.5872	13.4352	1892.0	51.7863	14.4348		
1893.2	39.6006	13.2500	1893.2	51.8075	14.4177		
1894.4	39.5901	13.3320	1894.4	52.0903	14.5386		
1895.6	39.7261	13.3231	1895.6	51.8934	14.5270		
1896.8	39.5861	13.2996	1896.8	51.7437	14.5017		
1898.0 1899.2	39.7076 39.6876	13.2466 13.2906	1898.0 1899.2	51.9145 51.7600	14.4310 14.5730		
1900.4	39.5784	13.2488	1900.4	51.7748	14.5539		
1900.4	39.6458	13.2502	1900.4	52.0988	14.3339		
1901.8	39.5945	13.2699	1901.6	52.0988	14.4683		
1902.8	39.6429	13.2546	1902.8	51.7953	14.5664		
1905.2	39.6613	13.3933	1904.0	51.9881	14.4734		
1905.2	39.5877	13.2960	1905.2	51.7472	14.4825		
1907.6	39.7367	13.3540	1907.6	51.9132	14.5559		
1907.8	39.6262	13.4343	1907.0	51.8232	14.3339		
1910.0	39.6329	13.2759	1910.0	51.8494	14.4672		
1710.0	37.0347	13.2137	1710.0	シェ・サフコ	11.70/2		

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	Dipole antenna(835MHz)	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-07
APREL	Dipole antenna(1900MHz)	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2014-10-09	2017-10-08

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
	025	Head	1g	9.447	9.773	-3.335	±10
2015 10 00	835	Body	1g	9.485	9.736	-2.578	±10
2015-10-09	Head	1g	41.356	39.481	4.749	±10	
	1900	Body	1g	42.823	39.715	7.825	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz Serial No. : 180-00558 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-835-S-2

Frequency Band : 835

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.736 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : -2.206

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

: Head Type : 270-01002 Serial No. Frequency : 835.0 MHz Last Calib. Date : 09-Oct-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% Humidity : 41.01 F/m Epsilon Sigma : 0.91 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 835 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.9

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

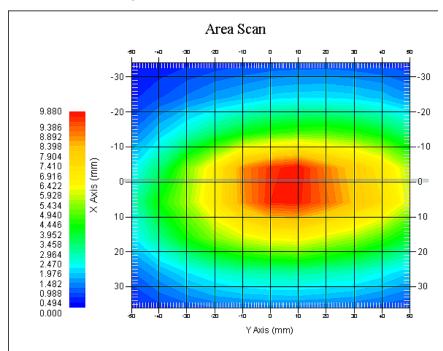
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 9.447 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 6.518 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 9.826 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 14.820 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz Serial No. : 180-00558 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-835-S-2

Frequency Band : 835

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.315 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift (%) : 1.237

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Body 270-02101 Serial No. Frequency : 835.0 MHz Last Calib. Date : 09-Oct-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity Epsilon : 53.77 F/m : 0.96 S/m Sigma

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 835 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.9

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

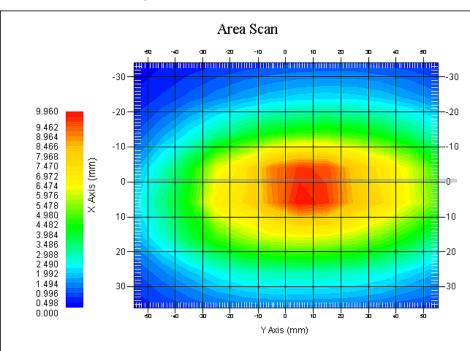
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 9.485 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 6.736 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 9.769 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 15.368 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

SAR Evaluation Report 25 of 82

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No. : 210-00710
Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2

Frequency Band : 1900

Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W

Drift Time : 3 min(s)

Power Drift-Start : 34.363 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish : 34.106 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : -0.823

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Head : 295-01103 Serial No. Frequency : 1900.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 09-Oct-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity Epsilon : 39.59 F/m : 1.40 S/m Sigma

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

Frequency Band : 1900 Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

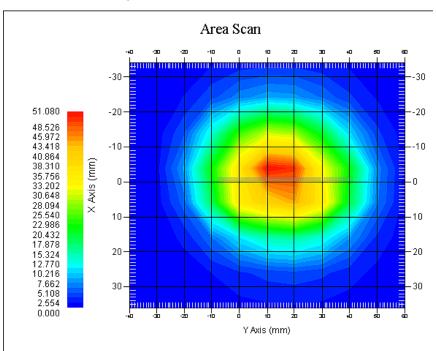
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 41.356 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 21.568 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 49.790 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 70.220 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

SAR Evaluation Report 27 of 82

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

: 1.086

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz Serial No. : 210-00710 : Dipole Type

: ALS-D-1900-S-2 Model

Frequency Band : 1900 Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W Drift Time : 3 min(s) Power Drift-Start : 45.374 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 45.864 W/kg Power Drift (%)

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni Type : Uni-Phantom Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Body 295-02102 Serial No. Frequency : 1900.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 09-Oct-2015 : 20.00 °C Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 56.00 RH% Humidity Epsilon : 51.77 F/m : 1.54 S/m Sigma Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014

: 1900 Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 4.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

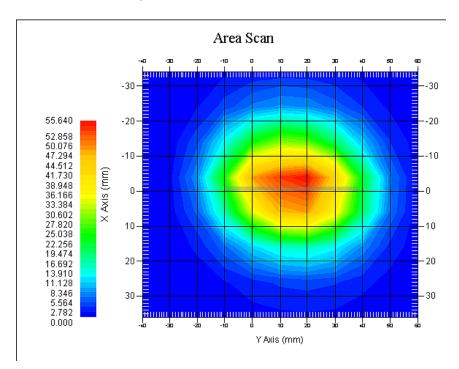
Measurement Data

Crest Factor

Scan Type Tissue Temp. : Complete : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp.

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm Zoom Scan

SAR Evaluation Report 28 of 82 1 gram SAR value : 42.823 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 22.304 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 55.233 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 75.188 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

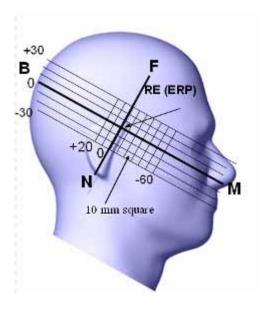
SAR Evaluation Report 29 of 82

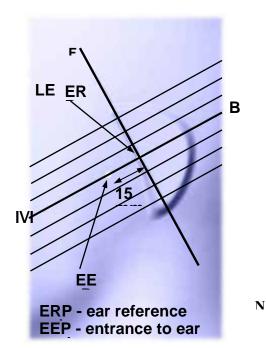
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

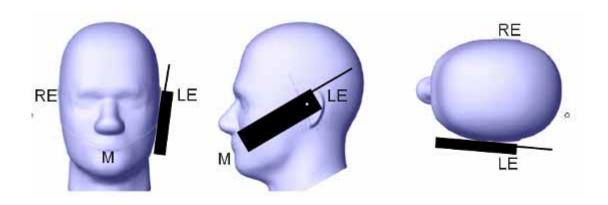
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

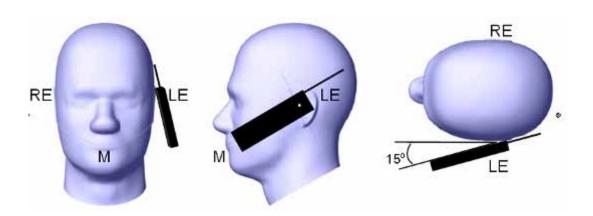
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

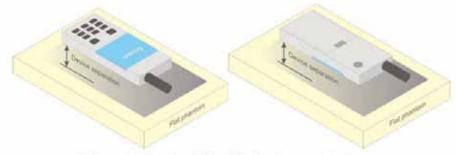


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

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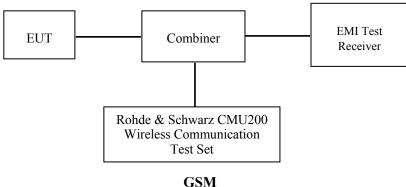
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)							
Mada/Dand		Channel					
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High				
GSM 850	32.10	32.80	32.70				
GPRS 1 slot	32.30	32.80	32.60				
GPRS 2 slot	31.20	32.10	32.10				
GPRS 3 slot	29.40	30.20	30.30				
GPRS 4 slot	28.30	29.30	29.30				
PCS 1900	29.50	29.60	29.60				
GPRS 1 slot	29.50	29.60	29.50				
GPRS 2 slot	29.10	29.10	29.10				
GPRS 3 slot	27.80	28.50	28.70				
GPRS 4 slot	26.70	28.00	28.00				
Bluetooth	5.50	5.50	5.50				

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Test Results:

GSM:

Frequency		Conducted Output Power				
Band	(MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (W)			
	824.2	32.02	1.592			
GSM 850	836.6	32.74	1.879			
	848.8	32.61	1.824			
	1850.2	29.48	0.887			
PCS 1900	1880.0	29.54	0.899			
	1909.8	29.53	0.897			

GPRS:

Band	Channel	Frequency]	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Danu	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	32.24	31.14	29.31	28.27	
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.71	32.08	30.18	29.14	
	251	848.8	32.58	32.05	30.28	29.26	
	512	1850.2	29.47	29.04	27.73	26.62	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	29.55	29.08	28.49	27.68	
	810	1909.8	29.44	29.06	28.62	27.92	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)			
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	23.24	25.14	25.06	25.27
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.71	26.08	25.93	26.14
	251	848.8	23.58	26.05	26.03	26.26
	512	1850.2	20.47	23.04	23.48	23.62
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	20.55	23.08	24.24	24.68
	810	1909.8	20.44	23.06	24.37	24.92

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Report No: RSZ150925002-20

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

 For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		(dBm)	(mw)
BDR(GFSK)	(Low)2402	5.44	3.499
	(Middle)2441	5.06	3.206
	(High)2480	4.65	2.917
EDR(4-DQPSK)	(Low)2402	4.49	2.812
	(Middle)2441	3.98	2.500
	(High)2480	3.61	2.296
EDR-8DPSK	(Low)2402	4.89	3.083
	(Middle)2441	4.42	2.767
	(High)2480	3.96	2.489

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2015-10-09

GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	0.822	32.02	32.10	1.028	0.723	0.736	1#
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	1.851	32.74	32.80	1.014	0.722	0.732	/
	848.8	GSM	0.854	32.61	32.70	1.023	0.715	0.730	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-2.456	32.74	32.80	1.014	0.395	0.400	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	1.123	32.74	32.80	1.014	0.722	0.735	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	1.741	32.74	32.80	1.014	0.392	0.397	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	836.6	GSM	-0.951	32.74	32.80	1.014	0.517	0.527	/
(1311111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	1.245	28.27	28.30	1.007	1.165	1.173	/
Body-Back (15mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.883	29.14	29.30	1.038	1.008	1.046	/
(=======)	848.8	GPRS	-0.495	29.26	29.30	1.009	1.168	1.179	2#

Note

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
- 4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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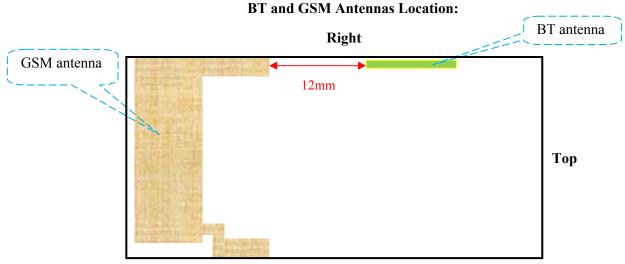
PCS Band:

EUT	Enganonav	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		lg SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	0.258	29.54	29.60	1.014	0.245	0.248	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	0.854	29.54	29.60	1.014	0.133	0.135	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	0.448	29.48	29.50	1.005	0.245	0.246	/
Right Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	-1.741	29.54	29.60	1.014	0.247	0.250	3#
	1909.8	GSM	-1.590	29.53	29.60	1.016	0.240	0.244	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	0.923	29.54	29.60	1.014	0.130	0.132	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	1880.0	GSM	-2.754	29.54	29.60	1.014	0.157	0.160	/
(1311111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/		/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.864	26.62	26.70	1.019	0.413	0.421	/
Body-Back (15mm)	1880.0	GPRS	2.961	27.68	28.00	1.076	0.402	0.433	/
()	1909.8	GPRS	2.365	27.92	28.00	1.019	0.453	0.461	4#

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
 3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
- 4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION



Simultaneous Transmission:

Left

Description of Simultaneo	Antonnas Distanas (mm)		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + BT	√	×	12
GPRS + BT	√	×	12

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Head Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GSM 850	835	23.80	239.883	0	44.2	3.0	No
PCS1900	1900	20.60	114.815	0	31.7	3.0	No
Bluetooth	2402	5.50	3.548	0	1.1	3.0	Yes

Body Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GPRS 835	835	26.30	426.580	15.00	26.2	3.0	No
GPRS 1900	1900	25.00	316.228	15.00	29.1	3.0	No
Bluetooth	2402	5.50	3.548	15.00	0.4	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

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- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Distance (mm)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Head	2.48	0	5.50	3.548	0.149
BT Body	2.48	15	5.50	3.548	0.050

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including **tune-up tolerance**, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode	Position	Reported	SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR
Mode	r osition	GSM	BT	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.736	0.147	0.883
	Left Head Tilt	0.400	0.147	0.547
GSM835	Right Head Cheek	0.735	0.147	0.882
	Right Head Tilt	0.397	0.147	0.544
	Body-Back	1.179	0.049	1.228
	Left Head Cheek	0.248	0.147	0.395
	Left Head Tilt	0.135	0.147	0.282
PCS1900	Right Head Cheek	0.250	0.147	0.397
	Right Head Tilt	0.132	0.147	0.279
	Body-Back	0.461	0.049	0.510

ΣSAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Left Head Cheek (824.2 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.345 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.348 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 0.822

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Head

 Frequency
 : 824.2 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 41.04 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.90 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

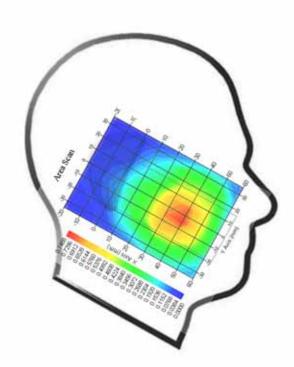
Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 835 Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 5.9

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.723 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.495 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.744 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.108 W/kg

Plot 1#



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-worn-Back (848.8 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 1.164 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 1.169 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.495

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 848.8 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 53.80 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.98 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

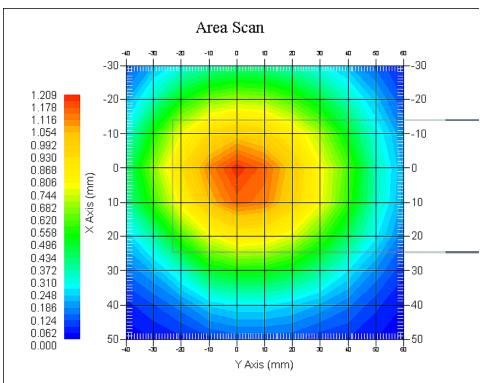
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 2
Conversion Factor : 5.9

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.168 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.936 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.206 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.842 W/kg

Plot 2#



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Right Head Cheek(1880 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.054 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.053 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.741

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Head

 Frequency
 : 1880.0 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 39.59 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.38 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

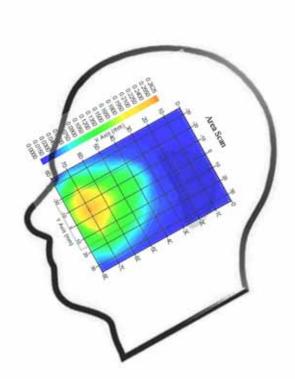
Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 8
Conversion Factor : 4.8

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.247 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.154 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.265 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.333 W/kg

Plot 3#



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-worn-Back (1909.8 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 2
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.233 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.228 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.365

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 1909.8 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 51.85 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.54 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

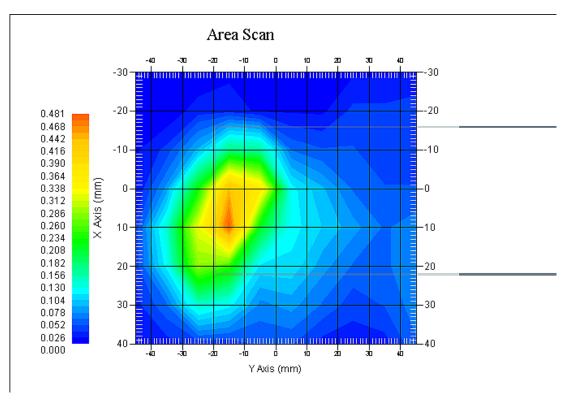
Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency Band : 1900 Duty Cycle Factor : 2 Conversion Factor : 4.5

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.453 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.237 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.485 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.701 W/kg

Plot 4#



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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to **IEEE1528:2013**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertain ty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertaint y (10-g) %				
	Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5				
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5				
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4				
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7				
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0				
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5				
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0				
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3				
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2				
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1				
		Test sai	mple relat	ted							
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0				
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215				
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67				
		Phanto	m and Set	up							
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0				
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0				
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6				
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5				
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5				
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2				
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55				
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10				

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According to IEC62209-2:2010, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %			
	Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal 1 1 1				3.5	3.5			
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5			
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7			
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0			
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5			
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0			
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3			
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2			
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7			
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1			
		Test sar	nple relate	ed						
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0			
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215			
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67			
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp						
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0			
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0			
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6			
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5			
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5			
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2			
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49			
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98			

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APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014 Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- o IEEE Standard 1528:2013
 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1:2006
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010
 - Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 1.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 1.5°C Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Signal Generator HP 83640B
 3844A00689
 Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106 Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

> We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

E-Field Probe E020 Probe Type:

500-00283 Serial Number:

Frequency: As presented on page 5

Sensor Offset: 1.56 Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite* Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm Tip Length: 55 mm 289 mm Total Length:

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² 1.2 μV/(V/m)² Channel X: Channel Y: Channel Z:

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H. Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3,5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	х
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	×	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	×	X	×
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	×	×	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	×	Х
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	×	×	×
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

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Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

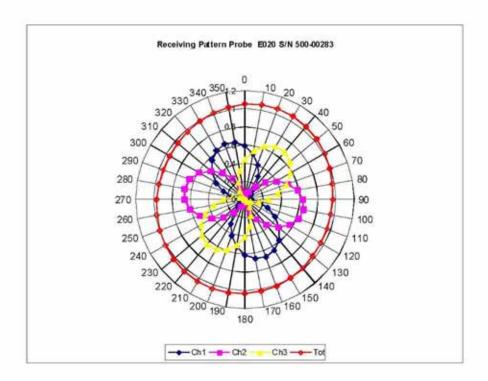
Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

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Division of APREL Inc.

Receiving Pattern Air

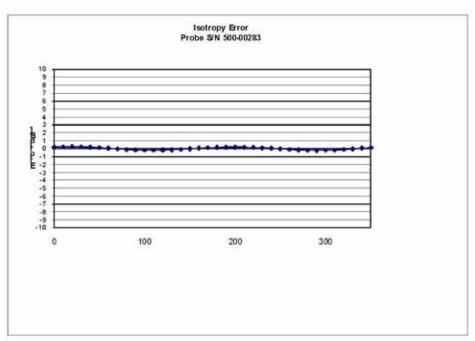


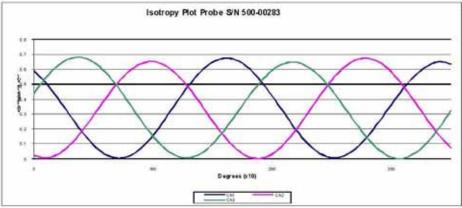
Page 7 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue:

0.10 dB

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Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range



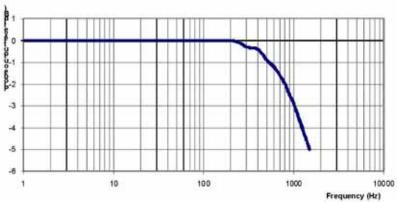
Page 9 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth

Probe Frequency Characteristics



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency: 835 MHz Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated; 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kaneta, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11 C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 58 of 82

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

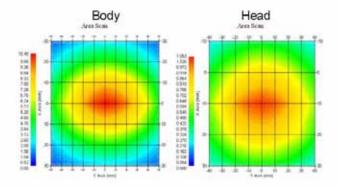
Length: 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Report No: RSZ150925002-20

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

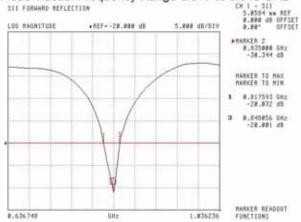
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

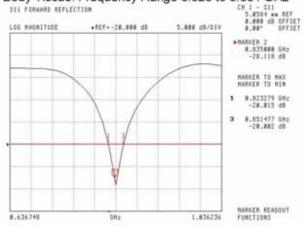
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



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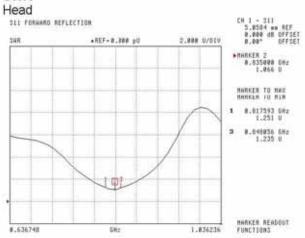
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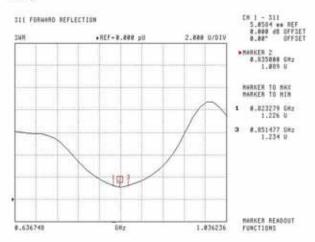
Report No: RSZ150925002-20

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



Body



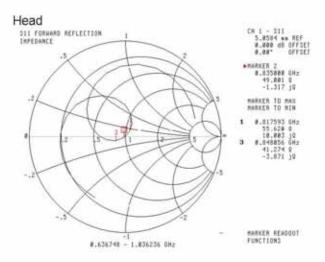
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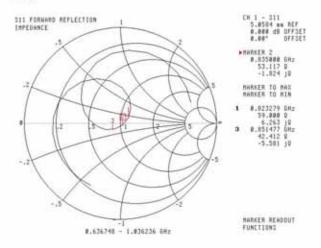
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Report No: RSZ150925002-20

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ150925002-20

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

ite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

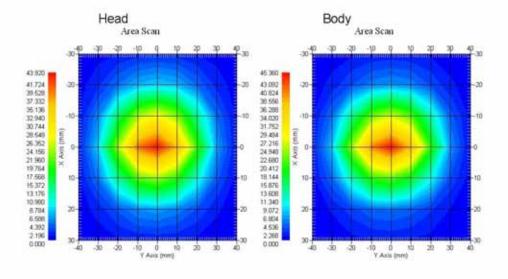
Length: 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Г	Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Г	Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
	Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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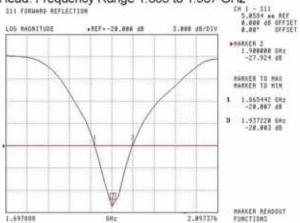
5

Division of APREL Laboratories.

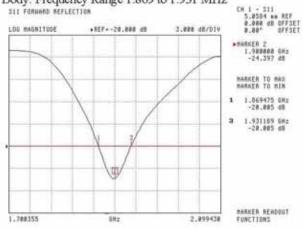
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss





Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz



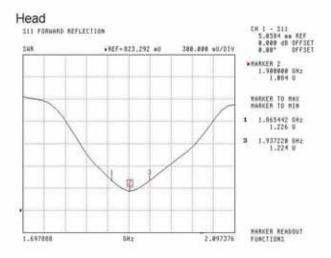
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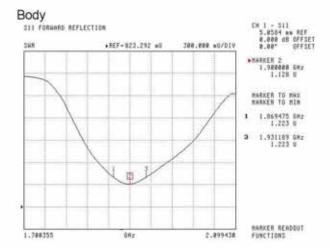
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



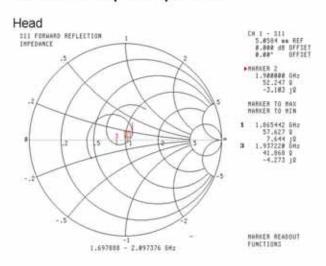


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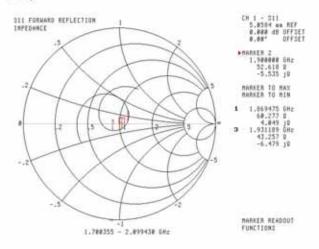
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

8

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

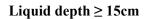
The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Report No: RSZ150925002-20

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS



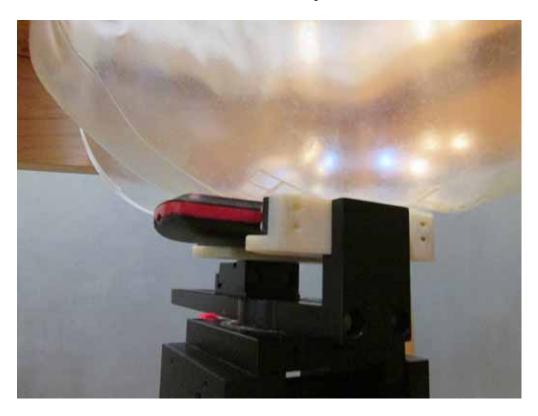


Body-worn Back Setup Photo (15mm)



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Left Head Touch Setup Photo

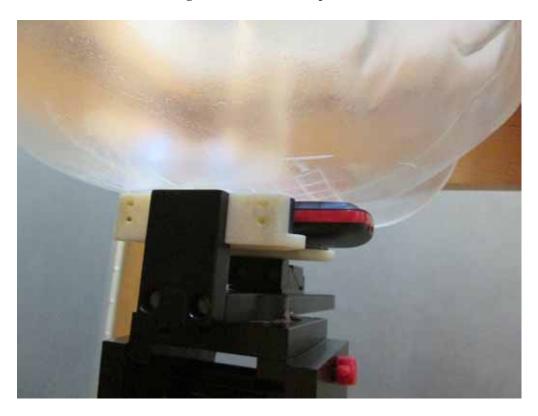


Left Head Tilt Setup Photo

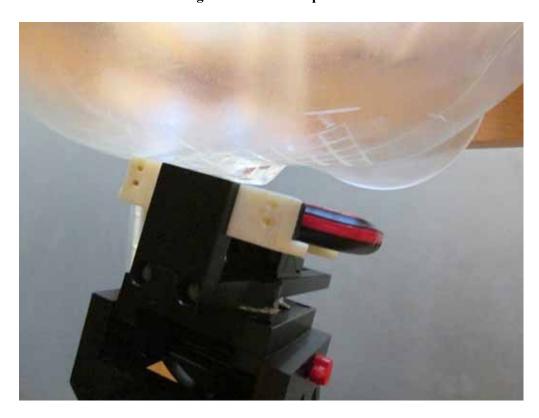


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Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



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APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



SAR Evaluation Report 78 of 82

EUT –Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



SAR Evaluation Report 79 of 82

EUT - Top View



EUT - Bottom View



SAR Evaluation Report 80 of 82

EUT – Uncover View



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APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.
- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetricPage 82 of 82 assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph K.astle, and Thomas Schmid, \Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEICE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645 (652, May 1997.
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